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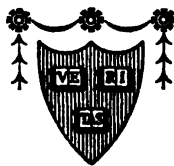
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**OF THE**  
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**A GENERAL AND HERALDIC  
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OF THE  
PEERAGE AND BARONETAGE  
OF  
THE BRITISH EMPIRE.**

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BY JOHN BURKE, ESQ.

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Nomina, per regesque actam genus omne Latine.*

**Fourth Edition.**

**IN TWO VOLUMES.**

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KING WILLIAM THE FOURTH,  
THIS WORK  
ON THE PEERAGE AND BARONETAGE  
OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE,  
*Is inscribed,*  
UNDER THE KING'S MOST GRACIOUS SANCTION,  
BY HIS MAJESTY'S  
DEVOTED SUBJECT AND SERVANT,

JOHN BURKE.



# PREFACE

## TO THE FORMER EDITIONS.

---

"THE absolute want of any book of reference, appertaining to the Peerage and Baronetage of the United Kingdom, in which the slightest confidence, as *an authority*, could be reposed, suggested the compilation of the Work now submitted to the Public.

"Deeming books of this description only valuable so far as they can be easily understood and implicitly relied upon, the compiler, when he commenced his undertaking, had two objects principally in view,—perspicuity of arrangement, and accuracy of detail. To accomplish the first, he adopted the alphabetical form, as the simplest, and that by which the object sought after could, with the greatest despatch and the least difficulty, be attained. To succeed in the second, he left no authority, which could in the slightest degree assist him, unconsulted, and he lost no opportunity of communicating with those who had the means of affording him correct and available information."

To these remarks, which introduced the first edition of this Dictionary, but few observations remain to be added, in presenting the second.

To render the Work deserving of the popularity it experienced, (the first impression having passed within a very few weeks from the publisher's shelves), more than twelve months have been consumed in preparing it for the press. It has been re-modelled,—almost re-written,—and the utmost efforts have been strained to insure accuracy. It

differs from the former edition, in enumerating, in almost all instances, the individual members of the immediate past and of the existing present generations :—in deducing the pedigrees from the remotest period, instead of limiting the research to the personage first dignified by an hereditary title of honor ;—and in comprehending the Baronets of Ireland, and (Scotland, or) Nova Scotia, which are not to be found in any other book of reference extant.

Information has been sought at the fountain-head : letters were transmitted to the members of the Peerage and Baronetage individually ; to which, replies the most courteous and satisfactory were returned by a large majority of those illustrious and eminent persons—a polite condescension now most respectfully acknowledged.

Much, it is hoped, will be found accomplished in this edition ; more, perhaps, remains yet to be done : but, if the same distinguished aid be still afforded him, which the Editor has just had the honor of acknowledging, he confidently trusts that he shall finally succeed in the object he had originally in view,—that of completing a work upon the hereditary dignities of the British Empire, which may, in his own and in after times, be consulted as an *AUTHORITY*.

In conclusion, the Editor solicits indulgence for the fallibility unavoidable in a work comprising eighteen hundred families at least, and more than a hundred thousand dates and names.

1828.

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SINCE the preceding observations were made, two large editions of the work have been produced, and the latter has been a year at least out of print. In the interval, enquiries the most anxious have constantly been made at the publisher's regarding its re-appearance, and information has been supplied, with the ablest assistance, by persons whose names, were it permitted to place them upon record, would at once show the high and eminent sources whence a considerable portion of the materials of these volumes has been derived.

Under the impulse of such flattering stimulants, it would have been unpardonable if a more than ordinary effort had not now been made to sustain the reputation which the work had already achieved. It has been resolved however to do more. Hence, the extension from *ONE* to *TWO* volumes, so as to include *every* individual even remotely connected with the Peerage and Baronetage—the re-engraving of the Armorial bearings, so as to incorporate the Ensigns of each House with its Genealogical and Biographical history—the translation of the mottoes, so as to produce the most complete list of them ever published in a work of this description—the detailing of the Peerages claimed, and now before the House of Lords—with many other equally important additions, which will be easily discovered, and, it is presumed, appreciated.

At the close of the last year the Author published a Volume on the Extinct and Dormant Peerages of England, to which, as explaining the origin of many existing dignities, he has had occasion frequently to refer in the following pages :—indeed he considers *that* the first volume in the series of Genealogical Works upon which he is engaged, and which he purposes shall eventually embrace the entire hereditary rank and fortune of His Majesty's dominions.

1832.

*NOTE.*—The arms have been engraved without the lines of *PETRASANCTA*, because it was deemed unnecessary to obscure the drawing by designations to be found in the *Blazon*.

\* \* The First Part of Mr. Burke's "Commoners of Great Britain," modelled upon the Plan of this Work, will be published in the course of a few weeks ; and it is earnestly requested that those Gentlemen who have not yet favored the Editor with accounts of their Families, will now do so as speedily as possible, in order that they may be included in the subsequent portions of the Publication.

*Preparing for early publication,*

**MR. BURKE'S DICTIONARY**  
**OF**  
**THE COMMONERS OF GREAT BRITAIN**

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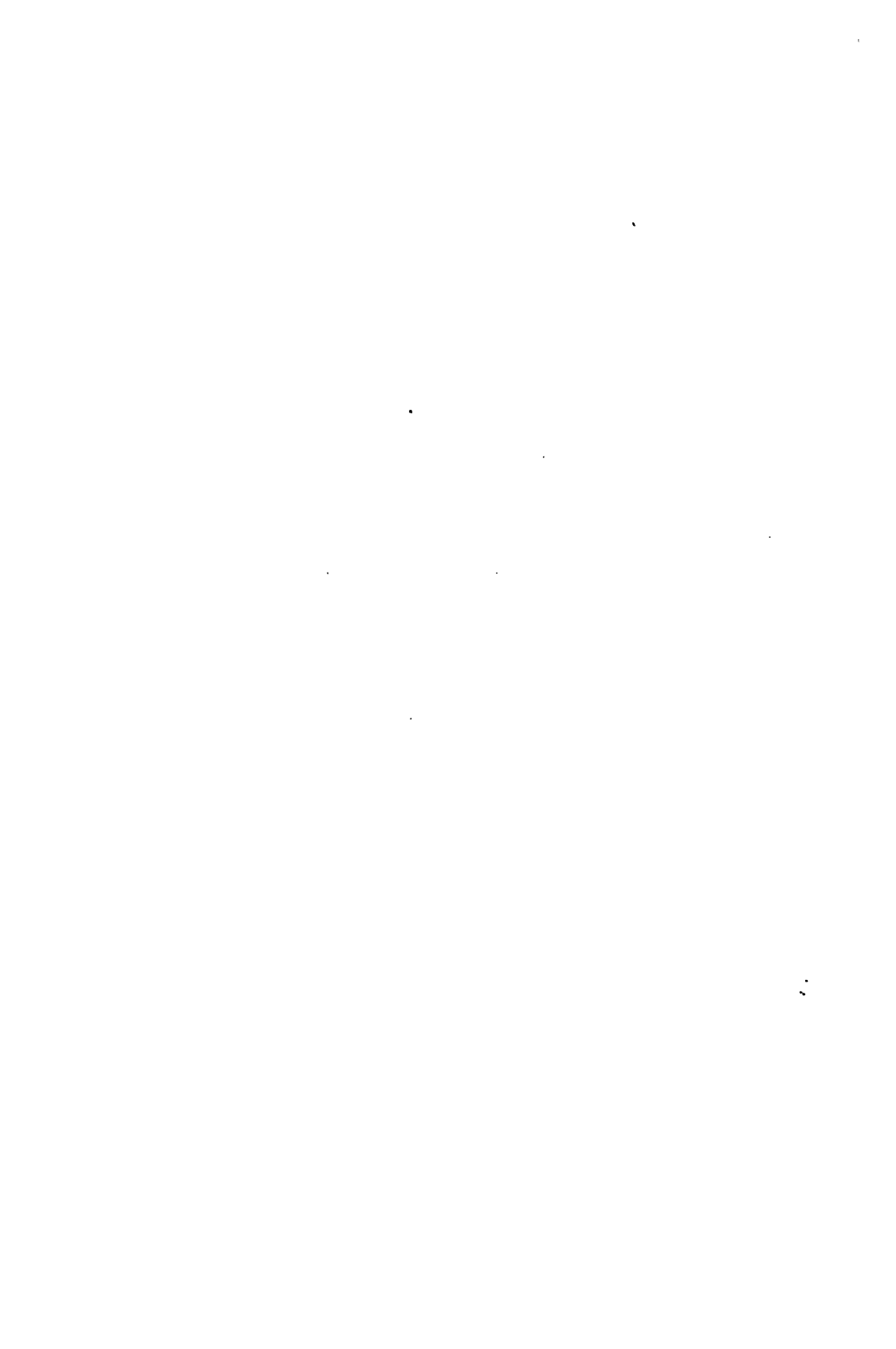
Communications for the Author, in answer to the circular letters transmitted to the parties interested, are requested to be addressed, free of expense, to the Publishers, MESSRS COLBURN AND BENTLEY, New Burlington Street, and as speedily as convenient, the First Part of the Work being in such a state of forwardness as to be intended for publication in the course of a few weeks.

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# INTRODUCTION.

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## THE PEERAGE.

THE NOBILITY OF ENGLAND,\* like the nobles of other countries, are a privileged order; but, personally, their immunities are very unimportant, and minister much more to the pomp than the power of the possessor. In their corporate capacity, the peers of England form one of the Estates of the realm—that immediately between the crown and the people;—but upon no occasion of emergency have they usurped the *dominant* position, which the two other estates have, at different periods in our annals, so unwarrantably assumed. The nobility of England, 'tis true, bear the ensign of dominion in the minor crown; but it is merely the ensign—they wield no minor sceptre. They are clothed in the purple and ermine of royalty, but they are invested with no regal jurisdiction, and they enjoy no sovereign seignory. In no one instance can the proudest peer transgress, with impunity, the laws of the land; in no one instance can the haughtiest lord invade the rights of the humblest commoner; and in no one instance (in matters of moment), can a noble exercise authority which a commoner dare not assume. Thus, then, the aristocracy of the British Empire, like its other inimitable institutions, exists but as a link in the great chain which connects the community at large,—a link, more polished, perhaps, than any of the other—hardly more powerful.

\* *Origin of hereditary nobility.* "We must not," says Francis Hotoman, the celebrated civilian, in his "*Franca Gallia*," written in 1574, "omit making mention of the cunning device made use of by Hugh Capet, for establishing himself in his new dominions, (of King of France, anno 987.) For whereas all the magistracies and honors of the kingdom, such as Dukedoms, Earldoms, &c. had been hitherto, from ancient times, conferred upon select and deserving persons, in the general conventions of the people, and were held only during good behaviour, whereof (as the lawyers express it) they were but beneficiaries, Hugh Capet, in order to secure to himself the affections of the great men, was the first that made those honors perpetual, which were formerly but temporary; and ordained, that such as obtained them should have an hereditary right in them, and might leave them to their children. Of this, see Franciscus Conanus, the *Civilian*. Comment. i. chap. 9."

The first order of nobility, introduced after the Norman Conquest, was *that of*

### Baron by Tenure,

a dignity attached to the possession of certain lands, held, according to the feudal system, directly under the crown, and conditionally, upon the performance of some honorary services to the king; such as attending him in the field and the cabinet, and furnishing a stipulated quota of knights, or men at arms; which quota was regulated by the territorial possessions of the baron; those possessions being divided into allotments, for each of which he was required to provide a knight, armed cap-a-pie, whenever the sovereign commanded his presence in the field; hence, according to the number of warriors the feudal lord provided, he was said to possess so many *knight's fees*. But in the reign of King John, so large a body of these lords of the soil were found to have alienated their grants, and so many to have become impoverished in consequence, that it was found necessary to enact a law, declaring such personages alone as retained their original tenures unspoiled, qualified to retain the title of *BARON*, and degrading the less prudent to the rank of *tenants in chief*, or *knights*. It was subsequently discovered, however, that the title of *BARON* could not thus easily be taken away, and it was then arranged, that the opulent lords should be styled *BARONES MAJORES*, —the poor ones *BARONES MINORES*; and from that period, until the reign of *HENRY* the Third,\* when the privilege was entirely withdrawn from territorial lords, the *Barones Majores* alone appear to have assisted in the legislative councils of the nation. Barons by tenure have, however, long ceased to exist; and more than a century and half ago, (A.D. 1669), in the case of the Fitzwalter peerage, when Benjamin Mildmay was restored to that barony, in opposition to Robert Cheeke, the lord of the soil, whence the dignity was alleged to have sprung, the house of lords declared, “that baronies by tenure, having been discontinued for many ages, were not then in being, and so not fit to be revived, or to admit any pretence of right of succession.” And recently, in 1805, the house resolved, in the case of the Barony de Ros, claimed by the Duke of Rutland, as feudal lord, from the possession of Belvoir Castle, said to have been the fountain of that dignity, “that his grace was not entitled to the barony;” and it was subsequently confirmed to one of the coheirs, Lady Henry Fitzgerald.† There is, however, one earldom extant,

\* Matthew Paris tells us, that there were two hundred and fifty baronies in the time of Henry the Third; but there were not so many barons, for many feudal lords held a plurality of baronies. In this reign, the prerogative of the crown, regarding barons, was settled by an act of parliament, passed in consequence of the quarrel between the King and Simon de Montfort; and thenceforward no nobleman could sit in parliament without a writ of summons. But there was this material difference between the greater and the lesser barons;—*these*, were summoned at the pleasure of the crown; *those*, as a matter of right.

† Her ladyship was only youngest co-heir of one moiety of the Barony; the entire representation of the elder co-heir being vested in Sir Henry Hunloke, baronet.

*that of Arundel, which the ducal house of Norfolk enjoys by the feudal tenure of Arundel Castle; but this, like other exceptions, only establishes the rule, as the honor endures solely by special act of parliament, passed in the third year of King Charles the First. To Barons by Tenure, succeeded*

### **Barons by Writ,**

or persons elevated to the rank of nobility, by being summoned to attend the king in council, or parliament; which writs were of that description called *brevia clausa*, from being closed with yellow wax, and impressed with the great seal of England. The first of these summonses upon record appears to have been tested on the 24th of December, in the 49th year of HENRY the Third; from which period no similar writ seems to have issued until the 22nd year of EDWARD the First, when about sixty persons were summoned to attend the king, "wheresoever he might be, to advise on the affairs of the kingdom;" but it has been questioned whether *that* summons constituted a peer of parliament.

To establish an hereditary Barony by Writ, it was requisite, Sir William Blackstone was of opinion, that two writs of summons should have issued, and a sitting in two parliaments have taken place; but the great law-luminary seems, upon this occasion, to have been under misapprehension; for, in the case of the Barony of Clifton, there was but one writ and one sitting, and *that* barony was allowed. Baronies by Writ are heritable by heirs male or female; but in the event of the demise of the baron without the former, and with more than one heiress, the barony then devolving conjointly upon the heiresses, it falls into abeyance\* amongst them, and so continues, until all but one of the daughters, or the sole heir of one of the daughters, survives. The crown can, however, at any time, especially interfere, and terminate the abeyance in favour of any of the co-heirs, but it cannot alienate the barony from the representatives of the first baron. It is imperative that it be conferred upon one of those. The mode of terminating an abeyance in favour of a commoner, is by summoning the individual by the title of the barony which had been in abeyance. The course observed towards a peer of a higher dignity, is the issue of letters patent by the crown, in confirmation of the barony; and a similar course, that of patent, is adopted towards heiresses.

The mode of creating peers by writ of summons has been, however, a

\* **ABEYANCE.**—When this inheritance (a Barony falling amongst co-heiresses) is in the dormant state, it is said to be in abeyance; not in the ordinary sense of the term in which it is applied to an estate in fee simple, or freehold in suspense, floating, fixing no where, and vesting in no one; but it simply denotes that the title to a Barony, which has descended upon and is vested in co-heirs, remains in them in an inactive and dormant state, incapable of being asserted or being enjoyed. It falls into abeyance, because, in point of right, no one co-heir can sustain a claim to it; and because all the co-heirs together, though they constitute the complete heir to the ancestor, cannot claim it with effect, and therefore cannot claim it at all.

*Cruise upon Dignities.*

long time discontinued, and the only writs now issued are those to the\* eldest sons of Dukes, Marquesses, and Earls, in their father's baronies; but such writs do not create heritable peerages. If, however, a writ of summons issue to the eldest son of a peer, as a baron, under a misapprehension that the barony had been vested in his father, then the writ is deemed a new creation, and the dignity is heritable as a barony by writ. This was established in 1736 by the decision regarding the Barony of Strange, in which James Stanley had been summoned in 1628, under the supposition that the barony had belonged to his father, William, sixth Earl of Derby; and again, in the similar case of the Barony of Clifford. The first writ to an elder son is stated to have issued in the twenty-second year of King Edward the Fourth, when Thomas Fitz-Alan was summoned to parliament (in his father's, the Earl Arundel's, barony), as Baron Maltravers. As Barons by Tenure gave place to Barons by Writ, so the latter have been superseded by

### **Barons by Letters Patent.**

The first instance of which occurred in the reign of the second Richard, when John Beauchamp, of Holt, was elevated to the peerage as Baron Beauchamp, of Kidderminster, by letters patent, dated the 10th of October, 1387. Lord Beauchamp never took his seat, however, in parliament, as he died in the same year, and was succeeded by his son, with whom the dignity expired in 1420. In olden time, it was deemed necessary to invest with robes the newly created baron in open parliament; and, so lately as the era of King James the First, that monarch, in person, solemnly inducted the barons, created by patent in the thirteenth year of his reign, by enrobing each peer in scarlet, with a hood furred with minever: but in the same year it was determined to discontinue those ceremonies in future, the legal advisers of the crown having declared that the delivery of the letters patent constituted a sufficient creation; and in the patents of more modern times, the ceremony of public investiture is expressly dispensed with.

Barons are styled "Right Honorable," and addressed officially by the Crown, "Right trusty and well beloved."

### **Viscount.**

The next grade in the British Peerage is that of Vice-Comes or **VISCOUNT**, a title formerly applied to the Sheriff of a county, but not used as a designation of nobility until the reign of HENRY VI., when that

\* There is an instance, in the reign of King Charles the First, of the son and heir of a baron, who possessed two baronies, having been summoned to parliament in one of them. The Hon. Conyers Darcy, son of Conyers, Baron of Darcy and Conyers (who was subsequently created Earl of Holderness,) was summoned to parliament in his father's barony of Conyers in 1680.

monarch created John, Baron Beaumont, K.G. by letters patent, dated 12th February, 1440, Viscount Beaumont, a dignity which expired with his lordship's son and successor in 1507. A viscounty is always created by patent, and it descends according to the specified limitation. The honor was originally conferred as an advancement to barons, but afterwards created frequently with the barony; and in modern times it has been conferred without a barony, as in the instance of Viscount Leinster, Viscount Sidmouth, Viscount Goderich, &c.

The style of a Viscount is "Right Honorable," and he is officially addressed by the Crown, "Our right trusty and well beloved Cousin."

### Earl.

The dignity of Earl, which existed in England before the Conquest, was, according to Mr. Cruise, originally annexed to a particular tract of land; and there were three descriptions of Earldoms.

"The first was where the dignity was annexed to the seisin and possession of an entire county, with *jura regalia*; in which case, the county became palatine, and the person created Earl thereof acquired regal jurisdiction and royal seignory. By reason of the royal jurisdiction, the Earl Palatine had all the high courts and offices of justice which the king had, with a civil and criminal jurisdiction; and, by reason of his royal seignory, he had all the royal services, and all the royal estreats which the king had; so that, in fact, a county palatine was in every respect a feudal kingdom of itself, but held of a superior lord."\*

The second description of earldom was that which derived the title only from a county, but had no territorial possession annexed to it within the county, nor any of the privileges of an Earl Palatine, and whose revenue arose from participating in the profits derivable from the pleas of the county court.

The third kind of Earldom was constituted by the crown's granting a considerable tract of land, to be held "*per servitium unius comitatus*."

For several centuries, Earldoms have been created by letters patent, and the descent of the honor regulated accordingly. The ancient ceremony of investiture, as in other dignities, has been discontinued; and the custom of deriving the title from some county or town has been extended, in consequence of the number of earls, to villages, private estates, and family surnames.

The style of an earl is, "Right Honorable," and he is officially addressed by the Crown, "Our right trusty and right well beloved Cousin."†

He bears also, upon some occasions, the title of "Puissant Prince."

\* Cruise on Dignities.

† This mode of address is as ancient as Henry the Fourth, by whom it was first adopted. That prince being either by his wife, his mother, or his sisters, actually related or allied to every earl in the kingdom, artfully and constantly acknowledged that connection in all his letters and other public acts; from whence the usage has descended to his successors, though the reason has long ago failed.—*Blackstone*.

### Marquess.

A MARQUESS, *marchio*, is the next degree of nobility. "His office (says Sir William Blackstone) formerly was (for dignity and duty were never separated by our ancestors) to guard the frontiers and limits of the kingdom; which were called the marches, from the teutonic word *marche*, a limit: as in particular, were the marches of Wales and Scotland, while *each* continued to be an enemy's country. The persons who had command there, were called Lords Marches, or Marquesses, whose authority was abolished by statute, 27th Henry VIII., though the title had long before been made a mere ensign of honor."

The first English Marquisate was conferred by King Richard II., in 1386, upon Robert de Vere, who was created Marquess of Dublin, and in the next year Duke of Ireland. His grace was, however, banished and attainted in 1388, when his honors became forfeited. And the second creation of the same dignity occurs in the same reign, when John Beaufort, Earl of Somerset, (eldest legitimated natural son of John of Gaunt) was created, 29th September, 1397, Marquess of Dorset. From that period, the dignity of Marquess appears to have remained dormant, until the reign of Edward VI., but thenceforward it became a regular and common grade of nobility.

A Marquisate is invariably created by letters patent, and the descent regulated accordingly.

The style of a Marquess is "Most Honorable," and he is officially addressed by the Crown, "Our right trusty and entirely beloved Cousin."

He bears also the title, upon some occasions, of "Puissant Prince."

### Duke.

The Dukedom, • the most elevated dignity in the English peerage, was first introduced by King EDWARD III., who created his eldest son, Edward the Black Prince, in 1337, (then Earl of Chester,) Duke of Cornwall, and, subsequently, Prince of Wales, when the Dukedom merged in the principality, and has ever since been vested in the heir apparent to the crown, who, at his birth, becomes Duke of Cornwall. The second Dukedom was conferred on the 6th March, 1351, upon Henry Planta-

\* **DUKEDOM.** In France, before the Revolution, the title of Duke was very superior to the other dignities, and the PEERAGE was composed of Dukes only; but the rest or the nobility were properly jealous of this pre-eminence, and opposed with spirit every encroachment of the peers. In a procession of the order of the Holy Ghost several *Ducs et Pairs* endeavoured to prevent M. de Gamache from walking at the side of the last duke. The master of the ceremonies hastened to inform the King of the dispute, who decided that the dukes were wrong if they pretended that a *gentleman* should not walk aside of them. So, after the procession, the dukes said they had never formed such a pretension, and that it was a misunderstanding.

"Sir James Lawrence upon the Nobility of the British Gentry." Paris, third edition.

genet, (son and heir of the Earl of Derby,) under the title of Duke of Lancaster, which dignity expired at his grace's decease in 1360, without male issue, but was re-conferred, in 1362, upon John of Gaunt, who had espoused the duke's second daughter, and eventually sole heiress, the Lady Blanch Plantagenet. From that period, dukedoms have been esteemed the most exalted rank, and, in modern times, they have been chiefly confined to princes of the blood royal. In the reign of Elizabeth, anno 1572, the whole order became utterly extinct; but it was revived about fifty years afterwards by her successor, in the person of George Villiers, Duke of Buckingham.

A Duke is styled "His Grace," and the "Most Noble," and he is officially addressed by the Crown, "Our right trusty and right entirely beloved Cousin and Councillor."

His grace is likewise entitled, upon some occasions, "Puissant Prince."

## SPIRITUAL PEERS.

### Archbishops.

Archbishops have the ducal title of "Grace," and take precedence of all dukes, next to those of royal blood. The Archbishop of Canterbury ranks as first peer of the realm, and the Archbishop of York, as third, coming immediately after the lord chancellor. His grace of Canterbury styles himself, "by divine providence;" while the Archbishop of York, and the bishops, adopt the term "*permission*," instead of "*providence*."

### Bishops.

By an act of parliament passed in the thirty-first year of HENRY VIII., it was settled that bishops take precedence of all barons, and immediately after viscounts; the Bishops of London, Durham, and Winchester, preceding their Right Reverend brethren.

Bishops are styled "Lords," and "Right Reverend Fathers in God."

*Note.*—In the time of the Saxons, the bishops, abbots, and other ecclesiastical persons, held their lands free from all secular services, except the *trinoda necessitas*: namely, *expeditio, pontium et arcuum constructio, et refectio*. But soon after the establishment of the Normans, they were charged with the same obligations of military service as laymen. In consequence of this change, the bishops became tenants in *capite per baroniam*, and were of course, bound to attend the *curia regis*; which at that time was considered as a burdensome office. It is, therefore, probable, that the bishops did not willingly acquiesce in this alteration; and when the immunities of the church were so much re-

strained by the constitutions of Clarendon, in 10th Henry the Second, it was expressly declared that the archbishops and bishops should hold their lands as baronies, and attend the King's court.

The bishops were always exempt from doing homage for their baronies, but were bound to take the oath of fealty.

The great abbots were also bound to attend parliament, if summoned, when they held their land *per baroniam*.

*Cruise upon Dignities.*

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## OFFICIAL COSTUME OF THE PEERAGE.

### **Duke.**

The robes worn by a Duke, at a coronation, consist of a mantle and surcoat of common velvet, lined with white taffeta, the mantle doubled from the neck to the elbow with ermine, having four rows of spots on each shoulder.

His grace's parliamentary robes are of fine scarlet cloth, lined with taffeta, doubled with four guards of ermine at equal distances, with gold lace surmounting each guard, and tied up to the left shoulder by a white ribbon; his cap is of crimson velvet, lined with ermine, having a gold tassel on each top; and his coronet, which is of gold, is set with strawberry leaves, also of gold.

### **Marquess.**

The robes worn by a Marquess, at a coronation, are of crimson velvet, lined with white taffeta, having four guards of ermine on the right side, and three on the left, placed at equal distances, each guard surmounted with gold lace; the robe is tied up to the left shoulder by a white ribbon.

His lordship's cap is of crimson velvet, lined with ermine, having a gold tassel at top.

His coronet is of gold, and is encompassed by pearls and golden strawberry leaves, intermingled.

### **Earl.**

The coronation robes of an Earl are similar to those of a duke and marquess, with the exception that there are but three guards of ermine and gold lace.

His lordship's cap is the same as *that* of a marquess.



His coronet has pearls raised upon points, with strawberry-leaves low between them.

\* \* The Lord-treasurer Cecil, Earl of Salisbury, was the first peer of the degree of Earl who wore a coronet.

### Viscount.

The robes of a Viscount differ from those of an earl, in having two rows of plain white fur only.

His lordship's cap is the same as *that* of an earl, and the golden circle of his coronet is surmounted by fourteen pearls.

### Baron.

The robes of a Baron have two guards only of white fur, with as many rows of gold lace; in all other respects they correspond with the robes of the other peers.

The coronet was granted to Barons by King Charles II. They wore, previously, but a plain circle of gold. The coronet of a Baron has four pearls set at equal distances upon the circle.

## PRIVILEGES OF THE PEERAGE.

PEERS are free from all arrest for debt, and cannot be outlawed in any civil action; nor can any attachment lie against their persons.

They are exempt from attending *courts-leet*, or *sheriffs' turns*; or, in case of riot, the *posse committatus*.

When arraigned for any criminal offence, it must be before their peers, who return a verdict, not upon oath, but upon honour.

Peers are tried in courts erected specifically for the purpose, in the centre of Westminster Hall, at the expense of the crown, which courts are pulled down as soon as the investigation terminates.

By the law denominated *scandalum magnatum*, any man convicted of spreading a scandalous report regarding a peer of the realm, no matter whether true or false, is subject to an arbitrary fine, and to remain in prison until the same be discharged.

Peers have the privilege of sitting covered in courts of justice, during their proceedings.

Peers of parliament have the privilege of franking letters; but it is as members of parliament, not as peers.

The Barons of Kingsale enjoy, exclusively, the hereditary privilege of being covered in the Royal presence.

A Peer cannot lose his nobility, but by death or attainder; though there was an instance, in the reign of Edward the Fourth, of the degradation of George Nevile, Duke of Bedford, by act of parliament, on account of his

poverty, which rendered him unable to support his dignity. But this is a singular instance, which serves at the same time, by having happened, to show the power of parliament; and by having happened but once, to show how tender the parliament hath been in exerting so high a power. It hath been said, indeed, that if a Baron wastes his estate, so that he is not able to support the degree, the KING may degrade him: but it is expressly held by authorities, that a peer cannot be degraded but by act of parliament.—*Blackstone*.

*Note*—Some peers of Ireland, created since the Union, have taken their titles from places in England; but by a sort of fiction, the name of an English county is never introduced into the patent. Lord Rendlesham is, of Rendlesham, without any county. Lord Macdonald is of Slate in the county of Antrim, whereas Slate is in the Hebrides. Lord Newborough is “of Ireland.”

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## THE BARONETAGE.

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### Of England.

THE order of Baronet, instituted by King James I., in 1611, is said to have been suggested by the *Barones Minores*, (minor barons,) but the title is of ancient standing, both in England and France, and was used in the former for *Banneret*, when it was meant to designate a knight banneret, who was a parliamentary baron, as in the statute of Richard II., by which every archbishop, &c. baron, *baronet*, knight of a shire, &c. &c. are commanded, under penalty of amercement, or other punishment, according to ancient usage, to appear in parliament; and in the reign of Henry VI. we find that a juror challenged himself, because his ancestors had been “baronets, or seigneurs des parliaments.” As knighthood, which had existed from the earliest period, and long antecedently to nobility, always implied the performance of certain specific services, it was deemed advisable, upon the institution of this *hereditary* equestrian order, to attach to it some particular conditions: and a rebellion at that period happening to rage in the northern province of Ireland, called Ulster, each newly-created baronet was obliged to pay into the exchequer a sum of money adequate to the maintenance, in Ireland, of thirty soldiers for three years, at eight-pence per day, which, with the official fees, amounted to nearly twelve hundred pounds. It was required, too, that the candidate for the dignity should be a gentleman by birth, and in the possession of an unencumbered estate of one thousand pounds per annum. The number of baronets was first confined to two hundred, but the order is now only limited by the discretion of the crown.

Baronets take precedence of all knights, except those of the Garter, knights who are of the privy-council, and bannerets created under the royal banner displayed in open war, the king himself being present. Baronets have the privilege to bear in a canton of their coat of arms, or in a whole escutcheon, the arms of Ulster, viz. "in a field argent, a sinister hand, gules." The word "Sir" is prefixed to the Christian name of a baronet, as it is used before that of a knight, and his wife is entitled "Lady," "Madam," or "Dame," "according (as it is stated in the patent of creation) to the custom of speaking."

Baronets, and the heirs male of their bodies, have place, in the armies of the king, near about the royal standard, for the defence of the same.

Baronets, and their male heirs, are entitled, at their obsequies, to two assistants of the body to support the pall, a chief mourner, and four assistants to him, being the medium funereal honors between those of a baron and a knight.

### Of Ireland.

The Baronetcy of Ireland followed that of England, and was instituted by King James I. for the same avowed purpose—the plantation of the Province of Ulster. The dignity was first conferred by letters patent, dated 30th September, 1619, upon Sir Dominick Sarsfield, lord-chief-justice of the court of king's-bench; and in the next month (14th October), Sir Francis Blundell, knight, was advanced to the same honor.

The Baronetage of Ireland was placed upon an exactly similar footing, regarding immunities, arms, &c. as the order instituted for England.

### Of Nova Scotia, or Scotland.

The order of Baronets\* of Nova Scotia (or Scotland) was also projected by King James I. for the purpose of encouraging the plantation of the province of Nova Scotia, in America, the earliest settlement made by the Scots beyond the Atlantic; but that monarch deceasing, his Majesty's son and successor, King Charles I. soon after his accession, put the project into execution, and instituted the order, by creating the Hon. Robert Gordon, of Gordonstone, son of the Earl of Sutherland, a Baronet of Nova Scotia, by patent dated 22nd of May, 1625, with remainder to his heirs male whatsoever, a limitation invariably granted to all Nova Scotia baronets *previous* to the Restoration. In addition to the honor and privileges of the order, each baronet, prior to the surrender of Nova Scotia to the French, had a grant of eighteen square miles of land in that province, three miles the one way, extending along the sea-shore or navigable rivers, and six miles within land the other way. These grants were erected into baronies, with most ample privileges, and were destined

\* The only instance of this dignity having been conferred upon a female occurs in that of Dame Mary Bolles, of Ashurton, who, in 1635, was elevated to the Baronetcy of Scotland, with remainder to her heirs whatsoever.

to the patentees, their heirs and assignees; and investiture, taken on the Castle Hill of Edinburgh, was declared, in each patent, to be sufficient to complete the transfer of the property. In 1629, King Charles granted to the Baronets of Nova Scotia the privilege of wearing a ribbon and badge, which last was presented by his Majesty, in person, to each gentleman of the order. The grant runs thus: "That they, and every of them, and their heirs male, shall wear and carry about their necks, in all time coming, an orange taunie silk ribbon, whereon shall be pendant, in a scutcheon, argent, a saltire, azure; thereon an inescutcheon of the arms of Scotland, with an imperial crown above the scutcheon, and incircled with the motto, "Fax mentis honestæ Gloria."

*Note*—Since the Legislative Unions between England and Scotland, and Great Britain and Ireland, the separate Orders of Baronets have been superseded by one general Institution of BARONETS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM.

## ABBREVIATIONS.

*b.*—born.  
*m.*—married.  
*d.*—died.  
*s.*—succeeded.  
*s. p.*—sine prole.  
*D.C.L.*—Doctor of the Civil Law.

*D.D.*—Doctor of Divinity.  
*F.A.S.*—Fellow of the Society of Antiquarians.  
*F.R.S.*—Fellow of the Royal Society.  
*M.D.*—Doctor of Medicine.  
*M.R.I.A.*—Member of the Royal Irish Academy.

## British Orders of Knighthood.

*K.G.*—Of the Garter.  
*G.C.B.*—Grand Cross of the Bath.  
*K.C.B.*—Knight Commander of the Bath.

*C.B.*—Commander of the Bath.  
*K.T.*—Knight of the Thistle.  
*K.P.*—Of St. Patrick.



## CORRECTING SHEET.

Readers are requested to look through this list before the dictionary be referred to.

### VOL. I.

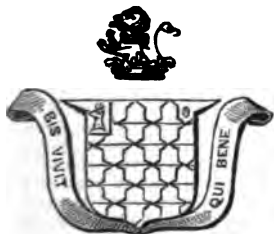
**ABERCROMBY, BARON.** His lordship's eldest daughter, Hon. Montague Abercromby, m. 4th April, 1831, Hon. Fox Maule, eldest son of Lord Panmure.

**ANNESLEY, EARL OF.** Add to his lordship's issue, a daughter, b. in 1831.

**ARRAN, EARL OF.** Page 44, col. 1, line 33 from top, for Portington read Porkington.

**ASHBURNHAM, EARL OF.** Hon. Charles Ashburnham, brother of the present earl, m. 6th February, 1832, Sarah-Joanna, second daughter of William Murray, esq. of Grosvenor-street.

**BECHER-WRIXON, SIR WILLIAM,** arms of, omitted in the proper place, owing to their not being registered at that time, in the herald's college.



*Arms*—Vairé, arg. and gu. on a canton, or, a stag's head couped gu.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet, or, a demi-lion erm. gorged with a collar vair az. and ar.

*Motto*—Bis vivit qui bene.

**BEDFORD, DUKE OF.** The fourth earl's christian name was FRANCIS, not THOMAS.

**BESBOROUGH, EARL OF.** His lordship's grandson, WILLIAM WENTWORTH, d. in 1831, and not in 1813.

**BICKERTON-HUSSEY, SIR RICHARD,** died in 1832, and the title has become EXTINCT.

**BISSHOPP, THE REV. SIR GEORGE.** Page 112, col. 2, line 62 from top, for EDWARD, second son of Sir Cecil, third baronet, read, EDWARD, third son of Sir Cecil, fifth baronet.

**BOROUGH, SIR RICHARD.** Page 129, col. 2, line 28 from top, for WILLIAM WYBRAND, esq. read WILLIAM WIBROW, esq.

**BROOKE-DE-CAPELL, SIR ARTHUR.** LOUISA, third daughter of the late Sir Richard De Capell Brooke, m. 14th March, 1832, the Rev. H. B. SKELLEY HARRIS, of Field-place, Sussex.

**BURGOYNE, SIR JOHN - MONTAGUE.** The late baronet was never M.P. for Bedfordshire.

**CLONCURRY, BARON.** His lordship's principal seat is Lyons, in the county of Kildare.

**CHOLMONDELEY, MARQUESS OF.** His lordship's only brother, Hon. FRANCIS-NATHANIEL CHOLMONDELEY, d. 27th January, 1832.

**COPE, SIR JOHN. HENRIETTA-MARIA**, second daughter of Sir Jonathan Cope, first baronet of Brewern, *m.* Valentine Knightley Chetwood, esq. (a member of the ancient family of **CHETWODE**, of Oakley), and left a son, Jonathan Chetwood, esq. of Woodbrook, the claimant of the De Wahul peerage.

**CRAIG-GIBSON, SIR JAMES.** The armorial ensigns of this baronet are erroneously described. They should be



*Arms*—Quarterly: first and fourth ermine, on a fess, sa. three crescents argent for **CRAIG**, second and third gu. three keys barwise, wards downward, or, for **GIBSON**.

*Crest*—A chevalier on horseback in full career, grasping a broken lance, in bend, ppr.

*Supporters*—**Dexter**, a chevalier armed as of the fifteenth century, holding in his exterior hand a spear, ppr.; **Sinister**, a horse, rampant, ppr.

*Motto*—Vive Deo et vives.

**CURTIS, SIR WILLIAM.** Add to Sir William's issue, a daughter, *b.* 10th February, 1832.

**DALLAS, SIR GEORGE.** His eldest son, Capt. Henry Dallas, *d.* 18th August, 1830.

**DARNLEY, EARL OF.** His lordship *m.* Emma-Jane, third (and not second) daughter of Sir Henry Parnell, baronet.

**DENBIGH, EARL OF.** Add to his lordship's issue, a son, *b.* 26th January, 1832.

**DERING, SIR EDWARD, m.** in April, 1832, Jane, youngest daughter of Lord Kensington.

**DE SAUMAREZ, BARON.** His lordship has succeeded Sir Richard Hussey Bickerton, as **LIEUTENANT-GENERAL OF MARINES**.

**DES VŒUX, SIR CHARLES.** His eldest son, **CHARLES, m.** in March, 1832, Hon. Frances Law.

**DE VERE, SIR AUBREY.** Page 351, col. 2, line 23, for Lady Hunt, read Lady **DE VERE**.

**DOWNE, VISCOUNT.** His lordship *d.* 18th February, 1832, and is *s.* in the Irish viscounty, (the barony of the United Kingdom expiring,) by his brother **WILLIAM-HENRY**, present peer.

**DRYDEN, THE REV. SIR HENRY.**

\*.\* The following is a more ample detail of the Dryden family than that given in the body of the work.

The first member of the Dryden family upon record is,

**WILLIAM DRIDEN, or DREYDEN**, whose grandson,

**JOHN DRYDEN, m.** Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Cope, *knt.*, and was *s.* by his eldest son, **ERASMUS DRYDEN, esq.** who was sheriff of the county of Northampton, in the reign of Elizabeth, and was created a baronet 10th November, 1619. He *m.* Frances, second daughter and co-heir of William Wilkes, esq. of Hodnell, in Warwickshire, by whom he had issue,

John, successor to his father.

William, of Farndon, in Northamptonshire, *m.* — daughter of — Cave, esq. of Leicestershire, and had a son,

**JOHN**, who succeeded his cousin in the estates and representation of the family.

**ERASMUS**, of Tichmarsh, in the county of Northampton, *m.* Mary, daughter of the Rev. John Pickering, D.D. and had with daughters, four sons, *vis.*

1. **JOHN DRYDEN**, the celebrated poet.

This eminent person was born at Aldwinkle, in Northampton, brought up at Westminster School, and thence elected Scholar of Trinity College, Cambridge, in 1650. "As to his writings," says Congreve, "I may venture to state in general terms, that no man hath written in our language so much, and so various matter, and in so various manners so well. Another thing I may say was very peculiar to him; which is, that his parts did not decline with his years; but that he was an improving writer to the last, even to near seventy years of age, improving even in fire and imagination as well as in judgment." Dryden *m.* Lady Elizabeth Howard, daughter of Thomas, Earl of Berkshire, and had issue,

Charles, who *d.* unmarried.



John, who lived at Rome, and held a situation of rank in the papal court. He was a poet, and wrote a play called "The Husband and his own Cuckold—" he d. unmarried.

ERASMUS, who eventually became representative of the family.

2. ERASMUS, who succeeded his nephew.

3. Henry, d. at Jamaica.

4. James, who left two daughters.

Sir John Dryden was s. by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN DRYDEN, the second baronet, from whom we pass to the son of the poet,

SIR ERASMUS DRYDEN, the fifth baronet, who died unmarried at Canons Ashby, in 1711, and was s. by his uncle,

SIR ERASMUS DRYDEN, the sixth baronet, who m. Elizabeth, daughter of Mr. Edward Martyn, of the city of Westminster, and had, with two daughters, an only son,

EDWARD, who died before his father, leaving by his wife Elizabeth Allen, granddaughter of Sir Thomas Allen, knight, *inter alias*, JOHN, successor to his grandfather.

Bevill, who m. Mary, daughter of — Dubber, esq. of Cirencester, and left a daughter,

ELIZABETH, of whom presently as sole heiress of the family.

Sir Erasmus Dryden was s. by his grandson,

SIR JOHN DRYDEN, seventh baronet, at whose decease s. p. the baronetcy EXPIRED, and the estates devolved upon his niece,

ELIZABETH DRYDEN, who m. 14th June, 1781, John Turner, esq. as in the body of the work.

**DUNMORE, EARL OF.** His lordship was created in September, 1831, a peer of the united kingdom, as Baron Dunmore, of Dunmore, in the county of Perth.

**DUNSANY, BARON.** Randall, eleventh baron, m. Bridget Fleming, only daughter by his first wife, of Richard Fleming of Staholmock; and not as stated, Bridget, daughter of Richard Fleming, second son of the last Lord Slane. Richard Fleming of Staholmock was son of Sir John Fleming, knight, nephew of William, Lord Slane, who took his seat in parliament in 1613.

**EAST, SIR EDWARD HYDE,** has not the title of *Honorable*, as erroneously printed, but that of *High Honorable*, being a privy councillor.

**EGERTON GREY, SIR PHILIP DE MALPAS,** m. 8th March, 1832 Anne-Elizabeth, second daughter of George-John Leigh, esq. of High Leigh, Cheshire.

**ELLENBOROUGH, BARON.** His lordship's youngest sister, Frances-Henrietta, m. in March, 1832, Charles Des Vaux, esq.

**ELPHINSTONE, SIR HOWARD,** baronet, of Sowerby, in the county of Cumberland, an officer of rank in the army, C.B., and colonel of the royal engineers; b. 4th March, 1773; m. in 1803 Frances, eldest daughter of John Warburton, esq., by whom he has issue,

1. HOWARD, b. 9th June, 1804, m. 30th September, 1829, Eliza-Julia, youngest daughter of Edward-J. Curteis, esq., M.P., and has issue,

HOWARD-WARBURTON, b. 26th July, 1830.

Henry Curteis, b. 24th September, 1831.

2. Frances. 3. Harriet. 4. Louisa.

Colonel Elphinstone was created a baronet 3rd April, 1815, and was appointed in 1832, commanding engineer at Malta.

### Lineage.

This is a branch of the noble house of ELPHINSTONE, diverging from

ROBERT, third Baron Elphinstone, who m. Margaret, daughter of Sir John Drummond, and had issue,

ALEXANDER, who s. as fourth lord.

JOHN of Baberton—of whom presently.

JAMES (Sir) of Innemochtie, who was appointed a lord of session in 1586. Constituted one of the eight commissioners of the treasury, called OCTAVIANS, in 1595. Appointed secretary of state in 1598, and continuing to rise in the king's favor, the lands belonging to the Cistercian Abbey of Balmerinoch, in Fife, were erected into a temporal lordship, in favor of himself, his heirs male, and heirs of talzie and provision, by charter under the great seal, dated 29th February, 1603-4, and he took his seat accordingly as a peer in parliament, by the title of LORD BALMERINO. His lordship was eventually tried and convicted of treason, for having, in his capacity of secretary of state, obtained surreptitiously the signature of his royal master, JAMES VI., to a letter addressed to Pope CLEMENT VIII. soliciting a cardinal's hat for his kinsman Drummond, Bishop of Vaison. He did not suffer, however, under the conviction. From this nobleman we pass to his descendant,

ARTHUR, sixth Lord Balmerino, a staunch adherent of the House of STUART, and engaged in the risings of 1715 and 1745. In the latter he was made prisoner after the battle of Culloden, and executed for high treason on 18th August, 1746, when his honors became forfeited.

The second son,

JOHN ELPHINSTONE, of Baberton, left a son, RONALD ELPHINSTONE, who settled in Orkney, and had two sons,

1. Harry, captain in the Danish guards, fell in battle.

## 2. Robert.

The second son,  
ROBERT ELPHINSTONE, was page to *Prince*  
HENRY, eldest son to *King* JAMES VI. He left  
an only surviving son,

JOHN ELPHINSTONE, of Lopness-Waas, who  
left, with other issue,

ROBERT, of Lopness, Steward, Justiciary,  
High Admiral, and Chamberlain of the  
Isles of Orkney and Zealand, and Colonel  
of Militia.

And,

JOHN ELPHINSTONE, whose son,

JOHN ELPHINSTONE, of the royal navy, *m.*  
Anne, daughter of — Williams, *esq.*, and left  
a son,

JOHN ELPHINSTONE, a captain in the British  
navy, and admiral in the Russian service. Ad-  
miral Elphinstone commanded the fleet of the  
Csar, at the Battle of Tchesmé, and succeeded in  
destroying his infidel opponents. He *m.* Amelia,  
daughter of John Warburton, *esq.* Somerset  
Herald, and had issue,

John, post captain, R.N. *d.* in 1801.

Samuel-William, *m.* — daughter of Admi-  
ral Krause, and dying in 1789, left a son,

ALEXANDER, a captain in the British  
navy, and a noble in Livonia, heir to  
the title of BALMORINO, were the at-  
tainer removed, *m.* Amelia, daughter  
of — Loback.

Ponsonby-Rodolph, *d.* young.

Thomas, post captain R.N., *m.* Isabella,  
daughter of — Jones, *esq.*, and *d.* in  
1821, leaving two daughters,

Isabella, *m.* to the Rev. J. Stone.

Amelia, *m.* to Colonel Holloway.

Robert-Philip, captain R.N., *d.* in 1832.

HOWARD, created a BARONET, and is the pre-  
sent Sir Howard Elphinstone.

Molyneux, *d.* in 1815.

Anna-Maria, *d.* young.

Anna-Charlotta-Maria, *m.* to the late Sir  
Francis Hartwell, bart. and *d.* in 1809.

Jane-Alice-Amelia, *m.* to the Hon. Cham-  
pion Dymoke.

Catherine-Sarah, *m.* to the Rev. S. Roe.

Captain Elphinstone *d.* in 1785.

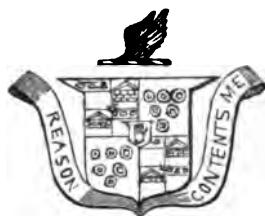
\*.\* This being a more ample and accurate  
account of Sir Howard Elphinstone's family,  
than the one given in the body of the work, it  
is substituted in its place.

EXMOUTH, VISCOUNT, has succeed-  
ed Lord De Saumarez as VICE ADMIRAL OF  
GREAT BRITAIN.

FORBES, SIR JOHN, of Craigievar,  
add to his issue, a daughter.

GRAHAM, SIR ROBERT, the armo-  
rial ensigns of this baronet are erroneously  
described. They should be—Quarterly, first

and fourth, or, on a chief *sa.* three escallopes  
of the field for GRAHAM; second and third,  
or, a fesse chequy, *ar.* and *sa.* in chief a  
chev. gu. for STEWART.



HONYWOOD, SIR JOHN COUR-  
TENAY. P. 624, first column, second line  
from foot, for 1765 read 1665.

## VOL II.

JACKSON, SIR KEITH-ALEXAN-  
DER. John Jackson, *esq.* second son of  
the late baronet, *m.* 8th March, 1832. Ho-  
noraria-Anna-Maria, seventh daughter of  
James Daniell, *esq.*

JERSEY, EARL OF. His lordship's  
sister, Lady Anne Wyndham, *d.* 21st April,  
1832.

KENSINGTON, BARON. His lord-  
ship's youngest daughter, Jane, *m.* in April,  
1832, Sir Edward Dering, bart.

LANGHAM, SIR JAMES. His third  
son, FREDERICK-MUSGRAVE, *d.* 15th March,  
1832.

LESLIE, SIR CHARLES-ABRAHAM,  
bart. of Wardris and Findrassie, in the  
county of Moray.

## Lineage.

This family claims as remote antiquity as any  
in North Britain, and possesses a right of pri-  
mogeniture in the noble House of Rothes :  
Thus,

GEORGE, third Earl of Rothes, *m.* first\*  
Margaret, daughter of William, third Lord  
Crichton, granddaughter of *King* JAMES II.  
and had, with four daughters,

\* Wood's Douglas calls this his lordship's  
third marriage, but the eldest son thereof, NOR-  
MAN LESLIE, is designated *Master of Rothes*, and  
is stated to have forfeited his right to the earl-  
dom by his participation in the murder of Car-  
dinal Beaton, 29th May, 1546, for which he was  
tried and found guilty of treason in the August  
following.

**NORMAN**, Master of Bethes, convicted and forfeited for his participation in the murder of Cardinal Beaton. He subsequently retired into France, and gained great reputation as a military officer in the French service, particularly in an engagement near Cambrai in 1554, where he was so severely wounded, that he died in fifteen days after the battle.

**Robert**, of Findrassie.

The earl *m.* secondly, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Andrew, third Lord Grey, relict of Lord Glamis, but had no issue. He espoused, thirdly, Agnes, daughter of Sir John Semerville, of Cambsanethan, and had with other issue,

**ANDREW**, who inherited the Earldom of Rothes.

The earl after the forfeiture of his eldest son appears to have been invested by the crown, by some act or deed, which cannot now be traced, with the power of disposing of the honors of the family to which ever of his sons he pleased. He conferred them therefore upon the above **ANDREW**, and he gave the lands of Findrassie to his son, **Robert**, who became in consequence,

**ROBERT LIELLIE**, OF FINDRASSIE, from whom the baronet lineally derives.

**MAYO, EARL OF.** The present Mr. Bourke Lambert's father's name was **EDWARD**, and not **EDWARD**.

**O'DONEL, SIR HUGH.** Page 252, col. 2, line 6 from the top, for 1756, read 1556.

**OGLE, SIR CHARLES.** Arabella, daughter of the late admiral Sir Chaloner Ogle, and widow of the Hon. Edward Bouverie, *m.* Robert Talbot, esq.

**PEEL, SIR ROBERT.** Add to the baronet's issue, a daughter, *b.* in April, 1832.

**ROSEBERY, EARL OF.** Arms of.



**ROTHES, EARL OF.** His lordship's sister Henrietta - Anne, lady of Charles-Knight Murray, esq. *d.* in April, 1832.

**SMYTH-CARMICHAEL, SIR JAMES,** was born in the year 1779, and not 1780. The account given, in the body of the work, of Dr. James Carmichael-Smyth, the father of the present baronet, is incorrect, it should be as follows.

**JAMES CARMICHAEL-SMYTH, M.D. F.R.S.** Fellow of the royal college of physicians, London, and physician extraordinary to his Majesty GEORGE III., was twice honored with the unanimous vote of thanks by the house of commons for eminent public services. He *m.* in 1774, Mary, only child of Thomas Heyland, esq. of Bremley, in the county of Kent, and dying in 1821, left issue,

**JAMES**, present baronet.

Henry, a major in the Bengal engineers.

William, a paymaster of Exchequer bills.

Charles, a captain in the Bengal cavalry.

David, a judge and magistrate in Bengal.

Robert, a captain in his majesty's army.

Mark, a captain in the Madras cavalry.

George, a captain in the Bengal cavalry.

Maria, *m.* to Alexander Monro, M.D. fellow of the royal college of physicians Edinburgh, and professor of anatomy at the university in that city.

Georgiana, *m.* to William Forrest, Lieutenant-colonel in the Bengal army, and inspector of military stores in the honorable E.I.C.

**SUFFOLK AND BERKSHIRE, EARL OF.** Page 506, col. 2, line 21 from top, omit "whose line ceased with his grandson in 1702."

**THANET, EARL OF.** His lordship *d.* 20th April, 1832.

**VENTRY, BARON**, (Thomas-Townsend-Aremberg Mullins,) of Ventry, in the county of Kerry, in the peerage of Ireland, and a baronet; *b.* in January, 1786; *m.* Eliza, eldest daughter of Sir John Blake, bart. of Mento Castle, in the county of Galway, and has issue,

**DAYROLLES-BLAKENET.**

Edward.

Christabella.

His lordship *s.* to the honors, as third baron, at the decease of his uncle, 7th October, 1827.

#### Lineage.

This noble family derives from a common ancestor with that of Molyneux, Earls of Sefton, namely,

**SIR RICHARD MOLYNEUX**, knight, of Sefton, in the county of Lancaster, from whom descended

WILLIAM MOLYNEUX, or MULLINS, of Burnham, in the county of Norfolk, whose son, FREDERICK-WILLIAM MULLINS, esq. settled in Ireland, and obtained considerable grants in the province of Ulster, which he sold, and purchased estates in the county of Kerry. Mr. Mullins sat in two successive parliaments in the reign of King WILLIAM. He m. Jane, daughter and heiress of the Very Reverend Dean Evelyn, and was s. by his grandson,

WILLIAM MULLINS, esq. of Burnham, in the county of Kerry, (son of Frederick Mullins, esq. by Martha, eldest daughter of Thomas Blennerhasset, esq. and granddaughter, maternally, of Dermot, fifth Baron of Inchiquin,) who m. Mary, daughter of George Rowan, esq. and was s. by his only son,

THOMAS MULLINS, esq. who was created a baronet 7th December, 1797, and elevated to the peerage of Ireland 29th July, 1800, as BARON VENTRY, of Ventry, in the county of Kerry. His lordship m. in 1775, Elizabeth, daughter of Townsend Gunn, esq. of Rattoo, in the same county, by whom he had issue,

WILLIAM-TOWNSEND, his successor.

Townsend, b. in 1763; m. in 1784, Christabella, daughter of Solomon Dayrolles, esq. of Henley Park, and died, leaving an only son,

THOMAS-TOWNSEND-AREMBERG, present LORD VENTRY.

Thomas, m. in 1810, Mrs. Archer, widow of Major-general Archer, and daughter of William Reader, esq. by whom he left, at his decease in 1833, no issue.

Richard, m. and has issue,

1. Richard.
2. Ventry.
3. Jane, m. to Richard Mellen, esq. of Wakefield.
4. Eliza.
5. Anne, m. in 1828, to Thomas Arthur Blennerhasset, esq.
6. Madeline.

Edward, a major in the army; m. Elizabeth, daughter of Robert Hilliard, esq. and has issue,

1. Thomas, b. in 1807; m. 10th Jan., 1827, Jemima, daughter of the late Captain W. R. Broughton, R.N., C.B.
2. William-Bishop.
3. Edward-Guyon.
4. Elizabeth-Jemima.
5. Clara-Maria.

Frederick, in holy orders; m. in 1800 Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of William Croker, esq. of Johnstown House, in the county of Cork, and has issue,

1. Frederick, M.P. for the county of Kerry, b. 29th June, 1804, m. in 1826, Lucia,

eldest daughter of the late Captain William-Robert Broughton, R.N., C.B., and granddaughter of the late Rev. Sir Thomas Deives Broughton, of Doddington Hall, Cheshire.

2. William, b. 15th July, 1806.

3. Alured, b. 1st July, 1807.

Theodora, m. to Edward Bruce, esq. of Kiloot, in the county of Antrim.

Elizabeth, m. in 1780, to Richard Blennerhasset, esq.

Arabella, m. in 1780, to Richard McGillicuddy, esq. of Whitesfield.

Charlotte, m. in 1792, to Richard Pierce Mahony, esq. and d. in 1816.

Catherine, m. in 1792, to James Hosier, esq. and is deceased.

Helena-Jane, m. in 1789, to Arthur Blennerhasset, esq. of Blennerville.

The baron d. 11th January, 1834, and was s. by his eldest son,

WILLIAM-TOWNSEND, second baron, who m. first, 12th July, 1784, Sarah-Anne, daughter of Sir Riggs Falkiner, bart. and had issue,

Anne, m. to Richard Orpen Townsend, esq. of Ardtully, in the county of Antrim, and is deceased.

Elizabeth, m. in 1810, to Nicholas de Lacherois Cromelin, esq. of Corrowdore Castle, in the county of Down.

His lordship m. secondly, in 1790, Frances-Elizabeth, only daughter of Isaac Sage, esq. which marriage was dissolved by act of parliament in 1796; and, thirdly, in 1797, Clara, daughter of Benjamin Jones, esq. by whom he had

THOMAS, b. 12th August, 1798, who d. in 1817. The baron d. in 1827, and thus leaving no male issue, the honors devolved upon his nephew,

THOMAS-TOWNSEND, present peer.

\* \* This being a more correct account of the Ventry family, is substituted in place of that given in the body of the work.

WALSHAM, SIR JOHN. Add to Sir John's issue, a son, FRANCIS, b. 9th April 1823. Page 585, col. 1, line 8, from top, for "by his only son," read "by their only son."

WEBSTER, SIR GODFREY. The marriage of Miss Webster, the baronet's sister, with Captain Pellew, second son of Lord Exmouth, is erroneously stated to have been dissolved.

WIGRAM, SIR ROBERT. Add to the baronet's issue, a son, b. in April, 1832.



## THE ROYAL FAMILY.

### Reigning Sovereign.

#### HIS MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY, **William (Henry) IV.**

KING OF THE UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND, AND KING OF HANOVER, Arch-Treasurer of the Holy Roman Empire, Defender of the Faith, Sovereign of the Orders of the Garter, Bath, Thistle, St. Patrick, St. Michael, and St. George, (of the Ionian Islands) and of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order. His Majesty was born on the 21st August, 1765, the third son of King GEORGE THE THIRD. He entered at a very early period of life the naval service, and passing through the regular gradations, attained the rank of post captain in 1786; at that time he was simply Prince WILLIAM-HENRY, but in three years afterwards (20th May, 1789) His ROYAL HIGHNESS had patents creating him DUKE OF CLARENCE AND ST. ANDREWS, in the PEERAGE OF GREAT BRITAIN, and EARL OF MUNSTER, in the PEERAGE OF IRELAND. In 1790, he was appointed Rear-Admiral, he subsequently became Admiral of the Red, and succeeded Sir Peter Parker as Admiral of the Fleet in 1811. Under the CANNING administration, the DUKE OF CLARENCE accepted the office of LORD HIGH ADMIRAL OF ENGLAND. The Duke ascended the throne upon the decease of his brother, King GEORGE THE FOURTH, on the 26th June, 1830, and was crowned, with his royal consort, at Westminster Abbey, on the 8th September, 1831. His Majesty married 11th June, 1818, Her Serene Highness Princess ADELAIDE-LOUISA-THERESA-CAROLINE-AMELIA, eldest daughter of GEORGE-FREDERICK-CHARLES, late Duke of Saxe-Meiningen, and had issue,

*Princess CHARLOTTE-AUGUSTA-LOUISA, born and died 27th March, 1819.*

*Princess ELIZABETH-GEORGINA-ADELAIDE, born 10th December, 1820; died 4th March, 1821.*

**ARMS**—Quarterly: first and fourth, gu. three lions, passant, guardant, in pale, or, for ENGLAND; second, or, a lion, rampant, within a double tressure, flory, counterflory, gu. for SCOTLAND;

third, az. a harp, or, stringed ar. for IRELAND; on an escutcheon of pretence, ensigned with the Hanoverian crown ppr. and divided per pale and per chev. enarched into three compartments, the arms of his Majesty's Germanic dominions, viz. gules, two lions, passant, guardant, in pale, or, for BRUNSWICK; second, or, semée of hearts ppr. a lion, rampant, az. for LUNENBURGH; third, gu. a horse, courant, ar. for Saxony. In the centre, on an inescutcheon, gu. the CROWN of CHARLEMAGNE, ppr. being the badge of the office of Arch-treasurer of the holy Roman empire: the whole encircled with the Garter.

CREST—Upon the royal helmet the imperial crown ppr. thereon a lion, statant, guardant, or, imperially crowned, also ppr.

SUPPORTERS—DEXTER, a lion, rampant, guardant, or, crowned as the crest; SINISTER, a unicorn, ar. armed, crined, and unguled, or, gorged with a coronet composed of crosses, pattée and fleurs-de-lis, a chain affixed thereto, passing between the fore-legs and reflexed over the back, of the last.

CREST OF SCOTLAND—On an imperial crown ppr. a lion, sejant, affrontée, gu imperially crowned, or, holding in the dexter paw a sword, and in the sinister, a sceptre, erect, also ppr.

CREST OF IRELAND—On a wreath or and az., a castle, triple towered, gold, from the gate a hart springing ar.

MOTTO—DIEU ET MON DROIT in the compartment below the shield, with the union roses, sham rock, and thistle, engrafted on the same stem.

|         |  |                                      |
|---------|--|--------------------------------------|
| BADGES. | 1. ENGLAND—The red and white rose, united.                         | } all ensigned with the royal crown. |
|         | 2. SCOTLAND—A thistle.   |                                      |
|         | 3. IRELAND—A harp, or, the strings ar.                             |                                      |
|         | 4. IRELAND—A shamrock leaf, vert.                                  |                                      |
|         | 5. WALES—A dragon, passant, wings elevated, gu. upon a mount vert. |                                      |

## Royal Lineage.

**WILLIAM, DUKE OF NORMANDY**, born in 1024, surnamed **THE CONQUEROR**, from his triumph over Harold, at Hastings, on the 14th October, 1066, was crowned King of England, by Aldred, Archbishop of York, at Westminster Abbey, on the 29th of December, in the same year. William married Maud, or Matilda, daughter of Baldwin the Fifth, Count of Flanders, and had issue,



**Robert**, surnamed **COURTHOSE**, successor to the Duchy of Normandy, died in Cardiff Castle, 10th February, 1134.

**Richard**, killed by a stag in the New Forest, and died a youth.

**WILLIAM-RUFUS**, successor to the crown of England.

**HENRY**, successor to the crown of England after his brother.

**Cicelle**, who took the veil at the monastery of Fescamp, and was afterwards abbess in the Holy Trinity, at Caen, where she died in 1126.

**Constantia**, married to Alan Fergant, Earl of Brittany, and died issueless, in 1126.

**Alice**, contracted to Harold.

**Adela**, married to Stephen, Earl of Blois, and had four sons and a daughter, viz.

**William**, (an imbecile,) married a daughter of Gilon D'Soleio, and had issue.

**Theobald**, who succeeded to the earldom of Blois.

**Henry**, Bishop of Winchester, died 6th August, 1171.

**STEPHEN**, who succeeded his uncle Henry upon the English throne.

**Maud**, married to Richard, Earl of Chester, and was drowned with her husband, in 1119.

**Agatha**, died unmarried, but betrothed to Alphonso, King of Galicia.

**Gundred**, married to William de Warren, Earl of Surrey, died 27th May, 1085.

**WILLIAM THE CONQUEROR** died on the 9th September, 1087, and was succeeded in his English dominions by his second son,

**WILLIAM THE SECOND**, surnamed **RUFUS**, crowned 26th September, 1087. This Monarch was accidentally slain while hunting in the New Forest on the 2nd August, 1100, and dying unmarried, the crown devolved upon his next brother,

**HENRY THE FIRST**, surnamed **BEAUCLEER**, who married, first, Matilda, or Maud, daughter of King Malcolm the Third, of Scotland, and niece of Edgar Atheling, the last of the Saxon Princes in succession to the Throne, by whom he had issue,

William, born in 1102; married in 1110, Matilda, daughter of Foulk, Count of Anjou, but was lost at sea in the following year, and left no issue.

Matilda, betrothed in her eighth year (1110), to the emperor, Henry the Fifth, of Germany; but becoming a widow, married, secondly, **GEOFFREY PLANTAGENET, Count of Anjou**, and had (with other children)

**HENRY**, who succeeded to the English Throne as second of that name.

Henry the First married, secondly, Adeliza, daughter of Godfrey, Duke of Lovaine, and niece of Pope Calixtus; but of this marriage there was no issue. The King died from eating too freely of lampreys, 2nd December, 1135, and was succeeded by (the youngest son of his sister, Adela, Countess of Blois,) his nephew,

**STEPHEN**, crowned 26th December, 1135; married Matilda, daughter and heir of Eustace, Earl of Bologne. The pretensions of this monarch to the throne were opposed by his cousin, the Empress Matilda, and the contest finally terminated in a compromise, by which Stephen was to sway the sceptre during his life, upon condition of its devolving to the son of the Empress at his decease. He died on the 25th October, 1154, and was succeeded accordingly by



**HENRY THE SECOND,\*** born in 1133; married in 1151, Eleanor, Eldest daughter and one of the co-heiresses of William the Fifth, Duke of Aquitaine, by whom he had issue,



William, born in 1152; died in 1156.

Henry, born in 1155, crowned, by command of his father, King of England in 1170; married Margaret, only daughter of Louis the Seventh, of France, and again crowned with his consort at Winchester. He died *s. p.* in 1192.

**RICHARD**, successor to the crown, born in September, 1157.

Geoffrey, Earl of Bretagne, who was accidentally slain in a tournament at Paris, leaving by his consort, Constantia, daughter of Conan le Petit, Earl of Richmond and Duke of Brittany, a daughter, Eleanor, and a son, **ARTHUR**, who was put to death by his uncle, King **JOHN**, on account of his pretensions to the crown.

**JOHN**, successor to his brother **RICHARD**.

Maud, married to **HENRY** the Fifth, **DUKE OF SAXONY**, (surnamed the **LION**, see House of Guelph).

Eleanor, married to Alfonso the Eighth, King of Castile.

Joan, married, first, to William the Second, King of Sicily; and, secondly, to Raymond, Count of Thoulouse.

The King died in 1189, and was succeeded by his eldest son, **THE LION-HEARTED**

**RICHARD**, born in 1157, so celebrated as a soldier of the Cross. This monarch married Berengaria, daughter of Sanche the Fourth, King of Navarre, but dying issueless, being slain by an arrow from the castle of Chalons, which he had invested, on the 6th April, 1199, the crown devolved upon his brother,

**JOHN**, surnamed **LACKLAND**, born in 1166; married, first, Isabel, daughter and heiress of William, Earl of Gloucester, from whom he was divorced;† and, secondly, Isabella, daughter and heiress of Aymer Taillefer, Count of Angouleme, by whom he left at his decease, on the 17th October, 1216,

**HENRY**, his successor.

Richard, created Earl of Cornwall, and elected, in 1256, King of the Romans and of Armain; married first, in 1230, Isabel, third daughter of William Marshall, Earl of Pembroke, and co-heiress of her brothers, by whom he left no surviving issue. He

\* The first of the **PLANTAGENETS**.

† Upon the ground of consanguinity her grandfather, Robert, Earl of Gloucester, having been an illegitimate son of King Henry the First.

married, secondly, Sanchia, third daughter and co-heiress of Raymond Berenger, Count of Provence; by whom he had

Edmond, who succeeded to the earldom of Cornwall, but died without issue.

Richard, died unmarried.

The King of the Romans married a third time, but had no other issue.

Joan, married to Alexander the Second, King of Scotland, and died *s. p.*

Eleanor, married, first, to William, Earl of Pembroke; and, secondly, to Simon Montfort, Earl of Leicester.

Isabella, married to Frederick the Second, Emperor of Germany.

King John was succeeded by his eldest son, as

**HENRY THE THIRD**, born 1st October, 1206; married on the 14th of January, 1236, Eleanor, second daughter and co-heiress of Raymond Berenger, Count of Provence, by whom (who, after the king's demise, took the veil at Ambresbury, in Wiltshire, A.D. 1291), he left at his decease, on the 16th November, 1272,

EDWARD, his successor.

Edmund, surnamed Crouchback (born 16th January, 1245), Earl of Lancaster, who espoused, first, in 1260, Avelina, daughter and heiress of William de Fortibus, Earl of Albemarle, but had no issue. He married, secondly, Blanche, Queen Dowager of Navarre, and daughter of Robert, Count d'Artois, by whom he had,

1. Thomas, who inherited the Earldom of Lancaster, and acquired *that* of Lincoln by intermarriage with Alice, daughter and heiress of Henry Lacy, Earl of Lincoln. This prince was beheaded in the fifteenth year of EDWARD the Second, and was succeeded by his brother,

2. Henry, in the Earldom of Lancaster, who married Maud, daughter and heiress of Sir Patrick Chaworth, *knt.* and dying in 1345, left one son and five daughters, *viz.*

Henry, created Duke of Lancaster, who died in 1360, leaving two daughters and co-heiresses,

Maud, married in 1330, to William, 5th Duke of Bavaria, and died *s. p.*

Blanche, married to John of Gaunt. (See Edward III.)

Blanche, married to Thomas, Lord Wake, of Lydell, and died issueless.

Maud, married, first, to William de Burgh, Earl of Ulster, by whom she had an only daughter, Elizabeth, who married Lionel, Duke of Clarence. (See Edward III.) The Lady Maud married, secondly, Ralph de Ufford, justice of Ireland, brother of the Earl of Suffolk.

Eleanor, married, first, to John, Lord Beaumont; and, secondly, to Richard Fitz Alan, Earl of Arundel.

Joan, married to John, Lord Mowbray, of Arholme.

Isabel, abbess of Ambresbury.

3. John, Lord of Beaufort, died *s. p.*

Margaret, married to Alexander the Third, of Scotland.

Beatrix, married to John de Dreux, Duke of Brittany and Earl of Richmond.

King Henry the Third was succeeded by his eldest son, as

**EDWARD THE FIRST**, born in 1239; crowned 19th August, 1274; married first, Eleanor, daughter of Ferdinand the Third, King of Castile, by whom he had surviving issue,

EDWARD, created PRINCE OF WALES soon after his birth.

Margaret, married to John, Duke of Brabant.

Joan of Acres, married, first, to Gilbert de Clare, Earl of Gloucester, and, after his decease, to Ralph de Monthermer.

Mary, a nun.

Elizabeth, married, first, to John, Earl of Holland, Zealand, and Lord of Friesland; and, secondly, to Humphry, Earl of Hereford and Essex.

The king married secondly, in 1299, Margaret, daughter of Philip the Third, surnamed the *Hardy*, of France, by whom he had,

Thomas, of Brotherton, Earl of Norfolk, who was invested with the office of earl marshal of England, being the first so designated, his predecessors having been styled simply, marshals. This prince married Alice, daughter of Sir Roger Halye, *knt.* by whom he left

1. Margaret (sole heiress after the demise of her younger sister), who was created



Duchess of Norfolk. Her grace married John, Lord Segreve, by whom she had a daughter and heiress,

Elizabeth, who married John, Lord Mowbray, and was mother of Margaret de Mowbray, wife of Sir Robert Howard, from whom the Dukes of Norfolk derive.

The duchess espoused, secondly, Sir Walter Manny, K.G.

2. Alice, married to Edward de Montagu, and died issueless.

Edmund, born 6th August, 1301, surnamed of *Woodstock*, Earl of Kent, beheaded in 1320, leaving two sons and a daughter by his wife, Margaret, daughter of John, and sister and heiress of Thomas, Lord Wake.

Edward, { successively Earls of Kent, both died issueless.  
John, }

Joan, called "The Fair Maid of Kent," married, first, to William Montacute, Earl of Salisbury; secondly, to Sir Thomas Holland; and, thirdly, to EDWARD, the *Black Prince*; by the latter of whom she had a son,

RICHARD, who succeeded to the throne, as second of that name.

King Edward the First died on the 7th July, 1307, and was succeeded by the Prince of Wales, as

EDWARD THE SECOND, surnamed of Caernarvon; born on the 25th of April, 1284; crowned 23rd February, 1307-8; espoused, 23rd January, 1307-8, Isabella, daughter of PHILIP the Fair, King of France, and had issue,

EDWARD, Prince of Wales.

John, of Eltham, created Earl of Cornwall, died in youth.

Joan, married to DAVID BRUCE, *King of Scotland*, and died issueless.

Eleanor, married to Reynald, Count of Guelders.

The king was barbarously murdered at Berkeley Castle, in 1327, and was succeeded by the Prince of Wales, as

EDWARD THE THIRD, born 13th November, 1312; espoused, in 1327, Philippa, daughter of William, Count of Holland and Hainault, by whom he had issue,

EDWARD, surnamed the *Black Prince*, from the colour of his armour. This gallant soldier, the immortal hero of CRESCY and POICTIERS, espoused his cousin, Joan, commonly called "The Fair Maid of Kent," daughter and heiress of his great-uncle, the Earl of Kent (see Edward I.: the lady had been married previously to Sir Thomas Holland, and to the Earl of Salisbury), by whom he had an only surviving son, RICHARD. The Black Prince predeceased his father, and died 8th July, 1376.

Lionel, Duke of Clarence, who married, first, Elisabeth de Burgh, daughter and heiress of William, Earl of Ulster, by whom he had an only child, PHILIPPA, who married Edmund Mortimer, Earl of March. The duke married, secondly, Violante, daughter of Galeasius, Duke of Milan, but had no issue.

John of Gaunt, Duke of Lancaster, Earl of Richmond, &c. married, first, in 1350, Blanche, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Henry, Duke of Lancaster, by whom he had,

HENRY, who succeeded to the crown, as fourth of that name.

Philippa, married to JOHN I. *King of Portugal*.

Elizabeth, married, first, to John Holland, Duke of Exeter; and, secondly, to Sir John Cornwall, K.G.

The duke married, secondly, Constance, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Peter, King of Castile and Leon, by whom he had an only daughter, KATHARINE, who married Henry the Third, King of Castile and Leon. The prince married, thirdly, Catherine, daughter of Sir Payn Roet, knight, and widow of Sir Otes de Swynford, by whom he had, previously to his marriage, three sons and a daughter, who were legitimated (for all purposes but succession to the crown\*) by act of parliament, in the 30th of Richard the Second. These children were



\* It has recently been discovered, that in the original patent of legitimacy to the *Beauforts* (which, as it was ratified by parliament, parliament alone could alter), that the exception of

John de Beaufort, Marquess of Somerset and Dorset; from whom the noble house of Beaufort derives.

Henry de Beaufort, Cardinal of St. Eusebius, and Bishop of Winchester.

Thomas de Beaufort, Duke of Exeter, died *s. p.*

Joan de Beaufort, married, first, to Robert, Lord Ferrers, of Wemme; and, secondly, to Ralph Neville, Earl of Westmorland.

John of Gaunt died in 1399.

Edmund, Earl of Cambridge and Duke of York; whose only surviving son (by his first wife, Isabel, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Peter, King of Castile and Leon),

Richard, Earl of Cambridge, married Anne Mortimer, daughter of Roger, Earl of March\*, and left, at his decease (by decapitation), an only son,

Richard, Duke of York, Protector of England, who fell at the battle of Wakefield, in 1460, leaving by his wife, Cicily, daughter of Ralph Neville, Earl of Westmorland (with other children),

EDWARD, who succeeded to the crown, as fourth of that name.

RICHARD, who succeeded as third of that name.

Thomas (of Woodstock), Duke of Gloucester, Constable of England, murdered at Calais in 1397, leaving issue by his consort, Eleanor, daughter and co-heiress of Humphrey de Bohun, Earl of Hereford and Essex,

Humphrey, Earl of Buckingham, who died unmarried in 1399.

Anne, married, first, to Thomas, Earl of Stafford; secondly, to Edmond, Earl of Stafford; and, thirdly, to William Bourchier, Earl of Ewe.

Joan, married to Gilbert, Lord Talbot, but died *s. p.*

King Edward the Third had five daughters besides. He died on the 21st June, 1377, and was succeeded by (the only son of the Black Prince) his grandson, as

**RICHARD THE SECOND.** This Monarch married twice, but had no issue. He was deposed and murdered in 1399, when the crown devolved upon his cousin, as

**HENRY THE FOURTH**, (eldest son of *John of Gaunt*;) who espoused, first, Mary de Bohun, daughter and co-heiress of Humphrey, Earl of Hereford, by whom he had four sons,

HENRY, Prince of Wales.

Thomas, Duke of Clarence, who fell at the battle of Baugy, in 1421, and died issueless.

John, Duke of Bedford, Earl of Richmond, &c., the celebrated *Regent of France* in the minority of *King Henry the Sixth*. This Prince's conduct to the enthusiastic Maid of Orleans indelibly tarnished the laurels he had won by a series of previous brilliant achievements. He married, first, Anne of Burgundy; and, secondly, Jacqueline, or Jacquetta, of Luxemburgh, but died in 1435, without issue.

Humphrey, Duke of Gloucester, *Regent of England* during the minority of *Henry the Sixth*, died in 1446, issueless.

Blanch, married, first, to Louis, Duke of Bavaria; secondly, to the King of Arragon; and, thirdly, to the Duke of Bear.

Philippa, married to John, King of Denmark.

King Henry married, secondly, in 1403, Joan, daughter of the King of Navarre, and widow of John de Montford, Duke of Brittany, but had no other issue. He died on the 20th March, 1412, and was succeeded by the Prince of Wales, as

inheritance to the crown does not occur; the words "*excepta dignitat regali*" being inserted only by the caution of *HENRY IV.* in his confirmation ten years afterwards.

\* *ROGER MORTIMER*, fourth Earl of March, was son and heir of Edmund Mortimer, third earl, by the *Lady PHILIPPA PLANTAGENET*, daughter and heir of *Lionel, Duke of Clarence*. He died in 1398, and was succeeded by his son,

*EDMUND MORTIMER*, fifth Earl of March, who died *s. p.* in 1424, when the *Earldom of March* expired; but the *Baronies of Mortimer*, with the estates of the Mortimers, and their pretensions to the crown, devolved upon his nephew, *RICHARD PLANTAGENET, Duke of York*: and thus was founded the claim of the *White Rose*.

**HENRY THE FIFTH**, born in 1388. This warlike monarch, the renowned hero of **AZINCOUR**, espoused, on the 3rd January, 1420, Katherine, youngest daughter of Charles the Sixth, King of France, by whom he had an only son,

**HENRY**, Prince of Wales.



The King died just as he had reached the summit of glory, on the 31st of August, 1422, and the Queen remarried, soon after her royal consort's decease, with Sir Owen Tudor, a gentleman of the Principality of Wales, said to be of royal lineage, by whom she had two sons and a daughter: viz.

1. Jasper Tudor, created Earl of Pembroke. (See *Burke's Extinct Peerage*.)
2. Edmund Tudor, created Earl of Richmond, who married Margaret, only daughter and heir of John, first Duke of Somerset, and great-grandaughter of John of Gaunt, by his third marriage, (see Edward the Third), and left an only son,  
**HENRY**, Earl of Richmond, who ascended the throne, as **SEVENTH** of that name.
3. Tacina Tudor, married to Reginald, Lord Grey de Wilton.

King Henry the Fifth was succeeded by the Prince of Wales, as

**HENRY THE SIXTH**, born in 1421, who espoused, in 1445, the celebrated **MARGARET OF ANJOU**, daughter of Regnier, titular King of Sicily, Naples, and Jerusalem, and Duke of Anjou; (descended from the Count of Anjou, brother of **CHARLES** the Fifth;) by whom he had an only child,

**EDWARD**, Prince of Wales, born 31st of October, 1452; espoused, in 1470, Lady Anne Neville, second daughter and co-heiress of Richard, Earl of Warwick, but was murdered after being taken prisoner at the battle of Tewkesbury, in 1471, and died issueless. His widow married **RICHARD** the Third.

In this unhappy reign, the first blood flowed between the houses of York and Lancaster, a contest which endured for the ensuing thirty years, and only ceased when it had immolated, at the shrines of the conflicting factions, fourscore princes of the blood royal at least, with almost the whole body of the ancient nobility of England.

King Henry the Sixth, who was deposed after the second battle of St. Albans, in 1461, died in the Tower of London, a few days after the battle of Tewkesbury, in 1471, by (supposed) violence. Upon his deposition, the crown was assumed by Edward, Duke of York, son of the Protector, Richard, Duke of York, (see Edward the Third,) as

**EDWARD THE FOURTH**. This Monarch had to contend for his doubtful title with **MARGARET OF ANJOU** and the Lancastrians; but, after a variety of fortune, he succeeded in establishing himself firmly upon the Throne. The King espoused, in 1464, Elizabeth Wydevile, daughter of Sir Richard Wydevile, (by Jacqueline of Luxemburgh, widow of the **REGENT** John, **DUKE OF BEDFORD**, see Henry the Fourth,) and widow of Sir John Grey, of Groby, who fell in the second battle of St. Albans, under the Lancastrian banner, by whom he left, at his decease, 9th April, 1483,

**EDWARD**, Prince of Wales.

Richard, Duke of York, who espoused, in his infancy, Anne, only child and heiress of John Mowbray, Duke of Norfolk, but was murdered, with his brother, in the Tower. Elizabeth, married to **KING HENRY** the Seventh.  
Cicily, married to John, Viscount Welles; and, secondly, to Sir J. Kyme, but died issueless.  
Anne, married to Thomas Howard, Duke of Norfolk, but left no surviving issue.  
Katherine, married to William Courtenay, Earl of Devon.

Edward the Fourth was succeeded by the Prince of Wales, as

**EDWARD THE FIFTH**, who was murdered with his only brother, the Duke of York, in the Tower, soon after his accession, by order it is asserted of his uncle the **Protector GLOUCESTER**, who then usurped the Throne, under the title of

**RICHARD THE THIRD**. This Monarch married Lady Anne, daughter and heiress of Richard Neville, Earl of Warwick, and relict of Edward, Prince of Wales, only son of King Henry the Sixth, by whom he had an only son,

**EDWARD**, Prince of Wales, who predeceased him.

King RICHARD fell at Bosworth Field ; and his great rival, HENRY, *Earl of Richmond*, only son of Edmund Tudor, Earl of Richmond, (see Henry the Fifth,) ascended the Throne, by the title of

HENRY THE SEVENTH,\* crowned by Sir William Stanley, in the field of Bosworth, immediately after the battle, 22nd August, 1485, and, on the 30th of the ensuing October, at Westminster Abbey, by Cardinal Bourchier, Archbishop of Canterbury. The King espoused, on the 18th January, 1486, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of King EDWARD IV. and had issue,

ARTHUR, Prince of Wales, born 20th September, 1486; married in November, 1501; the Infanta, Catherine of Arragon, daughter of FERDINAND the Second, KING OF SPAIN, but died in a few months afterwards, issueless.

HENRY, Prince of Wales, who is said to have been compelled by his father to espouse Catherine of Arragon, the widow of his deceased brother. Edmund, created Duke of Somerset, died in 1490.

MARGARET, married, first, to JAMES the Fourth, KING OF SCOTLAND, and was mother of JAMES the Fifth, who espoused Magdalen, daughter of FRANCIS the First, KING OF FRANCE, and left a daughter,

MARY, the beautiful but unhappy Queen of Scots, who married, first, FRANCIS the Second, KING OF FRANCE, but had no issue. Her majesty espoused, secondly, HENRY STUART, *Lord Darnley*, and had an only son, JAMES the Sixth, of Scotland, and First of England.

Mary married, thirdly, James Hepburn, Earl of Bothwell.

MARGARET (Queen dowager of James the Fourth) espoused, secondly, ARCHIBALD DOUGLAS, *Earl of Angus*, by whom she had an only daughter,

The Lady MARGARET DOUGLAS, who married Matthew Stuart, Earl of Lennox, RECENT OF SCOTLAND, and had, with other issue,

HENRY STUART, *Lord Darnley*, the second husband of MARY, *Queen of Scots*. The Queen Dowager wedded, thirdly, Henry Stuart, Lord Methvin, but had no other issue.

Mary, married, first, to LEWIS the Twelfth, of France, by whom she had no issue; and, secondly, to Charles Brandon, Duke of Suffolk, K.G., by whom she left two daughters, Frances, who married Henry Grey, Marquess of Dorset, (afterwards Duke of Suffolk), and had three daughters; of whom, the eldest was the amiable and unfortunate Lady Jane Grey.

Eleanor, who married Henry Clifford, Earl of Cumberland, and left an only daughter and heiress, Margaret, who espoused Henry Stanley, Earl of Derby.

King Henry the Seventh died in April, 1509, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

HENRY THE EIGHTH, born 28th January, 1491; married first Catherine of Arragon, the widow of his deceased brother, by whom he had an only daughter,

MARY, who ascended the throne at the decease of her half-brother.

The King was divorced from his first Queen in 1533, when he avowed his marriage (which had previously taken place) with Anne Boleyn, daughter of Sir Thomas Boleyn, created Earl of Ormonde, by whom he had an only surviving daughter,

ELIZABETH, who succeeded her half-sister upon the throne.

Henry's second Queen was brought to the block, (his marriage having been previously annulled) on the 19th May, 1536, and he espoused, on the following day, JANE, daughter of Sir John Seymour, who died in 1537, in giving birth to her son,

EDWARD, who ascended the throne, as SIXTH of that name.

King Henry married, fourthly, in 1539, ANNE, daughter of the Duke of Cleves, from whom he was divorced in the same year. He married, fifthly, on the 8th August, 1540, Katherine, daughter of Sir Edmund Howard, whom he brought to the block in a few months afterwards: and, sixthly, Katherine, daughter of Sir Thomas Parr, of Kendal,

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\* The first of the TUDORS.

and relict of the Hon. Edward Borough, and of Edward Neville, Lord Latimer, who survived him, and married, subsequently, Thomas, Lord Seymour, of Sudley, uncle to King EDWARD VI. King Henry died on the 28th of January, 1547, and was succeeded by his only son, as

**EDWARD THE SIXTH**, born on the 12th of October, 1537; died in July, 1553, unmarried, when the crown devolved, after an unsuccessful opposition on the part of Lady Jane Grey, (see HENRY the Seventh,) upon his eldest sister, as

**QUEEN MARY**, who espoused in 1554, PHILIP of Spain; but dying issueless, on the 17th November, 1558, the crown devolved upon her half-sister,

**QUEEN ELIZABETH**, who was succeeded, at her decease, (unmarried,) 24th of March, 1603, by her kinsman, JAMES the Sixth, of Scotland, (see HENRY the Seventh), who ascended the English Throne under the title of

**JAMES THE FIRST.\*** This Monarch espoused, in 1590, Anne, daughter of FREDERICK the Second, of Denmark, and had with other children,



**HENRY**, *Prince of Wales*, *d.* unmarried in the life-time of his father, anno 1612.

**CHARLES**, *Prince of Wales*, successor to the Crown.

**ELIZABETH**, married to Frederick the Fifth, Duke of Bavaria, Elector Palatine of the Rhine, and King of Bohemia, and had (with other children),

**CHARLES-LEWIS**, successor to the Dukedom of Bavaria.

Rupert, so gallantly distinguished during the civil wars, as "Prince Rupert."

Maurice (known in English history as "Prince Maurice"), *d.* unmarried in 1654.

Sophia, married to Ernest-Augustus, Duke of Brunswick-Lunenburgh, Elector of Hanover, by whom she had GEORGE-LEWIS, who ascended the British Throne, under the Act of Settlement, by the title of KING GEORGE THE FIRST.

King James died on the 27th of March, 1625, and was succeeded by the Prince of Wales, as

**CHARLES THE FIRST**, born in November, 1600; beheaded on the 30th January, 1648, and left issue, by his consort, HENRIETTA-MARIA, daughter of HENRY the Fourth, of France,

**CHARLES**, *Prince of Wales*.

**JAMES**, Duke of York, who succeeded his brother upon the Throne, as second of that name.

Henry, Duke of Gloucester, died in 1660, unmarried.

Mary, married to William the Second, Prince of Orange, by whom she had an only son,

**WILLIAM-HENRY**, Prince of Orange, who ascended the British Throne, as **WILLIAM THE THIRD**.

Henrietta-Maria, married to Philip, Duke of Orleans, and died in 1670, leaving issue.

After the foul murder of the King, there was an interregnum of several years, which terminated, at length, in the happy restoration of the Prince of Wales, to the Throne of his ancestors, on the 29th of May, 1660, under the title of

**CHARLES THE SECOND**; crowned the 23rd April, 1661. His Majesty espoused Katherine, Infanta of Portugal, daughter of JOHN the Fourth, but dying without legitimate issue, on the 6th February, 1685, he was succeeded by his brother,

**JAMES THE SECOND**, born in 1633; married, first, Lady Anne Hyde, daughter of the Lord Chancellor Clarendon, and had surviving issue,

**MARY**, who married **WILLIAM**, *Prince of Orange*, and ascended the Throne jointly with her husband.

**ANNE**, who ascended the Throne at the decease of her brother-in-law, King **WILLIAM** the Third.

\* The first of the STUARTS.

† Under the iron rule of the usurper CROMWELL.

His Majesty married, secondly, Mary-Beatrix-Eleanora D'Este, daughter of Alphonso, third Duke of Modena; by whom he had (with other children.)

JAMES-FRANCIS-EDWARD, so well known as the Chevalier St. George, *m.* in 1719, Mary-Clementina, daughter of Prince James Sobieski, and granddaughter of John, King of Poland, by whom he had issue.

CHARLES-EDWARD, the young Chevalier; *b.* in 1720; *m.* the Princess Stohlberg, and *d. s. p.* in 1788.

Henry-Benedict, who was elevated to the purple in 1747, and subsequently bore the designation of *Cardinal York*; *d.* in 1807, when the whole issue of *King James the Second* became extinct.

Louisa-Maria, *d.* unmarried in 1712.

King James abdicated the Throne in 1688, when his daughter, MARY, and her husband, the PRINCE OF ORANGE, were declared his successors, as

WILLIAM THE THIRD AND MARY THE SECOND; but having no issue, the Crown devolved, at the decease of King William, (the Queen predeceased his Majesty in 1694,) on the 8th March, 1702, upon the deceased Queen's sister, as



QUEEN ANNE. Her Majesty married, in 1683, GEORGE, *Prince of Denmark*; but died without surviving issue, on the 1st August, 1714, when the crown passed by Act of Settlement, to the great-grandson of King JAMES the First, GEORGE, Elector of Hanover, who ascended the throne under the title of

GEORGE THE FIRST,\* born 28th May, 1660; crowned 20th October, 1714. His Majesty espoused Sophia-Dorothy, only daughter and heiress of George-William, Duke of Zelle, and dying on the 11th June, 1727, left issue,

GEORGE-AUGUSTUS, *Prince of Wales*.

Sophia-Dorothy, married in 1706, to Frederick-William the Third, Elector of Brandenburg, afterwards King of Prussia.

The King was succeeded by the Prince of Wales, as



GEORGE THE SECOND, born 30th October, 1683. This Monarch espoused, in 1705, Wilhelmina-Carolina, daughter of William-Frederick, Margrave of Brandenburg-Anspach, and had issue,

FREDERICK-LEWIS, who died in 1751, leaving issue by Augusta, youngest daughter of Frederick the Second, Duke of Saxe-Gotha,

GEORGE-WILLIAM-FREDERICK, who ascended the Throne as THIRD of that name.

ERNEST-AUGUSTUS, Duke of York.

William-Henry, created Duke of Gloucester; married 6th September, 1766, Maria, Countess Dowager Waldegrave, and daughter of the Hon. Sir Edward Walpole, by whom he left, at his decease, in 1805,

William-Frederick, present Duke of Gloucester, who married his first-cousin, the Princess Mary, sister of his Majesty, King WILLIAM the Fourth.

Sophia-Matilda, born 20th May, 1773.

Henry-Frederick, created, in 1767, Duke of Cumberland, married, in October, 1771, Lady Anne Luttrell, daughter of Simon, Earl of Carhampton, and widow of Christopher Horton, esq. of Catton Hall, in the county of Derby, but died issueless.

Augusta, married, in 1764, to William-Frederick, Duke of Brunswick-Wolfenbützel, by whom she had two sons and two daughters; of the latter, the younger was CAROLINE-AMELIA-ELIZABETH, Queen Consort of King GEORGE the Fourth.

\* First of the HOUSE OF GUELPH.

Caroline-Matilda, married, in 1766, to Christian the Seventh, King of Denmark, by whom she had Frederick, present King of Denmark.

William-Augustus, Duke of Cumberland, a field-marshal and commander-in-chief of the forces. His Royal Highness commanded the English army at Culloden and Fontenoy. He died unmarried in 1765.

ANNE, (Princess Royal,) married, in 1734, to William, Prince of Orange.

Amelia, died unmarried, 31st October, 1786.

Elizabeth, died unmarried, 28th December, 1788.

Mary, married to Frederick, Landgrave of Hesse Cassel, and died in 1771.

Louisa, married to Frederick the Fifth, King of Denmark, and died in 1751, leaving issue.

His Majesty died on the 25th of October, 1760, and was succeeded by his grandson,

GEORGE THE THIRD, born 4th June, 1738; crowned on the 22nd September, 1761; married in the same year, Sophia-Charlotte, daughter of Charles-Frederick, Prince of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, by whom (who died 17th November, 1818,) he had issue,

GEORGE-AUGUSTUS-FREDERICK, *Prince of Wales*.

Frederick, Duke of York and Albany, in Great Britain, and Earl of Ulster, in Ireland, K.G., G.C.B., commander-in-chief of His Majesty's forces, &c.; born 16th August, 1763. His Royal Highness married 29th September, 1791, Frederica-Charlotte-Ulrica-Catharina, Princess Royal of Prussia, by whom (who died 6th August, 1820) he had no issue. The Duke died 5th January, 1827.

WILLIAM-HENRY, Duke of Clarence, HIS PRESENT MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY.

Edward, Duke of Kent and Strathern, in Great Britain, and Earl of Dublin, in Ireland, K.G., a field-marshal in the army, and colonel of the first regiment of foot; born 2nd November, 1767. His Royal Highness espoused, in 1818, her Serene Highness Victoria-Mary-Louisa, daughter of his Serene Highness Francis, Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Saalfeld, and left, at his decease, 23rd January, 1820, an only daughter,

ALEXANDRINA-VICTORIA, born 24th May, 1819.

Ernest-Augustus, Duke of Cumberland, (see letter C.)

Augustus-Frederick, Duke of Sussex, (see letter S.)

Adolphus-Frederick, Duke of Cambridge, (see letter C.)

Charlotte-Augusta-Matilda, Princess Royal, born the 29th of September, 1776; married 18th May, 1797, to Frederick-Charles-William, then Duke, but subsequently King, of Württemberg, by whom (who died in 1816,) her Majesty had no issue. The Queen died 6th October, 1828.

Augusta-Sophia, born 8th November, 1766.

Elizabeth, born 22nd May, 1770; married 7th April, 1818, to his Serene Highness Frederick, Landgrave and Prince of Hesse-Homburg, who died in 1829.

Mary, born 25th of April, 1776; married 22nd of July, 1816, to her cousin, his Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester.

Sophia, born 3rd November, 1777.

Amelia, born 7th August, 1783; died unmarried 2nd November, 1810.

His Majesty, King George the Third, died in the sixtieth year of his reign, (the longest in the annals of England,) on the 29th of January, 1820, and was succeeded by the Prince of Wales, as

GEORGE THE FOURTH. His Majesty had previously exercised the Royal authority as REGENT. He was born 12th August 1762, and married 8th April, 1795, to his cousin, *Her Serene Highness* Princess Caroline-Amelia-Elizabeth, second daughter of Charles-William-Ferdinand, Duke of Brunswick-Wolfenbuttel by whom (who died 7th August, 1821,) he had an only daughter,

Princess CHARLOTTE-AUGUSTA, of *Wales*, born 7th March, 1796: married 2nd May, 1816, to Prince LEOPOLD-GEORGE-FREDERICK, third son of Francis-Anthony-Frederick, late reigning Duke of Saxe-Coburg, and died in child-bed, 6th November, 1817.

His Majesty died 26th June, 1830, and was succeeded by his brother, WILLIAM-HENRY, Duke of Clarence, THE PRESENT REIGNING SOVEREIGN.

*Royal Palaces*—St. James's Palace; Buckingham House; Kensington Palace; Windsor Castle; Hampton Court; Pavilion, Brighton.

## Arms of the Kings of England.

AS ALTERED AT DIFFERENT PERIODS.

WILLIAM the Conqueror. Gu. two lions passant, guardant, or.

STEPHEN. Gu. a sagittarius or.

HENRY II. Gu. two lions passant or; and after his marriage with Eleanor, of Aquitaine, another lion was added; the armorial ensigns of Aquitaine being gu. a lion or.

RICHARD CŒUR DE LION. After the expedition to the Holy Land, this monarch adopted the bearings of his father, and they have since been the ensigns of the kings of England. To Richard is also attributed the motto of the British sovereigns, in memory of his victory over the French, at Gisors, on which day he gave, for parole, "Dieu et mon droit."

EDWARD III. Quarterly: first and fourth, FRANCE, az. semée of fleurs-de-lis or; second and third, ENGLAND. This was the first prince who bore the crest—"upon a chapeau, a lion passant, guardant, or."

HENRY V. This monarch adopted the arms of France, as altered by the French king, viz. az. three fleurs-de-lis or.

MARY, (after her marriage with King Philip). First and fourth, CASTILLE and LEON quarterly; second and third, ARRAAGON, impaling SICILY. The base of the shield, quarterly, first, AUSTRIA; second, BURGUNDY *modern*, third, BURGUNDY *ancient*; fourth, BRABANT. Over all an escutcheon of FLANDERS and TYROL impaled; the whole impaling France and England, quarterly.

ELIZABETH. France and England, quarterly.

JAMES I. First and fourth, FRANCE and ENGLAND, quarterly; second, or, a lion rampant, within a double treasure flory, counterflory, gu., for SCOTLAND; third, az. a harp, stringed or, for IRELAND.

WILLIAM AND MARY. Same as JAMES I., with an escutcheon of pretence, upon which the arms of NASSAU, az. Billety or, a lion rampant of the last.

QUEEN ANNE. Same as JAMES I.

GEORGE I. First, England, impaling Scotland; second, France; third, Ireland; fourth, gu. two lions passant, guardant, in pale or, for BRUNSWICK; impaling or, semé of hearts gu., a lion rampant az., for Lunenburgh; on a point in point gu., a horse current ar., for Saxony. On the centre of the fourth quarter an escutcheon gu. charged with the crown of Charlemagne or, being the badge of arch treasurer of the Holy Roman Empire.

GEORGE III. The same arms until the union with Ireland in 1801, when the royal arms were altered, as they are borne at this day, the ensigns of France being discontinued.



## KINGS OF SCOTLAND.

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THE remote History of Scotland, like that of other countries, boasting antiquity, is enveloped in darkness. Whatever light may be thrown upon its early transactions, from the absence of any thing like familiar or interesting detail, affords but little information to the general reader, and is only of value to the microscopic eye of the laborious antiquary. We shall therefore commence our sketch of its ROYAL LINE with the accession of KENNETH THE SECOND, from whose reign the Scottish History first assumes an intelligible form.

KENNETH THE SECOND, surnamed *Mac Alpine*, having united the Scots and Picts under one sceptre, became FIRST KING OF ALL SCOTLAND. He died in 858, and was succeeded by his brother,

DONALD, who was succeeded, after an inglorious reign of four years, by his nephew,

CONSTANTINE THE SECOND (son of KENNETH *Mac Alpine*.) In this monarch's reign the Danes invaded Scotland, and the king giving the barbarians battle, fell into their hands, and was beheaded in 878, leaving no issue. He was succeeded by his brother,

ETHUS, surnamed the *Swift-footed*. The rule of this prince was brief and turbulent. A party, headed by GRIG or GREGORY, rendering an appeal to the sword indispensable, Ethus was wounded in battle, and dying soon afterwards, the crown was usurped by his rival,

GREGORY, surnamed the *Great*. This monarch, who was contemporary with ALFRED, *King of England*, upon ascending the throne, selected for his colleague EÓCHA, King of *Strathclyde*, grandson of KENNETH *Mac Alpine*, but both were compelled to abdicate within three years, when

DONALD THE FOURTH assumed the reins of government; and after a prosperous rule of eleven years, was succeeded by the son of ETHUS,

CONSTANTINE THE THIRD, who reigned forty years, and then retiring to a monastery, resigned the sceptre to the son of DONALD the Fourth,

MALCOLM THE FIRST, who was succeeded by

KENNETH THE THIRD, who was killed in 994, when the throne was usurped by

CONSTANTINE THE FOURTH (great grandson of ETHUS, the *Swift-footed*), who died the following year, and was succeeded by his son,

KENNETH THE FOURTH, whose grandson,

BANCHO, *Thane of Lechabyr*, had a son,

FLAANCE, who espoused Mary, daughter of Griffyth ap Llewelyn, Prince of North Wales, and left a son,

WALTER, who returning to Scotland after the restoration of MALCOLM CANMORE, was created LORD HIGH STEWARD, from which office his HOUSE assumed the surname of STUART. The great-grandson of the LORD STEWARD, WALTER, had issue,

1. ALEXANDER, an eminent warrior, of whose great-grandsons, ROBERT, ascended the THRONE, as ROBERT THE SECOND, and was founder of the STUART DYNASTY.  
John (Sir), Lord of Railston, left an only daughter, EUPHAME, who married Sir Patrick Graham, patriarch of the eminent families of MENTEITH, GRAHAM of Gartmore, and GRAHAM of Netherby and Esk.
2. ROBERT (Sir), founder of the House of LENNOX.

The right of KENNETH the Fourth being contested by Malcolm, son of KENNETH the Third, he was deposed in 1003, and his competitor ascended the throne, as

**MALCOLM THE SECOND.** This Monarch had two daughters,

- BEATRIX, married to GRIMUS, Governor of the Scots Island, and left a son,  
DUNCAN, successor to his grandfather.  
DORCHA, married to Finley, *Thane of Angus*, and left a son,  
MACBETH, of whom hereafter.

The King was murdered in 1033, and was succeeded by his grandson,

**DUNCAN THE FIRST**, who had two sons,

- MALCOLM.  
DONALD.

This unfortunate Prince was slain by his cousin, who ascended the throne, as

**MACBETH.** This Prince espoused the *Lady GRUOCH*, daughter of KENNETH the Fourth. (The celebrated *LADY MACBETH* who, with her husband, has afforded materials to the *BARD OF AVON*, for one of his most splendid works.) He had a son,

- LAHAULAN, who was crowned King after his father's defeat, but was slain within a few months, by *King MALCOLM*.

Macbeth was eventually killed by *MACDUFF, Thane of Fife*, in 1057, and the rightful heir ascended the throne, as

**MALCOLM THE THIRD**, surnamed *Canmore*, who married MARGARET, sister of EDGAR ATHELING, and had three sons,

- EDGAR,  
ALEXANDER, } successively KINGS.  
DAVID,

Malcolm died in 1093, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

EDGAR, who died *s. p.* in 1106, and was succeeded by his brother,

ALEXANDER THE FIRST, who died also issueless (in 1124,) and was succeeded by his brother,

DAVID THE FIRST, who espoused MAUD, daughter of WALDEOFF, *Earl of Northumberland*, by JUDITH, niece of WILLIAM the Conqueror, (refer to *Burke's Extinct Peerage*, article *St. Liz, Earls of Huntingdon*,) and had an only son,

- HENRY, *Prince of Scotland*, who died before his father, leaving issue by his wife the *Lady Adeline de Warren*, daughter of William, Earl of Warren and Surrey.
1. MALCOLM, who succeeded his grandfather upon the throne.
  11. WILLIAM, successor to his brother.

114. David, Earl of Huntingdon, in England, who married Maud, daughter of HUGH (*Kevellok*), Earl of Chester, and had a son and four daughters, viz.

1. JOHN (surnamed *Le Scot*), who inherited the Earldom of Chester, and died *s. p.*
2. Margaret, married to Alan de Galloway, and had two daughters, DIVORCAL, married to John de Baliol, and was mother of JOHN DE BALIOL, who was declared KING OF SCOTLAND by EDWARD I. of England.
- Marjory, married to JOHN COMYN, and died *s. p.*
3. Isabel, married to Robert de Brus, and was mother of ROBERT BRUCE, who contended for the crown.
4. Maud, died unmarried.
5. Ada, married to Henry de Hastings, and had a son, HENRY DE HASTINGS, whose grandson, JOHN, second BARON HASTINGS, was one of the competitors for the crown.

David the First died in 1153, and was succeeded by his grandson,

MALCOLM THE FOURTH, who died unmarried, in 1165, and was succeeded by his brother,

WILLIAM the Lion, who was succeeded in 1214, by his only son,

ALEXANDER THE SECOND, who married twice, but had issue only by his second wife, Mary, daughter of Ingelrum de Courcy, a son and successor, (in 1249,)

ALEXANDER THE THIRD, who married Margaret, daughter of HENRY the Third, of England, and had three children,

Alexander, } who both died *s. p.* in their father's lifetime.  
David, }  
MARGARET, married in 1281, to ERIC, *King of Norway*, and left an only daughter, MARGARET, successor to her grandfather.

The King died in 1285, and was succeeded by his granddaughter.

MARGARET, the Maiden of Norway, who died unmarried on her passage to Scotland.

Upon the death of this queen, there arose a violent competition for the vacant throne, between the descendants of DAVID, *Earl of Huntingdon*, (refer to DAVID the First,) namely,

JOHN BALIOL.  
ROBERT BRUCE.  
JOHN, Lord Hastings.

The competitors having finally agreed to submit their claim to the arbitration of EDWARD the First, of England, that monarch decided in favor of

JOHN BALIOL, who was accordingly declared KING OF SCOTLAND, in 1292. In the reign of this prince, FOUGHT—CONQUERED—and FELL, the renowned SIR WILLIAM WALLACE. Baliol died in 1296, when an interregnum of ten years ensued, at length,

ROBERT BRUCE, Earl of Carrick, was declared KING, as ROBERT the First. This prince, THE BRUCE OF BANNOCKBURN, was the most illustrious monarch that ever swayed the Scottish sceptre, and his name alone, so long as one descendant shall survive of the

"Scots, whom Bruce has often led,"

will be sufficient to fill with enthusiasm the coldest breast in Caledonia. He married first, Isabel, daughter of DONALD, *Earl of Marr*, and had one daughter,

MARGERY, who married Walter, third LORD HIGH STEWARD of Scotland, and had a son,

ROBERT STUART, of whom hereafter as FIRST of the STUARTS.

The king espoused secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of AYMER DE BURO, EARL OF ULSTER, and had issue,

DAVID, his successor.

Margaret, married to William, fourth Earl of Sutherland, ancestor of the present COUNTESS OF SUTHERLAND.

Matilda, married to Thomas de Isaac.

Elizabeth, married to Sir Walter Oliphant.

Upon the death of this renowned monarch in 1329, the administration was assumed by JOHN RANDOLPH, third *Earl of Moray*, as REGENT OF SCOTLAND, during the minority of

DAVID THE SECOND, who was crowned at Scone in 1331. With this monarch EDWARD BALIOL, aided by the English king, disputed the throne. *King DAVID* died in 1370, and was succeeded by his nephew,

ROBERT STUART.

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ROBERT THE SECOND. In this reign was fought the celebrated battle of Otterbourn, wherein was slain the Earl of Douglas, and the English under the "PERCIES of Northumberland" sustained a total defeat. *King ROBERT* married, first, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Adair More, of Rowallan, in the county of Ayr, and had, with other issue,

JOHN, Earl of Carrick, who changed his name to ROBERT, upon succeeding to the throne.

ROBERT, Duke of Albany, who was REGENT OF SCOTLAND during the minority of his nephew, *King JAMES* the First.

Alexander, Earl of Buchan and Ross.

Margery, married to John Dunbar, Earl of Morey.

Jane, married first, to Sir John Lyon, ancestor of the Earls of Strathmore; and, secondly, to Sir James Sandelands, of Calder, ancestor of the Lords Torphichen.

Elizabeth, married to Sir Thomas Hay, of Errol, ancestor of the EARLS OF ERROL.

The king espoused, secondly, Euphemia, Countess of Moray, daughter of Hugh, Earl of Ross, and had inter alios;

DAVID, Earl of Caithness and Strathern.

Walter, Earl of Athol. This nobleman was beheaded at Edinburgh, in 1437, for the murder of his nephew, *King JAMES* the First, and his title and extensive estates became forfeited.

Robert the Second died in 1390, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ROBERT THE THIRD, who married Annabella, daughter of Sir John Drummond, and had issue,

DAVID, *Earl of Carrick*, who was created DUKE OF ROTHSAI\* in 1398. This prince fell a victim to the ambition of his uncle, the DUKE OF ALBANY, by whom he was starved to death in Falkland Castle, in 1402.

JAMES, who succeeded his father.

MARY, married first, to Sir George Douglas, Earl of Angus, by whom she had issue; secondly, (in 1404,) to Sir James Kennedy, and the lineal descendant of this marriage is the present ARCHIBALD KENNEDY, *Marquess of Ailsa*. Her ladyship espoused thirdly, Sir William Graham, of Kincardine, from which union descended the GRAHAMS, of *Claverhouse*, (the gallant LORD DUNDEE, and THOMAS GRAHAM, the equally gallant LORD LYNDCH). The *Princess MARY* wedded fourthly, Sir William Edmonstone.

Margaret, married to Archibald, Earl of Douglas, DUKE OF TOURNAINE, Marshal of France, who fell at Verneuil, in 1424.

Elizabeth, married to James, Lord Dalkeith.

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\* It is understood that from this period, the PRINCIPALITY and STEWARTCY OF SCOTLAND, the DUKEDOM OF ROTHSAI, the EARLDOM OF CARRICK, the LORDSHIP OF THE ISLES, and BARONY OF RENFREW, have been vested in the first born son and heir-apparent of the Sovereign, who from the moment of his birth or of his father's accession to the throne, enjoys these honors.

Robert the Third\* died in 1406, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

**JAMES THE FIRST**, who espoused Lady Jane Beaufort, daughter of John, first EARL OF SOMERSET, and granddaughter of JOHN OF GAUNT, and had issue,

*JAMES, Duke of Rothsay, his successor.*

Margaret, married to LOUIS, Dauphin of France.

Isabel, married to Francis, first Duke of Brittany.

Jane, married first to James, third Earl of Angus; and, secondly, to George, second Earl of Huntly.

Eleanor, married to SIGISMUND, ARCHDUKE OF AUSTRIA.

Mary, married to John, Lord of Campvere, in Zealand.

Annabella, married to James, first Earl of Morton.

King JAMES was murdered by his uncle, Walter, Earl of Atholl, at Perth in 1437, and was succeeded by his son,

**JAMES THE SECOND**, during whose minority SIR ALAN LIVINGSTON was REGENT OF SCOTLAND. His Majesty married Mary, daughter of Arnold, Duke of Gelders, and had issue,

*JAMES, Duke of Rothsay.*

Alexander, Duke of Albany, married twice, and by his second wife, Anne, daughter of the Count of Boulogne, had a son,

*JOHN, Duke of Albany, REGENT in the minority of JAMES the Fifth.*

John, Earl of Marr, who was bled to death by his brother in 1479.

Mary, married first to Thomas, Lord Boyd, to whom she conveyed the Isles of Arran, of which he was made earl. Her ladyship espoused, secondly, JAMES, LORD HAMILTON.

Margaret, married to William, third Lord Crichton.

The King was killed by the bursting of a piece of ordnance at the siege of Rosburgh-Castle, in 1460, and was succeeded by his son,

**JAMES THE THIRD**, who married Margaret, daughter of CHRISTIAN, first King of Denmark, and being murdered by the confederated nobility, headed by his own son the Duke of Rothsay, in 1488, was succeeded by that prince, as

**JAMES THE FOURTH**, who married the Lady MARGARET TUDOR, eldest daughter of King HENRY the Seventh, and falling at Flodden, in 1513, was succeeded by his son,

**JAMES THE FIFTH**. This Monarch espoused first, Magdalen, third daughter of FRANCIS the First, King of France, but had no issue. He married secondly, MARY, daughter of CLAUDE de Lorraine, DUKE DE GUISE, and left an only daughter,

MARY.

The King† died in 1542, and was succeeded by his only child,

MARY, Queen of Scots, born the year her father died, and inherited the throne in

\* ROBERT the Third left a natural son,

JOHN STEUART, of Blackhall and Ardgowan, whose lineal descendant is the present SIR MICHAEL SHAW-STEUART, bart. of Blackhall.

† JAMES the Fifth left illegitimate children.

By Elizabeth Shaw, of the family of Sauchie,

JAMES, Abbot of Kelso and Melrose, died in 1558.

By Margaret, daughter of John, twelfth Lord Erskine, who married afterwards Sir Robert Douglas, of Lochleven,

JAMES, Earl of Moray, the celebrated REGENT OF SCOTLAND (see EARL OF MORAY in the dictionary.)

By Eupheme, second daughter of Alexander, first Lord Elphinstone,

ROBERT, Earl of Orkney.

By Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Carmichael,

JOHN, Prior of Coldingham, whose son, FRANCIS, was created EARL OF BOTHWELL.

seven days after her birth. This lovely and unfortunate princess espoused first, in 1558, Francis, Dauphin of France, afterwards FRANCIS II., who d. s. p. in two years afterwards. Her Majesty married secondly, HENRY, Lord Darnley, by whom she had a son,

*JAMES, Duke of Rothesay.*

The Queen wedded thirdly, James Hepburn, fourth EARL OF BOTHWELL, but had no issue. The fate of the unhappy MARY is a matter of too much notoriety to be dwelt upon at any length. Her rule was opposed by a confederation of the Scottish nobles, headed by her bastard brother, the *Regent MORAY*, and to those she was forced to surrender at Carberry Hill, 15th June, 1567, whence she was sent prisoner to LOCHLEVEN-CASTLE, and there placed under the immediate *surveillance* of the *Lady MARGARET DOUGLAS*, the *REGENT's* mother. In this state of restraint the Queen was compelled to sign a formal resignation of the crown to her son JAMES, *Duke of Rothesay*. Subsequently, however, she effected her escape from the walls of Lochleven by the aid of the generous and intrepid GEORGE DOUGLAS, and unfurling the royal banner, faced her foes at LANGSIDE; but the God of battle for once, at least, forsook the cause of beauty, chivalry, and right; and MARY sustained a signal defeat. In this her extremity, the *QUEEN Dowager* of France, the *QUEEN REGNANT* of Scotland, the *HEIR PRESUMPTIVE* to the CROWN OF ENGLAND, flung herself in full confidence upon the boasted magnanimity of the ENGLISH LION—She was deceived.—The royal victim discovered, alas! when too late, that she had placed herself within the fangs of an unrelenting tigress, in whose envious and vengeful disposition, sorrow and suffering could find no sympathy while united with grace the most captivating, and beauty the most exquisite. After enduring nineteen years of unjustifiable and unmitigated captivity, the *QUEEN* OF SCOTLAND was put to death, at Fotheringay Castle, by decapitation, on the 8th of February, 1586.

“ She fell, but fell with spirit truly Roman,  
To glut the vengeance of a rival woman.”

In the whole range of tyranny, by which the reign of her predecessor is indelibly branded, there is nothing more unjust, more malignant, more bloodthirsty, than the imprisonment and murder of this helpless woman, by ELIZABETH. No tongue has attempted a palliation—no pen has dared to defend the murderess, for there are deeds of gratuitous violence in the detestation of which all men coincide, and the voice of humanity proclaims as abhorrant to every breast. Upon the (forced) resignation of the crown by *Queen MARY* at Lochleven, her son JAMES, *Duke of Rothesay*, then but a year old, was declared KING, as

JAMES THE SIXTH, and under this monarch the sceptres of England and Scotland became united at the decease of ELIZABETH in 1603, when he ascended the English throne, as King JAMES the First.

## HOUSE OF GUELPH.

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The founder of the illustrious family of GUELPH,

ANULPHUS, HUNULPHUS, or GUELPH, younger brother of ODOACER, conqueror and first barbarian King of Italy, obtained possessions in Bavaria, where he died in 489, leaving an only son,

OLFIGANDUS, who did not assume the supreme authority in Bavaria, but entered as a volunteer into the Roman army, under the celebrated Belisarius, with whom he became a favorite, and eventually obtained a command. The period of this gallant soldier's death is unascertained, but he left an only son,

ULIGAGUS, who served under Belisarius in that general's last campaigns in Persia, and was subsequently engaged in the defence of Italy, against the Lombards. He died in 590, and his son, or grandson,

CADUINUS, residing chiefly in France, enjoyed the confidence of Queen Brunhilda, a princess then in the zenith of power; and having, at the head of the Austrasian army, subdued a great part of the kingdom of Burgundy, these provinces were erected into a duchy, and the victorious general made Duke thereof in 613. In the latter years of Caduinus he was commissioned by CLOTHAIRE THE SECOND, under the title of Ambassador of the King (*Missus Regius*), then acknowledged sovereign of Austrasia, Burgundy, and Neustria, to collect and digest the laws of the Bavarian and German nations dependant upon France, a duty which he fulfilled with so much zeal and success as, in a great measure, to establish the dominions of that power throughout the neighbouring provinces. Caduinus died in 640, and his son,

CATHICUS, obtained the government of Alsace, and was \*MAYOR OF THE PALACE in the kingdoms of Neustria and Austrasia, in the reigns of Childeric, son of Clovis, and afterwards in that of Dagobert the second, along with whom he was murdered in the forest of Vaivres, anno 670. From this period the Dukes of Bavaria, allying with the Lombards, began to acquire large possessions in Italy, where a branch of the Guelphic family had already been established as Dukes of Este, in the Lombard kingdom. From Duke Cathicus we pass to

GUELPH, son of Ruthard, Count of Altdorf, from whom, who died about 823, descended

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\* The youth and imbecility of the Royal Race (of France) had allowed the mayors of the palace to rise, from being mere servants of the court, to the important rank of commanding in the kingdom. They were appointed to the office by the grandees of the state, and not by the sovereign; and after the death of Dagobert, (A.D. 644), they assumed the command of the armies, and the management of the finances, so that nothing was left to the descendant, Meroveus, but the empty title of king.

GUELPH, sometimes called Wolfard, Count of Altdorf, and Duke of Nether Bavaria, married Imiga, daughter of Frederick, Count of Luxemburg, and had issue,

Guelph, Duke of Carinthia.

Cunegunda, married to Azo the Second, Marquess of Este, and had a son, GUELPH, who inherited the states of Altdorf at the decease of his uncle.

Guelph, alias Wolfard, was succeeded in 1036 by his son,

GUELPH, Duke of Carinthia, who was succeeded by his nephew,

GUELPH, Count of Altdorf, and Duke of Upper and Lower Bavaria. This prince engaged in the first Crusade, anno 1096, and died in returning from the Holy Land, at Paphos, in Cyprus, in 1101, leaving by his wife Judith, daughter of Baldwin the Fifth, Count of Flanders, and sister of Maud, wife of William the Conqueror, four sons, and was succeeded by the eldest,

GUELPH, who died issueless in 1119, and was succeeded by his brother,

HENRY THE THIRD, surnamed Niger. This prince married Wolfilda, daughter and heiress of Magnus, the last Duke of Saxony, of the line of Billung; and in her right assumed the title of Duke of Saxony; though the Emperor Henry the Fifth seized upon the Duchy and conferred it upon another family. The duke obtained, however, the Duchy of Spoleto and the Margraviate of Tuscia, with the Principality of Sardinia. He died in 1127, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

HENRY THE FOURTH, surnamed Superbus, who married Gertrude, daughter and heiress of the Emperor Lothaire, by Richensa, daughter and eventually heiress, of Henry the Fat, Duke of Saxony; by whom he obtained a restoration of the Duchy of Saxony. This prince subsequently acquired the Duchy of Brawnswieg, (now Brunswick,) and the county of Northeim, and was invested with the Margraviate of Tuscia, and all the dominions of his aunt-in-Law, Mathildis, wife of Guelpho the Sixth. He died by poison in 1138 or 1139, and was succeeded by his son,

HENRY THE FIFTH, surnamed THE LION, Duke of Saxony and Bavaria, who added to his possessions the counties of Meclenburg and Luneburg, by conquest from the Selaves. But neglecting his duty to the Emperor, Frederick Barbarossa, and joining the Pope, he was publicly proscribed in 1180, and despoiled of his Saxon and Bavarian dominions, by the neighbouring princes, who combined against him. Henry still retained, however, Brunswic and Luneburg, but was obliged by oath to absent himself from Germany for three years, when he repaired with his second consort, Maud, to the court of her father King Henry the Second, of England; by whose intercession, he obtained permission to return home in 1185, but was again driven into England in 1189: he returned, however, in the same year, and died on the 6th August, 1195, leaving issue by his second wife, the English princess, three sons and a daughter, viz.,

Henry, of Zelle.

Otto, of Brunswic, elected Emperor in 1198; crowned in 1208, and died issueless, in 1218.

William, Duke of Luneburg, surnamed Longospada, born at Winchester, in England, in 1148.

Mechtild, married to Henry Burewen, Prince of the Wenden.

The eldest son,

HENRY, Longus, of Zella, was Count Palatine of the Rhine, from 1195 to 1215. This prince partitioned his father's dominions between his brothers; and, after his decease, his nephew,

OTHO, Puer, (son of William, of Winchester), who was first created Duke of Brunswic-Luneburg, laid claim to Brunswic, as heir male; but his claim being disputed, he established it by his sword, in 1228, and styling himself Duke of Brunswic, gave and confirmed to that Principality many privileges. The prince married Matilda, daughter of Albert the Second, Elector of Brandenburg, and from him descended

WILLIAM, (son of Ernest Pius, of Zelle), founder of the new house of Luneburg.



who was born 4th July, 1535, and succeeded to the government in 1559. This prince married Dorothy, daughter of Christian the Third, King of Denmark, by whom he had seven sons and eight daughters. The sons having agreed amongst themselves not to divide the dukedom, determined that one only should marry, and decided by lot the individual, at the same time they agreed to reign primogeniturally; and those engagements they adhered to inviolably, to the admiration of all Europe. The matrimonial prize fell to

GEORGE, the sixth brother, a great military commander, who married, in 1617, Anne Eleanor, daughter of Lewis the Fifth, Landgrave of Hesse-Darmstadt, by whom he had (with four daughters) four sons, viz.,

Christian-Lewis, the eldest, who became Duke of Zelle; but dying issueless, in 1665, was succeeded by his next brother.

George-William, of Calenberg and Gottengen, who espoused Eleanora d'Esmars, daughter of Alexander d'Olbrense, by whom he left an only daughter, Sophia-Dorothea, the unhappy consort of King George the First, of England.

John-Frederic, who succeeded to Calenberg and Gottengen, (the Hanoverian dominions,) upon the demise of his brother, George-William. This prince became a catholic, and died in Italy, in 1679, leaving four daughters.

The youngest son,

ERNEST-AUGUSTUS, became Bishop of Osnaburg in 1662, and succeeded, upon the demise of his brother, John-Frederick, to the Dukedom of Hanover. This prince, a military commander, was made ninth Elector of the Empire, on the 9th of December, 1692, under the title of ELECTOR OF HANOVER, and GREAT MARSHAL of the Empire; not, however, without considerable opposition from six of the other electors, having the support only of the Electors of Saxony and Brandenburg. His Serene Highness married Sophia, daughter of Frederick, Elector Palatine and King of Bohemia, by the English Princess ELIZABETH, daughter of KING JAMES THE FIRST, by whom he had issue,

GEORGE-LEWIS, who ascended the British Throne under the title of GEORGE THE FIRST, in right of his mother, the Electress Sophia, who had been declared successor to the Crown by the Act of Settlement, passed on the 6th of March, 1702. Her Serene Highness, who was esteemed a lady of great wit and sound judgment, died at Hanover on the 8th of June, 1714, about seven weeks prior to the decease of Queen Anne.

Frederic-Augustus, an Imperial General, killed in the war with the Turks in 1690.

Maximilian-William, General of the Venetians, who embraced the doctrines of the Church of Rome, and became the Emperor's General; died in 1702.

Charles-Phillip, Colonel of an Imperial regiment of Dragoons, killed by the Turks in 1690.

Christian, drowned in an engagement with the French in 1703.

Ernest-Augustus, Bishop of Osnaburg, created Duke of York and Albany, and Earl of Ulster, on the 29th of June, 1716, and invested with the order of the Garter. He died unmarried in 1728.

Sophia-Charlotte, married in 1684, to Frederic, Elector of Brandenburg, afterwards King of Prussia, and died in 1705.

The Elector, Ernest-Augustus, died on the 23rd of January, 1698, and was succeeded in the Electorate by his eldest son,

GEORGE-LEWIS, who became subsequently the

#### FIRST BRITISH MONARCH OF THE ILLUSTRIOUS HOUSE OF GUELPH.



## PEERAGE AND BARONETAGE.

**ABDY, SIR WILLIAM**, baronet of Felix Hall, in the county of Essex; s. to the title as seventh baronet upon the demise of his father, on the 21st of July, 1803, m. 3rd June, 1806, Miss Anne Wellesley, eldest daughter of the Marquess Wellesley: from whom he was divorced by act of parliament, on the 25th of June, 1816; and her ladyship m. on the 23rd of July following, Lord Charles Bentinck, third son of the late (third) Duke of Portland.

### Lineage.

The first of this family upon record,  
**RICHARD ABDY**, m. Joan Mugrave, and left a son,  
**ROBERT ABDY**, of Abdy in the county of York, whose son,

**ROBERT ABDY**, m. Joan Norreys, and had issue,  
**THOMAS ABDY**, of Abdy, who m. Cecily, daughter of William Tyas, esq. of Yorkshire, and left, with other children,

**ANTHONY ABDY**, esq. an alderman of London, who d. in 1640, leaving, by his wife Abigail, daughter of alderman Sir Thomas Campbell, knt., three sons and a daughter,

**THOMAS**, of whom presently.

Robert, created a baronet in 1660, which title expired in 1759.

John, created a baronet in 1660, which title expired in 1692.

Alice, m. to Sir John Brampton, K. B.

The eldest son,

1. **THOMAS ABDY**, esq. of Felix Hall, in the county of Essex, was created a baronet on the 7th of July, 1741. He m. first, Mary, daughter of Lucas Corwellis, esq. of London, by whom he had no surviving male issue. Sir Thomas m. secondly, Anne, daughter of alderman Sir Thomas Soame, knt., of London, and was s. at his decease, 14th of January, 1695, by his eldest son,

2. **SIR ANTHONY**, who m. Mary, only daughter and heiress of the Rev. Dr. Richard Milward, rector of Great Boxhead, and canon of Windsor, and dying 2nd April, 1704, was s. by his eldest surviving son,

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3. **SIR ANTHONY-THOMAS**. This gentleman m. thrice; but, having no issue by his first and second wives, and daughters only by his third, the title devolved, at his decease in June, 1733, upon his brother,

4. **SIR WILLIAM**, who m. Miss Stotherd, only daughter and heiress of Philip Stotherd, esq. of Terlington, in the county of Essex, and dying in 1750, was s. by his eldest son,

5. **SIR ANTHONY-THOMAS**, barrister at law, king's counsel, and M. P. for Knaresborough, in the county of York, at whose decease without issue, 7th April, 1775, the title passed to his brother,

6. **SIR WILLIAM**, capt. R.N. This gentleman m. in 1777, Mary, daughter of James Gordon, esq. of More Place, in the county of Hertford, by whom (who d. 4th March, 1829,) he had issue,

**WILLIAM**, present baronet.

Catharine-Mary, m. in 1813, to Captain Sir Thomas Fellowes, knt. R.N. and d. in 1817. Charlotte-Anne.

Henrietta, m. to Charles Caldwell, esq. of Botolph Claydon, Cambridgeshire, son of Admiral Sir Benjamin Caldwell.

Sir William d. 21st July, 1803.

Creation—7th July, 1641.



*Arms*—Or, two cheveronels between three trefoils, slipped, sable.

*Crest*—On a wreath, an eagle's head, erased.

*Motto*—Tenax et fidelis.

*Town Residence*—20, Hill-street, Berkeley-sq.

*Seat*—Chobham-place, Bagshot, Surrey.

**ABERCORN, MARQUESS OF**, (James Hamilton,) Viscount Hamilton, of Hamilton, in the county of Leicester, in the peerage of England; Earl of Abercorn, Baron of Paisley, Abercorn, Hamilton, Mountcastle, and Kilpatrick, in the peerage of Scotland; Viscount and Baron Strabane; Baron Mountcastle, in the peerage of Ireland, and a baronet of that part of the United Kingdom; *b.* 21st Jan. 1811; *s.* to the honors of his family, as second Marquess, upon the demise of his grandfather, on the 27th January, 1818.

*Note*—The Marquess of Abercorn and the Earl of Verulam are the only noblemen who enjoy peerages in the three kingdoms.

### Lineage.

The pedigree of the noble family of Hamilton is authentically deduced from Bernard, kinsman to Rollo, first Duke of Normandy, which Bernard was appointed governor, at the decease of Rollo, to his son and successor, Duke William, surnamed *De Longue Espée*, and from him (Bernard) descended Roger de Bellamont, (commonly called Beaumont,) Lord of Pont Audemar, one of the confidential advisers and companions (with his two sons) of William the Conqueror. This gallant Norman terminated a splendid career by founding the Abbey of Preaux, in Normandy, and becoming a monk therein himself. Of his two sons, Henry, (the 2nd son,) surnamed *De Newburgh*, rebuilt and fortified the Castle of Warwick, and was created Earl of Warwick in 1076; (see *Berke's Extinct Peerage*) while ROBERT, the elder, having mainly contributed, as commander of the right wing of William's army, to the triumph of Hastings, obtained large possessions in England from the conqueror, (no less than ninety-one extensive manors,) and from Henry the First, (in 1103,) the Earldom of Leicester, with other considerable grants. This powerful noble *d.* on the 2nd June, 1118, and was *s.* in the Earldom of Leicester by his second son ROBERT, whose eldest son and successor, ROBERT, third Earl of Leicester, had three sons; the youngest of whom, WILLIAM, surnamed *de Hamilton*, from the place of his birth, the manor of Hambleton or Hamilton, in Leicestershire, became founder of the illustrious house of Hamilton.

LORD CLAUD HAMILTON, (third son of James, second Earl of Arran, and Duke of Chathelherault, by his wife, Lady Margaret Douglas, eldest daughter of James, third Earl of Moreton) one of the most zealous partisans of Mary, Queen of Scots, whose loyalty King James the Sixth rewarded with a grant of the whole Barony of Paisley, and the dignity of BARON PAISLEY, on 29th July, 1587. His lordship *m.* Margaret, only daughter of George, Lord Seton, and had four sons and one daughter, *vis.*

1. JAMES, master of Paisley, who was created, in 1603, *Baron of Abercorn*, with remainder to his heirs male, and assigns whatever, and advanced, on 10th July, 1606, to the dignities of *Baron Hamilton, Mountcastle and Kilpatrick*, and EARL OF ABERCORN. His

lordship was subsequently called by summons to the House of Peers in Ireland, by the same title; and having obtained a large grant of land in the barony of Strabane in that kingdom, erected a strong castle, and a schoolhouse and church, with a town of about eighty houses there. His lordship *m.* Marion, eldest daughter of Thomas, fifth Lord Boyd, and dying 16th March, 1617, left issue,

- i. JAMES, second Earl, of whom presently, as successor of his grandfather.

- ii. CLAUD, who succeeded to the Irish estates, and upon the resignation of his brother, the Earl of Abercorn, was created, 14th August, 1634, *Lord Hamilton, Baron of Strabane*, in the peerage of Ireland. His lordship *m.* in 1632, Lady Jane Gordon, fourth daughter of George, first Marquess of Huntley, and dying in 1638, left (with a daughter) two sons,

James, who *s.* as Lord Strabane, and joined Sir Phelim O'Neill against the parliamentarians, but was unfortunately drowned in 1635. His lordship died a Roman Catholic.

GEORGE, fifth Lord Strabane, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter, and at length sole heiress of Christopher Fagan, Esq. of Feltrim in the county of Dublin, and left, with other issue,

CLAUD, Lord Strabane, of whom hereafter, as fourth EARL OF ABERCORN.

- iii. WILLIAM, (Sir) *d. s. p.*

- iv. GEORGE, of Donalong, in the county of Tyrone, and of Nenagh, in the county of Tipperary, a faithful adherent of the Charles's, who was rewarded with a baronetcy of Ireland, in 1660. Sir George *m.* Mary, third daughter of Walter, Viscount Thurles, by whom he had six sons and three daughters. The eldest of the latter was the beautiful and accomplished ELIZABETH HAMILTON, who *m.* Phillibert, Count of Gramont. Sir George's eldest son,

JAMES was a colonel in the army, and died of a wound in 1673; leaving three sons, of whom the eldest,

JAMES, *s.* as sixth EARL OF ABERCORN.

- v. ALEXANDER, (Sir) settled in Austria, and was created a Count of the Empire.

- vi. ANNE, *m.* Hugh, fifth Lord Semple.

- vii. MARGARET, *m.* Sir William Cunningham, knt. of Caprington.

- viii. LUCY, contracted by her father to Randall, Lord Dunluce, afterwards Marquess of Antrim, who refusing to abide

by the contract, his father, the Earl of Antrim, had to pay the Earl of Abercorn £3000, as compensation.

LADY LUCY never afterwards married.

2. CLAUD, (Sir) a Gentleman of the King's Privy Chamber, from whom lineally descends the present Lieutenant General Sir John-James Hamilton, bart. of Woodbrook.
3. GEORGE, (Sir) of Greenlaw and Roscrea, in Ireland, whose only daughter, Margaret, m. Sir Arch. Acheson of Gosford, in the County of Haddington, Bart. a Lord of Session, and Secretary of State, for Scotland, ancestor of the Lords Gosford.

1. FREDERICK, who signalized himself under the Banner of Gustavus Adolphus, King of Sweden, was Gentleman in Ordinary of the Privy Chamber, to King James and King Charles the First, and obtained large grants of lands in Ireland; he m. Sidney, daughter and heiress of Sir John Vaughan, a Privy Councillor, and Governor of Londonderry, by whom he had issue,

JAMES, of Manor Hamilton, who left two daughters coheirresses, viz.

HANNAH, m. to Sir W. Gore, of Manor Gore.

SIDNEY, m. to Sir John Hume, Bart. of Castle Hume.

FREDERICK, killed in the Wars of Ireland, and d. unmarried.

GUSTAVUS, created VISCOUNT BOYNE. See that dignity.

MARGARET, m. to Sir George Monro, of Newmore, a maj. gen. and commander of the forces in Scotland.

5. MARGARET, m. to William, first Marquess of Douglas.

CLAUD, first Lord Paisley, d. in 1621, and was s. by his grandson

JAMES, second Earl of Abercorn, as second Baron of Paisley. This nobleman had been previously advanced to the peerage of Ireland on the 8th of May, 1617, by the title of *Lord Hamilton, Baron of Strabane*, which honor was transferred, upon his lordship's petition to King Charles the First, to his next brother, the Honorable Claud Hamilton. This nobleman was excommunicated, by the general commission of the church of Scotland, in 1640, being a Roman Catholic, and ordered to depart the kingdom. He m. Catharine, daughter and heiress of Gervais, Lord Clifton, of Leighton Bromeswold, relict of Esme, Duke of Richmond and Lennox; and had issue,

JAMES, Lord Paisley, who predeceased him; leaving an only daughter,

CATHARINE, m. first to William Lenthall, esq. and secondly to Charles, fifth Earl of Abercorn.

WILLIAM, an officer in the army, killed in the wars in Germany, and d. s. p.

GEORGE, his successor.

His lordship was s. at his decease, by his only surviving son

GEORGE, third earl, who d. unmarried, and was

s. by his cousin, (revert to Claud, second son of James, master of Paisley, first Earl of Abercorn).

CLAUD, fifth Lord Strabane, as fourth Earl of Abercorn. This nobleman, attending King James the Second, after the Revolution, from France, was sworn of the privy-council upon his arrival in Dublin. His lordship upon the defeat at the Boyne, having embarked for France, lost his life in the voyage. In 1691, he had been outlawed, and forfeited the estate and title of Strabane; but the Earldom of Abercorn devolved upon his brother,

CHARLES, fifth earl, who, obtaining a reversal of his brother's attainder, s. also to the restored title and estate of *Strabane*; but leaving no issue at his decease in 1701, the family-honors and estates reverted to his kinsman, (revert to Sir George Hamilton, bart. of Donalgon, fourth son of James, first Earl of Abercorn).

JAMES HAMILTON, who declined assuming the title of baronet, upon the demise of his grandfather in 1679, but was known as Captain Hamilton. This gentleman was in the military service and confidence of James the Second, but, espousing the cause of William, he arrayed himself against his royal master, and took a distinguished part at the siege of Londonderry. Succeeding to the Earldom of Abercorn, his lordship, in virtue thereof, took his seat, in 1706, as a member of the Scottish Parliament. Ireland was, however, the usual place of his residence; and of that realm, on the 2nd of December, 1701, he was created *Baron Mountcastle and Viscount Strabane*. The earl m. in 1686, Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Sir Robert Reading, bart. of Dublin, by whom he had issue nine sons and five daughters. His lordship d. 28th of Nov. 1734, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

JAMES, seventh earl, who m. in 1711, Anne, eldest daughter of John Plummer, esq. of Blakesware, in the county of Herts, by whom he had six sons and one daughter. His lordship d. on the 13th of January, 1744, and was s. by his eldest son,

JAMES, eighth earl. This nobleman was created a peer of Great Britain, by the title of *Viscount Hamilton, of Hamilton, in the county of Leicester*, on the 8th of August, 1786, with remainder, in case of failure of male issue, to his nephew, John-James Hamilton, son of the Hon. John Hamilton, by Harriet, daughter of the Right Hon. James Craggs, secretary of state, and widow of Richard Eliot, esq. of Port Eliot in Cornwall; and his lordship dying unmarried, 9th October, 1789, all the family honours devolved upon that relative,

JOHN-JAMES, ninth earl, K.G. who was created, on the 2nd of October, 1790, *MARQUESS OF ABERCORN*. His lordship m. on the 20th of June, 1779, his first wife, Catharine, daughter of Sir Joseph Copley, of Sprotborough, Yorkshire, by whom he had, with other children,

JAMES, *Viscount Hamilton*, who predeceased his father, leaving issue by Harriet, daughter of the Hon. John Douglas, and granddaughter of James, fifteenth Earl of Morton, (her ladyship m. after the viscount's death, George, present Earl of Aberdeen.)

JAMES, who inherited the family honours from his grandfather, and is the present marquis.

Claude, b. 27th July, 1813.

Harriet.

Catharine-Elizabeth, m. in 1805, to George, present Earl of Aberdeen, and d. in 1812.

Her ladyship dying 13th September, 1791, his lordship espoused, on the 4th March, 1792, his cousin, Cecil Hamilton, eighth daughter of the Hon. George Hamilton, from whom he was divorced by act of parliament, in 1799; by this marriage his lordship had an only child; Cecil-Frances, present Countess of Wicklow. The marquess m. on the 3rd of April, 1810, his third wife, Anne-Jane, eldest daughter of Arthur, second Earl of Arran, and relict of Henry Hatton, esq. of the county of Wexford; by whom he had no children. His lordship d. 27th of January, 1818.

**Creations**—Baron of Paisley, 1387. Baron of Abercorn, 1603. Baron of Hamilton and Earl of Abercorn, 10th of July, 1606. Baron of Strabane, 1617. Viscount Strabane, &c. 2nd December, 1701. Viscount Hamilton, of Hamilton, Leicestershire, 1786. Marquess of Abercorn in Great Britain, 2nd October, 1790.



**Arms**—Quarterly; first and fourth gules three cinquefoils, pierced, ermine—for HAMILTON; second and third, ar. a ship, with sails furled, sable—for the EARLS OF ARRAN.

**Crest**—Out of a ducal coronet, or, an oak, fructed and penetrated transversely in the main stem by a frame-saw, ppr. the frame gold.

**Supporters**—Two antelopes, ar. horned, ducally gorged, chained, and hoofed, or.

**Mottos**—"Through;" and "Sola nobilitas virtus."

**Seats**—Dudingstone House, Edinburghshire; Baron's Court, Ireland; and Bentley Priory, Middlesex.

**ABERCROMBY, BARON,** (George Abercromby,) of Aboukir and Tullibody, in the county of Clackmannan; b. 17th October, 1770; m. 25th January, 1799, Montague, third daughter of Henry, first Viscount Melville, by whom he has issue,

George Ralph, b. 30th May, 1800, a lieutenant colonel in the army.

Montague.

Mary-Anne.

His lordship s. to the title upon the decease of his mother, Mary-Anne, Baroness Abercrombie, 11th February, 1821.

### Lineage.

This is a junior branch of the family of Abercromby, of Birkenbog, in the county of Banff, springing from

ALEXANDER ABERCROMBY, second son of Sir Alexander Abercromby, bart. who settled at Tullibody, in the county of Clackmannan, having inherited that estate from his cousin, George Abercromby, of Keith. This Alexander was s. by his son,

GEORGE ABERCROMBY, esq. of Tullibody, who m. Mary, daughter of Ralph Dundas, Esq. of Manour, and had issue,

RALPH, of whom presently.

BARNET.

Robert, (Sir) K.B. a general officer in the army.

RALPH ABERCROMBY, esq. the eldest son, b. in 1738, entered the army on 23rd May, 1756, as a cornet in the 2nd regiment of Dragoon Guards. Ascending through the intermediate gradations of rank, he was appointed, 3rd Nov. 1781, colonel of the 103 foot. In 1787, Colonel Abercromby attained the rank of major general; and in 1796, the command of the 7th regiment of Dragoons. In the beginning of the war with Republican France, General Abercromby was on the Continent under the command of the Duke of York; and he conducted the march of the guards from Deventer to Ochensaal, in the retreat of the British out of Holland, in the winter of 1794-5.

In August, 1796, he succeeded Sir Charles Grey as commander-in-chief in the West Indies: and within two years he added by conquest to those possessions, Demerara and Iseequibo, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, and Trinidad. In 1797, he returned to Europe; and, in reward for such important services, was invested with the red ribbon, appointed to the command of the regiment of Scotch Greys, intrusted with Governments of the Isle of Wight, Port George, and Fort Augustus, and raised to the rank of lieutenant-general. He subsequently held for some time the chief command of the forces in Ireland. In that command he laboured to maintain the discipline of the army, to suppress the rising rebellion, and to protect the people from military oppression, with an anxiety, worthy alike of the gallant soldier, and enlightened statesman. When he found, however, he could no longer save, he refused to destroy, and he flung up his command with strong expressions of horror and indignation. In 1801, Sir Ralph Abercromby was sent at the head of an army to dispossess the French of Egypt; and he soon after fell, in the moment of victory, at the celebrated battle of Alexandria. The following just tribute to his memory appeared in the London Gazette, from the pen of Lieutenant General Hutchinson, afterwards Lord Hutchinson, and now Earl of Donoughmore, who succeeded to the command of the army. "Head quarters, camp, four miles

from Alexandria, 3rd April, 1801. We have sustained an irreparable loss in the person of our never sufficiently to be lamented Sir Ralph Abercromby, who was mortally wounded in the action, and died on the 29th March. I believe he was wounded early, but he concealed his situation from those about him, and continued in the field giving his orders with that coolness and perspicuity, which had ever marked his character, till long after the action was over, when he fainted through weakness and loss of blood. Were it permitted for a soldier to regret any one who has fallen in the service of his country, I might be excused for lamenting him more than any other person; but it is some consolation to those who tenderly loved him, that, as his life was honourable, so was his death glorious. His memory will be recorded in the annals of his country; will be sacred to every British soldier, and embalmed in the recollection of a grateful posterity." Sir Ralph married

MARY-ANNE, daughter of John Menzies, esq. of Fernton, in the county of Perth, who upon an official account of the triumph and fate of her lamented husband reaching England, was elevated to the peerage, 29th May, 1801, as BARONESS ABERCROMBY, of *Aboukir* and *Tullibody*, with remainder to the male heirs of the deceased general. By Sir Ralph, her ladyship had issue,

GEORGE, present baron.

John, (Sir) G.C.B. a general officer, who *d.* unmarried, in 1917.

James, Lord Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, *b.* 7th Nov., 1776, *m.* 14th June, 1802, Mary-Anne, daughter of Egerton Leigh, esq. of High Leigh, and has a son, Ralph, *b.* 6th April, 1803.

Alexander, *b.* 4th March, 1784, an officer of rank in the army.

Anne, the lady of Donald Cameron, esq. of Lochiel.

Mary.

Catharine, the lady of Thomas Buchanan, esq. The baroness *d.* in 1821.

*Creation*—28th May, 1801.



*Arms*—Or, a fesse, embattled, gu. therefrom issuant in chief a dexter arm, embowed in armour ppr. garnished, or, encircled by a wreath of laurel, the hand supporting the French invincible standard, in bend sinister, also ppr. in base a chev. indented, gu. between three boars' heads, erased, az.

*Crest*—A bee, ppr.

*Supporters*—Two greyhounds, per fesse, ar. and

or, collared and lined, gu. charged on the shoulder, with a thistle ppr.

*Motto*—"Vive ut vivas."

*Seat*—Tullibody, Clackmannanshire.

ABERCROMBY, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Birkenbog, in the county of Banff, and chief of the clan of Abercromby; *b.* 4th February, 1784, *m.* 22nd October, 1816, Elizabeth, only child of Samuel Douglas, esq. of Netherlaw, and has issue,

GEORGE, *b.* May, 1824.

Samuel.

Elizabeth.

Jane.

Mary-Grace.

Charlotte-Georgina.

Roberta-Harriet.

Constance-Helena.

Sophia-Anne-Adelaide.

Sir Robert inherited the title, as fifth baronet at the decease of his father, 18th July, 1831.

### Lineage.

The surname *Abercromby* like others of great antiquity was assumed from a territory in the county of Fife, and the possessor of that property was esteemed the chief of the family, until the seventeenth century, when the chieftainship, by the extinction of the line of Abercromby, devolved upon Abercromby, of Birkenbog, the head of which house,

1. ALEXANDER ABERCROMBY, (eldest son and successor of Alexander Abercromby, of Birkenbog, falconer to King Charles the First, by Elizabeth, daughter of Beaton of Balfour), was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, in 1637. Sir Alexander took so active a part against King Charles, that an historian of the period characterises him as "*a main covenantor*." In May, 1646, he joined Major Urry, and was at the battle of Auldearn; but Montrose retaliated, by quartering himself and some of his troops at Birkenbog. Sir Alexander *m.* thrice, and was *s.* by his eldest son, (by his third lady, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir James Baird, of Pitmedden,)

2. SIR JAMES. This gentleman *m.* in 1645, Mary, daughter of Arthur Gordon, esq. of Straloch, representative of the family of Silverton, by whom he had a numerous family. Sir James represented the county of Banff in the parliament of Scotland, in 1694. He was *s.* at his decease by his third son.

3. SIR ROBERT, who *m.* in 1739, Helen, daughter of Alexander Abercromby, of Tullibody, and had issue three sons and three daughters. Sir Robert *d.* on 11th May, 1787, and was *s.* by his only surviving son,

4. SIR GEORGE, *b.* in 1750, *m.* in 1778, the Hon. Jane Ogilvie, eldest daughter of Alexander, seventh Lord Banff, who *d.* in 1771, and sister of William, eighth Lord Banff, who *d.* in 1803, by whom (who succeeded to the estates and representation of the noble house of Banff) he had issue,

## ABE

ROBERT, present baronet.  
Helen, *m.* to Captain William Gowan, of the East India Company's Service.  
Maria, *m.* to the Hon. David Monypenny, Lord Pitmilly, and one of the Lords of Session and Justiciary.  
Grace, *m.* to Joseph Murray, esq.  
Sir George *d.* 18th July, 1831.  
*Creation*—20th February, 1636.



*Arms*—Ar. a chev. gu. between three boars' heads, eraz'd, az.

*Crest*—A falcon, rising, belled, ppr.

*Supporters*—Two greyhounds argent, collared gules.

*Mottos*—Above the crest, "petit alta." Under the shield, "vive ut vivas."

*Seats*—Forglen House and Birkenbog, Banffshire; Netherlaw and Castle Douglas, Kirkcudbrightshire.

*Note*—The vault of the family of Abercromby should not be passed over in silence. We are informed by Pennant, that it is lodged in the wall of the church, and is only the repository of the skulls; the bodies are deposited in the earth beneath; and when the laird dies, the skull of his predecessor is taken up, and thrown into this Golgotha, which at present contains nineteen.

**ABERDEEN, EARL OF**, (George Hamilton-Gordon, K.T., M.A., F.R.S., F.H.S., President of the Antiquarian Society of London, and Chancellor of King's College, Aberdeen.) Viscount Formantine; Lord Haddo, Methlic, Tarves, and Kellie, in the peerage of Scotland; Viscount Gordon, of Aberdeen, in the county of Aberdeen, in the peerage of the United Kingdom, and a baronet of Nova Scotia; *b.* 28th Jan. 1784; succeeded to the Scottish honors as fourth earl, upon the decease of his grandfather, on the 13th August, 1801; and obtained the viscounty of the United Kingdom, by creation, on the 1st June, 1814. His lordship *m.* first, in July, 1805, Catherine-Elizabeth, eldest surviving daughter of John-James, first Marquess of Abercorn, by whom (who *d.* 29th February, 1812,) he has no surviving issue. He *m.* secondly, the 8th July, 1815, Harriet, daughter of the Hon. John Douglas, relict of James, Viscount Hamilton,

## ABE

and mother of the present Marquess of Abercorn, by whom he has issue,

GEORGE-JOHN-JAMES, *Lord Haddo*, *b.* 28th of September, 1816.

Alexander, *b.* 11th of December, 1817.

Douglas, *b.* 12th of March, 1824.

Arthur, *b.* in 1829.

Frances.

The Earl of Aberdeen recently filled the office of Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

### Lineage.

This noble house derives from a common ancestor with the ducal house of Gordon: but it is proper here to observe, that the principal family of that name terminated in an heiress, Elizabeth Gordon, who married Sir Alexander Seton, and from this marriage the Duke of Gordon is descended, while the Earldom of Aberdeen has continued uninterruptedly in the male line of GORDON.

PATRICK GORDON, of Methlic, a firm adherent of King James the Second of Scotland, lost his life under the banner of that monarch, at the battle of Arbroath, anno 1445, and was *s.* by his son,

JAMES GORDON, of Methlic, who obtained a grant from James the Second of a part of the Barony of Kellie, then vested in the crown, by the forfeiture of Alexander, Earl of Crawford, and acquired other large possessions, which still remain in the family. This gentleman left five sons and two daughters, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

PATRICK GORDON, of Methlic and Haddo. This gentleman obtained charters under the great seal, from King James the Third, in 1481, from James the Fourth, in 1505, and from King James the Fifth, in 1514, all of considerable tracts of land, besides acquisitions from Lord Sinclair, the Bishop of Aberdeen, and others; the whole of which are embodied in one charter. Mr. Gordon lived to a very advanced period of life, and dying in 1531, was *s.* by his grandson,

JAMES GORDON, of Methlic and Haddo, who augmented the family estates by considerable grants of lands from King James the Fifth. In the beginning of Queen Mary's troubles, this gentleman was one of those who signed the association for the defence of the young prince, King James the Sixth, in 1567; but no sooner had he discovered that the queen had been imposed upon than he joined the Earl of Huntley, who was her majesty's lieutenant in the North, adhered faithfully and firmly to her interests ever after, and obtained royal charters of several other lands and baronies. He *m.* Marjory, daughter of Sir Thomas Menzies, of Pitfodils, Comptroller of Scotland; and dying in 1582, was succeeded by his grandson,

JAMES GORDON, of Methlic and Haddo, (only son of Patrick Gordon, by Agnes, daughter of Alexander Frazer, of Muchil.) This gentleman *m.* Jean, daughter of William, Lord Keith, and was *s.* at his decease, in 1624, by his grandson,

1. SIR JOHN GORDON, of Haddo, (only son of John Gordon, by Margaret, daughter of Sir Alexander Bannerman, of Ellick.) This gentleman,



who was second in command to the Marquess of Huntley, over the forces raised against the Covenanters in 1639, was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, by King Charles the First, in 1642, for his distinguished conduct at the battle of Turreff. In the following year, Sir John defended the house of Kellie against the Covenanters, but being obliged to capitulate, he was no sooner in the power of the enemy, than he was sent to Edinburgh, and imprisoned in a church there, which was afterwards called *Haddo's Hold*. He was subsequently tried, condemned, and executed at the Cross of Edinburgh, in 1644. The estates of Sir John Gordon were forfeited and remained under sequestration until the restoration of King Charles the Second, when they were inherited by his eldest son,

2. **SIR JOHN GORDON**, of Haddo, who m. Mary, only daughter of Alexander, first Lord Forbes of Pisligo, by whom he had an only child, Jean, married to Sir James Gordon, of Lesmoir, bart. He d. in 1665, and was s. by his brother,

3. **SIR GEORGE GORDON**, of Haddo, an eminent lawyer, who was nominated one of the senators of the college of justice in 1680, president of the session in 1681, and **LORD HIGH CHANCELLOR OF SCOTLAND** in the following year, when he was elevated to the peerage of that kingdom (30th November, 1682,) by the titles of *Lord Haddo, Methlic, Terver, and Kellie, Viscount Formantine, and EARL OF ABERDEEN*. His lordship, owing to a difference of opinion with his colleagues of the privy council, resigned the chancellorship in 1684; and he retired to the country, at the period of the Revolution, to avoid taking the oaths of allegiance to King William. Upon the accession of Queen Anne, however, he took the oaths and his seat in parliament. He subsequently opposed the Union, but did not attend at the final settlement of the measure. His lordship m. Anne, daughter and heiress of George Lockhart, esq. of Torbrecks; and dying at the age of eighty-three, in 1720, was s. by his only surviving son,

**WILLIAM**, second earl, one of the representative peers of Scotland, in 1721. This nobleman being elected to parliament in the lifetime of his father, 1708, for the county of Aberdeen, the question, whether the eldest sons of the peers of Scotland were eligible to be returned to the house of commons, was raised, upon a petition being presented against his lordship, and decided by the house in the negative, when the election was declared void, and a new writ ordered to be issued by the speaker. His lordship married, first, Mary Lesly, only daughter of David, Earl of Leven, by whom he had an only daughter, Ann, who m. William, Earl of Dumfries; he m. secondly, Susan, daughter of John, Duke of Atholl, by whom he had one daughter, Catherine, (m. first, to Cosmo, Duke of Gordon, and secondly, to Staats Long Morris, Esq.) and an only son, his lordship's successor. The Earl m. thirdly, Anne, daughter of Alexander, Duke of Gordon, by whom he had four sons and a daughter. His lordship d. in 1745, and was s. by his eldest son,

**GEORGE**, third earl, one of the representative peers of Scotland. His lordship m. Catherine,

daughter of Oswald Hanson, esq. of Wakefield, in the county of York, by whom he had issue,

**GEORGE**, Lord Haddo, b. 28th January, 1764; who d. 2nd October, 1791, in the lifetime of his father, leaving issue by his wife, Charlotte, youngest daughter of William Baird, esq. of Newbyth, (who d. 8th Oct. 1795.)

**GEORGE**, present earl.

William, captain, R. N. M. P.

Alexander, (Sir) K. C. B. an officer of rank in the army, aid-de-camp to his uncle, Sir David Baird, and afterwards to the Duke of Wellington; killed at Waterloo. Charles, (Sir) an officer in the army, b. 5th July, 1790.

Robert, (Sir) G. C. B., recently ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to the Sublime Porte.

John, captain, R. N.

Alicia, who obtained from the Prince Regent, in 1813, a grant of the precedence which she should have enjoyed had her father succeeded to the earldom.

William.

Anne, m. to Edward Place, esq. of Skelton Grange, Yorkshire, and d. in 1821.

Susan, d. unmarried.

Mary, m. in 1789, to Thomas Horton, esq. of Howroyde Hall, Yorkshire.

The earl d. on the 13th August, 1801.

*Creations*.—Baronet of Nova Scotia, 1642; Earl, &c. in Scotland, 30th November, 1682; Viscount of the United Kingdom, 1st June, 1814.



*Arms*.—Quarterly, first and fourth azure, three boars' heads couped, within a double tressure, flowered and counterflowered with roses, thistles, and fleur-de-lis, or, second and third quarterly first and fourth gules, three cinquefoils pierced ermine, second and third argent, an ancient ship with sails furled sable; the whole within a bordure of the last.

*Crest*.—Two arms, from the shoulder, naked, holding a bow proper, to let an arrow fly; in commemoration of the deed by which Richard Cœur de Lion was slain by one of the family's supposed ancestors, Bertrand de Gourdon, in 1190.

*Supporters*.—On either side, an antelope argent; armed and or, gorged with a collar flowered and counterflowered, and line reflexed over the back azure, the collar charged with three roses, or.

*Motto*.—Ne ni mium.

*Town Residence*.—9, Argyll-street.

*Seat*.—Haddo House, Aberdeenshire.

**ABERGAVERNNY, EARL OF**, (Henry Neville, K.T.) Viscount Neville, and Baron Abergavenny, recorder of Harwich, and patent inspector of prosecutions at the Custom-house; *b.* 22nd February, 1755; *s.* his father the 10th September, 1785; *m.* 3rd of October, 1781, Mary, only child of the late John Robinson, esq. of Wyke House, in the county of Middlesex, by whom (who *d.* 26th Oct. 1796) he has had issue,

Henry, Viscount Neville, *b.* 22nd May, 1785; *d.* 8th April, 1866.

Ralph, Viscount Neville, capt. R.N. *b.* 21st of December, 1786; *m.* 2nd February, 1813, Mary-Anne, daughter of ——— Bruce-Elcock, esq. and died issueless, 29th May, 1826; her ladyship died in June, 1828.

JOHN, Viscount Neville, a clergyman, *b.* 25th of December, 1789.

William, *b.* 28th June, 1792, also a clergyman, vicar of Frant, in Sussex, and rector of Birling, in Kent, and one of the chaplains in ordinary to his Majesty; *m.* in 1824, Caroline, second daughter of Ralph Leeke, esq. of Longford Hall, in the county of Salop, and has surviving issue,

William, *b.* in 1826.

A daughter, *b.* June, 1829.

A daughter, *b.* 18th June, 1830.

Mary-Catharine, *m.* 2nd January, 1802, to Thomas Meyers, esq. and *d.* 11th July, 1807. Henrietta, *d.* unmarried, 28th July, 1837.

His lordship is the sixteenth baron, and second earl.

### Lineage.

The barony of Bergavenny, or Abergavenny, as it is now written, was originally a feudal dignity, and in the time of Henry the Third,

WILLIAM, Lord Cantilupe, having espoused Eva, daughter and coheir of William, Lord Braose, obtained with that lady the castle and lands of Bergavenny, and thus became its feudal lord. This nobleman is said to have been summoned to parliament as Baron Bergavenny, and to have been the first who had assumed the designation; but there is no record of the fact extant. He *d.* in 1253, and was *s.* by his son,

GEORGE CANTILUPE, who died *s. p.* in 1272, when the castle and lands passed to the son of his sister, his nephew and heir,

JOHN HASTINGS, second Lord Hastings, who then became feudal Lord of Bergavenny. This nobleman *d.* 1313, and was *s.* by his son,

LAWRENCE HASTINGS, third Lord Hastings, who was raised to the dignity of Earl of Pembroke, in the 13th of Edward the Third, and in that the feudal Barony of Bergavenny merged, until the decease of

JOHN HASTINGS, K.G. third Earl of Pembroke, who *d.* without issue, in 1399, when the earldom became extinct, and the lands and castle of Bergavenny passed, Collins says, by purchase, but Dugdale alleges by virtue of an entail, to

WILLIAM BRAUCHAMP, fourth son of Thomas,

Earl of Warwick, who was summoned to parliament from 23rd November, 1392, to 20th August, 1406, as "Willielmo Beauchamp, de Bergavenny." His lordship, who was a K.G., died in 1416, and was *s.* by his son,

RICHARD BRAUCHAMP, Lord Bergavenny, who was created Earl of Worcester in 1420. This nobleman *m.* Isabel de Spencer, sister and heir of Richard, eighth Baron Despencer, and Baron Burghersh. His lordship *d.* in 1421, leaving an only daughter and heiress,

THE LADY ELIZABETH BRAUCHAMP, who espoused

SIR EDWARD NEVILLE (fourth surviving son of Ralph, first Earl of Westmoreland, by his second wife, Joane, daughter of John of Gaunt; and uncle of Richard Neville, Earl of Warwick and Salisbury, commonly called the King Maker. Refer to *Burke's Extinct and Dormant Peerage*, article, Nevill, Earls of Westmoreland.) Sir Edward thus becoming possessed of the castle and lands of Bergavenny, was summoned to parliament as BARON BERGAVERNNY, from 5th September, 1450 (29 Hen. 6), to 10th Aug. 1472 (12 Ed. 4). His lordship was a staunch partisan of the House of York, and high in the confidence of King Edward the Fourth. He had issue by the heiress of the Beauchamps,

Richard, who predeceased him.

GEORGE, his successor.

Alice, *m.* to Sir Thomas Grey, knt.

Katherine, *m.* to ——— Iwarby, esq.

His lordship espoused, secondly, Catherine daughter of Sir Robert Howard, knt. and sister of John, Duke of Norfolk, by whom he had three surviving daughters. He *d.* on the 18th October, in the sixteenth of Edward the Fourth, and was *s.* by his son,

SIR GEORGE NEVILLE, (who had been knighted at the celebrated battle of Tewkesbury, on the 9th May, 1471,) as second Lord Bergavenny of this family. His lordship *m.* first, Margaret, daughter and heiress of Sir Hugh Fenne, knt., sub-treasurer of England; and had, with other issue,

GEORGE, his successor.

EDWARD (Sir), of Aldington Park, in Kent. This gentleman was greatly distinguished for deeds of arms, in the reign of Henry VIII. and attained the high military rank of Banneret. He was eventually, however, attainted and beheaded, on the charge "of devising to maintain, promote, and advance one Reginald Pole, late Dean of Exeter, enemy of the king, beyond the sea, and to deprive the king." Sir Edward Neville had married Eleanor, daughter of Andrew, Lord Windsor, and widow of Ralph, Lord Scrope, of Upsal, by whom he left (with three daughters)

EDWARD, who succeeded as fifth BARON ABERGAVERNNY.

Henry, of Billingbeer, in Berks, from whom descended the Nevilles of that county, ancestors of Lord Braybrook.

His lordship *m.* secondly, Elizabeth ———, and dying 20th September, 1492, was *s.* by his eldest son, SIR GEORGE NEVILLE, third Lord Abergavenny. This nobleman was created a knight of the Bath

in the reign of Edward the Fifth, was distinguished against the Cornish rebels, temp. Henry the Seventh, and became the companion in arms of Henry the Eighth in his French wars; from which monarch he obtained the garter, with many high and important commands, and was summoned to parliament in the twenty-first of the king's reign, as "*George Neryle de Bergavenny, Chevalier*." At the coronation of Queen Anne Boleyn, his lordship claimed the office of chief larderer, and was allowed to officiate. He *d.* in the twenty-seventh of Henry the Eighth, and was *s.* by his eldest son, (by Mary, daughter of Edward Stafford, Duke of Buckingham)

HENRY, who was summoned to parliament, as fourth Lord Bergavenny, in the third and fourth of Edward the Sixth. This nobleman was committed to ward for striking the Earl of Oxford in the chamber of presence, but obtained, in less than a month, special pardon for the offence. His lordship was one of the peers who sat in judgment upon the unfortunate Mary of Scotland. He *m.* Frances, daughter of Thomas Manners, Earl of Rutland, by whom he left at his decease on the 10th of February, 1586-7, an only daughter, ELIZABETH, the lady of Sir Thomas Fane, *knt.* who then claimed the barony of Bergavenny; but, after a long investigation, the House of Peers decided that the said barony belonged to the heirs male; whereupon the crown, to give some satisfaction to the heir-female, granted, by letters patent, the barony of Le Despencer to her ladyship and her heirs; and her cousin, (revert to Sir Edward Neville, second son of George, second baron)

EDWARD NEVILLE was confirmed in the barony of Bergavenny, as fifth baron. His lordship *m.* first, Catherine, daughter of Sir John Brown, or Bromie, of Halton, in Oxfordshire, by whom he had four sons. He espoused, secondly, Grisold, daughter of Thomas Hughes, *esq.* of Uxbridge, but had no issue. He *d.* in 1589, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

EDWARD, as sixth Baron Bergavenny, summoned to parliament from 19th March, 1604, to 4th November, 1621. This nobleman claimed, in the second of James the First, the EARLDOM OF WESTMORELAND, but unsuccessfully. He *m.* Rachel, daughter of John Lennard, *esq.* of Knoll, in Kent, and had, with other issue,

HENRY, his successor.

Christopher (Sir), of Newton St. Low, Somersetshire, *K.B.* who *m.* Mary, daughter and coheir of Thomas Darcy, *esq.* of Tolston Darcy, in Essex, and was *s.* by his son,

Richard Neville, *esq.* who was *s.* by his son, George Neville, *esq.* of Sheffield, in the county of Sussex, who *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir Bulstrode Whitlock, *knt.* and left two sons,

GEORGE, who inherited as eleventh Earl of Bergavenny.

Edward, commodore, *R.N.* *m.* Hannah, daughter of Mr. Jervois Thorp, and dying in 1701, left issue,

WILLIAM, who succeeded as 14th Lord Abergavenny.

C

Mary, *m.* to Charles Chamberlain, *esq.* of Smallfield-place, Surrey.

His lordship *d.* 1st December, 1622, was *s.* by his eldest son,

HENRY, seventh Baron Abergavenny, who *m.* first, Lady Mary Sackville, daughter of Thomas, Earl of Dorset, Lord Treasurer of England, by whom he had an only son, Sir Thomas Neville, *K.B.* who predeceased him, leaving several children, of whom daughters alone survived. His lordship *m.* secondly, Katherine, sister of Edward Lord Vaux, of Harowden, and dying in 1641, was *s.* by the elder son of this marriage,

JOHN, eighth Baron Abergavenny, who *d.* *s.p.* 12th Dec. 1660, and was *s.* by his only brother,

GEORGE, ninth Baron Abergavenny, who *m.* Mary, daughter of Thomas, son and heir of Henry Giffard, of Dunton Walet, in Essex, *M.D.* and dying in 1666, was *s.* by his only son,

GEORGE, tenth Baron Abergavenny. This nobleman *m.* Honora, daughter of John, Lord Bellasis, of Worlaby, but died without issue, 20th March, 1694-5, when the barony passed to his kinsman (revert to descendants of Sir Christopher Neville, son of Edward, sixth lord),

GEORGE, eleventh Baron. This nobleman *m.* Anne, daughter of Nehemiah Walker, *esq.* of the county of Middlesex, and dying, 11th March, 1720-1, was *s.* by his elder son,

GEORGE, twelfth baron, who *d.* without issue, 15th November, 1723, and was *s.* by his brother,

EDWARD, thirteenth baron. This nobleman espoused Catharina, daughter of Lieutenant General Tatton, and dying in the nineteenth year of his age, on the 9th October, 1724, without issue, was succeeded by his cousin,

WILLIAM, fourteenth baron (refer to issue of Sir Christopher Neville, second son of sixth baron). His lordship *m.* first, in 1725, Catharina, Lady Abergavenny, widow of the last lord, by whom he had an only son, GEORGE, his successor. He *m.* secondly, in 1732, the Lady Rebecca Herbert, daughter of Thomas, Earl of Pembroke, by whom he had one son, William, and three daughters. The baron *d.* on the 21st September, 1744, and was *s.* by his only son by his first lady,

GEORGE, fifteenth baron. His lordship *m.* on 5th February, 1733, Henrietta, daughter of Thomas Pelham, *esq.* of Stanmere, in the county of Sussex, and sister of Thomas, first Earl of Chichester, by whom he had issue,

HENRY, present earl.

George-Henry, in holy orders, of Flower-place, in the county of Surrey; *b.* 6th December, 1700; *m.* in 1787, Caroline, daughter of the Honourable Richard Walpole, and has issue, Henry-Walpole, in holy orders, *b.* 10th November, 1803.

Reginald-Henry, *b.* 14th Sept. 1807.

Henrietta, *m.* to Sir John Berners, *bart.* who *d.* in 1825.

His lordship was advanced, on the 17th May, 1784, to the dignities of *Viscount Neville* and *Earl of ABERGAVENNY*. He *d.* on the 10th September, 1786.

*Creations*—Barony of Abergavenny, originally

to William Beauchamp, 23d November, 1392. Sir Edward Neville, summoned 5th September, 1430. Earl and Viscount, 17th May, 1784.



**Arms**—Quarterly, first and fourth, gu. on a saltier, ar. a rose of the field, barbed and seeded ppr. for NEVILLE OF RABY; second and third, or, fretty, gu. on a canton, per pale, erm. and or, a galley sable, for NEVILLE OF BULMER.

**Crest**—A bull ar. pied sable armed gold, and charged on the neck with a rose, gu. barbed and seeded ppr.

**Supporters**—Two bulls, ar. pied sa. armed, unguled, collared and chained, and at the end of the chain two staples, or. Badges, on the dexter, a rose, gu. seeded, or, barbed vert; on the sinister, a portcullis, or.

**Motto**—Ne vile velis.

**Town Residence**—34, Berkeley-square.

**Seats**—Castle of Abergavenny, in the county of Monmouth; Eridge Park, and Kidbrook, in the county of Sussex.

**ABINGDON, EARL OF**, (Montagu Bertie, D.C.L.) and Baron Norreys, of Rycote, in the county of Oxford, High Steward of Abingdon, and lord-lieutenant of the county of Berks; *b.* 30th April, 1784; *s.* his father as fifth earl, on the 26th September, 1799; *m.* the 27th August, 1807, Emily, daughter of the late General the Honourable Thomas Gage; by whom he has issue,

MONTAGU, *Lord Norreys*, *b.* 19th June, 1808.

Henry-William, *b.* 10th Sept. 1812.

Brownlow-Charles, *b.* 19th August, 1819.

Charlotte-Margaret.

Emily Caroline, *m.* 31st July, 1830, to Charles, youngest son of Henry, present Earl of Bathurst.

His lordship is one of the coheirs to the barony of Williams of Thame.

### Lineage.

The first dignity of this branch of the House of Lindsey being derived from the ancient family of NORRIS, or NORREYS, we shall commence our genealogical detail with the Norris's: a family which had been seated at Speke, in Lancashire, long before King Henry the Third's time.

SIR WILLIAM NORRIS, of Pattenden, in the county of Berks, was one of the knights of the body to King Edward the Fourth, and in the second of Henry the Seventh, Sir William had a

command in the king's army at the battle of STROKE. He *m.* first, Isabel, daughter and heiress of Edmund Ingaldesthorp, and widow of John Nevill, Marquess of Montagu, by whom he had three sons, who all died young, and three daughters; Sir William *m.* secondly, Lady Jane De Vere, daughter of John, Earl of Oxford, and had issue,

SIR EDWARD NORRIS, Knight, who *m.* Frida-wide, daughter and coheir of Francis, Viscount Lovel, by whom he had issue,

John, Esquire of the body to King Henry VIII.

*m.* Elizabeth, sister of Edmund, Lord Bray, but died without issue.

Henry (Sir).

The younger son,

SIR HENRY NORRIS, succeeded Sir William Compton as Usher of the Black Rod, 23rd Oct., in the eighteenth of Henry VIII. "to bear the same before the king, or his lieutenant, at St. George's feast in the Castle of Windsor." He was also esquire of the body to the king, one of the gentlemen of the privy chamber, and constable of Wallingford Castle. "But," says Dugdale, "upon the first of May, there being a solemn just held at Greenwich, wherein George Bullen, Viscount Rochford, was chief challenger, and this Henry, principal defendant; the king suddenly departed thence, no cause for it being at all known (which much discomposed the whole company, particularly the Queen.) Some say, that she let fall her handkerchief, wherewith one (supposed her favourite) did wipe his face, and that it was perceived by the king. But whatever it was, the next morning, this Henry, with the Lord Rochford was committed to the tower, so likewise the queen: who, when she came thither, fell upon her knees, beseeching God so to help her, as she was not guilty of what she was accused. Others were also committed, at that time, upon the same account. It is reported, that she seemed to exclaim against this Henry, as if he had accused her; yet said they should both die together. But so they did not; nor on the same day; she being tried before the Duke of Norfolk (high steward for that occasion) and found guilty by her peers. He also, with the rest, soon after, and beheaded on the 14th of that month. It is likewise reported, that the king greatly favoured this Henry, and that he much grieved that he was to die with the rest: also, that thereupon he offered pardon to him; conditionally, that he would confess that whereof he was accused: but he answered resolutely: that, in his conscience, he thought the queen guiltless of the objected crime, but, whether she were or not, he could not accuse her of any thing, and that he had rather undergo a thousand deaths, than betray the innocent. Upon relation whereof to the king, he cried out, Hang him up; Hang him up then."

This unfortunate gentleman *m.* Mary, daughter of Thomas Lord Dacre of the south, and left a son, HENRY, and a daughter, Mary, who *m.* first, Sir George Carew, and secondly, Sir Authur Champernon. The son,

SIR HENRY NORRIS, of Rycote, in the county of Oxford, *knt.* was sent ambassador to the court

of France, in the 14th of Elizabeth; and having fulfilled the duties of his mission to the entire satisfaction of his royal mistress, was summoned to parliament as "Henrico Norris de Rycote, Chl'r" from 8th May, 1572, to 24th Oct. 1597. His lordship *m.* Margery, daughter and coheir of John, Lord Williams of Thame, and had issue,

William, Marshall of Berwick, *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Richard Morrison, *knt.* and dying before his father, left an only child, FRANCIS, who succeeded as second lord Norris.

John, (Sir) one of the most celebrated military characters of the reign of Elizabeth.

Edward, (Sir) Governor of Ostend.

Henry.

Thomas, President of Munster, and sometime Justice of Ireland.

His lordship *d.* in 1600, and was *s.* by his grandson, FRANCIS NORRIS, second Baron, Norris of Rycote, who was created Viscount Thame and Earl of Berkshire, on the 28th Jan. 1620. His lordship *m.* Lady Bridget de Vere, daughter of Edward, Earl of Oxford, by whom he had an only daughter and heiress,

Elizabeth, who *m.* Edward Wray, *esq.* groom of the bedchamber to King James the First, third son of Sir William Wray, of Glentworth, in the county of Lincoln, *knt.* and bart. and had an only daughter and heiress,

BRIDGET Wray, who *m.* first the Hon.

Edward Sackville, second son of Edward, fourth Earl of Dorset; and secondly Montagu, second Earl of Lindsey, (being his lordship's second wife) and had issue by Lord Lindsey,

JAMES BERTIE, of whom hereafter as Lord Norris or Norreys.

HENRY BERTIE, a captain in the army. Mary Bertie, *m.* to Charles Dormer, second Earl of Carnarvon, and *d.s.p.*

In the same year that his lordship had been advanced in the peerage, he put an end to his own life, when the earldom of Berkshire expired: but the barony of Norris, or Norreys, descended through his daughter to his great grandson,

THE HONOURABLE JAMES BERTIE, who was summoned to Parliament as *Baron Norreys, of Rycote*, on the 17th October, 1675, (with precedence from 8th May, 1572) and created *EARL OF ABINGDON* on the 20th November, 1682. His lordship was lord-lieutenant and custos rotulorum of the county of Oxford, before and after the Revolution, from 1674 to 1697, although he opposed the accession of the Prince of Orange to the throne, and subsequently the measures of the court. His lordship *m.* Eleanor, daughter and heiress of Sir Henry Lee, of Ditchley, in the county of Oxford, bart. and had six sons and three daughters. He *m.* secondly, in 1698, Catharine, eldest daughter and coheir of Sir Thomas Chamberlayne of Northbrook, bart. and widow of Richard, fourth Viscount Wenman, but had no issue. He *d.* 22nd May, 1699, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

MONTAGU, second earl. This nobleman *m.* twice: first, Anne, daughter and sole heiress of Peter Ve-

nables, Baron of Kinderton, by whom he had no child; and, secondly, Mary, the relict of General Charles Churchill, and daughter of James Gould, *esq.* of Dorchester, by whom he had one son, who *d.* 1718. The earl *d.* on the 15th June, 1743, and was *s.* by his nephew,

WILLOUGHBY, third earl, (eldest son of the Hon. James Bertie, by Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of George, seventh Lord Willoughby, of Parham;) *b.* 28th of November, 1692; *m.* in 1727, Anna-Maria, daughter of Sir John Collins, *knt.* by whom he had issue three sons and seven daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1760, and was *s.* (his eldest son, James, having been burnt to death in his bed, 12th October, 1745,) by his second son,

WILLOUGHBY, fourth earl, *b.* 16th Jan. 1740; *m.* 7th July, 1768, Charlotte, daughter and co-heiress of Admiral Sir Peter Warren, K.B. by whom (who *d.* 1794,) he had issue,

MONTAGU, present earl.

Willoughby, *b.* 24th June, 1787, *m.* 26th Nov. 1806, Catharine-Jane, daughter of Mr. Saunders, and *d.* in 1810.

Peregrine, *b.* 30th July, 1790.

Frederick, in holy orders; *b.* 12th Feb. 1793; *m.* in 1825, Georgina-Anne-Emily, second daughter of Admiral Lord Mark Kerr, and niece of the Marquess of Lothian, and has issue, Charlotte-Anne-Emily, *b.* in 1827.

Caroline, *m.* 23rd Jan. 1821, to Charles-John Baillie Hamilton, *esq.*

His lordship *d.* on the 26th September, 1790.

*Creations*—Baron by writ, 8th May, 1572. Earl, 30th November, 1682.



*Arms*—Ar. three battering rams, barways, in pale, ppr. headed and garnished, az.

*Crest*—A Saracen's head, couped, ppr. ducally crowned, or, charged on the chest with a fret, az.

*Supporters*—Dexter, a friar, vested in russet grey, with a crutch, rosary, &c. all ppr.; Sinister, a savage, ppr. wreathed about the temples and waist with leaves, vert, each supporter charged on the chest with a fret, az.

*Motto*—Virtus ariete fortior.

*Town Residence*—5, Great Stanhope-Street.

*Seat*—Wytham abbey, Berkshire.

ABOYNE, EARL OF, (George Gordon, K.T.) Baron Gordon, of Glenlivet and Strathaven, in the peerage of Scotland, and a peer of the United Kingdom, under the title of Baron Meldrum, of Morven, in the county of Aberdeen; *b.* 28th June, 1761; *m.* 4th April,

1791, Catherine, second daughter of Sir Charles Cope, of Brewerne, in the county of Oxford, bart. by whom he has issue,

CHARLES, *Lord Strathaven* a lord of the bed-chamber; *b.* 4th Jan. 1792; *m.* in March, 1826, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Henry, present Marquess Conyngham.

George, in holy orders, *b.* 27th March, 1794. John Frederick, lieutenant R.N., *b.* 15th August, 1799.

Henry, of the Hon. East India Company's military service, *b.* 31st August, 1802, *m.* 6th March, 1827, Miss Payne.

Cecil, *b.* 23rd Feb. 1806, an officer in the army. Francis, *b.* 20th January, 1808.

Catherine-Susan, *m.* 16th June, 1814, to the hon. Charles-Compton Cavendish, son of George, present Earl of Burlington, and has issue. Charlotte-Sophia.

The earl had another daughter, Mary, who *m.* Frederick Seymour, esq. and *d.* in June, 1828. His lordship, *s.* to the Scottish honors, as fifth earl, upon the death of his father, on 28th Dec. 1794, and obtained the peerage of the United Kingdom, by creation, on the 11th Aug. 1815. Lord Aboyne is colonel of the Aberdeen militia.

### Lineage.

LORD CHARLES GORDON, third son of George, second Marquess of Huntly, was elevated to the peerage by King Charles the Second on the 10th September, 1660, in consideration of his devotion to the royal cause, as *Lord Gordon of Strathaven, and Glenlivit*, and EARL OF ABOYNE; and the next year he had a charter under the great seal, of the whole lands and lordship of Aboyne. His lordship *m.* Lady Elizabeth Lyon, only daughter of John, second Earl of Kinghorn, by whom he had three sons and a daughter, Elizabeth, who *m.* John, second Earl of Cromarty. His lordship *d.* in March, 1681, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

CHARLES, second earl, who *m.* his cousin, Lady Elizabeth Lyon, second daughter of Patrick, third earl of Strathmore and Kinghorn; by whom he had one son and three daughters. His lordship *d.* in April, 1702, and was *s.* by his son,

JOHN, third earl. This nobleman *m.* Grace, daughter of George Lockhart, esq. of Carnwath, by whom he had issue,

CHARLES, his successor,

John, lieutenant-colonel of the 81st (Highland) regiment, *d.* in 1778, leaving issue by his wife Clementina, daughter of George Lockhart, esq. of Carnwath,

John, major general in hon. East India Company's service, *m.* in 1810, Eliza, daughter of Robert Morris, esq.

Grace-Margaret, *m.* to Wm. Graham, esq. Lockhart, judge advocate at Bengal, *d.* in 1786, leaving by his second wife, Catherine Wallop, only dau. of John, Visct. Lymington, Lockhart, in holy orders, *b.* in 1775.

Loudoun Harcourt, *b.* in 1780.

Catherine.

His lordship *d.* in 1732, and was *s.* by his eldest son, CHARLES, fourth earl, *b.* in 1730, who *m.* first,

on 22nd April, 1759, Lady Margaret Steward, third daughter of Alexander, sixth earl of Galloway, by whom he had

GEORGE, present peer.

Margaret, *m.* 5th May, 1783, to William Beckford, esq. of Ponthill Gifford, in the county of Wilts, and *d.* at the Castle de la Tour, in the Pays de Vaud, on 23rd May, 1786, leaving two daughters.

The Countess of Aboyne dying on the 12th August, 1702, the earl *m.* secondly, on 23rd April, 1774, Lady Mary Douglas, only surviving daughter of James, fourteenth earl of Morton, and had one son,

DOUGLAS GORDON, *b.* 10th October, 1777, who assumed the surname of *Halyburton*, upon succeeding to the extensive possessions of his maternal ancestors, the Halyburtons, of Pitcur, at the decease of his cousin, the Hon. Hamilton-Douglas Halyburton, in 1784; *m.* in 1807, Louisa, only child of Sir Edward Leslie, bart.

The earl *d.* on 28th December, 1794.

*Creations*—Earl, &c. of Scotland, 10th Sept. 1660. Baron of the United Kingdom, 11th Aug. 1815.



*Arms*—az. A chevron between three boars' heads couped, within a double tressure, flowered with fleurs-de-lis within, and adorned with crescents (for Seton) without, or.

*Crest*—A demi-lion, rampart, az.

*Supporters*—Two chevaliers, in complete armour, each supporting, with the exterior hand, a halbert, all ppr.

*Motto*—Stant cætera tigno.

*Town Residence*—20, Charles-st. Berkeley-sq.

*Seats*—Aboyne Castle, Aberdeenshire; Orton Longueville, Huntingdonshire.

ACLAND, SIR THOMAS-DYKE, baronet, of Columb-John, in the county of Devon; *b.* 29th March, 1787; *s.* his father, 17th May, 1794; *m.* on 7th April, 1808, Lydia-Elizabeth, only daughter of Henry Hoare, esq. of Mitcham Grove, Surrey, and has issue,

THOMAS-DYKE, *b.* 25th May, 1809.

Arthur-Henry-Dyke, *b.* 3rd May, 1811.

Charles-Baldwin-Dyke, *b.* 1st Nov. 1812.

Peter-Leopold-Dyke, *b.* 3rd June, 1819.

John-Barton-Arundel, *b.* 25th Nov. 1823.

A son, *b.* in January, 1828.

Lydia-Dorothea, *b.* 18th April, 1814.

Agnes-Lucy, *b.* 19th Sept. 1821.

Sir Thomas is the tenth baronet.

**Lineage.**

The family of Acland boasts of considerable antiquity, the present baronet being the twenty-third in lineal descent from *Hugh de Accalen*, who was seated at Accalen, in the middle of the twelfth century.

1. **JOHN ACLAND**, esq. the first baronet, was raised to that dignity on 1st of March, 1644-5; but the letters patent being destroyed during the civil wars, new ones were granted in 1667, (twenty years after the decease of the first baronet,) wherein a special clause of precedence was inserted from the date of the first letters. Sir John was distinguished by his zealous devotion to the cause of royalty; and at one time the garrison of Columb-John was the only armed force (according to Lord Clarendon) which the unfortunate Charles had in the whole county of Devon. Sir John Acland m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Francis Vincent, bart. by whom he had three sons and two daughters. He d. on the 14th August, 1647, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. **SIR FRANCIS**, who died unmarried in 1649, and was s. by his brother,

3. **SIR JOHN**. This gentleman m. Margaret, daughter of Denys Rolle, esq. of Stevenstone, in the county of Devon, and dying during his minority in 1635, left one daughter, Margaret, who m. Lord Arundel, of Trerice, and a son, his successor,

4. **SIR ARTHUR**, at whose decease in minority and unmarried, the title reverted to his uncle, (the third son of the first baronet)

5. **SIR HUGH**, who m. Anne, daughter of Sir Thomas Daniel, knt. of Berwick Hall, in the county of York, by whom he had six sons and a daughter. His eldest son, John, dying in 1702, Sir Hugh was s. by his grandson, (John's eldest son by Elizabeth, daughter of Richard Ackland, esq. of Fremington)

6. **SIR HUGH**, M.P. who m. Cecily, eldest daughter, and eventually sole heiress (upon the decease issueless of her only sister Elizabeth, wife of Thomas Palmer, esq. of Fairfield, in the county of Somerset,) of Sir Thomas Wrothe, of Pentherston Park, bart. (a lineal descendant of Sir Hugh de Flacetis, brother of John, Earl of Warwick, temp. Henry the Third,) by whom he had surviving issue, **THOMAS**, his successor.

Arthur, who, upon the demise of his maternal relative, Peregrine Palmer, esq. M.P. for the University of Oxford, inherited the Palmer estates, and settled at Fairfield, in the county of Somerset. The eldest son of this gentleman was created a baronet in 1818. (See Palmer-Acland.)

Hugh, posthumous.

Anne.

Sir Hugh was s. at his decease by his eldest son,

7. **SIR THOMAS**. This gentleman m. Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Thomas Dyke, esq. of Tetton, by whom (who d. in 1753) he had issue, **JOHN DYKE**, of Pixton, M.P. major of the 20th regiment of foot, and colonel of the first battalion of the Devonshire militia. Colonel Acland d. in 1778, leaving issue by his wife, lady Christian-Harriet-Caroline Fox, daughter of Stephen, Earl of Ilchester, **JOHN**, successor to the title.

Elizabeth, m. to the present Earl of Carnarvon when Lord Porchester, and d. in 1813.

Thomas, eventual inheritor of the title.

Sir Thomas d. on the 24th of February, 1785, and was s. by his grandson,

8. **SIR JOHN**, at whose decease, in 1785, the title reverted to his uncle,

9. **SIR THOMAS**. This gentleman m. on the 4th July, 1785, Henrietta, daughter of Sir Richard Hoare, bart. of Stourhead, in the county of Wilts, and had issue,

**THOMAS-DYKE**, present baronet.

Hugh-Dyke, m. in 1817, Mrs. Ellen-Jane Robinson, widow of the Rev. William Robinson, and dau. of Dean Woodhouse, of Lichfield. Charles-Richard, Capt. R.N. m. in 1819, Miss Templar, of Stovar, in the county of Devon, and d. in 1828.

Frances-Henrietta, m. in 1812, to the Rev. John Grover Fortescue.

Elizabeth-Lucy, m. in 1823, to Captain Henry Jenkinson, R.N. of Aveston, in the county of Warwick.

Sir Thomas d. on the 17th of May, 1794.

Creation—1st March, 1644-5.



**Arms**—Quarterly, first and fourth, chequy, ar. and sa., a fess, gules. second and third arg. on a bend, sa. three lions' heads erased, of the field, crowned, or.

**Crest**—On a wreath, a man's hand, couped at the wrist, in a glove, lying fessways, thereon a falcon, perched, all pyr.

**Motto**—Inébranlable.

**Seats**—Kellerton, and Holincote, in the county of Somerset.

**ACLAND-PALMER, SIR PEREGRINE PALMER**, baronet, of Fairfield, in the county of Somerset, b. 10th November, 1789, m. 7th November, 1815, Fanny, second daughter of William Leader, esq. of Putney Hill, in the county of Surrey, by whom he has issue, an only daughter,

Frances-Elizabeth, b. 28th May, 1830.

Sir Peregrine, s. to the title as second baronet, at the decease of his father, on the 23rd February, 1831.

**Lineage.**

This is a branch of the ancient Devonshire House of Acland, of Columb-John, springing from **ARTHUR ACLAND**, esq. second surviving son of Sir Hugh Acland, the sixth baronet of Columb-

## ACT

John, which Arthur, upon inheriting the estates of his maternal relatives, the Palmers, at the decease of Peregrine Palmer, esq. M.P. for the University of Oxford, settled at one of those, Fairfield, in Somersetshire. Mr. Acland, m. Elizabeth, daughter of William Oxenham, esq. of Oxenham, in the county of Devon; by whom, with other children, he left at his decease, in 1771,

1. JOHN ACLAND, esq. of Fairfield, in the county of Somerset, b. 11th Feb. 1756, who m. first, in 1781, Elizabeth, daughter of John Rose Fuller, esq. of Rosehill, in the county of Sussex, and had issue,

PEREGRINE-PALMER, present baronet.

Maria.

Frances-Anne.

Henrietta.

He wedded, secondly, 5th November, 1818, Sarah-Maria, daughter of Robert Knipe, esq. of New-Lodge, in the county of Herts, and widow of Philip Gibbs, esq. Mr. Acland assumed, by sign manual, the additional surname of PALMER, in 1818, and was created a BARONET on the 3rd of October, in the same year. He d. 23rd February, 1831.

Creation—3rd October, 1818.



*Arms*—Quarterly, first and fourth, for ACLAND, same as Acland of Columb-John; second and third, for PALMER, or, two bars, sa. charged with six trefoils, slipped, argent, in chief a greyhound, current, sa.

*Crests*—For ACLAND, same as Acland of Columb-John. For PALMER, a demi-panther gardant, argent, spotted gules, vert, or, and azure, alternately; flames issuant from the mouth and ears, and holding a palm branch, ppr.

*Mottos*—"Inébranlable," for ACLAND. Over the crest "Palma virtuti," for PALMER.

*Seats*—Fairfield, Somersetshire, and New House, Devon.

ACTON, SIR FERDINAND-RICHARD-EDWARD, baronet, of Aldenham Hall, in the county of Salop; b. 24th of July, 1801; s. to the title, as seventh baronet, upon the demise of his father, on the 12th of August, 1811.

### Lineage.

WALTER ACTON, esq. of Aldenham, (tenth in lineal descent from William de Acton Burnel, who lived in the reign of Edward the Third, married Frances, daughter and heiress of Edward Acton, esq. of Acton Scott, in the county of Salop, and was s. by his son,

1. EDWARD ACTON, esq. of Aldenham Hall, who,

## ACT

for his staunch loyalty to King Charles the First, was created a baronet on the 17th Jan. 1644. Sir Edward m. Sarah, daughter of Richard Mitton, esq. of Halston, in the county of Salop; and, dying in 1669, was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR WALTER, M.P., who m. Catherine, daughter of Richard Cressett, esq. of Upton Cressett, Shropshire, and was s. at his decease, in 1666, by his eldest son,

3. SIR EDWARD, M.P., This gentleman m. Mary, dau. and heiress of ——— Walter, esq. of Somersetshire. He d. in 1716, and was s. by his eldest son,

4. SIR WHITMORE, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Matthew Gibbon, esq. (the ancestor of the Roman historian). Sir Whitmore d. on the 17th of January, 1731-2, leaving three daughters and one son, his successor,

5. SIR RICHARD, b. 1st January, 1711-12; m. in 1744, Anne, daughter of Henry, third Earl of Stamford, by whom he had one son, who d. unmarried in 1762; and one daughter, Elizabeth, who espoused Philip Langdale, esq. of Boughton and Stanton, in the county of York, by whom she had no issue. Sir Richard died 26th November, 1791, and demised his estates between his cousin (in the third degree) John-Francis-Edward Acton, the successor to the title, and his son-in-law, Mr. Langdale, during the life-time of his daughter, but to revert, upon her death without issue, to his heir-at-law. In the event of a total failure of issue, the estates to devolve upon Major Barnston, the son of his sister Elizabeth.

6. SIR JOHN-FRANCIS-EDWARD, the sixth baronet, was great-great-grandson to Sir Walter, the second, being the great-grandson of his second son Walter. Sir John, who was b. in 1736, m. (by dispensation of the Sovereign Pontiff) Mary-Anne Acton, his niece, by whom he had issue,

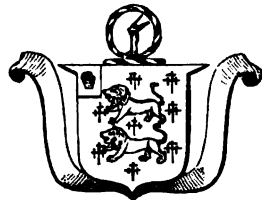
FERDINAND-RICHARD-EDWARD, the present baronet.

Charles-Januarius-Edward.

Elizabeth.

Sir John-Francis-Edward Acton became commander-in-chief of the land and sea forces of Naples, and was several years Neapolitan prime minister. He d. at Palermo on the 12th of August, 1811.

Creation—17th of January, 1644.



*Arms*—Gu. two lions passant, argent, between nine cross crosslets fitchée, or.

*Crest*—In a wreath, on a torse, a human leg and thigh in armour, couped, and dropping blood, all ppr. embellished, or.

*Seats*—Aldenham, Round Acton; and Aldenham, county of Salop.



**AFFLECK, SIR JAMES**, baronet, of Dalham Hall, in the county of Suffolk, Lieutenant-General in the Army, and Lieutenant-Colonel of the 16th regiment of Dragoons; *b.* 29th of April, 1759; *s.* to the title at the demise of his cousin, Sir Gilbert. Sir James is the third baronet.

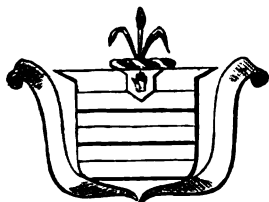
### Lineage.

The baronetcy, with remainder to the children of his brother, was conferred, on the 28th of May, 1782, upon

1. **EDWARD AFFLECK**, esq. a gallant naval officer, for his distinguished conduct in the command of the centre division in the memorable engagement of the 12th of April, 1782, between Admiral Sir George Rodney, and the French squadron under Count de Grasse. Sir Edward *m.* twice, but dying without issue, was *s.* according to the limitation, by his nephew,

2. **SIR GILBERT**, who *m.* the relict of Richard Vassal, esq. of Jamaica, and dying without issue, in 1808, the title devolved upon his first cousin, James Affleck, esq. the present baronet, who is only son of the Rev. James Affleck, brother of the first baronet, by Mary, only daughter of — Proctor, esq.

*Creation*—28th May, 1782.



*Arms*—Ar., three bars, sa.

*Motto*—Pretiosum quod uti.

*Seat*—Dalham Hall, Suffolk.

**AGNEW, SIR ANDREW**, baronet of Lochnaw, in the county of Wigton, and M.P. for that Shire; *b.* on the 21st of March, 1793; inherited the title as seventh baronet, upon the demise of his grandfather, on the 28th June, 1809; *m.* on the 11th June, 1816, Madalene, daughter of Sir David Carnegie, of Southesk, baronet, by whom he has issue,

*Andrew*, *b.* 2nd January, 1818.

*John de Courcy-Andrew*, *b.* 11th October, 1819.

*David-Carnegie-Andrew*, *b.* 3rd May, 1821.

*James-Andrew*, *b.* 21st June, 1822.

*Agnes*, *b.* 1st May, 1825.

### Lineage.

This ancient family held, for many generations, the office of hereditary sheriff of the county of Wigton.

1. **SIR PATRICK AGNEW**, knt. (son of Sir Andrew Agnew, of Lochnaw, knt.) was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* on the 28th of July, 1629, and, in 1633, represented the county of Wigton in par-

liament. He *m.* Margaret, daughter of Sir Thomas Kennedy, of Culsean, and dying in 1661, was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR ANDREW**, who, in his father's life-time, upon the suppression of heritable jurisdiction, was appointed (1656,) by the Protector Cromwell, sheriff of all Galloway, (which included the shires of Wigton and Kirkcudbright;) but upon the restoration of the monarchy, in 1661, he was reinstated in his hereditary sheriffalty. Sir Andrew *m.* Lady Anne Stewart, daughter of Alexander, first Earl of Galloway, and was *s.* at his decease, in 1671, by his eldest son,

3. **SIR ANDREW**. This gentleman, upon refusing the test oath in 1693, was ejected by the Privy Council of Scotland from his office; but was restored at the revolution in 1690, by the convention of estates, of which he was a member. He *m.* Jane, daughter of Sir Thomas Hay of Park, baronet, and dying in 1698, was *s.* by his son,

4. **SIR JAMES**, who *m.* Lady Mary Montgomerie, daughter of Alexander, third Earl of Eglington, and had twenty-one children. He was *s.* by his eldest son,

5. **SIR ANDREW**, a lieutenant-general in the army, who, at the final abolition of hereditary jurisdictions in Scotland, (1747,) received four thousand pounds sterling, as compensation for his sheriffalty. Sir Andrew *m.* his cousin Eleanor, only daughter of Thomas Agnew, esq. by whom he had seven sons and eleven daughters. The eldest son, Captain Agnew, *m.* a daughter of William Dunbar, esq. but *d.* the year following without issue. Sir Andrew *d.* in 1771, at the advanced age of 84, and was *s.* by his fifth, but eldest surviving son,

6. **SIR STAIR**. This gentleman *m.* Mary, daughter of Thomas Baillie, of Polkemmet, esq. by whom he had issue two sons and three daughters: Andrew, the eldest son, an officer in the army, *m.* the Hon. Martha de Courcy, eldest daughter of John, twenty-sixth Lord Kinsale, and *d.* on the 11th September, in the year of his marriage, leaving a posthumous son, **ANDREW**, the present baronet. Sir Stair *d.* on the 28th June, 1800.

*Creation*—28th July, 1629.



*Arms*—Ar. a chev. between two cinquefoils in chief, gules, and a saltire, coupéd, in base, az.

*Crest*—An eagle, issuant and regardant, ppr.

*Supporters*—Two heraldic tigers proper, colored and chained, or.

*Motto*—Consilio non impetu.

*Seat*—Lochnaw Castle, Stranrear, Wigtonshire.

**AILESBUURY, MARQUESS AND EARL OF**, (Charles-Bruce Brudenell-Bruce, K.T.) Earl Bruce, Viscount Savernake, and Baron Bruce; *b.* 14th February, 1773; *m.* 10th of April, 1793, Henrietta-Maria, daughter of Noel, first Lord Berwick; by whom (who *d.* 2nd January, 1831) he has issue,

GEORGE-WILLIAM-FREDERICK, *Earl Bruce*, *b.* 20th November, 1804.

Ernest-Augustus-Charles, *b.* 8th January, 1811. Maria-Caroline-Anne, *m.* on the 17th July, 1819, Comte de Mondreville, Colonel of the late Royal garde-du-corps, and *knt.* of St. Louis, &c.

Augusta-Frederica-Louisa, *m.* in 1826, to Thomas-Frederick-Vernon Wentworth, *esq.* of Wentworth Castle, in the county of York. Mary-Anne-Jemima.

Elizabeth.

His lordship succeeded to the earldom and barony, as second earl, upon the decease of his father, on the 19th April, 1814, and was created, on the 17th July, 1821, Viscount Savernake, Earl Bruce, and MARQUESS OF AILESBUURY.

### Lineage.

The barony of *Bruce of Whorlton*, in the county of York, was conferred by King Charles the First, (the 1st August, 1641,) upon

THOMAS BRUCE, third *Lord Bruce* of Kinloss, who had previously (18th July, 1633) been elevated to the Scottish *Earldom of Elgin*. His lordship *m.* first, Anne, daughter of Sir Robert Chichester, of Raleigh, in the county of Devon, *knt.* by whom (who *d.* in 1627) he had an only son, ROBERT, his successor. He espoused, secondly, Anne, daughter and coheir of William, Lord Burghley, and widow of Henry de Vere, Earl of Oxford, but had no issue. His lordship *d.* 21st December, 1663, and was *s.* by his son,

ROBERT, second Earl of Elgin, Baron Bruce of Kinloss, and Baron Bruce of Whorlton, who, for the very essential services rendered to King Charles the First, and his lordship's active exertions in promoting the Restoration, was created in the English Peerage, on the 18th of March, 1663-4, *Baron Bruce, of Skelton, in the county of York; Viscount Bruce, of Amphil, in the county of Bedford; and Earl of Aylesbury, in the county of Bucks*. His lordship *m.* Diana, daughter of Henry Grey, first Earl of Stamford, by whom he had eight sons and nine daughters. At the coronation of King James the Second, 23rd April, 1685, the Earl of Aylesbury was one of the lords who bore St. Edward's staff; and he was appointed on the 30th July following LORD CHAMBERLAIN OF THE HOUSEHOLD. He died on the 20th October, in the same year, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

THOMAS, third Earl of Elgin and second Earl of Aylesbury, who *m.* 31st August, 1676, Elizabeth, only surviving daughter of Henry, Lord Beauchamp, son of William, Marquess of Hertford, (afterwards second Duke of Somerset) and at the

death of her brother, William, third Duke of Somerset, 20th September, 1671, *sole heir to Tottenham Park and Savernake Forest in Wiltshire*, besides divers estates in that and other counties. By this great heiress his lordship had issue,

CHARLES, his successor, who was summoned to parliament in the lifetime of his father, as Lord Bruce.

Elizabeth, *m.* to George Brudenell, third Earl of Cardigan, by whom she had four sons; the youngest of whom,

THOMAS, succeeded his uncle, the Earl of Aylesbury, in the Barony of Bruce, of Tottenham.

The Earl of Aylesbury, although amongst the first to invite the Prince of Orange into England, as a mediator between the crown and the people, peremptorily refused to sanction his advancement to the crown, or to swear allegiance to the government of the revolution. In 1690-1, during King William's absence in Ireland, Queen Mary issued a proclamation for the apprehension of his lordship, with other suspected persons, but he was not then imprisoned, but in a few years afterwards, being accused of attending meetings at the Old King's Head Tavern, in Leadenhall-street, for the restoration of King James, he was committed to the Tower, which so affected the countess that she died in childbed, on 12th January, 1696-7; but the earl was admitted to bail on 12th February, following. His lordship afterwards obtained leave from King William to reside at Brussels, where he married Charlotte, Countess of Sannu, of the ancient and noble house of Argenteau, in the duchy of Brabant, and by her, who *d.* 23rd July, 1710, he had an only daughter,

Charlotte-Maria, who *m.* in 1722, the Prince of Horne, and *d.* in 1736, leaving several children.

His lordship *d.* in November, 1741, and was *s.* by his only surviving son,

CHARLES, fourth Earl of Elgin, and third Earl of Aylesbury. This nobleman *m.* first, Lady Anne Savile, eldest daughter and coheir of William, Marquess of Halifax, by whom he had

ROBERT, Lord Bruce, who *m.* Frances, daughter of Sir William Blacket, *bart.* and died *s. p.* in the lifetime of his father.

Mary, *m.* in 1728, to Henry Brydges, Marquess of Carnarvon, afterwards Duke of Chandos. Elizabeth, *m.* to the Hon. Bessy Bathurst, *d. s. p.*

His lordship *m.* secondly, Lady Juliana Boyle, second daughter of Charles, Earl of Burlington, but had no issue. He espoused, thirdly, in 1739, Caroline, only daughter of General John Campbell, of Manmore, who was afterwards Duke of Argyll, and had an only daughter,

Mary, *m.* in 1757, to Charles, Duke of Richmond, and *d.* in 1796, *s. p.*

In consequence of the failure of male issue, his lordship obtained, 17th of April, 1746, by patent, the *Barony of Bruce of Tottenham, in the county of Wills*, with remainder to his nephew, the Honorable Thomas Brudenell; and, dying the 10th of February, 1747, the Earldom of Aylesbury, &c. became extinct: the Scottish titles devolved upon

Charles, ninth Earl of Kincardine, and the barony of Bruce, created as above, descended to his nephew,

THE HONORABLE THOMAS BRUDENELL, second baron, who thereupon assumed the name and arms of Bruce, in addition to those of his own family. His lordship *m.* first, 17th February, 1761, Susanna, daughter of Henry Hoare, of Stourhead, county of Wilts, esq., and relict of Viscount Dungarvon; by whom he had issue,

CHARLES, present Marquess.

Caroline-Anne, *d.* unmarried in 1824.

Frances-Elizabeth, *m.* to Sir Henry Wright-Wilson, knt. of Chelsea Park, in the county of Middlesex.

He *m.* secondly, in February, 1788, Anne, eldest daughter of John, first Earl of Moira. Lord Bruce was created, 8th of June, 1776, EARL OF AYLESBURY. His lordship *d.* 19th April, 1814.

*Creation*—Baron, 17th April, 1746. Earl, 8th June, 1776. Marquess, &c. 17th July, 1821.



*Arms*.—For BRUCE, quarterly, first and fourth, *ar.* a saltire and chief, *gu.* on a canton, *ar.* a lion rampant, *az.* For BRUDENELL, second and third *ar.* a chev. *gu.* between three morions or steel caps, *az.*

*Crest*.—A seahorse naiant, *ppr.*

*Supporters*.—Two savages, *ppr.* wreathed round the loins and temples vert.

*Motto*.—Think and Think.

*Town Residence*.—41, Grosvenor-square.

*Seats*.—Tottenham Park, Wilts; Jervaux Abbey, Yorkshire; East Sheen, Surrey.

AILSA, MARQUESS OF, (Archibald Kennedy, K.T. and F.R.S.) and Baron Ailsa, of Ailsa, in the county of Ayr, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; Earl of Cassilis and Lord Kennedy in the Peerage of Scotland; a Baronet of Nova Scotia; *b.* in February, 1770; *m.* 1st of June, 1793, Margaret, second daughter of John Erskine, esq. of Dun in the county of Angus, by whom he has had issue,

ARCHIBALD, *Earl of Cassilis*, *b.* 4th June, 1794; *m.* 1st May, 1814, Eleanor, only daughter and heiress of John Allardyce, esq. of Dundoda, and has

ARCHIBALD, *Viscount Kennedy*, *b.* in April, 1815.

Alexander, *b.* in 1818.

John, *b.* in 1819.

David, *b.* in 1820.

Gilbert, *b.* in 1822.

D

William, *b.* in 1823.

Fergus, *b.* in 1826.

Nigel, *b.* in 1828.

Eleanor.

John, *b.* 4th June, 1802, *m.* 5th July, 1827, Lady Augusta Fitz-Clarence, fourth daughter of the KING. This gentleman, upon inheriting Dun and the other estates of his grandfather, assumed the additional surname of ERSKINE. He died at Pisa, 6th March, 1831, leaving issue,

William-Henry.

Wilhelmina.

Augusta-Mary.

Anne, *m.* 10th August, 1821, to Sir David Baird, bart. of Newbyth.

Mary.

Margaret, *m.* to Thomas, present Earl of Newburgh.

Alicia Jane, *m.* to Col. Jonathan Peel.

His lordship *s.* to the Scottish honors, as twelfth earl, and to the baronetcy, upon the demise of his father, 29th December, 1794, and was created a peer of the United Kingdom, as Baron Ailsa, 4th November, 1806. He was advanced to the Marquisate in September, 1831.

### Lineage.

DUNCAN DE CARRICK, proprietor of a considerable estate in the district of Carrick, in the county of Ayr, was father of

NICOL DE CARRICK, who granted the church of St. Cuthbert, at Maybole, to the nuns of North Berwick, in 1220; from this Nicol descended

SIR GILBERT DE CARRICK, knt. who obtained from Malcolm, Earl of Lennox, a charter of the lands of *Kennady*, &c. This Sir Gilbert was one of the prisoners taken at the battle of Durham, in 1346.

About this time the family began to drop the ancient name of Carrick, and to assume that of Kennedy. Alexander Kennedy, *clerk*, Canon of Glasgow, Chancellor to John Balgill, King of Scotland, one of those who swore fealty to King Edward the First, in 1296, is the first of the name on record.

SIR JOHN KENNEDY, designated son of Sir Gilbert de Carrick in many authenticated writs, obtained a confirmatory charter from King David the Second, of the lands of CASTLYS in the county of Ayr, with other territorial possessions which he had acquired with his wife, Mary, daughter of Sir John Montgomery. He was *s.* by his son,

SIR GILBERT KENNEDY, one of the hostages delivered to the English in 1357, for the liberation of King David the Second. This gentleman was *s.* by his son,

SIR JAMES KENNEDY, who carried on the line of the family, and obtained from King ROBERT the Third a charter of confirmation of the bailiary of Carrick, to be *Caput totius proesapie*, and to have the command of the militia of Carrick, &c.; the king's charter bears, "*delecto consanguineo suo Jacobo Kennedy Militi*," &c. Sir James *m.*

the Lady MARY STEWART, widow of George Douglas, Earl of Angus, and daughter of King Robert III. and got a confirmation from that monarch, then his father-in-law, of the lands and barony of Dalrymple, to himself and the Princess his wife, dated at Dundonald, in 1485. Sir James Kennedy was s. by his eldest son,

SIR GILBERT KENNEDY, knt. who was elevated to the peerage of Scotland, in 1452, by the title of *Lord Kennedy*; and, in 1460, was appointed one of the six Regents of the kingdom, during the minority of King James the Third. His lordship m. Catherine, daughter of Herbert Lord Maxwell, by whom he had three sons and two daughters: the latter were Catherine, wife of Alexander, second Lord Montgomery, and Mariot, the wife of Sir John Wallace, of Craigie. His lordship was s. by his elder son,

JOHN, second lord, who m. first, Elizabeth, daughter of Alexander, Lord Montgomery, by whom he had a son, DAVID. His lordship espoused, secondly, Lady Elizabeth Gordon, daughter of George, Earl of Huntly, and had three sons and two daughters. He was s. in 1506 by his eldest son,

DAVID, third lord. This nobleman, being of the privy-council of King James IV., was created, by that monarch, in 1502, EARL OF CASSILIS. His lordship m. first, Agnes, daughter of William, Lord Bothwick, by whom he had three sons. He espoused, secondly, Mary, daughter of Thomas Boyd, Earl of Arran, relict of Alexander, Lord Forbes. The earl fell at the battle of Flodden, and was s. by his son,

GILBERT, second earl. This nobleman, who m. Isabel, daughter of Archibald, Earl of Argyll, was murdered in December, 1527, in endeavouring to rescue James the Fifth from the Earl of Angus. He was s. by his son,

GILBERT, third earl, who filled the high office of lord treasurer of Scotland, and assisted, as a deputy Scottish peer, in 1538, at the marriage of the ill-fated Mary Stuart with Francis, Dauphin of France. The ceremony was celebrated with great pomp, but when the crown matrimonial was demanded, the Scotch deputies, in a respectful but firm manner, discovered a fixed resolution of consenting to nothing that tended to introduce any alteration in the order of succession to the crown. This opposition to the views of the French court gave great offence, and occasioned a report that poison was administered to the deputies, of whom Lord Fleming died at Paris, and the Earls of Cassilis and Rothes, and Bishop Reil, president of the Court of Session, at Dieppe, all three in one night, 28th November, 1558. His lordship m. Margaret, daughter of Alexander Kennedy, of Bargany, and had, with two daughters,

GILBERT, his successor.

Thomas, of Cullinan, who received the honour of knighthood at the coronation of King James VI. He m. Elizabeth, daughter of David Macgill, of Cranston-riddel, and had three sons. Sir Thomas fell a victim to revenge, being assassinated by Kennedy, of Drummurchie. His youngest son,

SIR ALEXANDER KENNEDY, of Cullinan,

eventually carried on the line of the family. He m. a daughter of Kennedy, of Ardmillan, and had two sons. The younger,

ALEXANDER, of Craigoach, was s. by his son,

JOHN, of Kilkenzie, who was s. by his son,

ARCHIBALD, who inherited as eleventh Earl of Cassilis.

Sir Alexander was s. by his elder son, JOHN KENNEDY, esq. of Cullinan, who m. the Hon. Margaret Hamilton, eldest daughter of John, first Lord Bargany, and was s. by his son,

SIR ARCHIBALD KENNEDY, who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, 10th December, 1682. He m. Hon. Elizabeth Lealie, daughter of David, first Lord Newark; and dying in 1710 was s. by his son,

SIR JOHN, second baronet, who m. Jane Douglas, of the family of Mains, by whom he had no less than twenty children. He d. in 1742, and was s. by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, third baronet, who d. in 1744, and was s. by his brother,

SIR THOMAS, fourth baronet, who s. as NINTH EARL OF CASSILIS.

Gilbert, third earl, was s. by his elder son,

GILBERT, fourth earl, who m. Margaret Lyon, daughter of John, ninth Lord Glemis, and dying in 1576, was s. by his eldest son,

JOHN, fifth earl, lord-treasurer of Scotland. This nobleman dying without issue, in 1615, the honors devolved upon his nephew,

JOHN, sixth earl, who married first, Lady Jean Hamilton, daughter of Thomas, first Earl of Had-dington, by whom he had

Margaret, m. to Gilbert Burnet, Bishop of Salisbury, the well known historian.

Catherine, m. to William, Lord Cochrane, son of the first Earl of Dundonald, who predeceased his father, leaving issue.

His lordship m. secondly, Margaret, daughter of William, Earl of Errol, and widow of Lord Kerr, by whom he had a daughter, and his successor in 1668,

JOHN, seventh earl, who m. Susan, youngest daughter of James, first Duke of Hamilton, and dying in 1701, was s. by his grandson,

JOHN, eighth earl, with whom the male issue of this branch of the family ceased. His lordship dying 7th August, 1759, and leaving no child, the family honors reverted to

SIR THOMAS KENNEDY, fourth bart. of Cullinan. (Revert to descendants of Hon. Thomas Kennedy, second son of Gilbert, third earl. His lordship did not, however, obtain those until the house of lords had resolved, the 27th January, 1762, "that he had

right to the title and dignity of Earl of Cassilis, as heir male of David, first earl; and to the title of Lord Kennedy, as heir of Gilbert, first lord." The earl dying unmarried, 30th November, 1775, was s. by his brother,

DAVID, tenth earl; at whose decease, 8th December, 1792, without issue, this branch became also extinct, and the honors reverted to his kinsman, (revert to descendants of Hon. Thomas Kennedy, second son of third earl.)

ARCHIBALD KENNEDY, capt. R. N. as eleventh Earl of Cassilis. His lordship, who was a distinguished officer, m. twice, and had by his second wife, Anne, daughter of John Watts, esq. of New York,

ARCHIBALD, his successor.

John.

Robert, m. and has issue.

Anne, m. in 1795, to William-Henry Digby, esq. and d. in 1820.

His lordship d. 30th December, 1794.

*Creations*—Barony, 1452. Earldom, 1502. Baronetcy, 1692. Barony, U. K. 4th Nov. 1806. Marquissate, 1831. No patent of creation exists to either the Barony of Kennedy or Earldom of Cassilis, and it is held by the law of Scotland, that titles of honor, when not otherwise limited by patent, are hereditary in the heirs of the first grantee. Upon this principle, Sir Thomas Kennedy succeeded in 1759, by the decision of the House of Lords.



*Arms*—Ar. a chev. gu. betw. three cross crosslets, fitchee, sa. all within a double tressure, flory, counterflory, of the second.

*Crest*—A dolphin, naiant, ppr.

*Supporters*—Two swans ppr. beaked and membered, gu.

*Motto*—Avisé la fin.

*Town Residence*—Privy Gardens.

*Seats*—Culscan Castle, Ayrshire; Cassilis House, on the river Dun, in the same county; Newark Castle, also in Scotland; and St. Margaret's, Midlothian.

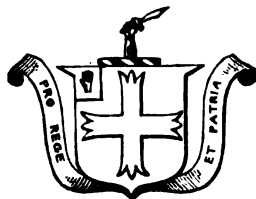
AINSLIE, SIR ROBERT-SHARPE, baronet, of Great Torrington, in the county of Lincoln, succeeded to the title as second baronet upon the decease of his uncle, on the 22nd July, 1812.

### *Lineage.*

1. SIR ROBERT-SHARPE AINSIE, knt. (second son of George Ainslie, esq. of Pilton, in the county of Edinburgh, by Jane, daughter of Sir Philip An-

struther, bart.) having filled for several years the high office of ambassador to the Sublime Porte, was created a baronet, on the 19th November, 1804, with remainder, in default of male issue, to the eldest son, and other issue male of his eldest brother, and dying on the 22nd July, 1812, the title devolved, accordingly, upon his nephew, ROBERT SHARPE AINSIE, the present baronet, who is eldest son of the late General George Ainslie, by Anne, daughter of Samuel Sharpe, esq.

*Creation*—19th November, 1804.



*Arms*—Or, a cross, flowered, gules, with a mullet for difference.

*Crest*—A dexter hand and arm grasping a scimitar, ppr.

*Motto*—Pro rege et patria.

*Seat*—Great Torrington, Lincolnshire.

AIRLIE, ALYTH, AND LINTRA-THEN, EARL OF, (David Ogilvie,) and Baron Ogilvy, of Airlie, in the peerage of Scotland; b. in 1785; s. his father, Walter, and assumed these his hereditary titles in 1819, which were confirmed to his lordship by act of parliament, on the 26th May, 1826; m. on the 7th October, 1812, Clementina Drummond, only child and heiress of Gavin, Drummond, esq. third son of James Drummond, and coheir of Alexander Graham, of Duntroon (male heir of the celebrated Viscount Dundee), and he has issue,

DAVID-GRAHAM-DRUMMOND, Lord Ogilvy, b. 4th May, 1826.

Jean, b. 27th February, 1818.

Clementina-Drummond, b. 22nd June, 1810.

Maria-Anne, b. July, 1827.

The Earl is lord-lieutenant of the county of Forfar, and was formerly captain in the 42nd Royal Highlanders. His lordship is twenty-seventh in descent from the first Thane of Angus, and is the sixth earl and twelfth baron in possession of his honors.

### *Lineage.*

This noble family is of remote origin, and has been distinguished by numerous instances of loyalty and attachment to the crown. It has given rise to the Earls of Findlater and Seafield, the Barons of Banff, and other eminent houses of

North Britain; and though its descent from Dubrican, the son of Indechtraig, Maormor or Thane of Angus, who died in 930, is capable of distinct proof, it will be sufficient for this work to commence with its more recent progenitor in the fifth generation,

GILCHRIST (or Gille Chriosda, signifying the servant of Christ), the fifth Earl, or Thane, of Angus, in 1120, whose son,

GILBREDD, or GILBERT, Thane of Angus, fought in the battle of the Standard in 1138; was one of the hostages for the release of *King William the Lion* from the English, in 1174; and died in 1180, leaving issue by a daughter of Earl Cospatrick, sister of Waldeve, first Earl of Dunbar, inter alios, a third son,

GILBERT, who obtained from *William the Lion* the lands of Pourie, OGILVIE, and others, and thence assumed the surname of OGILVIE. From him lineally descended

SIR WALTER OGILVIE, of Wester Pourie and Auchterhouse, sheriff of Angus, who fell in the battle of Gasklune, in 1302, leaving by Isabel, daughter and heiress of Sir Malcolm Ramsay of Auchterhouse, three sons, viz.

1. Alexander (Sir), of Auchterhouse, whose great granddaughter and representative, MARGARET OGILVY, m. in 1406, James Stewart, Earl of Buchan, and conveyed to him the Barony of Auchterhouse and hereditary sheriffalty of Angus. Thence descended CHRISTIAN STEWART, Countess of Buchan, who m. Robert, second son of Douglas of Lochleven, and d. in 1580; her granddaughter, MARY DOUGLAS, Countess of Buchan, m. John Erskine, second son of John, Earl of Mar, and d. in 1628. One of their descendants, an Earl of Buchan, sold the lands and barony of Auchterhouse, which, after passing through various hands, were repurchased by John, fourth Earl of Airlie.
2. Walter (Sir), of Lintrathen, of whom presently.
3. John (Sir), who got from his elder brother a charter of the lands of Inverquharritie, dated 3d June, 1420.

The second son,

SIR WALTER OGILVY, knt. one of the privy-council of King James the First, was constituted in 1425, LORD HIGH TREASURER OF SCOTLAND, master of the royal household, in 1430, and a commissioner for renewing the truce with England in the following year. Sir Walter attended the Princess Margaret to France on her marriage with the Dauphin, in 1434, and by an order from the king, erected the tower or fortalice of Eroly, or Airlie, into a royal castle. This eminent person m. Isobel de Durward, heiress of Lintrathen, by whom he acquired that barony, and was subsequently so designated. He d. in 1440, leaving two sons; from the younger of whom, Sir Walter, sprang the Earls of Findlater and Seafield, and the Lords of Banff; and from the elder,

SIR JOHN OGILVY, knt. of Lintrathen, the Earls of Airlie. Sir John was s. by his eldest son,

SIR JAMES OGILVY, knt. of Airlie, ambassador from Scotland to Denmark in 1401, who was elevated to the peerage of Scotland, on the 28th April, 1401, by the title of *Lord Ogilvie, of Airlie*. His lordship m. first, Elizabeth Kennedy, of the Cassilis family, and had a son, JOHN, his successor. He espoused, secondly, Lady Mary Douglas, daughter of Archibald, fifth Earl of Angus, and had issue,

Walter, ancestor of the Ogilvy's of Balfour, in Forfarshire.

His lordship d. in 1504, and was s. by his elder son, JOHN, second Lord Ogilvie, of Airlie. This nobleman m. Jean, eldest daughter of William, second Lord Graham, of Kincardine, and was s. by his elder son,

JAMES, third Lord Ogilvie, who m. Lady Margaret Lindsay, daughter of David, seventh Earl of Crawford, and was s. by his eldest son,

JAMES, fourth Lord Ogilvie, who was appointed one of the extraordinary lords of session, in 1542. His lordship m. Helen, daughter of Henry, Lord Siuclair, and had, with other issue,

JAMES, master of Ogilvie, who fell at the battle of Pinkie, 10th September, 1547, leaving by his wife, Katherine, daughter of Sir John Cambell, knt. of Calder, JOHN, successor to his grandfather, and two daughters.

His lordship d. about the year 1554, and was s. by his grandson,

JAMES, fifth Lord Ogilvie. This nobleman m. Jean, eldest daughter of William, seventh Lord Forbes, and was s. in 1606, by his eldest son,

JAMES, sixth Lord Ogilvie, who m. first, Lady Jean Ruthven, fourth daughter of William, first Earl of Gowrie, and had an only son,

JAMES, master of Ogilvie.

His lordship espoused, secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Archibald Napier, and dying in 1617, was s. by his son,

JAMES, seventh Lord Ogilvie, who was created EARL OF AIRLIE, ALYTH, and LINTRATHEN, on the 2nd April, 1636, with remainder to his heirs male, succeeding to his estates, and with precedence of the Earl of Findlater. His lordship was a distinguished adherent of King Charles the First, and obtained considerable renown under the royal banner, at the battle of Kilsyth, in 1645. He m. Lady Isobel Hamilton, second daughter of Thomas, first Earl of Haddington, by whom he had issue,

JAMES, his successor.

Thomas (Sir) who raised a regiment for the service of King Charles the First, and fell at the battle of Inverlochy, 2nd February, 1645. Sir Thomas left, by his wife, Lady Patricia Ruthven, two daughters.

David, (Sir) of Clova, likewise a staunch supporter of the Royal Cause.

Helen, m. to Sir John Carnegie, of Balmamoon.

His lordship was s. by his eldest son,

JAMES, eighth baron and second earl. This nobleman was taken prisoner at Philiphaugh, and sentenced to death, but escaped the very night before his intended execution, in the attire of his

sister. His lordship *m.* twice; first, Helen, daughter of George Ogilvy, first Lord Banff, by whom he had issue, David, his successor, and four daughters. He *m.* secondly, Isabel, relict of Lewis, third Marquess of Huntly, and daughter of Sir James Grant, of Grant, by whom he had no issue. The earl *d.* at the close of the seventeenth century, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

DAVID, ninth baron and third earl. His lordship *m.* Grizelle, eldest daughter of Patrick, first earl of Strathmore, by whom he had (with one daughter) two sons, namely, James, Lord Ogilvie, who, joining in the Earl of Mar's rising in 1715, was attainted by act of parliament in his father's lifetime, but afterwards obtained a pardon; and John. His lordship *d.* in 1717, and his eldest son, the attainted

JAMES, Lord Ogilvie, *d.* in 1731, without issue: when the younger son,

JOHN, assumed the titles, and was called fourth earl. He *m.* Margaret, eldest daughter and co-heiress of David Ogilvy, of Clunie, by whom he left at his decease, in 1761, two sons, *viz.*

1. David, Lord Ogilvie, who joined the chevalier, at Edinburgh, in 1745, bringing with him a regiment of 600 men, a good many of whom were of his own name and family: for which he was attainted by act of parliament. After the battle of Culloden, he effected his escape into France, and there getting the command of a regime t called "Ogilvies," rose to the rank of lieutenant-general. Having obtained a free pardon, however, he returned to Scotland, and *d.* in 1803; leaving, by his wife, Margaret, daughter of Sir James Johnstone, bart. of Westerhall, one son and two daughters, *viz.*

DAVID, master of Ogilvie, who *d.* unmarried, in 1812.

Margaret, *m.* to the late Sir John Wedderburn, bart. of Baldean; and *d.* in 1775, leaving issue.

Joanna, *d.* unmarried, in 1826.

2. Walter, of whom presently.

The younger son,

WALTER OGILVIE, upon the decease of his nephew, David, called Earl of Airlie, in 1812, assumed the family honors, and preferred his claim before the house of lords, but obtained no decision. He *m.* first, Margaret, daughter of William Fullerton, esq. of Spynie, by whom he had no issue; and, secondly, in 1780, Jane, daughter of John Ogilvy, of Murkle, M.D. by whom he had issue,

John, captain in the Royal Scots regt. died on service at Beffice, in 1800.

DAVID, present earl.

Donald, of Clova, colonel of the Forfarshire militia; *m.* in 1815, Maria, fourth daughter of James Morley, esq. and has issue, Walter, *b.* in 1822.

— (daughter).

William, of Balloch, late captain in the Cape corps.

Margaret, *m.* 25th June, 1805, John, present Viscount Arbuthnot.

Anne.

Mary.

Helen, *m.* 30th April, 1823, to John Wedderburn, esq.

Walter Ogilvy, esq. or, by courtesy, Walter, seventh earl of Airlie, *d.* in 1819, and was *s.* by his eldest son, the present earl.

*Creation*—Baron, 20th April, 1491. Earl, 2nd April, 1630. \*



*Arms*—Argent, a lion passant guardant, gu., crowned with an imperial crown, and collared with an open one.

*Supporters*—Two bulls sable, unguled and horned vert, with a garland of flowers about their necks.

*Crest*—A lady, from the waist upward, holding a portcullis.

*Motto*—*A fin.*

*Seats*—Airlie Castle, Cortachy Castle, and Auchterhouse, Forfarshire; Clunie Castle, Perthshire.

ALBEMARLE, EARL OF, (William-Charles Keppel,) Viscount Bury, and Baron Ashford, of Ashford; *b.* 14th May, 1772; *s.* to the honors, as fourth earl, upon the demise of his father on the 13th October, 1772. His lordship *m.* first, on 9th of April, 1792. The Hon. Elizabeth Southwell, fourth daughter of Edward, Lord de Clifford, by whom (who *d.* 14th November, 1817,) he had issue,

AUGUSTUS-FREDERICK, Viscount Bury, an officer in the navy, *b.* 2nd of June, 1794, *m.* 4th May, 1816, Frances, daughter of — Steer, esq. of Chichester.

George-Thomas, an officer in the army, *b.* 13th June, 1799; *m.* in 1831, to Susan, daughter of Sir Coutts Trotter, bart.

Edward-Southwell, in holy orders, *b.* 16th August, 1800, *m.* 24th July, 1828.

Henry, R.N. *b.* 14th June, 1800.

Thomas-Robert, R.N. *b.* 3rd February, 1811.

Sophia, *m.* in 1810, to the present Sir James

\* A Bill passed in 1826, to relieve the family of the earl's father from whatever disabilities were supposed to adhere to them in consequence of the forfeiture of Lord Ogilvy: the Bill was not however termed an Act of Restoration, for the earldom had never been forfeited by act of parliament.

Macdonald, Bart. and *d.* 20th September, 1824.

Anne-Amelia, *m.* 26th February, 1822, to Thomas W. Coke, esq. of Holkham Hall, in the county of Norfolk, M.P. for that shire.

Mary, *m.* in 1826, to Henry Frederick Stephenson, esq.

Georgiana-Charlotte, *m.* 31st March, 1827, to Edward-Eustace Hill, esq. an officer in the army.

Caroline, *b.* 3rd April, 1814.

The earl *m.* secondly, on 11th February, 1822, Charlotte-Susannah, daughter of the late Sir Henry Hunloke, bart. and aunt of the present Sir Henry. His lordship is master of the horse.

### Lineage.

ARNOLD-JOOST VAN KEPPEL, Lord of Voorst, accompanied William Prince of Orange in his expedition, in 1688, and, upon the establishment of his master upon the throne of England, was created 10th Feb. 1688-8, *Baron Ashford, of Ashford, in the county of Kent; Viscount Bury, in the county palatine of Lancaster; and EARL OF ALBEMARLE*,\* a town and territory in the dukedom of Normandy. The earl was subsequently honored with the garter. "About this time (says Burnet) the king set up a new favorite, Keppel, a gentleman of Guelder, who was raised from a page into the highest degree of favor, that any person had ever attained about the king. He was now (1695) made Earl of Albemarle, and soon after knight of the garter, and by a quick and unaccountable progress, he seemed to have engrossed the royal favor, so entirely, that he disposed of every thing that was

\* ALBEMARLE, or AUMARLE. This territory, belonged at the time of the Norman Conquest to Stephen, son of Odo, descended from the earls of Champagne, whom William the Conqueror made EARL OF ALBEMARLE, as being the son of his half sister by the mother's side; and gave to him, for the future maintenance of his estate, the territory of Holderness, in Yorkshire. When the line of this nobleman failed, both male and female, Thomas Plantagenet, Duke of Gloucester, son of King Edward III., was summoned to parliament, as DUKE OF AUMARLE, anno 1385, and after him, Edward Plantagenet, Earl of Rutland, was created DUKE OF ALBEMARLE, (1397) a dignity subsequently forfeited. Then Thomas Plantagenet, second son of King Henry the Fourth, was created Earl of Albemarle and Duke of Clarence: but dying *s. p.* in 1421, those honors expired. Richard Beauchamp, Earl of Warwick, was the next Earl of Albemarle, and with him the dignity again ceased in 1430. From this period ALBEMARLE remained unappropriated until conferred by King Charles the Second as a dukedom upon the celebrated GENERAL MONK, in 1660, with whose son it expired in 1688. In eight years afterwards the Earldom of Albemarle was conferred upon the present family.

in the king's power. He was a cheerful young man, that had the art to please, but was so much given up to his own pleasures that he could scarce submit to the attendance and drudgery that was necessary to maintain his post. He had never yet distinguished himself in any thing. He was not cold nor dry, as the Earl of Portland was thought to be; who seemed to have the art of creating many enemies to himself, and not one friend; but the Earl of Albemarle had all the arts of a court, was civil to all, and procured many favors. His lordship *m.* in 1701, Gertrude, daughter of Adam Vander Duin, Lord of St. Grave-moor, in Holland, and had issue,

WILLIAM-ANNE, his successor, for whom Queen Anne stood godmother in person, and thence his second name.

Sophia, *m.* to John Thomas, esq. brother of Sir Edward Thomas, bart. of Wenvoe Castle. His lordship was a member of the nobles in Holland, as also deputy forester, general of the horse, and of Swissemers in the service of the States General, governor of Bois-le-duc, &c. &c. King William held his lordship in the highest esteem, and bequeathed to him, in a codicil annexed to his majesty's last will and testament, the lordship of Breewest, and 200,000 guilders, the only legacy he gave from the Prince of Nassau-Friesland, whom he had made his heir. His lordship *d.* 30th May, 1718, and was *s.* by his son,

WILLIAM-ANNE, second earl, K.G. who *m.* on the 21st of February, 1723-3, Anne, daughter of Charles Lennox, first Duke of Richmond, by whom he had fifteen children, eight sons and seven daughters; three of the former and three of the latter only, however, survived their infancy, *vis.*,

GEORGE, his successor.

Augustus, who, having adopted the naval profession, became so eminent as admiral Keppel, and was created for his gallant services, VISCOUNT KEPPEL, of Elvedon, in the county of Suffolk. His lordship *d.* unmarried, in 1786, when the viscounty expired. William, gentleman of the horse to the king, a lieutenant in the army, and commander-in-chief in Ireland, in 1773.

Frederick, in holy orders, consecrated Bishop of Exeter, in 1762. His lordship was subsequently Dean of Windsor and register to the most noble order of the garter. He *m.* Louisa, one of the natural daughters of Sir Edward Walpole, K.B. and dying in 1777, left, with two daughters, Frederick, of Lexham Hall, in Norfolk, who *m.* Louisa, daughter of — Clive, esq. and has issue.

Mary-Elizabeth, *d.* in 1740.

Caroline, *m.* to Robert Adair, esq.

Elizabeth, *m.* to Frances Russell, Marquess of Tavistock.

His lordship, who was a general officer in the army, and had been British ambassador at the court of Versailles, *d.* 22nd Dec. 1754, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

GEORGE, third earl, K.G. *b.* 8th April, 1724; *m.* 20th April, 1770, Anne, youngest daughter of



Sir John Miller, bart. of Chichester, in the county of Sussex, by whom (who d. 3rd July, 1834,) he had an only son, WILLIAM-CHARLES, the present earl. His lordship, who was a military man, served as aid-de-camp to the Duke of Cumberland, at the battle of Fontenoy, in 1745, and the next year, being with his royal highness at Culloden, was bearer of the dispatches announcing the victory to London. He subsequently attained the rank of lieutenant-general, and was commander-in-chief at the reduction of the Havannah, where he acquired a great accession of fame, and increase of fortune. He d. 13th October, 1772.

*Creation*—10th February, 1695-6.



*Arms*—Gu. three escallop shells, ar.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet, or, a demi-swan, close, ppr.

*Supporters*—Two Lions, or, ducally crowned of the last.

*Motto*—Ne cede malis.

*Seats*—Elvedon Hall, Suffolk; and Quiddensham, in the county of Norfolk.

**ALDBOROUGH, EARL OF**, (Benjamin O'Neale Stratford,) Viscount Amiens, Viscount Aldborough, of Belan, and Baron of Baltinglass, in the peerage of Ireland; s. to the honors, as fourth earl, upon the demise of his brother, 2nd March, 1823; m. Martha, only child and heiress of John Burton, esq. and niece and heiress of Mason Gerard, esq. by whom (who d. 24th August, 1816) he has issue,

1. MASON GERARD, Viscount Amiens, b. in 1784; m. in 1804, Cornelia-Jane, daughter of — Tandy, esq. and has issue.
2. Elizabeth.
3. Sophia.

#### **Image.**

This ancient family is said to be able to trace its descent from the time of Alfred, but our space prohibits so remote an investigation.

ROBERT STRATFORD, settled in Ireland in 1690, and was one of the original burgesses in the charter constituting Baltinglass a borough. He represented the county of Wicklow in parliament, and married a daughter of Oliver Walsh, Esq. of Ballykavan, in the Queen's County, by whom he had issue,

EDWARD, his successor.

Francis, consul at Bourdeaux, d. s. p.

Grace, m. to Samuel Burton, esq. of Burton Hall, in the county of Carlow.

Mary, m. to Robert Hickman, esq. of the county of Clare.

Elizabeth, m. to Thomas Eyre, esq. of Eyreville, in the county of Galway.

Abigail, m. first, to George Canning, esq. of Garvagh, and secondly to Major Cudmore.

Jane, m. to John Carleton, of Darlingdale, in the county of Tipperary, esq.

Anne, m. to Robert Fersae, esq. of Roxborough, in the county of Galway.

Catherine, m. to John Spencer, esq. of the city of Dublin, M. P.

Mr. Stratford was s. by his elder son,

EDWARD STRATFORD, who purchased Great Belan, and other lands in the county of Kildare, from Lord Fitzhardinge. This gentleman was a staunch promoter of the Revolution, and entertained King William at Belan. He m. Elisabeth, daughter of Euseby Baisley, esq. of Ricketstown, in the county of Carlow, and had (with a daughter Anne, who m. Charles Plunket, esq. of Dillonstown, Louth.)

Robert, who settled in the Queen's County.

Eusebius, who likewise settled in the Queen's County, inheriting with his elder brother his father's estates there.

JOHN, of whom presently.

The youngest son, JOHN STRATFORD, esq. M. P. for Baltinglass, in the reigns of the three first Georges; was advanced to the peerage of Ireland, on the 21st May, 1763, as *Baron of Baltinglass, in the county of Wicklow*; on the 23rd July, 1776, he was created *Viscount Aldborough, of Belan, in the county of Kildare*; and on the 9th July, 1777, *Viscount Amiens, and EARL OF ALDBOROUGH, of the palatinate of Upper Ormonde*. His lordship m. Martha, daughter and co-heiress of the Rev. Benjamin O'Neale, Archdeacon of Leighlin, by whom he had six sons and nine daughters. He d. in 1777, and was s. by his eldest son,

EDWARD, second earl. His lordship m. first, Barbara, daughter and sole heiress of the Honorable Nicholas Herbert, of Great Glenham, in the county of Suffolk, and secondly, Elizabeth, only daughter of Sir John Henniker, of Newton Hill, in the county of Essex, but had no issue. His lordship d. 2nd January, 1801, and was s. by his brother,

JOHN, third earl. This nobleman m. in 1777, Elizabeth, daughter of the Hon. and Rev. Frederic Hamilton, and great-grand-daughter of William, third Duke of Hamilton; by whom he had three daughters,

Elizabeth, m. in 1797, to Rear-Admiral John Richard-Delap Halliday, who subsequently assumed the surname of Tollemache only.

Louisa, m. the Hon. John Rodney, and d. in 1814.

Emily, m. Thomas Best, esq.

His lordship d. in March, 1823, and was s. by his brother, the present earl.

*Creations*—Baron, 21st May, 1763. Viscount, 23rd July, 1776. Earl, 9th July, 1777.

## ALE



**Arms**—Barry of ten, ar. and az. a lion, rampant, gules.

**Crest**—A dexter arm, embowed, in armour, holding in the hand, ppr. a scimitar, ar. hilt and pomel, or.

**Supporters**—**Dexter**, a female figure, representing Fame, vested, ar. and sa. in her right hand a trumpet, or, in the left an olive branch vert, winged gold, sword belt, gu. sword of the first; **Sinister**, the emblematical figure of Mars, in complete armour, ppr. garnished, or, spurs, sword, target, and spear of the last, swordbelt, gu. holding with his right hand the spear, and upon his left arm the shield.

**Motto**—*Virtuti nihil obstat et armis.*

**Seats**—Mount Neale, Carlowshire; Belan Hall, and Stratford Lodge, in the county of Wicklow.

**ALEXANDER, SIR ROBERT**, baronet, of the city of Dublin; *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of John Wallis, esq. barrister-at-law, and has issue,

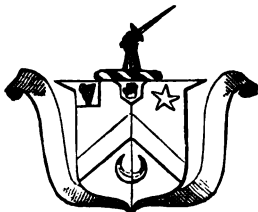
1. WILLIAM-JOHN.      2. John Wallis.
3. Robert.              4. Thomas.
5. Jane.                  6. Catherine.

Sir Robert, who is a director of the Bank of Ireland, *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the decease of his father.

### Lineage.

1. **ALDERMAN WILLIAM ALEXANDER**, of the city of Dublin, was created a baronet, on the 11th December, 1809. He *m.* on the 1st August, 1764, Catherine, daughter and heiress of John Folie Mapes, esq. barrister-at-law, by whom he had two sons and two daughters, and was *s.* at his decease by the elder son, **ROBERT**, the present baronet.

**Creation**—11th December, 1809.



## ALL

**Arms**—Per pale, ar. and sa., a chevron, and in base, a crescent countercharged; on a canton, az. a harp, or; in the sinister, chief point, a mullet, of the last.

**Crest**—An armed arm embowed, holding a sword, ppr. charged on the wrist with a mullet, or.

**Residence**—Dublin.

**ALLEN, VISCOUNT**, (Joshua-William Allen,) Baron Allen, of Stillorgan, in the county of Dublin, in the peerage of Ireland; *s.* to the title, as sixth Viscount, at the decease of his father, on the 1st of February, 1816. His lordship is a military officer, and has served under the Duke of Wellington in the Peninsula.

### Lineage.

**JOHN ALLEN**, the progenitor of this noble family in Ireland, settled in that kingdom some time in the latter end of the reign of Elizabeth. He came from Holland to Dublin, as factor for the Dutch merchants, (the family had emigrated from England to Holland in 1580,) and, besides amassing a very large fortune, distinguished himself by a refined taste in architecture. He was *s.* by his son,

**SIR JOSHUA ALLEN**, knt. an eminent and opulent merchant of Dublin, who served the office of Lord Mayor of that city in 1673, and received the honor of knighthood. Sir Joshua completed the house of Mullinahack, (then near Dublin,) begun by his father, called "Allen's Court." He *m.* Mary, daughter of Mr. Wybrow, of the county of Chester, by whom he had three surviving daughters, and his successor,

**JOHN ALLEN**, M.P. for the county of Wicklow, who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, the 27th August, 1717, in the dignities of *Baron Allen, of Stillorgan*, and *VISCOUNT ALLEN*. His lordship *m.* in 1684, Mary, eldest daughter of Robert Fitzgerald, esq. and sister of Robert, Earl of Kildare, and had issue,

**JOSHUA**, his successor.

**ROBERT**, M.P. for the county of Wicklow, *d.* in 1741, leaving, of several children, two surviving daughters,

Mary, the wife of Robert Boswell, esq. of Ballycorry, in the county of Wicklow.

Frances, the wife of William Paul Warren, esq. of Grangebegg, in the county of Kildare.

**Richard**, M.P. for the county of Kildare, *m.* Dorothy, daughter and coheir of Major Green, of Killaghy, in the county of Tipperary, and dying 14th April, 1745, left issue,

John } successively viscounts.  
Joshua }  
Richard }

Elizabeth, *m.* to Captain Browne.

His lordship *d.* 8th November, 1726, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**JOSHUA**, second viscount, *b.* in 1685; *m.* 18th of October, 1707, Margaret, daughter of Samuel du Pass, esq. of Epsom, by whom he had seven chil-

## ALL

dren, three of whom died in infancy. His lordship *d.* in 1742, and was *s.* by his only surviving son,

**JOHN**, third viscount. This nobleman, being insulted in the public streets by some disorderly dragoons, on the 26th April, 1745, received a wound in the hand, which occasioned a fever, and caused his death on the 25th May following. Dying unmarried, the peerage devolved upon his first cousin, (refer to children of the Honorable Richard Allen, youngest son of the first viscount)

**JOHN**, fourth viscount; at whose decease unmarried, 10th November, 1753, the honors passed to his next brother,

**JOSHUA**, fifth viscount, *b.* 26th April, 1728, *m.* in 1781, Frances, eldest daughter of Gaynor Barry, esq. of Dormstown, in the county of Meath, by whom he had issue,

**JOSHUA-WILLIAM**, the present viscount.

**Frances-Elizabeth**, *d.* in 1826.

**Letitia-Dorothea**, the wife of the Hon. W. Herbert.

His lordship *d.* 1st February, 1816.

*Creation*—27th August, 1717.



*Arms*—Ar. two bars, wavy, az. on a plain chief of the last, an estoile between two escallops, or.

*Crest*—A bezant, charged with a talbot's head, erased, sa.

*Supporters*—Two talbots, sa.

*Motto*—Triumpho morte tam vita.

*Seat*—Ladytown, Kildareshire.

**ALLEYNE, SIR REYNOLD-ABEL**, baronet, of the Island of Barbadoes; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the death of his father, in 1801.

### Lineage.

1. **JOHN-GAY ALLEYNE**, esq. *b.* 21st April, 1724, was created a baronet the 20th March, 1769, having filled the office of president of the assembly of St. Andrew's, in Barbadoes, for several years. He *m.* first, Christian, fourth daughter and coheiress of Joseph Dotin, esq. by whom he had one son, who *d.* in infancy; and secondly, in 1786, Jane Abel, daughter of Abel Alleyne, esq. by whom he left issue,

1. **REYNOLD-ABEL**, present baronet.

2. **Abel**.

3. **Mary**, *m.* to the late Admiral Sir Charles Knowles, bart. and *d.* —

4. **Jane**. 5. **Rebecca**. 6. **Christian**.

Sir John *d.* in 1801.

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## ALV

*Creation*—20th March, 1769.



*Arms*—Perchevron, gules and ermine, two lions' heads, erased, or, in chief.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet, a horse's head, argent.

*Motto*—Non tua te moveant, sed publica vota.

*Seat*—Messar Hall, Essex.

**ALVANLEY, BARON**, (William Arden,) of Alvanley, in the county of Chester; *b.* 20th February, 1789; *s.* to the title, as second baron, upon the death of his father, on the 19th March, 1804; Lord Alvanley is an officer in the army.

### Lineage.

"The elder branch of the **ARDERNE**", (says Lyons, in his *Cheshire*), whose chief seat was at Aldford, where they had a castle, became extinct in the principal line, by the death of Walkeline Arderne, in or about the reign of Richard the Second. The present **JOHN ARDEN**, esq. for so the family have of late years spelt the name, is descended from **SIR JOHN ARDERNE**, a younger brother of Walkeline, beforementioned, whose posterity settled in the parish of Stockport, in the fifteenth century; and he is also the representative of the barons of Montalt, and of the ancient family of the Dones, of Ulkington and Flaxyards. A younger branch of the Ardernes settled at Alderley, about the beginning of Edward the Third's reign, and ended, after a few descents, in a female heir, who married into the Weever family, whose heiress married the ancestor of Sir J. T. Stanley, bart. The Ardernes of Leicestershire were descended from a younger son of **RALPH ARDERNE**, of Harden, in the fifteenth century."

The abovenamed

**SIR RALPH ARDERNE**, of Harden, *d.* about the year 1420, leaving, by the daughter of Stanley of Horton, two sons, the younger, Thomas, was progenitor of the Ardernes, of Leicestershire, and the elder,

**JOHN ARDERNE**, succeeded at Harden. From this gentleman descended, through several generations,

**SIR JOHN ARDERNE**, knt. whose grandson, **JOHN ARDEN**, esq. of Arden, in the county of Chester, *m.* Mary, daughter of Cuthbert Pepper, esq. of Pepper Hall, in the county of York, and

heiress of her brother, Preston Pepper, esq. and had two sons, viz. John, of Stockport, and

**RICHARD-PEPPER ARDEN**, esq. who having acquired great eminence in the legal profession, was appointed solicitor-general in 1782, attorney-general in 1784, master of the rolls in 1788, and **LORD CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS** in 1801, when he was elevated to the peerage, (22nd May, 1801,) in the dignity of **BARON ALVANLEY**,<sup>o</sup> of *Alvanley*, in the county of Chester. His lordship married, in 1784, Anne-Dorothea, the eldest daughter of Richard-Wilbraham Bootle, esq. and sister of Edward, Lord Skelmersdale; by whom he left issue,

**WILLIAM**, present baron.

**Richard-Pepper**, b. 8th December, 1792, an officer of rank in the army; m. 30th April, 1831, Arabella, youngest daughter of William, present Marquess of Cleveland.

**Sarah**.

**Frances-Henrietta**, b. in 1791; m. 21st June, 1831, to John Warrender, esq. brother of Sir George Warrender, bart.

The baron d. 19th March, 1804.

*Creation*—22nd May, 1801.



*Arms*—Gu. three cross crosslets, fitchée, or, on a chief of the second, a crescent of the first.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet, or, five ostrich feathers, ar. charged with a crescent, gu.

*Supporters*—Two talbots, the dexter, ar. collared, gu. thereon three arrows of the first; the sinister, sa. thereon three arrows, gu.

*Motto*—Patientia vinces.

*Town Residence*—5, Park Place, St. James's.

*Seat*—Torporley, Cheshire, and Hampstead, Middlesex.

\* The manor of **ALVANLEY**, in the parish of Frodsham, was held under the Fitzalans, Earls of Arundel, at an early period, by Richard de Pierpont and Robert de Alvanley, who sold it to Sir Philip de Orreby, father of Philip, whose daughter and heir, **AGNES**, brought this manor, and other possessions, in the reign of Henry the Third, to Walkeline de Arderne, ancestor of John Arden, the present proprietor. A farmhouse, called *Alvanley Hall*, occupies the site of an ancient mansion belonging to the Arden family, called by Webb, in 1622, "a very fine house, belonging to Henry Arderne, esq."—*Lyson's Cheshire*.

**AMHERST, EARL**, (William-Pitt Amherst,) of Arracan, in the East Indies; Viscount Holmesdale, of Holmesdale, in the county of Kent; and Baron Amherst, of Montreal, in the same county; a lord of his majesty's bed chamber, and late governor-general of India; b. in January, 1773; s. to the barony, as second baron, upon the demise of his uncle, on 3d August, 1797; and obtained the superior honours by patent, dated 2nd December, 1826; m. on 24th July, 1800, Sarah, Countess Dowager of Plymouth, relict of Other-Hickman, fifth Earl of Plymouth, mother of the present earl, and daughter and coheiress of Andrew (Archer) Lord Archer, (a barony which ceased at his lordship's decease in 1778,) by whom he has surviving issue,

**WILLIAM-PITT**, *Viscount Holmesdale*, M. P.

b. in September, 1803.

**Sarah-Elizabeth Pitt**.

### Lineage.

By a pedigree in the Herald's College, the family of Amherst claims a Saxon origin.

**HAMO DE HERST** is mentioned, by Philipot, to be flourishing in the second year of King Edward the Third. In the next reign, Richard the Second, the name appears by record to be then wrote **AMHERST OF AMHERST**, they (according to Collins) having dropped the Norman *de* and the aspirate *H*.

In the 22nd year of Richard the Second, **JOHN AMHERST** was living at Amherst, in the parish of Pevenbury, alias Pembury, in the county of Kent; and from him descended

**RICHARD AMHERST**, esq. who left three sons, viz.

**Richard**, of Bayhall, Kent, serjeant-at-law, and serjeant to Queen Elizabeth. The male line of this learned person ceased with his grandson,

**CHARLES AMHERST**, esq. who d. unmarried in 1705, leaving his estates by will (subject to the life interest of his two sisters, Elizabeth, Lady Selby, and Mrs. Dorothy Amherst) to his nephew, Charles Selby, and the heirs male of his body, in default of which to Jeffery Amherst, esq. eldest son of Arthur Amherst, M. D. and after him, default of male issue, to Jeffery Amherst, esq. of Riverhead, &c.

**William**, who left a daughter Mary, m. to John Champe, esq. of Tunbridge.

**Jeffery**.

The youngest son,

**JEFFERY AMHERST**, having taken orders, became rector of Horsemenden, in Kent. He m. Joan, daughter of John Barneden, gent. and had (with one daughter) three sons, namely,

**Arthur**, M. D. died about the year 1680, leaving two sons and two daughters.

**Richard**, died before his father, leaving a son and a daughter.

**John**.

The youngest son,

JOHN AMHERST, esq. barrister-at-law, and one of the benchers of Gray's Inn, *m.* thrice, but had issue by his first wife, Margaret, daughter of Jeffery Kirby, citizen and merchant of London, only. He *d.* in 1691, and was *s.* by his only surviving son,

JEFFERY AMHERST, esq. barrister-at-law, and bencher of Gray's Inn. This gentleman was the first of the family seated at Riverhead, in Kent. He *d.* in 1713, and was *s.* by his only surviving son,

JEFFERY AMHERST, esq. of Riverhead, barrister-at-law and a bencher of Gray's Inn. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Kerrill, esq. of Hadlow, in the county of Kent, and had issue,

Sackville, *d.* unmarried, in 1763.

Jeffrey, created Lord Amherst.

John, an admiral in the R. N. *d.* issueless.

William, lieutenant-general in the army, aide-camp to the King, lieutenant-governor of Portsmouth, governor of St. John's, Newfoundland, and adjutant-general of his majesty's forces, *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Patterson, esq. and *d.* in 1781, leaving

WILLIAM PITT, now Earl Amherst.

Elizabeth, *m.* to John Hale, esq.

Elizabeth, wife of the Rev. John Thomas, *d.* in 1779. This lady was celebrated for her poetic talents.

The second son,

JEFFERY AMHERST, esq. having acquired a high military reputation in the command in chief of the British army in North America, from 1758 to 1764, was nominated a knight of the bath in 1761, and elevated to the peerage on the 26th May, 1776, by the title of *Baron Amherst, of Holmesdale, in the county of Kent*. His lordship was appointed, in 1778, commander-in-chief of his majesty's land forces in Great Britain; and he was created, on the 30th August, 1786, *Baron Amherst, of Montreal, in the county of Kent*, with remainder to his nephew, William-Pitt Amherst, esq. His lordship *m.* first, Jane, only daughter of Thomas Dalsion, esq. of Hampton, in Kent; and secondly, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of General the Hon. George Carey, but had no issue. Lord Amherst received a field-marshal's bâton in 1796. He died on 3rd August, 1797, when the first barony expired, but the second devolved, according to the limitation of the patent, upon his nephew, William-Pitt Amherst, esq. the present earl.

(*Creations*—Baron, 30th August, 1786. Earl, &c. 2nd December, 1826.



*Arms*—Gu. three lances, or tilting spears, erect, in fesse, or, headed, *as*.

*Crest*—On a mount vert, three like spears, one erect, and two in saltier, girt, with a wreath of laurel, *ppr*.

*Supporters*—Two Canadian War Indians, of a copper colour, rings in their ears and noses, and bracelets on their wrists and arms, *ar.* cross-belts over their shoulders, buff; to one a powder horn pendent, to the other a scalping knife, their waists covered with a short apron, gules, gaiters, blue, seamed, or, legs feltered and fastened by a chain to the bracelet on the outer wrist, *ppr.*; the dexter-Indian holding, in his exterior hand, a battle-axe, the sinister holding, in his exterior hand, a tomahawk, thereon a scalp, *all ppr*.

*Motto*—Constantia et virtute.

*Seat*—Montreal, in the hamlet of Riverhead, near Seven Oaks, Kent.

ANDERSON, the REVEREND SIR CHARLES-JOHN, baronet, of Broughton, in the county of Lincoln; *b.* 5th October, 1767; *s.* to the title, as eighth baronet, upon the demise of his brother, on the 30th May, 1799; *m.* on 13th December, 1802, Frances-Mary, second daughter of Sir John Nelthorpe, bart. of Scawbey, in the county of Lincoln, by whom he has issue,

CHARLES-HENRY-JOHN, *b.* 25th Nov. 1804.

Fanny-Maria, *b.* 4th May, 1809.

Emily-Margaret-Charlotte, *b.* 18th Aug. 1817.

### Lineage.

The surname of this family was originally *L'Isle*; and it was settled in the county of Northumberland, of which we find, in the reigns of Henry the Fourth and Henry the Fifth,

ROBERT L'ISLE, who, upon marrying an heiress, assumed her surname of ANDERSON. From this Robert descended, through a junior branch of the family,

HENRY ANDERSON, esq. who settled at Wrawby, in Lincolnshire, and had an only son,

EDMUND ANDERSON, esq. who lived at Flixborough, in the same shire, and was grandfather of SIR EDMUND ANDERSON, knt. lord chief justice of the court of common pleas, from the year 1582 to 1605. This learned person espoused Magdalen, daughter of Nicholas Smith, esq. of Annables, in Hertfordshire, and had three sons and six daughters of the former.

Edward, died *s. p.*

Francis (Sir), ancestor of the extinct baronets Anderson, of Eyeworth, in the county of Bedford.

William.

His lordship *d.* in 1605. His youngest son,

WILLIAM ANDERSON, esq. *m.* first, Joan, daughter of Henry Essex, esq. of Lambourne, in the county of Berks, by whom he had an only child, EDMUND. He *m.* secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of

Sir Thomas Darnell, knt. of Heyling, in the county of Lincoln, and had two daughters, who both died young. Mr. Anderson was *s.* by his son,

1. EDWARD ANDERSON, esq. of Broughton, in the county of Lincoln, who was created a baronet on the 11th of December, 1660. He *m.* first, Mary, daughter of Thomas Wood, esq. of Audfield, in the county of York, and heiress of Barney Wood, esq. of Kilwick Piercy, in the same shire, by whom he had a numerous family. Sir Edward *m.* secondly, Sybilla, daughter of Sir Rowland Egerton, bart. of Farthinghoe, in Northamptonshire, and relict of Edward Ballot, esq. but had no child; at his decease he was *s.* by his third and eldest surviving son,

2. SIR JOHN, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Hugh Snawell, esq. of Bilton, in the ansesty of the city of York, and dying, in 1670, was *s.* by his only son,

3. SIR EDMUND. This gentleman dying unmarried, 17th Dec. 1676, the title reverted to his uncle,

4. SIR EDMUND, fourth son of the first baronet; who *m.* twice, and was succeeded by the only son of his second marriage, (with Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Anthony Deane, knt.)

5. SIR EDMUND. This gentleman *m.* first, Mary, daughter of William Harvey, of Rolls, in Essex, by whom he had William, his successor, and three daughters. He *m.* secondly, Frances, daughter of — Batty, esq. of Tadcaster, and had Francis and two daughters. He *d.* 3rd May, 1765, and was *s.* by his elder son,

6. SIR WILLIAM, who *m.* Anne, daughter of John Maddison, esq. of Harpswell, Lincolnshire, by whom he had (with six daughters) three surviving sons, *viz.*

Edmund, his successor.

George, *m.* Miss Plummer, and *d.* issueless.

CHARLES JOHN, present baronet.

With six daughters.

Sir William *d.* 9th of March, 1785, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

7. SIR EDMUND, *b.* 11th Sept. 1758; *m.* Catharine, second daughter of Thomas Plummer, esq. and dying without issue, 30th of May, 1799, the title devolved upon his youngest and only surviving brother, Charles-John, present baronet.

*Creation*—11th December, 1660.



*Arms*—Argent, a chevron, between three crosses fretty, *sa.*

*Crest*—A water-spaniel, passant, *or.*

*Motto*—Gnaviter.

*Seat*—Lea Hall, near Gainsborough, Lincolnshire.

ANDERSON, SIR JAMES-CALEB, baronet, of Fermoy, in the county of Cork; *b.* 21st July, 1792; created a baronet on the 22nd of March, 1813, by his late Majesty, then Prince Regent, as a mark of his Royal Highness's gracious approbation of the services rendered to Ireland, by Sir James's father, John Anderson, esq. of Fermoy; *m.* in 1815, Caroline, fourth daughter of the late Robert Shaw, esq. of Dublin, (by his second wife, Miss Armitage, sister of Whaley Armitage, esq. of Herefordshire,) and half-sister of Sir Robert Shaw, bart. of Bushy Park, in the county of Dublin, by whom he has issue,

1. CHARLES-GRANT, *b.* 16th March, 1823.

2. Charlotte-Cecilia. 3. Maria.

4. Georgiana. 5. Anne-Caroline.

6. Frederica-York, (so called after her royal sponsor, H.R.H. the late Duke of York.)

7. A daughter.

*Creation*—22nd March, 1813.



*Arms*—Quarterly, *or.* and *argent*, a saltier ingrailed, per saltier, *gu.* and *sa.* between two boars' heads erased, and respecting each other, in fesse of the fourth, and in base a trefoil slipped vert.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a tree, *ppr.* surmounted of a saltier humetté, *sa.*

*Motto*—Stand sure.

*Seat*—Buttevant Castle, Buttevant, county of Cork.

ANGLESEY, MARQUESS OF, (Henry-William Paget, K.G., G.C.B., G.C.H., K.M.T., K.S.G.) Earl of Uxbridge, in the county of Middlesex, and Baron Paget, of Beaudesert, in the county of Stafford, and a Baronet; LORD LIEUTENANT-GENERAL, and GENERAL GOVERNOR OF IRELAND; lord lieutenant and custos-rotulorum of the county of Anglesey, constable of the castle and mayor of the borough of Carnarvon, ranger of Snowdon Forest, and vice-admiral of North Wales, and of the county of Carmarthen, captain of Cowes Castle, a general officer in the army, and colonel of the seventh regiment of Hussars; *b.* 17th May, 1768; *s.* to the earldom and minor titles, as fourth earl and tenth baron, upon the demise of his father, Henry, Earl of Uxbridge, 13th March, 1812, and

obtained the marquessate, by creation, on the 23rd of June, 1815. His lordship *m.* first, on the 25th of July, 1795, Caroline-Elizabeth, daughter of George, fourth Earl of Jersey, by whom he has had issue,

*HENRY, Earl of Exbridge, b.* 6th of July, 1797, M.P. for the county of Anglesey; *m.* 5th of August, 1819, Elizabeth, second daughter of the late John Campbell, esq. of Shawfield, and niece of the present Duke of Argyll, by whom (who *d.* 3rd July, 1828,) he has issue,  
Henry-William-George, *Lord Paget, b.* 9th Dec. 1821.

Eleanora-Caroline.  
Cónstance-Henrietta.

William, *b.* 1st of March, 1803, M.P. for Carnarvon, and a commander in the royal navy; *m.* 22nd. January, 1827, Frances, only daughter of Lieut.-gen. Francis, Baron de Rottenburgh, and has issue.

Arthur, *d.* in 1836.

Caroline, *m.* 10th April, 1817, to Charles, present Duke of Richmond.

Jane, *m.* 23rd April, 1824, to Francis-Nathaniel, Earl of Mountcharles, eldest son of the present Marquess Conyngham.

Georgia.

Augusta, *m.* 27th of July, 1820, to Arthur, Lord Templemore.

Agnes, *m.* 7th March, 1829, to Captain Byng, eldest son of Lieut.-General Sir John Byng, K.C.B. and G.C.H.

His lordship's marriage having been dissolved by the laws of Scotland, (her ladyship married the Duke of Argyll,) he espoused, secondly, the Lady Charlotte Cadogan, daughter of Charles, first Earl Cadogan, and has issue,

Clarence-Edward, *b.* 17th June, 1811.

Alfred, *b.* 29th June, 1816.

George-Augustus-Frederic, *b.* 16th March, 1818.

Emily.

Mary.

Adelaide.

The Marquess of Anglesey, having adopted the military profession, entered into active service under the command of His Royal Highness the late Duke of York, in the early part of the first war with revolutionized France, as lieutenant-colonel of a regiment of infantry; whence exchanging into the hussars, he subsequently distinguished himself, during Sir John Moore's campaign, as the gallant leader of the cavalry brigade upon the Spanish peninsula; and, at the close of the sanguinary struggle, contributed mainly, at the head of the united British, Hanoverian, and Belgian horse, to the glorious result of Waterloo; in which memorable conflict, at nearly the termination of the battle, his lordship received a wound on his right knee, which rendered amputation eventually necessary. Firm, however, as the

military renown of the noble marquess confessedly stands, his lordship's vice-regal policy has raised for him a civic reputation upon a basis equally solid and imperishable. Nominated to rule over a part of the empire, the best interests of which had been remorselessly sacrificed, period after period, at the baneful and often bloody shrine of faction, the Marquess of Anglesey, by exercising his exalted functions with impartiality, and by deporting himself with the manly frankness of a soldier, and the suavity of a kind-hearted and accomplished gentleman, reached the summit of a popular eminence, but rarely even approached by his predecessors. His lordship's recall, by the Wellington administration, from the lieutenantancy of Ireland was sudden and unexpected; but the demonstration of public feeling evinced at his departure, and the fervent prayers which burst from a warm-hearted and generous people for his future prosperity, must have left him little cause to regret the circumstance that drew forth an approval of his public and private conduct, so enthusiastic and so national. Lord Anglesey was reappointed viceroy of Ireland in 1830, and his lordship sustains his former popularity.

### Lineage.

WILLIAM PAGET, one of the Serjeants at mace of the City of London, left, with other children,

WILLIAM PAGET, who after receiving the rudiments of his education under the famous Lily, in St. Paul's School, and passing through the university of Cambridge, went into the family of Stephen Gardiner, Bishop of Winchester, and thence was introduced into political life. In the 21st of Henry VIII. Mr. Paget was sent into France to obtain the opinions of the learned in that kingdom touching his royal master's divorce from Queen Katherine. And from that period, during the remainder of the reign of King Henry, we find him always actively and confidentially employed often as a diplomatist upon secret and important missions; and at one time he filled the office of secretary of state. From Henry he received the honor of knighthood, and that monarch bequeathed him three hundred pounds, constituting him one of his executors, and appointing him, on his death bed, of the council to his son and successor, King Edward the Sixth. Sir William Paget subsequently formed a close alliance with the Protector, Somerset, and thus retained the opportunity of devoting his great abilities to the services of the state. On the 14th February, 1646-7, he was elected a knight of the garter, and he was summoned to parliament as BARON PAGET of Beaudesert, in the county of Stafford, on the 23rd January, 1552. On the administration of his friend, the Duke of Somerset, Lord Paget was a distinguished member, and upon the fall of the PROTECTOR, he participated of course in

his ruin; being committed prisoner to the tower, fined £6000 by the Star Chamber, and divested of the insignia of the garter. But he soon afterwards obtained his liberty and a general pardon for all offences, as well as a remission of the debt due to the crown. On the death of King Edward he espoused the cause of Queen Mary, and after her accession to the throne his lordship was sworn of the privy council. He was also restored to the dignity of a knight of the garter, and he obtained several important grants from the crown. He was afterwards appointed lord privy seal. On Queen Elizabeth's accession, in 1558, he quitted the public service at his own request, as Camden writes in his life of that monarch, "she retaining an affection and value for him, though he was a strict zealot of the Romish church." His lordship *m. Anne*, daughter and heir of Henry Preston, esq. and dying in 1563, was *s.* by his eldest son,

HENRY, summoned to parliament as Baron Paget, 30th September, 1566. His lordship had been made a knight of the bath at the coronation of Queen Mary. He *m. Catharine*, daughter of Sir Henry Knevet, of Buckenham, in the county of Norfolk, by whom he had an only daughter, Elizabeth, who *d.* 20th June, 1571. His lordship *d.* in 1598, when his daughter should have succeeded to the barony: but it appears that two months before her decease her uncle, the deceased lord's brother,

THOMAS PAGET, was summoned to parliament as Baron Paget, (4th April, 1571), 13th of Elizabeth. But in the 27th of the same reign, being zealously affected to the Romish religion, and letters having been intercepted, which betrayed his being a well-wisher to the Queen of Scots, his lordship, on the apprehension of Francis Throgmorton, withdrew privately, with Charles Arundel, into France. He was attainted soon after, with his brother, Charles Paget, by parliament, and his property confiscated. He *m. Nazaret*, daughter of Sir John Newton, of Barr's Court, in the county of Somerset, and was *s.* at his decease, in 1589, by his son,

WILLIAM, fourth baron, who was restored by parliament in the 1st of James the First to his rank and honors. His lordship *m. Lettice*, daughter and coheir of Henry Knowleys, esq. of Kingsbury, in Warwickshire, and dying 20th August, 1629, was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, fifth baron, *b.* 13th September, 1609; *m. Frances*, daughter of Henry Rich, Lord Holland, by whom he had, with eleven other children,

WILLIAM, his successor.

Henry, who settled in Ireland, and left at his decease, by his wife — daughter of Sandford, esq. of Shropshire, a son,

THOMAS, a brigadier-general in the army, whose only daughter and heiress,

CAROLINE, espoused Sir Nicholas Bayly, bart. of Placenywyd, son and successor of Edward Bayly, esq. who had been created a baronet of Ireland on the 4th July, 1730. The family of Bayly, which is of

remote antiquity, claims Roman origin, and is thence deduced by an existing pedigree, through many of the most eminent Welsh and Irish houses, to Sir Nicholas Bagenal, knight-marshal of Queen Elizabeth's armies in Ireland, through whom the present marquess boasts an alliance with the hero of Scotland, Sir William Wallace, and inherits the fine estates his lordship now possesses in the counties of Down and Louth, and in the principality of Wales.

Lord Paget, who, in 1642, was appointed by the parliament lord-lieutenant of the county of Buckingham, returned soon afterwards to his allegiance, and commanded a regiment under the royal banner at Edgehill in the same year. He *d.* 19th October, 1678, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

WILLIAM, sixth baron, *b.* 10th of February, 1637; This nobleman, who was ambassador for some years to the SUBLIME PORTE, *m. Frances*, daughter of Francis, a younger son of Robert Pierpoint, earl of Kingston, and dying 20th of February, 1712, was *s.* by his only surviving child,

HENRY, seventh Lord Paget, who had been created *Baron Burton, of Burton, in the county of Stafford*, in 1712, during his father's life time; and was advanced to the *Earldom of Uxbridge*, on the 19th October, 1714. The earl *m. first, Mary*, eldest daughter and coheir of Thomas Catesby, esq. of Wheston, in the county of Northampton, and had an only child,

THOMAS CATESBY, Lord Paget, who *m. Lady Elizabeth Everton*, sister of Scroop, Duke of Bridgewater, and dying before his father, left a son,

HENRY, successor to the earldom.

He *m. secondly, Elizabeth*, daughter of Sir W. Bagot, but had no issue. He *d.* in 1743, and was *s.* by his grandson,

HENRY, eighth baron and second earl. This nobleman dying unmarried, 17th November, 1769, the earldom of Uxbridge and barony of Burton became extinct; but the Barony of Paget, being a barony in fee, devolved upon the eldest surviving son of Sir Nicholas Bayly, bart. and his wife, Caroline, daughter of Brigadier-general Thomas Paget, above-mentioned, namely,

HENRY BAYLY, esq. who assumed thereupon the surname and armorial ensigns of Paget, alone, and was summoned to parliament on the 13th January, 1770, as ninth BARON PAGET; (Sir Edward Bayly, the first baronet already mentioned, was grandson of the Right Reverend Lewis Bayly, bishop of Bangor, chaplain to Henry, Prince of Wales, son of King James the First, with which monarch Doctor Bayly came into England, and was tutor to King Charles the First.) His lordship *m.* on the 11th April, 1767, *Jane*, eldest daughter of the very Reverend Arthur Champagne, Dean of Clonmacnoise, in



Ireland, and great-grand-daughter of Arthur Forbes, Earl of Granard, by whom he had issue,

HENRY-WILLIAM, present Marquess of Anglesey.

William, a post-captain R.N. who *d.* young. Arthur, (Sir) G. C. B. one of his majesty's most honorable privy-council, *b.* in 1771; *m.* 16th February, 1809, Augusta, second daughter of John, present Earl of Westmorland, and has issue,

Edward, (Sir) G. C. B. a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 28th regiment of foot, *b.* in November, 1775; *m.* first, 21st May, 1804, Frances, daughter of William, first Lord Bagot, by whom (who *d.* 30th May, 1806, he had one son, Francis-Edward. Sir Edward *m.* secondly, in 1815, Harriet, daughter of George, third Earl of Dartmouth, and has several children. Sir Edward Paget is governor of the Royal Military College, and a member of the board of general officers.

Charles, (Sir) K. C. B. rear-admiral of the white, *b.* in October, 1778; *m.* in March, 1805, Elizabeth-Arminta, daughter of Henry Monk, esq. and has issue.

Berkely, *b.* in 1780; *m.* in November, 1804, Sophia-Askell, daughter of the Hon. William Bucknall, (a surname assumed in place of "*Grimston*," and grand-daughter of James, second Viscount Grimston, and has issue,

1. Frederick, of the second foot guards, aid de camp to the lord-lieutenant of Ireland, *b.* in 1807.
2. Catesby. 3. Leopold. 4. Lennox.
5. Gertrude-Jane, *m.* in 1828, to Colonel the Hon. Standish O'Grady, eldest son of Viscount Guillemore.
6. Eleanor, *m.* in 1825, to Sir William-George Hilton-Jolliffe, bart.

Brownlow, *d.* young.

Caroline, *m.* in April, 1792, to the Hon. John-Thomas Capel, eldest son, by his second marriage, of William, fourth Earl of Essex, by whom (who *d.* in 1819) her ladyship has several children.

Jane, *m.* in April, 1797, to George, present Earl of Galloway.

Louisa, *m.* in 1801, to Lieutenant-General Sir James Erskine, bart. of Torriehouse, in the county of Fife, by whom (who *d.* in 1825,) her ladyship had no issue. She *m.* secondly, the Right Honorable Lieutenant-General Sir George Murray.

Charlotte, *m.* in 1805, to John, present Earl of Enniskillen, and *d.* in 1817, leaving issue.

Mary, *m.* in 1805, to Thomas, late Lord Graves, and has issue.

Lord Paget was elevated to the dignity of EARL of Uxbridge on 19th May, 1784, and died on the 12th March, 1812.

*Creations*—Baron, 19th of January, 1550. Earl, 19th May, 1784. Marquess, 23rd June, 1815.



*Arms*—Sa. on a cross engrailed between four eagles, displayed, ar. five lions, passant, guardant, of the field.

*Crest*—A demi-heraldic tiger, salient, sa. armed ducally gorged, and tufted, ar.

*Supporters*—Two heraldic tigers, sa. ducally gorged, tufted, maned, and tasked, ar.

*Motto*—Per il suo contrario.

*Official Residence*—Dublin Castle.

*London Residence*—Uxbridge House, Burlington Gardens.

*Seats*—Beaudesart, Staffordshire; Stalbridge Park, Dorsetshire; Plas Newydd, Anglesey.

ANNESLEY, EARL OF, (William-Richard Annesley,) Viscount Glerawley, of Glerawley, in the county of Fermanagh, and Baron Annesley, of Castle Wellan, in the peerage of Ireland, *b.* 16th July, 1772, inherited as third earl, at the decease of his father, on the 9th of November, 1824; *m.* first, 19th May, 1803, Lady Isabella St. Lawrence, daughter of William, second Earl of Howth, by whom he has an only daughter, Mary, *m.* 16th February, 1828, to William-John M'Guire, esq. of Rostrevor, in the county of Down. The earl's first marriage being dissolved by act of parliament, his lordship espoused, secondly, on the 15th July, 1828, Priscilla-Cecilia, second daughter of Hugh Moore, esq. of Eglantine House, in the county of Down, by whom he has issue,

— Viscount Glerawley, *b.* 4th March, 1830.

### Lineage.

SIR FRANCIS ANNESLEY, knt. first Viscount Valentia (refer to Earl Mountnorris), *m.* for his second wife, Jane, sister of Philip Stanhope, first Earl of Chesterfield, and relict of Sir Peter Courtenay, bart. by whom he had several children. The eldest of which,

FRANCIS ANNESLEY fixed his abode at Cloghmaghericatt (afterwards Castle Wellan), in the county of Down; and marrying Deborah, daughter of Doctor Henry Jones, Bishop of Meath, widow of John Bouldier, esq. of Dublin, was *s.* by his only surviving son,

FRANCIS ANNESLEY. This gentleman was appointed in the reign of King William the Third, under an act of parliament, one of the trustees 'or the sale of forfeited estates in Ireland, and he was

a distinguished member of both the English and Irish parliaments. He *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Joseph Martin, of London, *knt.* by whom he had seven sons and two daughters. Mr. Annealey *m.* secondly, in 1732, Elizabeth, daughter of John Cropley, *esq.* of Rochester, and widow of William Gomeldon, *esq.* of Somerfield Hall, in Kent; and thirdly, Sarah, only daughter of William Sloane, *esq.* of Portsmouth, and relict of Sir R. Fowler, but had issue by neither of these ladies. He *d.* 7th August, 1750, and was *s.* by his sixth, but eldest surviving son,

WILLIAM ANNESLEY, barrister-at-law, M. P. in 1741, for Middleton, in the county of Cork. This gentleman was advanced to the peerage of Ireland on the 20th September, 1758, in the dignity of *Baron Annesley, of Castle Wellan, in the county of Down;* and created, on the 14th November, 1766, *Viscount Glerrawley, of Glerrawley, in the county of Fermanagh.* His lordship *m.* in 1758, Lady Anne Beresford, eldest daughter of Marcus, first Earl of Tyrone, (see Marquess of Waterford,) and had, with other issue,

FRANCIS-CHARLES, his successor.

RICHARD, who succeeded his brother.

William, in holy orders, Dean of Down, *m.* Miss Digby, only daughter of John Digby, *esq.* of Landenstown, in the county of Kildare, and, dying in 1817, left two sons,

Marcus, *m.* to Caroline, daughter of Fernando Smith, *esq.*

William, *m.* to Miss Reynell.

His Lordship *d.* the 12th September, 1770, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

FRANCIS-CHARLES, second viscount, *b.* in 1740, and advanced to the EARLDOM of ANNESLEY, with remainder to his brother RICHARD, on the 18th of August, 1780. His lordship *m.* in 1760, Mary, daughter and heiress of Richard Grove, *esq.* of Ballyhimonock, in the county of Cork; but dying without issue, 19th December, 1802, the honors devolved, according to the limitation, upon his brother,

RICHARD, second earl, *b.* 14th April, 1745; *m.* 25th Sept. 1771, Anne, only child and heiress of Robert Lambert, *esq.* of Dunleddy, in the county of Down, by whom (who *d.* 30th June, 1822) he had issue,

WILLIAM-RICHARD, present earl.

Robert, *b.* 1st of June, 1773; *m.* Mary-Anne, daughter of James Gandon, *esq.* of Canon Brook, in Ireland, and had issue,

1. James, (British consul at Barcelona,) *m.* in 1826, Clementine, daughter of Baron de Brockhausen, of Prussia, and has issue.

2. William. 3. Francis. 4. George.

5. Mary-Anne, *m.* in 1820, to Major Cowell, of the lifeguards, and *d.* in 1821.

6. Catherine, *m.* in 1820 to Rev. J. Mahon, and *d.* in 1822.

7. Eleonora, *m.* Mr. Robert Annealey; *d.* 21st April, 1825.

Arthur, a lieutenant-general in the army, *b.* 21st November, 1775, *m.* in 1815, Elizabeth, only daughter of John Mahon, *esq.* of Besborough, in the county of Tipperary.

Francis-Charles, *com.* R.N. *b.* 25th November,

1785, *m.* 31st July, 1813, Mary, daughter of William Radcliffe, *esq.*

Catharine, *m.* in 1801, to the late Sir Neale O'Donel, *bart.* became a widow on the 1st of March, 1827, and *d.* 17th July, 1830.

Anna-Maria, *m.* to the Rev. G. H. M'Dowel Johnston, of Ballywillville House, in the county of Down.

His lordship *d.* on the 9th November, 1824.

Creations—Baron, 20th of September, 1759. Viscount, 14th November, 1766. Earl, 19th Aug. 1789.



*Arms*—Paly of six, ar. and az. overall a bend, gu.

*Crest*—A moor's head, couped, in profile, *ppr.* wreathed about the temples, ar. and az.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a Roman knight in armour, or, short sleeves and apron, gu. face, arms, and legs bare, the latter sandalled, ar. on his head a helmet, or, cap, or, on the top thereof three feathers, gu. in his exterior hand a shield; thereon a female head; SINISTER, a Moorish prince, in armour, or, short sleeves and apron, gu. face, neck, arms, and legs, *ppr.* on the latter boots, gold; behind him, a sheaf of arrows, *ppr.* fastened by a pink ribbon, wreathed round the temples, ar. and az. in his exterior hand a bow, *ppr.*

*Motto*—Virtutis Amore.

*Seat*—Castle Wellan, in the county of Down.

ANSON, SIR WILLIAM, Baronet, of Birchall, in the county palatine of Lancaster; a lieutenant-general in the army, and a Knight Grand Cross of the Bath; *b.* 13th August, 1772; *m.* 26th January, 1815, Louisa-Frances-Mary, only child of John Dickenson, *esq.* (by Mary his wife, only child of Charles Hamilton, son and heir of Lord Archibald Hamilton, seventh son of William, third Duke of Hamilton) and has issue,

JOHN-WILLIAM-HAMILTON, *b.* 20th December, 1816.

William-Vernon-Dickenson, *b.* 10th Feb. 1819.

George-Henry-Greville, *b.* 19th July, 1820.

Archibald-Edward-Harbord, *b.* 10th April, 1826.

Mary-Louisa, *b.* 5th January, 1818.

Anne-Georgiana-Frances, *b.* 14th July, 1822.

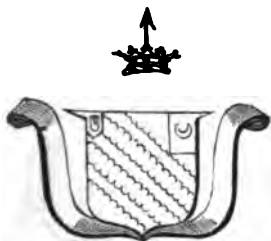
Louisa-Frances-Maria, *b.* 16th April, 1826.

Lieutenant General Sir William Anson was created a baronet in September, 1831.

**Lineage.**

Refer to that of the EARL of LICHFIELD, the baronet's nephew.

*Creation*—September, 1831.



*Arms*—Arg. three bendlets engrailed, gules, and in the sinister, canton, a crescent of the second.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet, or, a spear erect proper.

*Motto*—Nil desperandum.

*Town Residence*—32, Devonshire Place.

*Seat*—Birchall, Lancashire.

**ANSTRUTHER-CARMICHAEL, SIR WINDHAM**, of Elie-House, Fifeshire, baronet of Nova Scotia and of Great Britain, carver, by inheritance, for Scotland to his Majesty; s. to the title upon the melancholy death of his nephew in Nov. 1831, m. in 1824, Meredith-Maria, second daughter of Charles Wetherell, esq. by whom he has issue,

WINDHAM.

Sir John is the eighth baronet of Nova Scotia, and fourth of Great Britain.

**Lineage.**

This family, whose chief took the style of de Candela Dominus de Anstruther, was settled in Fife in the very early and obscure periods of Scottish History. As early as 1153 we have authenticated records of one Willielmus de Candela de Anstruther, whose descendants have had their full share of the honours and dignities of the kingdom of Scotland.

1. **WILLIAM ANSTRUTHER**, esq. of that ilk, (the lineal descendant of Sir James Anstruther, knight, who was appointed by James the Sixth, of Scotland, hereditary carver for that kingdom, in 1585,) M.P. for the county of Fife, in 1681; was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* in 1694; and, dying in 1711, was s. by his eldest son,

2. **SIR JOHN**, of that ilk. This gentleman m. in 1717, Margaret Carmichael, eldest daughter of James, second Earl of Hyndford, and was s. at his decease by his only surviving son,

3. **SIR JOHN**, of that ilk, b. 27th of December, 1713; m. in 1750, Janet, daughter of James Fall, esq. of Dunbar, in East Lothian; and was s. at his decease, 4th July, 1790, by his eldest son,

F

4. **SIR PHILIP**, of that ilk, who m. Miss Paterson, only child of Sir John Paterson, of Eccles, and assumed thereupon the additional surname of Paterson. He d. without issue, 5th January, 1806, when the title devolved upon his brother,

5. and 1st. **THE RIGHT HON. SIR JOHN ANSTRUTHER**, a distinguished lawyer, who was created a baronet of Great Britain, 18th May, 1798; and nominated chief justice of the supreme court of judicature in Bengal. Sir John m. Miss Bryce, and had issue,

**JOHN**, his successor.

**WINDHAM**, present baronet.

**Mary-Anne**.

Sir John d. 26th of January, 1811, and was s. by his eldest son,

6. and 2nd. **SIR JOHN**, who m. 11th of January, 1817, Jessie, daughter of Major General Dewar, by whom (who m. secondly, on the 27th March, 1828, Robert Marsham, esq. warden of Merton College, Oxford,) he left one posthumous child, **JOHN**. Sir John Anstruther s. in 1817, on the death of the Earl of Hyndford, to his lordship's entailed property in Lanarkshire, and took the additional surname and arms of **CARMICHAEL**. He d. 28th January, 1818, and was s. by his son,

7. and 3rd. **SIR JOHN**, who was accidentally killed while on a shooting excursion, in November, 1831; and his uncle, **WINDHAM**, present baronet, inherited the title.

*Creations*—1694 and 1798.



*Arms*—Quarterly, first and fourth, ar. three piles, issuing from the chief, sa. for ANSTRUTHER. Second and third, a fess, wreathy, az. and gu. for CARMICHAEL.

*Crests*—ANSTRUTHER, on a wreath, two arms, in armour, holding, in the gauntlets, a battleaxe, all ppr. CARMICHAEL, on a wreath, an armed arm erect, holding a broken spear.

*Supporters*—Two falcons, with wings expanded, ppr. armed, gu. jessed and belled, or.

*Mottos*—Anstruther, "Periasssem ni periasssem." Carmichael, "Toujours prest."

*Seats*—Elie-House, Fifeshire; Carmichael House, and Westran, Lanarkshire.

**ANSTRUTHER, SIR RALPH**, baronet of Balcaskie, in the county of Fife; b. 1st of March, 1804; s. to the title as fourth baronet, at the decease of his grandfather, Sir Robert.

### Lineage.

This is a junior branch of the very ancient family of Anstruther, of Anstruther, (from which place the surname is derived,) now represented by Sir Windham-Anstruther, a baronet of Nova Scotia and of England, springing from

1. ROBERT ANSTRUTHER, esq. (third son of Sir Philip Anstruther, of Anstruther, by Christian, daughter of Major-General Lumsden, of Innergelly in the county of Fife,) who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* in 1694. Sir Robert *m.* thrice: first, Miss Kinnear, an heiress, who *d.* without issue; secondly, Jean Monteith Wrea, an heiress also, by whom he had six sons and two daughters; and thirdly, Marion, daughter of Sir William Preston, of Valleyfield, by whom he had one son and two daughters. Sir Robert was *s.* at his decease, by his eldest son,

2. SIR PHILIP. This gentleman *m.* Catharine, only daughter of Lord Alexander Hay, of Spott, son of the Marquess of Tweeddale, by whom he had seven sons and four daughters, and was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,

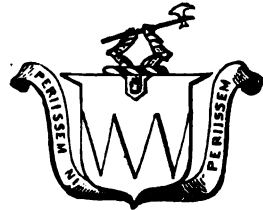
3. SIR ROBERT, who *m.* Lady Janet Erskine, youngest daughter of Alexander, fifth earl of Kellie, and had three sons and three daughters. Robert, the eldest son, *b.* 3rd March, 1768, entered at a very early period of life into the guards, and in 1793 accompanied his regiment into Holland. In 1796, he joined the Austrian army in the Brigau, under the Archduke Charles, then at war with France; and, in one of the victories gained by the Austrians, received a wound in the left side. In 1797, he returned home, purchased a company in the third guards, and was appointed deputy quarter-master-general. In 1798, he went upon a diplomatic mission to Germany, from whence he returned in the spring of the ensuing year, and in the autumn of the same year embarked with the expedition to the Helder. In 1800, Captain Anstruther went to Egypt as quarter-master-general to the army under the command of Sir Ralph Abercrombie, at which time, the order of the Crescent was conferred upon him by the Turkish monarch. In 1802, he was appointed adjutant-general in Ireland. In 1808, he went to Portugal as brigadier-general, and distinguished himself at the celebrated battle of Vimiera. In the subsequently disastrous campaign in Spain, under the gallant Sir John Moore, General Anstruther commanded the rear guard of the army, which he brought safely into Corunna, on the night of the 12th of January; but survived only one day the extraordinary exertions which he had made, and the fatigue he had endured during the march. He *d.* on the 14th of January, 1809, and lies interred in the north-east bastion of the citadel of Corunna. Sir John Moore, by his own desire, was buried by the side of the general. With very superior abilities in his profession, both military and diplomatic, General Anstruther combined the advantages of being a profound scholar, an elegant writer, and a very accomplished gentleman. He *m.* Charlotte-Lucy, only daughter of Colonel James Ha-

milton, grandson of James, fourth Duke of Hamilton, by whom he had issue,

RALPH, the present baronet.  
James-Hamilton.

Jane.  
Charlotte.

*Creation*—1694.



*Arms*—Ar. three piles issuing from the chief, sa.

*Motto*—Periissem ni periissem.

*Seat*—Balcaiskie, Fifeshire.

ANTRIM, COUNTESS OF, (Anne-Catharine Mac Donnell,) and Viscountess Dunluce in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 11th February, 1778; *s.* to the peerage upon the demise of her father, Randal-William, late Marquess of Antrim, on the 28th of July, 1791. Her ladyship *m.* first, 25th April, 1799, Sir Henry Vane-Tempest, bart. of Winyard, in the county of Durham, by whom (who *d.* 1st August, 1813) she had issue,

FRANCES-ANNE-EMILY VANE-TEMPEST, *b.* 17th January, 1800, *m.* 3rd April, 1819, to Charles-William, present Marquess of Londonderry, and has issue. (See Marquess of Londonderry).

The Countess of Antrim *m.* secondly, 24th May, 1817, Edmund Phelps, esq. who assumed the surname of Mac Donnell only.

### Lineage.

SIR RANDAL MAC SORLEY MAC DONNELL, of Dunluce, in the county of Antrim, a descendant of the Lords of the Isles, having zealously promoted the English interest in Ireland in the reigns of Queen Elizabeth, and King James, was created by the latter on the 28th May, 1618, *Viscount Dunluce*, and advanced on the 12th December, 1620, to the *EARLDOM OF ANTRIM*. He was also sworn of the Privy Council and appointed to the command of a regiment. His lordship *m.* Ellice, daughter of Hugh Mac-a-Baron O'Neill, and sister of Hugh, the last Earl of Tyrone, and dying 10th Dec. 1636, was *s.* by his elder son,

RANDAL, second earl, *b.* in 1609. This nobleman for the many essential services he had rendered to the Crown, was advanced to the dignity of *MARQUESS OF ANTRIM* by King Charles I. on the 26th January, 1644. His lordship *m.* first in 1633, Lady Catherine Manners, daughter and heir of Francis, Earl of Rutland, and widow of George Villiers, Duke of Buckingham; and secondly,

Rose, daughter of Sir Henry O'Neile, knt. of Shane's Castle, in the county of Antrim, but had no issue. He *d.* 3rd February, 1682, when the marquise expired, but the other honours devolved upon his brother.

ALEXANDER, as third earl, *b.* in 1615. This nobleman took an active part during the war of the Revolution in Ireland upon the side of his legitimate sovereign King James the Second, for which he was attainted of high treason. He was afterwards, however, included in the treaty of Limerick, and under that covenant was restored to his honours and estates. His lordship *m.* first, Lady Elizabeth Annesley, second daughter of Arthur, first Earl of Anglesey, by whom, who *d.* in 1609, he had no issue. He espoused, secondly, Helena, third daughter of Sir John Burke, knt. of Derrymacaghny, in the county of Galway, and dying in 1699, was *s.* by his only son,

RANDAL, fourth earl, *b.* in 1680; *m.* Rachel, eldest daughter of Clotworthy, Viscount Massereene, and dying 19th October, 1721, was *s.* by his only son,

ALEXANDER, fifth earl, *b.* 15th July, 1713. This nobleman being in minority at his father's decease, was left under the guardianship of the Lady Dowager Massereene and Lord Massereene, who brought him up in the reformed religion, (his predecessors had previously adhered to the church of Rome). His lordship *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of Matthew Pennesfather, Esq. comptroller and accountant-general of Ireland, by whom he had no surviving issue. He espoused, secondly, in 1739, Anne, eldest daughter and heir of Charles-Patrick Plunket, esq. of Dillons Town, in the county of Louth, M. P. by whom he had one son and two daughters. He *m.* thirdly, Catherine, youngest daughter of Thomas Meredyth, esq. of Newtown, county of Meath, but had no issue. He *d.* on the 13th of October, 1773, and was *s.* by his son,

RANDAL-WILLIAM, sixth earl, *b.* 4th November, 1749. His lordship *m.* 3rd July, 1774, Letitia, eldest daughter of Hervey Morres, first Viscount Mountmorres, and relict of the Honourable Arthur Trevor, only son of Arthur, Viscount Duncannon, by whom (who *d.* in 1801) he had issue, ANNE-CATHARINE, present countess.

Charlotte, *m.* to Rear Admiral Lord Mark-Robert Kerr, third son of William-John, fifth Marquess of Lothian, and has issue.

The earl having thus no male issue obtained a new patent dated 2d May, 1785, creating him Viscount Dunluce, and EARL OF ANTRIM, with remainder to his daughters primogenitively: and in August, 1789, his lordship was advanced to the MARQUISATE OF ANTRIM, but without any special reversionary grant. He *d.* on the 28th July, 1791, when all the honours ceased, except the patent of 1785, which devolved, according to the special limitation, upon his elder daughter, ANNE-CATHARINE, present countess.

*Creation*—2nd of May, 1785.

*Arms*—Quarterly, first or, a lion rampant, gu.; second, or, a dexter hand, couped, in fesse, holding a cross crosslet, fitché, gu.; third, or, a

lymphad, or galley, with her oars saltier-ways; fourth, az., a dolphin, issuant.



*Supporters*—DEXTER, a savage, wreathed about the temples and loins with ivy, all ppr.; SINISTER, an eagle, wings expanded, ppr.

*Town Residence*—Cavendish-square.

*Seats*—Wynyard House, Durham, and Glenarn Castle, county of Antrim.

ANTROBUS, SIR EDMUND-WILLIAM, baronet, of Antrobus, in the county of Chester, and of Rutherford, in the county of Roxburgh; *b.* in May, 1792; *m.* on the 16th October, 1817, Anne, daughter of the Hon. Hugh Lindsay, brother of Alexander, sixth Earl of Balcarras, and has issue,

1. EDMUND, *b.* in 1818.
2. Hugh-Lindsay, *b.* in 1823.
3. — (a son) *b.* in September, 1831.
4. Jane.
5. Anne.
6. Harriott.
7. Caroline.

Sir Edmund *s.* to the title, as second baronet, at the decease of his uncle, 6th Feb. 1826.

### Lineage.

1 EDMUND ANTROBUS, esq. F.R. and S.A. (fourth son of Philip Antrobus, esq. of Congleton, in the county of Chester, by Mary, daughter of Thomas Rowley, esq. of Overton, in Staffordshire,) was created a baronet on the 22nd of May, 1815, with remainder to his nephews, Edmund-William Antrobus, and Gibbs-Crawford Antrobus, esqrs. the sons of his brother, John Antrobus, esq. by Anne, only daughter of Gibbs Crawford, esq. M. P. for Queenborough. Sir Edmund *d.* without issue in 1826, when the title devolved, according to the patent, upon his elder nephew; the younger, Gibbs-Crawford Antrobus, esq. *m.* in June, 1827, Jane, second daughter of Sir Coutts Trotter, bart.

*Creation*—22nd of May, 1815.



*Arms*—Lozengy, or. and az. on a pale, gules, three estoiles, of the first.

*Crest*—On a wreath of the colours, issuing out of rays ppr., a unicorn's head, couped, argent, horned and maned, or. gorged, with a wreath of laurel, vert.

*Supporters*—Two horses, ppr., being the supporters of the extinct Lords Rutherford, which were granted to the first Sir Edward Antrobus, upon purchasing the barony and estate of Rutherford.

*Motto*—Dei memor, gratus amicus.

*Seat*—Eaton Hall in the county of Chester.

**APREECE, SIR THOMAS-HUSSEY**, baronet, of Wasingley, in the county of Huntingdon; *b.* 4th November, 1744; *m.* Dorothea, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Shuckburgh Ashby, esq. of Queenby, in the county of Leicester, by whom (who *d.* in December, 1822) he has issue,

THOMAS-GEORGE, *b.* 19th August, 1791.

Emily, *m.* to George-Sandford Peacocke, esq.

Lucy, *m.* 24th February, 1817, to Hildebrand-

Meredith Parratt, esq. of the royal horse artillery.

Sir Thomas had an elder son, Shuckburgh-Ashby, who *m.* Jane, daughter and heiress of Charles Kerr, esq. and *d.* in 1807: his widow *m.* in 1812, the late Sir Humphry Davy, bart.

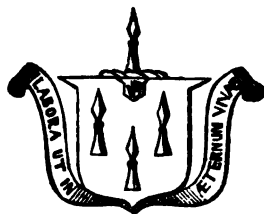
#### Lineage.

The baronet, who is son of Thomas-Hussey Apreece, esq. by Dorothy, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Nathan Wright, bart. and grandson, paternally, of Sarah, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Hussey, baronet, was so created on the 4th of June, 1782. Sir Thomas claims the very ancient barony of Havering, as lineal descendant of \*John de Havering, who was summoned to parliament by writ, on the 6th February and 10th April, (27 Edw. I.) 1290, by the designation of "Johannes de Havering, Dominus de Grafton." Sir Thomas, in two particular instances, has rendered most essential service to his country,—first, when a captain in the Huntingdon militia, by gallantly defending Alnwick against the pirate Paul Jones, during the earliest American war,—and, secondly, by submitting to Mr. Pitt a plan for embodying 300,000 men, free of expense, which was acknowledged, and acted upon by that minister in the *yeomanry force* afterwards enrolled.

*Creation*—4th June, 1782.

*Arms*—Sa., three spear's heads, argent, guttée de sang.

\* Dugdale gives no account of this baron, and Nicolas thinks that the name is erroneously written on the roll for John de Clavering, who appears in the summonses of the ensuing year, and then regularly for many following years. If such be the case the baronet's pretensions fall at once to the ground.



*Crest*—A spear's head, as in the arms.

*Motto*—Labora, ut in æternum vivas.

*Town Residence*—22, Upper Berkeley-street.

*Seat*—Hazelebeech, Northamptonshire.

**ARBUTHNOTT, VISCOUNT**, (John Arbuthnott) and Baron Inverberrie, in the peerage of Scotland, lord-lieutenant of the county of Kincardine; lord-rector of the University of Aberdeen, and one of the representative peers; *b.* in 1777; *s.* to the honors upon the decease of his father, 27th Feb. 1800; *m.* 25th June, 1805, Margaret, dau. of the Hon. Walter Ogilvie, of Clova, and sister of the present Lord Airlie, by whom he has issue,

JOHN, *b.* 4th June, 1806.

Walter, *b.* 21st November, 1808.

Hugh, *b.* 13th August, 1812.

David.

William, *b.* 14th April, 1821.

Charles-James-Donald.

Jane, *m.* 29th July, 1830, to James Cheape, esq. R. N.

Margaret.

Isabella-Mary.

Anne-Charlotte.

Helen.

Charlotte-Louisa.

Clementina-Maria.

#### Lineage.

This noble family derives its surname from the lands which its progenitor, *Hugo de Aberbothenoth*, had as a marriage portion with his wife, the daughter of Oabert Olifard, who filled the office of sheriff of Mearns, in Kincardineshire, in the beginning of the twelfth century; and those lands have passed to the present viscount through no less than twenty-two generations.

SIR ROBERT ARBUTHNOTT, of Arrat, had a charter of the barony of Arbuthnott, on 9th January, 1616-7. He succeeded his uncle, Sir Robert Arbuthnott, of Arbuthnott, in his estates in 1621, and was in great favor with King James the First (of England) and King Charles the First. Sir Robert *m.* first, Lady Margaret Keith, daughter of George, fifth Earl Marischal, by whom he had no issue. He espoused, secondly, Margaret, only daughter of Simon, seventh Lord Lovat, and dying 18th March, 1633, was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR ROBERT ARBUTHNOTT, who was first knighted

for his faithful adhesion to the fortunes of King Charles I. and afterwards elevated to the peerage, 16th November, 1641, in the dignities of *Baron Inverberrie* and *Viscount Arbuthnot*. His lordship *m.* first, Lady Marjory Carnegie, fourth daughter of David, first Earl of Southesk, by whom he had a son, ROBERT, his successor, and a daughter, Margaret, *m.* to Sir John Forbes, of Monumusk. He espoused, secondly, Catherine, third daughter of Hugh, eighth Lord Lovat, and widow of Sir John Sinclair, of Dunbeath, and had issue, Alexander, of Knox, and Anne, *m.* to William Forbes, esq. of Ludquhairn. He *d.* 10th October, 1635, and was *s.* by his elder son,

ROBERT, second viscount, who *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of William, seventh Earl Marischal; by whom he had ROBERT, his successor, and Mary, *m.* to Sir Thomas Burnett, of Leys. His lordship espoused, secondly, Catherine, daughter of Robert Gordon, esq. of Pitlurg, and had, with four daughters, two sons, *vis.*

John, of Fordun, who *m.* in 1695, Margaret, daughter of James Falconer, of Phaesdo, a lord of session from 1689 to his death in 1765, and had issue,

James, a banker in Edinburgh, died unmarried.

JOHN, who *s.* as SIXTH VISCOUNT.  
Thomas, of Balglessie, M.D.

Alexander, one of the barons of the court of exchequer in Scotland, anno 1707, *m.* Jean, eldest daughter of Sir Charles Maitland, and heir of her brother, Sir Charles Maitland, of Pitrichie, in 1704. Upon inheriting whose estates Mr. Arbuthnot, assuming the surname of his wife's family, became "Maitland of Pitrichie, in the county of Aberdeen." He left one son,

CHARLES, M.P. who *d. s. p.* in 1751, when the estate of Pitrichie devolved upon his cousin, Major Forbes, who took the name of Maitland.

His lordship *d.* in 1682, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

ROBERT, third viscount. This nobleman *m.* Anne, daughter of George, fourteenth Earl of Sutherland; and dying in 1694, was *s.* by his eldest son,

ROBERT, fourth viscount; at whose decease, unmarried, in 1710, the honors devolved upon his brother,

JOHN, fifth viscount. His lordship *m.* Jean, daughter of William Morrison, of Preston Grange, in the county of Haddington, but dying childless, in 1756, the honors devolved upon his cousin,

JOHN, sixth viscount, (revert to the Hon. John Arbuthnot, of Fordun, eldest son, by his second wife, of Robert, second viscount.) His lordship *d.* 28th April, 1791, and was *s.* by his son by his second lady, Jane, daughter of Alexander Arbuthnot, esq. of Findourie,

JOHN, seventh viscount; *m.* 27th of December, 1775, Isabella, second daughter of William Graham, esq. of Morphis, county of Kincardine, by whom he had issue,

1. JOHN, present peer.
2. Hugh, C.B. major-general in the army, and M.P. for Kincardineshire.
3. William, captain royal artillery.
4. Marriott.
5. Alexander.
6. Jane.
7. Catherine, *m.* in 1805, to the Rev. David-Lyell Carriston.

His lordship *d.* on the 27th of February, 1890.  
*Creation*—16th November, 1641.



*Arms*—As. a crescent between three stars, argent.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a peacock's head couped, ppr.

*Supporters*—Two wyverns vert, spouting fire.

*Motto*—Laus Deo.

*Residence*—Edinburgh.

*Seat*—Arbuthnot-House, Kincardineshire.

ARBUTHNOT, SIR ROBERT KEITH, baronet, of Edinburgh; *b.* in 1801; *s.* to the title as second baronet, upon the demise of his father in 1829; *m.* in 1828, Anne, second daughter of Major-General Fitzgerald, by whom he has an only child,

A daughter, *b.* in 1829.

### Lineage.

1. WILLIAM ARBUTHNOT, who was son of the late Robert Arbuthnot, esq. of Haddo in the county of Aberdeen, secretary to the honourable board of trustees for manufactures, &c. by Mary, daughter of John Urquhart, esq. of Cromarty; was created a baronet by the King in person, on 24th August, 1822, at the banquet given to his Majesty by the magistrates and town council of Edinburgh, where Mr. Arbuthnot presided as lord provost of the city. This gentleman *m.* 13th September, 1800, Anne, daughter of John Alves, esq. of Shipland, by whom he left issue,

ROBERT-KEITH, present baronet.

John-Alves, *b.* 3d Oct. 1692.

George-Clerk, *b.* 7th October, 1803.

Archibald-James, *b.* 8th January, 1805.

William-Urquhart, *b.* 24th March, 1807.

James-Edward, *b.* 12th January, 1800.

Henry-Dundas, *b.* 24th September, 1811.

Mary.

Anne.

Sir William *d.* in 1829.

*Creation*—24th August, 1822.



*Arms*—Az., a crescent between three mullets, two and one, argent; the whole within a bordure, or, charged with three boars' heads couped, gules.

*Crest*—A peacock's head, ppr.

*Supporters*—*Dexter*, a wyvern vert; *Sinister*, a greyhound, argent, collar and line reflexed over the back, gules.

*Motto*—Innocent and true.

*Residence*—Charlotte-square, Edinburgh.

**ARDEN, BARON**, (Charles-George Perceval, F.R.S. and F.S.A.) of Arden, in the county of Warwick, in the peerage of the United Kingdom, and Baron Arden, of Lohort Castle, county of Cork, in the peerage of Ireland; registrar of the court of appeals for prizes, of the court of admiralty, and of the court of delegates; a lord of his majesty's bedchamber; and lord-lieutenant of Surrey; *b.* 1st October, 1756; *s.* to the Irish barony upon the demise of his mother, 11th June, 1784, and obtained that of the empire, by patent dated 20th July, 1802. His lordship *m.* 27th February, 1787, Margaret-Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the late Sir Thomas Spencer Wilson, bart. of Charlton, in Kent, by whom he has issue,

GEORGE-JAMES, captain R.N., *b.* 14th March, 1794; *m.* 24th July, 1819, Jane, daughter of John Hornby, esq. of Hook House, in the county of Hants.

Edward, *b.* 30th July, 1795, *m.* 20th March, 1821, Jane, eldest daughter of the late Right Honourable Spencer Perceval—by whom (who *d.* in 1824) he has no surviving issue.

Charles-George, in holy orders, *b.* 25th December, 1796; *m.* 21st April, 1829, Mary, only daughter of the Rev. Primatt Knapp. Arthur-Philip, in holy orders, chaplain to the king; *b.* 22nd of November, 1799; *m.* 15th December, 1825, Charlotte-Anne, eldest daughter of the Honourable and Reverend A. G. Legge, and has issue.

Catherine.

Helena, *m.* in 1816, to Rev. Frederick-Stewart Trench, eldest son of the very Rev. Thomas Trench, dean of Kildare, and nephew of Lord Ashtown.

Caroline-Frances, *m.* 8th November, 1825, to Sir W. Heathcote, bart. M.P.

His lordship had an elder son, John, who *m.* Elizabeth-Anne, daughter of the Earl of Car-

digan, and *d.* in 1818, without surviving issue.

### Lineage.

This nobleman is the eldest son of John, second Earl of Egmont, by his second wife, Catharine Compton, daughter of Charles Compton, esq. and sister of Charles and Spencer, successive Earls of Northampton, who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on 23rd May, 1770, in the dignity of BARONESS ARDEN of Lohort Castle, in the county of Cork. Her ladyship had issue, by Lord Egmont,

CHARLES-GEORGE, present baron.

Spencer, *b.* 1st Nov. 1762, bred to the bar; but, after filling the office of attorney-general, relinquished the long robe for the portfolio of a minister of state, in which capacity, when chancellor of the exchequer, he became unfortunately the victim of a person of the name of Bellingham, by whom, under the frenzy of some supposed grievance, he was assassinated in the lobby of the House of Commons, on the 11th May, 1812. Mr. Perceval *m.* Jane, second daughter of the late Sir Thomas-Spencer Wilson, bart. by whom (who *m.* secondly, Lieut-Col. Sir Henry Carr, K.C.B.) he left issue, 1. Spencer, M.P.; *b.* in 1795; *m.* 3rd July, 1821, Anne-Eliza, youngest daughter of Major-General John Macleod; and has issue.

2. Frederick-James, *b.* 6th October, 1797; *m.* 25th July, 1827, Mary, eldest daughter of William Barker, esq. of Bun House, Derbyshire.

3. Henry, in holy orders; *b.* 2nd August, 1790; *m.* in 1826, Catherine-Isabella, daughter of Andrew-Berkeley Drummond, esq. of Cadlands, and has issue.

4. Dudley-Montagu, *b.* 22nd October, 1800; *m.* 24th July, 1827, Mary-Jane, eldest daughter of Major-General Bourke, C.B. governor of New South Wales.

5. John-Thomas, *b.* 14th February, 1803; captain, first Foot Guards.

6. Ernest-Augustus, *b.* 17th May, 1807; captain 15th Hussars; *m.* in May, 1830, Beatrice, fourth daughter of Sir John Trevelyan, bart.

7. Jane, *m.* in 1821, to her cousin, the Hon. Edward Perceval, and *d.* in 1824.

8. Frances. 9. Maria. 10. Isabella. 11. Louisa. 12. Frederica-Elizabeth.

Mary, *m.* in 1781, to Andrew-Berkeley Drummond, esq. of Cadlands, in the county of Hants.

Elizabeth.

Frances, *m.* to the late Lord Redesdale, and *d.* 22nd August, 1817.

Margaret, *m.* 1st December, 1803, to Thomas Walpole, esq.

Her ladyship *d.* in June, 1784.

*Creations*—Barony of Ireland, the 23rd of May, 1770. Barony of the United Kingdom, the 20th of July, 1802.





*Arms*—Ar. on a chief, indented, gu. three crosses, pattée, of the field.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet, or, a boar's head a. muzzled, or.

*Supporters*—Two griffins, az. semée of fleurs-de-lis, beaked, ducally gorged, and chained, gold.

*Motto*—Sub cruce candida.

*Town Residence*—St. James's-place.

*Seats*—Nork, Surrey; Lohor Castle, in the county of Cork.

**ARGYLL, DUKE, MARQUESS, AND EARL OF,** (George-William Campbell;) Marquess of Lorn and Kintyre, Earl of Campbell and Cowal, Viscount Lochow and Gleanilla, Lord of Inverary, Mull, Morvern, and Tiry, in the peerage of Scotland; Baron Sundridge, of Coom-bank, in the county of Kent; and Lord Hamilton, in the peerage of England; hereditary master of the King's household, and keeper of the great seal of Scotland, admiral of the Western Isles, keeper of Dunoon Castle, and of Dunstaffnage and Carrick; one of his majesty's state counsellors for Scotland, and lord lieutenant and hereditary sheriff of the county of Argyll; *b.* 22nd of September, 1768; *s.* to the English barony of Hamilton, at the decease of his mother, Elizabeth, *Baroness Hamilton* in her own right, on 20th September, 1790, and to the hereditary honours of his family, as sixth duke, upon the demise of his father, on the 24th of May, 1806; *m.* 29th November, 1810, Caroline-Elizabeth, third daughter of George, fourth Earl of Jersey, (after her ladyship had obtained a dissolution of her marriage with Henry-William, first and present Marquess of Anglesey,) by whom he has no issue.

### Lineage.

The family of Campbell is one of the most distinguished in Scotland, and its head, ARGYLL, in feudal times, was perhaps the most powerful subject in the kingdom. Eight centuries ago, Gillespie Campbell obtained, by marriage with an heiress, the lordship of Lochow, in Argyllshire, and from him descended

SIR COLIN CAMPBELL of Lochow, who distinguishing himself as well by the great acquisitions

he made to his estate, as by his warlike actions, obtained the surname of MORR or GREAT; and from him the chief of this illustrious family is in the Gaelic styled, to this day, MAC CALAN MORR. He was knighted by King Alexander the Third in 1280, and was one of the nominees in 1291, on the part of Robert Bruce, in the contest for the crown of Scotland. This renowned and warlike chieftain had a conflict with a powerful neighbour of his, the Lord of Lorn; after he had defeated his adversary, pursuing the victory too eagerly, he was slain at a place called the String of Cowal, where a great obelisk is erected over his grave. This occasioned acrimonious feuds between the houses of Lochow and Lorn for a long series of years, and which only terminated upon the marriage of the first Earl of Argyll with the heiress of Lorn. Sir Colin *m.* a lady of the name of Sinclair, and had issue,

NIEL, his successor.

Donald, progenitor of the Campbells of Loudoun.

Dugald (Sir), swore fealty to King Edward the First in 1299, but afterwards joined Robert Bruce.

Arthur, who having sworn fidelity with his brother to King Edward, like him afterwards joined Robert Bruce, from whom he obtained two charters of the constabulary of Dunstaffnage, with the mains thereof.

Duncan, likewise a supporter of Bruce.

Sir Colin was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR NIEL CAMPBELL, who was knighted by King Alexander the Third, towards the close of his reign. He swore fealty, with his brothers, in 1296, to King Edward the First, but afterwards joining ROBERT BRUCE, adhered to him in prosperity and adversity, and fought by his side in almost every field from the battle of Methven to that of Bannockburn. The king had so high a sense of his services, that he gave him his sister Lady Mary Bruce in marriage, and granted to him, and his said wife, and John, their son, all the lands which belonged to David de Strabogie, earl of Atholl. When the triumph of Bannockburn had decided the independence of Scotland, Sir Niel Campbell was one of the great barons in the parliament that met at Ayr, 20th April, 1315, when the succession to the crown of Scotland was settled. By the Lady Mary Bruce he had three sons, *viz.*

COLIN.

John (Sir) of Moulin, who upon the forfeiture of David de Strathbogie, eleventh earl of Atholl, was advanced to that dignity. He fell at the battle of Halidon-hill in 1333; and dying without issue, the earldom of Atholl reverted to the crown.

Duncan of Meristrie.

Sir Niel *d.* in 1316, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR COLIN CAMPBELL, of Lochow, who accompanied the king into Ireland in 1316, to assist in placing his brother, Edward Bruce, upon the throne of that kingdom. The Scottish army passing

through a wood, in February, 1317, Robert issued positive orders to his soldiers to march in order of battle, and upon no pretence to leave their ranks. It happened that two English yeomen discharged their arrows at Sir Colin, who rode off at full speed to avenge the insult. The king followed and struck his nephew so violently with his truncheon, that he was all but unhorsed, exclaiming, "Return, your disobedience might have brought us all into jeopardy." Sir Colin, in 1334, assisted the steward of Scotland in the recovery of the CASTLE OF DUNOON from the English, which gave the first turn of fortune in favour of King DAVID BRUCE, and he was in consequence appointed heritable governor of that fortress. Sir Colin d. in 1340, and was s. by his eldest son,

SIR ARCHIBALD, or GILLESPICK, CAMPBELL, of Lochow, who was s. by his son,

SIR COLIN CAMPBELL, of Lochow, who m. Margaret, second daughter of Sir John Drummond, of Stobhall, and sister of Annabel, queen consort of Robert the Third, by whom he had three sons and a daughter; and was s. at his decease by the eldest,

SIR DUNCAN CAMPBELL, of Lochow, who first assumed the designation of ARGYLL, and was raised to the dignity of a lord of parliament by King James the Second, in 1445, by the title of *Lord Campbell*, having, in the previous reign, been of the privy council, and been appointed the king's justiciary and lord lieutenant of the county of Argyll. His lordship m. first, Lady Marjory Stewart, daughter of Robert, Duke of Albany, Regent of Scotland, and had three sons, viz.

Celestine, who d. young.

Archibald, who m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Somerville, of Carnwath; and dying before his father, left a son, who s. to the title.

Colin (Sir), ancestor of the Campbells of Glenurchy, now Earls of Breadalbane.

Lord Campbell m. secondly, Margaret, daughter of Sir John Stewart, of Blackhall, natural son of King Robert the Third; and had three more sons. His lordship was one of the hostages for the redemption of King James the First from captivity, in 1424, and his annual revenue at that time was stated to be fifteen hundred marks, a larger income than that of any other of the hostages. He d. at the close of the year 1453, and was s. by his grandson,

COLIN, second Lord Campbell, who was created *Earl of Argyll* in 1547. His lordship was appointed master of the king's household, in 1464; and, after filling several most important public situations, as ambassador to the courts of England and France, justiciary, &c. &c. he was eventually made LORD HIGH CHANCELLOR OF SCOTLAND. He m. Isabel Stewart, eldest daughter and co-heiress of John, Lord of Lorn, and, in consequence, added the *galley* to his achievement, with the designation of *Lord Lorn* to his other titles. Of this marriage there were two sons and seven daughters; and his lordship dying 10th May, 1493, was s. by his elder son,

ARCHIBALD, second Earl of Argyll, who fell in

the command of the vanguard at the celebrated field of Flodden, on the 9th of September, 1513, leaving a numerous family by Elisabeth, daughter of John, Earl of Lennox; the eldest son of which,

COLIN, succeeded as third Earl of Argyll, and was appointed, in 1528, lieutenant of the borders, warden of the marches, heritable sheriff of Argyllshire, justice-general of Scotland, and master of the king's household. His lordship m. Lady Jane Gordon, daughter of Alexander, Earl of Huntly, and dying in 1533, was s. by his eldest son,

ARCHIBALD, fourth earl. This nobleman was the first person of importance in Scotland who embraced the Protestant religion, and he became a strenuous advocate for the Reformation. He m. first, Helen, daughter of James, Earl of Arran, by whom he had one son, Archibald, his successor; and, secondly, Margaret, daughter of William Greame, Earl of Menteith, by whom he had (with two daughters,)

COLIN, who succeeded as sixth earl.

His lordship d. in 1558, and was s. by his elder son,

ARCHIBALD, fifth earl. This nobleman, at the breaking out of the civil wars in Scotland espoused the cause of Queen Mary, and commanded her majesty's forces at the battle of Langside, in 1568. After the assassination of the REGENT MORAY, the Earl of Argyll, and other noblemen of the Queen's party, assembled at Linlithgow, 10th April, 1570, and his lordship was then constituted, with the Duke of Chatelherault and the Earl of Huntly, her majesty's lieutenant in Scotland. Upon the murder of the REGENT LENNOX, in 1571, he was candidate for the regency, but not succeeding, he was sworn of the privy council, and the next year constituted LORD HIGH CHANCELLOR. His Lordship m. first the Lady Jean Stewart, natural daughter of King James V. (this lady was at supper with her sister Queen Mary, when Rixio was murdered, 9th March, 1566; and she stood sponsor, as proxy for Queen Elisabeth, at the baptism of King James VI.) The earl m. secondly, Lady Johanna Cunningham, second daughter of Alexander, fifth Earl of Glencairn, but had no issue. He d. in 1575, when the estates and honours devolved upon his half-brother,

SIR COLIN CAMPBELL, of Boquhan, as sixth earl, who was constituted a privy-councillor in 1577, and appointed lord-high-chancellor of Scotland in two years afterwards: by his second wife, Agnes, daughter of William Keith, earl-marshal, and widow of James, Earl of Moray, he had two sons,

Archibald, his successor.

Colin, of Lundie, created a baronet.

His lordship d. in 1584, and was s. by his elder son,

ARCHIBALD, seventh earl, a military officer of considerable reputation. After distinguishing himself in arms at home, he entered the service of Philip III. of Spain, and obtained renown in the wars of that monarch against the States of Holland. His lordship m. first, Anne, daughter of

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William, Earl of Morton, by whom he had, with four daughters,

ARCHIBALD, his successor.

He m. secondly, Anne, daughter of Sir William Cornwallis of Bromo, and had another son, James, created Earl of Irvine in 1643, who d. s. p. when the dignity expired, and a daughter. The earl d. in 1638, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

ARCHIBALD, eighth earl, who was advanced to the *Marquessate of Argyll*, by letters patent, dated 18th November, 1641. This nobleman resigned, into the hands of King Charles I. the judiciary of all Scotland, which had been in his family for several ages, reserving only to himself and his heirs the jurisdiction of the Western Isles, and of Argyll, and wherever else he had lands in Scotland, which arrangements were ratified by act of parliament, in 1633. His lordship, during the civil war, was a most zealous and active supporter of the royal cause, and at the king's coronation at Scone, 1st of January, 1650-1, the marquess placed the crown upon his majesty's head. After the king's defeat at Worcester, Argyll retired to Inverary, where he continued to act on the defensive for a whole year, till falling sick, he was surprised by General Dean, and brought prisoner to Edinburgh. Having received orders from General Monk to attend a privy council, his lordship was thus entrapped to be present at the ceremony of proclaiming Cromwell, lord protector. Upon the restoration of the monarchy, the marquess immediately repaired to London, for the purpose of congratulating the king; but his majesty refusing to see him, ordered him to be committed to the Tower, where he remained until the December following, when he was sent back to Scotland by sea, and narrowly escaped shipwreck, in his passage, by a storm. He was soon afterwards tried for high treason and condemned to death, 25th May, 1661. In two days subsequently, he wrote a long letter to the king, vindicating his memory, and imploring protection for his poor wife and family; dined at noon, with his friends, with great cheerfulness; and was accompanied by several of the nobility to the scaffold: where, after an interval of devotion, his head was struck off by the *executioner* at the market-cross of Edinburgh. He had m. Margaret, daughter of William, Earl of Morton, and was s. by the elder of two sons,

ARCHIBALD, ninth earl, who, in 1663, was restored to the estate and honors of his family, as *Earl of Argyll*. This nobleman, for refusing to subscribe the test act, was found guilty of high treason on 19th of December, 1681, and sentenced to death, but effected his escape from the castle of Edinburgh, under the disguise of a page, holding up the train of Lady Sophia Lindsay, his step-daughter, and departed the kingdom: he was, however, subsequently taken, in an abortive attempt to invade Scotland, in the beginning of the reign of James II. and executed at the same place, and in the same manner, as his father, 30th June, 1685. His lordship m. first, Mary, daughter of James, fifth Earl of Moray, by whom he left, with other issue,

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ARCHIBALD, his successor.

John, of Mamore, M.P. for Argyllshire in 1700; m. Elizabeth, eldest daughter of John, eighth Lord Elphinstone, and dying in 1750, left issue,

JOHN, who inherited as fourth Duke of Argyll.

Charles, M.P. for the county of Argyll in 1741, died the same year, unmarried.

Niel, d. unmarried.

William, of Leston Hall in the county of Suffolk; m. first, Miss Barnard, and had two sons; he espoused, secondly, Bridget, third daughter of Philip, Baron of Ipswich, and widow of Sir Cordell Firebrace, bart. M.P. of Melford Hall, Suffolk.

He was s. by his eldest son,

ARCHIBALD, who was acknowledged Earl of Argyll by the Convention of Estates in Scotland, anno 1680, before the reversal of the attainder against his father, and was created, by the new monarch, after the Revolution, in recompense for the services he had rendered in promoting that measure, (the 23rd June, 1701,) *Lord Inverary, Mull, Morvern, and Tyrry; Viscount of Lochow and Glenilla; Earl of Campbell and Cowal; Marquess of Kintyre and Lorn; and DUKE OF ARGYLL*. His grace m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Lionel Talmash, of Helmingham, in the county of Stafford, by Elisabeth, Countess of Dysart and Duchess of Lauderdale, by whom he left two sons and a daughter. He d. on the 28th of September, 1703, and was succeeded by his elder son,

JOHN, second duke; b. in 1678. This nobleman was a distinguished military commander, and contributing importantly to the triumphs of Queen Anne's reign, was honored with a British peerage on 20th of November, 1705, by the titles of *Baron of Chatham, and Earl of Greenwich*; and was created, on the 13th of April, 1719, *Duke of Greenwich*. In 1735-6, his grace was constituted field-marshal of all his majesty's forces. Not less distinguished in the council than the field, the Duke is thus immortalized by Pope:—

“ ARGYLL, the state's whole thunder born to wield,  
And shake alike the senate and the field.”

His Grace m. first, Mary, daughter of John Brown, esq. but had no issue; he espoused, secondly, Jean Warburton, one of the maids of honor to Queen Anne, by whom he left five daughters. Dying in October, 1743, without male issue, his English honors ceased, while those of Scotland devolved upon his brother,

ARCHIBALD, third Duke of Argyll, who had been created previously (in 1706) a Scottish peer, by the titles *Lord Oransay, Dunoon, and Arras, and Viscount and Earl of Ilay*. His grace, who was at the head of the government of Scotland, m. Miss Whitfield, but dying without issue, 15th April, 1761, his own immediate honors became extinct, while those of his family descended to his cousin,

JOHN, fourth duke, K.T. (revert to the Hon. John Campbell of Mamore, second son of Archi-

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bald, tenth earl); his grace m. in 1720, Mary, daughter of John, second Lord Ballenden, by whom he had five children; and at his decease, 9th November, 1770, was succeeded by his eldest son,

JOHN, fifth duke, b. in 1720; created an English peer, during the lifetime of his father, by the title of *Baron Sundridge, of Coomb Bank, Kent*, on the 19th December, 1766, with remainder to his brothers, Frederick and William. His grace m. 3rd March, 1750, Elizabeth, relict of James, sixth Duke of Hamilton, and second daughter of John Gunning, esq. of Castle Coole, in the county of Roscommon (her grace was created a peeress of Great Britain, as *Baroness Hamilton, of Hambleton, Leicestershire*, 4th of May, 1776), by whom he had issue,

GEORGE-WILLIAM, present duke.

John-Douglas-Edward-Henry, b. 21st December, 1777; m. first, in 1802, Eliza, eldest daughter of William Campbell, esq.; and, secondly, in 1820, Joan, daughter of John Glassell, esq. by whom (who d. 1828) he has issue,

John, b. 11th January, 1821.

George-Douglas, b. 30th April, 1823.

Emma-Augusta.

Lord John Douglas Campbell espoused, thirdly, 8th January, 1831, Anne-Colquhoun, eldest daughter of the late John Cunningham, esq.

Augusta, m. to General Clavering, and d. 22d June, 1831.

Charlotte-Susan-Maria, m. first, to Col. John Campbell, of Shawfield, by whom (who d. in 1800) she has issue. Her ladyship m. secondly, the Rev. Mr. Bury. Lady Charlotte Bury has recently distinguished herself in the literary world.

His grace d. on the 24th May, 1806.

*Creations*—Baron, by writ, 1445. Earl, &c. 1457. Lord of Lorn by royal charter, 1470. Duke, &c. 23rd June, 1701; to the first duke, and his heirs male whatsoever, all in Scotland. Baron Sundridge, 10th December, 1766. Baron Hamilton, 4th May, 1776, in Great Britain.



*Arms*—Quarterly, first and fourth, gyronny of eight, or and sa., for CAMPBELL. Second and third argent, a galley, or, lymphad, sa., sails furled up, flag and pennants flying, gu. for the Lordship of LORN. Behind the arms, two honorable badges in saltier,—namely, first, a baton, gu. semeé of thistles, or, ensigned with imperial

## ARM

crowns ppr. thereon the crest of Scotland. The other badge, a sword ppr., hilt and pomel, or. These badges are borne as hereditary great master of the household, and justice-general of Argyllshire.

*Crest*—A boar's head, fessewise, couped, or, and above, the words, "Ne obliviscaris."

*Supporters*—Two lions, guardant, gu.

*Motto*—Vix ea nostra voco.

*Town Residence*—Upper Brook-street.

*Seats*—Inverary, in the county of Argyll; and Roseneath, Dumbartonshire.

ARMYTAGE, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Kirklees, in the county of York, succeeded to the title, as fourth baronet, upon the demise of his father, in 1783; m. first, Mary, eldest daughter of Sir Harbord Harbord, bart. (afterwards created Lord Suffield,) by whom he has no surviving issue. Sir George m. secondly, in 1791, Mary, daughter of O. Bowles, esq. by whom he has

JOHN, m. 1819, Mary, only daughter of William Asheton, esq. of Downham-Hall, Lancashire.

Henry, an officer in the Coldstream Guards, m. in 1819, Charlotte, only daughter of the late Le Gendre Starkie, esq. of Hantroyd, Lancashire.

Mary, m. to William-Ponsonby Johnston, esq. of Wolton House, Cambridgeshire.

— (daughter).

### Lineage.

This very ancient family deduces its pedigree from John Armytage, of Wrigbowles, in the county of York, who lived in the reign of King Stephen, and from whom lineally descended,

JOHN ARMYTAGE, esq. justice of the peace in the West Riding of Yorkshire, and treasurer for lame soldiers, temp. Elizabeth. By his second wife, Margery, daughter of Richard Beaumont, esq. he had issue,

John, his successor.

Gregory, m. Isabel, daughter and coheir of John Seville, esq. of Netherton.

EDWARD, of Kerresforth-Hill, from whom descends, George Armytage, esq. in whose son, SAMUEL's favor, the baronetcy was revived.

Mr. Armytage was s. by his eldest son,

JOHN ARMYTAGE, esq. who was sheriff of Yorkshire, in the 13th James the First. The eldest son of this gentleman, John Armytage, esq. d. without issue—when the second son,

FRANCIS ARMYTAGE, esq. succeeded to the estates, and was created a baronet in 1641, an honor that expired with his grandson,

SIR GEORGE ARMYTAGE, the fifth baronet, in 1733. Sir George demised his estates to his cousin,

1. SAMUEL ARMYTAGE, esq. of Kirklees, in the county of York, who was created a baronet on the 4th July, 1738. Sir Samuel m. Anne, daugh-

## ARN

ter of — Griffith, esq. of Montgomeryshire, and dying in 1747, was s. by his eldest son,

2. **SIR JOHN**. This gentleman was slain at St. Cas, September, 1758, and, dying unmarried, the title devolved upon his brother,

2. **SIR GEORGE**, M.P. who m. in 1761, Anna-Maria, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Godfrey Wentworth, esq. of Wooly Park, and Hickleton, in the county of York, by whom he had issue,

**GEORGE**, present baronet.

**John**, m. Annette, daughter of — Thursby, esq. of Northamptonshire.

**Godfrey**, who assumed, upon the demise of his maternal grandfather, the surname and arms of Wentworth; m. Amelia, daughter of Walter Fawkes, esq. of Farnley.

**Anna-Maria**, m. first, William Egerton, esq. of Tatton Park, by whom she had no issue; **Henrietta**, m. to Thomas Grady, esq. and after his death, to Jacob Besanquet, esq. She died, leaving four children.

**Charlotte**, m. to John Eyre, esq. of Babworth, in the county of Nottinghamshire.

*Creation*—4th July, 1738.



*Arms*—Gu. a lion's head, erased, between three cross-crozelets, argent.

*Crest*—A dexter arm embowed, couped at the shoulder, habited, or, the cuff argent, holding in the hand, ppr., a staff, gu. headed and pointed, or.

*Seat*—Kirkstall Hall, Yorkshire.

**ARNOT, SIR WILLIAM**, baronet, of Arnot, in the county of Perth; s. to the title as sixth baronet, upon the demise of Sir William Arnot in 1782.

### *Lineage.*

This very ancient Fifeshire family was designated of that Ilk so early as the twelfth century. It obtained a *Baronetcy of Nova Scotia* through

1. **MICHAEL ARNOT**, esq. who was so created by King Charles the First, on the 27th July, 1629. Sir Michael was s. by his only son,

2. **SIR DAVID**, who represented Kinross in the Prince of Orange's convention parliament in 1689. He was s. at his decease, by his eldest and only surviving son,

3. **SIR JOHN**, of that Ilk. This gentleman, having devoted himself early to a military life, was appointed, in 1727, adjutant-general of Scotland. In 1735, he rose to the rank of brigadier-

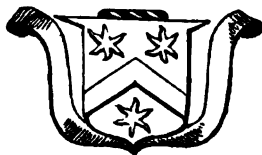
## ARR

general; in 1739, to that of major-general, and d. on the 4th June, 1759, a lieutenant-general and adjutant-general of North Britain. Sir John was s. by his eldest son,

4. **SIR JOHN**, who was s. by his son,

5. **SIR WILLIAM**, of that Ilk. This gentleman was lieutenant-colonel of the queen's regiment of dragoon guards, and, dying in 1782, was s. by **SIR WILLIAM**, the present baronet.

*Creation*—27th July, 1629.



*Arms*—Ar. a chev. sa. between two mullets in chief, and a crescent in base, gules.

*Seat*—Arnot, Perthshire.

**ARRAN, EARL OF**, (Arthur-Saunders Gore,) Viscount Sudley, of Castle Gore, Baron Saunders, of Deeps, in the county of Wexford, in the peerage of Ireland, and a baronet of the same part of the United Kingdom; b. 20th July, 1761; m. in December, 1787, Mary, eldest daughter and co-heiress of the late Sir John Tyrrel, bart. of Hern Hall, in the county of Essex. His lordship s. to the honors of his family, as third earl, upon the demise of his father, on the 8th October, 1809.

### *Lineage.*

This noble family deduces its descent from **GERARD GORE**, an alderman of the city of London at the close of the sixteenth century, whose youngest son,

**PAUL GORE**, captain of a troop of horse, went over to Ireland with his regiment in the reign of Elizabeth, and obtaining large grants of land, which he condensed into a manor by the name of *Manor-Gore*, settled there. Captain Gore m. Isabella, daughter of Francis Wickliffe, esq. and niece of Thomas, Earl of Strafford, by whom he had issue,

**RALPH**, ancestor of the extinct house of Gore, Earls of Ross.

And,

1. **ARTHUR GORE**, esq. of Newtown Gore, in the county of Mayo, who was created a **BARONET OF IRELAND** on the 10th April, 1692. Sir Arthur m. Eleanor, daughter of Sir George St. George of Carrick, in the county of Leitrim, bart. and had, with seven daughters, four sons, viz.

1. **PAUL**, who m. in 1684, Anne, eldest daughter of Sir John Gore, knt. of Sacombe, in the county of Hertford, and dying before his father, 20th October, 1689, left issue,

**ARTHUR** (successor to his grandfather).  
**John**, Capt. R. N. d. unmarried in 1741.

Catharine, *m.* to Rev. Peter Mahon, Dean of Elphin.

2. Arthur, *m.* ———, widow of — Baynes, *esq.* and *d.* in 1603, leaving a son, Arthur.

3. William, of Woodford, in the county of Leitrim, *M. P.* for that shire, *m.* Catherine, daughter of Sir Thomas Newcomen, *bart.* and had (with a daughter, Sarah, who *m.* Sir Arthur Newcomen, of Moostown, *bart.*) two sons, *vis.*

William, of Woodfort, *M. P.* who dying without issue, left his estates to his nephew,

William Gore.

Robert, *m.* Letitia, daughter of Henry Brooke, *Esq.* of Colebrook, in the county of Fermanagh, and had a son,

WILLIAM GORE, *esq.* *M. P.* for the county of Leitrim, who succeeded to his uncle's estates, and *m.* Frances-Jane-Gorges, daughter and heiress of Ralph Gore, *esq.* of Barrowmount, in the county of Kilkenny, *M. P.* for Kilkenny, and widow of Sir Haydocke-Evans Morris, *bart.* by whom he left a son,

WILLIAM, who *m.* in 1815, Mary-Jane, only daughter and heiress of Owen Ormsby, *esq.* of Willowbrook, in the county of Sligo, and of Portington, Shropshire. Mr. Gore, upon his marriage with this lady, assumed the additional surname and arms of Ormsby, and is now Mr. Ormsby Gore. Mrs. Ormsby Gore represents the ancient noble family of Godolphin, and has inherited such portions of the Godolphin property as being purchased after the last Lord Godolphin made his will, did not pass under it to the Duke of Leeds.

4. George, an eminent lawyer, who filled the office of attorney-general in Ireland, and was subsequently one of the judges of the court of common-pleas there. He *m.* Bridget, younger daughter and at length heiress of John Sankey, *esq.* of Tenelick, in the county of Longford, and had (with a daughter, Bridget, *m.* to Cutts Harman, A. M. Dean of Waterford) three sons, *vis.*

Arthur, *M. P.* for county of Longford, *d.* unmarried in 1738.

JOHN, barrister-at-law, who became chief justice of the court of king's bench in Ireland, and was advanced to the peerage of that kingdom, 17th January, 1766, as *BARON ANNALY*, of Tenelick, in the county of Longford. His lordship was chosen speaker of the house of lords in 1767, upon the death of Lord Chancellor Bowes. He *m.* Fran-

ces, second daughter of Richard, Viscount Powerscourt, but dying without issue in 1783, the title became *EXTINCT*, while his lordship's estates devolved upon his only surviving brother,

HENRY, *M. P.* for the county of Longford, and a lieutenant-colonel in the army, *m.* in 1764 Miss Smith, only daughter of Skeffington Smith, *esq.* but had no issue. This gentleman had the *BARONY OF ANNALY* revived in his favor, but it *EXPIRED* again at his decease.

Sir Arthur Gore was *s.* at his decease by his grandson,

2. SIR ARTHUR, *M. P.* for the county of Longford in 1737. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Maurice Annealey, *esq.* of Little Rath, in the county of Kildare, and had four sons and four daughters. He *d.* 10th February, 1741, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

3. SIR ARTHUR, who was created, on the 15th of August, 1756, *Baron Saunders of Deeps, in the county of Wexford, and Viscount Sudley, of Castle Gore*; and, upon the 12th April, 1762, *EARL OF THE ARRAN ISLANDS*, in the county of Galway. His lordship *m.* in 1736, Jane, heiress of Richard Saunders, *esq.* of Saunders Court, and relict of William Worth, *esq.* and dying 17th of April, 1773, was *s.* by his eldest son,

ARTHUR-SAUNDERS, *K. P.* second earl, *b.* 25th July, 1734; *m.* first, 24th of July, 1760, Catherine, only daughter of William, Viscount Clerawly, by whom (who *d.* in 1770) he had issue,

ARTHUR-SAUNDERS, present earl, *b.* 20th November, 1767.

William-John, colonel in the army, *m.* in 1798, Caroline, daughter of Sir Thomas Hales, *bart.* and has issue, Philip-York, *b.* 23rd July, 1802, with four other sons and three daughters. The eldest of the latter, Mary-Catherine, *m.* in 1828, George-Hayward Lindsay, *esq.*

Anne-Jane, *m.* first, in 1783, to Henry Hatton, *esq.* of the county of Wexford; and, secondly, to John, first Marquess of Abercorn, and *d.* 3rd of May, 1827.

Elizabeth, widow of Henry Monck, *esq.*

Catherine-Charlotte, Lady Carberry.

Jane, widow of Dudley Loftus, *esq.*

His lordship *m.* secondly, Anne, daughter of the Rev. Boleyn Knight, and had issue,

George, in holy orders, Dean of Killala, *b.* in 1774, *m.* first, Miss Burrowes, by whom he had Sophia, *m.* to James E. P. Turbett, *esq.*, Arthur, and other issue. He *m.* secondly, Sophia, daughter of Sir George Ribton, *bart.*; and thirdly, Maria, widow of Thomas-Bunbury Isaac, *esq.* of Holywood House, Devon.

Maria-Louisa, widow of James Knox, *esq.*

Eleanor, *m.* to the Hon. Frederick Cavendish, and *d.* in 1812.

The earl *m.* thirdly, in 1781, Elizabeth, daughter of Richard Underwood, *esq.* by whom (who *d.* 6th June, 1820) he left issue,

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Edward R. N. m. to Miss Douglas, and has issue.

Charles, lieutenant-colonel in the army.

Cecilia, m. first, to Sir George Buggin, knt. who d. in 1825; and secondly, in 1830, to — Underwood, esq.

Isabella, m. to Rev. Charles Douglas.

Julia, m. to Robert-Manners Lockwood, esq.

His lordship d. in 1809.

*Crestations*—Baronet, 10th April, 1662. Baron and Viscount, 15th August, 1758. Earl, 12th April, 1762.



*Arms*—Gu. a fesse, between three cross-crosslets, fitchée, or.

*Crest*—A wolf, salient, ar. collared, gu.

*Supporters*—Two horses, ar.

*Motto*—In hoc signo vinces.

*Town Residence*—40, Dover-street.

*Seats*—Saunders-court, in the county of Wexford; Herra Hall, Essex; and Arran Lodge, Sussex.

**ARUNDEL OF WARDOUR, BARON** (James-Everard Arundel, F.R.S.) a Count of the Holy Roman Empire; b. in November, 1785; m. 26th February, 1811, Lady Mary Grenville, only daughter of George, first Marquess of Buckingham, by whom he has no issue. His lordship s. to the dignity, as tenth baron, upon the demise of his father, 14th July, 1817. Lord Arundel is one of the co-heirs to a moiety of the ancient Barony of Fitzpayne.

### Lineage.

This illustrious house is a branch of the ancient family of Arundel, which flourished in the west of England for many centuries. Roger de Arundel at the general survey was found possessed of twenty-eight lordships in the county of Somerset; from this Roger, descended

Sir JOHN ARUNDEL, of Lanherne, in the county of Cornwall, who was sheriff of that shire in 1418, 1424, and 1427, and was made a knight of the bath at the coronation of King Henry the Fourth. He m. Eleanor, daughter and heir of Sir William Lamborne, knt. and had three sons, viz.

JOHN, his successor.

Thomas (Sir), ancestor of the extinct lords Arundel of Trerice.

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Humphrey, m. Joane, sister and heir of Sir John Coleshall, knt. and had issue,

JOHN, Bishop of Exeter in 1361, d. in 1363.

Humphrey (Sir), who d. s. p.

Sir John was s. by his eldest son,

Sir JOHN ARUNDEL, who m. Elizabeth, Lady of Biddelford, and daughter and heir of Sir — de Rochford, and was s. by his son,

Sir JOHN ARUNDEL, one of the gallant commanders who acquired distinction upon the French soil in the reign of Henry the Sixth. This eminent person m. first, Elizabeth de Morley, daughter of Thomas, Lord Morley, and had a daughter, Anne, who m. Jas. Tirrel, esq. Sir John espoused, secondly, Katherine, relict of Sir William Stafford, of Frome, daughter and co-heir of Sir John Chideocke,\* of Chideocke and Cundle, in the county of Dorset, by whom he had one son and six daughters; he was s. by the former,

Sir THOMAS ARUNDEL, K. B. who m. Catherine, daughter of Sir John Dynham, and was s. by his eldest son,

Sir JOHN ARUNDEL, of Lanhern, Cornwall, K. B. and a knight banneret. This gentleman m. first, the Lady Eleanor Grey, daughter of Thomas Marquess of Dorset, and had issue,

John (Sir), of Lanhern, ancestor of the Arundels of Lanhern in Cornwall, and of Chideocke in Dorsetshire.

Thomas (of whom presently).

Sir John espoused, secondly, Jane, daughter of Sir Thomas Granville, and had a daughter, Mary, who m. Robert Ratcliff, Earl of Sussex. The second son,

Sir THOMAS ARUNDEL, knt. by gift of his father had WARDOUR CASTLE, in the county of Wilts, formerly a possession of the crown. This gentleman was created a knight of the bath, at the coronation of Queen Anne Boleyn; but being accused, temp. Edward the Sixth, with Edward, Duke of Somerset, of conspiring the murder of

\* Sir John Chideocke m. Isabel Fitzpayne, only daughter and heiress of Robert, second Baron Fitzpayne, (who d. in 1354), and had a son,

Sir JOHN CHIDEOCKE, knt. whose son and heir,

Sir JOHN CHIDEOCKE, knt. left two daughters, his co-heirs, viz.

1. KATHERINE CHIDEOCKE, m. first, to Sir William Stafford, and had an only child,

HUMPHREY STAFFORD, Earl of Devon, d. s. p.

2. Lady Stafford espoused, secondly, Sir John Arundel, as in the text.

3. Margaret Chideocke, m. to William, second Lord Stourton.

Upon the decease of Robert, second Lord Fitzpayne, the Barony of Fitzpayne appears to have been suspended, and it is now in abeyance between the representatives of his lordship's great granddaughters abovementioned. See *Burke's Extinct Peerage*.

John Dudley, Duke of Northumberland, he was beheaded in consequence on the 20th of February, 1552. Sir Thomas *m.* Margaret, daughter and co-heiress of Lord Edmund Howard, third son of Thomas, Duke of Norfolk, and sister of Catharine, fifth wife of King Henry the Eighth, by whom he left one daughter, and

SIR MATTHEW ARUNDEL, of Wardour, who *m.* Margaret, daughter of Sir Henry Willoughby, knt. of Wollaton, in the county of Nottingham, and dying in 1598 was *s.* by his elder son,

SIR THOMAS ARUNDEL, of Wardour. This gallant person went over, at a very early age, into Germany, and serving as a volunteer in the imperial army in Hungary, took the standard of the Turks, with his own hand, in an engagement at Gran; for which heroic achievement he was created, by Rodolph the Second, Emperor of Germany, a *Count of the Sacred Roman Empire*. The patent of creation, dated at Prague, 14th December, 1606, confers the honor upon Sir Thomas and his heirs, male and female, for ever. Upon Sir Thomas's return to his native country, he was elevated to the peerage, (4th May, 1605,) as BARON ARUNDEL, of Wardour. His lordship, who was surnamed the valiant, *m.* first, Lady Maria Wriothesley, daughter of Henry, Earl of Southampton, and had issue,

THOMAS, his successor.

William, of Hornisham, in the county of Wilts, whose only daughter, Mary, *m.* Sir Henry Titchbourne, bart.

Elizabeth, *m.* to Sir John Philpot.

His lordship *m.* secondly, Anne, daughter of Miles Philippon, esq. and had several children. He *d.* 7th November, 1630, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

THOMAS, second baron, who *m.* Blanch, fifth daughter of Edward Somerset, Earl of Worcester. This lady, during the absence of her husband, bravely defended Wardour for nine days with a handful of men against the rebels under Sir Edward Hungerford and Edmund Ludlow, and eventually only surrendered it upon honorable terms, which the besiegers however violated, but were soon dislodged by the resolution of Lord Arundel, who, at his return, ordered a mine to be sprung under his own castle, and thus sacrificed that noble and magnificent structure to his loyalty. His lordship died of wounds received at the battle of Lansdown, 19th May, 1648, and was *s.* by his son,

HENRY, third baron. This nobleman was one of the persons committed to prison in 1678, upon the information of the infamous *Titus Oates*, and suffered five years incarceration. His lordship, after his release, was sworn, in 1685, of the privy-council, and nominated lord-keeper of the privy seal in the following year, when he was honored with the order of the bath. Upon the abdication of King James the Second, Lord Arundel retired to Breamore, in Wilts, where he *d.* on the 28th December, 1694, and was *s.* by his eldest son, (by Cecily, daughter of Sir Henry Compton, knt. of Bramletye, in the county of Sussex, and widow of Sir John Fernor, knt.)

THOMAS, fourth baron, who *m.* Margaret, daughter of Thomas Spencer, esq. of Upton, in the county of Warwick, and widow of Robert Lucie, esq. of Cerlecote, in the same county, and was *s.* at his decease in 1712, by his eldest son,

HENRY, fifth baron. This nobleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Panton, esq. and dying 20th April, 1726, was *s.* by his eldest son,

HENRY, sixth baron, *b.* 4th October, 1694. His lordship *m.* first, Elizabeth-Eleanor, daughter and heiress of Baron Everard, of the principality of Liege, one of the barons of the empire, by whom he had several children, of whom were

HENRY, his successor.

James-Everard, (third son,) *m.* in 1751, Anne, daughter and heir of John Wyndham, esq. of Ashcombe, Wilts, and had issue,

JAMES-EVERARD, who inherited as NINTH LORD ARUNDEL.

Thomas Raymond, *b.* in 1765; *m.* in 1792, Elizabeth-Mary-Anne, daughter of the late Sir Edward Smythe, bart. and has a large family.

Mary-Wyndham, *m.* in 1779, to the Hon. Bartholomew Bouverie.

His lordship espoused, secondly, Anne, daughter of William Herbert, Marquess of Powis, by whom he had no issue. He *d.* 29th June, 1746, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

HENRY, seventh baron, *b.* 4th of March, 1718; *m.* 27th January, 1739, Mary, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Richard Arundel Bealing, esq. of Lanherne, in the county of Cornwall, (by which marriage the two branches of the family, which had been separated above two centuries, were united,) and was *s.* at his decease, 12th September, 1756, by his only surviving son,

HENRY, eighth baron, who *m.* Maria-Christina, only daughter and heiress of Benedict Conquest, esq. of Irnham, in the county of Lincoln, by whom he had surviving issue,

Mary-Christiana, *m.* to James-Everard, ninth lord, and *d.* in 1805.

Eleanor-Mary, *m.* to Charles, sixth Lord Clifford, of Chudleigh.

His lordship *d.* in December, 1803, when his daughters became co-heirs to a moiety of the Barony of Fitzpayne, and his other honors devolved upon his first cousin, and son-in-law,

JAMES-EVERARD, ninth baron, (refer to the Hon. James-Everard Arundel, third son of Henry, sixth lord.) His lordship *m.* first, 3rd of February, 1785, his cousin, Maria-Christiana, daughter of Henry, eighth Lord Arundel, by whom he had issue,

JAMES-EVERARD, present lord.

Henry-Benedict, *m.* first, 8th August, 1826, Lucy, only child of the late Hugh Smythe, esq. and granddaughter of Sir Edw. Smythe, bart. which lady *d.* in February, 1827. Mr. Arundel espoused, secondly, 22d June, 1829, Frances-Catherine, second daughter of Sir Henry Titchborne, bart.

Anna-Maria, *d.* 14th March, 1829.

Laura, *m.* to Lieutenant-Colonel G. M'Donnell, C.B.



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Julia, m. to Hon. Vice-Admiral Sir John Talbot, K. C. B.

Catherine, m. in June, 1827, to Edw. Doughty, esq. of Snarford Hall, county of Lincoln.

His lordship m. secondly, in 1806, Mary, third daughter of Robert Burnett Jones, esq. by whom he left

Henry, b. 24th July, 1811.

Robert-Arthur, b. 24th August, 1815.

Mary, m. 7th August, 1828, to Richard-Digby Neave, esq. eldest son of Sir T. Neave, bart.

The baron d. 14th July, 1817.

*Creations*—Count, 14th December, 1805. Baron, 4th May, 1805.



*Arms*—Sa. six swallows, three, two, and one, ar.

*Crest*—A wolf, passant, ar.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a lion, guardant, ermine, ducally crowned, or; SINISTER, an owl, wings disclosed, or, crowned as the Dexter.

*Motto*—Deo date.

*Seats*—Wardour Castle, Wilts; and Irnham Hall, Lincolnshire.

**ASHBROOK, VISCOUNT**, (Henry-Jeffrey Flower,) and Baron of Castle Durrow, in the county of Kilkenny, in the peerage of Ireland: b. 16th November, 1776; s. to the honors, as fourth viscount, on the 6th January, 1802; m. first, 26th May, 1802, Deborah-Susannah, only daughter and heiress of the Rev. W. M. Friend, by whom (who d. 25th April, 1810) he had issue,

HENRY, b. 17th June, 1806, who assumed, by sign manual in 1827, the surname and arms of WALKER, and m. in June, 1828, Frances, daughter of the Rev. Sir John Robinson, bart. by whom he has two sons.

Susan-Sophia, m. 21st May, 1824, to the Rev. William Robinson, eldest son of the Rev. Sir John Robinson, bart.

Caroline, m. 20th March, 1829, to H. Every, esq. of Egginton House, in the county of Derby.

Lord Ashbrook m. secondly, 22nd June, 1812, Emily-Theophila, eldest daughter of Sir Thomas Metcalf, bart. by whom he has one surviving daughter,

Charlotte-Augusta.

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### Lineage.

The ancient family of FLORE, or FLOWER, was seated in olden time at Oakham, in the county of Rutland, where it ranked with the most distinguished of the gentry, and, so far back as the reign of Richard the Second, it gave a representative to the shire, in the person of Roger Flower, esq. who was subsequently placed in the speaker's chair. The Irish branch of the family was founded by

SIR GEORGE FLOWER, knt. a military officer in the reign of Elizabeth, and distinguished in the wars of Ireland at that period, who was s. at his decease by his son,

SIR WILLIAM FLOWER, knt. a military officer under Michael Jones, governor of Dublin, during the Irish rebellion of 1641, and, subsequently one of the privy-council of King Charles the Second. He m. Frances, daughter of Walter Weldon, esq. of St. John's Bower, in the county of Kildare, and widow of William Savage, esq. and was s. by his eldest son,

THOMAS FLOWER, esq. of Durrow, in the county of Kilkenny, who m. first, in January, 1683, Mary, fourth daughter of Sir John Temple, attorney-general for Ireland, by whom he had one son, WILLIAM. He m. secondly, Miss Jeffreys, and had a son Jeffreys, and a daughter Catherine. He was s. at his decease by his elder son,

WILLIAM FLOWER, esq. of Durrow, who represented the county of Kilkenny in parliament, until elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 27th of October, 1733, in the dignity of *Baron of Castle Durrow*. His lordship m. Edith, daughter of Toby Caulfield, esq. of Plone, in the county of Kilkenny, and had two sons and two daughters. He d. 20th April, 1746, and was s. by his only surviving son,

HENRY, second baron, who was created *VISCOUNT ASHBROOK* on the 30th of September, 1751. His lordship m. Elizabeth, daughter of Lieutenant-General William Tatton, and dying 27th June, 1752, was s. by his only son,

WILLIAM, second viscount, b. in 1744, m. in 1756, Elizabeth, daughter of Mr. Ridge, of the county of Oxford, by whom he had issue,

WILLIAM, his successor.

HENRY-JEFFREY, present viscount.

Elizabeth, m. 10th November, 1780, to Francis Warneford, esq. of Warneford Place, in the county of Wilts.

Harriet, m. first, the Hon. and Rev. John Ellis-Agar; and, secondly, Pryse Loveden Pryse, esq. M. P. and d. 14th January, 1813.

Caroline.

His lordship d. on the 30th August, 1780, and was s. by his elder son,

WILLIAM, third viscount, at whose decease unmarried, on the 6th January, 1802, the honors devolved upon his brother, HENRY-JEFFREY, the present peer.

*Creations*—Baron, 27th October, 1733. Viscount, 30th September, 1751.



**Arms**—Ar. on a chev. voided, sa. between three ravens, each holding in the beak an ermine spot, as many pellets.

**Crest**—A raven, as in the arms.

**Supporters**—Two tigers regardant, ppr. ducally gorged and chained, or.

**Motto**—Mens conscia recti.

**Seats**—Castle Durrrow, Kilkennyshire; and Beaumont Lodge, Berks.

**ASHBURNHAM, EARL OF**, (Bertram Ashburnham,) Viscount St. Asaph, and Baron Ashburnham; b. 23rd November, 1797, s. to the honors of his family, as fourth earl, at the decease of his father, 27th October, 1830.

### Lineage.

The *Ashburnhams* (so denominated from the town of that name in Sussex, formerly written *Eseburnham*), are, according to Fuller, "a family of stupendous antiquity, wherein the eminence hath equalled the antiquity, having been barons temp. Henry the Third;" and Frances Thynn, esq. in his catalogue of lord wardens of the cinque ports and constables of Dover Castle, thus mentions one of the early progenitors: "Bertram Ashburnham, a baron of Kent, was constable of Dover Castle, A.D. 1066; which Bertram was beheaded by William the Conqueror, because he did so valiantly defend the same against the Duke of Normandy."

**JOHN ASHBURNHAM**, esq. m. Lora, daughter and co-heir of Thomas Berkley, esq. of Aram, in the county of Southampton, and was s. by his son,

**JOHN ASHBURNHAM**, esq. M.P. for Sussex, in the 1st and 2nd of Philip and Mary, m. Isabel, daughter of John Sackville, esq. ancestor of the Dukes of Dorset, and was s. by his son,

**JOHN ASHBURNHAM**, esq. of Ashburnham, who m. Mary, daughter of George Fane, esq. of Badsel, in the county of Kent, grandfather of Francis, first Earl of Westmorland, and dying in 1591, was s. by his son,

**SIR JOHN ASHBURNHAM**, knt. who m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Thomas Beaumont, of Staughton, in the county of Leicester, by whom he had issue,

**JOHN**, his successor.

**William**, M.P. in 1640, and, with other loyal members, expelled the house for his fidelity to the crown. He subsequently took an active and distinguished part during the civil wars, and was major-general in the royal army. He was also colonel-general (1644)

of the county of Dorset. After the restoration he was appointed cofferer to the king. He m. Jane, daughter of John, Lord Butler, and widow of James Ley, Earl of Marlborough, but died, s. p. in 1670.

**Elizabeth**, m. to Sir Fred. Cornwallis, knt. afterwards Lord Cornwallis.

**Francis**, m. to F. Turville, esq.

**Anne**, m. to Sir E. Deering, bart.

This Sir John Ashburnham, by the inscription upon his monument in Ashburnham church, was necessitated, being deeply engaged for his friends, owing to his good nature, to sell his seat, (in his family long before the Conquest) and all the estate he had elsewhere, and to leave his wife and children totally unprovided for. His widow m. Sir Thomas Richardson, lord chief justice of the common pleas, and was created **BARONESS CROMOND**, in the peerage of Scotland, by King Charles the First. Sir John Ashburnham's eldest son,

**JOHN ASHBURNHAM**, esq. was one of the groomsmen of the bed-chamber to King Charles I. and M.P. for Hastings in 1640. He filled, after the restoration, the same post in the court of King Charles II. sitting, at the same time, in parliament for the county of Sussex. In 1646, when the unhappy Charles thought proper to leave Oxford, Mr. Ashburnham was the only servant that attended him; and, indeed, the only person, except a clergyman, Doctor Hudson, who served for a guide. He was afterwards chiefly instrumental in the flight of his royal master from Hampton Court, 11th November, 1647; but, upon the failure of the attempt, through Colonel Hammond, governor of the Isle of Wight, who delivered the unfortunate monarch up to the army, his fidelity was questioned. Yet Lord Clarendon sufficiently clears Mr. Ashburnham from the imputation laid to his charge, saying "that he preserved his reputation and credit with the most eminent of the king's party; and his remaining in England after the death of the king, which his enemies charged as an aggravation of suspicion against him, was upon the marriage of a lady by whom he had a great fortune and many conveniences, which would have been seized by his leaving the kingdom; and he did send over to King Charles the Second, and had leave to stay there, and sometimes supplied the king with considerable sums of money. Afterwards he was committed to the Tower by Cromwell, where he remained till his (Cromwell's) death." Mr. Ashburnham, m. first, Frances, daughter and heir of William Holland, esq. of Westburton, and had issue,

**WILLIAM**, m. Elizabeth, daughter of John, Lord Poulett, of Hinton St. George, and dying in 1655, left a son,

**JOHN**, who s. his grandfather.

**Frances**, m. to Sir Denny Ashburnham, of Bromham, bart.

**Elizabeth**, m. to Sir Hugh Smith, of Long Ashton.

He espoused, secondly, Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Christopher Kenn, esq. of Kenn, in the county of Somerset, and widow of Lord Poulett. He d. in 1671, and was s. by his grandson,

**JOHN ASHBURNHAM**, esq. who was elevated to

## ASH

the peerage by the title of *Baron Ashburnham, of Ashburnham, in the county of Sussex*, on the 26th May, 1690. His lordship *m.* in 1677, Bridget, only daughter and heiress of Walter Vaughan, esq. of Porthommel House, in the county of Brecknock, and dying 22nd January, 1709-10, was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, second baron, who *m.* Catharine, daughter and eventually sole heiress of Thomas Taylor, esq. of Clapham, in the county of Bedford; but dying without issue, on the 16th June, 1710, the barony devolved upon his brother,

JOHN, third baron, who was created *Viscount St. Asaph*, and *EARL OF ASHBURNHAM*, on the 14th May, 1730. His lordship, who was appointed, in 1728, gentleman of the bedchamber to Frederick, Prince of Wales, *m.* first, Lady Mary Butler, daughter of James, Duke of Ormonde, but had no issue. He espoused, secondly, Henrietta, daughter of William, Earl of Derby, and widow of John Annealey, Earl of Anglesey, by whom he had an only daughter, Henrietta, who *d.* unmarried. His lordship *m.* thirdly, Lady Jemima Grey, daughter and co-heir of Henry, Duke of Kent, and dying 16th March, 1736-7, was *s.* by his only son,

JOHN, second earl, LL.D. *b.* 30th October, 1734; *m.* 29th June, 1756, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Alderman Crawley, of London, by whom he had issue,

GEORGE, his successor.

Henrietta-Theodosia.

Jemima-Elizabeth, *m.* in 1785, to James, Marquess of Graham, now Duke of Montrose, K.G. and *d.* in the following year.

Elizabeth-Frances.

Theodosia-Maria, *m.* Robert Viner, esq. and *d.* in 1822.

His lordship, who was first lord of the bedchamber and groom of the stole to King George III. *d.* 8th of April, 1812, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

GEORGE, third earl, F.S.A. who had previously been summoned to the House of Lords in the barony of Ashburnham, *b.* 25th December, 1760, *m.* first, 29th August, 1784, Sophia, third daughter of Thomas, first Marquess of Bath, K.G. by whom (who *d.* in 1791) he had issue,

Elizabeth-Sophia.

His lordship *m.* secondly, 25th July, 1795, Charlotte, eldest daughter of Algernon, first Earl of Beverley, by whom he had issue,

BERTHAM, present earl.

Percy, M.P. *b.* 22nd November, 1799, capt. first Colstream Guards.

Charles, *b.* 23rd March, 1803.

Thomas, an officer in second Foot Guards.

Charlotte-Susan.

Theodosia-Julia.

Georgiana-Jemima, *m.* 28th February, 1829, Henry Revelly Mitford, esq. grandnephew of the late Lord Redesdale.

Jane-Henrietta.

Catherine-Frances.

Eleanor-Isabel-Bridget.

Mary Agnes-Blanche.

The earl *d.* 27th October, 1836.

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## ASH

*Creations*—Baron, 30th of May, 1690. Earl, &c. 14th May, 1730.



*Arms*—Gu. a fess between six mullets, argent.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet, or, an ash tree, ppr.

*Supporters*—Two greyhounds, sa. collared and chained, or.

*Motto*—Le roy et l'estat.

*Seat*—Ashburnham-place, Sussex.

ASHBURNHAM, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Bromham, in the county of Sussex; *b.* 21st June, 1769; *s.* to the title, as sixth baronet, upon the decease of his father, 21st of August, 1823; *m.* 7th July, 1825, Juliana, daughter of the Rev. William Humphrey, of Seal, in the county of Kent.

### Lineage.

This family, and the earls of Ashburnham, spring from a common ancestor.

THOMAS ASHBURNHAM, in the 12th of King Henry the Sixth, being one of the principal persons of the county of Sussex, was amongst those who swore, on the part of himself and retainers, to observe the laws then made. He *m.* Sarah, daughter of Henry Waucy, and had two sons, JOHN, progenitor of the earls of Ashburnham.

Richard.

The second son,

RICHARD ASHBURNHAM, *m.* — daughter and heiress of Sir John Stoneling, knt. of Bromham, in the county of Sussex, and was *s.* by his son,

THOMAS ASHBURNHAM, of Bromham, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of John Dudley, and aunt of John Dudley, Duke of Northumberland, and was *s.* by his only son,

THOMAS ASHBURNHAM, whose son,

LAURENCE ASHBURNHAM, *m.* Eva, daughter of Richard Adams, esq. of the county of Sussex, and sister and heiress of Stephen Adams, esq. of Herietaham, in Kent, Widow of John Levet, esq. the grandson of this gentleman.

LAURENCE ASHBURNHAM, of Bromham, *m.* Bridget, eldest daughter of Sir George Fleetwood, of the Vache, in the county of Bucks, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

1. DENNY ASHBURNHAM, a commissioner of excise, victualler of the navy, and representative in parliament for Hastings, who was created

a baronet on the 15th May, 1661. Sir Denny *m.* first, Frances, daughter of John Ashburnham, esq. and aunt of John, first Lord Ashburnham, by whom he had an only surviving daughter, Bridget, *m.* to the Rev. Mr. Bradshaw. He *m.* secondly, Anne, daughter of Sir David Watkins, by whom he had three sons and a daughter, and was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,

2. SIR WILLIAM, commissioner of the alienation office, chamberlain of the exchequer, and M. P. for Hastings. This gentleman settled his estates upon his nephew, William Ashburnham, and *d.* without issue, 7th November, 1755, when the title devolved upon his brother,

3. SIR CHARLES, who was *s.* by his eldest surviving son, the inheritor of the second baronet's estates.

4. SIR WILLIAM, *b.* 16th January, 1710. This gentleman, having entered into holy orders, was appointed dean of Chichester in 1741, canon residentiary of St. Paul's Cathedral in 1753, and consecrated Bishop of Chichester in 1754. His lordship *m.* Margaret, daughter of Thomas Pelham, esq. of Lewes, and dying 4th September, 1797, when father of the bench, was *s.* by his eldest son,

5. SIR WILLIAM, who *m.* Alicia, daughter of the Rev. Francis Woodgate, by whom he had issue,

WILLIAM, present baronet.

John, in holy orders, *b.* 26th December, 1770, *m.* in 1804, Fanny, fourth daughter of William Foster, esq. of Hollington, in the county of Sussex.

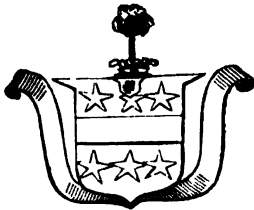
Denny, *b.* 29th May, 1773; *m.* in 1802, Mrs. Bancroft, relict of J. F. Bancroft, esq. and only child of Joseph Dickson, esq. of Calcutta.

George, *b.* 12th August, 1774.

Alicia, *m.* in 1804, to James-Elridge West, esq. of Poston Park, in the county of Kent.

Sir William *d.* in 1823.

*Creation*—15th May, 1661.



*Arms*—Gules, a fesse, between six mullets, argent.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet, an ash tree, ppr.

*Seat*—Bromham Park, Sussex.

ASHTOWN, BARON, (Frederick Trench,) of Moate, in the county of Galway,

in the peerage of Ireland, so created on the 27th December, 1800, with remainder to the male issue of his lordship's deceased father; *b.* 3rd September, 1755; *m.* 25th May, 1785, Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Robert Robinson, M.D. and niece of the late Mr. Justice Robinson, one of the judges of the court of king's bench, by whom he has no issue.

### Lineage.

This family and that of Trench, Earls of Clancarty, derive from a common ancestor, namely,

FREDERICK TRENCH, who settled at Garbally, in the county of Galway, some time in the beginning of the seventeenth century; and dying in 1660, left two sons.

FREDERICK, who succeeded at Garbally, and founded the noble house of Clancarty.

And,

THE VERY REVEREND JOHN TRENCH, Dean of Raphoe, who *m.* Anne, eldest daughter of Richard Warburton, esq. of Garrabinch, in the Queen's County, and had three sons and two daughters. He *d.* in 1725, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

FREDERICK TRENCH, esq. of Moate, in the county of Galway. This gentleman *m.* in 1718, Mary, daughter and heiress of Richard Geering, esq. clerk of the court of chancery; and dying in 1758, was *s.* by his only surviving son,

FREDERICK TRENCH, esq. of Moate and Woodlawn, both in the county of Galway; who *m.* in August, 1754, Mary, eldest daughter and co-heiress (with her sister, Catharine, Lady Dunalley,) of Francis Sadlier, esq. of Sopwell Hall, in the county of Tipperary; and dying on the 27th November, 1797, left issue,

FREDERICK, who represented the borough of Portarlington in the Irish parliament for several years; now Lord Ashtown.

Francis, of Sopwell-Hall, *b.* 5th August, 1758, secretary to the board of inland navigation in Ireland, *m.* 11th June, 1802, Mary, second daughter of James Mason, esq. of Shrewsbury, and left issue at his demise in 1820, FREDERICK, *b.* 25th December, 1804.

Charles-James, *b.* 5th April, 1806.

Arthur-Heywood, *b.* 20th September, 1807. Frances-Mary.

Thomas, in holy orders, and Dean of Kil-dare; *m.* Mary, eldest daughter of Walter Weldon, esq. and has, with other issue,

Frederick-Stuart, in holy orders, who *m.* 9th January, 1816, the Hon. Helena Perceval, second daughter of Lord Arden.

William, of Cangort Castle, in the King's County; *m.* in 1798, Sarah, only child of the Hon. Robert Moore, and granddaughter of Edward, fifth Earl of Drogheda, and has issue.

Charles, *m.* 27th November, 1807, Anna-Maria, eldest daughter of the late Luke White, esq. of Woodlands, in the county of Dublin, and has issue.

Richard, barrister-at-law; m. 3rd March, 1883, Melosina, daughter and heiress of the Right Rev. Richard Chevenex, late Bishop of Waterford and Lismore, and relict of Colonel St. George, by whom, who d. 27th May, 1827, he has issue.

John, of Lansdowne, in the Queen's County; m. 30th July, 1807, Jane, eldest daughter of the late James Currie, M.D. of Liverpool, and has issue.

Catharine, m. in 1781; to the Hon. Ponsonby Moore, second son of Edward, fifth Earl of Drogheda, and d. in 1810.

Mary, m. in 1790, to Hugh Wilson, esq. who d. in 1805.

Elizabeth, m. in 1783, to Edward Armstrong, esq. of Gallen, in the King's County, and d. in 1825.

11. Frances. 12. Anne.

(*creation*—27th December, 1800.



*Arms*—Ar. a lion, passant, gu. between three fleurs-de-lis, az., on a chief of the last a sun in splendour, or.

*Crest*—An arm, in armour, embowed, holding a sword, all ppr.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a lion, gules, ducally crowned and powdered with fleurs-de-lis, or; SINISTER, a stag, ppr. armed and hooved, ducally gorged and lined, or, charged on the shoulder with a quatrefoil, gules.

*Motto*—Virtutis fortuna comes.

*Seats*—Chessel House, Southampton; Woodlawn, Galwayshire, Ireland.

ASTLEY, SIR JACOB, baronet, of Hill Morton, in the county of Warwick, D.C.L.; b. 13th November, 1797; succeeded to the title, as sixth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 28th April, 1817; m. 22nd March, 1819, Georgiana-Caroline, daughter of Sir Henry-Watkin Dashwood, bart. by whom he has issue,

JACOB-HENRY-DELAVAL, b. 21st May, 1822. Delaval-Loftus.

### Lineage.

Of the antiquity of the Astleys there is the most unquestionable testimony, and several curious and interesting proofs are to be found in "*Dugdale's Warwickshire*."

SIR THOMAS DE ASTLEY, knt. who fell at the battle

of Evesham, temp. HENRY III. with Montford, Earl of Leicester, and other insurrectionary barons, founded the family. By his first wife, Joan, daughter of Ernald de Bois, he was father of ANDREW, from whom the Astleys of Peteshull, in the county of Stafford, derive. By his second wife, Editha, daughter of Peter Constable, esq. of Melton Constable, in the county of Norfolk, and sister and co-heiress of Sir Robert Constable, knt., he had three sons; from the second of whom,

THOMAS ASTLEY, of Hill Morton, in the county of Warwick, descended, the seventh in direct succession.

JOHN ASTLEY, esq. of Hill Morton and Melton Constable, who m. Frances, daughter and heiress of John Cheyney, esq. of Sittingborne, in Kent, and was s. at his decease by his only surviving son,

ISAAC ASTLEY, This gentleman m. Mary, daughter of Edward Waldegrave, esq. of Borley, in the county of Essex, and had two sons, namely,

THOMAS, of whom presently.

Jacob (Sir) who having acquired considerable reputation under the royal banner, during the civil wars, was advanced to the peerage, as *Baron Astley, of Reading*. His lordship m. Agnes Imple, a German lady of family, and was s. in 1651, by his eldest son,

ISAAC, second baron, who d. in 1662, and was s. by his eldest son,

JACOB, third baron, at whose decease issueless, in 1668, the barony expired.

Mr. Astley was s. by his eldest son,

THOMAS ASTLEY, who m. Frances, daughter and co-heir of George Deane, esq. of Tilney, in the county of Norfolk, and had issue,

FRANCIS, his successor.

ISAAC, successor to his brother.

Edward (Sir) m. his cousin, the Hon. Elizabeth Astley, daughter of Jacob Lord Astley, and dying 1653, left a son, JACOB, of whom presently, as representative of the family.

Mr. Thomas Astley was s. by his eldest son,

SIR FRANCIS ASTLEY, knt. at whose decease without issue, the estates devolved upon his brother,

SIR ISAAC ASTLEY, who was created a baronet, on the 21st January, 1641. Sir Isaac m. first, Rachel, daughter of Augustine Messenger, esq. of Hackford, in Norfolk, and, secondly, Bridget, daughter of John Coke, esq. of Holkham, but had no issue. He d. in December, 1659, when the BARONETCY expired, while his estates of Hill Morton and Melton Constable passed to his nephew,

1. SIR JACOB ASTLEY, knt. who was created a baronet on the 25th June, 1660. Sir Jacob succeeded not only to the fortune of his uncle, but also to the entailed lands of his maternal grandfather, Lord Astley; those being so settled by act of parliament. He represented the county of Norfolk for forty years in parliament, and dying in 1729, was s. by his eldest surviving son, (by Blanch, eldest daughter of Sir Philip Wodehouse, bart. of Kimberley, in the county of Norfolk.)

2. **SIR PHILIP**. This gentleman, m. Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Thomas Bransby, esq. of Castor, in Norfolk, and dying 7th July, 1739, was s. by his eldest son,

3. **SIR JACOB**, who m. first, in 1721, Lucy, youngest daughter of Sir Nicholas L'Estrange, bart. of Hunstant, in the county of Norfolk, by whom, who d. in 1739, he had, with other issue,

EDWARD, his successor.

John, m. in 1762, Catherine, daughter of Henry Bell, esq. of Wallington, and had two daughters.

Blanch, m. to Edward Pratt, esq. of Ryston Hall, Norfolk, and had, with other issue, the present

EDWARD-ROGER PRATT, esq. of Ryston Hall, Norfolk.

Sir Jacob espoused, secondly, in 1741, Judith, daughter of Isaac Watlington, esq. and relict of Gresham Page, esq. Sexthorpe; and, thirdly, in 1744, Sarah, daughter of Christopher Bedingfield, esq. but had no children by those ladies. He d. 5th January, 1760, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

4. **SIR EDWARD**, who married, first, in 1751, Rhoda, eldest surviving daughter of Francis-Blake Delaval, of Seaton Delaval, in the county of Northumberland, by whom he had JACOB-HENRY, his successor. He espoused, secondly, in 1759, Anne, youngest daughter of Christopher Milles, esq. of Nackington, in Kent, and had several children. Sir Edward was s. at his decease, in 1802, by his eldest son,

5. **SIR JACOB-HENRY**, b. 12th September, 1756, m. in 1789, Hester, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Samuel Browne, esq. of King's Lynn, Norfolk, by whom he had issue,

1. JACOB, present baronet.

2. Edward. 3. Francis-L'Estrange.

4. Anne, m. in 1820, to Thomas-Potter Macqueen, esq. M.P.

5. Editha, m. in March, 1825, to Warden Sergison, esq. Cuckfield Park, in the county of Sussex.

6. Blanche.

7. Hesther, m. in June, 1825, to Augustus, youngest son of the late Sir Henry-Watkin Dashwood, baronet.

8. Agnes, m. in September, 1825, to the Rev. J. Sparke, youngest son of the present Bishop of Ely.

Sir Jacob d. 23th April, 1817.

*Creation*—25th June, 1660.



*Arms*—Az. a cinquefoil, ermine, within a bordure, engrailed, or.

*Crest*—On a chapeau, gules, lined ermine, a demipillar, gu. environed with a ducal coronet, or, out of which issues a plume of feathers, argent.

*Town Residence*—7 Cavendish-square.

*Seats*—Melton Constable, Norfolk; and Seaton-Delaval, Northumberland.

**ASTLEY, SIR JOHN-DUGDALE**, baronet, of Everleigh, in the county of Wilts; b. 27th January, 1778; m. 27th July, 1803, Sarah, daughter of William Page, esq. of Gosport, by whom he has issue,

FRANCIS-DUGDALE, b. 5th November, 1805; m. 18th November, 1826, Emma-Dorothea, fourth daughter of Sir Thomas-Buckle Lethbridge, bart.

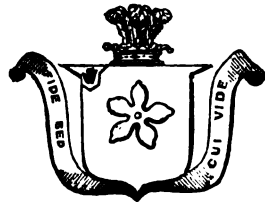
Mary-Anne.

Mr. Astley was created a baronet on the 27th July, 1821. He is representative for the county of Wilts in the present parliament.

#### Lineage.

This family is of the same stock as the Astleys of Hill Morton and Melton Constable; and the present baronet, who is eldest son and heir of Francis-Dugdale Astley, esq. by Mary, second daughter and co-heiress of William Buckler, esq. of Boreham, can deduce his pedigree from Andrew, eldest son of Baron Thomas de Astley, who lost his life at the battle of Evesham, in 1265.

*Creation*—27th July, 1821.



*Arms*—Azure, a cinquefoil, pierced, ermine.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet, or, a plume of seven ostrich feathers, gules.

*Motto*—Fide sed cui vide.

*Town Residence*—10, Langham-place.

*Seat*—Everleigh-house, Wiltshire.

**ASTON OF FORFAR, LORD**, (Walter-Hutchinson Aston,) in the county of Forfar, in the peerage of Scotland, a clergyman of the church of England, rector of Hartfield, in Sussex; b. 15th September, 1769; m. 14th June, 1802, Elizabeth, daughter of the late Rev. Nathan Haines, D.D. by whom he has no issue. His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family, as ninth baron, upon the demise of his father, 29th July, 1805.

## Lineage.

Fuller, speaking of the Astons, says, "a more noble family, measuring on the level of flat and disadvantaged antiquity, is not to be met with; they have ever borne a good respect to the Church and learned men."

RANDAL, OF RANULPH DE ASTONA, the first on record, who lived in the reign of Edward the First, was father of,

ROGER DE ASTON, who, in 1200, obtained from Roger de Moland, Bishop of Lichfield, the manors of Heywood and Longdon, and the keeping of the game in Caukwood, all in the county of Stafford. The fifth in descent from this Roger,

SIR ROGER DE ASTON, knt. served the office of Sheriff of Staffordshire in the reign of Henry the Sixth, and was one of the prime gentry returned by the commissioners for that county in 1433. Sir Roger *m.* Joyce, sister and co-heir of Sir Baldwin de Treville, and with her acquired large estates in the county of Warwick. The great grandson of this marriage,

SIR JOHN DE ASTON, K. B. was a military character of great eminence, in the reigns of the two first sovereigns of the House of Tudor. Sir John was with King Henry the Eighth in the French War of 1513, and was made a baronet for his conduct at the Battle of Spurs. He obtained renown, likewise, at the siege of Terouin and Tournay. He was Sheriff of the counties of Leicester and Warwick, and thrice of Staffordshire. Sir John Aston *m.* Joan, only child of Sir William Littleton, of Frankley, of the county of Worcester, by whom he acquired the manor of Wanlip, in Leicestershire, and Tixall, in the county of Stafford. He was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR EDWARD ASTON, of Tixall, who built a stately mansion at that place, the ruins of which are still remaining. He *m.* Joan, daughter of Sir Thomas Bowles, of Penho, in the county of Carnarvon, one of the barons of the exchequer, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR WALTER ASTON, of Tixall, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir James Leveson, of Lilleshall, and was *s.* in 1580, by his eldest son,

SIR EDWARD ASTON, of Tixall. This gentleman possessed estates of the value of £10,000 annually, in the counties of Stafford, Derby, Leicester, and Warwick. He *m.* Anne, only daughter of Sir Thomas Lucy, of Cherlecoote, and dying in 1598, was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR WALTER ASTON, who, at the coronation of King James the First, was honored with the Order of the Bath, and subsequently, in 1611, created a baronet. In 1622, he was employed to negotiate a marriage between Charles, Prince of Wales, and the Infanta of Spain; and, in requital for his services upon that occasion, was elevated to the peerage, 28th November, 1627, by Charles the First, as LORD ASTON, OF FORFAR. His lordship *m.* Gertrude, daughter of Sir Ralph Sadler, of Standon, in the county of Hertford, and dying in 1639, was *s.* by his eldest son,

WALTER, second baron, who, upon the decease of his uncle, Ralph Sadler, *s. p.* in 1660, suc-

ceeded to the Standon estate. This nobleman was a staunch and gallant supporter of the Royal cause during the Civil Wars. His lordship *m.* Lady Mary Weston, second daughter of Richard, Earl of Portsmouth, lord high treasurer of England, and was *s.* at his decease, in 1678, by his eldest son,

WALTER, third baron, who *m.* Eleanor, daughter of Sir Walter Blount, of Sodington, in the county of Worcester, bart. and relict of Robert Knightly, esq. and dying in 1714, was *s.* by his eldest son,

WALTER, fourth baron, who *m.* Mary Howard, only sister to Thomas, Duke of Norfolk, by whom he had several children, and was *s.* in 1746, by his son,

JAMES, fifth baron. This nobleman *m.* Barbara, daughter of George, fourteenth Earl of Shrewsbury, and had two daughters, his co-heirs, *vis.*

Mary, *m.* to Sir Walter Blount, of Sodington, bart. This lady was accidentally burnt to death by her clothes catching fire, 6th February, 1805.

Barbara, who inherited Tixall, *m.* the Hon. Thomas Clifford, son of Hugh, Lord Clifford, of Chudleigh. She *d.* in 1786, leaving twelve children, of whom,

THOMAS-HUGH CLIFFORD, the eldest son, succeeded to Tixall. He subsequently assumed the surname of CONSTABLE, and was created a baronet. (See Constable.)

Arthur Clifford, who edited his great ancestor, Sir Ralph Sadler's, state papers and letters in 1809.

His lordship dying thus, in 1751, without male issue, the baronetcy ceased, while the barony devolved upon

PHILIP ASTON, esq. as sixth baron, the great-great-grandson of the late lord's great-great-grand uncle, William Aston, of Milwich, in remainder to whose posterity the original patent was framed. His lordship *d.* unmarried, in 1755, when his brother,

WALTER, seventh baron, inherited; at whose decease without male issue, in 1763, the family honors descended to the son of his uncle Edward,

WALTER, eighth baron. His lordship *m.* Anne, daughter of Peter Hutchinson, esq. by whom he had an only surviving son, WALTER-HUTCHINSON, the present peer.

Creation—28th November, 1627. To the first lord, and his heirs male, bearing the name and arms of Aston for ever.



*Arms*—Ar. a fesse, sa. in chief, three lozenges of the last.

*Crest*—A bull's head, couped, sa.

*Supporters*—Two Roman knights completely armed, faces, hands, and knees, bare, with shields on the exterior arms.

*Motto*—Numini et patrie asto.

*Seat*—Tardebigg Vicarage, Broomsgrove, Worcestershire.

**ATHLONE, EARL OF**, (George-Godart-Henry De-Reed-De-Ginkell,) Baron of Aghrim, in the county of Galway, in the peerage of Ireland, Baron de Reede and Ginkell, Baron of Amerongen Middachier, Livendale, Elst Stervelt, and Ronenberg, in the Netherlands; *b.* the 21st of November, 1820; *s.* to the honors of his family, as ninth earl, upon the demise of his father, 31st of October, 1823.

### Lineage.

Godart de Ginkell, a brave and successful general in the army of King William the Third, and commander-in-chief during the Irish campaign of 1691, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, by that monarch, as a reward for the victory he had achieved upon the plains of Aghrim, near Athlone, on 12th July, 1691, being, on 4th March, 1692, created *Baron of Aghrim* and *Earl of Athlone*, besides obtaining a grant of above 26,000 acres of land, the forfeited possessions of William Dougan, Earl of Limerick. This grant was, however, subsequently reversed by parliament, and the earl returned to his native country, where he reaped fresh laurels as a military commander. His lordship *d.* on 11th February, 1720, and was *s.* by his son,

GODART, second earl, *b.* in 1668, who, continuing to reside in Holland, was a member of the nobles for the province of Utrecht, and lieutenant-general of the Dutch forces. His lordship *m.* the Lady Henrietta de Nassau, youngest daughter of William, Earl of Rochfort, by whom he left at his decease, on 15th August, 1729, two sons, and was *s.* by the elder,

GODART-ADRIAN, third earl, at whose decease, 8th Oct. 1736, the honors devolved upon his brother,

GODART, fourth earl, *b.* in 1717, and educated with his brother in the university of Marbourg. He was a nobleman of fine qualities; though only thirty years of age, he had a seat in several colleges of the generality, in behalf of the province of Utrecht. His lordship *d.* unmarried, in November, 1747, and was *s.* by his cousin,

FREDERICK-WILLIAM, fifth earl, eldest surviving son of the Honourable Frederick-Christian de Ginkell, second son of the first earl. His lordship *m.* Louisa, Baroness de Wasenar, and dying in 1748, was *s.* by his elder son,

FREDERICK-CHRISTIAN-RHYNHARD, sixth earl. His lordship was a member of the nobles for the province of Utrecht, ranger of the same province, and chief magistrate of the city of Utrecht, in 1790. He was created Count of the Holy Roman Empire, in 1795. The earl accompanied the Stadtholder to England, on the French invasion of Hol-

land, and took his seat in the Irish house of lords, 10th March, 1795. His lordship *m.* Anna-Elizabeth-Christienne, Baroness de Tuill de Seerokerkin, by whom he had, with other issue,

FREDERICK, Lord Aghrim, his successor.

William-Gust-Frederick, *b.* 21st July, 1780, Count of the Holy Roman Empire, *m.* 7th September, 1814, Windela-Eleanor, eldest daughter of Mons. Burcell.

Jemima-Helena, *m.* in 1785, to Count John Charles Bentinck.

Maria-Wilhelmina.

Christiana, *m.* William Frederick, Baron de Reede-Lynden, and *d.* in 1800.

His lordship *d.* 13th December, 1808, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

FREDERICK, seventh earl. His lordship *m.* first, Miss Munter, and secondly, Maria, second daughter of Sir John Eden, of Windleston, bart. (the countess *m.* secondly, Sir William Johnstone Hope, G.C.B.) but having no issue, the family honors devolved, at his decease, 5th December, 1810, upon his brother,

RENAUD-FREDERICK-JACOB, as eighth earl, who *m.* in March, 1818, Henrietta, daughter of John-William Hope, esq. of Amsterdam, by whom (who *d.* 3rd September, 1830,) he left issue,

GEORGE, present earl.

Elizabeth, *b.* in 1821.

His lordship *d.* in October, 1823, and the countess *m.* secondly, 4th May, 1825, William Gambier, esq.

*Creation*—4th March, 1691-2.



*Arms*—Az. two bars, dancettée, sa.

*Crest*—A pair of wings, erect, ar. charged with two bars, dancettée, as in the arms.

*Supporters*—Two griffins, wings expanded, per fesse, ar. and ppr.

*Motto*—Malo mori quam foedari.

*Residence*—Amerongen Castle, Utrecht.

**ATHOLL, DUKE, MARQUESS, AND EARL OF**, (John Murray,) Marquess and Earl of Tullibardine, Earl of Strathtay and Strathardale, Viscount Glenalmond, Balquhidar, and Glenlyon, Baron Murray, of Tullibardine, Lord Balvenie and Gask, in the peerage of Scotland; Earl Strange, Baron Strange, and Baron Murray, of Stanley, in the county of Gloucester, in the peerage of England; lord-lieutenant and hereditary sheriff of Perthshire; *b.* 26th June, 1778; *s.* to



the honors, as fifth duke, upon the demise of his father, 29th September, 1830.

### Lineage.

This is one of the most illustrious families in Scotland; and, at one period, it enjoyed the absolute sovereignty of the Isle of Man. "Freskine," says Sir Robert Douglas, "a gentleman of Flemish origin, came into Scotland during the reign of King David I. and obtained from that munificent sovereign the lands of Strathbrock, in the county of Linlithgow. Soon after the insurrection of the Moraymen, in 1130, Freskine, who probably contributed by his skill and bravery to the subduement of these ancient people, acquired from the same prince some of the most fertile districts in the lowlands of Moray, and built a fortalice at Duffus, where he resided, the massy ruins whereof are still remarkable." The grandson of this distinguished person,

HUGH FRESKINE, obtained the territory of Sutherland, forfeited by the Earl of Caithness, in the rebellion of 1197, which he had assisted to suppress. He *d.* in 1203, leaving two sons,

William, who took the name of Sutherland, and was created Earl of Sutherland,

and

WALTER, who inheriting his father's lands at Moray, was distinguished by the surname of DE MORAVIA, or MORAY. From this Walter de Moravia descended the Morays, Lords Bothwell, and

SIR WILLIAM DE MORAVIA, who acquired the lands of Tullibardine with his wife, Adda, daughter of Malise Senescal, of Strathern, as appears by charters dated in the years 1282 and 1284. He was *s.* by his son,

ANDREW MURRAY, of Tullibardine. When Edward Baliol invaded Scotland, in 1322, this Andrew Murray, favouring his pretensions, contributed greatly to the decisive victory obtained by Baliol at Duplin, by fixing a stake in a ford in the river Earn, through which his army passed and attacked the Scots. This rendered Murray so obnoxious that, when he was made prisoner in a couple of months after, he was immediately put to death for his adhesion to Baliol. He left a son,

SIR WILLIAM MURRAY, of Tullibardine, from whom lineally descended the fifth in succession,

SIR WILLIAM MURRAY, of Tullibardine, who had, with other issue,

WILLIAM, his successor.

Andrew (Sir), ancestor of the Viscounts Stormont.

Sir William was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

WILLIAM MURRAY, of Tullibardine, whose grandson,

SIR WILLIAM MURRAY, of Tullibardine, *m.* in 1547, Lady Agnes Graham, daughter of William, second Earl of Montrose, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN MURRAY, twelfth feudal Baron of Tullibardine, master of the household, and one of the privy-council of King James VI. who was created *Lord Murray, of Tullibardine*, on 25th April, 1604, and on the 10th July, 1606, *Earl of Tullibardine*.

His lordship *m.* Catharine, daughter of David, Lord Drummond, and had, with other issue,

WILLIAM, his successor.

Patrick, of Castletown, afterwards Earl of Tullibardine.

Mungo, who became second Viscount Stormont, but *d.* issueless.

The earl *d.* in 1609, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, second earl, who, with his cousin, David, Viscount Stormont, when a very young man, had the good fortune to be greatly instrumental in the rescue of the king at Perth, from the attempt of the Earl Gowrie and his brother, in 1600. For which signal service he obtained the hereditary sheriffship of Perthshire, which has since continued in the family. His lordship *m.* first, in 1602, Cecilia, eldest daughter of Sir John Wemyss, of Wemyss, but had no issue; he espoused, secondly, Lady Dorothea Stewart, eldest daughter of John, fifth Earl of Atholl, (at whose decease, without male issue, the earldom of Atholl reverted to the crown) by whom he had issue,

JOHN, who became Earl of Atholl.

Mary, *m.* to Sir John Moncrieffe, of Moncrieffe, bart.

The earl, a short time before his decease, having petitioned King Charles I. setting forth that his countess was the eldest daughter and heir of line of John, Earl of Atholl, and that the family of Stewart, of Innermeath, which had obtained the title at that nobleman's decease, had become extinct, the king graciously promised to revive the dignity in her posterity. When his lordship, wishing to prevent the junction of the earldoms of Atholl and Tullibardine, and for the purpose of forming two noble families, resigned the latter dignity to the crown, in favour of his brother PATRICK MURRAY, which disposition was confirmed by patent under the great seal, anno 1628. The earldom of Tullibardine came back, however, to the Atholl line, upon the demise of Earl Patrick's son, JAMES, fourth earl, who outlived his male issue. William, second Earl of Tullibardine, *d.* in 1626, and was *s.* by his son,

JOHN MURRAY, who, on the 6th of August, 1628, was served heir to John, Earl of Atholl, which service was confirmed by patent, 17th February, 1628-9, and he thus became first Earl of Atholl of the house of Murray. His lordship *m.* Jane, daughter of Sir Duncan Campbell, of Glenurchy, and dying in 1642, was *s.* by his son,

JOHN, second Earl of Atholl, K. T. to whom reverted the earldom of Tullibardine, in 1670, upon the demise of his cousin, James, mentioned above. His lordship was created *Marquess of Atholl* 17th February, 1676; he *m.* Lady Amelia Sophia Stanley, only daughter of James, seventh Earl of Derby, by whom he had, with other children,

JOHN, his successor.

Charles, created *Earl of Dunmore*. (See that dignity.)

William, succeeded as second Lord Nairne. (See that title.)

His lordship *d.* in 1703, and was *s.* by his eldest son, JOHN, sixth Earl of Tullibardine, third Earl of

Atholl, and second Marquess of Atholl, who was created on the 30th July, 1703, *Marquess of Tullibardine* and *Duke of Atholl*, with remainder, in default of male issue, to the sons of his deceased father. His grace *m.* first, Catharine, daughter of William and Anne, Duke and Duchess of Hamilton, by whom he had issue six sons and a daughter; of which,

John, Marquess of Tullibardine, *d.* unmarried in 1709.

William, who succeeded his brother as Marquess of Tullibardine, was one of the first that joined the Earl of Mar, in 1715, and proclaimed the Chevalier, for which he was attainted by parliament. Escaping abroad, the marquess returned to Scotland in 1719, with the Spanish forces, joined the insurgents at Kintail, and was at the battle of Glenshiel. After the defeat there, his lordship escaped a second time to the continent, where he lived in exile twenty-six years. He accompanied CHARLES-EDWARD to Scotland landed with him at Boradale, 25th July, 1745, unfurled the prince's standard at Glenfinnan, 19th August, and, supported by a man on each side, held the staff while the manifesto and commission of regency were read. After the decisive battle of Culloden he fled to the westward, intending to embark for the Isle of Mull; but his horse failing, he surrendered 27th April, 1746, in a bad state of health, to Mr. Buchanan, of Dummakill. His lordship was eventually conveyed to London, and committed to the Tower, where he died on the 9th July, 1746. JAMES, who succeeded to the dukedom.

Charles, a cornet of horse, joined the Chevalier in 1715, and had the command of a regiment. Upon all marches he never could be prevailed upon to ride, but kept at the head of his regiment on foot, in the highland dress. After the surrender of Preston, his lordship being amongst the prisoners, was tried by court martial, as a deserter, and sentenced to be shot; but he was reprieved, and died *s. p.* in 1720.

George, who was with his brother, the Marquess of Tullibardine, at Kintail, and was wounded at the battle of Glenshiel. Making his escape abroad, he was several years an officer in the Sardinian service, but obtaining a pardon, returned to Britain. Joining CHARLES-EDWARD in 1745, he was appointed Lieutenant-general of the prince's forces, acted as such at the battles of Preston, Falkirk, and Culloden, marched into England with them, and brought up the rear in their retreat from thence. He was attainted by parliament, but made his escape, and was most graciously received by the Chevalier at Rome. His lordship *m.* Amelia, only surviving child and heiress of James Murray, of Glencarse and Strowan, and *d.* in 1766, leaving, with two other sons and two daughters,

JOHN, who succeeded as third Duke of Atholl.

The Duke of Atholl *m.* secondly, Mary, daughter of William, Lord Ross, of Hawkhead, by whom he had three sons and a daughter. His grace *d.* the 14th November, 1724, and was *s.* by his third son,

JAMES, second duke, upon whom (his elder brother, William, Marquess of Tullibardine, having been attainted for high treason in 1716) the family honors were settled by parliament. His grace being maternal great-grandson of James, seventh Earl of Derby, upon the demise of James, tenth earl of that line, without issue, claimed, and was allowed, the *barony of Strange*, which had been conferred upon Lord Derby, by writ of summons, in 1628. The duke *m.* first, Jane, widow of James Lannoy, esq. of Hammersmith, youngest daughter of Thomas Frederick, esq. eldest son of Sir John Frederick, bart. by whom he had a son and two daughters, the youngest of whom,

CHARLOTTE, surviving her brother and sister, succeeded, at the death of her father, to the barony of Strange and the sovereignty of the Isle of Man. Her ladyship *m.* her cousin, JOHN, who *s.* as third Duke of Atholl.

The duke espoused, secondly, Jean, daughter of John Drummond, esq. but had no issue. He *d.* in 1764, when the Scottish honors devolved upon his nephew,

JOHN MURRAY, as third duke (revert to Lord George Murray, son of the first duke). His grace *m.* Charlotte, only surviving child and heiress of James, his predecessor; and, in 1765, their graces disposed of their sovereignty of the Isle of Man, (which they had derived from Sir John de Stanley, knt. to whom it had been granted, in 1406, by Henry the Fourth,) to the British government, for 70,000*l.* reserving, however, their landed interest, together with the patronage of the bishopric, and other ecclesiastical benefices, on payment of the annual sum of 101*l.* 15*s.* 11*d.* and rendering two falcons to the kings and queens of England upon the days of their coronation. The duke had issue,

JOHN, Marquess of Tullibardine, his successor. George, Bishop of St. David's, *m.* Anne-Charlotte, daughter of Lieut-General Francis Grant, and died in 1803, leaving, with several other children,

GEORGE, bishop of Rochester, and dean of Westminster, *b.* 12th January, 1784, *m.* in May, 1811, Lady Sarah-Maria Hay, second daughter of Robert Auriot, ninth Earl of Kinnoul, by whom he has, with other issue,

GEORGE, *b.* 1st September, 1816.

William, *m.* Mary-Anne, daughter of James Hodges, esq. and *d.* in 1796, leaving James-Arthur, R. N., *m.* in 1821, Harriet, daughter of William Coupland, by whom (who *d.* in 1829) he has issue, Mary-Anne.

Henry, *m.* Eliza, daughter of R. Kent, esq. and *d.* in 1805, leaving issue.

Charles, Dean of Bocking, in Essex, *m.* Alice, daughter of George Mitford, esq. and heiress

of her great uncle, Gawen Aynaley. His lordship assumed the additional surname of *AYNSLEY*, and dying in 1808, left issue. *Annelia*, *m.* first Thomas-Ivie Cooke, esq. and secondly, Sir Richard Gammon, bart. Her ladyship *d.* in 1818.

*Jane*, *m.* to John-Grosset Muirhead, esq.

*Mary*, *m.* to Rev. George Martin, and *d.* in 1822.

His grace *d.* 8th November, 1774, and was *s.* by his eldest son.

*JOHN*, fourth duke, *b.* 30th June, 1775, *m.* first, 26th December, 1774, *Jane*, eldest daughter of George, ninth Lord Cathcart, by whom (who *d.* 4th December, 1790), he had surviving issue,

*JOHN*, Marquess of Tullibardine, present duke.

*James*, created *BARON GLENLYON*.

*Charles*, *b.* in 1790, *d.* in 1824.

*Charlotte*, *m.* first, in 1797, to Sir John Mensies, bart. who *d.* in 1806, and secondly, in 1801, to Captain Drummond, R.N.

*Amelia-Sophia*, *m.* to Viscount Strathallan.

*Elizabeth*, *m.* to Sir Evan-John-Macgregor Murray, bart.

His grace espoused, secondly, 11th March, 1794, *Marjory*, eldest daughter of *James*, sixteenth Lord Forbes, and widow of *John*, Lord Macleod, but had no issue. The Duke of Atholl was created a peer of Great Britain, in the dignities of *Baron Murray, of Stanley*, and *EARL STRANGE*, on the 18th August, 1786; and he inherited the old English *BARONY OF STRANGE*, at the decease of his mother, in 1805. The Duke was a Knight of the Thistle, and a Fellow of the Royal Society. His Grace disposed of his remaining property and privileges in the Isle of Mann, to the crown, for the sum of 400,000*l.* He *d.* 29th September, 1830.

*Creations*—*Baron Murray*, 25th April, 1694. *Earl of Tullibardine*, 10th July, 1696. *Earldom of Atholl*, granted to Sir John Stewart, eldest son of Sir James Stewart, called the black knight of Lorn, and his wife *Jane*, daughter of *John*, Duke of Lancaster, and Queen Dowager of *James I.* of Scotland, in 1437, and confirmed to *John Murray*, eldest son of Lady *Dorothea Stewart*, eldest daughter of *John*, fifth and last *Earl of Atholl*, of that line, by *William*, second *Earl of Tullibardine*, by patent, dated 16th February, 1622. *Marquess of Atholl*, 7th February, 1676. *Duke of Atholl*, &c. 30th of June, 1763, all in Scotland. *Baron Strange*, by writ, 1636, in the peerage of England. *Earl Strange*, &c. 16th of August, 1786, in the peerage of Great Britain.



*Arms*—Quarterly, first, *az.* three mullets, *ar.* within a double treasure-flory, count. r-flory, or, for *MURRAY*; second gury, three legs in armour, ppr. garnished and spurred, or, conjoined in triangle at the upper part of the thigh, for the *ISLE OF MANN*, as lord thereof; third, quarterly, first and fourth, *ar.* on a bend, *az.* three stags' heads, cabossed, or, for *STANLEY*; second and third, gu. two lions, passant in pale, *ar.* for *STRANGE*; fourth, quarterly, first and fourth, or, a fesse, chequy, *ar.* and *az.* for *STEWART*; second and third, pale of six, or and *az.* for *STRABOLGIE*; a family which succeeded, about the middle of the thirteenth century, to the original *Earldom of Atholl*, by the marriage of *John de Strabolgie*, with *Ada*, only daughter and heiress of Sir *David Hastings*, seventh *Earl of Atholl* of that line, which *John de Strabolgie* thus became eighth *Earl of Atholl*, and the *Strabolgies* continued to enjoy the dignity, until *David*, the eleventh earl, was outlawed, for refusing to return to Scotland, and his estates and titles forfeited to the crown. The male line of the *Strabolgies* ceased with *David's* son, in 1275.

*Crest*—A demi savage, ppr. wreathed about the head and waist, vert, holding in his right hand a dagger, also ppr. pomel and hilt, or, and in his left, a key of the last.

*Supporters*—*Dexter*, a lion, gu. collared, *az.* thereon three mullets, *ar.*; *Sinister*, a savage, ppr. wreathed about the head and waist, vert, his feet in fetters of iron, the chain over his right arm, also ppr.

*Motto*—Forth fortune and fill the fetters.

*Seats*—Atholl-House, and Dunkeld, Perthshire.

**AUBREY, SIR THOMAS - DIGBY**, baronet, of *Llanrithyd*, in the county of Glamorgan; *w.* 9th December, 1813, *Miss Wright*, niece of the Rev. Robert Verney, of Middle Clayton House, in the county of Bucks, who *d.* in 1817, without issue. *Sir Thomas* *s.* to the title, as seventh baronet, at the decease of his uncle, on the 1st of March, 1826.

### Lineage.

This family boasts an alliance with the ancient blood-royal of England and of France; and its founder here, according to the chronicles at All Souls' college, Oxford, accompanied William the Conqueror, from Normandy.

*Sir THOMAS AUBREY*, knt. acquired the estate of *Llanrithyd*, in Glamorganshire, with his wife, *Mary*, daughter and heiress of *Anthony Mansell*, esq. and had, with other issue,

1. *JOHN AUBREY*, esq. of *Llanrithyd*, who having previously received the honor of knighthood, was created a baronet on the 23rd July, 1600. *Sir John* *m.* *Miss South*, daughter and heiress of — *South*, esq. of London, and was *s.* at his decease, by his only surviving son,

2. *Sir JOHN*, who *m.* first, *Margaret*, daughter of *Sir John Lowther*, of *Lowther Hall*, Westmorland, bart. the first Lord Londale, and had an only son, *AUBREY*, his successor. He espoused, secondly, *Mary*, daughter and heiress of *William*

Lewis, esq. of the Van, in the county of Glamorgan, and Borstal,\* in Buckinghamshire, great granddaughter, maternally, of Sir John Dynham, of Borstal. Sir John died in consequence of a fall from his horse in September, 1700, and was s. by his son,

3. SIR JOHN, M. P. This gentleman m. thrice, and had several children. He was s. at his decease in 1743, by his eldest son (of his first wife, Mary, daughter of — Staly, esq.)

4. SIR JOHN; at whose decease, unmarried, in October, 1767, the title devolved upon his brother,

5. SIR THOMAS. This gentleman m. Martha, eldest daughter of Richard Carter, esq. of Chilton, Bucks, one of the Welch judges, by whom he had issue,

JOHN, his successor.

Thomas, a major in the army, who served with great credit during the whole of the first American war, and d. in 1814.

Richard, colonel of the Glamorganshire militia, who m. Frances, second daughter of the Hon. Wriothesley Digby, by whom he had THOMAS-DIGBY, the present baronet, and Julia-Frances, who m. in 1810, William-Ralph Cartwright, esq. late M. P. for Northamptonshire. Colonel Aubrey d. in 1808.

Sir Thomas d. 4th September, 1786, and was s. by his eldest son,

6. SIR JOHN, D. C. L. This gentleman m. first, Mary, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir James Colebrooke, bart. of Gatton, in the county of

\* King Edward the Confessor had a royal palace at Brill, in Bucks, to which he occasionally retired for the pleasure of hunting in the forest of Bernwood. This forest, it is said, was much infested by a wild boar, which was slain by one Nigel, a huntsman, who presented the boar's head to the king, and in reward obtained a tract of land called Derehyde, where he erected a mansion-house, and named it in memory of the transaction, BORSTAL. At the period of the Conquest, BORSTAL was conferred upon William de Lisures, but it came back to the Nigel family, temp. Richard I. (1190) when William Fitznigel was appointed forester of Bernwood, and had a grant of Borstal. From the Nigels it passed, in 1300, with their heiress Joan Nigel to her husband, Sir John de Handlo. The Handlo estates, including Borstal, devolved upon co-heirs in 1355; namely, Margaret, wife of John de Apulby, and Elisabeth, who m. Sir Edmund de la Pole; which latter lady inherited Borstal on the demise of her sister s. p. and her daughter Catherine de la Pole conveyed it to her husband, Robert James, esq. whose daughter and heiress Christiansa, m. Edmund Rede, esq. and the manor of Borstal continued with the Redes for three generations, until Catherine Rede, an heiress, m. Thomas Dynham, esq. from which family it passed, with an heiress, to Lawrence Banistre, esq., whose only daughter and heiress, Margaret, m. in 1648, William Lewis, esq.; and their elder daughter espoused, as in the text, Sir John Aubrey, bart.

Surrey; and, secondly, Martha-Catharine, daughter and coheir of George-Richard Carter, esq. of Chilton, in the county of Buckingham, but left no surviving issue. Sir John represented the county of Buckingham, at one time, in parliament, and he sat subsequently for different boroughs. He was appointed a lord of the admiralty in 1783, and a lord of the treasury in 1783, which office he resigned in 1789. He d. 1st March, 1826, and was s. by his nephew, THOMAS-DIGBY AUBREY, esq. the present baronet.

Creation—23rd July, 1660.



Arms—Azure, a chevron between three eagles' heads, erased, or.

Crest—An eagle's head, erased, or.

Motto—Solem ferro.

Seats—Ovington House, Llantrithyd Park, Glamorganshire; Chilton House, Dorton, and Borstal, all in Buckinghamshire.

AUCKLAND, BARON. (George Eden,) of West Auckland, in the county of Durham, in the peerage of Great Britain, and Baron Auckland, in that of Ireland; auditor and a director of Greenwich hospital, president of the board of trade, and master of the mint; b. 25th August, 1784; s. to the honors of his family, as second baron, upon the demise of his father, 28th May, 1814.

#### Lineage.

WILLIAM EDEN, esq. third son of Sir Robert Eden, of West Auckland, bart. by Mary, youngest daughter of William Davison, esq. of Beamish, in the county of Durham, after being called to the bar, in 1769, became a distinguished public servant. He was, successively, a commissioner to negotiate peace with North America, (1778,) secretary of state for Ireland, a privy counsellor in England, ambassador to France, &c. &c. and was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, by the title of *Baron Auckland*, on 18th November, 1789, and created, on 23rd May, 1793, *BARON AUCKLAND, of West Auckland, in the county of Durham*, in the peerage of Great Britain. His lordship m. 20th September, 1776, Eleanor, second daughter of the Right Honorable Sir Gilbert Elliot, of Minto; by whom (who d. in 1818,) he had issue,

William-Frederick, found drowned in the Thames, 24th February, 1810.

GROZEX, the present peer.

## AUD

Robert, in holy orders, b. 16th July, 1797; m. in 1825, Mary, eldest daughter of Francis-Edward Hurst, esq. of Alderwasley, in the county of Derby, and has issue.

Eleanor-Agnes, m. in 1790, to Robert, fourth earl of Buckinghamshire.

Catharine-Isabella, m. in 1806, to the Right Hon. Nicholas Vansittart, now Lord Bexley, and d. in 1810.

Elizabeth-Charlotte, m. in 1801, to Lord Francis-Godolphin Osborne.

Caroline, m. in 1806, to Arthur Vansittart, esq. of Shottesbrooke, in the county of Berks., who d. in 1829.

Mary-Louisa, m. in 1806, to Andrew Wedderburn, esq.

Mary-Dulcibella, m. in 1819, to Chas. Drummond, jun. esq.

Emily.

Frances.

His lordship d. on the 28th May, 1814.

*Creations*—Irish barony, 18th November, 1799; British barony, 23rd May, 1793.



*Arms*—Gules on a chevron, ar. between three garbs, or, as many escallops, sa., a mullet for difference.

*Crest*—An arm in armour, embowed, ppr. holding a garb, or.

*Supporters*—Two horses, argent; the DEXTER, guardant, charged on the shoulder with a fleur-de-lis, or; the SINISTER, charged on the shoulder with a castle, or.

*Motto*—Si sit prudentia.

*Town Residence*—30, Lower Grosvenor-street.

*Seat*—Eden Farm, Kent.

**AUDLEY, BARON**, (George-John Thicknesse Touchet,) of Heleigh Castle, in the county of Stafford; b. 23rd January, 1783; m. 18th April, 1816, Anne-Jane, eldest daughter of Vice-admiral Ross Donnelly, by whom he has issue,

GEORGE-EDWARD, b. 26th June, 1817.

John, b. 8th November, 1819.

William-Ross, b. 23rd November, 1821.

Jane-Elizabeth.

Susan.

His lordship s. to the honors of his family as nineteenth baron, upon the demise of his father, on the 24th August, 1818.

## AUD

### Lineage.

The family of Touchet came into England with the Conqueror, and were then of considerable note. The name is to be found in the Roll of Battle-Abbey, and in the chronicles of Normandy.

WILLIAM TOUCHET distinguished himself in the wars of Gascony and Scotland, temp. Edward I. and had summons to parliament as a BARON from 29th December, 1299 to 3rd November, 1306; but of his lordship Dugdale gives no further account. Contemporary with this Lord Touchet, was

SIR ROBERT TOUCHET, knt. of Tattenhale, in the county of Chester, who was s. by his son,

SIR THOMAS TOUCHET, who d. in the 23rd Edward III. leaving a son,

SIR JOHN TOUCHET, knt. an eminent military commander in the warlike times of Edward III., who was slain in a desperate engagement with the Spaniards off Rochelle, in the 44th of the same king. Sir John m. Joane, eldest daughter of James Aldethley, or Audley, Lord Audley of Heleigh, (a dignity created by writ of summons on 8th January, 1313), and eventually sole heiress of her brother Nicholas, last Baron Audley of that family in 1392. Sir John was s. by his son,

JOHN TOUCHET, who was summoned to parliament as *Lord Audley*, on 21st December, 1405. The great grandson of this nobleman,

JAMES TOUCHET, Lord Audley, having headed an insurrection of the Cornishmen in the reign of Henry VII., was made prisoner at Blackheath, and was afterwards drawn, 28th June, 1497, from Newgate to Tower-hill, in his own coat of arms, painted on paper, but reversed and torn, and there beheaded, when his honors became forfeited; but his son,

JOHN TOUCHET was restored in blood, and to the dignity of LORD AUDLEY, in the 4th Henry VIII. His lordship m. Mary, daughter of John Griffin, esq. of Braybrooke, in the county of Northampton, and was s. by his eldest son,

GEORGE TOUCHET, Lord Audley, who m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Bryan Tuke, knt. treasurer of the chamber to King Henry VIII., and was s. by his son,

HENRY TOUCHET, Lord Audley, who m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Snede, of Bradwell, in the county of Stafford, and dying in 1595, was s. by his elder son,

GEORGE TOUCHET, 11th Baron Audley, (counting from the original writ of summons in 1313 to Nicholas de Aldethley), who, residing in Ireland, was created a peer of that kingdom, in the dignities of *Baron Orler* and *Earl of Castlehaven*, 6th September, 1617. His lordship m. Lucy, daughter of Sir John Mervin, of Fontell, in the county of Wilts, and dying in 1617, was s. by his elder son,

MERVIN, second earl of Castlehaven. This nobleman being accused of certain high crimes, and, by virtue of a commission of oyer and terminer, thereupon arraigned, had sentence of death passed upon him, and was executed accordingly on Tower-hill, on the 14th May, 1631. His lordship left issue by his first wife, Elizabeth, daughter and coheir of Mr. Alderman Barnham, of the

city of London, three sons, and as many daughters.

**JAMES TOUCHET**, the eldest son, obtained a new patent, 3rd June, 1634, creating him *Lord Audley* and *EARL OF CASTLEHAVEN*. His lordship, during the civil wars of Ireland, commanded under the Duke of Ormonde, and in 1649, being chosen general of the Irish forces, acted against Cromwell and the parliamentarians. Upon the subjugation of the kingdom, by the usurper, his lordship withdrew into France, whence he returned to England at the restoration, and obtained a special act of parliament in 1678, restoring to him the place and precedence as Lord Audley, enjoyed by his ancestors, but forfeited by his father, with remainder, in default of issue of his own body, to the heirs of his brother, Mervin Touchet, third son of the late lord, (passing over George, a benedictine monk, his next brother,) and in default of issue of the said Mervin, to the daughters (his sisters) of the deceased lord. The earl m. Elizabeth, daughter of Grey Bridges, Lord Chandos; but dying without issue, on the 11th Oct. 1684, his lordship's honors devolved upon his brother,

**MERVIN**, second earl of Castlehaven (under the new patent). His lordship m. Mary, third daughter of John, Earl of Shrewsbury, and relict of Charles Arundel, esq. and was s. at his decease by his son,

**JAMES**, third earl, who m. Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of — Bard, esq. and was s. at his decease, 12th August, 1706, by his only child,

**JAMES**, fourth earl, who m. Elizabeth, daughter of Henry, Lord Arundel, of Wardour, and had issue,

**JOHN**, his successor.

Mary, m. in November, 1746, to Captain Philip Thicknesse, Lieutenant-governor of the Fort of Langard Point, by whom she had **GEORGE**, who inherited eventually the *Barony of Audley*.

His lordship d. in November, 1746, and was s. by his only son,

**JOHN**, fifth earl, who m. in 1776, Mrs. Calcraft, but d. without issue, 22nd of April, 1777, when the earldom ceased; but the Barony of Audley, being a barony in fee, descended to (the son of his deceased sister, the Hon. Mrs. Thicknesse,) his nephew,

**GEORGE THICKNESSE**, esq. who thus became eighteenth baron of Audley. In 1783, his lordship, by royal permission, assumed the surname of **TOUCHET**, and the arms of Touchet and Audley. Lord Audley m. first, 21st May, 1781, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of John Hussey, second Lord Delaval, by whom he had issue,

**GEORGE-JOHN**, present peer.

John, killed at the battle of Copenhagen.

Elizabeth-Susannah, m. in November, 1805, to John Coffin, esq.

Lady Audley dying 11th July, 1785, his lordship m. secondly, Augusta, widow of Colonel Moorhouse, by whom he had no issue. He d. in August, 1818.

*Creation*—Baron Audley, of Heleigh Castle, by writ of summons, 8th January, 1312.



*Arms*—Quarterly, first and fourth, ar. a chev. sa. fretty, or, in chief a blade of a scythe fesswise, gules, for **THICKNESSE**; second and third, quarterly; first and fourth, erm. a chev. gu. for **TOUCHET**; second and third, gu. a fret, or, for **AUDLEY**.

*Crest*—For **THICKNESSE** a cubit arm, erect, vested, paly of six, or and gu., holding in hand a scythe, ppr., blade downwards. For **TOUCHET**, out of a ducal coronet, or, a swan, rising, ar., ducally crowned of the first.

*Supporters*—Two wyverns, wings expanded, sa.

*Motto*—Je le tiens.

*Seat*—Sanridge Park, Wilts.

**AVONMORE, VISCOUNT** (Barry-John Yelverton) and Baron Yelverton, of Avonmore, in the county of Cork, in the peerage of Ireland; b. 21st February, 1790, m. first, in 1811, Jane, eldest daughter of Thomas Booth, esq. of Whitehaven, by whom (who d. in 1821) he has issue,

**BARRY-CHARLES**, b. 21st November, 1814.

George-Frederick-William, b. 7th March, 1818.

Sydney-Eloisa.

Mary-Augusta.

Adelaide-Matilda.

His lordship espoused, secondly, 1st August, 1822, Cecilia, eldest daughter of Charles O'Keeffe, esq. one of the registers of the court of chancery, in Ireland, and his wife, Letitia, youngest daughter of George Yelverton, esq. of Belle Isle, in the county of Tipperary, and has

William-Charles, b. 27th September, 1824.

Letitia.

Louisa-Elizabeth.

Cecilia-Freccilla.

Lord Avonmore s. to the title as 3rd Viscount upon the demise of his father 28th Nov. 1814.

### Lineage.

This is a branch of the ancient family of Yelverton, whence sprang the *Extinct EARLS OF SUSSEX* (see *Burke's Extinct Peerage*) and the present Lady Grey de Ruthyn, consort of the Marquess of Hastings. Two brothers of this house settled in Ireland; one in the county of Cork, and the other in Tipperary. From the former, the viscount himself derives, and from the latter, his present Viscountess.

**FRANK YELVERTON**, esq. of Blackwater, in the county of Cork, m. Elizabeth, daughter of Jonas Barry, esq. and had a son and daughter, viz:

**BARRY.**

Elizabeth, m. to M. O'Keefe, esq. of Marble Hill, in the county of Cork, and left a son, **CHARLES O'KEEFE**, esq. one of the registers of the court of chancery in Ireland, who wedded Letitia, youngest daughter of George Yelverton, esq. of Belle Isle, in the county of Tipperary, and was father of CECILIA, present **VISCOUNTES AVONMORE**.

**The son,**

**BARRY YELVERTON**, having been brought up to the bar, attained very high reputation as a lawyer, an orator, and a statesman. In 1782, Mr. Yelverton was appointed attorney-general of Ireland, and constituted lord chief baron of the exchequer in 1784. He was elevated to the peerage on the 19th June, 1795, in the dignity of *Lord Yelverton, Baron of Avonmore*, in the county of Cork, and created, 29th December, 1800, **VISCOUNT AVONMORE**. His lordship, m. 2nd July, 1761, Mary, daughter of William Nugent, esq. of Clonkeet, in the county of Westmeath, and had issue, **WILLIAM-CHARLES**, his successor.

**Walter-Aglenby**, b. in 1772, m. in 1791, Cecilia, eldest daughter of George Yelverton, of Belle Isle, by whom (who d. in 1801) he has issue,

**Bentinck-Walter**, b. in 1793, m. in 1829, the Hon. Anna-Maria Bingham, second daughter of Lord Clanmorris.

**Benjamin-Chapman-Frederick**.

**Leticia**, m. in 1823, to James Egan, esq.

**Cecilia-Anna**.

**Mr. Yelverton d. in May, 1824.**

**Barry, d. unmarried, in June 1824.**

**Maria**, m. in 1791, to John, Lord Clanmorris. The viscount died 19th August, 1805, and was s. by his eldest son,

**WILLIAM-CHARLES**, second viscount, b. 5th April 1771, m. 1st September, 1788, Mary, eldest daughter of John Read, esq. East Cams, in the county of Hants, and had issue,

**BARRY-JOHN**, present viscount.

**William-Henry**, b. 5th March, 1791; m. 2nd June, 1825, Elizabeth-Lucy, daughter and heiress of John Morgan, esq. of Furness, in the county of Carmarthen, and has a daughter, **Mary-Elizabeth**.

**Augustus**, b. 2nd August, 1802.

**Mary**.

**Louisa-Sarah**, m. in 1825, to the Rev. Andrew Sayers, eldest son of Richard Sayers, esq. of the county of Dublin.

His lordship d. 28th November, 1814.

**Creations**—Baron, 19th June, 1795, viscount, 29th December, 1800.

**Arms**—Ar. three lions rampart, gu. a chief of the last.

**Crest**—A lion passant, regardant, gu.

**Supporters**—Two lions, regardant, gu. langued az.



**Motto**—Renaascetur.

**Seats**—Belle Isle, in the county of Tipperary  
Hangle-Rock, Mayo.

**AYLESFORD, EARL OF**, (Heneage Finch, F.S.A.) and Baron of Guernsey; b. 24th of April, 1786; s. to the honors, as fifth earl, upon the decease of his father, 21st October, 1812; m. 23rd of April, 1821, Augusta-Sophia Greville, sister of Henry-Richard, present Earl of Warwick, by whom he has issue,

**HENEAGE**, Lord Guernsey, b. 24th December, 1824.

— a son, b. 20th April, 1827.

**Augusta**.

**Sarah**.

### Lineage.

The second son of Heneage Finch, first Earl of Nottingham, (see Earl of Winchelsea and Nottingham, for prior pedigrees.)

**THE HON. HENEAGE FINCH**, having adopted the legal profession, attained considerable celebrity at the bar, and was nominated solicitor general 13th of January, 1678; from which office he was removed, by King James the Second, in 1686; and was subsequently the principal of those eminent advocates who pleaded in behalf of the seven bishops. Mr. Finch, who represented the university of Oxford in the convention parliament, and in all the subsequent parliaments whilst he continued a commoner, being appointed, in 1702, on the part of the University, to compliment Queen Anne, upon her majesty's visit, after her accession, to the ancient city of Oxford, was elevated to the peerage, by the title of *Baron of Guernsey*, (an island on the French coast, belonging to the county of Southampton,) 15th March, 1702-3; and, on the accession of King George the First, 19th October, 1714, his lordship was created **EARL OF AYLESFORD**, being, in the same year, constituted chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster, and sworn of the privy-council. His lordship m. Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Banks, bart. of Aylesford; by whom he had several children. The earl d. 22nd June, 1719, and was s. by his eldest son.

**HENEAGE**, second earl, who m. Mary, daughter and heiress of Sir Clement Fisher, bart. of Packington, in the county of Warwick; and was s. on the 29th of June, 1737, by his only son,

was accordingly passed in 1536, whereby, among others, the Earl of Shrewsbury forfeited his lands.

The baronetcy of Ireland was conferred on the 25th Jan. 1621, in little more than a year after the institution of the order by King James I. upon

1. SIR GERALD AYLMER, *knt.* of Donadea, son of George Aylmer, of Cloncurrie, *esq.* and grandson of Richard Aylmer, *esq.* of Lyons. This gentleman *m.* twice: first, Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Henry Travers, master of the ordnance, and relict of James Fitz-Eustace, Viscount Baltinglas, who *d.* without issue on the 28th November, 1610; and, secondly, Julia, daughter of Christopher, Lord Delvin, by whom he had two daughters, and his successor,

2. SIR ANDREW, who inherited on the 19th August, 1634, and *m.* Ellen, daughter of Thomas, Viscount Thurles, and sister of James, the first Duke of Ormonde, and had issue one daughter, and

3. SIR GERALD, who *m.* Jane, daughter and heiress of Philip Fitzgerald, *esq.* of Alloone, in the county of Kildare, and was *s.* by his son,

4. SIR FITZGERALD. This gentleman *m.* in June, 1661, Helen, second daughter of Luke, third Earl of Fingal, and at his decease (occasioned by the small-pox,) on the 11th of June, 1665, was *s.* by his eldest son,

5. SIR JUSTIN, *m.* in 1702, Ellice, daughter of Sir Gerald Aylmer, of Balrath, by whom he had two sons. Sir Justin *d.* in 1711, and was *s.* by his elder son,

6. SIR GERALD. This gentleman *m.* in October, 1726, Lucy, daughter of Admiral Sir John Norris, *knt.* by whom he left one son and two daughters. He *d.* on the 6th of January, 1730, and was *s.* by his son,

7. SIR FITZGERALD, who *m.* Elisabeth, daughter and heiress of Fenton Cole, *esq.* of Silver Hill, in the county of Fermanagh, by whom he had several children: he *d.* in February, 1704, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

8. SIR FENTON. This gentleman *m.* on the 4th of June, 1705, Jane-Grace, daughter of Sir John Freke, *bart.* of Castle Freke, in the county of Cork, and sister of Lord Carberry; by whom he left issue,

1. GERALD-GEORGE, the present baronet.
2. Arthur-Percy.
3. William-Josiah.
4. John-Freke.
5. Margaret-Susan.
6. Elizabeth-Nannetta.

Sir Fenton *d.* on the 23rd of May, 1816.

*Creation*—25th of January, 1621.



*Arms*—*Ar.* a cross sable between two Cornish choughs, *ppr.*

*Crest*—A Cornish chough, rising out of a ducal coronet, all *ppr.*

*Motto*—Hallelujah.

*Seat*—Donadea Castle, Kildareshire.

**BACON, SIR EDMUND**, of Redgrave, and of Mildenhall, both in the county of Suffolk; *b.* 16th July, 1779; *m.* 27th August, 1801, his cousin, Anne, daughter of Edward-Dashwood Bacon, *esq.* of Ottery St. Mary, in the county of Devon; by whom he has issue,

1. EDMUND, *b.* in February, 1803.

2. Nicholas-Henry, *b.* 23rd of May, 1811.

3. Anna-Maria. 4. Harriet-Laura. 5. Frances.

Sir Edmund *s.* as eleventh baronet of Redgrave, PREMIER BARONET OF ENGLAND, and tenth baronet of Mildenhall, upon the demise of his father, 5th of September, 1820.

### Lineage.

Various conjectures have been hazarded regarding the origin of the name, BACON, but none to any purpose. It is of little importance, however; the antiquity of the family is indisputable, and few houses have produced so many illustrious and eminently gifted individuals. Besides Friar Bacon, the marvel of his day, Sir Nicholas Bacon, and the great Lord Bacon, there were five other extraordinary personages of the same family.

SIR NICHOLAS BACON, *knt.* *b.* at Chislehurst, in Kent, in 1510, becoming eminent at the bar, succeeded Nicholas Heath, archbishop of York, at the accession of Queen Elizabeth, in the custody of the great seal, and was sworn of her majesty's privy-council. The chief business of the first session of Elizabeth's reign was the settlement of religion, and the management of that important affair was committed almost wholly to the lord keeper, who pursued therein his wise maxim: "Let us stay a little, that we have done the sooner." As a statesman he was remarkable for a clear head and profound understanding. His great skill lay in balancing parties, and it is thought that the queen was indebted to him for that great secret of governing. Towards the latter end of his life he became so remarkable for corpulency, that his royal mistress used familiarly to observe, "that the lord keeper's soul lodged well." To himself his great size was very cumbersome, inasmuch that after walking from Westminster Hall to the Star Chamber, which was but a very little way, he was usually so greatly out of breath, that the lawyers forbore speaking at the bar until he recovered himself, and gave them notice by knocking with his staff. Sir Nicholas *m.* first, Jane, daughter of William Fersley, *esq.* of West Creting, in the county of Suffolk, by whom he had issue,



NICHOLAS (Sir), his successor.

Nathaniel (Sir), of Stiffkey, in Norfolk, K.B. who became eminent as a painter, and some of his works are preserved at Culford where he lived. He left three daughters at his decease, his co-heirs, viz.

Anne, m. to Sir Roger Townshend, of Reinham, in Norfolk, ancestor of the Lords Townshend, to whom she brought the Stiffkey estate.

Elisabeth, m. to Sir Thomas Knyvet, of Ashwelthorpe, Norfolk.

Winifred, m. to Sir Robert Gawdy, of Claxton, Norfolk.

Edward, who m. Helen, daughter and heiress of Thomas Littel, esq. of Shrubland Hall, in Suffolk, and acquiring that estate, was designated therefrom.

Anne, m. to Sir Henry Wodehouse, of Waxham, Norfolk.

Jane, m. first, to Sir Francis Windham, one of the justices of the common-pleas; and, secondly, to Sir Robert Mansfield.

Elisabeth, m. first, to Sir Robert D'Oyley; secondly, to Sir Henry Nevil; and thirdly, to Sir William Periam, lord chief baron of the exchequer.

The Lord Keeper espoused, secondly, Anne, daughter of Sir Anthony Cooke, of Giddy Hall, in the county of Essex, by whom he had two more sons, viz.

Anthony, a man of very distinguished parts, and esteemed for his political knowledge.

FRANCIS, b. 22nd January, 1590-1, brought up to the bar, was appointed queen's counsel in 1598, and soon after the accession of King James I. honoured with knighthood. In 1613 he was appointed attorney-general and soon after sworn of the privy-council. In 1617 Sir Francis was constituted LORD KEEPER OF THE GREAT SEAL, and the next year he was entitled LORD HIGH CHANCELLOR of England. Within a few months afterwards he was elevated to the peerage, 11th July, 1618, in the dignity of *Baron Verulam*, and he was created, 27th January, 1627, VISCOUNT ST. ALBANS. His lordship was subsequently convicted, upon his own confession, of corruption in the exercise of his judicial functions, and sentenced to pay a fine of 40,000*l.*, to be imprisoned during the king's pleasure, and to be ever afterwards incapacitated from holding office under the crown. Having in pursuance of this judgment suffered a brief incarceration, and the fine being eventually remitted, his lordship withdrew into retirement, and devoted the remainder of his life to the most splendid literary labours. He m. Alice, daughter and co-heir of Benedict Burnham, esq. an alderman of London, but d. 9th April, 1626, without issue, when his honours became EXTINCT. The learned Bayle calls Lord St. Albans one of the greatest geniuses of his age; Voltaire styles him the father of experimental philosophy; and

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Walpole terms him the Prophet of Arts, which Newton was sent afterwards to reveal. The latter author adds: "It would be impertinent to the reader to enter into any account of this amazing genius or his works; both will be universally admired as long as science exists. As long as ingratitude and adulation are despicable so long shall we lament the depravity of this great man's heart! Alas! that he who could command immortal fame, should have stooped to the little ambition of power."

Sir Nicholas d. 20th February, 1579, and was s. by his eldest son,

1. SIR NICHOLAS BACON, knt. who, at the demise of his father, held several manors and advowsons in the counties of Norfolk and Suffolk from the crown. He was knighted by Queen Elizabeth, in 1575, and was the first person advanced to the dignity of baronet (22nd of May, 1611,) upon the institution of that order. Sir Nicholas had, by his only wife, Anne, daughter and heiress of Edmund Butts, esq. to whom he was married fifty-two years, twelve children, of whom were,

EDMUND, his successor.

ROBERT, successor to his brother.

BUTTS, of Mildenhall, in Suffolk, who was created a baronet 29th July, 1627; m. Dorothea, daughter of Sir Henry Warner, of Mildenhall, and widow of William Jermyn, esq. and was s. by his only surviving son,

2. SIR HENRY. This gentleman removed to Herringfleet, in Suffolk, where his father had built a seat. He m. a daughter of William Gooch, esq. of Mettingham, Suffolk, and was s. by his son.

3. SIR HENRY, who m. Sarah, daughter of Sir John Castleton, bart. and was s. by his son,

4. SIR EDMUND m. Philippa, daughter of Sir Edward Bacon, of Redgrave, and was s. by his son,

5. SIR EDMUND, who m. Susan, daughter of Sir Isaac Rebow, of Colchester, knt. and dying in 1728, was s. by his son,

6. SIR EDMUND, of whom presently, as successor to the baronetcy of Redgrave.

Sir Nicholas d. in 1624, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR EDMUND, who m. the Hon. Philippa Wotton, daughter and co-heir of Edward, Lord Wotton, of Maherly, but dying s. p. 16th April, 1640, was s. by his brother,

3. SIR ROBERT. This gentleman m. Anne, daughter of Sir John Peyton, bart. and had nine sons and three daughters: dying in 1655, he was s. (by the son of his seventh son, Robert, by Catharine, daughter of Grave Violet, esq. of Pynney House, Norfolk) his grandson,

4. SIR EDMUND, who m. Elisabeth, daughter and co-heir of Sir Robert Crane, bart. of Chilton, Suffolk, and had six sons and ten daughters, but survived all the former. He died in 1685, when the baronetcy passed to (the son of his deceased uncle, Butts Bacon, esq. by Dorothea, daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Tracy, knt.) his cousin,

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5. **SIR ROBERT.** This gentleman sold the estate of Redgrave to lord-chief-justice Holt, and removed to Garboldisham; he *d.* 31st January, 1704, and was *s.* by his eldest son.

6. **SIR EDMUND, M.P.** for Norfolk, who *m.* in 1712, Mary, daughter of Sir Robert Kemp, bart. (and sole heir of her mother, Letitia, daughter of Robert King, esq. of Great Thurlow), by whom he had four daughters,

Letitia, *m.* to Sir Armine Wodehouse, bart. and *d.* in 1759.

Mary.

Sarah, *m.* to Pryse Campbell, Jun. esq. and *d.* in 1767.

Elizabeth, *d.* unmarried.

Sir Edmund leaving thus no male issue at his decease in June, 1755, the title passed to his kinsman (refer to Sir Butts Bacon, third son of first baronet).

7. **SIR EDMUND BACON, bart.** of Mildenhall, who thus united the honor of both branches of the family. He *d.* unmarried, and was *s.* by his uncle,

8. **SIR HENRY,** who, also dying a bachelor, in 1753, was *s.* by his brother.

9. **SIR RICHARD.** This gentleman *m.* twice; but dying without surviving issue in 1773, the honors devolved upon his nephew,

10. **SIR EDMUND,** (son of Castell Bacon, esq. by Elizabeth, daughter of Richard Dashwood, esq. of Cockley Cley, in Norfolk) *b.* in 1749, *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir William-Beauchamp Proctor, bart. by whom he had issue,

EDMUND, present baronet.

Nicholas-Henry.

Anne-Frances, *m.* to Edward-Thomas Hussey, esq.

Maria, *m.* to Edward Hodge, esq.

Sir Edmund *d.* in 1820.

*Creations*—Baronetcy of Redgrave, 22nd May, 1611; of Mildenhall, 29th July, 1627.



*Arms*—Gules on a chief, argent, two mullets, *sa.*

*Crest*—A boar statant, ermine.

*Motto*—Mediocria firma.

*Seat*—Raveningham Hall, Norfolk.

**BAGOT, BARON,** (William Bagot, F.S.A. and F.L.S.) of Bagot's Bromley, in the county of Stafford, and a baronet; *b.* 11th September, 1773; *s.* to the honors of his family, as second baron and seventh baronet, upon the demise of his father, 22nd October, 1798; *m.* first, 29th May, 1799, Emily, daugh-

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ter of Charles, first Lord Southampton, by whom (who *d.* 8th June, 1800) he had one daughter, who *d.* in infancy. His lordship *m.* secondly, 17th February, 1807, Louisa, eldest daughter of George, third Earl of Dartmouth, K. G. and has surviving issue,

WILLIAM, *b.* 7th March, 1811.

Hervey-Charles, *b.* 17th December, 1813.

Alfred-Walter, *b.* 4th April, 1816.

Agnes, *m.* in January, 1828, to John-Newton Lane, esq. of King's Bromley Hall, in the county of Stafford.

Eleanor.

## Lineage.

The ancestors of this noble family are recorded in Domesday-book, as possessors of Bagot's Bromley, in the county of Stafford, which they held of Robert de Stafford, ancestor to the ancient feudal Lords Stafford, whose male line terminated about the time of Richard I. in Robert de Stafford. This Robert's sister and heir, Millisent de Stafford, conveyed the feudal barony to her husband, Hervey de Bagot, (a younger branch of this family,) and their son, HERVEY, assuming the surname of Stafford, became progenitor of the succeeding Barons and Earls of Stafford, and Dukes of Buckingham. See *Burke's Extinct Peerage*. Of this Hervey the following account is given in "Memorials of the Bagot Family," compiled, in 1823, by the present Lord Bagot.

"It has long appeared a matter of doubt who the Hervey Bagot was, that, in the reign of Richard I. *m.* Milicent de Stafford, sister and sole heir to Robert, the last Baron Stafford. Hervey Bagot is always styled a younger son of the house of Bagot, but whether of Bagot's Bromley, (the head branch of the family,) or of Hyde, (another branch,) has seemed doubtful to many antiquarians. Erdeswick thinks he was of Bagot's Bromley. Mr. Chetwynd endeavours to prove that he was of Hyde; and Sir William Dugdale only styles him, 'a gentleman of ancient family in those parts.' After the most attentive and repeated examination of every document bearing upon the subject of this Hervey Bagot's descent, it is evident, almost to demonstration, that he must have been the brother of Simon Bagot, of Bromley; and consequently, like him, in the third generation from the Bagot who held that manor at the time of the domesday survey."

The pedigree of the family, in the possession of the present peer, attested by Sir William Dugdale and Gregory King, two eminent officers of the college of arms, "and supported by a most extraordinary mass of original deeds, and other family muniments," according to the memorial already quoted, deduces the lineal descent from Bagot, Lord of Bromley, who held the lands from Robert de Stafford, as mentioned in domesday-book, to

SIR RALPH BAGOT, knt. who, in the time of Edward III. *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Richard de Blithfield, of a very ancient family, seated on the manor of that name, within two miles of his residence at Bagot's Bromley. With this heiress Sir Ralph became possessed of the es-

tates at Blithfield and Littlehay, in Colton, which had been in the lady's family from the Conquest; and he removed, most probably, from his own seat to that of Blithfield, where his descendants continue yet to reside. From this Sir Ralph the pedigree carries on the line to

1. HERVEY BAGOT, esq. (eldest surviving son and heir of Walter Bagot, esq. of Blythfield and Bagot's Bromley, in the county of Stafford, and Elizabeth, his wife, daughter of Roger Cave, esq.) who was b. 8th February, 1500, and advanced to a baronetcy on the 30th of May, 1627, the year after that in which he had served the office of sheriff for the county of Stafford. This gentleman suffered much during the usurpation, for his attachment to the royal cause. Sir Hervey *m.* twice, and was *s.* at his decease, on the 27th December, 1690, by his eldest son (by Katherine, daughter of Humphrey Adderley, esq. of Weddington, in the county of Warwick),

2. SIR EDWARD, M.P. for the county of Stafford, in the restoration parliament. This gentleman *m.* Mary, daughter of William Lambard, esq. and relict of John Crawley, esq. (son and heir of Sir John Crawley, knt. one of the justices of the court of common pleas) by whom he had twelve sons and five daughters. He d. 30th May, 1673, and was *s.* by the third and eldest surviving son,

3. SIR WALTER, who represented the county of Stafford in seven parliaments. He *m.* Jane, daughter and sole heiress of Charles Salusbury, esq. of Bachymydd, in the county of Denbigh, and dying 15th February, 1704, was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

4. SIR EDWARD, b. 21st January, 1673; M.P. for the county of Stafford, who *m.* Frances, daughter and heiress of Sir Thomas Wagstaffe, knt. of Tachbrook, in the county of Warwick, and dying in 1712, was *s.* by his only surviving son,

5. SIR WALTER WAGSTAFFE, LL.D. b. 23rd of August, 1702; representative in parliament successively for the borough of Newcastle-under-Line, the county of Stafford, and the university of Oxford. He *m.* in 1724, Lady Barbara Legge, eldest daughter of William, Earl of Dartmouth, and had (with other issue)

WILLIAM, his successor.

Charles, b. 1st September, 1730; assumed, by act of parliament, the surname and arms of CHESTER, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of his cousin, Sir Charles Bagot Chester, bart. of Chichley, in the county of Bucks. He *m.* in 1765, Catherine, daughter of the Hon. Heneage Legge, one of the barons of the exchequer, and had a large family. Mr. Chester d. in 1792.

Walter, of Pipe Hall, in the county of Stafford, in holy orders, and rector of Blithfield and Leigh; *m.* Anne, daughter of William Swinnerton, esq. of Butterson, in the county of Stafford, and dying in 1806, left issue.

Richard, *m.* in 1783, Frances, youngest child of William Howard, Viscount Andover, eldest son of Henry, fourth Earl of Berkshire and eleventh Earl of Suffolk, and eventually heiress of her nephew, Henry, Earl of Suf-

folk and Berks. Mr. Bagot assumed the name of HOWARD. His only daughter and heiress, MARY, espoused the Hon. Fulke-Greville Upton, (brother of Viscount Templetown) who has also assumed the name of HOWARD.

Lewis, in holy orders, successively Bishop of Bristol, Bishop of Norwich, and Bishop of St. Asaph; *m.* Mary, daughter of the Hon. Edward Hay, and d. in 1802.

Sir Walter d. 20th January, 1768, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

6. SIR WILLIAM, b. 28th February, 1728; representative in parliament for the county of Stafford, from 1754 until elevated to the peerage, by the title of BARON BAGOT, of Bagot's Bromley, in the county of Stafford, on the 17th October, 1780. His lordship *m.* 20th August, 1760, Louisa, daughter of John, second Viscount Bolingbroke, by whom (who d. 4th February, 1820), he left issue,

WILLIAM, present baron.

CHARLES (Sir) G.C.B. a privy councillor, and minister plenipotentiary to the Netherlands; b. 23rd September, 1781; *m.* 22nd July, 1806, Mary-Charlotte-Anne, eldest daughter of William, Lord Maryborough, by whom he has issue,

1. CHARLES, of the Life Guards.
2. George-Talbot.
3. Alexander.
4. Emily-Georgina, maid of honor to the queen.
5. Caroline.
6. Henrietta.
7. Georgiana.
8. Wilhelmina.

Richard, in holy orders, Lord Bishop of Oxford; b. 22nd November, 1782; *m.* in 1806, Harriet, youngest daughter of George-Bussey, fourth Earl of Jersey, and has issue,

1. EDWARD-RICHARD, captain in the army.
2. Henry.
3. Charles-Waller.
4. Lewis-Francis.
5. George.
6. Richard.
7. Frederic.
8. Harriet-Frances.
9. Fanny-Caroline.
10. Emily.
11. Mary.

Louisa, b. in 1764; *m.* in May, 1786, her cousin, Walter Sneyd, esq. of Keel, in the county of Stafford, who d. 23rd June, 1829.

Frances, b. in 1785; *m.* in 1805, to Lieut.-Gen. the Hon. Sir Edward Paget, G.C.B. and d. in 1806.

His lordship d. 22nd October, 1798.

*Crests*—Baronet, 30th May, 1627. Baron, 17th October, 1780.



Arms—Erm. two cheverons, az.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet, or, a goat's head, ar. attired, or.

*Supporters*—Two goats, ar. attired, or.

*Motto*—Antiquum obtinens.

*Town Residence*—19, Great Cumberland-street.

*Seats*—Blithfield House, in the county of Stafford; and Pool Park, Denbighshire.

**BAILLIE, SIR WILLIAM**, baronet, of Polkemmet, in the county of Linlithgow; *b.* in 1784; *m.* 25th April, 1815, Mary-Lyon, daughter of James Denistoun, esq. of Colgrain, Dumbartonshire, by whom he has issue, WILLIAM, *b.* in 1816.

James-Denistoun, *b.* in 1817.

Robert, *b.* in 1818.

Thomas, *b.* in 1823.

John Hope, *b.* in 1825.

Margaret-Dreghorn, *b.* in 1821.

Margaret-Colquhoun, *b.* in 1822.

Janen-Sinclair, *b.* in 1826.

—, *b.* 10th July, 1830.

Sir William obtained his baronetcy, by creation, on the 27th September, 1823.

### Lineage.

WILLIAM BAILLIE, esq. an eminent advocate, having been appointed, in 1793, one of the lords of session in Scotland, assumed the honorary title of Lord Polkemmet, and continued to fulfil his high judicial functions until 1811, when he resigned. His lordship *m.* Margaret, daughter of Sir James Colquhoun, bart. of Colquhoun and Luss, and had issue,

WILLIAM, created a baronet as above.

With several other children.

*Creation*—27th September, 1823.



*Arms*—Az. nine estoiles, or, within a bordure counter-nebulée, ar. and sa.

*Crest*—Out of clouds, ppr. an estoile of eight points, or.

*Supporters*—Two lions guardant, ar.

*Motto*—In caligine lucet.

*Seat*—Polkemmet, Linlithgowshire.

**BAIRD, SIR DAVID**, baronet, of Fern Tower, in the county of Perth; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his uncle, 18th August, 1829, *m.* 10th August, 1821, Lady Anne Kennedy, eldest daughter of Archibald, present Marquess of Ailsa, by whom he has issue three sons and three daughters.

### Lineage.

The family of Baird is of remote antiquity in North Britain; and there is a tradition relating to it, which states, that King William, the Lyon, while hunting in one of the south-west counties, happening to straggle from his attendants, was alarmed by the approach of a wild boar, and calling out for assistance, a gentleman of the name of Baird, who had followed the king, came up and had the good fortune to slay the object of the monarch's alarm; for which signal service William augmented considerably his lands, and assigned him for his coat of arms—a boar passant, and for his motto, "Dominus fecit;" which arms are to be seen upon an ancient monument of the Bairds of Auchmedden, in the church-yard of Banff.

The progenitor of the present, or Auchmedden branch of the Bairds, was

GEORGE BAIRD, of Auchmedden, in the county of Aberdeen, chief of the clan, who was living in 1568. From this person lineally descended

SIR JOHN BAIRD, of Newbyth, in the county of Haddington, who dying without issue, in 1746, entailed his estates upon his cousin,

WILLIAM BAIRD, esq. (eldest son of William Baird, esq. one of the Baillies of Edinburgh, second son of Sir Robert Baird, knt. of Saughton Hall,) who *m.* Alicia, fourth daughter of — Johnston, esq. of Hiltown, in the county of Berwick, by whom he had six sons and eight daughters. The fifth son,

1. DAVID BAIRD, esq. having repeatedly distinguished himself in arms, but particularly at Seringapatam, where he headed the storming party, and led them to victory, was created a baronet, 13th April, 1809, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his eldest brother, Robert Baird, of Newbyth, in the county of Haddington, esq. Sir David Baird was commander-in-chief at the capture of the Cape of Good Hope; and his achievements in Egypt procured him the order of the Bath from his own sovereign, and the insignia of the Crescent from the Ottoman emperor. At the bombardment of Copenhagen he was wounded in the shoulder; and in the battle of Corunna lost an arm, soon after the fall of the gallant and lamented Sir John Moore. Sir David, who was a general officer in the army and colonel of the twenty-fourth regiment of foot, *m.* 4th August, 1816, Miss Preston Campbell, of Fern Tower and Lochlane, in the county of Perth, but dying without issue, 18th August, 1829, the baronetcy devolved, according to the limitation, upon DAVID, present baronet, the eldest son of Robert Baird, esq. of Newbyth.

*Creation*—13th April, 1809.

*Arms*—Gules in chief, within an increscent an estoile of eight points, ar. (in allusion to the badge of the Ottoman empire,) in base, a boar passant, or; on a canton, ermine, a sword erect, ppr., pomel and hilt gold.

*Crests*—First: a mameluke mounted on a horse, and holding in his dexter hand a scimitar, all ppr. Second: on a wreath, a boar's head erased, or.

*Supporters*—Dexter, a grenadier in the uniform of the 50th regiment of foot, ppr.; Sinister, the royal tiger of Tippo Sultan, guardant, vert, striped,

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or; from the neck, pendant by a riband, an escutcheon, gules, charged with an estoile of eight points, within an inescutcheon argent, and on a scroll under the said escutcheon, the word "Serlingapatam."



*Motto*—Vi et virtute.

*Seats*—Yardley-Bury, in the county of Herts; and Fern Tower, Perthshire.

**BAIRD, SIR JAMES-GARDINER**, bart, of Saughton Hall, in the county of Edinburgh, a lieutenant-colonel in the army: s. to the title, as fifth baronet, upon the demise of his father in 1770; m. first, in 1781, Henrietta, third daughter of Wynne Johnston, esq. of Hiltown, by whom he has issue,

WILLIAM, an officer in the army, m. in 1809, Lucy, eldest daughter of Thomas Dickson, esq. of Prospect House, in the county of Hants, and has issue,  
Richard-Frederick.  
Margaret-Mary.  
Henrietta-Warrander-Cecilia.  
Alicia-Sophia.

Sir James m. secondly, in 1827, Wortley-Cornelia-Anne, eldest daughter of the late William Moir, esq. of New Grove.

### Lineage.

This is a branch of the House of Baird, of Auchmedden, (See Sir David Baird.)

1. **JAMES BAIRD**, esq. eldest son and heir of Sir Robert Baird, knt. of Saughton Hall, near Edinburgh, was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* on the 28th of February, 1695-6. Sir James m. Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir Alexander Gibson, of Pentland, and widow of Thomas Gray, esq. by whom he had two sons and a daughter. He d. in 1740, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. **SIR ROBERT**. This gentleman m. Janet, daughter of ——— Baikie, esq. of Tankerness, in Orkney, by whom he had four sons and a daughter. He d. in 1741, and was s. by his eldest son,

3. **SIR JAMES**, an officer in the royal navy, who d. unmarried, when the title devolved upon his brother,

4. **SIR WILLIAM**, captain, R.N. This gentleman m. in 1750, Frances, daughter of Colonel Gardiner, of Bankton, (an officer that fell at the battle of Preston) by whom he had two sons, and four daughters. He d. in 1770, and was s. by his second

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son and only surviving son, **JAMES GARDINER**, the present baronet,

*Creation*—28th February, 1695-6.



*Arms*—Gules, a sanglier, passant, or, on a canton ermine, a sword, paleways, ppr. surmounted by a crescent of the field.

*Crest*—A boar's head, erased, or.

*Motto*—Vi et virtute.

*Seat*—Inveresk House, N.B.

**BAKER, SIR GEORGE**, baronet, of Loventor, in the county of Devon, b. 16th June, 1816; succeeded to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father in October 1830.

### Lineage.

**GEORGE BAKER**, M.D. and F.R.S. (son of the Rev. George Baker,) having been appointed physician to his Majesty King George III. was created a baronet on the 14th August, 1776. Sir George m. Jane, daughter of Roger Morris, esq. by whom he had one son and one daughter. He d. on the 15th June, 1809, and was s. by his only son,  
2. **SIR FREDERIC-FRANCIS**, F.R.S. and F.S.A. This gentleman m. in 1814, Harriet, third daughter of Sir John Simeon, bart, and had issue,

GEORGE, present baronet.

Frederick-Francis, b. 29th January, 1822.

——— (a son) b. in January, 1826.

——— (a daughter).

Sir Frederick-Francis Baker was unfortunately killed by the accidental blow of one of the Flappers of a Windmill, in October, 1830.

*Creation*—14th of August, 1776.



*Arms*—Argent, on a saltire, engrailed, sa, five escallopes of the field; on a chief of the second, a lion passant, of the field.

*Crest*—A dexter arm, embowed, vested, azure, cuffed, argent, holding in the hand, ppr. an arrow, of the last.

*Town Residence*—24, Grafton-st., Bond-street.

*Seat*—Loventor, Devonshire.

**BAKER, SIR EDWARD-BAKER**, baronet, of Ashcombe, in the county of Sussex; *b.* 4th November, 1806; inherited the title as second baronet, at the decease of his father, 4th March, 1825.

### Lineage.

The ancient paternal surname of this family was Littlehales; and it was seated, for many centuries, at Dawley, near Bridgenorth, in the county of Salop.

1. **EDWARD-BAKER LITTLEHALES**, esq. a lieutenant-colonel in the army, (eldest son of Baker-John Littlehales, esq. by Maria, daughter and sole heiress of Bendall Martyn, esq. and grandson of Joseph Littlehales, esq. and his wife Elizabeth, sister of William Baker, esq. and aunt of Peter-William Baker, esq. of Ranston, in the county of Dorset) having rendered several important services to his country, both civil and military, was created a baronet on the 13th of July, 1802. Sir Edward *m.* on the 22nd July, 1805, the Lady Elizabeth-Mary Fitzgerald, daughter of William-Robert, late Duke of Leinster, and sister of the present Duke; by whom he had issue,

**EDWARD-BAKER**, the present baronet.

William-Leinster-York, *b.* 14th May, 1813.

Wellington-Charles-Cecil, *b.* 31st March, 1817. Talbot-Hastings-Bendall, *b.* 9th September, 1820.

Charlotte-Elizabeth, *b.* 13th March, 1809.

Emilia-Maria, *b.* 29th Dec. 1809; *m.* 22nd July, 1828, to Thomas-Mills Goodlake, esq. of Wadley House, Berks.

Geraldine-Laura, *b.* 20th August, 1811.

Louisa-Isabella, *b.* 11th June, 1814.

Sir Edward assumed, by sign manual, 6th January, 1817, the surname of Baker only, and the arms of Baker and Littlehales. He *d.* on the 4th March, 1825.

*Creation*—13th July, 1802.



**Arms**—Quarterly; first and fourth, argent, a castle between two crosses, patée, in chief, and a key in base, sa., on a chief, az., two keys erect, or, for **BAKER**. Second and third, argent, on a bend, cottized, sa., three cinquefoils, or, a chief, gu., charged with three arrows, erect, points downwards, ppr. for **LITTLEHALES**.

**Crests**—For **BAKER**—a nag's head, erased, argent, patée, fitchée, gu., in the mouth a trefoil, slipped, vert. charged on the neck with a cross. For **LITTLEHALES**—between two wings, elevated,

or, an armed arm, embowed, ppr. garnished; or, the hand in a gauntlet, grasping an arrow, entwined, by a branch of olive, ppr.

*Motto*—Finis coronat opus.

*Seat*—Ranston, near Blandford, in the county of Dorset.

**BAKER, SIR HENRY-LORAINÉ**, baronet, of Upper-Dunstable House, in the county of Surrey: *b.* 3rd January, 1787; *m.* 27th June, 1820, Louisa, only daughter of William Williams, esq. M.P. for Weymouth, by whom he has issue,

**HENRY-WILLIAM**, *b.* 27th May, 1821.

Emily-Louisa, *b.* 2nd March, 1823.

Jessy, *b.* 10th January, 1826.

— *b.* 1st March, 1831.

Sir Henry, who is a captain in the royal navy, and a companion of the Bath, *s.* to the title as second baronet, at the decease of his father, on the 8th of February, 1826.

### Lineage.

1. **ROBERT BAKER**, esq. of Upper Dunstable House, in the county of Surrey, and of Nicholasayne, in the county of Devon, (youngest son of John Baker, M.D. of Richmond, Surrey, by Sarah, daughter and co-heiress of Robert Wood, L.L.D.) was created a baronet on the 11th of May, 1796. Sir Robert, *m.* in 1783, Dinah, daughter and sole heiress of George Hayley, esq. alderman and representative in parliament of the city of London; by whom he had issue,

1. **HENRY-LORAINÉ**, present baronet.

2. **George-Augustus**, in holy orders; *b.* 27th January, 1788, *m.* in 1812, Sophia, youngest daughter of Peter Sherston, esq. of Stobury Hill, in the county of Somerset.

3. Onslow, *b.* 8th August, 1795.

4. Mary-Hayley. 5. Louisa. 6. Emma.

The baronet *d.* in 1826.

*Creation*—11th May, 1796.



**Arms**—Argent, a saltire, sa. charged with five escallops, ermineois, on a chief, az. a lion passant, of the third, armed and langued, gules.

**Crest**—Per fesse indented, a demi-lion rampant, or and sa. covered with ermine spots, counterchanged, supporting in his paws an escallop, argent, charged with an ermine spot.

*Motto*—Fidei coti jla crux.

*Seats*—Dunstable House, Surrey; and Kingston Russell, Dorsetshire.

**BALCARRES, EARL OF**, (James Lindsay,) in the county of Fife, and Lord Lindsay, of Cumberland, in the peerage of Scotland; Baron Wigan, of Haigh-hall, in the county of Lancaster, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; b. 24th April, 1783; inherited the Scottish honors at the decease of his father, as seventh earl, on the 27th March, 1825; obtained the barony of Wigan, by patent, dated in June, 1826; m. in November, 1811, the Hon. Maria-Margaret-Frances Pennington, only surviving child of John, first Lord Muncaster; by whom he has issue,

ALEXANDER-WILLIAM-CRAWFORD, *Lord Lindsay*, b. 16th October, 1812.

James, b. 25th August, 1815.

Charles-Hugh, b. 11th November, 1816.

Colin, b. 6th December, 1819.

His lordship is the acknowledged chief of the ancient house of Lindsay.

### Lineage.

Sir William Dugdale mentions several considerable families of Lindsay in England, in the eleventh and twelfth centuries; observing, that the surname was first assumed by the proprietors of the lands and manor of *Lindsal*, in the county of Essex. It is the opinion of Scotch antiquaries, that one of these Lindsays, coming with King Malcolm Canmore into Scotland, and settling there, obtained the lands of Wachopdale, and other possessions from the crown, and founded the family of Lindsay beyond the Tweed. Certain it is, that the Lindsays began to be of note in Scotland temp. King Alexander I. the son of Malcolm, who succeeded to the throne in 1107. From this era our limits compel us to pass to the close of the fourteenth century, when

SIR DAVID LINDSAY, seventh feudal Lord of Crawford and Glenesk, was elevated to the peerage of Scotland, 21st April, 1398, in the dignity of EARL OF CRAWFORD. "This Sir David Lindsay acted the principal part in the celebrated tournament at London Bridge, in May, 1390. John, Lord Welles, ambassador from King Richard II. to Scotland, at a solemn banquet, where the Scots and English were discoursing of deeds of arms, said, 'Let words have no place; if you know not the chivalry and valiant deeds of Englishmen, appoint me a day and place, where you list, and you shall have experience.' Whereupon Sir David Lindsay assenting, Lord Welles selected London Bridge as the place for a trial of skill. Lindsay repaired to London, with a gallant train of thirty persons; and, on the day appointed, appeared in the lists against Lord Welles. At the sound of trumpet they encountered each other, upon their barbed horses, with square grounden spears. In this adventure Lindsay sat so strong, that notwithstanding Lord Welles' spear was broken upon his helmet and visage, he stirred not, inasmuch that the spectators cried out, that, contrary to the laws of arms, he was bound to his saddle. Whereupon he dismounted, got on his horse again without as-

sistance, and, in the third course, threw Lord Welles out of his saddle to the ground. Then dismounting, he supported his adversary, and, with great humanity visited him every day till he recovered the effects of the fall." His lordship m. Catharine Steward, fifth daughter of King Robert II. and was s. at his decease in 1412, by his eldest son,

ALEXANDER, second Earl of Crawford, who m. Mariota, daughter and heiress of David Dunbar, of Cockburn, and granddaughter of George, Earl of March, and had six sons, of whom ALEXANDER, the second, but eldest surviving, succeeded to the EARLDOM OF CRAWFORD, and the next,

WALTER LINDSAY, styled of Kimblethmont, had charters of the baronies of Arde and Bewfort in 1459, and of the barony of Penbride in 1463. He m. first, Sophia, daughter of — Livingston, of Saltcoates, by whom he had no issue; and, secondly, Isabel, daughter of William, Lord Livingston, and had an only son, his successor,

SIR DAVID LINDSAY, of Edzell and Beaufort, who was s. in 1527, by his grandson,

SIR DAVID LINDSAY, of Edzell and Glenesk, (eldest son of Walter Lindsay, who fell at Flodden, 9th September, 1513). To this gentleman,\* David, seventh Earl of Crawford, made an assignment of his title and estates, with the concurrence of the crown; and, upon the decease of that nobleman, in 1542, Sir David became eighth Earl of Crawford. He retained the dignity, however, for life only; and it returned at his death to the grandson of his predecessor. His lordship m. first, Janet, daughter of Andrew, third Lord Gray, and relict of Alexander Blair, of Balthock, and of Thomas, third Lord Lovat, but had no issue. He espoused, secondly, Catherine, daughter of Sir John Campbell, of Calder, and had issue,

1. DAVID, (Sir,) his successor, whose great great-grandson and lineal descendant

JOHN LINDSAY, of Edzell, upon the extinction of the male line of David, ninth

\* Alexander, master of Crawford, and his brother, John Lindsay, having seized, fettered, and imprisoned their father, DAVID, seventh Earl of Crawford, were disinherited in consequence by his lordship, who assigned by deed, dated 20th December, 1541, with the approbation of the crown, his honors and estates to his cousin, and next male heir after these sons, Sir David Lindsay, of Edzell (mentioned above); and the said David inherited at the earl's decease, in 1542, the Master of Crawford and his brother having previously died, the latter issueless,) but being of a generous disposition, he re-conveyed the titles and estates to David Lindsay, son of the said Master of Crawford, but with the express provision, that failing heirs male of this David's body, the estate and honors of Crawford should descend to the heirs male of Edzell. He likewise reserved to himself the title for life, with sufficient property to maintain his rank. Upon the demise then of Ludovic, fourteenth Earl of Crawford, the honors, &c. should certainly have descended to the ancestor of Lord Balcarres.

Earl of Crawford, by the death of George, Lord Spynie,\* in 1672, becoming chief of the Lindsays, and entitled by the terms upon which his ancestor, David, eighth Earl of Crawford, restored that dignity to David, grandson of the seventh earl, to the EARLDOM OF CRAWFORD, preferred his claim to parliament, but unsuccessfully. (The Earldom of Crawford and the estates of that branch of the Lindsays was conferred, by act of parliament, in 1644, after the forfeiture of Ludovick, fourteenth earl, upon John, tenth Lord Lindsay, of Byers, afterwards Earl of Crawford and Lindsay, lord high treasurer of Scotland.) John Lindsay, of Edzell's male line ceased with his grandson, David Lindsay, in 1744, and the representation of the Lindsays then devolved upon the descendant of John Lindsay, David, eighth Lord Crawford's second son, of whom we are about more particularly to treat.

2. JOHN, of whom presently.
3. Robert, of Balhall.
4. Walter, (Sir,) of Kempnall.
5. James, in holy orders.

The second son,

JOHN LINDSAY, a very eminent Scottish lawyer, was made one of the senators of the college of justice in 1584, was sworn of the privy-council in 1595, and in the following year appointed a commissioner of the treasury and secretary of state, upon which he resigned the post of lord of session in favour of his brother, Sir David Lindsay. This eminent person was also one of the eight *Magnates Scotie*, who were appointed by the king for the government of the nation, and were called *Octavianus*. He m. Margaret, daughter of Alexander Guthrie, burgess of Edinburgh, relict of David Bothwick, of Lochhill, king's advocate, and had two sons and three daughters. He obtained, by charter, in 1591, the estate of Balcarres, and was s. at his decease in 1596, by his elder son,

\* SIR ALEXANDER LINDSAY, fourth son of David, ninth Earl of Crawford, was created by King James VI. a peer of parliament, by the title of LORD SPYNIE. His lordship was s. by his son,

ALEXANDER, second Lord Spynie, who d. in 1646, and was s. by his only surviving son,

GEORGE, third Lord Spynie. At the death of Ludovick, fourteenth Earl of Crawford, the representation of the family of Lindsay devolved upon this nobleman, and upon his decease, in 1672, John Lindsay, of Edzell, ancestor of the Lords Balcarres, became (as in the text) head of the ancient house of Lindsay. On the title of Spynie, the lords of session, in their return to the house of peers, 1740, observed that the patent of creation has not been found in the records, nor has any person sat in parliament under that title since 1680, neither has any person claimed a vote in virtue thereof at any election since the union.

JOHN LINDSAY, of Balcarres, who d. in minority, in January, 1690-1, and was s. by his brother,

SIR DAVID LINDSAY, of Balcarres, who was elevated to the peerage of Scotland, 27th June, 1633, by the title of *Lord Lindsay, of Balcarres*. His lordship m. Sophia, daughter of Alexander, Earl of Dunfermline, and was s. at his decease in 1641, by his only son,

ALEXANDER, second baron, who, for his great loyalty and eminent services, was advanced, on the 9th of January, 1631, to the EARLDOM OF BALCARRES. His lordship was made heritable governor of the castle of Edinburgh, secretary of state, and commissioner to the general assembly. He m. Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Colin, first Earl of Seaforth; by whom he had issue, Charles and Colin, and three daughters. The earl died 30th August, 1659, and was s. by his eldest son,

CHARLES, second earl. This nobleman dying unmarried in 1662, the honors devolved upon his brother,

COLIN, third earl. This nobleman was a staunch adherent of the house of Stewart; and, after the revolution was obliged to retire to the continent, where he remained in exile for ten years. He was, at length, permitted to return, but joining afterwards the standard of the CHEVALIER, in 1716, he owed his safety to his friend, the Duke of Marlborough and the act of indemnity. His lordship m. four times; first, Lady Mauritia de Nassau, by whom he had no surviving issue; secondly, Jean, eldest daughter of David, Earl of Northesk, by whom he had a daughter; thirdly, Jean, daughter of William, Earl of Roxburghe, and had a son, who d. unmarried, and a daughter. He m. fourthly, Margaret, eldest dau. of James, Earl of Loudoun, and was s. at his decease in 1722, by his eldest son,

ALEXANDER, fourth earl, who died without issue, in 1746, when his brother,

JAMES inherited as fifth earl. This nobleman m. on the 24th October, 1740, Anne, daughter of Sir Robert Dalrymple, of Castleton, knt. by whom he had, with other issue,

ALEXANDER, Lord Lindsay.

Robert, m. to Elizabeth, daughter of the late Sir Alexander Dick, and has issue,

1. JAMES, lieutenant-col. m. first, Mary-Anne, daughter of Francis Grant, esq. and, secondly, Anne, eldest daughter of Sir Coutts Trotter, bart. and has issue.

2. Robert, m. to Frances, daughter of Sir Robert Henderson, bart.

3. Colin. 4. Charles.

5. Mary-Butler, m. to Charles M. Christie, esq.

6. Anne. 7. Cecilia, m. to J. Head, esq.

8. Elizabeth.

Charles, Bishop of Kildare, b. 4th December, 1760, m. first, 1st January, 1790, Elizabeth, only daughter of Thomas Fydel, esq. and, secondly, Catherine, dau. of the late Ever-George Cousmaker, esq. and has issue,

1. Charles, in holy orders, Archdeacon of Kildare, m. Anne, eldest daughter of O. Rowley, esq.



## 2. Philip-York.

3. George-Hayward, *m.* to Mary-Catherine, eldest daughter of the Hon. Colonel Gore, and has issue.

## 4. Henry.

John, colonel in the army, *m.* Charlotte, third daughter of Frederick, second Earl of Guilford, and *d.* in 1826.

Hugh, *m.* Jane, second daughter of Hon. Alexander Gordon, one of the lords of session, under the title of Lord Rockville, and has issue,

1. Hugh, *b.* in 1802.

2. Anne, *m.* to Sir Edmund Antrobus, bart.

Elizabeth, *m.* to Philip, present Earl of Hardwicke.

His lordship *d.* in 1768, and was *s.* by his eldest son, ALEXANDER, sixth earl, *b.* in 1752, one of the representative peers of Scotland; a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 63d regiment of foot. His lordship *m.* 1st June, 1790, his first-cousin, Elizabeth, only child of Charles Dalrymple, esq. (this lady inherited the Haigh property, upon failure of male issue in her maternal family, that of Sir Roger Bradshaigh, bart. of Haigh, who was her ladyship's great-grandfather) by whom he had issue,

JAMES, present earl.

Charles-Robert, collector of customs at Agra, in the East Indies; *m.* in 1814, Miss E. Thompson, and has issue.

Richard, } twins, *b.* 9th March, 1786.  
Edwin, }

Elizabeth-Keith, *m.* in 1815, R. E. Heathcote, esq. of Longton Hall, in the county of Stafford, and *d.* in 1825.

Anne, *m.* in 1811, Robert-Wardlaw Ramsay, esq. of Balgarvie, in the county of Fife.

His lordship *d.* 27th March, 1825.

*Creations*—Baron, 27th June, 1633. Earl, 9th January, 1651, Scottish honors. Baron, June, 1836, United Kingdom.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, gu. a fesse, chequy, ar. and az. for LINDSAY. Second and third, or, a lion, rampant, gu. debruised with a ribbon, in bend, sa. for ABERNETHY; all within a bordure of the third, semée of stars, or.

*Crest*—A tent, ppr. semée of stars, or.

*Supporters*—Two lions, sejant, guardant, gules collared, az. charged with three stars, or.

*Motto*—Astra, castra, numen, lumen, munimen.

*Town Residence*—21, Berkeley-square.

*Seat*—Haigh Hall, Wigan, Lancashire.

L

BALFOUR, SIR PATRICK, baronet, of Denmiln, in the county of Fife; inherited the title, as eighth baronet, at the decease of his brother.

*Lineage.*

The surname of Balfour was originally assumed from the barony and castle of Balfour, a beautiful seat, standing near the confluence of the rivers Or and Leven. And so early as the year 1229, we find Ingelramus de Balfour, Vicecomes de Fife, a witness to a charter granted to the monastery of Aberbrothick.

SIR MICHAEL BALFOUR, knt. *m.* Jean, daughter of — Durham, esq. of Pitkerro, by whom he had issue,

JAMES, of whom presently.

Alexander.

Michael, progenitor of the Balfours, of Randerston.

Andrew, (Sir), an eminent physician.

David, (Sir), an eminent lawyer, elevated to the bench as a lord of session.

Helen, *m.* to John Riddel, esq. of Grange.

Alison, *m.* to James Cheape, esq. of Ormeston.

Sir Michael was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,  
1. SIR JAMES BALFOUR, who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* on the 22nd of December, 1633, with remainder to his heirs male whatsoever. Sir James was an antiquary, and held the office of Lord Lion, king of arms. He was *s.* by his only son,

2. SIR ROBERT; at whose decease, without issue, the title reverted to his uncle,

3. SIR ALEXANDER, second son of Sir Michael Balfour, knt. This gentleman was *s.* by his son,

4. SIR MICHAEL, who was *s.* by his only son,

5. SIR MICHAEL. This gentleman *m.* Miss Moncrief, of Kiedie, by whom he had two daughters and an only son, his successor,

6. SIR MICHAEL, who *m.* Jane, daughter of — Ross, of Invernethie, representative of the family of Ross of Craigie, by whom he had two sons; and was *s.* at his decease by the elder,

7. SIR JOHN; at whose decease, without issue, the title devolved upon his brother, PATRICK, the present baronet.

*Creation*—22nd December, 1633.



*Arms*—Or, on a chev., sa. between three cinquefoils (or trefoils) vert, an otter's head, erased, of the field.

*Crest*—A crescent, or.

*Motto*—God gives increase.

*Seat*—Denmiln, in the county of Fife.

**BALL, SIR WILLIAM-KEITH**, baronet, of Blofield, in the county of Norfolk; b. 27th October, 1791; inherited the title as second baronet, at the decease of his father, 25th October, 1809.

### Lineage.

1. **ALEXANDER-JOHN BALL**, (third son of Robert Ball, of Etbworth and Stoneham, in the county of Gloucester,) rear-admiral of the blue, commander of the blockade, and, after its surrender, governor of the island of Malta; was created a baronet on the 24th June, 1801. He m. Mary, daughter of John Wilson, of Westminster, by whom he had one son, **WILLIAM KEITH**, the present baronet. Sir Alexander obtained his sovereign's permission, in 1801, to accept the rank of commander of the order of St. Ferdinand and of Merit, conferred upon him by Ferdinand IV. King of Naples, and to bear the insignia of the said order: he d. 25th October, 1809.

*Creation*—June, 1801.



*Arms*—Ermine, a lion rampant, sa. between two torteaux in chief, and in base, a hand-grenade bursting, ppr.

*Crest*—Out of a naval coronet, a cubit arm erect, in naval uniform, grasping a hand-grenade bursting, ppr.

*Town Residence*—2, Upper Seymour-street.

**BANDON, EARL OF**, (James-Bernard,) Viscount Bernard, Viscount Bandon, and Baron Bandon, in the peerage of Ireland; b. 12th January, 1785; m. 13th March, 1809, Mary-Susan-Albinia, daughter of His Grace Charles Broderick (Lord Archbishop of Cashel) deceased, and has issue,

**FRANCIS**, Viscount Bernard, b. 3rd January, 1810.

**Charles-Broderick**, b. 4th January, 1811.

**Henry-Boyle**, b. 6th February, 1812.

**Catherine-Henrietta**.

His lordship succeeded to the honors, as second earl, upon the demise of his father, 26th November, 1830.

### Lineage.

**FRANCIS BERNARD**, esq. of Castle Mahon; a barrister of eminence, and member of the Irish parliament in the reign of William and Mary, was appointed solicitor-general of Ireland, 3rd July, 1711, prime serjeant-at-law in 1724, and constituted one of the judges of the court of common-pleas in 1726. His grandson,

**JAMES BERNARD**, esq. inherited the family estates at the decease of his uncle, Francis Bernard, esq. (eldest son of the judge,) of Basingbourne-hall, in the county of Essex, and of Castle Bernard, in the county of Cork. Mr. Bernard represented the county of Cork in four successive parliaments, and until his decease. He m. Esther, daughter of Percy Smyth, esq. sister and co-heiress of Wm. Smyth, esq. of Headborough, and widow of Robert Gookin, esq. by whom he had issue,

**FRANCIS**.

**Rose**, (deceased,) m. first, in 1773, to Lord Riversdale; and, secondly, in 1792, to Jas. Millard, esq. an officer in the army.

**Esther**, m. in 1775, to Sampson Stawell, esq. of Kilbrittain.

**Mary**, m. to Sir Augustus Warren, bart. and d. in 1825.

**Charlotte**, Dowager Viscountess Doneraile.

**Elizabeth**, m. in 1785, to Richard Acklom, esq. of Wiseton Hall, in the county of Nottingham.

Mr. Bernard was succeeded at his decease by his only son,

**FRANCIS BERNARD**, esq. who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, by the title of *Baron Bandon*, 30th Nov. 1793; created *Viscount Bandon*, 6th Oct. 1795; and, upon 6th of Aug. 1800, advanced to the dignities of *Viscount Bernard* and *EARL OF Bandon*. His lordship espoused, 12th Feb. 1784, Catherine-Henrietta, only daughter of Richard, second Earl of Shannon, by whom (who d. in July, 1815) he had issue,

**JAMES**, present earl.

**Richard**, in holy orders, D.D. and Dean of Leighlin, b. 4th Sept. 1787.

**Francis**, an officer of dragoons, b. 27th Feb. 1780, and d. in Portugal in 1813.

**William-Smyth**, b. 13th Sept. 1792; m. in 1831, Elizabeth, only daughter of Lieut. Col. Gillman, of Clancoole.

**Henry-Boyle**, cornet of the 1st drag. guards, b. 5th Dec. 1787, slain at Waterloo.

**Charles-Ludlow**, b. 18th April, 1805.

**Henrietta-Catherine**.

**Charlotte-Esther**, m. in 1816, to Viscount Doneraile.

**Louisa-Anne**.

The earl d. in Nov. 1830.

*Creations*—Baron, 30th Nov. 1793. Viscount, 6th Oct. 1795. Viscount and earl, 6th Aug. 1800.



*Arms*—Ar. on a bend, az. three escallops of the field.

*Crest*—A demi-lion, holding a snake, both ppr.

*Supporters*—*Dexter*, a stag; *Sinister*, a unicorn, both ducally gorged and chained.

*Motto*—Virtus probata florebit.

*Seats*—Castle-Bernard, county of Cork; and Bassingbourne Hall, Essex.

**BANGOR, VISCOUNT**, (Edward-Southwell Ward,) and Baron Bangor, of Castle Ward, in the county of Down, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* in March, 1790; *s.* to the honors, as third viscount, upon the decease of his uncle, 11th Sept. 1827; *m.* 14th Feb. 1826, Harriet-Margaret, daughter of the Rev. Henry Maxwell, brother and presumptive heir of Lord Farnham, and has issue,

EDWARD, *b.* 23rd February, 1827.

Henry-William-Crosbie, *b.* 26th July, 1828.

William-John, *b.* 9th December, 1829.

Bernard-Mathew, *b.* 26th August, 1831.

### Lineage.

Of the family of WARD which came into England with the Conqueror, three branches diverged from the parent stock, viz.

*That of Middlesex*—whence John Ward, Lord Mayor of London in 1375, progenitor of the Wards, Lords Dudley and Ward.

*That of Pontefract*, in Yorkshire, of which was ROBERT DE LA WARDE, who had summons to parliament as a BARON, in the reign of Edward I., and his son, Simon de la Warde, who had summons in the reigns of Edward II. and Edward III.

*That of Capesthorpe*, in the county of Chester—whence arose the house of BANGOR, of which we are about to treat.

BERNARD WARD *m.* a daughter of the ancient family of Leigh, of High-Leigh, in Cheshire, and settled in Ireland in 1570. He was *s.* by his son,

NICHOLAS WARD, who was *s.* by his eldest son,

BERNARD WARD, *b.* in 1606, *s.* by his eldest son,

NICHOLAS WARD, *b.* in 1630, *s.* by his son,

BERNARD WARD, *b.* in 1634; *m.* Mary Ward, sister of Michael Ward, provost of Trinity College, Dublin, and afterwards Bishop of Derry, by whom he had four sons and three daughters. Mr. Ward was killed in a duel, in 1690, whilst sheriff of Down, by Jocelyn Hamilton, of the Clanbrassil family, and was *s.* by his second but eldest surviving son,

MICHAEL WARD, barrister-at law, and M.P. for the county of Down, A.D. 1715, who was constituted one of the judges of the court of king's-bench in Ireland in 1727. He *m.* in 1709, Anne-Catherine, daughter and co-heiress of James Hamilton, esq. of Bangor, in the county of Down, and was *s.* at his decease, by his only surviving son,

BERNARD WARD, esq. who *m.* in 1747, Anne, daughter of John, first Earl of Darnley, and relict of Robert-Hawkins Magill, esq. of Gill Hall, in the county of Down, by whom he had issue,

Nicholas, his successor.

Edward, *m.* in 1783, Arabella, youngest daughter of William, (Crosbie), first Earl of Glandore, and first cousin of the present Lord Brandon, and dying in 1812, left issue, EDWARD-SOUTHWELL, successor to his uncle.

John-Petty, *b.* in 1791; *m.* in 1817, Eleanor, daughter of John Erskine, esq. of York, and has issue.

Henry, *b.* in 1796; *m.* 15th September, 1823, Anne, eldest daughter of the Rev. Henry Mahon, of Kelligally, King's County, and has issue.

Theodosia, *m.* in 1803, to Keven Osborn, esq.

Arabella-Catherine, *m.* in 1811, to Edw. Wolstenholme, esq.

Sarah-Catherine, *m.* in 1825, to George Meara, esq. of the county of Waterford.

Urania-Caroline, *m.* in 1816, to Major-General the Hon. John Meade, C.B.

Robert (Rt. Hon.), colonel of the South Down militia, *b.* 14th July, 1754; *m.* first, in 1782, Sophia-Frances, third daughter of Richard-Chapel' Whaley, esq. of Whaley Abbey, in the county of Wicklow, by whom (who *d.* in 1793) he has, with other issue, a son, Edward-Michael, minister plenipotentiary at Dresden, *m.* 14th September, 1815, Lady Matilda Stewart, daughter of Robert, first Marquess of Londonderry, and has issue.

Colonel Ward espoused, secondly, in 1797, Louisa-Jane, second daughter and co-heir of the Rev. Dr. Ab. Symes, by whom (who *d.* in 1811) he has several children.

Sophia.

Sarah-Henrietta-Elizabeth.

Georgiana, widow of Rev. Hugh Montgomery.

Mr. Ward, having represented the county of Down for several years in parliament, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on the 22nd of May, 1770, by the title of *Baron Bangor, of Castle Ward*, and created, on the 13th January, 1781, VISCOUNT BANGOR. His lordship *d.* 20th May, 1781, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

NICHOLAS, second viscount, *b.* in 1750. This nobleman dying unmarried on the 11th September, 1827, the honors devolved upon his nephew, EDWARD-SOUTHWELL WARD, esq. the present peer.

*Creations*—Baron, 22nd May, 1770. Viscount, 13th January, 1781.



## BAN

*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, az. a cross patee, or, for WARD; second and third, gu. three cinquefoils erm. on a chief, or, a human heart, ppr. for HAMILTON.

*Crest*—A saracen's head, affrontée, couped below the shoulders, ppr.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a knight, in complete armour, all ppr. on his breast a cross moline, gu. behind him a flowing crimson robe, a cross moline, ar. on the sinister side of it: on the helmet, a plume of feathers of the last, his dexter hand resting upon a drawn sword, also ppr. pomel and hilt, or, the point to the ground; SINISTER, a Turkish prince, vested in blue and gold, the habit reaching to the ancles, white stockings, yellow sandals, gold sash, and fringe round his waist, behind him a loose brown robe of fur, on his head a white turban, with black feathers, his hands chained together by a long chain, ppr.

*Motto*—Sub cruce salus.

*Seat*—Castle Ward, Downshire.

**BANNERMAN, SIR ALEXANDER**, baronet, of Elsick, in the county of Kincardine, b. 29th December, 1769, m. in 1800, Rachael, daughter of — Irving, esq. by whom he has no issue. Sir Alexander succeeded to the baronetcy, upon the demise of his father, in 1814.

### Lineage.

The surname of Bannerman is said to have been assumed from the office of banner-bearer to the king, and the family is one of considerable antiquity. Sir Alexander Bannerman, knt. of Elsick, in the county of Aberdeen, m. Margery, third daughter of Sir John Leslie, bart. of Wardis, and was s. by

1. ALEXANDER BANNERMAN, esq. who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* on the 28th December, 1682, and was s. by his eldest son,

3. SIR ALEXANDER. This gentleman m. Isabel, daughter of Sir Donald McDonald, of Slate, by whom he had two daughters, and his successor, at his decease in 1742.

SIR ALEXANDER, M.D. This gentleman d. at his house at Horsley, in Yorkshire, 13th June, 1770, and was s. by his eldest son,

4. SIR EDWARD, who was s. at his decease by

5. Sir Alexander, who was s. by his son, ALEXANDER, present baronet.

*Creation*—28th December, 1682.



## BAN

*Arms*—Gu. a banner, displayed, ar. thereon a canton, az. charged with St. Andrews' cross of the second, as the badge of Scotland.

*Crest*—A demi-man in armour, holding in his right hand a sword, ppr.

*Supporters*—Two armed men, ppr.

*Motto*—Pro patria.

*Seat*—Elsick, in the county of Aberdeen.

**BANTRY, EARL OF**, (Richard White,) Viscount Bearhaven, Viscount and Baron Bantry, of Bantry, in the county of Cork, in the peerage of Ireland; b. 6th August, 1767; m. 25th November, 1799, Margaret-Anne, daughter of William, first Earl of Listowel, by whom he had issue,

RICHARD, *Viscount Bearhaven*, b. 16th of Nov. 1800.

William-Henry, b. 10th Nov. 1801.

Simon, b. March, 1807.

Robert-Hedges, b. 31st March, 1810.

His lordship entitled himself to the honors of the peerage, by his gallant conduct, when the French fleet appeared off Bantry Bay, in 1797; and to his spirited exertions, at that period, may, in a great measure, be attributed the total discomfiture of that hostile expedition: Mr. White was in consequence created, on the 31st March, 1797, *Baron of Bantry*, and presented, about the same time, by the citizens of Cork, with a gold medal: his lordship was advanced, on the 29th December, 1800, to the *Viscounty of Bantry*; and created, on the 22nd January, 1816, *Viscount Bearhaven*, and *EARL OF BANTRY*.

### Lineage.

RICHARD WHITE, settled at Bantry, in the county of Cork, and was father of

RICHARD WHITE, esq. of Bantry, who m. Martha, daughter of the Rev. Dean Davies, of Dawston, in the county of Cork; and had, with other children,

SIMON WHITE, esq. who m. in 1760, Frances-Jane, daughter of Richard-Hedges, esq. of Mount Hedges; and, dying before his father, left issue,

RICHARD, successor to his grandfather's estates, and now *EARL OF BANTRY*;

Simon, m. and has issue.

Hamilton, d. in 1804, leaving issue.

Helen, widow of R. D. Newenham, esq.

Martha, m. to Richard Gould Adams, esq.

Frances, m. to General Dunne.

*Creations*—Baron, 31st of March, 1797. Viscount, 29th of December, 1800. Earl, 22nd of January, 1816.

*Arms*—Gu. an annulet, ar. within a bordure sable, charged with eight estoiles, or, on a canton, erm. a lion, rampant of the second.

*Crest*—An ostrich, ar. beaked and legged, or.

## BAR



*Supporters*—DEXTER, a soldier, with a drawn cutlass in the right hand; SINISTER, a female figure, an eastern crown on her head, holding a spear, all ppr.

*Motto*—The noblest motive is the public good.

*Seat*—Bantry House, in the county of Cork.

**BARCLAY, SIR ROBERT**, baronet, of Pierston; *b.* 13th of September, 1755; *m.* first, 30th November, 1788, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of John Tickell, esq. of Glasneven, in the county of Dublin; by whom he had issue,

ROBERT-BRYDOES, an officer in the army. Clotilda-Elizabeth.

And secondly, 20th June, 1802, Harriet, baroness de Cronstedt, widow of Baron de Cronstedt, chamberlain to Gustavus the Third, King of Sweden; by whom he has two sons,

David, *b.* 5th September, 1804.

George-Augustus-Frederick, *b.* 16th May, 1807.

Sir Robert *s.* to the title as eighth baronet, upon the decease of his brother, on the 12th June, 1793.

### Lineage.

The ancestors of this family are of great antiquity in the county of Ayr, where they flourished so early as the twelfth century.

1. **SIR ROBERT BARCLAY**, knt. of Pierston, was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, on 2nd of October, 1663. Sir Robert *d.* in 1694, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

2. **SIR ROBERT**, who *m.* Miss — Baird, daughter of Sir David Baird, bart. of Soughton Hall, and was *s.* at his decease, by his eldest son,

3. **SIR ROBERT**, at whose decease, unmarried, at Aix-la-Chapelle, in 1717, where he had resided in exile, from his attachment to the house of Stuart, the title devolved upon his brother,

4. **SIR JAMES**. This gentleman (who was a naval officer) *m.* Miss Blois, daughter of William Blois, esq. of Taunton, in the county of Somerset, and was *s.* at his decease in 1775, by his only son,

5. **SIR WILLIAM-BLOIS**, who *m.* Susannah, daughter of William Church, esq. and was *s.* at his decease in 1786, by his eldest son,

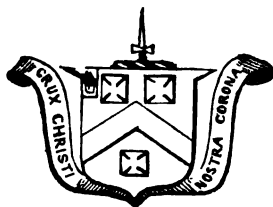
6. **SIR WILLIAM**. This gentleman, who was lieutenant-colonel in the East India Company's

## BAR

service, *d.* unmarried, at Calcutta, in 1760, when the title devolved upon his brother,

7. **SIR JAMES**, a naval officer, at whose decease, unmarried, in 1793, the title descended to his only surviving brother, ROBERT, the present baronet.

*Creation*—2nd October, 1666.



*Arms*—As. a chev. between three crosses, patée, or.

*Crest*—A sword, in pale, ar. hilted and pommel, or.

*Motto*—Crux Christi nostra corona.

*Seat*—Ivy Cottage, Middlesex.

*Note*—Sir Robert, the present baronet, who had been officially employed upon the continent, falling into the hands of the French, in 1798, was closely confined in the Temple by the directory, and was twice tried before a military commission, on account of a mission he was supposed to have filled at the Hague, during the years 1796, 1797, and 1798. He was, however, honourably acquitted, but still retained in du-rance until the 19th of Nov. 1799, when he was released, and sent by cartel to England, by the special order of Bonaparte, then provisional consul of the Republic.

**BARHAM, BARON**, (Charles-Noel Noel,) of Barham Court, and of Teston, in the county of Kent, *b.* 2nd October, 1781; *m.* first, in July, 1809, Elizabeth, only daughter of Thomas Welman, esq. of Poundisford Park, Somersetshire, by whom (who *d.* 1st December, 1811) he had no issue. He espoused secondly, 13th May, 1817, Elizabeth, daughter of the late Honorable Sir George Grey, bart. and niece to Earl Grey, by whom (who *d.* 20th September, 1818) he has a son,

CHARLES-GEORGE, *b.* 5th September, 1818.

His lordship *m.* thirdly, 29th June, 1820, Arabella, second daughter of Sir James-Hamlyn Williams, bart. of Clovelly, by whom (who *d.* 4th October, 1829) he has

GERARD-JAMES, *b.* 26th August, 1823.

— (son) *b.* 30th November, 1824.

— (daughter) *b.* 7th March, 1827.

— (daughter) *b.* 29th September, 1829.

Lord Barham *s.* to the title, as second baron, upon the decease of his mother, Diana, Baroness Barham, on 12th of April, 1823,

**Lineage.**

ALEXANDER MIDDLETON, D.D. Professor and Principal of King's College, Aberdeen, in 1663, d. in 1684, leaving a son,

GEORGE MIDDLETON, D. D. Principal, also, of King's College, Aberdeen, who m. Janet, daughter of James Gordon, esq. of Seaton, in the county of Lothian, d. in 1726, left a son,

ROBERT MIDDLETON, esq. Collector of the Customs at Alloway, in North Britain, who m. — daughter of — Dundas, of Leith, in the county of Sterling, and had (with two daughters) two sons, viz.

GEORGE, of Moss Hall, in the county of East Lothian, Comptroller of the Customs at Leith, d. in 1794, leaving issue,

CHARLES, of whom presently.

The younger son,

CHARLES MIDDLETON, being brought up to the sea service, very early distinguished himself. In 1758, he was made a Post Captain; in 1787, Rear Admiral; in 1793, Vice Admiral; in 1795, Admiral; and in 1805, Admiral of the Red. In 1778, he was appointed Comptroller of the Navy; and was created a Baronet on the 23rd of October, 1781. In 1805, Sir Charles Middleton succeeded Lord Melville as First Lord of the Admiralty, and was elevated to the Peerage of Great Britain on the 1st of May, in the same year, as **BARON BARHAM**, of *Parham Court, and Teston, in the County of Kent*, and in default of male issue, the dignity of a Baroness to Diana Noel, wife of Gerard-Noel Noel, esq. of Exton Park, in the county of Rutland, and the dignity of **BARON** to her heirs male. His lordship m. Margaret, daughter of James Gambier, esq. Warden of the Fleet, by whom (who d. in 1792) he had an only child, the above-mentioned

DIANA, who m. 20th December, 1780, Gerard-Noel Edwards, esq.

His Lordship d. 7th of June, 1813, was s. by his daughter,

DIANA NOEL, as *Baroness Barham*. Her ladyship, as stated above, had m. on 20th December, 1780, Gerard-Noel Edwards, esq. who assumed, in 1798, by royal license, on the death of his maternal uncle, Henry, last Earl of Gainsborough, upon inheriting his lordship's estates, the name and arms of Noel only. The issue of this marriage were CHARLES NOEL, the present baron, and seventeen other children, (for particulars of whom, see *Sir Gerard Noel*.) Her ladyship d. 12th April, 1823.

**Creation**—1st May, 1805.



**Arms**—Quarterly; first and fourth, or, fretty, gu. a canton, erm. for NOEL; second and third, per fesse, or, and gules, a lion, rampant, within a double tressure, flory, counterflory, all counter-changed, for MIDDLETON.

**Crest**—A buck, at gaze, ar. attired, or.

**Supporters**—DEXTER, an angel, habited in a vest, ar. zoned, or, her mantle flowing, purp. wings elevated, and on her head a celestial crown, gold, in her exterior hand a sword, erect, ppr. SINISTER, a sea-horse, ppr. maned, or, gorged, with a naval crown, az. and in the mouth a thistle, ppr.

**Motto**—Tout bien ou rien.

**Seats**—Barham Court, and Teston, both in Kent.

**BARING, SIR THOMAS**, baronet, of Larkbeer, in the county of Devon, M.P. for Wycombe; b. 12th June, 1772; m. in 1794, Mary, eldest daughter of Charles Sealy, esq. of Calcutta, barrister-at-law; by whom he has issue,

1. FRANCIS m. 7th April, 1825, Jane, youngest daughter of the late Sir G. Grey, bart. G.C.B.
2. Thomas.
3. John.
4. Charles.
5. Charlotte.
6. Another daughter

Sir Thomas s. to the title as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 12th September, 1810.

**Lineage.**

The family of Baring has long held the most distinguished rank in the city of London; and its founder,

1. FRANCIS BARING, esq. third son of John Baring, esq. of Larkbeer, near Exeter, was designated but correctly, when styled by Mr. Erskine, *the first merchant in the world*. This celebrated person was b. 18th April, 1740, and had the honor of a baronetcy 11th May, 1793. He m. Harriet, daughter of William Herring, esq. of Croydon, Surrey, by whom (who d. 3rd December, 1804) he had issue,

THOMAS, present baronet.

Alexander, M.P. for Callington, m. Anne, eldest daughter of the late William Bingham, esq. of Philadelphia, and has issue.

Henry m. Maria, second daughter of William Bingham, esq.

William, M.P. for Thetford, m. Frances, fourth daughter of John Thompson, esq. of Waverley Abbey.

George, m. Harriet, second daughter of Sir John D'Oyley, bart.

Harriet, m. Charles Wall, esq.

Maria, m. Richard Stainforth, esq.

Dorothy-Elizabeth, m. P. C. Labouchere, esq.

Frances, m. Thomas-Read Kemp, esq.

Lydia, m. Rev. Philip-Laycock Story.

Sir Francis possessed so much influence in the commercial world, that his death, which occurred 12th September, 1810, occasioned a sensible depression in the public funds.

## BAR

*Creation*—11th May, 1793.

*Arms*—Az. a fesse, or, in chief, a bear's head, ppr. muzzled and ringed, gold.



*Crest*—A mullet erminois between two wings, ar.

*Town Residence*—21, Devonshire-place, Portland-place.

*Seat*—Stratton Park, Hampshire.

**BARLOW, SIR GEORGE-HILARO**, baronet, of Fort-William, Bengal, G.C.B. so created 29th June, 1803; *m.* April, 1789, in India, Elizabeth, daughter of Burton Smith, esq. of the county of Westmeath, from whom he was divorced by act of parliament, 30th April, 1816, having had issue,

1. George-Ulric, *b.* 8th October, 1791, Capt. 4th Dragoons; *m.* Hilare, third daughter of Sir R. Barlow, Capt. R.N., K.C.B.; and died in India.
2. JOHN-HENRY, *b.* 7th December, 1795, senior merchant in Bengal.
3. Robert, *b.* 24th September, 1797, junior merchant in Bengal.
4. Charles-Anstruther.
5. Richard-Wellealey, in the East India Company's service.
6. Edward.
7. Elizabeth-Harriet, *m.* to the Hon. Captain Pownall Fellow, R.N. eldest son of Edward, Viscount Exmouth.
8. Charlotte.
9. Frances.
10. Anne-Caroline.
11. Harriett.

Sir George Barlow was appointed governor-general of India 5th October, 1805, upon the demise of Charles, Marquess Cornwallis, and 13th May, 1807, governor of Fort St. George, Madras.

### Lineage.

WILLIAM BARLOW, esq. of Bath, *m.* Hilare, daughter of Robert Butcher, esq. of Walthamstow, in the county of Essex; and dying in 1796, left issue,

Robert (Sir), a distinguished naval officer. who received the honor of knighthood for gallantly capturing the *Africane*, French frigate; *m.* in 1785, Elizabeth, second daughter of William Garrett, of Worthington, Hants, and had issue.

William, of Streatham, Surrey; married twice, but had no issue.

## BAR

Thomas-William, in holy orders, prebendary of Bristol; married, and has issue.

GEORGE-HILARO, created a baronet as above. Frances-Charlotte, *m.* in 1784, to Thomas Coulthard, esq.

Harriett, *m.* to Henry Manning, of Sidmouth, esq.

*Creation*—20th June, 1803.



*Arms*—Ar. on a chevron, engrailed, gu., between three cross crosslets, fitchée azure, two lions passant, counter passant, supporting an eastern crown, or.

*Crest*—Out of an eastern crown a demi-lion, argent, the paws supporting a cross crosslet, as in the shield.

*Residence*—Fort St. George, Madras.

**BARNEWALL, SIR ROBERT**, baronet, of Crickstown-Castle, in the County of Meath; *b.* 6th October, 1757; *m.* first, Catherine-Rose, eldest daughter of Charles Aylmer, esq. of Painstown, in the County of Kildare; by whom he has an only son,

AYLMER-JOHN, on the half-pay of the army. Sir Robert *m.* secondly Margaret-Jane, eldest daughter of George Palmer, esq. of the city of Dublin, and of Milestown, in the county of Louth, one of the original directors, and subsequently governor, of the bank of Ireland, by whom he has an only surviving daughter,

Mary-Anne.

This very ancient baronetcy remained dormant from the demise of Sir George, the fifth baronet, about the middle of the last century, until the present possessor of the dignity established his right in November, 1821.

### Lineage.

This family, whose surname was anciently written "De Barneval," "Bernevale," and "Barnewal," deduces its lineage from remote antiquity, and claims, among its earliest progenitors, personages of the most eminent renown. It is the parent stock whence the noble houses of Kingsland and Trimbleston have branched, and the name of its patriarchy is to be found, with the other companions in arms of the Conqueror, in the Roll of Battle Abbey. In Ireland, the Barnewalls come under the denomination of "Strong-

downians," having established themselves there in 1172, beneath the banners of Strongbow, Earl of Pembroke.

SIR MICHAEL DE BERNEVAL, knight, the first settler, joined the English expedition, with three armed ships, and effected a descent upon Beervhaven, in the county of Cork, previously to the landing of his chief, Earl Strongbow, in Leinster. Sir Michael is mentioned in the records at the Tower of London, as one of the leading captains in the enterprise; and, in the reigns of Henry II., and of Richard I., he was lord, by tenure, of Beervhaven and Bantry. From this gallant and successful soldier, we pass to

SIR ULPHRAM DE BERNEVALE, knt., the tenth in descent, first possessor of Crickstown Castle and estate, and the founder of what is to this day termed the "Crickstown branch" of the family. The great-grandson of this Sir Ulphram,

ULPHRAM DE BARNEWALL, (fourth of the same christian name,) *m.* a daughter of the Lord Furnival, by whom he left three sons,

Christopher (Sir,) father of the first Lord Trimbleston.

John, ancestor of the Viscounts Kingsland.

Barnaby (Sir,) an eminent lawyer, who became lord-chief-baron of the exchequer.

The eldest son,

SIR CHRISTOPHER BARNEWALL, (as the name began then to be spelt), succeeded to the patrimonial estate of Crickstown, and was, in 1445 and 1446, chief-justice of the court of king's-bench, and lord-high-treasurer of Ireland. He *m.* Matilda, daughter of Sir — Drake, of Drakerath, and had two sons; the younger,

Robert, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 4th March, 1461, as Baron Trimbleston.

While the elder,

SIR NICHOLAS BARNEWALL, succeeded his father, and having been brought up to the profession of the law, was appointed, in consideration of his good and faithful services to the House of York, during the war of the roses, chief-justice of the court of common-pleas in Ireland for life, by patent, dated 1st August, 1461. He *m.* Ismay, daughter of Sir John Serjeant, of Castleknock, near Dublin, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

CHRISTOPHER BARNEWALL, of Crickstown, who *m.* Ellen, daughter of Peter, Lord Dunboyne, and from him we pass to his lineal descendant,

1. SIR PATRICK BARNEWALL, knt., of Crickstown Castle, (twelfth in lineal descent from the first possessor of that estate, and the twenty-first from his Anglo-Norman ancestor, who had settled in Ireland temp. Henry II.), who was created a BARONET OF IRELAND, 22nd February, 1622. He *m.* Cecilia le Fleming, daughter of William, Lord of Slane; and had, with other children

RICHARD, his successor.

John (Sir,) a distinguished lawyer, and one of the barons of the exchequer in 1688; Sir John *m.* Thomasine, daughter of Anthony, Viscount Tarrah, and left an only daughter Mary, *m.* to Lord Trimbleston;

Michael, ancestor of the present baronet.

Sir Patrick *d.* 21st of June, 1624, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR RICHARD, *b.* 21st December, 1602. This gentleman suffered much during the usurpation of Cromwell; and of the extensive possessions wrested from him by the Usurper, he obtained restitution, after the re-establishment of the monarchy, of his castle, and two thousand acres of land only, adjoining thereto. Sir Richard *m.* Anne, daughter of Lawrence Dowdall, of Athlumney, in the county of Meath, and left,

PATRICK, his successor.

John, ancestor to the fifth baronet.

He *d.* soon after the Restoration, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

3. SIR PATRICK, M.P. for the county of Meath, in 1689 and 1690. This gentleman inherited, in virtue of the act of limitation, the mansion of Crickstown, and the two thousand acres of land appending thereto; he enjoyed also a pension from the crown of £150 per annum. Sir Patrick *m.* Frances, daughter of the Hon. Richard Butler, of Kilcaah, in the county of Tipperary, and granddaughter of Walter, second Earl of Ormonde, and was *s.* at his decease by his only son,

4. SIR GEORGE, who *d.* without issue, on 22nd October, 1735, when his estates passed to his three sisters, as co-heiresses; and thus the male branch of the family was deprived of the castle and manor of Crickstown, of which it was in possession uninterruptedly for fifteen generations. The baronetcy devolved upon the next male heir,

5. SIR GEORGE, (grandson of John Barnewall, second son of Sir Richard, the second baronet.) This gentleman, upon the demise of his kinsman, returned to Ireland from Germany, where he had been residing, and, after establishing his right, retired again to the Continent, in 1744, where he *d.* without issue. From the period of the decease of Sir George, the baronetcy remained dormant, until revived in Nov. 1821, in favor of the present baronet, by a full recognition of his right by the college of arms in Ireland.

The immediate line of this gentleman we shall now trace.

MICHAEL BARNEWALL, fourth son of the first baronet, left an only son and heir,

BARTHOLOMEW BARNEWALL, of Ballyhoost, in the county of Westmeath, who *m.* Jane, daughter of Kidagh Geoghegan, esq. of Castletown-Geoghegan, in the same county; and dying in 1732, was succeeded by his eldest son,

ROBERT BARNEWALL, of Moyrath, in the county of Meath. This gentleman *m.* Mrs. Barnewall, widow of Richard Barnewall, esq. of Conloggan, in the same county, and sister of — Piers, esq. of Castletown, also in Meath; and had

BARTHOLOMEW, his successor.

Robert of London, Merchant; who *m.* Sophia, daughter of Captain Silvester Barnewall, and dying in the 73rd year of his age, 26th April, 1813, left issue,

1. Bartholomew, of London, Merchant.

2. Silvester.



## BAR

2. Robert, major in the sixth regiment of Bombay Native Infantry.
4. Richard-Vaughan, barrister-at-law.
5. Thomas. 6. Henry. 7. Dease; of London, Merchants.
8. Sophia, relict of Robert Butler, esq. George, an officer in the French service. d. s. p.

Eleanor, m. to Doctor Geoghegan.

Monica, m. to James Ryan, esq.

Bridget, m. to Matthew Dowdall, of Mullingar, M. D. by whom, with other children, she had, Anne, who m. Peter Burke, esq. of Elm Hall, Parsonstown, a justice of the peace for the King's county and county of Tipperary; and left at her decease,

1. JOHN BURKE, author of this and other literary works.

2. Joseph, of Gray's Inn, barrister-at-law.

3. Bridget, m. to M. Hoey, esq.

Mr. Barnewall was s. at his decease by his eldest son,

BARTHOLOMEW BARNEWALL, esq. of Ballyhoost, in the county of Westmeath, and of Boyne Lodge, and Greenanstown, in the county of Meath. This gentleman m. in 1732, Mary, second daughter of Isaac-Brand Colt, esq. of Brightlingsea Hall, in the county of Essex, and dying in 1802, left issue,

ROBERT, present and sixth baronet.

John, of Kilmurry, in the county of Meath; m. Anne, daughter of Joseph Brown, esq. of Kilpatrick, in the county of Westmeath, and has Bartholomew, an officer in the Meath militia, and several other children. Bartholomew-Patrick.

Mary, m. to the late Tyrrell O'Reilly, esq. of Adamstown, in the county of Meath.

Elizabeth, m. to Thomas Fitzgerald, esq. of Geraldine, in the county of Kildare, and has issue.

*Creation*--22nd February, 1622.



*Arms*--Erm. a bordure, engr. gu.

*Crest*--From a plume of five ostrich feathers, or, gu. az. vert, and argent, a falcon, rising, of the last.

*Motto*--Malo mori quam fodari.

*Town Residence*--French-street, Dublin.

*Seat*--Greenanstown, in the county of Meath.

M

## BAR

BARRINGTON, VISCOUNT, (William-Keppell Barrington, D.D.) of Ardglass, in the county of Down; and Baron Barrington, of Newcastle, in the county of Dublin, in the peerage of Ireland; b. 1st Oct. 1793; m. 21st April, 1823, Jane-Elizabeth, fourth daughter of Thomas, Lord Ravensworth, by whom he has issue,

GEORGE-WILLIAM, b. 14th February, 1824.

Percy, b. 22nd of April, 1825.

Charlotte-Maria.

Caroline-Isabella.

— (another daughter.)

His Lordship s. to the honors, as sixth viscount, upon the decease of his father, 5th March, 1829.

### Lineage.

The paternal surname of this family was originally "Shute," and it is of Norman extraction. Whilst that duchy was annexed to the English crown, there were to be seen there the remains of a castle, bearing the name of Shute, which belonged to the ancestors of this noble house; besides monuments, in several towns throughout the principality, appertaining to the same family.

JOHN SHUTE, esq. barrister-at-law, (only surviving son of Benjamin Shute, esq.) inherited, by will, although unallied, and but slightly known to the testator, the estate of John Wildman, esq. of Becket, in the county of Berks; Mr. Wildman declaring that the only reason he had for making Mr. Shute his heir, was, that he considered him the most worthy of all his acquaintance of adoption, after the manner of the Romans, a mode of settling property which Mr. W. always approved. In a few years afterwards, Mr. Shute obtained another property by settlement,—that of Francis Barrington, esq. of Tofts, in the county of Essex, who had married his cousin, Elizabeth, daughter of Samuel Shute, sheriff of London, and died without issue. In pursuance of which settlement, Mr. Shute, upon inheriting, assumed by act of parliament the surname and arms of "Barrington." He was returned twice to parliament for Berwick-upon-Tweed; but upon the last return, in 1722, the house of commons, taking into consideration the Harbrough lottery, came to a resolution that the honourable member had promoted and carried on that fraudulent undertaking, and therefore expelled him the house 15th February, 1722. He had previously been elevated to the peerage of Ireland, (1st July, 1720,) by the titles of *Baron Barrington, of Newcastle, in the county of Dublin*, and *VISCOUNT BARRINGTON, of Ardglass, in the county of Down*. His Lordship m. Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Sir William Daines, by whom he had issue,

WILLIAM-WILDMAN, his successor.

John, a major-general in the army, and colonel of the 8th regiment of foot, who m. Elizabeth, daughter of Florentius Vassal, esq. and dying in 1764, left issue,

## BAR

1. WILLIAM-WILDMAN, successor to his uncle as third viscount.
2. RICHARD, fourth viscount.
3. GEORGE, fifth viscount.
4. Louisa, *m.* to the Rev. Mr. Tristram, who *d.* in 1796.

Daines, barrister-at-law, a king's counsel, and second justice of Chester.

Samuel, vice-admiral of the blue.

Shute, in holy orders, bishop of Durham, *m.* first, lady Diana Beauclerk, daughter of Charles, duke of St. Albans, and secondly, Jane, daughter of Sir John Guise, Bart. of Rencomb, but died without issue.

Sarah, *m.* in 1746, to Robert Price, of Forley, in the county of Hereford.

Anne, *m.* to Thomas, eldest son of Sir Thomas Clarges, bart.

Mary, *d.* unm.

The viscount *d.* 14th Dec. 1734, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM-WILDMAN, second viscount, *b.* 1717. This nobleman filled several high official stations, from the year 1754 to 1778, (secretary at war, chancellor of the exchequer, &c. &c.) He *m.* in 1740, Mary, only daughter and heiress of Henry Lovell, esq. and relict of the Hon. Samuel Grimston; but no issue surviving him, his lordship was *s.* 1st February, 1793, by his nephew,

WILLIAM-WILDMAN, third viscount; at whose decease, without issue, in July, 1801, the honors devolved upon his brother,

RICHARD, fourth viscount, who, also dying without issue, 1813, was *s.* by his brother,

GEORGE, fifth viscount, D.D., a clergyman of the church of England, prebendary of Durham, and rector of Sedgfield, *b.* 16th July, 1761; *m.* 12th Feb. 1788, Elizabeth, second daughter of Robert Adair, esq. and Lady Charlotte Adair, (daughter of the Earl of Albemarle,) by whom he had issue, WILLIAM-KEFFEL, present viscount.

George, *b.* 20th Nov. 1794, captain, R. N. and a lord of the admiralty, *m.* 15th Jan. 1827, Caroline, third daughter of Charles, Earl Grey, and has issue,

Charles-George, *b.* 27th Oct. 1827.

Augustus, *b.* 17th March, 1829.

Samuel, *b.* in 1796, slain at Quatre Bras, 16th June, 1815.

Augustus, *b.* 19th July, 1796, called to the bar in 1823.

Russell, *b.* 23th July, 1801.

Lowther-John, in holy orders, *b.* 17th July, 1806.

Henry-Frederick-Francis-Adair, *b.* 28th July, 1808.

Caroline-Elizabeth.

Frances, *m.* 25th Oct. 1828, to the Earl of Dartmouth.

Charlotte-Belasye.

Georgiana-Christiana.

Elizabeth-Frances.

*Creation*—1st July, 1720.

*Arms*—Ar. three chevronels, gu. a label of three points throughout, as.

## BAR

*Crest*—A capuchin friar, couped at the breast, black hair, vested paly of six, az. and gu., on his head a cap, or cowl, hanging behind, of the last.



*Supporters*—Two griffins, wings expanded, or, each gorged with a label of three points, az.

*Motto*—Honestam quam splendida.

*Town Residence*—Cavendish square.

*Seat*—Beckett, county of Berks.

BARRINGTON, SIR FITZWILLIAM, baronet, of Barrington Hall, in the county of Essex; *b.* 2nd March, 1755; *m.* 8th July, 1789, Edith-Mary, daughter of Sir Samuel Marshall, knt. by whom he has had issue,

Louisa-Edith, *m.* in 1813, to Sir Richard Simeon, bart.

Jane-Elizabeth.

Julia, *m.* in 1817, to Henry-Philip Powys, esq. of Broomfield House, Middlesex, and *d.* in 1821, leaving issue.

Anne-Emma, *d.* in 1819.

Ellen Flacke, *m.* in 1824, to John-George Campbell, esq. and has issue.

Mary, *m.* in Aug. 1827, to Thomas-Pakenham Vandeleur, captain in the fifth dragoon guards.

Sir William *s.* to the title as tenth baronet, upon the demise of his brother, 5th August, 1818.

## Lineage.

Camden, in his *Britannia*, says, "Barrington Hall, (heretofore) the seat of that eminent family of the Barringtons, who in the time of King Stephen were greatly enriched with the estate of the Lord Montfitchet; and in the memory of our fathers a match with the daughter and co-heir of Henry Pole, Lord Montacute, son and heir to Margaret, Countess of Salisbury, rendered them more illustrious, by an alliance with the royal blood."

Mr. Le Neve (Norroy king-at-arms) deduces the lineage of the Barringtons from *Barentone*, a Saxon, who had the custody of the forest of Hatfield-Regis, temp. William the Conqueror, and whose son, *Eustachius de Barentona*, servant to King Henry I., obtained grants of land from that monarch, with the custody of the forest. This Eustachius died in the reign of Stephen, and from him we pass to his (thirteenth) lineal descendant,

## BAR

**JOHN BARRINGTON**, living in the 25th of Henry VIII. who m. Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Bonham, by his wife the Hon. Elizabeth Marney, daughter of Henry, first Lord Marney, of Marney, in the county of Essex, and was s. by his son,

**THOMAS BARRINGTON**, esq. This gentleman m. first, Alice, daughter of Henry Parker, Lord Morley, by whom he had an only daughter, Elizabeth. He espoused, secondly, Winifred, relict of Sir Thomas Hastings, knt. youngest daughter and co-heiress of Henry Pole, Lord Montagu, granddaughter of Sir Richard Pole, K.G. by Margaret Plantagenet, Countess of Salisbury, and great granddaughter of George, Duke of Clarence, brother to King Edward IV. (See *Burke's Extinct Peerage*); by which illustrious lady Mr. Barrington had two sons and a daughter, and was s. at his decease by the elder son,

1. **FRANCIS BARRINGTON**, esq. member for the county of Essex, in the parliament assembled in the forty-third year of Queen Elizabeth, and subsequently in all the parliaments of the reign of James I., and in the three first of Charles I., who, having received the honour of knighthood in 1603, was created a baronet the 29th June, 1611. Sir Francis m. Joan, daughter of Sir Henry Cromwell, of Hinchbrook, in the county of Huntingdon, and aunt of the Protector Cromwell, and dying in 1628, was s. by his eldest son,

2. **SIR THOMAS**, who m. first, Frances, daughter and co-heir of John Gobart, esq. of Coventry, by whom he had (with a daughter, Lucy) two sons, viz. :—

**JOHN**, his successor.

Gobart (Sir), of Tofts, Essex, who m. Lucy, daughter of Sir William Wiseman, knt. of Torrel's Hall, Essex, by whom he had surviving issue,

Thomas, a colonel in the army, who d. s. p. having previously made over his estate to his brother.

Francis, who m. Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of Samuel Shute, esq. of London, by whom he had no issue. Mr. Barrington bequeathed his estate to his wife's cousin-german, John Shute, of Becket Park, Berks, who assumed the surname of BARRINGTON, and was elevated to the peerage of Ireland. (See Viscount Barrington.)

Sir Thomas espoused, secondly, Judith, daughter of Sir Rowland Lytton, knt. of Knebworth, in Hertfordshire, and widow of Sir George Smith, knt. of Annables, in the same shire, but had no issue. He d. in 1654, and was s. by his elder son,

3. **SIR JOHN**. This gentleman was M.P. in 1640, for the borough of Newport, and one of the parliamentary committee for Essex and the Isle of Wight; but when he observed the lengths to which the parliamentarians had determined to proceed, he declined to follow; although it is probable it was expected that he would go to the utmost extremity, as he was one of the members nominated to sit in the mock high court of jus-

## BAR

tice, appointed to try his unhappy sovereign. Sir John, however, refused to attend any of its meetings, and peremptorily declined signing the warrant for King Charles's execution. He lived in retirement after the Restoration. Sir John m. Dorothy, daughter of Sir William Lytton, of Knebworth, and dying 24th March, 1682, was s. by the eldest son of Thomas Barrington, esq. by Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Robert Rich, Earl of Warwick) his grandson,

4. **SIR JOHN**. This gentleman dying unmarried, of the small-pox, in 1601, the title devolved upon his brother,

5. **SIR CHARLES**, M.P. for the county of Essex; m. twice: but dying without issue, the title descended to his cousin,

6. **SIR JOHN**, son and heir of John Barrington, esq. (third son of Sir John, third baronet) by Elizabeth, daughter of Edward Hawkins, esq. of Bishop-Stopford. This gentleman m. Susan, daughter of George Draper, esq. of Hitchin, in the county of Herts, and was s. in 1717, by his eldest son,

7. **SIR JOHN**, M.P.; at whose decease, issueless, 4th May, 1776, the title devolved upon his brother,

8. **SIR FITZWILLIAM**, who m. first, in 1741, Sarah, daughter and sole heiress of Thos. Meades, captain R.N. but had no surviving issue: he m. secondly, in 1750, Jane, daughter of Matthew Hall, esq. and was s. at his decease, 24th Sept. 1792, by the elder of two sons,

9. **SIR JOHN**; at whose decease, unmarried, 5th August, 1818, the title devolved upon his brother, the present baronet.

*Creation*—29th June, 1611.



**Arms**—Ar., three chevronels, gu., and a label of as many points, az.

**Crest**—On a wreath, a hermit's bust, with a cowl, vested paly, ar. and gu.

**Motto**—Tout ung durant ma vie.

**Seats**—Barrington Hall, Essex; and Swainston, Isle of Wight.

**BARRINGTON, SIR JOSEPH**, bart. of the city of Limerick, b. 21st Feb. 1764; m. in 1787, Mary, daughter of Daniel Baggott, esq. of Limerick, and has surviving issue,

**MATTHEW**, (crown solicitor for the province of Munster, in Ireland), b. 21st May, 1788; m. 1st Jan. 1814, Charlotte, daughter of William Hartigan, esq. of Dublin.

## BAR

Daniel, (clerk of the crown, Limerick), *b.* 12th Oct. 1792; *m.* 22nd Oct. 1829, Anna, daughter of Richard Williams, esq. of Dromcondra Castle, in the county of Dublin.  
Croker, *b.* 29th April, 1797, Lieutenant R. N. Joseph, *b.* 4th Dec. 1803.  
Samuel, *b.* 15th Feb. 1806, barrister-at-law.  
Honoria, *b.* 31st Jan. 1795; *m.* to Thomas Lloyd, esq.  
Jane, *b.* 7th May, 1808.

This gentleman, the founder, with his sons, of the hospital and infirmary in the city of Limerick, which bears their name, and which was incorporated by act of parliament, in the 11th year of GEORGE IV., was created a baronet 30th Sept. 1831.

### Lineage.

This family claims descent from a common ancestor with the BARRINGTONS of Barrington Hall, in the county of Essex, raised to the rank of baronet in 1611, and now represented by Sir Fitzwilliam Barrington. From a younger branch of that ancient and eminent house is said to have sprung

SAMUEL BARRINGTON, who settled at Limerick in 1691, as appears by a monument in the cathedral of that city. He was *s.* by his son,

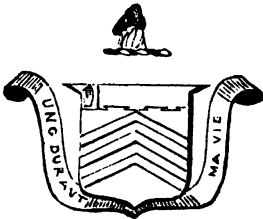
BENJAMIN BARRINGTON, esq. who was sheriff of the city of Limerick in 1714, and was *s.* by his son,

BENJAMIN BARRINGTON, esq. sheriff of the city of Limerick in 1729. This gentleman *m.* Anne, daughter of John Waltho, esq. of Anna, by Catherine, daughter of J. Croker, esq. of Ballynaguard, and was *s.* by his son,

MATTHEW BARRINGTON, esq. who *m.* Jane, daughter of John Canter, of Ballyvara, and left at his decease, in 1765, an only son,

JOSEPH BARRINGTON, created a baronet as above.

*Creation*—30th Sept. 1831.



*Arms*—Ar. three chevronels gules, a label of three points vert: a canton of the same charged with a trefoil, or.

*Crest*—Out of a crown vallery, or, a hermit's bust with a cowl vested paly, ar. and gu.

*Motto*—Ung durant ma vie.

*Residence*—Limerick.

## BAT

BATESON, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Belvoir Park and Moira Park, both in the county of Down; so created 18th December, 1818; *b.* 13th March, 1782; *m.* 27th April, 1811, Catherine, youngest daughter of the late Samuel Dickson, of Ballynaguile, in the county of Limerick, by whom he has issue,

1. ROBERT, *b.* 29th March, 1816.
2. Thomas, *b.* 4th June, 1819.
3. Samuel, *b.* 13th October, 1821.
4. George, *b.* 2nd April, 1826.
5. Stephen, *b.* 20th January, 1827.
6. ——— (a son), *b.* in 1831.
7. Maria. 8. Elizabeth. 9. Catherine.

Sir Robert Bateson represents the county of Londonderry in parliament.

### Lineage.

THOMAS BATESON, esq. who resided upon his family estates in the county of Lancaster, dying in 1603, left two sons and a daughter, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

ROBERT BATESON, esq. who *d.* in 1663, and was *s.* by his only son,

ROBERT BATESON, esq. who had two sons,

THOMAS, *b.* in 1704, of whom presently,

Richard, who settling at Londonderry, purchased estates in the counties of Antrim, Donegal, and Tyrone. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of — Harvey, esq. and had issue,

Robert, who assumed the surname and arms of 'Harvey,' in addition to those of 'Bateson,' and was created a BARONET OF IRELAND, in 1789.

THOMAS BATESON, esq. *s.* his father in the Lancashire estates, but disposing soon afterwards of those, he removed to Ireland, and settled at Orange-Field House, in the county of Down. He *m.* in 1747, Margaret, daughter and co-heiress of — White, esq. of Whitehall, in the county of Antrim, and widow of William Hartley, and dying in 1791, was *s.* by his eldest son,

THOMAS BATESON, *b.* in 1752, *m.* Elizabeth, youngest daughter of George Loyd, esq. F.R.S. of Hulme Hall, in the County of Lancaster, by Susanna, sister of Sir William Horton, bart. of Chadderton, and had an only son, ROBERT, created a baronet as above, who *s.* to the family estates, at the demise of his father, 15th May, 1811.

*Creation*—18th December, 1818.



*Arms*—Ar., three bat's wings, sa. on a chief, gu. a lion passant, or.

*Crest*—A bat's wing, sa. on a wreath.

*Motto*—Probitas verus honos.

*Seats*—Belvoir Park, and Moira Park, both in Downshire.

**BATH, MARQUESS OF,** (Thomas-Thynne, D.C.L. and F.R.S.) Viscount Weymouth, in the county of Dorset, Baron Thynne, of Warminster, in the county of Wilts, and a baronet; a knight of the most illustrious order of the Garter, and lord-lieutenant and custos-rotulorum of the county of Somerset; b. 25th January, 1765; m. 24th April, 1794, Isabella, daughter of George, fourth Viscount Torrington, by whom (who d. 1st May, 1830) he has issue,

THOMAS, Viscount Weymouth, b. 9th April, 1796; m. in 1820, Harriet-Matilda, daughter of Thomas Robbins, esq.

Henry Frederick, b. 24th May, 1797; captain R. N. M. P.; m. 19th April, 1830, Harriot, daughter of Alexander Baring, M. P., and has issue,

John-Alexander.

John, in holy orders; b. 7th November, 1798; m. 2nd March, 1824, Anne-Constantia, third daughter of the Rev. C. C. Beresford, and has issue.

1. George-Emilius.

2. Augustus-William.

3. Francis-John.

William, b. 17th October, 1803; an officer in the army.

Edward, M. P. b. 25th January, 1807; an officer in the army; m. 8th July, 1830, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of William Mellish, esq.

George, b. 25th December, 1808.

Charles, b. 9th February, 1813.

Elizabeth, m. 1816, to Earl Cawdor.

Louisa, m. 5th July, 1823, to the Hon. Henry Lascelles, second son of the Earl of Harwood.

Charlotte-Anne, m. 13th August, 1829, to Walter-Francis, Duke of Buccleuch.

His lordship s. to the honors, as second marquess, upon the demise of his father, 19th November, 1796.

### Lineage.

It appears, from documents in the possession of this noble family, that its ancient surname was *Boteville*; and that under that name it enjoyed lands in the manor of Stretton, in Shropshire, for many generations, from the time of King John; in whose reign, the brothers, Sir Geoffry and Oliver Boteville, persons of great eminence and rank in Picton, came over to England, according to Matthew Paris, in order to assist the king against his rebellious barons. The surname of Thynne is said to have originated with John

*Boteville*, who, from residing in one of the inns of court, was denominated "*John o' Th' Inn*," and thence "*Thynne*," the eldest son of this John o' Th' Inn,

RALPH BOTEVILLE, or THYNN, m. Anne, daughter of John Higgons, of Stretton, and had, with other issue,

THOMAS, his successor.

William, master of the household to King Henry VIII. This William Thynne, who was a person of erudition, collected and published the works of Chaucer, with notes, in 1542. He was father of

FRANCIS THYNN, Lancaster-herald.

Ralph Thynne was s. by his eldest son

THOMAS THYNN, of Stretton, who m. Margaret, daughter, and at length heiress, of Thomas Eynes, or Heynes, esq. of Stretton (which lady was granddaughter, maternally, of Humphry Galacre, of the body to King Henry VI., who was descended, through females, from Sir Richard Pembruge, K. G.). This Thomas Thynne was s. by his eldest son

SIR JOHN THYNN. This gentleman laid the foundation, in January, 1567, of the magnificent mansion at Longleat, in Wiltshire, from which time the building was carried on until 1579, so that twelve entire years were consumed in its completion. This is said to be the first well-built house in the kingdom. The stone and timber were Sir John's own; and, besides carriage and days of gifts, the edifice cost, according to three folio books in the possession of the Marquess of Bath, £8016 13s. 6d. Sir John Thynne m. first, Christian, daughter of Sir Richard Gresham, knight-mayor of London, and sister and heir of Sir Thomas Gresham, who founded and endowed Gresham College, and built the Royal Exchange in London, by whom he had three sons and three daughters. He espoused, secondly, Dorothy, daughter of Sir William Wroughton, of Broad-Hinton, in the county of Wilts, and had five other sons, and two daughters. He d. 21st May, 1580, and was s. by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN THYNN, knight of Longleat, who m. Joan, youngest daughter of Sir Rowland Hayward, knight-mayor of London (twice), and was s. by his eldest son.

SIR THOMAS THYNN, who m. first, Maria, daughter of George, Lord Audley, by whom he had three sons, the two elder of whom died without issue. The youngest,

THOMAS (Sir), was seated at Richmond, Surrey; and marrying Stuart, daughter and coheir of Dr. Walter Balquanquill, dean of Durham, left a son,

THOMAS, who succeeded to Longleat, and lived there in great magnificence until basely assassinated by the means of Count Konigsmark, a Swedish nobleman, brother of Konigsmark the supposed gallant of Sophia of Zell.

Sir Thomas Thynne m. secondly, Catharine, daughter of Charles Howard, and niece of Viscount Bindon. The eldest surviving son of this marriage

1. HENRY-FREDERICK THYNNE, of Kempesford, was created a baronet on the 16th July, 1641. Sir Henry m. Mary, daughter of Thomas, first Lord Coventry, and had, with other issue,

THOMAS, his successor.

James, L.L.D. M.P. d. unmarried in 1700.

Henry-Frederick, one of the clerks of the Privy Council, m. Dorothy, daughter and co-heir of Francis Phillips, esq. of the Inner Temple, barrister-at-law, and dying in 1705, left an only son,

THOMAS, who m. Lady Mary Villiers, daughter of Edward, first Earl of Jersey, and dying, 1710, left a posthumous son,

THOMAS, who s. as second VISCOUNT WEYMOUTH.

Sir Henry was s. at his decease by his eldest son,

2. Sir THOMAS, who, upon the murder of Thomas Thynne, esq. as stated above, became representative of the family, and inherited Longleat. He sat in parliament for several years, and, until elevated to the peerage on the 11th December, 1682, in the dignities of *Baron Thynne, of Warminster, Wilts.* and *Viscount Weymouth*, with remainder, in the event of failure of male issue, to his brother Henry. His lordship m. Frances, daughter of Heneage, second Earl of Winchelsea, by whom he had an only son,

Henry, who pre-deceased the viscount in 1708, leaving two daughters his co-heirs (by Grace, daughter and sole heir of Sir George Strode, sergeant-at-law, of Leweston, in the county of Dorset.)

Frances, m. to Algernon (Seymour) Lord Percy and Duke of Somerset.

Mary, m. to William (Greville) Lord Brooke.

Lord Weymouth d. on the 28th July, 1714, when all his honors devolved upon his grand-nephew, (refer to descendants of Henry Thynne, third son of the first baronet.)

THOMAS, as second viscount, who married, first, in December, 1726, Elizabeth, daughter of Lionel, Duke of Dorset; but her ladyship d. while his lordship was upon his travels, before cohabitation; and, secondly, in 1733, Lady Louisa Cartaret, daughter of John, Earl Granville, by whom he had two sons; the younger of whom, Henry, inheriting the property of his maternal grandfather, assumed his name, and was created Baron Carteret; while the elder,

THOMAS, s. upon the demise of his father, 12th January, 1751, to the family honors as third viscount; and upon the 18th August, 1789, was elevated to the MARQUISATE OF BATH. His lordship m. 22nd May, 1759, Elizabeth-Cavendish, eldest daughter of William, second Duke of Portland, by whom he had issue,

THOMAS, present peer.

George, who s. to the barony of Carteret.

John, F.S.A. b. in December, 1772, M.P. for Bath; m. in June, 1801, Harriet, daughter of Thomas Master, esq. of the Abbey, in the county of Gloucester.

Louisa, m. in 1781, to Heneage, late Earl of Aylesford.

Henrietta, m. in 1790, to Philip, late Earl of Chesterfield, and d. in 1813.

Sophia, m. in 1784, to George, third Earl of Ashburnham, and d. in 1791.

Isabella, lady of the bedchamber to the Duchess of Gloucester.

Mary, m. in 1806, to Osborne Markham, esq. and d. in February, 1814.

His lordship, who was a K.G., d. 19th Nov. 1796.

*Creations*—Baronet, 15th June, 1641. Baron and Viscount, 11th December, 1682. Marquess, 18th August, 1789.



*Arms*—Barry of ten, or and sa.

*Crest*—A reindeer, statant, or.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a reindeer, or, gorged with a plain collar, sa.; SINISTER, a lion, tail nowed, gu.

*Motto*—J'ai bonne cause.

*Seat*—Longleat, Wiltshire.

BATHURST, EARL OF, (Henry Bathurst, D.C.L. and F.S.A.) Baron Bathurst, of Battlesden, and Baron Apsley, of Apsley, in the county of Sussex, knight of the most illustrious order of the Garter, a teller of the Exchequer, and joint clerk of the crown; b. 22nd May, 1762, m. 1st April, 1789, Georgiana, youngest daughter of Lord George Henry Lennox, and sister of Charles, fourth Duke of Richmond, by whom he has issue,

HENRY-GEORGE, Lord Apsley, D.C.L. and M.P. b. 24th February, 1790.

William-Lennox, clerk of the privy-council, b. 14th February, 1791.

Seymour-Thomas. b. 27th October, 1795; m. 6th October, 1829, Julia, only daughter of Mrs. Hankey, of Grosvenor-square.

Charles, b. 21st January, 1802; in holy orders; m. 31st July, 1830, Emily-Caroline, youngest daughter of the Earl of Abingdon.

Louisa-Georgiana.

Emily-Charlotte, m. 10th March, 1825, to the Hon. Major-general Ponsonby.

His lordship s. to the honors, as third earl, upon the demise of his father, 6th of August, 1794.

### *Lineage.*

This family was originally seated in Sussex, at a place called Bathurst, not far from Battle Abbey;

## BAT

of which, however, they were despoiled, and the castle demolished in the conflicts between the houses of York and Lancaster, and nothing remained but a wood, called Bathurst Wood, where some of the ruins were to be found.

LAWRENCE BATHURST, in the reign of King Henry VI., was seated at Cranebrook, in Kent, within a few miles of the ancient castle; and, at his decease, left three sons, Edward, ancestor of Earl Bathurst, Robert, of Horsmanden, and John, of Staplehurst.

EDWARD BATHURST, the eldest son, of Staplehurst, was father of

LAUNCELOT BATHURST, an alderman of London, who, in the beginning of Queen Elizabeth's reign, was possessed of the manor of Franks, in Kent, and erected a large mansion-house there. Mr. Alderman Bathurst's youngest son,

GEORGE BATHURST, esq. m. in 1610, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Edward Villiers, esq. of Howthorpe, in the county of Northampton, and, obtaining that estate by the alliance, settled there. Of this marriage there were thirteen sons and four daughters; six of the former died in the service of King Charles the First during the civil wars. The seventh son, Benjamin Bathurst, was a distinguished wit, and a celebrated Latin poet. The youngest son,

SIR BENJAMIN BATHURST, knt. was elected, in the reign of King Charles the Second, governor of the Royal African Company; and in the years 1688 and 1689, governor of the East India Company. He was afterwards treasurer of the household to the Princess Anne, of Denmark, and, on her accession to the throne, Sir Benjamin was constituted her majesty's cofferer. He m. Frances, daughter of Sir Allen Apsley, of Apsley, in Sussex, and dying 27th April, 1704, was s. by his eldest son,

ALLEN BATHURST, esq. M.P. who was advanced to the peerage on 31st December, 1711, as *Baron Bathurst, of Battleden, in the county of Bedford*, and created 12th August, 1772, EARL BATHURST, of Bathurst, in the county of Sussex. His lordship m. in July, 1704, Catharine, daughter and heiress of Sir Peter Apsley, by whom he had four sons and five daughters. This nobleman, who was distinguished for his wit, taste, and learning, died at the advanced age of ninety-one, 10th Sept. 1775, and was s. by his eldest surviving son,

HENRY, second earl, b. 2nd May, 1714, an eminent lawyer, who had been elevated to the peerage himself, upon being appointed LORD HIGH CHANCELLOR OF GREAT BRITAIN, in the dignity of *Baron Apsley, of Apsley, in the county of Sussex*, 23rd Jan. 1771. His lordship was previously one of the judges of the court of common-ples. The earl m. first, Anne, daughter of — James, esq. and widow of Charles Phillips, esq. by whom he had no issue; and, secondly, on the 14th June, 1750, Tryphena, daughter of Thomas Scawen, esq. of Maidwell, in the county of Northampton, and left at his decease, in 1794,

HENRY, present peer.

Apsley, joint clerk of the crown, d. in Jan. 1816.

## BAY

Tryphena, b. in 1760.

Catharine, b. in 1764.

Susannah, b. in 1708.

*Creations*—Baron, 21st Dec. 1711. Earl, 12th August, 1772. Baron Apsley, 23rd January, 1771.



*Arms*—Sa. two bars, ermine, in chief, three crosses, pattée, or.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a dexter arm in mail, embowed, and holding a club with spikes, all ppr.

*Supporters*—Two stags, ar., each gorged with a collar gemell, ermine.

*Motto*—Tien ta foy.

*Town Residence*—16, Arlington-street.

*Seats*—Oakley Park, Gloucestershire; and Langworth Lodge, Notts.

BAYNES, SIR CHRISTOPHER, baronet, of Harefield-place, in the county of Middlesex; b. 6th August, 1755; m. 1st March, 1788, Nanny, daughter of William Gregory, of Ryde, in the Isle of Wight, by whom he has issue,

WILLIAM, b. 28th November, 1789; m. in 1810, Julia, daughter of General John Smith, of the royal artillery, and has issue.

Walter-George, m. in 1826, Claudia Valeri, a Roman lady, and has issue.

Donald-Christopher, b. 4th November, 1807. Mary.

This gentleman, who is the only surviving son and heir of William Baynes, esq. a merchant of great opulence in London, and one of the gentlemen of the privy-chamber to their majesties Kings George the First and Second, (who purchased Harefield-place, in the county of Middlesex,) by Mary, daughter of Christopher Roberts, esq. of London, was created a baronet 29th June, 1801.

*Creation*—1801.



## BAY

*Arms*—Sa. a shin-bone, in fesse, surmounted of another in pale, ar., on a canton of the last, a vulture, ppr.

*Crest*—A cubit arm, vested, az., cuffed ermine, the hand holding a jaw-bone, ar.

*Supporters*—Two savages, wreathed about the head and waist, with clubs over their arms, all ppr.

*Motto*—Furor arma ministrat.

*Seat*—Harefield-place, Middlesex.

**BAYNING, BARON**, (The Rev. Henry-William Powlett,) of Foxley, in the county of Berks: *b.* 8th June, 1797; inherited the title, as third Baron, at the decease of his brother, in August 1823; and assumed, by royal license, in the same year, (in place of his own surname of "Townsend,") the names of his maternal great-grandfather, "William Powlett."

### Lineage.

The title of Bayning, in the present family, has become twice extinct; first, upon the demise of Paul, Viscount Bayning, without male issue, in 1640; and, secondly, in 1698, upon the death of his lordship's sister, Anne, created Viscountess Bayning, by Charles Second, for her own life only.

THE HON. WILLIAM TOWNSHEND, third son of Charles, second Viscount Townshend, by his first wife, Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas, Lord Pelham, *m.* 29th May, 1725, Henrietta, only daughter of Lord William Powlett, (by his second wife, Anne, daughter and co-heir of Randolph Egerton, esq. of Betley, in the county of Stafford, by his wife, Anne, eldest daughter and co-heir of Henry Murray, esq. and his wife, Anne Bayning, Viscountess BAYNING.) Mr. Townshend had issue a son and two daughters. He *d.* in 1738, and was *s.* by the former,

CHARLES-TOWNSHEND, esq. who, having filled some public employments of importance, was created, on the 20th October, 1797, **BARON BAYNING, of Foxley, in the county of Berks.** His lordship *m.* Annabella, daughter of the Rev. Richard Smyth, and granddaughter and heir of William Powlett, esq. by whom he had issue,

CHARLES-FREDERICK POWLETT, his successor.

HENRY, present peer.

Caroline.

Amelia.

Annabella.

He *d.* in May, 1810, and was *s.* by his eldest son, CHARLES-FREDERICK POWLETT, second baron, at whose decease, unmarried, 2nd August, 1823, the title devolved upon his only brother, the present peer.

*Creation*—20th October, 1797.

*Arms*—Az., a chev. erm. between three escallops. ar. a mullet for difference.

## BEA



*Crest*—A buck, statant, sa. attired, or, charged on the body, with a mullet, ar. for difference.

*Supporters*—**Dexter**, a buck, sa. attired, colored, and lined, or, the collar charged with three mullets, az.; **Sinister**, a leopard, ar. pelletée, ducally gorged and lined, or, therefrom a shield, pendent, ar. charged with two bars, sa. thereon four escallops, or.

*Motto*—Stare super vias antiquas.

*Residence*—Brome Rectory, Eye, Suffolk.

*Seat*—Honingham Hall, Norwich.

**BEAUCHAMP, EARL**, (John-Reginald Pindar,) Viscount Elmley, and Baron Beauchamp, of Powyke, in the county of Worcester, assumed, by royal permission, 22nd October, 1813, the surname and arms of Pindar only, instead of those of his paternal family "Lygon;" *m.* 14th March, 1814, Charlotte, only daughter of John, first Earl of Clonmell, by whom he has no issue. His lordship *s.* to the honors as third earl, at the decease of his brother, 13th May, 1823.

### Lineage.

**RICHARD BEAUCHAMP**, second Lord Beauchamp, of Powyck (refer to *Burke's Extinct Peerage*) *m.* Eleanor, daughter of Sir Humphry Stafford, knt. and dying in 1406, when the dignity ceased, left three daughters, his co-heirs, viz.:

Elizabeth, *m.* to Sir Robert Willoughby, Lord Brooke.

Anne, of whom presently.

Margaret, *m.* to Richard Rede, esq. of Gloucestershire.

The second daughter,

THE HON. ANNE BEAUCHAMP, espoused Richard Lygon, esq. and had issue.

**SIR RICHARD LYGON**, knt. of Madresfield, in the county of Worcester, who *m.* Margaret daughter and heir of Mr. Justice Greville, of the court of common-pleas, and was *s.* by his son,

**RICHARD LYGON**, esq. of Madresfield. This gentleman *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir Thomas Russel, knt. of Strensham, in the county of Worcester, and dying in 1584, was *s.* by his son,

**SIR WILLIAM LYGON**, of Madresfield, whose grandson,



WILLIAM LYGON, esq. of Madresfield, m. 7th August, 1688, Margaret, daughter and heir of Thomas Corbyn, esq. of Halland, in the county of Warwick, by whom he had three sons, who left no issue to survive, and a daughter.

MARGARET LYGON, who m. first, Reginald Pindar, esq. of Kempley, in the county of Gloucester, and secondly, — Biddulph, esq. of Ledburgh, in the county of Hereford. By her first husband she had three sons, the eldest of whom,

REGINALD PINDAR, esq. becoming heir to the Madresfield property, assumed the surname of Lygon. He m. Susannah, daughter of William Hammer, esq. of Battisfield, in the county of Flint; by whom he had one daughter, Elizabeth, who m. the Hon. John Yorke, third son of Lord Chancellor Hardwicke; and one son, his successor, at his decease, in 1788.

WILLIAM LYGON, esq. This gentleman represented the county of Worcester for thirty years in parliament, and only retired upon being elevated to the peerage, 26th of February, 1806, by the title of *Baron Beauchamp, of Powyke, in the county of Worcester*. His lordship was advanced to the dignities of *Viscount Elmley* and *EARL OF BEAUCHAMP*, on the 1st Dec. 1815. He m. Miss Denn, only daughter of James Denn, esq. and had issue,

WILLIAM BEAUCHAMP, his successor,  
JOHN REGINALD, present earl.

Henry, colonel, M.P.; m. in July, 1824, Susannah-Caroline, daughter of William, second Earl of St. Germans, and has issue,

1. WILLIAM, b. 1828. 2. Henry, b. 1829.

3. Frederick, b. 1830. 4. Felicia-Susan. Edward Pindar, colonel in the army, C.B. and K.S.W.

Emma-Susannah, m. to George-William, Viscount Deerhurst, and d. in 1810.

Sophia-Margaret, m. to Sir Charles E. Kent, bart.

Jemima-Catherine-Louisa.

Georgiana-Emma-Charlotte, m. to the Earl of Longford.

Emily-Esther-Anne, m. to Lloyd-Bamford Hesket, esq.

His lordship d. 21st October, 1816, and was s. by his eldest son,

WILLIAM BEAUCHAMP, second earl; at whose decease, unmarried, in May, 1823, the honors devolved upon his brother, JOHN REGINALD, present earl.

*Creations*—Baron, 26th February, 1806. Viscount and Earl, 1st December, 1815.



*Arms*—Gu. a chev. engr. or, between three lions' heads, erased, ar. ducally crowned gold.

*Crest*—A lion's head, as in the arms.

*Supporters*—Dexter, a bear, ppr. muzzled, collared, and chained, or; Sinister, a swan, ar. wings elevated, gu. beaked and legged, sa. gorged with a ducal coronet, and lined, or; on the breast of each supporter, suspended from the collar and coronet, a shield, gu. charged with a fesse, between six martlets, gold.

*Motto*—Ex fide fortis.

*Town Residence*—27, Portman-square.

*Seat*—Madresfield-court, Worcestershire.

BEAUFORT, DUKE OF, (Henry-Charles Somerset, D.C.L.) Marquess of Worcester, Earl of Glamorgan, Viscount Grosmont, Baron Herbert of Chepstow and Ragland, Baron Gower, Baron Beaufort, of Caldecot Castle, and Baron de Bottetourt; Knight of the most illustrious order of the Garter, lord-lieutenant and custos rotulorum of the Counties of Gloucester, Monmouth, and Brecon, receiver of rents of the county of Monmouth, constable of St. Briaval's Castle, warden of the forest of Dean, and colonel of the Monmouthshire militia; b. 22nd December, 1766; m. 16th May, 1791, Charlotte-Leveson, daughter of Granville, first Marquess of Stafford, by whom he has issue,

HENRY, *Marquess of Worcester*, M.P. a major in the army, b. 8th February, 1792; m. first, 1814, Georgiana-Frederica, daughter of the Hon. Henry-Fitzroy, by whom (who d. 11th May, 1821,) he has issue,  
Augusta. Georgiana.

His lordship espoused secondly, 29th June, 1822, Emily-Frances, daughter of Charles Culling Smith, esq. and has issue,

HENRY, Earl of Glamorgan, b. Feb. 1824. Emily-Blanche-Charlotte. Rose-Caroline-Mary.  
— (a daughter).

Granville-Charles-Henry, M.P. b. 22nd Dec. 1792; m. 27th July, 1822, Emily, daughter of Lord Carrington, and has issue,

Granville-Robert-Henry, b. 7th Jan. 1824.  
— (a son), b. in 1829.

Emily-Catherine-Anne.

— (daughter).

Charlotte-Sophia, m. 12th August, 1823, to the Hon. Frederick Calthorpe.

Elizabeth-Susan, m. first, Lord Edward O'Brien, (who d. in 1824,) and secondly, 11th Nov. 1829, Major-General James Orde. Georgiana-Augusta, m. in 1825, to the Hon. Granville-Dudley Ryder.

Susan-Caroline, m. 11th May, 1830, to the Marquess of Cholmondeley.

Louisa-Elizabeth.

Isabella-Anne, m. 18th April, 1828, to Thomas-Henry Kingscote, esq. of Kingscote, in the county of Gloucester, and d. 4th Feb. 1831.

Blanche.

Mary-Octavia.

His grace s. to the honors, as sixth duke, upon the demise of his father, 11th October, 1803.

### Lineage.

This family deduces its pedigree illegitimately from a branch of the house of Plantagenet, being lineally descended from John of Gaunt, Duke of Lancaster, son of Edward III, who caused all his natural children, (afterwards legitimatised to all intents but that of succession to the crown,) by Catherine Swinford, daughter of Sir Payn Roet, alias Guyn, King of Arms, and widow of Sir Otes Swinford, kn. (to whom he was eventually married,) to be called Beaufort, from the castle of that name, in the county of Anjou, the place of their nativity; which castle came, in the year 1276, to the house of Lancaster, by the marriage of Blanche, daughter of Robert, the first count of Artois, and widow of Henry I. King of Navarre, with Edmund, surnamed Crouchback, Earl of Lancaster, second son of King Henry III. of England. Of the three sons of John of Gaunt, born before marriage of Catherine Swinford,

HENRY, the second son, was consecrated Bishop of Winchester in 1403. He was the celebrated CARDINAL BEAUFORT, and LORD CHANCELLOR OF ENGLAND.

Thomas, the youngest son, was created Earl of Dorset and Duke of Exeter, but left no issue at his decease in 1427.

The eldest son,

JOHN BEAUFORT, was created Earl of Somerset in 1396, and in two years afterwards, Marquess of Dorset and Duke of Somerset, but of those latter dignities he was afterwards deprived. In 1406 he was appointed Lord Chamberlain for life, made a Knight of the Garter, and nominated Captain of Calais. From this nobleman we pass to his lineal descendant,

HENRY, third Duke of Somerset, K.G. who, falling into the hands of the Yorkists, at the battle of Hexham, was beheaded 3rd April, 1463, leaving an illegitimate son, by Joan Hill,

CHARLES SOMERSET, of whom presently, And was s. in his honors by his brother,

EDMUND, fourth duke, who shared a similar fate, 7th May, 1471, and dying issueless, as did his younger brother, the male line of John of Gaunt terminated, as well the descendants of Catherine Swinford, as of his first wife Blanche, mother of King Henry IV.

CHARLES SOMERSET, mentioned above as the illegitimate son of Henry Beaufort, third Duke of Somerset, being a person of extraordinary endowments, was nominated to several of the most important diplomatic missions; and subsequently created a knight banneret, dignified with the order of the Garter, and appointed captain of the guards, A.D. 1496. Sir Charles obtained in marriage Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of William Herbert, Earl of Huntingdon, Lord Herbert of Ragland, Chepstow, and Gower; in whose right he assumed the title of Lord Herbert,

and was summoned to parliament as such, in the first year of King Henry VIII. His lordship was nominated Lord Chamberlain for life, as a reward for the distinguished part he had in the taking of Therrouenne and Tournay; and was created *Earl of Worcester*, 2nd February, 1513-14. The Earl had two wives, besides the heiress of Huntingdon; namely, Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas West, Lord de la Warr, by whom he had several children; and Eleanor, daughter of Sir Edward Sutton, Lord Dudley, by whom he had no issue. His Lordship d. 15th April, 1526, and was s. by the only son of his first marriage,

HENRY, second Earl of Worcester, who had received the honor of knighthood, during the French campaign, from Charles Brandon, Duke of Suffolk. His lordship m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Anthony Browne, standard-bearer to King Henry VII. and dying, 26th November, 1549, was s. by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, third Earl, K.G. This nobleman was sent into France, in 1573, with a font of pure gold, for the baptismal ceremony of a daughter of Charles IX. of that kingdom; at which he was to stand, in the Queen of England's stead, as one of the sponsors. His lordship m. Christian, daughter of Edward North, Lord North, of Cathlodge, and dying 21st February, 1589, was s. by his only son,

EDWARD, fourth Earl, K.G. His Lordship m. Elizabeth, daughter of Francis, Earl of Huntingdon, by whom he had several children; of which Thomas, the third son, was made knight of the Bath, 1604-8, and created, 8th December, 1620, *Vicount Somerset, of Cashel, in the county of Tipperary*. The Earl d. 3rd March, 1627-8, and was s. by his eldest surviving son,

HENRY, fifth Earl, who had been summoned, in the life-time of his father, to the first parliament of King James I. This nobleman took a decided part in favour of King Charles I. and maintained his castle of Ragland, with a garrison of eight hundred men, without levying any contributions upon the country, from 1642 to 1646, and only surrendered it, eventually, to Sir Thomas Fairfax, upon most honorable conditions. This castle was amongst the last places in England upon whose battlements the royal banner bade defiance to treason; but, after its capitulation, it was demolished, and the timber in the surrounding parks cut down and sold by the committee of sequestration; occasioning a loss to the noble proprietor, moderately estimated at one hundred thousand pounds. The earl was advanced to the dignity of MARQUESS OF WORCESTER, 2nd November, 1642. He m. Anne, only child of John, Lord Russel; and, dying in 1646, was s. by his eldest son,

EDWARD, second Marquess. This nobleman, like his father, attaching himself zealously to the royal cause, was appointed, by King Charles I. lord-lieutenant of North Wales, and addressed by his Majesty as *Earl of Glamorgan*, until he succeeded in his heritable honors. King Charles is charged with deputing this lord ("whose religion," says Lord Clarendon, "was of that sort

of catholics the people rendered them odious, by accusing to be most jesuited") to negotiate with the Irish rebel catholics, and to bring over a great body of them for the King's service. The parliament complained. The king disavowed the earl. But this mysterious affair has been treated at great length by Doctor Birch; and the doctor strenuously asserts, that the King was privy to the negotiation. The Marquess of Worcester left behind him a literary work, entitled "A century of the names and scoundings of such inventions, as at present I can call to mind to have tried and perfected, which (my former notes being lost) I have, at the instance of a powerful friend, endeavoured now, in the year 1655, to set these down in such a way as may sufficiently instruct me to put any of them to practice." First printed in 1663. His lordship *m.* first Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Dormer, *knt.* by whom he had

HENRY, Lord Herbert, and two daughters.

His lordship espoused secondly, Margaret, daughter of Henry O'Brien, Earl of Thomond, but had no surviving issue. He *d.* 3rd April, 1667, and was *s.* by his son,

HENRY, third Marquess, who was created DUKE OF BEAUFORT, 2nd December, 1682. His grace, refusing to subscribe to the oaths of allegiance to King William, lived in retirement after the accession of that monarch. His grace *m.* Mary, daughter of Arthur, Lord Capel, widow of Henry, Lord Beauchamp, by whom he had five sons and four daughters; of the former, the eldest three attained maturity,

CHARLES, Marquess of Worcester, *m.* Rebecca, daughter of Sir Josiah Child, of Wanstead, in the county of Essex, and sister of Richard, Earl Tilney, and had surviving issue, HENRY.

Henrietta, *m.* in 1713, to Charles, Duke of Grafton.

His lordship *d.* in the lifetime of his father, 13th July, 1690, from the effects of a fall in jumping from his carriage.

The Duke *d.* 21st January, 1690, and was *s.* by his grandson,

HENRY, second duke, K.G., *b.* 2nd April, 1684. His grace *m.* first, in 1702, Mary, only daughter of Charles Sackville, Earl of Dorset, by whom he had no surviving issue. He espoused, secondly, in 1707, Rachael, second daughter, and co-heir of, Baptist Noel, Earl of Gainsborough, by whom he had,

HENRY, Marquess of Worcester.  
Charles-Noel.

The Duke *m.* thirdly, Mary, youngest daughter of Peregrine Osborne, Duke of Leeds, but had no issue. His Grace *d.* 24th May, 1714, and was *s.* by his elder son,

HENRY, third duke, who *m.* 28th June, 1720, Frances, only child and heir of Sir James Scudamore, of Home Lacy, in the county of Hereford, Viscount Scudamore, in the peerage of Ireland, from whom he was divorced in 1743-4. (The lady *m.* subsequently Charles Fitzroy, natural son of

the first Duke of Grafton; by whom she left one daughter, Frances, heiress to the Scudamore estates, who *m.* Charles, late Duke of Norfolk.) The duke dying without issue, 24th February, 1745-6, the honors devolved upon his brother,

CHARLES-NOEL, fourth duke. His grace *m.* 1st May, 1740, Elizabeth, daughter of John Berkeley, esq. of Stoke Gifford, in the county of Gloucester, and sister of Norborne, Lord Bottetourt, whose barony her grace inherited; by whom he had issue, one son and five daughters. The duke *d.* 28th Oct. 1756, and was *s.* by his only son,

HENRY, fifth duke, LL.D.; *b.* 16th October, 1744; *m.* 2nd April, 1776, Elizabeth, daughter of the Hon. Admiral Boscawen, of whom he had issue,

HENRY-CHARLES, the present duke.

Charles-Henry, *b.* 12th December, 1767, a general officer in the army, and colonel of the first West India regiment; *m.* in June, 1786, Elizabeth, fourth daughter of the late (second) Viscount Courtenay, by whom (who *d.* in 1815) he had issue,

Henry, an officer of rank in the army, *b.* 30th December, 1794, *m.* 1st April, 1817, Frances-Sarah, daughter of Admiral Sir Henry Heathcote, and has issue.

Plantagenet, in holy orders.

Elizabeth, *m.* to Colonel Wyndham.

Georgina.

Charlotte, *m.* to Herbert Cornwall, esq. Lord Charles Somerset espoused secondly, 9th August, 1821, Mary, second daughter of John, fourth Earl Poulett, by whom he left issue at his decease, 20th February, 1830, Poulett-George.

Mary-Sophia.

Augusta-Anne.

Norborne-Berkeley-Henry, *b.* 4th May, 1771.

Robert-Edward-Henry, *b.* in December, 1776, a lieutenant-general in the army, K.C.B. K.T.S. and K.S.W.; *m.* in 1805, Louisa-Augusta, youngest daughter of the late Viscount Courtenay, who *d.* in 1823, leaving issue.

Arthur-John-Henry, *b.* in 1780, *m.* in 1808, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the late Viscount Falmouth, and sister of the present earl. Lord Arthur *d.* in 1816, leaving issue.

William-George-Henry, in holy orders, prebendary of Bristol, *b.* in September, 1784; *m.* in 1813, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Major-general Molyneux, and has issue.

John-Thomas-Henry, a field officer in the army, *b.* in August, 1787; *m.* in December, 1814, Catherine, daughter of the late Earl of Mountnorris, and has issue.

Fitzroy-James-Henry, a major-general in the army, K.C.B. and M.P.; *m.* in August, 1814, Emily-Harriet, second daughter of Lord Maryborough, and has issue.

Elizabeth, *m.* in 1790, to the Very Rev. Charles Talbot, D.D. who *d.* 28th February, 1823.

Frances-Elizabeth.

Harriet-Isabella, *m.* in 1804, to Colonel Mitchell, who *d.* —

His grace obtained a confirmation of the *Barony of Bottetourt*, by patent, dated 4th June, 1803. He *d.* 11th October, 1803.

*Creations*—Baron Herbert, of Ragley, Chesham, and Gower, 26th November, 1506. Earl of Worcester, 2nd February, 1513-14. Marquess of Worcester, 2nd November, 1642. Duke of Beaufort, 2nd December, 1682. Baron Bottetourt, with precedence of original writ of summons to his maternal ancestor, in 1307; confirmed 4th June, 1803.



*Arms*—Quarterly, France and England, within a bordure, compony, ar. and az.

*Crest*—A portcullis, or, nailed, as. with chains pendant thereto, gold.

*Supporters*—*Dexter*, a panther, ar. spotted of various colours, fire issuant from the mouth and ears, *ppr.* gorged with a plain collar, and chained, or; *Sinister*, a wivern, wings endorsed, vert, holding in the mouth a sinister hand, couped at the wrist, gu.

*Motto*—Mutare vel timere sperno.

*Town Residence*—5, Grosvenor-square.

*Seats*—Troy House, Monmouthshire; Heythorpe House, Oxon; and Worcester Lodge, Gloucestershire.

**BEAUMONT, SIR GEORGE-HOWLAND-WILLOUGHBY**, bart., of Staughton Grange, in the county of Leicester; *b.* 16th December, 1799, *s.* to the title, as seventh baronet, upon the demise of his cousin, 7th February, 1827; *m.* 16th June, 1825, Mary-Anne, eldest daughter of his grace, the most Reverend William Howley, D. D. Archbishop of Canterbury, and has surviving issue;

George Howland, *b.* 12th September, 1828.

William Beresford, *b.* 31st March, 1831.

### Lineage.

This very ancient family deduces its pedigree paternally from the old monarchs of France, and maternally from Henry III., King of England. The surname of Beaumont was derived from a city in France, formerly the title of a viscounty; the heiress of which honor and seigneury, Agnes, marrying Lewis, second son of Charles, King

of Jerusalem and Sicily, younger brother of Lewis IX., King of France, brought to the prince that inheritance. The fourth son of this illustrious connexion,

HENRY BEAUMONT, came from France into England, according to general supposition, at the instance of Queen Eleanor, wife of King Edward I., and bore many eminent employments in the state, for which he acquired considerable territorial grants. This eminent person, who was brother of Isabel, wife of John, Lord Vespi, of Alnewicke, is styled in our records, "*Consanguinitus Regis*;" and, amongst his other high offices, he was made King of the Isle of Man, for life, by the same tenure that its lords usually held it under the kings of Scotland. He was likewise summoned to parliament as a Baron, on 4th March, 1309, and sworn of the privy-council. His Lordship *m.* Alice, daughter and at length heir of Alexander Comin, Earl of Bogan, in whose right he became constable of Scotland, and obtained the manor of Whitwicke, in Leicestershire, where he was licensed to convert the manor house into a castle. Lord Beaumont *d.* in 1340, and from him we pass to his great grandson,

JOHN BEAUMONT, fourth lord, K. G. summoned to parliament from 20th August, 1383 to 13th Nov. 1393. This nobleman *m.* first Katherine, daughter and heiress of Sir Thomas Everingham, of Caxton, and had issue,

HENRY, who *s.* as fifth Lord Beaumont.

Thomas, of whom presently.

Richard.

Lord Beaumont *m.* secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Mowbray, Earl Marshall, widow of Nicholas, Lord Audley, of Heleigh (which lady espoused, after his lordship's decease, Michael de la Pole, Earl of Suffolk.) His lordship's second son,

THOMAS BEAUMONT, being Lord of Boqueriville, and Captain of Galliarde, was retained with John Plantagenet, Duke of Bedford, Regent of France, to serve in the French wars. He *m.* in 1458, Phillipe, daughter and heiress of Sir Thomas Maureward, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN BEAUMONT, esq. who resided at Overton. This gentleman was slain, in 1459, with his cousin, John, Viscount Beaumont, at the battle of Northampton; leaving issue, by Joan, daughter of John, Lord Darcy, two sons, the younger of whom,

GEORGE BEAUMONT, esq. *m.* Joan, daughter and heiress of Sir Thomas Paucefoot of Northall, in the county of Gloucester, and dying in the 22nd Henry VIII., was *s.* by his son,

WILLIAM BEAUMONT, esq. who *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir William Basset, of Blore, in the county of Stafford, by whom he had several children, of whom Anthony, the third son, was father of Mary, who *m.* Sir Charles Villiers, knt. and was created, after the decease of her husband, Countess of Buckingham, she was mother of John Villiers Viscount Purbeck; Christopher Villiers, Earl of Anglesey; and George Villiers, Duke of Buckingham.

Mr. Beaumont was *s.* by his eldest son,

## BEA

RICHARD BEAUMONT, esq. who *d.* in 1539, and was *s.* by his son.

NICHOLAS BEAUMONT, esq. M.P. for the county of Leicester, temp. Elizabeth. This gentleman *m.* Anne, daughter of William Saunders, esq. of Welford, in the county of Northampton, by whom he had, with other issue,

Henry, (Sir) who presented a petition to King James I., praying the revival in his favor of the viscounty of Beaumont, forfeited by the attainder of John Viscount Beaumont, who was slain at the battle of Northampton, fighting under the banner of Lancaster, but without success. Sir Henry married Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Thomas Lewis, esq. and was *s.* by his only son,

THOMAS, who was created a baronet in 1619, and afterwards elevated to the peerage of Ireland, as VISCOUNT BEAUMONT, dignities that expired with his grandson

THOMAS, third viscount 11th June, 1792, who dying *s. p.* bequeathed his estates to his cousin,

SIR GEORGE BEAUMONT, bart. of whom hereafter.

Thomas.

The youngest son,

SIR THOMAS BEAUMONT, knt. *m.* Catharine, daughter and heiress of Thomas Farnham, esq. of Stoughton Grange, and thereby acquired that estate. Sir Thomas had several children, of whom Elizabeth, *m.* first, Sir John Ashburnham, and secondly, Sir Thomas Richardson, knt. chief justice of the common-pleas; and was created BARONESS OF CRAMOND, in the peerage of Scotland. Sir Thomas Beaumont *d.* in 1614, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR HENRY BEAUMONT, knt. of Stoughton Grange, who with the other royalists, was obliged, under the commonwealth, to compound for his estates. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Turpin, of Knaptoft, by the Hon. Elizabeth Fiennes, daughter of Lord Say, and dying in 1646, was *s.* by his eldest son,

1. THOMAS BEAUMONT, esq. of Stoughton Grange, in the county of Leicester, who was created a baronet 21st February, 1690. Sir Thomas *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Nicholas Trott, knt. of Quickswood, in the county of Hertford, and had with other issue,

HENRY, his successor.

THOMAS, in holy orders.

WILLIAM, of Great Dunmow, Essex, *m.* Jane, dau. of John Watts, esq. of Leicestershire, and had two sons, the elder of whom,

WILLIAM, *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of William Jordain, esq. of Charlton, in Surrey, by whom he had (with two daughters,)

GEORGE, who *s.* as sixth baronet. William.

THOMAS, whose son

THOMAS, of Buckland, in the county of Surrey, *m.* Bridget, youngest

## BEA

daughter of the Rev. William Davie, and niece of Sir John Davie, of Creedry, and had issue,

GEORGE HOWLAND BEAUMONT, who *s.* as eighth and present BARONET.

Sir Thomas was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,

2. SIR HENRY, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of George Farmer, esq. prothonotary of the common-pleas, and dying in 1688, was *s.* by his son,

3. SIR THOMAS. This gentleman dying without issue in 1690, the title devolved upon his bother,

4. SIR GEORGE, M.P. for Leicester, who succeeded, as already stated, by will to the estates (Cole Orton, &c.) of Thomas, third and last Viscount Beaumont, and dying unmarried in 1737, he bequeathed his paternal estate at Stoughton, to his three surviving sisters, and his nephew, William Busby, esq. while the property of Lord Beaumont and the baronetcy devolved upon his brother,

5. SIR LEWIS, in holy orders. This gentleman *d.* without issue, 23d of December, 1738, and was *s.* by his cousin, (refer to William, third son of Sir Thomas, first baronet.)

6. SIR GEORGE, who *m.* 20th March, 1751, Rachael, daughter of — Howland, esq. and dying in 1762, was *s.* by his only son,

7. SIR GEORGE-HOWLAND, D.C.L. and F.S.A. This gentleman *m.* Margaret, daughter of John Willes, esq. and granddaughter of lord-chief-justice Willes, (her ladyship *d.* 14th July, 1829,) but dying without issue in 1826, the title devolved upon his cousin, GEORGE-HOWLAND-WILLOUGHBY BEAUMONT, the present baronet (revert to descendants of William, third son of the first baronet.)

*Creation*—21st of February, 1690.



*Arms*—Az. semée of fleurs-de-lis, a lion rampant, or.

*Crest*—On a chapeau, az. semée of fleurs-de-lis, turned up, erm. a lion passant of the second.

*Motto*—Erectus, non elatus.

*Seat*—Cole Horton-hall, Leicestershire.

BECHER-WRIXON, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Ballygiblin, in the county of Cork, so created in September, 1831; *m.* in December, 1819, Miss O'NEILL, the very celebrated actress, and has issue,

HENRY.

John.

William.

Mary.  
Elizabeth.

Sir William assumed, by sign-manual, in obedience to the testamentary injunction of his uncle, from whom he inherited an estate, the additional surname and arms of BECHER.

### Lineage.

The BECHERS settled in Ireland in the reign of Elizabeth; and the baronet has a pedigree in his possession, tracing his ancestors in that line, to Sir Eustace Debridgescourt, who came from Hainault, with Philippa, queen-consort of Edward the Third, in 1328. Sir William Wrixon-Becher is son of the present William Wrixon, esq. and nephew of the late Countess of Listowell.

*Creation*—16th September, 1831.

*Arms*—The armorial ensigns of this gentleman being as yet unregistered at the Herald's College, cannot be inserted in this place, but will be found in the correcting page.

*Seats*—Ballygiblin, near Mallow, and Creagh, near Skibbereen, both in the county of Cork.

**BECKETT, THE RIGHT HONOURABLE SIR JOHN**, baronet, of Somerby Park, in the county of Lincoln, F. R. S. *m.* 20th January, 1817, lady Anne Lowther, fifth daughter of William, Earl of Lonsdale, K.G. Sir John, who is M.P. for Haslemere, inherited the title as second baronet, at the demise of his father, on 18th September, 1826.

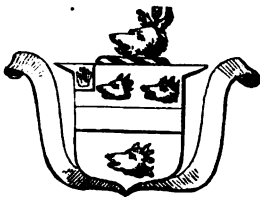
### Lineage.

1. JOHN BECKETT, esq. of Leeds, in the county of York, and of Somerby Park, in the county of Lincoln, was created a baronet 2nd November, 1813. Sir John *m.* in 1774, Mary, daughter of the Right Rev. Christopher (Wilson,) Lord Bishop of Bristol, by whom he had issue,

1. JOHN, present baronet.
2. Christopher, *b.* in 1777.
3. Thomas, *b.* in 1779.
4. Richard, slain at Talavera.
5. William.
6. Edward, *m.* Maria, daughter of William Beverley, of Beverley, esq.
7. Henry.
8. George, in holy orders.

He *d.* 18th September, 1826.

*Creation*—6th November, 1813.



*Arms*—Gu., a fesse between three boars' heads, couped, ermineois.

*Crest*—On a wreath of the colours, a boar's head couped, or, pierced by a cross patée, fitchée, erect, sa.

*Seat*—Somerby Park, Lincolnshire.

**BEDFORD, DUKE AND EARL OF**, (John Russell, F.S.A.) Marquess of Tavistock, Baron Russell, of Cheneys, in the county of Buckingham, Baron Russell, of Thornhaugh, in the county of Northampton, and Baron Howland, of Streatham, in the county of Surrey; recorder of Bedford; *b.* 6th July, 1766; *m.* 21st March, 1786, Georgiana-Elizabeth, second daughter of George, fourth Viscount Torrington, by whom he has three sons, viz.

FRANCIS, *Marquess of Tavistock*, *b.* 13th May, 1788; M.P. for the county of Bedford; *m.* in 1808, Anne-Maria, daughter of Charles, third Earl of Harrington, by whom he has issue,

William, Lord Russell, *b.* 1st July, 1809.  
George-William, a colonel in the army, and aid-de-camp to the king, *b.* 8th May, 1790; *m.* in 1817, Elizabeth-Anne, only child of the late Hon. Theophilus Rawdon, and niece of the late Marquess of Hastings, and has issue,

Francis-Charles, *b.* 16th October, 1819.

Arthur-John, *b.* 13th June, 1825.

— (a son,) *b.* 20th February, 1829.

John, *b.* in August, 1792, M.P. for the county of Devon, paymaster of the forces, and a member of the cabinet. Lord John Russell, long a strenuous supporter of reform in parliament, had the honor of introducing the ministerial measure to effect that object in 1831, which was received with so much enthusiasm by the people, and passed by a large majority of the house of commons, but rejected by the Lords.

Her ladyship dying 11th October, 1801, (before his Grace succeeded to the dukedom,) the Duke of Bedford, *m.* secondly, the 23rd of June, 1803, Georgiana, daughter of Alexander, fourth Duke of Gordon, and has issue of this marriage,

Wriothesley, in holy orders, *b.* 1804, *m.* 23rd June 1829, his cousin Elizabeth-Laura-Henrietta, youngest daughter of Lord William Russell.

Edward, *b.* 1805, R.N.

Charles-James-Fox, *b.* 1807.

Francis-John, *b.* 1808, R.N.

Henry, *b.* 1816.

Cosmo-George, *b.* 1817.

Alexander-George, *b.* 1821.

Georgiana, *b.* 1810.

Louisa, *b.* 1812.

Rachael, *b.* 1826.

His grace succeeded to the honours of his

illustrious family, as sixth duke, upon the demise of his patriotic and deeply lamented brother, Francis, unmarried, 2nd March, 1802.

### Lineage.

Amongst the British noblesse there is not a more illustrious house than that of Russell: the name is interwoven with the brightest achievements in the records of England, and it has been borne, at different periods, by statesmen, warriors, and patriots, as sage, as gallant, and as disinterested, as ever guided her councils, unfurled her banners, or bled for her freedom.

SIR RALPH RUSSELL, knt. son and heir of John Russell, constable of Corfe Castle, anno 1221, *m.* Isabel, one of the daughters and co-heirs of James de Newmarck, feudal baron of Newmarck and Derham, in the county of Dorset, and left, with other issue,

SIR WILLIAM RUSSELL, of Kingston Russell, Dorsetshire, M.P. in the 1st of Edward II. for the county of Southampton, who *m.* Jane, daughter of Robert Peverel, and was *s.* by his son,

SIR THEOBALD RUSSELL, who *m.* first, Eleanor, daughter of Ralph de Gorges, Baron Gorges, and heir of her brother, Ralph Gorges, by whom he had a son, RALPH, who assumed his maternal surname and arms, of GORGES. Sir Theobald Russell espoused, secondly, Eleanor, or Alice, daughter of John de la Tour, of Berwick, in the county of Dorset, by whom he was father of

WILLIAM RUSSELL, whose great grandson, JOHN RUSSELL, of Kingston Russell, *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of John Hering, and was father of

SIR JOHN RUSSELL, knt. speaker of the house of commons, in the 2nd and 10th of Henry VI. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of John Froxmere, and was *s.* by his elder son,

JAMES RUSSELL, who *m.* Alice, daughter and heiress of John Wyse, esq. and dying in the 1st year of Henry VIII. left two sons, the elder of whom,

JOHN RUSSELL, said to be one of the most accomplished gentlemen of the period in which he lived, resided at Berwick, about four miles from Bridport, in the county of Dorset, and obtained his introduction to court through one of those unexpected incidents which may be attributed solely to good fortune. In 21st of Henry VII. (1506,) Philip, Archduke of Austria, only son of the emperor Maximilian I. and husband of Johanna, daughter of Ferdinand and Isabel, King and Queen of Castile and Arragon, encountering a violent hurricane in his passage from Flanders to Spain, was forced to put on shore at Weymouth, whereupon Sir Thomas Trenchard, knt., who lived in the vicinity of the port, accommodated the prince in the best manner he was able, until such time as he had sent to acquaint the king with his highness's arrival; and inviting this Mr. Russell, who was his first cousin (nephew of his mother Alice Russell), and neighbour, and then recently returned from his travels, to wait upon

the archduke at his house, the prince was so pleased with that gentleman's conversation, that he desired he might enjoy his company to the court, then at Windsor, whither the king had invited the prince to come: in which journey, being much affected with his learned discourse and generous deportment, the archduke recommended Mr. Russell to the king; who thereupon was taken into great favor, and appointed one of the gentlemen of his majesty's privy-chamber. Mr. Russell becoming subsequently a favorite of King Henry VIII. and the companion of that monarch in his French wars, was nominated to several high and confidential stations, and finally elevated to the peerage, 9th March, 1538-9, in the dignity of *Lord Russell, Baron Russell, of Chenys, in the county of Buckingham*; and in the next year, 1540, when the great monasteries were dissolved, his lordship obtained a grant to himself, and his wife, and their heirs, of the site of the Abbey of Tavistock, and of extensive possessions belonging thereto. In the next reign, (Edward VI.) his lordship had a grant of the monastery of Woburn, &c. and 9th January, 1550, he was advanced to the EARLDOM OF BEDFORD. Upon the accession of Mary, the earl obtained a new patent, dated 3rd November, 1553, for the office of lord-privy-seal, and was appointed ambassador to Spain, to conduct her majesty's royal consort, Philip II. into England. His lordship, who was likewise a knight of the garter, *m.* Anne, daughter and heiress of Guy Sapcote, esq. and widow of Sir John Broughton, knt.; and dying 14th March, 1554-5, was *s.* by his only son,

FRANCIS, second earl, K.G. *b.* in 1528. This nobleman in the first year of Elizabeth was sworn of the privy-council, and he was subsequently a person of great eminence during her Majesty's reign. His lordship *m.* first, Margaret, daughter of Sir John St. John, and sister of Oliver, Lord St. John of Bletshoe, and had (with three daughters)

EDWARD, Lord Russell, who pre-deceased his father without issue.

JOHN, summoned to parliament after the decease of his brother, as LORD RUSSELL. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Anthony Cook, of Giddy Hall, in Essex, and widow of Sir Thomas Hobby, of Besham, Berks. by whom he left two daughters. ELIZABETH, who *d.* unmarried, and ANNE, who espoused Henry Lord Herbert.

FRANCIS (Sir), summoned to parliament, as LORD RUSSELL, *m.* Julian, daughter and co-heir of Sir John Foster, knt. by whom had an only son,

EDWARD, who *s.* as third EARL OF BEDFORD. WILLIAM (Sir), distinguished by his eminent services in Ireland, in the reign of Elizabeth. In 1580, Mr. Russell first commanded 150 horse there, which the clergy of England had raised, for the reduction of the Queen's rebellious subjects in that kingdom, and for his gallantry, received the honour of knighthood. Soon after this, we find him in the Low Countries, under Robert Dudley, Earl

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of Leicester. In 1594, Sir William was constituted Lord Deputy of Ireland, and for the two next years he was engaged against the rebels Tirden, and O'Maden. Upon the accession of King James I. he was elevated to the peerage, 21st July, 1603, as **BARON RUSSELL** of Thornhaugh, in the county of Northampton. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Henry Long, of Shengay, in Cambridgeshire, and left at his decease, 9th August, 1613,

**FRANCIS**, second Lord Russell, of Thornhaugh, who inherited as fourth **EARL OF BEDFORD**.

Francis, second Earl of Bedford, espoused, secondly, Bridget, daughter of John, Lord Hussey, and widow of Sir Richard Morison, *knt.* but had no issue. His lordship *d.* at Bedford House, in the Strand, 28th July, 1585, and was *s.* by his grandson,

**EDWARD**, third earl, who *m.* Lucy, daughter of John, Lord Harrington, and sister and heir of John, second Lord Harrington, but dying without issue, 3rd May, 1627, was *s.* by his cousin, (refer to William, fourth son of the second earl)

**THOMAS**, second Lord Russell, of Thornhaugh, as fourth **EARL OF BEDFORD**. His lordship *m.* Catherine, daughter and co-heiress of Giles Bridges, third Lord Chandos, by whom he had, with four daughters, four sons, *viz.*

**WILLIAM**, his successor.

Francis, *d. s. p.*

John, colonel in the civil wars, on the side of the king, and after the restoration, colonel of the 1st regiment of foot guards, *d.* unmarried.

**EDWARD**, *m.* Penelope, daughter of Sir Moses Hill, of Hillsborough, in Ireland, and widow of Sir William Brook, *K. B.* and was *s.* at his decease, by his eldest son,

**WILLIAM**, standard bearer to King Charles II. who *d.* unmarried, and was *s.* by his brother,

**EDWARD RUSSELL**, "who," says Burnet, "had been bred at sea, and was bed-chamberman to the king, (James II.) when Duke of York; but upon Lord Russell's death, retired from court. He was a man of much honour and great courage. He had good principles, and was firm to them." Strenuously supporting the revolution, he obtained high naval commands from the new king, and distinguished himself as one of the most eminent naval heroes of the period. He was rewarded with a peerage, 7th May, 1697, as *Baron Shingay, Viscount Barseleur, and Earl of Orford*. His lordship *m.* Lady Margaret Russell, youngest daughter of his father's brother, William, first Duke of Bedford, but *d.* in 1727, *s. p.* when the peerage became extinct.

His lordship (Francis, Earl of Bedford,) *d.* of the small pox, 9th May, 1641, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

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**WILLIAM**, fifth earl, who, at the restoration of King Charles II. carried St. Edward's sceptre; was elected a knight of the garter in 1672, and created, 11th May, 1694, *Marquess of Tavistock*, and **DUKE OF BEDFORD**. His grace *m.* Anne, daughter and sole heiress of Robert Carr, Earl of Somerset, by his too celebrated Countess, Frances Howard, the divorced wife of Essex. "Francis, Earl of Bedford," says Pennant, "was so averse to the alliance, that he gave his son leave to choose a wife out of any family but that. Opposition usually stimulates desire: the young couple's affections were only increased. At length the king interposed, and, sending the Duke of Lennox to urge the earl to consent, the match was brought about. Somerset, now reduced to poverty, acted a generous part, selling his house at Chiswick, plate, jewels, and furniture, to raise a fortune for his daughter, of 12,000*l.* which the Earl of Bedford demanded; saying that, since her affections were settled, he chose rather to undo himself than make her unhappy." The lady proved worthy the alliance she had formed. It is said that she was ignorant of her mother's dishonour, till informed of it by a pamphlet which she accidentally found; and it is added, that her ladyship was so struck with this detection of her parent's guilt, that she fell down in a fit, and was found senseless with the book open before her. His grace had issue, by this admirable woman, seven sons and three daughters; of whom, the eldest surviving son, was the celebrated

**WILLIAM, LORD RUSSELL**. This distinguished patriot, was first returned to parliament for the county of Bedford, in 1678-9. He was elected for the county of Southampton, and the county of Bedford. His lordship, who took an active part against the court, appeared publicly in the king's bench, at Westminster Hall, 16th June, 1689, and represented the Duke of York as a recusant, he subsequently carried up the Bill of Exclusion of his royal highness, at the head of more than 200 members of the Commons to the House of Lords. Thus incurring the hostility of the government; he soon fell a victim to his uncompromising patriotism. Being charged with participation in the Rye House conspiracy, his lordship was arraigned at the Old Bailey, 13th June, 1683, and convicted. He was executed by decapitation, at Lincoln's-inn-fields, 21st July following. Between his condemnation and death, Lord Cavendish offered to change clothes with his lordship in the prison, and thus enable him to effect his escape; but Lord Russell had too much magnanimity to expose his friend to so much danger. The attainder of his lordship was annulled after the revolution. He *m.* Lady Rachel Wriothesley, second daughter and eventual heir of Thomas, Earl of Southampton, lord high treasurer, and widow of Francis, Lord Vaughan, by whom he left

**WRIOTHESLEY**, who *s.* as second Duke of Bedford.



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Rachel, m. to William, Duke of Devonshire.

Catherine, m. to John, Marquess of Granby.

His grace dying 7th September, 1700, was s. by his grandson,

WRIOTHESLEY, second duke, K.G. This nobleman m. in 1695, Elisabeth, daughter and co-heiress of John Howland, of Streatham, by whom he acquired a very considerable fortune; and in consequence of his marriage, was created, 13th June, 1695, *Baron Howland, of Streatham, in the county of Surrey*; his grace had issue three sons and two daughters. He d. in May, 1711, and was s. by his eldest surviving son,

WRIOTHESLEY, third duke, who m. 1725, the Lady Anne Egerton, only daughter of Scroop, Duke of Bridgewater; but dying without issue, 22d October, 1732, the honours of the family devolved upon his brother,

JOHN, fourth duke and eighth earl, K.G. This nobleman was appointed, in 1756, lord-lieutenant of Ireland; and accredited, in 1762, minister-plenipotentiary to the court of France, in which character he signed, at Fontainebleau, the preliminaries of peace with France and Spain. His grace m. 11th October, 1731, Diana, youngest daughter of Charles, Earl of Sunderland, and granddaughter, maternally, of John, Duke of Marlborough, by whom (who d. 27th September, 1735) he had one son, who died in infancy. The duke m. secondly, in April, 1737, Gertrude, eldest daughter of John, first Earl Gower; by whom he had one son,

FRANCIS, *Marquess of Tavistock*, m. Lady Elizabeth Keppel, daughter of William, second Earl of Albemarle. His lordship was killed by a fall from his horse, 22nd March, 1767, and left issue,

FRANCIS, who s. as fifth duke.

JOHN, present duke.

William, M. P. for Tavistock, m. in 1780, Charlotte-Anne, eldest daughter of George, fourth Earl of Jersey, by whom (who d. in 1808) he has issue,

1. Francis, b. 7th March, 1793.
2. George, b. in April, 1795.
3. John, R.N. m. to Sophia, daughter of the late Colonel Cousmaker.
4. William, m. to Emma, daughter of Colonel J. Campbell.
5. Gertrude, m. to the Hon. H. G. Bennet.
6. Eliza, m. to Lord Wriothsley Russell.

His grace d. 15th January, 1771, and was succeeded by his grandson,

FRANCIS, fifth duke. This popular nobleman died at Woburn Abbey, deeply lamented, at the early age of thirty-seven, 2nd March, 1802. Rejecting the wild theories, which in his day endangered the sacred cause of freedom, the Duke of Bedford stood forward the hereditary champion of the constitution; prepared with equal fearlessness to repel the assaults of anarchy or of despotism. In private life his grace's deportment was so

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mild, benevolent, and courteous, that his friends, amongst the most devoted of whom was CHARLES JAMES FOX, adhered to him with more than ordinary feelings of attachment—their affection amounted to enthusiasm. His grace died unmarried; and the honors and representation of the house of RUSSELL passed to his brother JOHN, the present duke.

*Creation*—Baron, 9th March, 1538-9. Earl 9th January, 1549-50. Baron Russell, of Thornhaugh, 21st July, 1603. Duke and Marquess, 11th May, 1604. Baron Howland, 13th June, 1695.



*Arms*—Ar. a lion rampant, gu. on a chief, sa. three escallopes of the first.

*Crest*—A goat, passant, ar. armed, or.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a lion; SINISTER, an antelope, both gu. the latter ducally gorged and lined, or, armed and hooved gold.

*Motto*—Che sara sara.

*Town Residence*—8, Belgrave-square.

*Seats*—Woburn Abbey, in the county of Bedford; Thorney, in the Isle of Ely; Cheneya, in the county of Bucks; Bedford House, Exeter; Tavistock House, Devon; and Streatham, Surrey.

**BEDINGFELD-PASTON, SIR HENRY-RICHARD**, baronet, of Oxburgh Hall, in the county of Norfolk; b. 10th May, 1800; s. to the title, as sixth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 22nd November, 1829; m. 30th August, 1826, Margaret, only child and heiress of Edward Paston, esq. (last of the Pastons, of Paston, &c. Earls of Yarmouth, an earldom that expired for want of a male heir, in 1752), by whom he has issue,

HENRY-GEORGE, b. 21st June, 1830.

Matilda-Charlotte, b. 15th October, 1827.

Sir Henry assumed by sign-manual the additional surname and arms of PASTON, 16th April, 1830.

### Lineage.

The family of Bedingfield deduces its lineage from the era of the Conquest, through an uninterrupted line of distinguished ancestors; and it ranks amongst the first houses in England which continue to adhere to the Roman Catholic faith. The founder of the family, according to the pedigree in the history of Norfolk, was

**OGENUS DE PUERS**, a Norman knight, and fellow-soldier of Duke William; who obtained, after the Conquest, the manor of Bedingfeld, in the county of Norfolk, from which he assumed the surname now enjoyed by his descendants.

**SIR EDMUND BEDINGFELD**, knt. *m.* Margaret, daughter of Sir Robert Tuddenham, knt. and sister and co-heiress of Robert de Tuddenham, by whom with other extensive possessions, he acquired the lordship of **OXBURGH**, in the county of Norfolk, which has continued ever since the chief seat of the family. Sir Edmund *d.* in 1446, and was *s.* by his only son,

**THOMAS BEDINGFELD**, esq. whose great-grand-son,

**SIR HENRY BEDINGFELD**, knt. was one of the first upon the death of Edward VI. who came to the assistance of Queen Mary, with 140 men completely armed, when her majesty was at Framlingham castle, in Suffolk. After the accession of the queen, Sir Edward was made knight-marshal of her army, captain of the guards, and governor of the tower of London; he was also sworn of the privy council. He *m.* Catherine, daughter of Sir Roger Townshend, one of the judges of the court of common-pleas, and dying in 1583, was *s.* by his eldest son,

**EDMUND BEDINGFELD**, esq. whose grandson, **SIR HENRY BEDINGFELD**, knt. *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of William Howard, of Naworth castle, in Cumberland, ancestor of the Earls of Carlisle, by whom he had a son, Thomas, who *d. s. p.* in 1679. Sir Henry espoused, secondly, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Peter Houghton, esq. of Houghton Tower, in the county of Lancaster, an alderman of London. Sir Henry, who was an active and zealous royalist during the civil wars, was made prisoner, and committed to the tower, and died soon after his release in 1750, when he was *s.* by his only surviving son,

1. **HENRY BEDINGFELD**, of Oxburgh Hall, in the county of Norfolk. This gentleman having laid before King Charles II. after the restoration, an estimate of the losses sustained by the family, amounting to 47,104*l.* 18*s.* 8*d.* was replied to by the monarch, that it was too great a sum for him to recompense: to which Mr. Bedingfeld answered, that all he begged of his majesty was, that he might hope, for the future, to enjoy, in tranquillity, the small part of his fortune that remained. To soften, however, the asperity of this unmerited refusal, the dignity of baronet was conferred upon him, 2nd January, 1660-1. Sir Henry *m.* Margaret, daughter and heiress of Edward Paston, esq. of Appleton, in the county of Norfolk, and dying the 6th of February, 1684-5, was *s.* by his son,

2. **SIR HENRY**: this gentleman *m.* first, Anne, only daughter and heiress of Charles, Viscount Andover, afterwards Earl of Berkshire, but had no issue. He espoused, secondly, Elizabeth, youngest daughter of Sir John Arundell, of Langhearn, in Cornwall, bart. and dying 14th September, 1704, was *s.* by his only son,

3. **SIR HENRY-ARUNDELL**. This gentleman had six sons and two daughters, by his wife, Elizabeth,

eldest daughter of Charles, Earl of Burlington, and dying, 15th July, 1700, was *s.* by his fifth and eldest surviving son,

4. **SIR RICHARD**, *b.* 14th September, 1726; *m.* 30th March, 1761, Mary, only daughter of Anthony Brown, Viscount Montague, and dying 27th March, 1795, was *s.* by his only son,

5. **SIR RICHARD**, *b.* 23rd August, 1767; *m.* 17th June, 1795, Charlotte-Georgiana, daughter of Sir William Jerningham, bart. of Cossey, in the county of Norfolk, and sister of George, present Lord Stafford, (this lady has obtained from the king the precedence of a baron's daughter) by whom he had issue,

**HENRY**, present baronet.

Charles-Richard, *b.* in September, 1803, in the Austrian service.

Edward-Richard, a midshipman, lost at sea, in 1823.

Felix-Richard, *b.* in 1808.

Frances-Charlotte, *m.* in 1815, to William, Lord Petre, and *d.* in 1822.

Matilda-Mary, *m.* to George-Stanley Carey, esq. of Fullerton, Devonshire.

Agnes-Mary, *m.* in 1823, to Thomas-Molyneux Sale, esq. of Bolton Park, Lancashire.

Charlotte-Elizabeth, a nun in the convent of the English Austins, at Bruges.

Sir Richard *d.* 22nd November, 1820.

*Creation*—2nd January, 1660-1.



*Arms of Bedingfeld*—Ermine, an eagle displayed, gu.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a demi-eagle, wings expanded, gu.

*Motto*—Despicio terram solem contemplor.

*Seats*—Oxburgh Hall, and Appleton, both in the county of Norfolk.

*Note*—The Bedingfelds have, as a badge, a fetter-lock, (the badge of the house of York,) granted to them by Edward IV.

**BEEVOR, SIR THOMAS-BRANTHWAYT**, baronet, of Hethel, in the county of Norfolk; *b.* in April, 1798; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 10th December, 1820; *m.* in December, 1819, Elizabeth-Bridget, daughter of Richard Lubbock, M. D. of Norwich, and has issue,

**THOMAS**, *b.* in August, 1823.

Elizabeth-Bridget.

**Lineage.**

1. **THOMAS BEEVOR**, esq. eldest son of Thomas Beevor, esq. of Norwich, and his wife — daughter of John Sharpe, esq. of the same place, was created a baronet on the 20th December, 1783; he m. Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Miles Branthwayt, esq. of Hethel, by whom he had issue five sons and two daughters. Sir Thomas d. in 1814, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

2. **SIR THOMAS**, who m. in 1795, Anne, daughter and sole heiress of Hugh Hare, esq. of Harpham, in the county of Norfolk, by whom he had issue, **THOMAS**, present baronet.

Mary-Anne, m. to Isaac Preston, esq. and d. in 1825.

Juliana-Betina, m. in 1816, to the Rev. Henry Howard.

Sir Thomas d. in 1820.

*Creation*—20th December, 1783.



*Arms*—Per pale, or and ar. on a chief, indented, sa. three lions, rampant, of the first.

*Crest*—A beaver, passant, ppr.

*Seat*—Hethel, Norfolk.

**BELHAVEN AND STENTON, BARON**, (Robert-Montgomery Hamilton,) in the peerage of Scotland, and Baron Hamilton, of Wishaw, in that of the United Kingdom B. E. L. b. in 1793; succeeded to the Scottish dignity, as eighth baron, upon the demise of his father, 29th October, 1814; obtained the peerage of the United Kingdom, by letters patent, dated September, 1831. His lordship m. in December, 1815, Hamilton, daughter of Walter Campbell, esq. of Shawfield.

Lord Belhaven is his Majesty's high-commissioner to the general assembly of the Church of Scotland.

**Lineage.**

**JOHN HAMILTON**, of Broomhill, natural brother of James, first Earl of Arran, had a letter of legitimation under the great seal of Scotland, 20th January, 1513; and dying about the year 1550, was s. by his elder son,

**JOHN HAMILTON**, of Broomhill, whose grandson, **SIR JOHN HAMILTON**, of Broomhill, afterwards of Bell; for his loyalty to King Charles the First, was created, 15th December, 1647, **BARON BELHAVEN AND STENTON**, in the county of Haddington. His lordship having, however, no male heirs, surrendered his barony to the crown, and ob-

tained a new patent, 10th February, 1675, in favor, after his own decease, of the husband of one of his granddaughters, John Hamilton, and the heirs male of that gentleman. His lordship m. Margaret, natural daughter of James, Marquess of Hamilton, and had issue,

Margaret, m. to Sir Samuel Baillie.

ANNE, m. Sir Robert Hamilton, bart., of Silverton Hill, and had, with two sons and three other daughters,

MARGARET, m. to Sir John Hamilton, of whom, presently, as **LORD BELHAVEN AND STENTON**.

Elizabeth, m. Alexander, first Viscount Kingston.

Lord Belhaven and Stenton d. in 1678, when the barony devolved, according to the limitation, upon the eldest son of Sir Robert Hamilton, of Pressmanan, one of the senators of the College of Justice (who was husband, as stated above, of the deceased lord's granddaughter, Margaret).

**SIR JOHN HAMILTON**, of Biel, as second baron. This nobleman was a lord of the treasury, in 1704, and was a zealous and eloquent opponent of the Union, in 1706. He had two sons,

**JOHN**, his successor.

James, a member of the faculty of advocates, and solicitor of the boards of Customs and Excise in Scotland, d. s. p. 28th June, 1732.

His lordship was committed to the Tower of London, as an ally of the Chevalier St. George, in 1708, and died of an inflammation of the brain, almost immediately after his release, on the 21st June, in that year. He was s. by his elder son,

**JOHN**, third baron, one of the representative peers, who, being nominated governor of Barbadoes in 1731, was drowned in his passage to that island. He m. Anne, daughter of Andrew Bruce, merchant in Edinburgh, and had issue,

**JOHN**, his successor.

Andrew, an officer in the army, d. unmarried.

James, who s. as fifth lord.

Robert, a major in the army, d. unmarried.

Margaret, m. to Sir Alexander Baird.

His lordship was s. by his elder son,

**JOHN**, fourth baron, who d. unmarried, in 1764, and was s. by his brother,

**JAMES**, fifth baron, who d. also unmarried, 25th January, 1777, and the peerage remained some years dormant; for which we must now stop to account. By virtue, on an entail, of the second Lord Belhaven, in 1701, confirmed by this nobleman in 1705, the husbands of the heirs female being excluded from inheriting the property, and the whole male descendants of the second lord's father, Lord Pressmanan, having entirely failed, the family estates, of great value, devolved upon Mrs. Mary Hamilton Nisbet, of Pencaitland, and she was accordingly served heir to James, fifth Lord Belhaven, on the 3rd December, 1783. The whole male descendants of James Hamilton of Barncleuth, from which the second lord sprang, having likewise failed, the barony of Belhaven and Stenton devolved on **ROBERT HAMILTON**, of

Wishaw, being the heir male whatever, that is, the nearest male heir existing in the collateral line of John, second Lord Belhaven, according to the usual course of descent established by the law of Scotland. By this course of descent, it is settled, that in the case of three brothers, should the middle brother fail, the younger, and not the elder, is entitled to succeed as heir male. The founder of the family, John Hamilton, of Udson, had three sons, viz. :-

JOHN HAMILTON, of Coltness.

JAMES HAMILTON, of *Barncleuth*, whose descendant inherited, as second Lord Belhaven.

WILLIAM HAMILTON of *Wishaw*. \*

\* HAMILTON OF WISHAW.

WILLIAM HAMILTON, of Wishaw, third son of John Hamilton, of Udson, *m.* in 1621, Beatrix, daughter of James Douglas, of Morton, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

WILLIAM HAMILTON, of Wishaw, *m.* first, Anne, daughter of John Hamilton, of Udson, and had, with other children,

ROBERT, who *m.* Jean, eldest daughter and heiress of William Hamilton, of Brownmuir, in Ayrshire, and dying before his father, left

WILLIAM, who inherited Wishaw.

Mr. Hamilton *m.* secondly, in 1676, Mary, eldest daughter of the Hon. Sir Charles Erskine, bart., and granddaughter of John, seventh Earl of Marr, by whom he had five sons and six daughters. The third son,

WILLIAM, of the English bar, *m.* Helen, daughter of David Hay, of Woodcockdale, in the county of Linlithgow, and had an only son,

THE RIGHT HON. WILLIAM-GERARD HAMILTON, secretary of state for Ireland, and afterwards chancellor of the exchequer in that kingdom. This gentleman was one of the reputed authors of Junius. He *d.* in 1796, unmarried.

William Hamilton, of Wishaw, *d.* in 1724, and was *s.* by his grandson,

WILLIAM HAMILTON, of Wishaw, *m.* Bertha, daughter of his uncle, Charles Hamilton, of Wetherley; and being killed by a fall from his horse, 16th April, 1756, was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

ROBERT HAMILTON, of Wishaw, who, upon the decease of James, fifth Lord Belhaven and Stenton, in 1777, should have succeeded as sixth lord; but he never assumed the honor. He *m.* in 1764, Susan, second daughter of Sir Michael Balfour, bart., of Denmiln, in Fife, and dying, 27th March, 1784, left issue,

WILLIAM, who had his claim confirmed, as seventh LORD BELHAVEN.

Robert, an officer of rank in the army.

Peter-Douglas.

Jean, *m.* to George Ramsay, esq., of Barnton.

Bethia, *m.* to William Ramsay, esq., and *d.* in 1800.

The title of Lord Belhaven was assumed by William Hamilton, captain of the 44th regiment of foot, lineal descendant and heir male of John Hamilton, of Coltness, the elder of the three brothers; and he voted, at the general election, in 1790, as Lord Belhaven. An objection was taken however to his right; and evidence was given, that there were male descendants of the body of William Hamilton, of Wishaw, the youngest of the three brothers; consequently the character of heir male whatever of John, second Lord Belhaven, the patentee of 1765, could not belong to the gentleman who had assumed the dignity. This argument was supported by the attorney-general, attending on behalf of the crown; and the lords' committee of privileges unanimously decided, 5th Jan. 1793, that the votes given at the election, by the assumed Lord Belhaven, were not good, and that resolution was confirmed by the house of peers. Soon after the settlement of this point, William Hamilton of Wishaw, eldest son and heir of Robert Hamilton, presented to the king a petition, claiming the dignity and title of Lord Belhaven and Stenton; and this petition being, as usual, referred to the house of peers, the claim was determined in his favor, on 25th April, 1790, and he became

WILLIAM, seventh baron of Belhaven and Stenton (his father, Robert Hamilton, being counted the sixth lord, although he never assumed the honor). His lordship was *b.* 13th January, 1765, and he *m.* 3rd March, 1780, Penelope, youngest daughter of Ronald Macdonald, of Clanronald, by whom (who *d.* in 1816) he had issue,

ROBERT-MONTGOMERY, present peer.

William, *b.* in 1797, in the East India Company's service, Bengal.

Penelope.

Susan-Mary, *m.* in 1806, to P. Ramsay, esq. Flora.

Jean, *m.* in 1806, to Captain Sotherby, R. N. and *d.* in 1820.

Bethia.

His lordship *d.* 29th October, 1814.

Creation—Original patent, 15th December, 1647. Renewed, 10th February, 1675.



*Arms*—Gu. a sword erect, in pale, point upwards, ppr. pomel and hilt, or, between three cinquefoils, argent.

*Crest*—A nag's head, couped, ar. bridled, gu.

*Supporters*—Two horses, ar. bridled, gu.

*Motto*—Ride through.

*Seat*—Wishaw House, Lanarkshire.

## BEL

**BELLEW, SIR PATRICK**, baronet, of Barmeath, or Bellew Mount, in the county of Louth; *b.* 29th Jan., 1798; *m.* 19th Jan., 1829, Anna-Fermina, only surviving daughter of the late Don Josef de Mendoza y Rios, of Seville, by whom he has an only child,

EDWARD-JOSEPH, *b.* 3rd June, 1830.

Sir Patrick, who is M.P. and lord-lieutenant for the county of Louth, *s.* to the title, as seventh baronet, upon the decease of his father, 15th March, 1827.

### Lineage.

This very ancient family is of Norman descent, and its progenitor in England is supposed to have been a marshal in the victorious army of William the Conqueror. It was amongst the first Anglo-Norman settlers in Ireland, and it has always enjoyed, in that quarter of the empire, distinction and opulence.

1. **PATRICK BELLEW**, esq. of Barmeath, or Bellew Mount (son of Sir John Bellew, of Willystown, knt., M.P. for the county of Louth in 1630, by Mary, daughter of Robert Dillon, esq. of Clonbrock), was created a **BARONET OF IRELAND** on 11th December, 1688. Sir Patrick *m.* Miss Barnewell, sister of Sir Patrick Banewell, bart., of Crickstown Castle, by whom he had five sons and six daughters; and dying in 1715, was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR JOHN** of Barmeath, in the county of Louth, and of Castle Bellew, in the county of Galway. This gentleman *m.* twice: first, in 1686, Mary, daughter of Edward Taylor, esq., and eventually heiress of her brother, Nicholas Taylor, esq. by whom he had three sons and an only daughter; and secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Edward Curling, esq. storekeeper of Londonderry, during the memorable siege of that city, by whom he had seven sons and three daughters. Sir John *d.* 23rd July, 1734, and was *s.* by his second and eldest surviving son,

3. **SIR EDWARD**, who *m.* Eleanor, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Michael Moore, esq., of Drogheda, by whom he left four sons and an only daughter. He *d.* in 1741, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

4. **SIR JOHN**; at whose decease (of the small pox) unmarried, 2nd November, 1750; the title devolved upon his brother,

5. **SIR PATRICK**, who *m.* Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Matthew Hore, esq., and was *s.* at his decease, 5th March, 1795, by his eldest son

6. **SIR EDWARD**. This gentleman *m.* 13th August, 1786, Mary-Anne, daughter and sole heiress of Richard Strange, esq. of Rockwell Castle, in the county of Kilkenny; by whom he had issue,

**PATRICK**, present baronet.

Richard-Montesquieu, *b.* 12th February, 1803; *m.* in 1828, Miss Lalor, daughter of John Lalor, esq. of Cranagh, in the county of Tipperary.

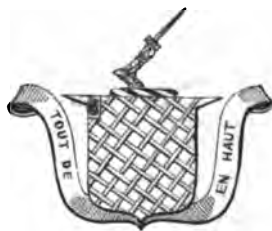
Frances, *m.* in 1860, to Sir Edward-Joseph

## BEL

Smith, bart., of Rahe Hall, in the county of Durham, and Wooton Hall, Warwickshire.

Sir Edward *d.* in 1688.

*Creation*—11th December, 1688.



*Arms*—Sa. fretty, or.

*Crest*—An arm, embowed, in armour, holding a sword, ppr.

*Motto*—Tout d'en haut.

*Seat*—Barmeath, in the county of Louth.

**BELLINGHAM, SIR ALAN**, baronet, of Castle Bellingham, in the county of Louth; *b.* 3rd February, 1776; *m.* 5th November, 1799, Elizabeth, second daughter of the Rev. Edward Walls, of Boothby Hall, Lincolnshire, who *d.* 27th February, 1822, without issue. Sir Alan *s.* to the title, as second baronet, at the decease of his uncle, 26th October, 1826.

### Lineage.

This ancient family derives its surname from the town of Bellingham, in the county of Northumberland, and it deduces its pedigree in a direct line from

**ALAN DE BELLINGHAM**, living in the reign of William the Conqueror; whose descendant,

**ALAN BELLINGHAM**, purchased, in the reign of Henry VII. Levens, near Kendal, and erected a mansion there, which subsequently became the chief residence of the family. The great-grandson of this Alan,

**SIR JAMES BELLINGHAM**, knt. *m.* Agnes, daughter of Sir Henry Curwen, knt. of Workington, in the county of Cumberland, and had with other issue, Thomas.

**HENRY**, of Halsington, in Westmorland, who was created a baronet in 1620; but leaving daughters only, at his decease in 1650, the title expired.

Alan.

Sir James *d.* in 1641, and the male line of the family was eventually carried on by his third son, **ALAN BELLINGHAM**, esq. who *m.* Susan, daughter of Marmaduke Constable, esq. of Masham, in the county of York, and had a large family, of which the youngest son,

**HENRY BELLINGHAM**, esq. went to Ireland during the civil war, and had a grant of the estate now called **CASTLE BELLINGHAM**, in the 18th Charles II.

## BEL

This gentleman represented the county of Louth in parliament. He m. Miss Sibthorpe, and was s. by his only son,

**THOMAS BELLINGHAM**, esq. of Castle Bellingham, who held the rank of colonel in the army of King William, and acted as his majesty's guide, during the march of the army from Dundalk to the Boyne. Colonel Bellingham d. on the 15th September, 1721, and was s. by his only son,

**HENRY BELLINGHAM**, esq. M.P. for Dundalk, who m. in 1706, Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Moore, esq. was s. by his elder son,

**HENRY BELLINGHAM**, esq. M.P. for the county of Louth, who d. s. p. in 1755, and was s. by his brother,

**ALAN BELLINGHAM**, esq. This gentleman m. in 1738, Alice, daughter and co-heiress of the Rev. Hans Montgomery, by whom he had, with four daughters, five sons; viz.

Henry, m. Elizabeth, daughter of Richard Tenison, esq. of Thomastown, in the county of Louth; and his male line ceased with his grandson, William-Henry Bellingham, in 1822.

**ALAN**, of Dublin, m. first, Anne, daughter of John Cairnes, esq. of Kilmaddy, in the county of Tyrone, by whom he had

**ALAN**, present baronet.

Henry.

John.

William.

Mr. Bellingham m. secondly, Mary, daughter of Ralph Smith, esq. and d. in 1800.

O'Brien, d. in 1795.

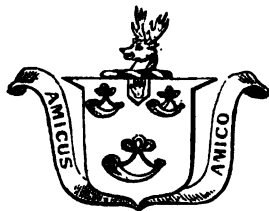
WILLIAM, of whom presently.

Thomas, R. N. d. unmarried.

The fourth son,

**WILLIAM BELLINGHAM**, esq. m. in 1783, Hester-Frances, youngest daughter of the Honorable and Reverend Robert Cholmondeley, and granddaughter of George, third Earl of Cholmondeley, by whom he had no issue. Mr. Bellingham represented Reigate in parliament, and was created a baronet 19th April, 1796, with special remainder to the heirs male of his deceased father. Sir William d. 26th October, 1826, and was s. accordingly by his nephew, Alan Bellingham, esq. the present baronet.

*Creation*—19th April, 1796.



*Arms*—Ar., three bugle-horns, sa., stringed and garnished, or.

*Crest*—A buck's head, couped, or.

*Motto*—Amicus amico.

*Seat*—Castle Bellingham, county of Louth.

## BEL

**BELMORE, EARL OF**, (Somerset Lowry-Corry,) Viscount and Baron Belmore, of Castle Coole, in the county of Fermanagh, in the peerage of Ireland; b. 11th July, 1774; m. 20th October, 1800, Juliana, second daughter of Henry-Thomas, Earl of Carrick, by whom he has issue,

**ARNAR, Viscount Corry**, M.P. for the county of Fermanagh; b. 23rd December, 1801.

Henry-Thomas, b. 9th March, 1803, M.P. for the county of Tyrone; m. 18th March, 1830, Harriet-Anne, second daughter of Cropley, present Earl of Shaftesbury.

His lordship s. to the peerage, as second earl, upon the demise of his father, 2nd February, 1802.

The Earl of Belmore is one of the representative peers of Ireland, and governor-general of Jamaica.

### Lineage.

**JOHN LOWRY**, esq. emigrating from Scotland towards the close of the seventeenth century, settled at Ahenis, in the county of Tyrone, in Ireland; and was s. at his decease by his son,

**ROBERT LOWRY**, esq. of Ahenis, who was s. by his son,

**GALBRAITH LOWRY**, esq. of Ahenis, M.P. for the county of Tyrone. This gentleman m. Sarah, second daughter and co-heir of John Corry, esq. and had issue,

**ARNAR**, his successor.

Anne, m. to William Willoughby Cole, first Earl of Enniskillen.

Mr. Lowry was s. by his son,

**ARNAR LOWRY**, esq. M.P. for the county of Tyrone, who assumed the additional surname and arms of CORRY, and was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 6th January, 1781, as *Baron Belmore, of Castle Coole*, in the county of Fermanagh. His lordship was further advanced, 6th December, 1780, to the dignity of *Viscount Belmore*, and created, 5th November, 1797, **EARL OF BELMORE**. He m. first, in 1772, Lady Margaret Butler, eldest daughter of Somerset-Hamilton, Earl of Carrick, and had an only surviving child,

**SOMERSET**, present earl.

His lordship espoused, secondly, (his first lady having deceased in 1777) Henrietta, eldest daughter and co-heiress of John, second Earl of Buckinghamshire, then lord-lieutenant of Ireland, by whom he had an only daughter, Louisa-Mary-Anne, who m. in 1804, George-John, sixth Earl of Sandwich. Lord Belmore's second marriage being dissolved by act of parliament, (the lady m. subsequently, William, Marquess of Lothian,) he m. thirdly, 11th March, 1794, Mary-Anne, eldest daughter of Sir John Caldwell, baronet, of Castle Caldwell, in the county of Fermanagh, but had no issue. He d. in 1802.

*Creations*—Baron, 6th January, 1781. Viscount, 6th December, 1780. Earl, 5th November, 1797.

*Arms*—Gu. a saltier, ar. in chief a rose, or.

## BER



*Crest*—On a wreath, a cock, ppr.

*Supporters*—Two cats, guardant, ppr. ducally gorged and chained, or.

*Motto*—Virtus semper viridis.

*Seat*—Castle Inniskillen, Ireland.

**BERESFORD, VISCOUNT**, (William-Carr Beresford, D.C.L. G.C.B.) Baron Beresford, of Albuera, and Dungarvon, in the county of Waterford; governor of the Royal Military Academy, at Woolwich; a commissioner of the Royal Military College, and Royal Military Asylum; a general officer in the army; colonel of the sixteenth Foot, and colonel in chief of the Royal Artillery and Royal Engineers; Duke of Elvas, Marquess of Campo-Major, and Count Francoeo, in Portugal, and a field-marshal in that kingdom.

### Lineage.

General Beresford, a gallant soldier, whose good sword achieved the coronet in his own country, as well as the foreign honors he enjoys, is the illegitimate son of George-de-la-Poer, first Marquess of Waterford. As a requital for the gallant officer's services in the Peninsular war, he was created *Baron Beresford*, 17th May, 1814; and upon the 28th March, 1823, his lordship was advanced to the dignity of a VISCOUNT. In 1814, an act of parliament passed, granting an annuity of 2000*l.* to Lord Beresford, and his two immediate successors in the barony.

*Creations*—Baron, 17th May, 1814. Viscount, 28th March, 1823.



*Arms*—Ar. semée of cross-crosslets, fitchée, sa. three fleurs-de-lis of the last, all within a bordure wavy, pean.

## BER

*Crest*—Out of a mural crown, or, a dragon's head, per fesse, wavy, az. and gu. pierced in the neck with a broken tilting lance, in bend, or, and holding the upper part of the spear in the mouth.

*Supporters*—Two angels, ppr. winged and crined, or, vested, az. each holding in the exterior hand a sword of the last, pomels and hilts of gold, and charged on the breast with three fleurs-de-lis, az.

*Motto*—Nil nisi cruce.

*Town Residence*—16, Cavendish-square.

*Seat*—Dungarvon, Ireland.

**BERESFORD, SIR JOHN-POO**, baronet, of Bagnall, in the county of Waterford, so created 7th May, 1814; Vice Admiral of the White, K.C.B., K.T.S.; illegitimate son of George, first Marquess of Waterford, and brother of William-Carr, Viscount Beresford; m. first, Mary, daughter of Captain Molloy, of the royal navy, by whom (who d. July, 1813) he has one child,

GEORGE.

Sir John espoused secondly, 17th August, 1815, Harriet-Elizabeth, third daughter of Henry Peirse, Esq. of Bedale, in the county of York, and granddaughter, maternally, of John, second Lord Monson, by whom (who d. in 1825) he has issue,

Henry, b. 27th September, 1820.

John, b. 28th September, 1821.

Harriet.

Charlotte.

Georgiana.

Mary-Anne.

*Creation*—21st May, 1814.



*Arms*—Same as those of his brother, Viscount Beresford.

*Crest*—Same as the Viscount's.

*Motto*—Nil nisi cruce.

*Town Residence*—48, Harley-street.

*Seat*—Bagnall, in the county of Waterford.

**BERKELEY, EARL OF**, [Thomas-Morton-Fitz-Hardinge Berkeley,] Viscount Dursley, and Baron Berkeley, of Berkeley Castle, in the county of Gloucester, one of the heirs to the baronies of Mowbray, Segrave, and Braose of Gower; b. 19th October, 1796; s. to the honors, as sixth Earl, at the decease of his father, 8th August, 1810.

## Lineage.

ROBERT FITZHARDINGE (whose father was one of the companions of William the Conqueror) obtained, for his fidelity to the Empress Maud, and her son, Henry II. the lordship of Berkeley, and Berkeley-Herne, of which Roger de Berkeley,\* owner of Dursley, was then divested, for taking part with King Stephen. This Robert Fitzhardinge entertained at Bristol, in 1168, Dermot Mac Murrough, King of Leinster, with sixty of his retinue, at the time the Irish prince came into England to solicit succours from Henry II. He d. in 1170-71, and was s. by his eldest surviving son,

MAURICE DE BERKELEY, who m. Alice, daughter of Roger de Berkeley, the former and ousted possessor of Berkeley and Dursley, and had six sons. He d. in 1190, and was s. by the eldest,

ROBERT DE BERKELEY, who, taking part with the rebellious Barons, incurred the displeasure of King John, but recovered, soon after, the royal favour, until, again falling from his allegiance, his Castle of Berkeley and lands were seized, and their profits assigned for the maintenance of the Castle of Bristol. He was subsequently, however, restored to all his lands, except Berkeley Castle, and dying 13th May, 1210, without issue, was s. by his brother,

THOMAS DE BERKELEY, to whom Berkeley Castle was granted in 1223. This feudal lord m. Joan, daughter of Ralph de Somery, Lord of Campden, in the county of Gloucester, and dying in 1243, was s. by his eldest son,

MAURICE DE BERKELEY. This eminent person had military summonses to march against the Welsh in the 42nd, 43rd, 44th Henry III. and the next year he had command to attend the King in London, well appointed with horse and arms, to take part against the Barons, then in open hostility, but he appears to have adopted an opposite course, and to have joined the insurrectionary lords, for which his lands were seized by the Crown. This Maurice m. Isabel, daughter of Maurice de Creoun, a great baron in Lincolnshire, by Isabel his wife, sister to William de Valence, Earl of Pembroke (uterine sister and brother of King Henry III.), and dying 4th April, 1281, was s. by his eldest son,

THOMAS DE BERKELEY, who was with the king at the siege of Kenilworth Castle, in October, 1266, and he was afterwards in the Welsh wars, for which eminent services, he had a special grant, temp. Edward I. of liberty to hunt the fox, hare, badger, and wild cat, with his own dogs, within the king's forests of Mendip and chase of Kingswood; after this we find him engaged in Scotland, and sharing in the victory of Falkirk, gained 22nd July, 1298. He was subsequently at the celebrated siege of Kierlaverock, and was summoned to parliament as a Baron from 23rd June, 1293, to 15th May, 1321. His

lordship m. Jane, daughter of William de Ferrers, Earl of Derby, and was s. in 1321, by his eldest son,

MAURICE DE BERKELEY, second lord, who had summons to parliament, as *Lord Berkeley, of Berkeley Castle*, from 6th August, 1308 to 15th May, 1321. In 1312, his lordship was nominated governor of Gloucester; in 1314, governor of the town and castle of Berwick-upon-Tweed. In 1315, he was constituted justice of South Wales, and had the custody of all the castles there. In 1319, by the title of the king's beloved kinsman, he was made steward of the duchy of Aquitaine: but in 1321, joining Thomas Plantagenet, Earl of Lancaster, he was committed prisoner to Wallingford Castle, where he d. 31st May, 1326, leaving, with other issue, by his wife Eva, daughter of Eudo la Zouche,

THOMAS, his successor.

Maurice, (Sir) from whom descended the Lord Botetourt, and the Lords Berkeley of Stratton.

His lordship's eldest son,

THOMAS, succeeded as third lord, and was summoned to parliament from 14th June, 1329, to 20th November, 1360. To this nobleman the custody of the unhappy Edward II. was committed at Berkeley Castle; but owing to the humanity with which his lordship treated the captive monarch, he was soon after obliged to deliver the castle and his prisoner to Lord Maltravers and Sir Thomas Gournay. After the murder of the unfortunate prince, Lord Berkeley was arraigned as a participant in the foul deed, but honorably acquitted. His lordship d. 27th October, 1361, and was s. by his eldest son by his first wife, Margaret, daughter of Roger de Mortimer, Earl of March, and widow of Robert Vere, Earl of Oxford,

MAURICE, fourth lord, summoned to parliament, 23th February, 1342. This nobleman attended the Black Prince into Gascony, and was wounded in the celebrated battle of POICTIERS. His lordship m. Elizabeth, daughter of Hugh le Despenser, and had, with other issue,

THOMAS, his successor.

James (Sir) who m. Elizabeth, daughter and heir of Sir John Bluet, knt. with whom he had the manor of Ragland, and a fair estate, in Gloucestershire. He d. in 1404, leaving a son,

JAMES, who s. his uncle as sixth lord.

His lordship was s. at his decease by his eldest son,

THOMAS, fifth lord, who m. Margaret, daughter and heir of Gerard Warren, Lord L'Isle, and left an only child,

Elizabeth, m. to Richard Beauchamp, twelfth Earl of Warwick. "Upon this lady," says Nicolas, "according to the usual descents of Baronies in fee, the Barony of the Berkeleys, created by the writ of summons of 1266, should have devolved; but whether this anomaly arose from an idea then prevailing, that the tenure of the Castle of

\* For the first BERKELEYS see *Burke's Extinct Peerage*.



Berkeley conferred the barony; or that the heir male had the greatest political influence cannot now perhaps be ascertained; the inference which may be drawn from the relative situations of the husband of the said Elizabeth, who was one of the most powerful noblemen of the time, and that of James Berkeley, who s. to the barony, is that the tenure of Berkeley Castle was then considered to confer the dignity of Baron upon its possessor, and consequently, that the said James was allowed that dignity as his right rather than by the favour of the court."

Thomas, fifth Lord Berkeley, thus dying without male issue, was s. by his nephew,

JAMES BERKELEY, a sixth lord. This nobleman m. first, — daughter of Humphrey Stafford, of Hooke, in the county of Dorset, but had no issue. He espoused, secondly, Isabel, widow of Henry, son and heir of William, Lord Ferrars, of Groby, and second daughter of Thomas Mowbray, first Duke of Norfolk, and Earl Marshal of England, and had four sons and three daughters. His lordship d. in 1463, and was s. by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, seventh lord, who was created, 21st April, 1461, *Viscount Berkeley*; advanced to the dignity of *Earl of Nottingham*, in 1463; and created *Marquess of Berkeley*, 26th January, 1480-88. This great nobleman had a dispute with Thomas Talbot, Viscount Lisle, concerning some lands claimed by the latter in right of his grandmother, Margaret, Countess of Shrewsbury; and this variance rose to such a height, that they encountered, with their respective followers, at Wolton-under-Edge, in 1460, when the Viscount L'Isle was mortally wounded by an arrow shot through his mouth. This marquess d. 14th Feb. 1491-2, and leaving no issue, his own honors ceased, but the barony of Berkeley should have passed to his brother Maurice, had not his lordship, having been displeased with his conduct, settled the castle of Berkeley, and those lands and lordships which composed the ancient barony, upon King Henry VII. and his Majesty's heirs male, in failure of which to descend to his own right heirs: in consequence of this conveyance,

MAURICE (eighth baron by right) enjoyed none of the estates, and was entirely deprived of the peerage. His brother's displeasure was attributed to his having married a person of mean blood, namely, Isabel, daughter of Philip Meade, esq. an alderman of Bristol. This Maurice, obtained, however, his share of an estate, which devolved upon him in right of his mother, Isabel, second daughter of Thomas Mowbray, first Duke of Norfolk, and earl marshal of England. He d. in 1506, and was s. by his son,

MAURICE, (by right, ninth lord), who was made a Knight of the Bath, at the coronation of King Henry VIII. He m. Catherine, daughter of Sir William Berkeley, knt., of Stoke Clifford, in the county of Gloucester, but having no issue, was s. at his decease, in 1526, by his brother,

THOMAS, (tenth lord,) who had a command in

the celebrated battle of Flodden, fought 9th September, 1513, and for his signal services there received the honor of knighthood from Thomas Howard, Earl of Surrey. He m. Eleanor, daughter of Sir Marmaduke Constable, of Flamburgh, in the county of York, and was s. by his son,

THOMAS, (by right, eleventh baron,) who m. first, Mary, daughter of George Hastings, first Earl of Huntingdon, but had no issue. He espoused secondly, Anne, daughter of Sir John Savage, of Frodsham, in the county of Chester, and dying, 19th September, 1534, was s. by a posthumous son,

HENRY, twelfth lord, who, upon the death of King Edward VI. the last male heir of King Henry VII. succeeded as heir to the Marquess of Berkeley, to BERKELEY CASTLE AND LANDS, and thus recovered the ancient honor and precedence of the family. His lordship m. Catherine, third daughter of Henry Howard, Earl of Surrey, and dying 26th November, 1612, was s. by his grandson,

GEORGE, thirteenth baron, K.B. His lordship m. Elizabeth, second daughter and co-heiress of Sir Michael Stanhope, of Sudbury, in the county of Suffolk, and dying 10th August, 1636, was s. by his only surviving son,

GEORGE, fourteenth lord, who was created, on the 11th September, 1679, *Baron Mowbray, Seagrave, and Breuss, Viscount Dursley*, and EARL OF BERKELEY. His lordship m. Elizabeth, one of the co-heiresses of John Masingbeard, esq. and dying 14th October, 1696, was s. by his elder son,

CHARLES, second earl, K.B. who had been previously summoned to the house of Peers, (11th July, 1686,) as *Baron Berkeley, of Berkeley*. His lordship m. Elizabeth, daughter of Baptist Noel, Viscount Campden, by whom he had four sons and three daughters. He d. on the 24th September, 1710, and was s. by his second, but eldest surviving, son,

JAMES, third earl, a distinguished naval officer, who had summons to parliament, 7th March, 1704, by the title of *Lord Dursley*. His lordship m. Lady Louisa Lennox, eldest daughter of Charles, first Duke of Richmond, and was s. at his decease, by his only son,

AUGUSTUS, fourth earl, K.T. b. 18th February, 1715-16. His lordship distinguished himself as a military officer, and obtained the command of one of the regiments embodied to march against the Scotch and English rebels, in 1745. He m. in 1744, Elizabeth, daughter of Henry Drax, esq. of Charlborough, in the county of Dorset; by whom (who espoused, after the earl's decease, Robert, Earl Nugent) he had surviving issue,

FREDERICK-AUGUSTUS, his successor.

George-Cranfield, G.C.B. an admiral in the royal navy, and lord-high-admiral of Portugal, m. Emily-Charlotte, daughter of Lord George Lennox, and dying in 1818, left (with other children)

George-Henry-Frederick, K.C.B., K.T.S. and K.S.W., colonel in the army; m.

## BER

in 1815, Lucy, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Sutton, bart. and has issue.

Georgiana-Augusta, *m.* first to George, fifth Earl of Granard; and, secondly, to the Rev. Samuel Little, D.D. Her ladyship *d.* 24th Jan. 1890.

Elizabeth, *m.* first, to William, Lord Craven; secondly, to his Serene Highness, Christian, Margrave of Brandenburg, Anspach, and Bayreuth, and *d.* in 1828.

His lordship *d.* 9th January, 1755, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

FREDERICK-AUGUSTUS, fifth earl, who was constituted lord-lieutenant and custos rotulorum of the county of Gloucester, and of the cities of Bristol and Gloucester, constable of the castle of St. Briavel, and warden of the forest of Dean; also keeper of the deer and woods in the said forest, and high steward of Gloucester. His lordship *m.* first, 30th March, 1785, which marriage was not allowed by the house of lords; and, secondly, 16th May, 1796, Miss Mary Cole of the county of Gloucester, and had issue,

WILLIAM-FITZHARDINGE, *Lord Segrave*.

Maurice-Frederick-Fitzhardinge, captain R.N. *b.* in 1786; *m.* in 1823, Charlotte, sixth daughter of Charles, fourth Duke of Richmond, and has issue.

Augustus Fitzhardinge, *b.* in 1789; *m.* in 1815, Mary, eldest daughter of Sir John Dashwood King, bart.

Francis-Henry-Fitzhardinge, *b.* 7th December, 1794.

THOMAS-MORTON-FITZHARDINGE, present EARL OF BERKELEY.

George-Charles-Grantley-Fitzhardinge, *b.* 10th February, 1800; *m.* in 1824, Caroline-Maria, youngest daughter of the late Paul Benfield, esq. and has issue.

Craven, *b.* in May, 1805.

Mary-Henrietta-Fitzhardinge.

Caroline-Fitzhardinge, *m.* 24th December, 1829, to James Maxse, esq.

Emily-Elizabeth.

His lordship *d.* 8th August, 1810, and upon his demise, William-Fitzhardinge Berkeley, his lordship's eldest son, who then bore the courtesy-title of Viscount Dursley, and had a seat in the lower house of parliament, under that designation, presented a petition to the Crown for a writ of summons, as Earl Berkeley; but, some doubts having arisen, touching the marriage upon which the petitioner's right to the peerage rested, his Royal Highness the Prince Regent was pleased to refer the petition to the consideration of the house of lords; and their lordships, having investigated the matter, came to a resolution, that the petitioner had not substantiated his claim. Since that decision, the earldom of Berkeley has remained unclaimed (or rather unaccepted) by the *eldest* son of the late lord, after his marriage in 1796, namely, THOMAS-MORTON-FITZHARDINGE BERKELEY; and it was presumed that Colonel Berkeley would again agitate the question; but, as that gentleman has been recently created

## BER

BARON SEGRAVE, and his acceptance of the new dignity being a virtual abandonment of his claim to the earldom of Berkeley, we have deemed it only correct to place the personage who, under such an abandonment, ought to inherit, in the earldom; not knowing, however, whether he will assume the honors of the family or not.

*Creations*—Baron Berkeley, alleged to be derived from the feudal tenure of Berkeley Castle since the time of Henry II., and to belong of right to the possessor of that ancient fortress, created by writ, 23rd June, 1295. Earl, Viscount, Baron, (Mowbray, &c. &c.) 11th Sept. 1700.



*Arms*—Gu. a chev. between ten crosses, patée, six in chief, and four in base, ar.

*Crest*—A mitre, gu., labelled and garnished, or, charged with a chev. and crosses, patée, as in the arms.

*Supporters*—Two lions or., the SINISTER ducally crowned, gu., collared and chained, or.

*Motto*—Dieu avec nous.

BERNEY, SIR HANSON, baronet, of Park Hall, in Reedham, Norfolk; *b.* in 1780; *m.* in 1811, Anne, daughter of Henry Taborin, esq. of Sydenham, in the county of Kent; inherited the title, as eighth baronet, at the decease of his father, on 4th September, 1825.

### Lineage.

This family assumed its surname from the town of Berney, near Walsingham, in the county of Norfolk, of which, at the period of the Conquest, they were lords.

SIR THOMAS DE BERNEY, knt. *m.* Margaret, daughter and heir of William de Reedham, by whom he acquired, with the estates, the manor of Reedham, whither he removed from Wingham, in the reign of Edward III. He was *s.* by his son,

JOHN BERNEY, esq. of Reedham, whose great-great-grandson, and lineal descendant,

HENRY BERNEY, esq. removed the old seats of the family which stood near Reedham Church, into the Park, in Reedham, where he erected a magnificent mansion, and called it "Parkhall, in Reedham." This gentleman, *m.* Alice, daughter of Roger Apleton, esq. of Comb, in Essex, and dying in 1584, was *s.* by his eldest son,

**SIR THOMAS BERNET**, *knt.* who was high Sheriff of Norfolk, in the 7th of James I. He *m.* Juliana, daughter of Sir Thomas Gaudy, *knt.*, of Redenhall, in Norfolk, one of the justices of the court of common-pleas, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

1. **RICHARD BERNET**, *esq.* of Parkhall, in Reedham, who was created a baronet, 5th May, 1620, and served the office of sheriff of Norfolk in 1622. Sir Richard *m.* Anne, daughter of Michael Smallpage, *esq.* of Chichester, in the county of Sussex, by whom he had four sons and four daughters. He left all his estates at Reedham, and elsewhere, belonging to the family, to his second son, Richard, and dying in 1663, was *s.* in the baronetcy, by his eldest son,

2. **SIR THOMAS**, who *m.* Sarah, daughter of Thomas Tyrell, *esq.* of Essex, and dying in 1668, was *s.* by his eldest son,

3. **SIR RICHARD**, of Kirby Bedon, who *m.* Dorothy, daughter of William Branthwayte, *esq.* of Hethel, and was *s.* at his decease, in 1706, by his eldest son,

4. **SIR RICHARD**; at whose decease, unmarried, in 1710, the title devolved upon his brother,

5. **SIR THOMAS**. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Simon Folkes, *esq.* of Suffolk, (by Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Samuel Hanson, *esq.* of Barbadoes,) by whom he had two sons; the elder of whom, upon his decease in 1742,

6. **SIR HANSON**, succeeded to the title. This gentleman was high sheriff of Norwich in 1762. He *m.* Catharine, daughter and heiress of William Woolball, *esq.* of Walthamstow, in the county of Essex; by whom he had two daughters, and an only son, his successor,

7. **SIR JOHN**, who *m.* 9th September, 1770, Henrietta, daughter of George, first Earl of Abergavenny; by whom he had issue,

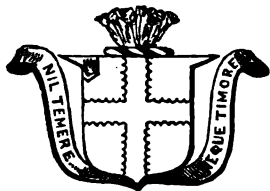
1. **HANSON**, present baronet.

2. John, lieutenant R.N. 3. Henry.

4. George. 5. Elizabeth. 6. Mary-Anne.

He *d.* in 1825.

*Creation*—5th May, 1620.



*Arms*—Quarterly, gu. and az.; over all a cross engrailed, ermine.

*Crest*—On a wreath, ar. and gu. a plume of six ostrich feathers, alternately az. and gu.

*Motto*—Nil temere, neque timore.

*Seat*—Kirby Bedon, Norfolk.

**BERWICK, BARON**, (Thomas-Noel Hill, D.C.L. and F.S.A.) of Attingham, in the county of Salop; *b.* 21st October, 1770; succeeded to the title, as second baron, upon the demise of his father, 6th January, 1789; *m.* 8th February, 1812, Miss Sophia Dubouchet.

### Lineage.

The surname of the male line of this family was Harwood. The first and late peer's father assumed the name of Hill, in right of his mother, who was sister of Doctor Richard Hill, an eminent statesman in the reigns of King William, Queen Anne, and George I. and ancestor of the Hills, of Hawkestone, baronets, and of the gallant Lord Hill.

**NOEL HILL**, *esq.* (eldest son of Thomas Harwood, *esq.* who assumed the name of Hill, as stated above, of Tern Hall, by his second wife, Susanna-Maria, eldest daughter and co-heiress of William Noel, a judge of the court of common-pleas,) having represented the county of Salop in three parliaments, was elevated to the peerage, by the title of **BARON BERWICK, of Attingham**, in that county, 19th May, 1784. His lordship *m.* 17th November, 1768, Anna, daughter of Henry Vernon, *esq.* of Hilton, in the county of Stafford, by whom he had issue,

1. **THOMAS-NOEL**, the present peer.

2. William, envoy-extraordinary and minister-plenipotentiary at Naples, assumed the name of Noel, in addition to, and before Hill, in 1824, as did his younger brother,

3. Richard, in holy orders, rector of Thornton, in the county of Chester, and Berrington, in the county of Salop; *m.* in Oct. 1806, Frances, daughter of the late William-Mostyn Owen, *esq.* and has **RICHARD-NOEL**, and one daughter,

4. Henrietta-Maria, *m.* in 1793, to Charles, first and present Marquess of Ailesbury, and *d.* 2nd January, 1831.

5. Anna-Matilda.

6. Amelia-Louisa.

His lordship *d.* in 1789.

*Creation*—19th May, 1784.



*Arms*—Quarterly of four; first, erm. on a fesse sa. a castle with two towers, ar. on a canton, gu. a martlet or for **HILL**; second; or, fretty gu. a canton, erm. for **NOEL**; third, gu. on a chief, in-

dented, sa. three martlets or, for *LOVELACE*; fourth, sa. a chev. between three leopard's faces or, for *WENTWORTH*.

*Crest*—A demi tower ar. a fawn, statant, upon the battlements, ppr. collared and chained or.

*Supporters*—*Dexter*, a Pegasus ar. collared, gu. thereon three martlets or; *Sinister*, a stag ppr. collared, sa. thereon three leopard's faces, and chained, or.

*Motto*—*Qui uti acit, ei bona.*

*Seat*—Atingham Hall, Salop.

**BESBOROUGH, EARL OF**, (Frederick-Ponsonby,) Viscount Duncannon, of the fort of Duncannon, in the county of Waterford, and Baron Besborough, of Besborough, in the county of Kilkenny, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Ponsonby, of Sysonby, in the peerage of Great Britain; vice-admiral of the province of Munster, in Ireland; *b.* 24th January, 1758; *m.* 27th November, 1780, Henrietta-Frances, second daughter of John, first Earl Spencer, by whom (who *d.* 11th November, 1821,) he has had issue,

**JOHN-WILLIAM**, *Viscount Duncannon*, M.P. for the county of Kilkenny; lord-lieutenant of Carlowshire; and first commissioner of land revenue; *b.* 21st August, 1781; *m.* 16th November, 1808, Maria, third daughter of John, tenth and present Earl of Westmoreland, K.G. by whom he has had issue,  
**JOHN-GEORGE-BRABASON**, *b.* 4th October, 1809.

**William-Wentworth**, *b.* 29th December, 1812, and *d.* in 1813.

**Frederick-George**, *b.* 11th September, 1815.

**George-Arthur**, *b.* 17th May, 1826.

**Walter-William**, *b.* 13th August, 1821.

**Spencer-Cecil**, *b.* 14th March, 1824.

— (a son,) *b.* in July, 1829.

**Georgiana-Sarah**.

**Augusta**.

**Emily**.

**Maria**.

**Harriet**.

**Kathleen-Louisa**.

**Frederick-Cavendish**, K.C.B., K.M.T., and K.S.G., a major-general in the army, and lieutenant-governor of Malta; *b.* 6th July, 1783; *m.* in 1825, Emily-Charlotte, youngest daughter of Henry, third and present Earl Bathurst, and has issue,

1. **Henry-Frederick**.

2. **Arthur**.

3. **Melita**.

**William-Francis-Spencer**, *b.* in 1787; *m.* in 1814, the Lady Barbara-Ashley Cooper, only daughter and sole heiress of Anthony, fifth Earl of Shaftesbury; by whom he has issue,

1. **Charles-Frederick**, *b.* 12th September, 1815.

2. **Anthony-George-John**, *b.* in 1831.

3. **Frances**, *b.* in 1817.

**Caroline**, *b.* in 1785; *m.* in 1805, the Hon.

**William Lamb**, (now Viscount Melbourne,) and *d.* in 1828.

His lordship inherited the honours as third earl, at the decease of his father, 11th March, 1793.

### Lineage.

This ancient family derives its surname from the lordship of Ponsonby, in the county of Cumberland, which it acquired, with other considerable grants, at the time of the Conquest; and it deduces its lineage from a noble source in the province of Picardy, in France. The first of its members whom we find upon record in England, is

**JOHN PONSONBY**, esq. of Haugh Heale, in the county of Cumberland; whose great grandson,

**SIR JOHN PONSONBY**, knt. of Haugh Heale, *b.* in 1608, colonel of a regiment of horse, under Cromwell, being a widower, and having several children, settled his estate in Cumberland upon those children whom he left in England, (*from whom the present Cumberland family is descended*;) and took up his own abode in Ireland, where, after the reduction of that kingdom, he was appointed one of the commissioners for taking the depositions of the protestants, concerning murders, said to have been committed during the war, and was sheriff of the counties of Wicklow and Kilkenny, in 1654. He represented the county of Kilkenny in the first parliament called after the restoration; had two grants of lands under the acts of settlement, and, by accumulating debentures, left a very considerable fortune. *Sir John d.* in 1678, and was *s.* by his eldest son.

**SIR HENRY PONSONBY**, knt.; at whose decease, in the reign of King William, without issue, the estates devolved upon his brother,

**WILLIAM PONSONBY**, esq. of Besborough, M.P. for the county of Kilkenny, in the reigns of Queen Anne, and King George I. This gentleman was sworn of the privy-council in 1718, and elevated to the peerage of Ireland, by the title of *Lord Besborough, Baron of Besborough, in the county of Kilkenny*, 11th September, 1721. His lordship was created *Viscount Duncannon, of Duncannon Fort, in the county of Waterford*, 28th February, 1722. He *m.* Mary, sister of Brabason Moore, esq. of Ardee, in the county of Louth, and dying, 17th November, 1724, was *s.* by his eldest son,

**BRABASON**, second viscount; who was advanced to the dignity of *EARL OF BESBOROUGH*, 6th October, 1739, and created a peer of Great Britain, as *Baron Ponsonby, of Sysonby, in the county of Leicester*, 12th June, 1740. His lordship *m.* first, Sarah, daughter of James Margetson, esq. (son and heir of Doctor James Margetson, archbishop of Armagh,) and widow of Hugh Colville, esq. by whom he had with six daughters,

**WILLIAM** Viscount Duncannon.

**John**, speaker of the house of commons in Ireland, whose eldest son, **WILLIAM**, was created, *LORD PONSONBY OF INOKILLT*, and his second son, **GEORGE**, became Lord Chancellor of Ireland.

The earl espoused, secondly, in 1723, Elizabeth, eldest daughter and co-heiress of John Sankry,

esq. of Tenelick, in the county of Longford, and widow of Sir John King, and of John Moore, Lord Tullamore, but had no issue. He d. 4th July, 1738, and was s. by his elder son,

**WILLIAM**, second earl. His lordship m. 5th July, 1739, Lady Caroline Cavendish, eldest daughter of William, Duke of Devonshire, by whom he had surviving issue,

**FREDERICK**, present peer.

Catherine, m. Aubrey, fifth Duke of St. Albans, and d. in 1780.

Charlotte, m. William, fourth and present Earl of Fitzwilliam, and d. in 1822.

The earl, who had filled several high political situations, lord of the treasury, postmaster-general, &c. &c. d. 11th March, 1793.

**Creations**—Baron, 1721. Viscount, 1722. Earl, 1739, in the peerage of Ireland. Baron of Great Britain, 1740.



**Arms**—Gu. a chev. between three combs, ar.

**Crest**—In a ducal coronet az. three arrows, one in pale and two in saltier, points downwards, enveloped with a snake, ppr.

**Supporters**—Two lions, regardant, ppr.

**Motto**—Pro rege, lege, grege.

**Town Residence**—20, St. James's square.

**Seats**—Besborough House, in the county of Kilkenny; Roehampton, Surrey; and Sysonby, Leicestershire.

**BEVERLEY, EARL OF**, (George Percy,) and Baron Louvaine, of Alnwick, in the county of Northumberland; b. 22nd June, 1778; s. to the honors of his family, as second earl, upon the demise of his father, 21st October, 1830; m. 22nd June, 1801, Louisa-Harcourt, third daughter of the late Hon. James-Archibald Stuart-Wortley, and sister of James-Archibald, Lord Wharnclyffe, by whom he has issue,

**ALGERNON-GEORGE**, Lord Louvaine, b. in May, 1810.

Joceline-William, b. 17th July, 1811.

Henry-Hugh-Mauvers, b. 22nd August, 1818. Louisa.

Margaret.

### Lineage.

For the early descent of this house see *that of the Duke of Northumberland*.

Six HUGH SMITHSON, who m. Lady Elizabeth Seymour, the heiress of the Percys; and was cre-

ated **DUKE OF NORTHUMBERLAND** in 1706; obtained the **BARONY OF LOUVAIN OF ALNWICK**, with remainder to his second son, Lord Algernon Percy, by patent, dated 28th January, 1784; and dying in two years afterwards, was s. accordingly in that dignity by his said second son, as

**ALGERNON**, second Baron Louvaine, of Alnwick; b. 21st January, 1750. This nobleman m. 8th June, 1775, Isabella-Susannah, second daughter of Peter Burrell, esq. of Beckenham, Kent, and sister of Peter, first Lord Gwydir, by whom (who d. 24th January, 1812,) he had issue,

**GEORGE**, present earl.

Algernon, b. 19th August, 1779, minister plenipotentiary to the Swiss Cantons.

Hugh, Bishop of Carlisle, b. 29th Jan. 1784, m. in 1806, Mary, eldest daughter of the Most Rev. Charles Manners Sutton, Archbishop of Canterbury, by whom (who d. 4th Sept. 1831) he has, with other issue,

Algernon-Charles, b. 29th June, 1812.

Joceline, b. 29th January, 1784, captain R.N. m. in 1820, Sophia-Elizabeth, third daughter of Morton Walhouse, esq. of Hatherton, in the county of Stafford, and has issue.

Henry, lieutenant-colonel, b. 14th September, 1785, d. in 1825.

William-Henry, b. March 24, 1788, capt. R.N. Francis-John, b. in 1790, d. in 1812.

Charles, b. 4th March, 1794; m. 20th March, 1822, Anne-Caroline Greateed, granddaughter and heiress of the late Bertie-Bertie Greateed, esq. and assumed the surname and arms of the lady's family.

Charlotte, m. to George, third and late Earl of Ashburnham.

Susannah-Elizabeth.

Amelia-Charlotte, m. 25th July, 1808, to Andrew-Mortimer Drummond, esq. and has issue.

Lord Louvaine was advanced to the **EARLDOM OF BEVERLEY** 2nd November, 1790. His lordship d. 21st October, 1830.

**Creation**—Baron, 1784. Earl, 1790.



**Arms**—Quarterly, first and fourth, or, a lion rampant, as. for the arms of the **DUKE OF BRABANT**; second and third, gu. three lucies, haurient, ppr. for **LEUCY**; second and third quarterings, as. five fasces in fesse, or, for **PERCY**; a crescent for difference.

**Crest**—On a chapeau gu. turned up erm. a lion, statant, az. tail extended, charged on the shoulder with a crest, ar.

## BEX

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a lion, az. charged on the shoulder with a crescent, ar.; SINISTER, a unicorn ar. armed, unguled, maned, tufted, and ducally gorged, or, on the shoulder a double shackle, fesse-wise, gold.

*Motto*—*Esperance en Dieu.*

*Town Residence*—8, Portman-square.

*Seat*—Lovaine, Yorkshire.

**BEXLEY, BARON, (Nicholas Vansittart, F.R.S. and S.A.)** of Bexley, in the county of Kent; *b.* 29th April, 1766; *m.* 22nd July, 1806, Catherine-Isabella, second daughter of William, first Lord Auckland, by whom (who *d.* 10th August, 1810,) he had no issue. Mr. Vansittart had been for many years a member of administration, and filled the important office of chancellor of the exchequer, from 1812 to the beginning of 1823. In which latter year, (1st March,) upon retiring, he was created **BARON BEXLEY**. Lord Bexley is a commissioner of the land tax, and of the Royal Military College, a director of Greenwich Hospital, and a privy councillor for Great Britain and Ireland.

### Lineage.

The Vansittarts are of German or Dutch origin, and have been settled in England about a century and a half, where they have been generally engaged in commercial pursuits.

**HENRY VANSITTART**, esq. governor of Bengal, *b.* in 1732, *m.* Amelia, daughter of Nicholas Morse, esq. by whom (who *d.* in 1819,) he had issue, **NICHOLAS**, created as above **Lord BEXLEY**.

Henry, *d.* 12th October, 1787, leaving issue,

Henry, *m.* in 1812, Hon. Theresa Gleadowe-Newcomen, second daughter of Charlotte, Viscountess Newcomen, and Sir William Gleadowe, bart. and widow of Sir Charles Turner, bart. by whom he has a daughter,

Sophia.

Emilia, *m.* Edward Perry, esq. and *d.*

Governor Vansittart, was one of the committee of three, appointed by the directors of the East India Company, supervisors of their affairs in the East, who were lost, in 1770, on board the *Aurora* frigate.

*Creation*—1st March, 1823.



*Arms*—Erm. an eagle, displayed, sa. upon a chief gu. a ducal crown or, between two crosses, pattée, argent.

## BIC

*Crest*—Upon two crosses, pattée, ar. a demi-eagle, coupé, wings elevated, sa.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a horse, regardant, ar. ducally gorged or, therefrom pendent an esccheon sa. charged with an ostrich feather, in pale, of the first, with an escrol over the bottom of the quill, gold; SINISTER, an eagle, regardant, sa. wings elevated, gorged as the dexter, and therefrom pendent a portcullis, or.

*Motto*—*Grata quies.*

*Town Residence*—31, Great George-street, Westminster.

*Seat*—Foot's-Cray-place, Kent.

**BICKERTON-HUSSEY, SIR RICHARD**, baronet, of Upwood, in the county of Huntingdon, K.C.B., K.C., and F.R.S., admiral of the red, lieutenant-general of marines, and a director of Greenwich Hospital; *b.* 11th October, 1759; *m.* 25th September, 1788, Anne, daughter of James Athill, esq. of the Island of Antigua; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 24th February, 1792, and assumed by royal license, in 1823, his maternal surname and arms of "Hussey."

### Lineage.

1. **RICHARD BICKERTON**, esq. (son of Captain Bickerton, of the fourth dragoon guards, by Miss Dowdal, of Carickfergus, in Ireland,) *b.* the 22nd of June, 1727, received the honor of knighthood in 1773, upon the occasion of steering his majesty, King George the Third's barge, at a naval review off Portsmouth. Sir Richard had previously distinguished himself as a naval officer, and continued to acquire so much renown in his gallant profession, that he was created a baronet, 19th May, 1778. He was, subsequently, a participator in the achievements of Sir Edward Hughes in the Indian Seas, and attained the rank of rear-admiral of the blue. He *m.* in 1758, Maria-Anne, daughter of Thomas Hussey, esq. of Wrexham, in the county of Denbigh; and left, with two daughters,

**RICHARD**, present baronet.

Sir Richard resided at Upwood, in Huntingdonshire, (a property which had belonged to Henry Cromwell, uncle of the Protector,) and represented Rochester in Parliament. He *d.* in 1792.

*Creation*—1st May, 1778.



*Arms*—Quarterly, first and fourth, *sa.*, on a chev. erminois, three pheons, *az.* on a canton of honorable augmentation of the last, a mullet and in-crescent *ar.* within a bordure embattled or, for BICKERTON; second and third, quarterly, *per*, a cross of pearls, or and *gu.*; in the first and fourth quarters, a cross, *az.*; in the second and third, three lions passant guardant, or; in the centre chief point, (as an honorable augmentation,) on a plate, the turban of an Omrah of the Mogul empire, *ppr.* for HUSSEY.

*Crests*—BICKERTON, a dexter arm in armour, embowed, holding a dagger, all *ppr.* pendent from the arm by a crimson riband, a shield charged with the same honorable augmentation as the canton in the arms. HUSSEY, a hind, *ppr.*, ducally gorged and chained, or.

*Supporters*—(By royal grant, 14th December, 1804,) DEXTER, a sailor habited and armed with a cutlass, *ppr.*, holding a flag *az.* charged with a pheon, and inscribed with the word “EGYPT,” or; SINISTER, a female figure representing Egypt, holding in her left hand a systrum, or, and having at her feet an ibis, *ppr.*

*Motto*—Pro Deo et rege.

*Seat*—Upwood, Huntingdonshire.

BIDDULPH, SIR THEOPHILUS, baronet, of Westcombe, in the county of Kent: *s.* to the title as 5th baronet, upon the demise of his father, in 1801, *m.* Hannah, daughter of Edward Prestidge, *esq.* by whom he has issue,

THEOPHILUS, *m.* in 1825, Jane-Rebecca, daughter of Robert Vyner, *esq.* of Easthorpe, in the county of Warwick.

Charles.

Edward.

Simon.

Henry.

Frances-Anne, *m.* to Capt. W. Parker, R. N.

### Lineage.

The Saxon words — “*Bidde*,” or — “*Bida*,” prayer, entreaty, &c. and “*Ulf*,” — assistance, protection, &c., of which the surname *Biddulph* is composed, would indicate that its earliest possession had been employed in some embassy or mission to seek aid, and thence acquired the designation. The family is certainly of remote antiquity; and Erdeswick, in his survey of Staffordshire, says, “The Biddulphs derive themselves from one *Ormus de Guidon*, Lord of Darlaveston, Buckingham, Biddulph, &c. in Staffordshire, who lived in the time of doomsday.” And a pedigree extant deduces the line from this *Ormus*, to

RICHARD BIDDULPH, of Biddulph, living in 1506, from whom descended,

SIMON BIDDULPH, *esq.* of Elmhurst, in the county of Stafford, whose great-great-grandson,

1, THEOPHILUS BIDDULPH, *esq.* of Westcombe, in the county of Kent, (third son of Michael Biddulph, *esq.* by Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir William Skeffington, bart. of Fisherwick, in

the county of Stafford,) having previously received the honor of knighthood, was created a baronet on 2nd November, 1664. Sir Theophilus, *m.* Susanna, daughter of Zachary Highland, *esq.* an alderman of the city of London, and had with other issue,

MICHAEL, his successor.

Simon, of Birdingbury, in Warwickshire, *m.* Jane, eldest daughter of Edward Birch, *esq.* of Leacroft, serjeant-at-law, and had, inter alios,

EDWARD, who *m.* Anne, eldest daughter of Edward, 2nd son of Mr. Serjeant Birch, and left, with other issue,

THEOPHILUS, who *s.* as 4th BARONET.

The baronet *d.* in 1683, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR MICHAEL, who *m.* first Maria, daughter of Colonel Richard Whitley, by whom he had two daughters, and THOMAS his successor. He espoused, secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of William D'Oyly, *esq.* and had three daughters. Sir Michael *d.* in 1718, and was *s.* by his son,

3. SIR THEOPHILUS. This gentleman *m.* Cary, daughter of Sir Charles Lyttleton, bart. but dying without issue, in 1743, the baronetcy devolved upon his kinsman, (refer to issue of Simon Biddulph, *esq.* of Birdingbury, son of Sir Theophilus, 1st baronet.)

4. SIR THEOPHILUS, who *m.* Jane, only child of his uncle, Michael Biddulph, *esq.* and had, with four daughters,

THEOPHILUS, present baronet.

John, in holy orders, *m.* Sophia, daughter of Sir Charles Wheeler, bart. and has issue.

Sir Theophilus, *d.* in 1801.

*Creation*—2nd November, 1664.



*Arms*—Vert, an eagle displayed, *ar.*

*Crest*—On a wreath, a wolf, sejant, *ar.* wounded on the shoulder, *ppr.*

*Residence*—Birdingbury, Warwickshire.

BIRCH, SIR JOSEPH, baronet, of the Hasles, in the county Palatine of Lancaster, *b.* 18th June, 1755, *m.* 6th March, 1786, Elizabeth-Mary, daughter of Benjamin Heywood, of Liverpool, *esq.* and has issue,

THOMAS-BERNARD.

Phoebe-Anne, *m.* to Henry Lisborne, *esq.* of Branches Park, Suffolk, and has issue.

Elizabeth.

Sarah.

This gentleman, late M. P. for Nottingham, son of Thomas Birch, esq. who served the office of mayor for the town of Liverpool, in 1777, was created a baronet in September, 1831.

*Creation*—September, 1831.



*Arms*—Azure, three fleurs-de-lis argent, on a chief of the last, three mullets sable.

*Crest*—On a wreath of the colour, in amount vert, a bare sable collared argent.

*Motto*—Libertas.

*Seat*—The Hailes, Lancashire.

**BISSHOPP, THE REV. SIR GEORGE**, baronet, of Parham Park, in the county of Sussex; *b.* 5th July, 1791; *s.* to the title, as eighth baronet, at the decease of his cousin, Cecil, Lord de la Zouche, 11th November, 1828; *m.* 17th May, 1820, Catherine-Elizabeth, third daughter of Andrew Sproule, esq. captain R. N. and has issue,

Cecil-Augustus, *b.* 6th July, 1821.

George-Curzon, *b.* 16th April, 1823.

Edward-Cecil, *b.* 23rd February, 1826.

Harriet-Arabella, *b.* 6th July, 1831.

Jane-Annabella, *b.* 20th April, 1834.

Catherine-Mary, *b.* 10th December, 1827.

Sir George is archdeacon of Aghadoe, in Ireland.

### Lineage.

The family of Bisshopp deduces from

WALTER BISSHOPP, who came into England from Gascony with Henry II. From this individual, through a long line of distinguished persons, descended

THOMAS BISSHOPP, esq. M. P. for Gatton, in 1542. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, relict of William Scot, esq. and only daughter of Sir Edward Belknap, knt. privy counsellor to King Henry VII. and VIII. by whom he acquired a large estate in Sussex, where he afterwards resided. He was *s.* by his son,

1. THOMAS BISSHOPP, esq. M. P. for Gatton, and high sheriff of the county of Surrey in 1605, and again in 1602. This gentleman having previously received the honor of knighthood, was created a baronet 23rd July, 1696. Sir Thomas lived to an advanced age, and was *s.* at his decease by his eldest surviving son,

2. SIR EDWARD, who during the civil war endured imprisonment and confiscation for his at-

tachment to the royal cause. He *m.* Mary, fourth daughter of Nicholas Tafton, Earl of Thanet, and was *s.* by his only surviving son,

3. SIR CECIL, who *m.* Anne, daughter and heiress of George Berry, esq. of Cullum, Oxon, and dying in 1705, was *s.* by his only surviving son,

4. SIR CECIL. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and sole heiress of Henry Dunch, esq. of Newington, in the county of Oxford, and was *s.* in October, 1725, by his eldest son,

5. SIR CECIL, M. P. who *m.* Anne, second daughter of Hugh, Viscount Falmouth, and had, with other children,

CECIL, his successor.

Thomas, a colonel in the army.

Edward, one of the clerks of the treasury, and afterwards commissioner of the salt tax, who *d.* in 1792, leaving an only son, GEORGE, present baronet.

Sir Cecil *d.* in 1778, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

6. SIR CECIL. This gentleman *m.* Susan, eldest daughter, and eventually sole heiress, of John Hedges, esq. of Finchley, in the county of Middlesex; by whom he had two sons and a daughter. He *d.* in September, 1779, and was *s.* by his elder son,

7. SIR CECIL, who having established his claim to the ancient barony of De la Zouch, in right of his mother, was summoned to parliament 27th of August, 1815. (See Zouch, Baroness.) His lordship, who was *b.* 29th December, 1753, *m.* 27th June, 1782, Harriet-Anne, only daughter and heiress of William Southwell, esq. of Frampton, Gloucestershire, and first-cousin to Lord de Clifford, by whom he had issue,

CECIL, lieutenant-colonel in the army, who *d.* of wounds received in action, in Upper Canada, after greatly distinguishing himself, 16th July, 1813. He had *m.* Lady Charlotte Barbara, eldest daughter of the Marquess Townshend, but left no issue.

Charles-Cecil, of the royal navy, who *d.* of fever, at Jamaica, 10th May, 1806.

Harriet-Anne, *Baroness Zouche*, *m.* 14th Oct. 1806, to the Hon. Robert Curzon, of Hagley, in the county of Stafford, son of the late Viscount Curzon, and has issue,

1. Robert.

2. Edward-Cecil.

Katherine-Annabella, *m.* 1st August, 1836, to George-Robert Pechell, esq. captain R. N. son of the late Sir Thomas-Brooke Pechell, bart.

Lord de la Zouche *d.* 11th Nov. 1826, and thus leaving no male issue, the BARONY fell again into abeyance between his two daughters, but was almost immediately terminated by the crown, in favour of the elder, Harriet-Anne, present Baroness Zouche, of Harringworth, while the BARONETRY devolved upon his cousin (refer to Edward, second son of Sir Cecil, third baronet) the Rev. George Bisshopp, present baronet.

*Creation*—23d July, 1696.





*Arms*—Ar. on a bend, cottised, gu. three bezants.

*Crest*—On a ducal coronet, or, a griffin segant, ar. resting the dexter claw on an escocheon of the last.

*Motto*—Pro Deo et ecclesia.

*Residence*—Dublin.

**BLACKETT, SIR WILLIAM**, baronet, of Matson Hall, in the county of Northumberland; *b.* 26th October, 1805; *s.* to the title, as seventh baronet, upon the demise of his father, 27th October, 1816; *m.* 1st May, 1830, Julia, daughter of Sir Charles Monk, baronet, by whom he has a Son and Heir, *b.* in 1831.

#### Lineage.

1. **WILLIAM BLACKETT**, esq. who acquired considerable wealth by his mines and collieries, was created a baronet, 12th December, 1673. Sir William *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of Michael Kirkley, of Newcastle, merchant, and had, with three daughters, three sons, viz.

EDWARD, his successor.

Michael, who left no issue.

William of Wallington, in Northumberland, who was created a baronet 23rd January, 1664. Sir William enjoyed great popularity in his county, was esteemed a man of strict probity, and was distinguished as a speaker in the house of commons. He *m.* Julia, daughter of Sir Christopher Conyers, bart. of Horden, in Durham, and had with several daughters, an only surviving son,

Sir WILLIAM, 2nd baronet, who *d.* 25th September, 1728, without issue, when this baronetcy expired.

Sir William had no issue by his second wife, he died 16th May, 1690, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR EDWARD**, alderman, and some time mayor of the town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and Burgess in parliament for that corporation. This gentleman purchased Newbury, in Yorkshire. He *m.* first, Mary, daughter of Thomas Norton, esq. but had no surviving issue. Sir Edward espoused, secondly, Mary, daughter of Sir John York, knt. of Richmond, in Yorkshire, by whom he had a very numerous family, of which

EDWARD, the eldest son, *m.* Diana, daughter of Sir Ralph Delaval, bart. of Seaton Dela-

val, and dying before his father, left an only daughter, Diana, who *m.* Henry Mainwaring, esq. of Over Peover.

Sir Edward, *m.* thirdly, Diana, daughter of Lord Delamere, but had no issue. He *d.* 23rd April, 1718, and was *s.* by his 2nd and eldest surviving son,

3. **SIR EDWARD**; at whose decease, without issue, in March, 1756, the title devolved upon his nephew,

4. **SIR EDWARD**, (the eldest son of the second baronet's third son, John Blackett, esq. of Newby, by Patience, daughter of Henry Wise, esq. of Brompton Park, Middlesex.) This gentleman, who represented the county of Northumberland in parliament, *d.* 10th Feb. 1777, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

5. **SIR EDWARD**, who *d.* in January, 1804, and was *s.* by

6. **SIR WILLIAM**. This gentleman *m.* 8th August, 1801, the daughter of Benjamin Keane, esq. of Weston Lodge, in the county of Cambridge, by whom he had WILLIAM, the present baronet, and 1 other children. He *d.* in 1816.

*Creation*—12th December, 1673.



*Arms*—Ar., on a chevron, between three mullets, pierced, sa., three escallops of the field.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a hawk's head, erased, ppr.

*Motto*—Nous travaillerons en l'esperance.

*Seat*—Matson Hall, Northumberland.

**BLACKWOOD, THE HONORABLE SIR HENRY**, baronet, (so created 23rd July, 1814;) vice-admiral of the blue, and K. C. B.; *b.* 28th December, 1770; *m.* first, 12th January, 1795, Jane-Maria, second daughter of Launcelot Crosbie, esq. by whom (who *d.* 19th January, 1798) he had no issue; Sir Henry espoused, secondly, in 1799, Eliza, fourth daughter of Capt. Waghorn, R. N. by whom (who *d.* 30th October, 1802,) he had one son, HENRY-MARTIN, Cap. R. N. *b.* 11th June, 1802, *m.* in 1826, Harriet-Louisa, youngest daughter of J. M. Bulkeley, esq. and has issue. Sir Henry *m.* thirdly, 9th May, 1803, Harriet, daughter of Francis Gore, esq. of Ireland, by whom he has issue,

Arthur-Johnstone, *b.* 7th April, 1806.

Francis-Price, *b.* 25th May, 1809.

Harriet.

## BLA

Sir Henry had the honor of bringing home the despatches announcing the glorious and decisive victory of Trafalgar.

### Lineage.

The Hon. Sir Henry Blackwood is the seventh son of Dorcas, first Baroness Dufferin and Claneboye, deceased, by Sir John Blackwood, bart. also deceased (see Dufferin.)

*Creation*—23rd July, 1814.



*Arms*—Ar., a saltier, sa.; on a chief of the last, three holly-leaves of the field.

*Crest*—The sun rising from a cloud, ppr.

BLAIR, SIR DAVID-HUNTER, baronet, of Blairquhan, in the county of Ayr; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his brother, in 1800; *m.* first, in 1813, Dorothea, second daughter of the late Edward-Hay McKenzie, esq. of Newhall and Cromartie, (brother of George, second Marquess of Tweeddale,) by the Hon. Maria Murray, eldest daughter of George, sixth Lord Elibank, by whom (who *d.* in 1820,) has issue,

James, *b.* in March, 1817.

Edward, *b.* in March, 1818.

Maria-Dorothea.

Sir David *m.* secondly, in 1825, Elizabeth, second daughter of Sir John Hay, bart. of Hayston, in the county of Peebles, by the Hon. Mary-Elizabeth, second daughter of James, sixteenth Lord Forbes, by whom he has

John, *b.* in October, 1825.

David, *b.* in January, 1827.

William, *b.* in January, 1828.

Charles-Forbes, *b.* in May, 1829.

Mary-Elizabeth.

Sir David served as a colonel of the Ayrshire militia during the late war, and is now convener and vice-lieutenant of the county of Ayr.

### Lineage.

The family of HUNTER BLAIR is paternally descended from the HUNTERS, of Hunsterton, in the county of Ayr, and maternally from the very ancient house of BLAIR, of Dunskey.

1. JAMES HUNTER, esq. *b.* in 1740, M.P. for, and lord-provost of, the city of Edinburgh, (second

## BLA

son John Hunter, esq. of Mainholm, by Anne, daughter and heiress of William Cunningham, esq. of Brownhill,) an eminent banker of Edinburgh, in the firm of Sir Wm. Forbes and Co.; *m.* in 1770, Jane, daughter and heiress of John, Blair, esq. of Dunskey, by Anne, sister and co-heiress of line with her only sister, Lady Cathcart, of David, tenth Earl of Cassilis; upon which occasion Mr. Hunter assumed the additional surname of Blair. By this marriage he had fourteen children, twelve of whom survived infancy; namely,

JOHN, his successor in the title.

DAVID, present baronet.

James, who inherited the estates of Dunskey and Robertland, lieut.-col. of the Ayrshire militia, and thrice elected M. P. for the county of Wigtown; *d.* unmarried, much and justly regretted, in 1822.

Robert, a captain in the army, *d.* in 1799.

Forbes, inheritor of the estates of his brother James.

Thomas an officer in the army, was wounded and made prisoner at the battle of Talavera, and detained in France, till the peace of 1814. He was a second time wounded at Waterloo, in 1815, and promoted to the rank of lieutenant-colonel, and is now brigadier-general in India. He *m.* in 1820, Eliza, daughter of — Norris, esq.

Archibald *d.* at sea, in the East India Company's service.

Henry-Dundas, *d.* in 1799.

Anne, *m.* in 1791, to William Mure, esq. of Caldwell, and has issue.

Clementina, *m.* in 1698, Colonel Birch, royal engineers, and has issue.

Jane.

Jemima.

Mr. HUNTER-BLAIR was created a baronet on the 18th June, 1786, and dying in 1787, was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. JOHN; at whose decease unmarried, in 1800, the title devolved upon his brother, the present baronet.

*Creation*—18th June, 1786.



*Arms*—Quarterly: first and fourth, ar. on a chev. gu., between three bugles, vert, garnished, gu., an annulet, or, for HUNTER; second, ar. on a chev. gu., between three cross crosslets, fitchée, sa., or, fleurs-de-lis, or, all within a double tres-

sure, for KENNEDY; third, ar. on a saltier, sa., nine masles of the field, and in chief, a star, gu. for BLAIR; fourth, ar., a shake-fork, sa. and in chief, a rose, gu. for CUNNINGHAM.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a dog of Chase salient ar.; SINISTER, an antelope springing ppr. gorged with an open crown and a chain hanging thereat, or.

*Crest*—A stag's head, caboshed, ppr.

*Motto*—Vigilantia, robur, voluptas.

*Seat*—Blairquhan Castle, on the water of Girvan, Ayrshire.

BLAKE, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Menlo Castle, in the county of Galway, b. 15th July, 1753; m. first, 12th May, 1799, his cousin Eleanor, daughter of Edward Lynch, esq., by whom he has issue,

VALENTINE, m. in 1803, Eliza, eldest daughter of Joseph Donellan, esq. of Killah, and has Thomas, b. 29th Jan. 1804.

John, b. 22nd June, 1811.

Barbara, m. in 1804, to Thomas Turner, esq. of Hale's Hall, in the county of Stafford.

Sir John m. secondly, in 1801, Rose, daughter of Edward Brice, esq. of Kilroot, in the county of Antrim, by his wife Theodora, daughter of the Right Hon. Thomas, Lord Ventry, (Mr. Brice, who is lineally descended from the Elgin family, has recently resumed his ancient family name of Bruce,) and has issue,

Eliza, m. to Thomas Mullins, esq. presumptive heir of Lord Ventry.

Jane-Margaret, b. 29th April, 1805.

Arabella, b. 29th May, 1807; m. 7th Dec. 1827, to Sir Hugh-James Moore-O'Donel, bart. who d. 29th July, 1828.

Sir John s. to the title, as eleventh baronet, at the decease of his father, 12th April, 1802.

### Lineage.

This ancient and distinguished family is of British extraction, and traditionally descended from "Ap Lake," whose name appears as one of the knights of King Arthur's round table. Its immediate founder, however, in Ireland, was Richard Blake, alias Caddell, who accompanied Prince (afterwards King) John to that country, in 1185, and obtained for his military services large grants of land, in the counties of Galway, Mayo, Clare, and the county of the town of Galway.

1. VALENTINE BLAKE, esq. of Galway, was created a BARONET OF IRELAND, on the 10th July, 1622. This gentleman, who was mayor of Galway in the years 1611 and 1630, is denominated, in the corporation records of that town, "Valentine Blake Fitz-Walter Fitz-Thomas." He m. twice; first, Margaret, daughter of Robt. French, esq. of Galway, by whom he had four sons and

three daughters; and, secondly, Annabell, daughter of James Lynch, esq. by whom he had no issue. Sir Valentine d. in 1634, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR THOMAS, who was s. by his eldest son,

3. SIR VALENTINE, of Menlough Castle. This gentleman m. Eleanor, daughter of Sir Henry Lynch, bart. of Castle Cara, in the county of Mayo, by whom he had four sons, and was s. by the eldest,

4. SIR THOMAS, who m. twice, but had issue only by his second wife, (Maria, daughter of Robert French, esq. of Rasan.) Sir Thomas was s. by his eldest son,

5. SIR VALENTINE. This gentleman falling in a duel soon after the decease of his father, and leaving no issue, the title devolved upon his only brother,

6. SIR WALTER, who was the first catholic gentleman of distinction that joined the standard of King William, and obtained a commission from that monarch to raise a regiment, which he maintained and clothed at his own expense. Sir Walter was s. by his eldest son,

7. SIR THOMAS, of Sommerville, in the county of Galway. This gentleman m. in 1716, Elizabeth Burke, of Tyaquin, celebrated for her poetical talents, by whom he had a son, Ullick, and a daughter, Anne, who m. in 1757, Richard Kirwin, esq. of Creg, in the county of Galway, eminent for his philosophical writings and discoveries. Sir Thomas, at his decease, was s. by his only son,

8. SIR ULICK, who d. in 1766, without male issue, when the title reverted to his cousin,

9. SIR THOMAS, of Menlough. This gentleman m. in 1730, Eleanor Lynch, of the Castle Cara family, and had an only daughter, Mary, who m. Edward Lynch, esq. Sir Thomas dying without male issue, was s. by his brother,

10. SIR WALTER, who m. 16th April, 1751, Barbara, daughter of Myles Burke, esq. of Ower, (the maternal ancestor of this lady, James Lynch, mayor of Galway in 1493, caused his own son to be executed, for breaking faith with, and killing, his correspondent, a Spanish merchant,) by whom he had five sons and one daughter; namely,

1. JOHN, present baronet.

2. Dominick-Joseph. 3. Thomas.

4. Stephen. 5. Walter.

6. Catherine, wife of Myles Burke, esq.

It is worthy of observation, that Sir Walter and his lady were both born in April, married in April, and died upon the same day, in April, 1802.

*Creation*—10th July, 1622.



*Arms*—Ar. a fret, gu.

*Crest*—On a wreath a cat, passant gardant, ppr.

*Motto*—Virtus sola nobilitas.

*Seat*—Menlo Castle, in the county of Galway.

**BLAKE, SIR JAMES-HENRY**, bart. of Langham, in the county of Suffolk; *m.* 13th Feb. 1794, Louisa-Elizabeth, daughter of General the Hon. Thomas Gage, and cousin of the present Viscount Gage, by whom he has issue,

1. HENRY-CHARLES, *m.* in 1819, Mary-Anne, only daughter of William Whitters, esq. of Midhurst, in the county of Sussex.
2. Patrick-John.      3. William-Robert.
4. James-Bunbury.    5. Thomas-Gage.
6. George.
7. Louisa-Annabella. 8. Maria-Charlotte.
9. Emily-Eliza.

Sir James *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his brother, 25th July, 1818.

### Lineage.

This family is of ancient British extraction, and traditionally descended from **AF LAKE**, whose name appears as one of the knights of King Arthur's round table.

1. **PATRICK BLAKE**, esq. (son of Andrew Blake, esq. who was second son of Patrick Blake, esq. of the Island of Montserrat), was created a baronet, 19th September, 1772. He *m.* Annabella, daughter of Sir William Bunbury, bart. by whom he had issue, Patrick, his successor; JAMES, the present baronet, and other children. Sir Patrick was divorced from his lady, by act of parliament, in 1778; and dying in July, 1784, was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR PATRICK**, an officer in the 10th dragoons. This gentleman *m.* in 1780, Miss Phipps, only daughter of James Phipps, esq. of the Island of St. Christopher's, but dying *s. p.* in 1818, the title devolved upon his brother,

**JAMES-HENRY**, the present baronet.

*Creation*—19th September, 1772.



*Arms*—Ar. a fret, gu.

*Crest*—A leopard, passant, ppr.

*Seat*—Langham, Suffolk.

**BLAKE, SIR FRANCIS**, baronet, of Twisel Castle, in the county of Durham, M.P. *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 22nd May, 1818; *m.* Miss Neale, by whom (who d. 3rd April, 1827,) he had no issue.

### Lineage.

This family, as well as the Blakes of Langham, is of ancient British origin, and both are branches of the house of Blake, of the county of Galway, in Ireland; but this can boast a modern member, whose name yields to none in the roll of antiquity—the celebrated Admiral Blake, who *d.* unmarried in 1657.

**FRANCIS BLAKE**, esq. *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Wm. Carr, esq. of Ford Castle, in the county of Northumberland, and acquired thereby that seat. Mr. Blake received the honor of knighthood from King William III. of whom he was a zealous supporter. Sir Francis had an only child, Sarah, who *m.* Robert Blake, esq. of Ireland, which

**ROBERT BLAKE**, esq. became of Twisel Castle, in the county of Durham, and was *s.* by his only son,

1. **FRANCIS BLAKE**, esq. of Twisel Castle, an active supporter of the government in the eventful year 1745, who was created a baronet, 3rd May, 1774; Sir Francis *m.* Isabel, daughter and co-heiress of Samuel Ayton, esq. of West Herrington, in the county of Durham, and dying 30th March, 1780, was *s.* by his only surviving son,

2. **SIR FRANCIS**, who *m.* Elizabeth, only daughter of Alexander Douglas, esq. late chief of the English settlement at Bussorah, in Persia; by whom he had issue, FRANCIS, the present baronet, Robert Dudley, a lieutenant-general in the army, and several other children.

*Creation*—3rd May, 1774.



*Arms*—Ar., a chevron between three garbs, sa., in a canton, az., a fret d'or.

*Crest*—A martlet ar., charged in the breast with a fret, gu.

*Seats*—Twisel Castle, Durham; and Tilmouth Park, Northumberland.

**BLAKISTON, SIR MATTHEW**, baronet, of London; *b.* 13th May, 1783; succeeded to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 20th September, 1806; *m.* 12th April, 1810, Lucy, eldest daughter

of James Mann, esq. of Linton Place, in the county of Kent, (by Lucy, daughter of Sir Horace Mann, and Lady Lucy, sister of the last Earl of Gainsborough;) by whom she has issue,

MATTHEW, b. 15th January, 1811.  
 Henry-James, b. 19th December, 1814.  
 Horace-Mann, b. 10th December, 1819.  
 Charles-Robert, b. 6th July, 1823.  
 Rosemond, b. 9th June, 1813.  
 Lucy, b. 2nd October, 1816.  
 Anne-Sophia, b. 27th December, 1820.  
 Emily, b. 13th March, 1822.  
 Harriet-Jane, b. 15th February, 1824.

### Lineage.

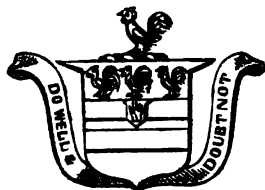
This family is very ancient, being descended from the Blakistons, of Blakiston, in the county of Durham; two members of which family were created baronets; one by King James I. in the year 1615, and the other, by King Charles I. in 1642. Why these honors ceased, does not appear; but it is believed that one of them might be revived by the present baronet, as direct descendant.

1. MATTHEW BLAKISTON, esq. an eminent merchant of London, was elected an alderman in 1750; served the office of sheriff, in 1753; and filled the civic chair, in 1760; in 1759, Mr. Alderman Blakiston received the honor of knighthood, and was created a baronet, 11th April, 1763. He was twice married: by his first marriage, he had one son, who died coelebs, and by the second, which took place in 1760, with Annabella, daughter of Thomas Bayly, esq. M.P. for Derby, and Bridget, daughter of Sir W. Dixie, bart. he had an only son, his successor at his demise in 1774.

2. SIR MATTHEW, b. in the mansion-house, during the mayoralty of his father; m. in 1782, Anne, daughter of John Rochford, esq. of Cloghbreanan, in the county of Carlow, by whom he left, at his decease, in 1806,

MATTHEW, present baronet, and several other children.

*Creation*—11th April, 1763.



*Arms*—Ar., two bars, gu. in chief, three cocks of the last.

*Crest*—A cock, gu.

*Motto*—Do well, and doubt not.

*Seat*—Sandy Brooke, in the county of Derby.

BLANE, SIR GILBERT, baronet, of Blanefield, in the county of Ayr, and Culver-

lands, in the county of Berks, M.D.; one of the physicians in ordinary to the king; Member of the Royal College of Physicians in London; Fellow of the Royal Societies of London and Edinburgh; a proprietor of the Royal Institution, and a member of the Imperial Academy of Sciences of St. Petersburg; b. 29th August, 1749; m. 11th July, 1786, Elizabeth, only daughter of Ab. Gardiner, esq. by whom he has surviving issue,

GILBERT-GARDINER.

Hugh-Seymour, an officer in the third regiment of foot guards, who served with distinction at Waterloo.

Charles-Collins.

Doctor Blane, having attained the highest eminence in his profession, was created a baronet, 26th December, 1812.

*Creation*—26th December, 1812.



*Arms*—Ar. on a fesse sa., a mullet between two crescents of the field; in base, a rose, gu.; in the centre chief point an anchor, erect, entwined by a serpent, ppr.

*Crest*—A sword erect, ppr., pomel and hilt.

*Motto*—Paritur pax bello.

*Town Residence*—8, Sackville-street.

*Seats*—Blanefield, and Culverlands.

BLANTYRE, BARON, (Charles Stewart) of the county of Lanark, in the peerage of Scotland, b. 21st December, 1818; succeeded to the dignity as twelfth baron, upon the demise of his father, 22nd September, 1830.

### Lineage.

This noble family deduces its descent from a common ancestor with the Earls of Galloway.

SIR WILLIAM STEWART, of Dalswinton and Garlies, who obtained possession of the estate of Minto, in 1443, died after the year 1479, leaving three sons,

ALEXANDER (Sir), from whom the Earls of Galloway derive.

Thomas (Sir), of Minto, of whom presently, Walter, of Tonderghie.

The second son,

SIR THOMAS STEWART, got from his father the lands of Minto, Sinlaws, and Merbotell, in the county of Roxburgh, of which he had two charters under the great seal, 2nd November, 1476. He d. in 1500, and was s. by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN STEWART OF MINTO, who was *s.* by his son,

SIR ROBERT STEWART OF MINTO, whose eldest son's successor,

SIR JOHN STEWART OF MINTO, *m.* and left by his first wife, a son,

MATTHEW (Sir) of Minto, whose male line became extinct in the person of

SIR JOHN STEWART, who *d.* in the expedition to Darien, in 1697.

Sir John Stewart left by his second wife, Margaret, daughter of James Stewart, of Cardonald, an only son,

WALTER STEWART, who, being brought up with King James VI. under George Buchanan, had the priory of Blantyre bestowed upon him by that monarch, and is designated Commendator of Blantyre, in 1580, when he was nominated one of the gentlemen of the bedchamber. He was sworn of the privy council, and constituted keeper of the privy seal, 14th November, 1582; appointed one of the extraordinary lords of session, in 1593; made LORD HIGH TREASURER OF SCOTLAND, 1596; and elevated to the peerage of that kingdom 10th July, 1606, as BARON OF BLANTYRE. His lordship *m.* Nicholas, daughter of Sir James Somerville, of Cambusnethan, and had, with other issue,

James (Sir), K.B. This gentleman, being involved in a quarrel with Sir Geo. Wharton, son of Lord Wharton, a duel resulted, at Islington, 8th November, 1609, wherein both the combatants fell. Sir James left a widow, Lady Dorothy Hastings, daughter of George, fourth earl of Huntingdon, but no issue. The lady subsequently *m.* Robert, second earl of Roscommon.

WILLIAM, of whom presently.

His lordship *d.* 8th March, 1617, and was *s.* by his elder surviving son,

WILLIAM, second baron, who *m.* Helen, daughter of Sir William Scot, of Ardross, and was *s.* at his decease, in 1638, by his son,

WALTER, third baron. This nobleman, dying in 1641, without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

ALEXANDER, fourth baron, who *m.* Margaret, daughter of John Shaw, of Greenock, and granddaughter maternally of Sir John Houston, of Houston, by whom he had a son and daughter. He was *s.* by the former,

ALEXANDER, fifth baron. This nobleman being one of those who protested against the legality of the convention of 1702; upon taking the oaths and his seat in parliament, the following year, presented a petition, entreating the Commissioner and the Estates to accept of his submission, and most humble acknowledgment of the indecent and undutiful expressions uttered by him in presence of Her Majesty's advocate, against the High Commissioner. On reading the petition, his lordship was ordered to be brought in custody to the bar, to the end that he might, there kneeling, beg pardon of the Commissioner and the Estates for his said offence, pay a fine of £3000, and con-

tinue in custody until the fine should be paid. Lord Blantyre having made his appearance accordingly, the Lord Chancellor declared that the Commissioner was pleased to dispense with the petitioner's making his acknowledgment upon his knees, to which the Estates agreed: his lordship gave obedience to the rest of the sentence, and was thereupon dismissed, and allowed to take his place. He *d.* in 1704, and was *s.* by his eldest son (by his second wife, Anne, daughter of Sir Robert Hamilton, titular Lord Presmanan).

WALTER, sixth baron, one of the representative peers, at whose decease, unmarried, in 1713, the barony devolved upon his brother,

ROBERT, seventh baron. This nobleman *m.* first, Lady Helen-Lyon, daughter of John, fourth Earl of Strathmore, by whom he had no surviving issue; and, secondly, Margaret, daughter of William Hay, esq. of Drumelsier, by whom he had six sons and four daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1743, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

WALTER, eighth baron, who, dying unmarried, in 1751, was *s.* by his brother,

WILLIAM, ninth baron; at whose decease, in 1776, unmarried, the barony descended to the next brother,

ALEXANDER, tenth baron. This nobleman *m.* in 1773, Katherine, daughter and heiress of Patrick Lindsay, esq. of Eaglescarnie; by whom (who *d.* in December, 1822) he had issue,

ROBERT-WALTER, his successor.

Patrick, major-general in the army; *b.* in 1777, *m.* in 1810, Catherine-Henrietta, daughter of the Hon. John Rodney, and has issue.

William, *b.* in 1778, major-general in the army, severely wounded at Waterloo.

Charles-Francis, barrister at law, *b.* in 1780. Margaret, *m.* in 1800, to the Rev. Andrew Stewart.

His lordship *d.* in 1783, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

ROBERT-WALTER, eleventh baron, *b.* 20th December, 1775, *m.* 20th February, 1813, Fanny, second daughter of the hon. John Rodney, and granddaughter of the first Lord Rodney, by whom he had issue,

CHARLES, present baron.

William, *b.* 3rd March, 1824.

Walter-Rodney, *b.* 16th July, 1826.

— a son, *b.* 28th July, 1827.

— a son, *b.* 6th June, 1830.

Catherine.

Fanny-Mary.

Georgiana-Eliza.

— (a daughter.)

His lordship, who was a major-general in the army, and a companion of the Bath, was accidentally killed during the conflict at Brussels, on 22nd September, 1830.

Creation—10th July, 1606. Douglas says, that the creation took place at least seven years prior to this date, although he acknowledges not having seen the patent; but concludes such to be the fact,

from a charter granted to the first baron, erecting certain lands into a free barony, dated 18th January, 1589, wherein he is styled "*Waltero domino Blantyre, thesaurario S.D.N. regis, hereditibus masculis*," &c.



**Arms**—Or, a fesse chequy, ar. and az., surmounted of a bend engrailed, and in a chief a rose, gu.

**Crest**—A dove with an olive leaf in its mouth, ppr.

**Supporters**—DEXTER, a savage, wreathed about his head and middle with laurel, and holding over his shoulder a battoon, all ppr.; SINISTER, a lion gules.

**Motto**—Sola juvat virtus.

**Seats**—Lennox-love, formerly Lethington, near Haddington; Erskine House, and Blantyre, in the county of Renfrew.

BLAYNEY, BARON, (Andrew-Thomas Blayney,) of Monaghan, in the county of Monaghan, in the peerage of Ireland, lieutenant-general in the army; b. 30th November, 1772; s. to the title, as eleventh baron, upon the demise of his brother, 2nd April, 1784; m. 5th July, 1796, Mabella, eldest daughter of James, first Earl of Caledon; by whom he has issue,

CADWALLADER-DAVIS, M.P. for the county of Monaghan, b. 21st February, 1803.

Anne, m. in 1818, to Captain C. Gordon, R.N.

### Lineage.

This noble family claims descent from the kings of the ancient Britons, in a direct line from Cadwallader, a younger son of the Prince of Wales. It was established in Ireland by

SIR EDWARD BLAYNEY, knt. who had been employed from his youth in the armies of Queen Elizabeth, and accompanied Robert, Earl of Essex, as a colonel, into that kingdom, in 1598, where he obtained both wealth and renown in the subsequent wars. Sir Edward was elevated to the peerage of Ireland 29th July, 1621, by the title of LORD BLAYNEY, *Baron of Monaghan, in the county of Monaghan*. His lordship m. Anne, second daughter of Doctor Adam Loftus, archbishop of Dublin, and chancellor of Ireland; by whom he had two sons,

HENRY, (SIR,) his successor.

Arthur, (SIR,) of Shien Castle, in the county of Monaghan.

and six daughters. He d. 11th February, 1629, and was s. by his elder son,

HENRY, second baron, who m. in January, 1623, Jane, daughter of Gerald, Viscount Drogheda, by whom he had two surviving sons and five daughters. His lordship, who was a military man, fell at the battle of Benburb, in the county of Tyrone, 5th June, 1646, and was s. by his elder son,

EDWARD, third baron. This nobleman dying unmarried in 1660, the title devolved upon his brother,

RICHARD, fourth baron. This nobleman was high in favour with the usurper Cromwell, and had been appointed, in 1656, by that person custrotulorum of the county of Monaghan, and escheator of the county of Tyrone. His lordship m. 9th March, 1653, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Mr. Alderman Vincent, of Dublin, M. P. by whom he had several children. He espoused, secondly, Jane, daughter of John Malloch, esq. but had no issue. He d. 5th November, 1670, and was s. by his eldest surviving son,

HENRY-VINCENT, fifth baron. This nobleman m. Margaret Moore, eldest sister of John, first Lord Tullamore, by whom he had an only surviving child, Elinor, m. to Nicholas Mahon, esq. barrister-at-law. His lordship d. in 1689, and was s. by his brother,

WILLIAM, sixth baron. His lordship m. in 1686, Mary, eldest daughter of William, first Viscount Charlemont, widow of Arthur Dellon, esq. of Lis-mullen, in the county of Meath, and dying 3rd January, 1705, was s. by his only surviving son,

CADWALLADER, seventh baron, who m. Mary, daughter of the Honorable James Touchet, second son of the Earl of Castlehaven, and niece of Charles Talbot, Duke of Shrewsbury, then lord-lieutenant of Ireland; by whom he had several children. His lordship m. secondly, Mary, daughter and heiress of Sir Alexander Cairnes, baronet, of Monaghan, but had no issue. He d. 19th March, 1732, and was s. by his eldest son,

CHARLES-TALBOT, eighth baron, in holy orders, and Dean of Killaloe; at whose decease without surviving issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

CADWALLADER, ninth baron, b. 2nd May, 1720; m. 20th December, 1767, Sophia, daughter of Thomas Tipping, esq. of Beaulieu; by whom he had issue,

CADWALLADER-DAVIS.

ANDREW-THOMAS.

Sophia, m. in 1789, to John Armstrong, esq. Mary.

His lordship, who was a lieutenant-general in the army, d. 21st November, 1782, and was s. by his elder son,

CADWALLADER DAVIS, tenth baron; at whose decease, unmarried, 2nd April, 1784, the title devolved upon his brother, ANDREW-THOMAS, present peer.

Creation—29th July, 1621.



*Arms*—Sa. three nags' heads, erased, ar.

*Crest*—A nag's head, couped, ar. bridled gu. on the forehead a piece of armour, with a projecting spike, ppr.

*Supporters*—Two horses ar. bridled, saddled, and hooped, or.

*Motto*—Integra mens augustissima possessio.

*Seat*—Blayne Castle, Ireland.

**BLANNERHASSET, SIR ARTHUR**, baronet, of Blennerville, in the county of Kilkenny; *b.* 30th July, 1794; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, at the decease of his father, in September, 1831.

#### Lineage.

This family is of English origin, and it has either received its surname from, or conferred it upon, Blennerhasset, in the county of Cumberland, where it appears to have been stationary for several centuries. The Blennerhassetts settled in Ireland during the reign of Elizabeth, and have, since that period, maintained the highest rank amongst the gentry of the county of Kerry, where the first settlers, Thomas Blennerhasset, and his son, Robert, obtained a part of the Earl of Desmond's large possessions. From this Robert descended,

1. ROWLAND BLANNERHASSETT, esq. *b.* in 1714; created a baronet 22nd September, 1800; *m.* Millicent-Agnes, daughter of Richard Yielding, esq. of Belview, in the county of Limerick, by whom he had issue,
- ROBERT, his successor.
- Richard, *m.* Agnes, daughter of Sir Barry Denny, bart. and *d.* issueless in 1827.
- Arthur, *m.* Helena-Jane, daughter of Thomas, Lord Ventry, and has issue.
- Rowland, *m.* Letitia, eldest daughter of John Hurley, esq. and has issue.
- William, *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Richard Blennerhasset, esq. and has issue.

Sir Rowland *d.* in 1821, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR ROBERT, *b.* in 1760, *m.* 1st June, 1790, his cousin, Rosanna, only daughter of the late Arthur Blennerhasset, esq. of Fortfield, in the county of Kerry; by whom (who *d.* in 1828) he had issue,

ARTHUR, present baronet.  
Robert, *b.* 27th July, 1797.

William, *b.* 2nd February, 1802.

Catherine, *m.* 10th May, 1822, to the Rev. Edward Fitzgerald Connyers, second son of Charles Connyers, esq. of Castletown Connyers, in the county of Limerick, and has issue.

Sir Robert *d.* in September, 1831.

*Creation*—22nd September, 1809.



*Arms*—Gu. a chev., ermine, between three dolphins embowed, ar.

*Crest*—A wolf sejant, ppr.

*Motto*—Fortes fortuna juvat.

*Seat*—Churchtown, near Killarney.

**BLOIS, SIR CHARLES**, baronet, of Grundisburgh Hall, in the county of Suffolk; *m.* 30th December, 1788, Clara, daughter of Jocelyn Price, esq. of Camblesforth Hall, in the county of York; by whom he has issue,

1. CHARLES.
2. John, commander R.N. *m.* in February, 1827, Eliza-Knox, second daughter of the Rev. John Barrett, rector of Inniskeel, in the county of Donegal.
3. William.
4. Thomas.
5. Frances-Mary, *m.* in Dec. 1815, to the Rev. Eardley Norton.
6. Clara, *m.* in Dec. 1815, to William Palmer, esq. of Ladbroke, in the county of Warwick.
7. Lucy-Anne, *m.* to Joshua, second and present Lord Huntingfield.

Sir Charles *s.* to the title, as sixth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 17th January, 1810.

#### Lineage.

Tradition states, that the founder of this ancient house in England, came over with William the Conqueror, and that he derived the surname of Blois from the town of that name in France; in allusion to which origin, probably, it was, that the fleur-de-lis was introduced into the arms of the family, which they still retain.

THOMAS BLOIS, living at Norton, Suffolk, in 1470, was great grandfather of

RICHARD BLOIS, of Grundisburgh Hall, to which seat the family removed in the reign of Henry VII., whose great grandson,

WILLIAM BLOIS, esq. M.P. of Grundisburgh Hall, *m.* Cecily, daughter of Sir Thomas Wing-



field, knt. and dying in 1673, was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

SIR WILLIAM BLOIS, knt. who *m.* Martha, daughter of Sir Robert Brooke, of Crockfield Hall, Suffolk, and was *s.* in 1675, by his only surviving son,

1. CHARLES BLOIS, esq. of Grundisburgh Hall, who was created a baronet on the 15th of April, 1686. Sir Charles removed from Grundisburgh to Coxfield Hall, in 1693, upon the death of his aunt, Mary, the only surviving child of Sir Robt. Brooke. He *m.* first, Mary, daughter of Sir Robert Kemp, bart. of Gising, in the county of Norfolk, and had, with other children,

William, who *m.* Jane, third daughter of Sir Robert Kemp, of Ubbeston, and dying in 1738, left a son,

Charles, who *s.* his grandfather.

Charles, who *s.* his nephew, as third baronet.

Sir Charles *m.* secondly, Anne, daughter of Ralph Hawrey, and left (with another son and a daughter)

RALPH, who *s.* as fourth baronet.

He *d.* 9th April, 1738, and was *s.* by his grandson,

2. SIR CHARLES; at whose decease, unmarried, in 1760, the title reverted to his uncle,

3. SIR CHARLES. This gentleman dying without issue, was *s.* in 1761, by his half brother,

4. SIR RALPH, who *m.* Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Reginald Rabett, esq. of Bramfield, in Suffolk, and dying in 1762, was *s.* by his only surviving son,

5. SIR JOHN. This gentleman *m.* first, Sarah, daughter of George Thornhill, esq. of Diddington, in the county of Huntingdon; by whom he had CHARLES, the present bart., and one daughter, Sarah. He *m.* secondly, Miss Otley, of the Island of St. Christopher, by whom he left two daughters, viz.

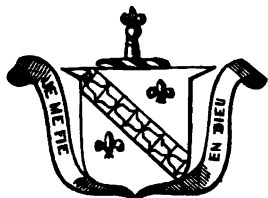
Lucretia, *m.* in 1805, to Doctor Thos. Turner.

Lucy-Anne, *m.* in 1817, to the Rev. Charles

Thomas Johnson.

Sir John *d.* in 1810.

*Creation*—15th April, 1686.



*Arms*—Gu., a bend, vair, between two fleurs-de-lis, ar.

*Crest*—A gauntlet, ppr. holding a fleur-de-lis, ppr.

*Motto*—*Je me fie en Dieu.*

*Seats*—Grundisburgh Hall, and Coxfield Hall, Suffolk.

R

BLOMEFIELD, SIR THOMAS-WILLIAM, baronet, of Attleborough, in the county of Norfolk; *b.* in March, 1791; *m.* 11th November, 1819, Salome, daughter of Samuel Kekewick, esq. of Peamore, Devonshire, by whom he has issue,

THOMAS-EARDLEY-WILMOT, *b.* 3rd Aug. 1820.

Samuel-Edward, *b.* 12th April, 1823.

John, *b.* 27th October, 1824.

Robert-Allan, *b.* 22nd March, 1826.

Salome, *b.* in August, 1827.

Sir Thomas *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 22nd August, 1822.

### Lineage.

1. THOMAS BLOMEFIELD, esq. (only son of the Rev. Thomas Blomefield, A.M., rector of Hartley, and Chalk, both in the county of Kent, and chaplain to his grace the Duke of Dorset, by his second wife, Mary, daughter of John Branch, esq. of Hampshire,) was created a baronet on 14th November, 1807, upon his return from the expedition to Copenhagen in that year, where he commanded the artillery, with the rank of major-general. Sir Thomas *m.* Elizabeth, second daughter of the Right Hon. Sir John-Eardley Wilmot, knt., chief-justice of the court of common-pleas, by whom he had issue,

THOMAS-WILLIAM, the present baronet.

*Creation*—14th Nov. 1807.



*Arms*—Sa. on a chev. ar., a branch of laurel between two bomb-shells, fired, ppr., and in a canton, or, a spear-head, embued, ppr.

*Crest*—Issuant from a mural crown, ar., a demi-heraldic tiger, az., armed and tufted, or, collared, ar., and holding a sword, broken in the middle, ppr.

*Seats*—Attleborough, Norfolk; and Shooter's Hill Kent.

BLOOMFIELD, BARON, (Benjamin Bloomfield,) of Redwood, in the county of Tipperary; a lieutenant-general in the army; colonel of the first battalion of the royal artillery; G.C.B. and K.G.H.; *b.* 13th April, 1762; *m.* 7th Sept. 1797, Harriet, daughter of the late John Douglas, esq. of Grantham, in the county of Lincoln: by whom he has issue,

JOHN-ARTHUR-DOUGLAS, *b.* 12th Nov. 1802; secretary of Legation at Stockholm.

Harriet.  
Georgina.

Lord Bloomfield, who is descended from an ancient family in Ireland, maternally from that of Jocelyn, his grandmother Waller being sister to the LORD CHANCELLOR Jocelyn, entered early into the corps of artillery, of which he is now colonel. In 1808, he was appointed gentleman attendant upon his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, and, during the subsequent regency, filled the offices of marshal and chief equerry to the Regent. In 1815, he received the honor of knighthood; and, in 1817, upon the resignation of Sir John McMahon, succeeded that gentleman as receiver-general of the Duchy of Cornwall, and private secretary and keeper of the privy-purse to the prince. In September, 1824, Sir Benjamin Bloomfield was appointed minister-plenipotentiary and envoy-extraordinary, to the court of Sweden, (which diplomatic situation his lordship continues to fill,) and was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 14th May, 1825.

Creation—14th May, 1825.



**Arms**—Ar. three lozenges, in fesse gu. between as many cinquefoils, az.; on a canton of the last, three ostrich feathers of the field, issuing through the rim of a royal coronet, or.

**Crest**—Out of a mural crown or, charged with two cinquefoils, in fesse, az. a bull's head ppr.

**Supporters**—On either side a horse, reguardant, ar. their tails flowing between their hind legs, each gorged with a chaplet of oak, ppr.; the DEXTER charged, on the shoulder, with an escocheon, gu., thereon a plume of feathers, as on the canton in the shield; and the SINISTER, with an escocheon, or, charged with a grenade sa. fired, ppr.

**Motto**—Fortes fortuna juvat.

**Seat**—Redwood, county of Tipperary.

BLOUNT, SIR EDWARD, baronet, of Sodington, in the county of Worcester, LL.D.; b. 3rd of March, 1795; s. to the title, as eighth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 31st October, 1803; m. 14th Sept. 1830, Mary-Frances, eldest daughter of Edward Blount, esq. M.P.

### Lineage.

This very ancient house has given birth to three distinct races of peers, namely,—the Lords of Guisnes, in France; the Barons of Ixworth, in Suffolk (which barony ceased with Sir William Blount, Baron of Ixworth, who was slain under the banner of Mountford, Earl of Leicester, at the battle of Lewes, and subsequently attainted, by parliament, in the reign of King Henry III.); and the Barons of Montjoy, of Thurverston, in the county of Derby, which barony expired in 1681. (See *Burke's Extinct Peerage*.) Its settlement, in England, is traced to the Conquest, and its genealogy deduced from the *Blondi*, or *Blondi* of Italy, whose progenitors are known to have been the *Flavii* of ancient Rome. The first of the family, however, whom we have upon absolute record, is

BLOUND, Lord of Guisnes, one of the companions in arms of William the Conqueror, whose eldest son returned to his native country, while the second,

SIR ROBERT, adopting the new kingdom of his chief, was made Baron of Ixworth, and Lord of Orford Castle, Walsham, Stepworth, Ashfield, and Leningham, in the county of Suffolk. From this feudal chief descended

SIR STEPHEN BLOUNT (brother of the Sir William Blount mentioned above, as attainted after the battle of Lewes), who m. Maria, only daughter and heiress of Sir William le Blount, of Saxlingham, in Suffolk; and from the families thus united, all the Blounts in England have sprung. Sir Stephen was s. by his son,

SIR JOHN BLOUNT, who was s. by his son,

SIR WILLIAM BLOUNT, who m. Isabel, relict of Lord Lovet, and had issue,

WILLIAM, his successor.

Thomas (Sir), from whom descended the Blounts of Maple-Durham, &c. &c.

Sir William was s. by his son,

SIR WALTER BLOUNT, knt., of Ockha, otherwise Rock, in the county of Warwick, who m. Joan, daughter and heiress of Sir William de Sodington, with whom he acquired the *Estate of Sodington*, which, to this day, has continued one of the principal seats of the family. Sir William was s. by his elder son,

SIR WILLIAM BLOUNT. This gentleman m. Margaret, daughter and co-heiress of Theobald de Verdon, second Baron de Verdon, but dying s. p. left his property to his brother,

SIR JOHN BLOUNT, who m. Isolda, daughter and heiress of Thomas, Lord Montjoy, whence that title was afterwards assumed as a barony by a member of the family. From this Sir John we pass to his lineal descendant,

SIR GEORGE BLOUNT, knt., of Sodington, who m. Eleanor, daughter of William Norwood, esq. of Leekhampton, Gloucestershire, and was s. by his eldest son,

1. SIR WALTER BLOUNT, knt., who was created a baronet on 5th October, 1642. This gentleman suffered greatly in the cause of King Charles I., in which he took so active a part, that he subjected himself to incarceration at Oxford, and in the Tower of London. Sir Walter m. Elizabeth,

daughter of George Wyld, esq. of Droitwich, in the county of Worcester, serjeant-at-law; by whom he had four surviving sons (all of whom, like their father, bore arms under the royal banner), and four daughters. He was *s.* at his decease, by his eldest son,

2. **SIR GEORGE**, who *m.* Mary, daughter and heiress of Richard Kirkham, esq. of Blagdon, in the county of Devon, and had, with other issue, **WALTER KIRKHAM**, his successor.

George, who left an only surviving son (by Constantia, his second wife, daughter of Sir George Cary, of Tor Abbey),

**EDWARD**, successor to the baronetcy.

Edward, of Blagdon, who *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir John Guise, bart., of Rendcombe, in the county of Gloucester; and left, at his decease, in 1736, four daughters, viz.:—  
Elizabeth, *m.* to Hugh, Lord Clifford.  
Mary, *m.* to Edward, Duke of Norfolk.  
Anne.

Henrietta, *m.* to the Hon. P. Howard.  
**SIR GEORGE d. in 1667, and was *s.* by his eldest son,**

3. **SIR WALTER KIRKHAM**; at whose decease, without issue, 12th May, 1717, the title devolved upon his nephew,

4. **SIR EDWARD**. This gentleman *m.* Appollonia, daughter of Sir John Throckmorton, bart., by whom he had surviving issue, Edward and Walter, successively baronets, and three daughters. He *d.* in 1736, and was *s.* by his elder son,

5. **SIR EDWARD**; at whose decease, in 1765, without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

6. **SIR WALTER**, who *m.* in 1766, Mary, eldest daughter of James, Lord Aston, of Forfar, by whom he had issue,

**WALTER**, his successor.

Edward, *b.* in 1769; *m.* in 1803, Frances, daughter of Francis Wright, esq., of the county of Essex, and had

1. Walter-Edward-Aston.

2. Edward-Charles.

3. Herbert.

4. George.

5. Henry.

With several daughters.

George, who *m.* twice, but had no issue.

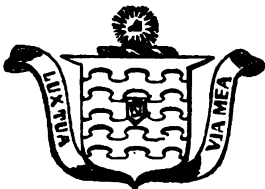
**Sir Walter d.** 5th October, 1785, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

7. **SIR WALTER**. This gentleman *m.* 23th Nov. 1792, Anne, youngest daughter of Thomas Riddell, esq., of Felton Park, and Swinburne Castle, both in the county of Northumberland; by whom he had issue,

Walter, who *d.* in infancy, and

EDWARD, the present baronet.

*Creations*—5th October, 1642.



*Arms*—Barry, nebulee of six, or, and sa.

*Crest*—An armed foot in the sun.

*Motto*—Lux tua via mea.

*Seats*—Sodington, in the county of Worcester; and Mawley Hall, Shropshire.

**BLOSSE-LYNCH, THE REV. SIR FRANCIS**, baronet, of Castle Carra, in the county of Mayo; *b.* in August, 1801; inherited the title as ninth baronet, at the decease of his father, in January, 1818; *m.* in March, 1824, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the Right Hon. Lord Plunket; by whom he has issue,

**ROBERT-LYNCH**, *b.* in Feb. 1825.

**William-Conyngham-Lynch**, *b.* in March, 1826.

### Lineage.

The family of Lynch is of great antiquity in the province of Connaught, being amongst the very early settlers, denominated the "Tribes of Galway." In an old MS. in Ulster's office, William-Le Petite is stated to be the common progenitor of all the Lynches of Ireland. The founder of the honors of the family, however, was

1. **HENRY-LYNCH**, esq. mayor of, and member of parliament for, Galway, (eldest of twelve sons of Nicholas Lynch, also mayor of Galway,) who was created a **BARONET OF IRELAND** on the 8th June, 1622. Sir Henry *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Richard Martin, esq. and relict of Jas. D'Arcy, esq. by whom he had three sons and three daughters. He *d.* in 1634, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR ROBERT**. This gentleman represented Galway in parliament in 1639 and in 1641, and was resident counsel for Connaught, during the rebellion. He *m.* Ellis, daughter of Sir Peter French, knt. by whom he had two sons, and was *s.* by the elder,

3. **SIR HENRY**, a lawyer of eminence, and one of the barons of the exchequer, in 1689. He *m.* first, Margaret, daughter of Sir Theobald Bourke, third Viscount Mayo, by whom he had no issue; and, secondly, ———, by whom he had two sons; by the elder of whom,

4. **SIR ROBERT**, he was succeeded. This gentleman *m.* Catherine, daughter of Henry Blake, esq. of the county of Mayo; by whom he had two daughters, and his successor,

5. **SIR HENRY**, of Castle Carra, who *m.* Mary, daughter of John Moore, esq. of Brees, in the county of Galway; by whom he had a daughter, and his successor,

6. **SIR ROBERT**. This gentleman having *m.* Miss Bloose, daughter and heiress of ——— Bloose, esq. of London, assumed the surname of Bloose, in addition to, and after, that of Lynch. The issue of this marriage were, Henry, who succeeded to the title; and Francis, who *m.* Hatton, daughter of John Smith, esq. of Rathomey, in the county of Cork, and had issue, Robert, who,

succeeding his uncle, became the eighth baronet. Sir Robert was *s.* by his elder son,

7. **SIR HENRY LYNCH-BLOSSE**; upon whose demise, without issue, the title reverted to his nephew,

8. **SIR ROBERT**. This gentleman *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of William Gorman, esq. of Carlow, by whom he had FRANCIS, the present baronet, with other children. He espoused, secondly, Charlotte, daughter of John Richards, esq. of Cardiff, in the county of Glamorgan. Sir Robert *d.* in 1818.

*Creation*—8th June, 1622.



*Arms*—As. a chev. between three trefoils, slipped, or.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a wolf passant, coward, ar.

*Motto*—Nec temere, nec timide.

*Residence*—Stephen's Green, Dublin.

*Seat*—Castle Carra, in the county of Mayo.

**BLUNDEN, SIR JOHN**, baronet, of Castle Blunden, in the county of Kilkenny; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, in 1818.

#### Lineage.

1. **JOHN BLUNDEN**, esq. only surviving son of John Blunden, esq. of Castle Blunden, M.P. for the county of Kilkenny, by Martha, daughter of Agmondisham Cuffe, esq. and sister of John, first Lord Desart, was created a **BARONET OF IRELAND** on the 12th March, 1766. Sir John was a distinguished member of the Irish bar, and represented the city of Kilkenny in parliament. He *m.* 25th February, 1755, his cousin, Lucy-Susanna, daughter of Lord Desart, and had issue three sons and four daughters. He *d.* in 1783, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR JOHN**. This gentleman *m.* first, Miss Hewitson, daughter of — Hewitson, esq. by whom (who *d.* in 1808) he had issue; and, secondly, in 1812, Hester, daughter of John Helsham, esq. of Legget's Rath, Kilkennyshire. Sir John *d.* in 1818.

*Creation*—12th March, 1766.

*Seat*—Castle Blunden, Kilkennyshire.

**BLUNT, SIR CHARLES-RICHARD**, baronet, of London; judge and magistrate of the Zillah of Beerbhoom, in Bengal; *b.* 6th December, 1775; *s.* to the title, as fourth

baronet, upon the demise of his father, in March, 1802; *m.* on the 20th March, 1824, Sophia, daughter of Richard Barker, esq. and relict of Richard Achmuty, esq. formerly of Bengal, by whom he has issue,

Walter, *b.* 16th March, 1826.

#### Lineage.

**JOHN BLUNT**, esq. having amassed a considerable fortune, was created a baronet by King George I. 17th July, 1720. Sir John *m.* twice, and had a numerous progeny by his first wife, Mrs. Elizabeth Court, of Warwickshire. Sir John Blunt was summoned before the court of chivalry in 1732, and fined for adopting the arms of the family of Blount, of Sodington, without permission; he appealed, however, and a day was appointed to hear the appeal; but no further proceedings occurred, probably on account of the baronet's decease, which took place on the 24th January, 1733. He was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR HENRY**, who *m.* in 1724, Dorothy, eldest daughter of William Nutt, esq. of Walthamstow, and dying in 1759, was *s.* by his son,

3. **SIR CHARLES-WILLIAM**. This gentleman *m.* 22nd July, 1764, Elizabeth, only daughter of Alderman Peers, of London, and sister and heiress of Sir Richard Peers, bart. by whom he had (with nine daughters) three sons, viz.

**CHARLES-RICHARD**, present baronet.

**Richard-Charles**, *b.* in 1776; *m.* in 1809, Eliza, daughter of the late Capt. Mercer, and has issue.

**William**, *b.* in 1780; *m.* Eliza, daughter of General Richards, and has issue.

Sir Charles-William *d.* in India, 29th March, 1802.

*Creation*—17th July, 1720.



*Arms*—Barry nebulee of six, or and sa. a crescent for difference.

*Crest*—The sun in glory, charged on the centre with an eye issuing tears, all ppr.

*Motto*—Lux tua vita mea.

*Seats*—Heathfield Park, Sussex; and Croydon, Surrey.

**BOEVEY-CRAWLEY, SIR THOMAS**, baronet, of Flaxley Abbey, in the county of Gloucester; *b.* 28th November, 1769; *m.* 28th October, 1807, Mary-Albinia, eldest daughter of the late Sir Thomas-Hyde Page.

Sir Thomas s. to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, in August, 1818.

### Lineage.

The surname of this family was originally Crawley, and the founder of it, Thomas Crawley, an eminent merchant of London, in the latter end of the 17th century. The surname of Boevey was assumed by Thomas Crawley, the second son of that gentleman, upon inheriting the estate of Flaxley Abbey, bequeathed him by William Boevey, esq. whose relict, Catherine, daughter of John Riches, esq. of London, is supposed to be the widow in the Spectator, so inexorable to the addresses of Sir Roger de Coverley; and she is further described in Steel's Epistolary Correspondence. Mrs. Boevey was married when only fifteen years of age, and her husband died in seven years afterwards. She d. in 1726, in her 57th year, and was not more remarkable for celibacy than benevolence. There are monuments at Westminster Abbey, as well as at Henley, to this lady.

1. CHARLES BARROW, esq. member in several parliaments for Gloucester, was created a baronet, 10th December, 1783, with remainder to Thomas Crawley-Boevey, esq. the husband of his cousin, Anne Savage, heiress of his uncle, Thomas Barrow, esq. (the lady's grandfather.) Sir Charles Barrow d. in 1789, and the baronetcy devolved, according to the limitation, upon

2. SIR THOMAS CRAWLEY-BOEVEY, who, as stated above, m. Anne Savage, daughter of the Rev. Thomas Savage, by Eleanor, only daughter and heiress of Thomas Barrow, esq. of Field Court, and had issue,

THOMAS, present baronet.

John-Lloyd, b. in 1775.

Charles, in holy orders; m. in 1813, Miss Yonge, daughter of the Rev. Duke Yonge, of Cornwood, in the county of Devon.

George, m. in 1800, Charlotte, second daughter of the Rev. Duke Yonge.

William, in holy orders; m. in 1822, Charlotte youngest daughter of the late Rev. Charles Crawley.

With several daughters.

Sir Thomas was grandson of the gentleman who first assumed the surname of "Boevey," and son of Thomas Crawley-Boevey, esq. of Flaxley Abbey, by Susanna, daughter of John Lloyd, esq. He d. in 1818.

*Creation*—10th December, 1783.



*Arms*—Erminois, on a fesse, as. between three herons, ppr. a saltier between two cross-croissants fitchés, or, on a chief, erm., a bend, gu. charged with three guttes d'or, between two martlets, sa.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a mount, vert, thereon a heron, ppr. gorged with a collar, or, holding in his dexter claw a saltier of the last.

*Motto*—Eae quam videri.

*Seats*—Flaxley Abbey, and St. Michael's, Gloucestershire.

**BOLINGBROKE AND ST. JOHN, VISCOUNT,** (Henry St. John,) Baron St. John, of Lydiard Tregose, in the county of Wilts, Baron St. John of Battersea, in the county of Surrey, and a baronet; b. in March, 1786; m. 3rd June, 1812, Maria, second daughter of Sir Henry Paulet St. John Mildmay, baronet, by whom he has issue,

HENRY, b. in 1820.

Maria.

Anne-Jane.

Isabella.

Emily.

His lordship s. to the honors, upon the demise of his father, on the 18th December, 1824, as fourth Viscount Bolingbroke, and fifth Viscount St. John.

### Lineage.

This family, which is paternally descended from the Ports, Lords of Basing, in the county of Southampton, at the time of the Conquest, derives, maternally, its surname, in lineal succession, from WILLIAM DE ST. JOHN, (denominated from the territory of St. John, near Rouen, in the province of Normandy,) who came into England with the Conqueror, as grand master of the artillery, and supervisor of the waggons and carriages, whence the horses' hemes (or collar) was borne for his cognizance. This

WILLIAM DE ST. JOHN, m. Olive, daughter of Ralph de Filgiers, of Normandy, and had by her, Thomas, who d. without issue, and

JOHN DE ST. JOHN, who, upon the demise of his brother, inherited all the lands in England, and principally the lordship of STANTON, in Oxfordshire (for distinction from the other towns of the same name, called STANTON ST. JOHN). This John was a person of great eminence in the reign of William Rufus, being one of the twelve knights that accompanied Robert Fitz Hamon, Earl of Gloucester, in a warlike expedition against the Welch, and received, "in reward for his great services and helps in many victories," the castle of Faumont, in the county of Glamorgan. He had issue, a daughter, Avois, and two sons,

ROGER, of whom presently.

Thomas, Lord of Stanton St. John, living 13th Henry II. whose son,

ROGER, was assessed £133. 6s. 8d. for trespassing in the king's forests, 22nd Henry II. The grandson of this Roger,

JOHN ST. JOHN, was killed at the battle of Evesham, 43rd Edward III. He was in the holy wars with King Richard I. who, at the siege of Acon, in Palestine, adopted the device of tying a leathern thong or garter round the left leg of a certain number of knights (one of whom was this John St. John), that they might be impelled to higher deeds of valour. This is supposed by some to have given the idea of the order of the garter.

The elder son,

ROGER DE ST. JOHN, m. Cicily, daughter and heiress of Robert de Hays, lord of the manor of Halmac, in the county of Suffolk, a kinsman of King Henry I. and had, with two sons, a daughter, Muriel, who m. Reginald de Aures Valle, or Orville, of whom proceeded,

MABEL ORVILLE, who m. ADAM DE PORT, a powerful feudal baron, (having the head of his barony at Basing, in the county of Southampton,) and had a son and heir, who, assuming the surname of his maternal ancestors, became

WILLIAM DE ST. JOHN, lord of Basing; in which lordship, and his other territorial possessions, he was s. by his son,

ROBERT DE ST. JOHN, lord of Basing, who, in the forty-second of Henry III. had summons to be at Chester upon Monday next after the feast of St. John the Baptist, well accounted with horse and arms to oppose the incursions of the Welch. From the eldest son of this territorial lord, by Agnes, daughter of William de Cantelupe,

JOHN, descended the lords of St. John of Basing, (represented by the Marquess of Winchester.)

And from the second,

WILLIAM DE ST. JOHN, of the castle of Faumont, in the county of Glamorgan, sprang

SIR OLIVER ST. JOHN, who acquired the lordship of Bletshoe, in the reign of Henry VI. with his wife, Margaret, daughter of Sir John Beauchamp, and sister and sole heiress of John, Lord Beauchamp, of Bletshoe, in the county of Northampton; by which marriage, Lydiard Tregose came also into the family of St. John. Sir Oliver St. John d. in 1437, (and his widow m. secondly, John Beaufort, Duke of Somerset, K.G. by whom she had a daughter, Margaret, who espoused Edmund Tudor, Earl of Richmond, and by him was mother of King Henry VII.) From the elder son of Sir Oliver, Sir John St. John, knt. descended the Lords St. John, of Bletshoe. The second son,

OLIVER ST. JOHN, had the lordship of Lydiard Tregose, and was, as Leland writes in his Itinerary, a stout black man, and died at Fontarabia, in Spain. He m. Elizabeth, daughter of Lord Scrope, and left an only son and heir,

SIR JOHN ST. JOHN, chamberlain to Margaret, Countess of Richmond, grandmother of King Henry VII. and one of the executors of her will. (This Margaret founded Christ's and St. John's

Colleges, at Cambridge.) Sir John d. in 1512, and was s. by his son,

JOHN ST. JOHN, whose son and heir,

NICHOLAS ST. JOHN, of Lydiard Tregose, esq. m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Richard Blount, of Maple Durham, in the county of Oxford, and had issue,

JOHN (Sir), who inherited Lydiard.

OLIVER, of whom presently.

Richard.

The second son,

OLIVER ST. JOHN, having the misfortune to kill, in a duel, one Best, captain of the guard to Queen Elizabeth, and champion of England, was obliged to relinquish the study of the law, and fly the kingdom; adopting a military life, he obtained considerable renown in the wars of Elizabeth and James in Ireland, and was eventually advanced to the peerage in Ireland, as *Viscount Grandison*, with limitation to the issue of his nephew, Sir Edward Villers, (which viscounty now merges in the earldom of Jersey,) and to the peerage of England by the title of *Baron Tregose*. In the next year his lordship obtained a grant of the manors of Battersea and Wandsworth; but dying without issue, 30th December, 1636, the English barony expired. The manors of Battersea and Wandsworth he bequeathed to John, the only surviving son of his brother; and upon that brother himself,

SIR JOHN ST. JOHN, had devolved, as stated above, the estate at Lydiard. Sir John had m. Lucy, daughter and heiress of Sir Walter Hungerford, of Farley, in the county of Wilts, and had surviving issue,

JOHN.

Barbara, m. to Sir Edward Villers, knt. by whom she had issue,

William, second Viscount Grandison, whose only daughter and heir,

BARBARA, m. Roger Palmer, Earl of Castlemain, in Ireland. She was afterwards created Duchess of Cleveland, by Charles II. and was mistress of that monarch.

John, who s. as third Viscount Grandison.

George, fourth Viscount Grandison.

Edward, (Sir) ancestor of the Earls of Jersey.

Sir John was s. at his decease by his only surviving son,

1. SIR JOHN ST. JOHN, knt. of Battersea and Wandsworth, (by the bequest of his deceased uncle, Lord Grandison,) who was created a baronet, 22nd May, 1611. This gentleman was zealously attached to the royal cause, and had three sons slain under the royal banner. He was s. at his decease, by (the son of his eldest son, Oliver, by Catherine, daughter and co-heiress of Horatio, Lord Vere, Baron of Tilbury, which lady espoused, after his decease, John, Lord Poulet,) his grandson,

2. SIR JOHN, at whose decease, unmarried, the title reverted to his uncle,

3. **SIR WALTER**, M. P. for the county of Wilts. This gentleman resided principally at Battersea; he m. Johanna, daughter of the lord-chief-justice St. John, and dying 3rd July, 1706, was s. by his only son,

4. **SIR HENRY**, who was elevated to the peerage, as *Baron St. John of Battersea*, and Viscount St. John, 2nd July, 1716, with remainder to his third and fourth sons, John and Holles; his eldest son, Henry, the celebrated secretary of state to Queen Anne, having been previously created, 7th July, 1712, *Baron St. John, of Lydiard Tregoz*, and Viscount BOLINGBROKE, in the county of Lincoln, with remainder to the issue of his father. This latter nobleman was attained in 1714, but subsequently restored in 1725, to his estates, but without his honors. He m. twice, (his second wife was Marchioness de Vilette, niece to the celebrated Madame de Maintenon,) but d. childless in 1751. Viscount St. John was s. by his eldest son, (by his second wife, Angelica-Magdalene, daughter of George Pillesary, treasurer-general of the marines, in France, under Lewis XIV.)

JOHN, second Viscount St. John, who m. first, Anne, daughter and co-heir of Sir Robert Furze, bart. and had three sons and three daughters. He espoused secondly, Hester, eldest daughter of John Clarke, esq. but had no issue. His lordship d. in February, 1749, and was s. by his eldest son,

FREDERICK, third Viscount St. John, who also succeeded to the honors of his uncle, Henry, who had been attainted as stated above, and became Viscount BOLINGBROKE, (the limitation in the patent of that creation barring the attainder's affecting the interest of the successor.) His lordship m. in 1737, Lady Diana Spencer, eldest daughter of Charles, second Duke of Marlborough, by whom he had two surviving sons,

GEORGE-RICHARD, his successor.

Frederick, a general in the army, m. first, Mary, third daughter of William, fifth Marquis of Lothian; secondly, Arabella, third daughter of William, sixth Lord Craven; and thirdly, Caroline, daughter of J. Parsons, esq. General St. John has issue by each of these marriages.

The Viscount's marriage was dissolved by Parliament in 1768, and the lady m. the Hon. Topham Beauclerk. His lordship d. 5th May, 1787, and was s. by his elder son,

GEORGE-RICHARD, fourth Viscount St. John, and third Viscount Bolingbroke; b. 6th March, 1761; m. 26th February, 1783, Charlotte, daughter of the Rev. Thomas Collins, by whom he had issue, HENRY, the present peer. Her ladyship dying in 1843, Lord Bolingbroke m. secondly, in 1804, Isabella, Baroness Hombesch, by whom he had,

Ferdinand, b. 16th Oct. 1804; m. in 1826, Emma-Charlotte, daughter of Maurice St. Leger Keatinge, esq. and has issue two sons. His lordship d. in 1824.

*Creations*—Baronet, 22nd May, 1611. Baron St. John, of Lydiard Tregoz, and Viscount Bo-

lingbroke, 7th July, 1712. Baron St. John, of Battersea, and Viscount St. John, 2nd July 1716.



*Arms*—Ar. on a chief gu. two mullets, or.

*Crest*—A mount ppr. therefrom a falcon, rising, belled, or, ducally gorged gu.

*Supporters*—Two eagles, wings endorsed, or, ducally crowned gu. each charged on the breast with a pair of horse hames, tied at the top and bottom ppr. within which is per pale ar. and of the second.

*Motto*—Nec querere nec spernere honorem.

*Seat*—Lydiard Tregoz, in the county of Wilts.

**BOLTON, BARON**, (William Orde-Powlett,) of Bolton Castle, in the county of York; b. in October, 1782; succeeded to the title, as second baron, upon the demise of his father, 30th July, 1807; m. 12th May, 1810, Maria, eldest daughter of Guy, first Lord Dorchester, K. B. by whom he has no issue.

### Lineage.

CHARLES POWLETT, fifth Duke of Bolton, (eldest brother of Henry, the last duke) d. in 1765, leaving a natural daughter,

JANE-MARY POWLETT; upon whom, in failure of the male issue of his said brother, (which event happened at that Duke of Bolton's decease, 25th December, 1794,) his grace entailed the greater part of his extensive estates. This lady m. 7th April, 1778.

THOMAS ORDE, esq. eldest son of \* John Orde, esq. of East Orde and Morpeth.) This gentleman filled the office of secretary to the treasury in 1782, and secretary to the Duke of Rutland, lord-lieutenant of Ireland, and was sworn of the privy-council in that kingdom. In 1796, Mr. Orde, upon inheriting, in right of his wife, the great estates of the Duke of Bolton, assumed, by sign-manual, the surname and arms of POWLETT, in addition to those of Orde, and was elevated to the peerage,

\* JOHN ORDE, esq. of East Orde and Morpeth, m. first Anne, daughter of Edward Ward, esq. of Nunnikirk, in the county of Northumberland, and had a son, WILLIAM ORDE, of Nunnikirk. He m. secondly, Anne, relict of the Rev. William Pye, and had with other issue,

THOMAS, created LORD BOLTON, as in the text. John, a gallant naval officer, created a baronet in 1795. (See ORDE, Baronet.)

20th October, 1797, in the dignity of **BARON BOLTON**, of *Bolton Castle, in the county of York*. His lordship was at the same time appointed lord-lieutenant of the county of Hants. He *d.* 30th July, 1807, leaving issue,

**WILLIAM**, his successor.

**Thomas**, *b.* in 1787; *m.* in 1811, Letitia, fourth daughter of the late Henry O'Brien, esq. of Blatherwick Park, in the county of Northampton, and has issue,

**William-Henry**, *b.* 27th February, 1818.

**Thomas**, *b.* 21st January, 1822.

**Charles**, *b.* 22nd April, 1828.

*Creation*—20th October, 1797.



**Arms**—*Sa.* three swords, in pale, points downwards ppr. pelicans and hilts or, on a canton as. an esccheon of the field, charged with a salmon, haurient, also ppr.

**Crest**—A falcon, wings expanded, and belled or, charged on the breast and wings with three estoiles, in fesse, gu. gorged, with a ducal coronet as., and holding in the beak a salmon, as in the shield.

**Supporters**—**Dexter**, a hind ppr. gorged with a ducal coronet or, and charged on the shoulder with a rose ar. barbed vert, seeded gold; **Sinister**, a Cornish chough ppr. charged with a rose, as the dexter.

**Motto**—*Aymez loyauté.*

**Seats**—Hackwood Park, in the county of Hants; and Bolton-hall, Yorkshire.

**BOOTHBY, SIR WILLIAM**, baronet, of Broadlow Ash, in the county of Derby, C.B.; *b.* 25th March, 1782; *m.* in January, 1805, Fanny, only daughter of John Jenkin-

\* **EMANUEL SCROPE**, last Lord Scrope, of Bolton, and Earl of Sunderland, *d.* without legitimate issue, in 1646, when his barony fell into abeyance, and the earldom became extinct; but he left natural daughters, amongst whom he bequeathed his great estates. One of those ladies,

**Mary**, *m.* Charles Powlett, Marquess of Winchester, first Duke of Bolton, and brought him **BOLTON CASTLE**, which has descended through the heiress of the Duke of Bolton, as stated above, to the present nobleman.

son, esq. and niece of Charles, first Earl of Liverpool, by whom he has issue,

1. **BROOKE-WILLIAM**, *b.* 21st January, 1809.

2. **Cecil-Brooke**, *b.* 18th November, 1813.

3. **Louisa-Maria**.

4. **Caroline-Mary**.

5. **Fanny-Charlotte-Anne**.

6. **Maria**.

**Sir William**, *s.* to the title, as ninth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 17th March, 1824.

### Ineage.

The Boothbys claim Saxon origin, and they are supported by Dugdale and Camden. The former great antiquary fixes the division of counties (*Origines Juridicales*, c. ix.) in the year 800 by King Egbert, and the latter, speaking of Lincolnshire, says, "The hundred or Wapentake of Boothby, Boothby-Paynell, a market town, and a gentleman's old seat called Boothby, were denominated from one Boothby, who there inhabited."

**THEOBALDUS DE BOOTHBY** was governor of Pontefract castle, in Yorkshire, which he held with great gallantry for the Lancastrians, during the war of the roses. From this Theobald we pass to **THOMAS DE BOOTHBY**, living in the reign of Henry VI. whose great grandson,

**WILLIAM DE BOOTHBY**, *m.* Judith, daughter of Thomas Osten, esq. of Oxley, in the county of Stafford, by whom (who *m.* after the death of Mr. Boothby, William Basset, esq. of Blore, Staffordshire, and after his decease, Sir Robert Corbet, bart.) he had with other issue,

1. **HENRY BOOTHBY**, esq. who was created a baronet, 5th November, 1644, by letters patent, which received the sign-manual of King Charles I. but did not pass the seals, owing to the confusion of the civil wars. All the real estates enjoyed by Sir Henry, he derived from the good management of his mother, his father having devised him money only. This lady, through her own exertions, was enabled to leave her son an estate in London; another called Kingsland, in Middlesex; Clatercote, Claden, and the manor of Crop-perdy, in Oxfordshire; Broadlow Ash, Cold Eaton, King's Mills, and the lands thereto belonging, near Ashbourne, Derbyshire; one half of the manor or park of Cheadle, with Longnor, and other possessions in Staffordshire. Sir Henry *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir Thomas Hayes, knt. lord mayor of London in 1615, and was succeeded at his decease, in 1648, by his only son,

2. **SIR WILLIAM**, who received the honour of knighthood, in the field, from King Charles II. at the restoration, the king was pleased to renew gratis, the patent, granted to his father, by the name of Sir William Boothby, "of Broadlow Ash," the original being designated of "Clator Cloee." This gentleman *m.* first, Frances, daughter of Colonel Milward, of Snellerton, in the county of Derby, by whom he had one son,

**FRANCIS**, who *m.* Anne, daughter and co-heir of Thomas Child, esq. but dying before his father, left an only child,

**HENRY**, who *s.* his grandfather.



## BOO

Sir William espoused, secondly, Hill, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir William Brooke, K.B. and grand-niece of Henry, Lord Cobham, by whom he had ten children, two of whom only survived him, namely,

William, who inherited the baronetcy at the decease of his nephew,

Brooke, who left by his second wife, Elizabeth, daughter of John Fitzherbert, esq. a son,

Brooke, who inherited as sixth baronet.

Sir William was succeeded by his grandson, the above named

3. SIR HENRY; at whose decease, unmarried, the title reverted to his uncle,

4. SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman *m.* twice, and was succeeded by his grandson,

5. SIR WILLIAM, (son of Gore Boothby, esq. by Elizabeth, daughter of John Bury, esq. of Nottingham) who attained the rank of major-general in the army, and was colonel of the 6th regiment of foot. Dying in 1757, unmarried, the title devolved upon his cousin,

6. SIR BROOKE. This gentleman left two sons and a daughter, by his second wife, Phoeby, only child of William Hollins, esq. of Moseley, in the county of Stafford, and was succeeded at his decease, in 1780, by the elder son,

7. SIR BROOKE. This gentleman was a poet, and author of the "Sorrows of Penelope." He died in 1824, without issue, when the title devolved upon his brother,

8. SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman *m.* Raffella, daughter of Signior Miguel Del Gado, of Mahon, in the isle of Minorca; by whom he had issue,

WILLIAM, his successor.

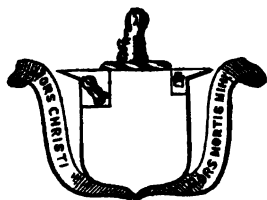
Brooke, in holy orders, *b.* in 1784; *m.* in 1816, Louisa, daughter of Lord Vernon, and has issue.

Charles, an officer of Engineers, *b.* in 1780, *m.* Marianna, daughter of the Rev. Basil Beridge, of Algarkirk, in the county of Lincoln, and has issue.

Louisa-Raffella.

Sir William *d.* in the same year that he inherited the title, 1824.

*Creation*—3th November, 1644; passed the great seal, 13th July, 1660.



*Arms*—Ar., on a canton, sa., a lion's paw, erased, in bend, or.

*Crest*—A lion's paw, erased, erect, or.

*Motto*—Mors Christi, mors moris mihi.

*Seats*—Ashbourne-hall, in the county of Derby; and Cropperdy, Oxfordshire.

## BOR

BOROUGH, SIR RICHARD, baronet, of Baseldon Park, in the county of Berks; so created 12th November, 1813; *m.* 21st August, 1799, Anna-Maria, eldest daughter of Gerard, first Viscount Lake, by whom he has issue,

1. EDWARD-RICHARD, *b.* 20th June, 1800; *m.*

12th May, 1831, Elizabeth, youngest daughter of William, second Earl of Howth.

2. Gerard-Charles, *b.* 31st July, 1807.

3. Annabella-Elizabeth, *m.* in 1822, to Thomas-William, present earl of Pomfret.

4. Georgiana-Theodosia, *m.* 14th March, 1831, to John Barlow, esq.

5. Augusta.

### Lineage.

RICHARD BOROUGH, esq. of Querin, in the county of Clare, (son of Town-major Borough, of the city of Dublin), *m.* Miss Jones, daughter and heiress of Randall Jones, esq. of Querin, and had issue,

Randall, *d.* unmarried.

William-Blackney, lieutenant-colonel in the army; *m.* Jane, daughter of Archdeacon Boyd, and *d.* leaving issue, Elias, an officer in the 33d regiment.

Hannah.

Dorah, *m.* in 1830, to William Wybrand, esq. of the 56th foot.

RICHARD, created a baronet as above.

Jane, *m.* to Captain Crawford.

*Creation*—12th November, 1813.



*Arms*—Or, in base a dolphin naiant, in waves of the sea, all ppr., on a chief, az., three mullets, ar.

*Crests*—On a wreath of the colours, a plum of five ostrich feathers, ar.

*Motto*—Suaves moi.

*Seat*—Baseldon Park, Berkshire.

BORROWES, SIR WALTER-DIXON, baronet, of Giltown, in the county of Kildare; *s.* to the title upon the demise of his father, as seventh baronet, on the 19th September, 1814.

### Lineage.

This family emigrated from England, and settled in Ireland in the reign of Elizabeth.

HENRY BORROWES, esq. the first possessor of Giltown, *m.* Jane, daughter of Sir Arthur Savage, knt. of Rheban, in the county of Kildare, and dying 20th March, 1614, was *s.* by his son,

1. ERASMUS BORROWES, esq. high sheriff of the county of Kildare, at the breaking out of the rebellion in 1614. This gentleman deposed upon oath, that he was not able to resist the Irish by the *Posse Comitatus*, and that he lost in goods, corn, and cattle, at his several houses of Grangemellan, Giltown, and Carbally, 9,390*l.*, in debts, 11,932*l.* 2*s.*, besides a yearly income of 1,200*l.* or thereabouts; in consideration whereof, and of his good and faithful services, King Charles I., by privy-seal, dated at Ragland, 7th July, 1645, and by patent 14th February, 1646, created him a BARONET OF IRELAND. Sir Erasmus *m.* Sarah, daughter of Walter Weldon, esq. of Athy, and granddaughter, maternally, of the Right Rev. John Rider, Lord Bishop of Killaloe, by whom he had two sons and a daughter, which daughter *m.* Oliver Walsh, esq. of Ballykilcavan, in the Queen's County, (and her daughter *m.* Robert Stratford, esq. of Balinglass, in the county of Wicklow, the grandfather of Richard, first Earl of Aldborough.) Sir Erasmus was *s.* at his decease, by his only surviving son.

2. SIR WALTER, who *m.* 16th February, 1636, (the ceremony being performed with great pomp before the Right Hon. Ridgway Hatfield, lord-mayor of Dublin,) Lady Eleanor Fitzgerald, third daughter of George, sixteenth Earl of Kildare, by whom (who *d.* 3rd August, 1681) he had an only son, and a daughter, who *m.* — Mervin, esq. Sir Walter *d.* in 1683, and was *s.* by his son.

3. SIR KILDARE, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Richard Dixon, and sister of Robert Dixon, esq. of Colverstown, in the county of Kildare, and of the lady of Lord Chancellor Eustace, by whom (who *d.* March 11, 1745) he had two sons and three daughters. He *d.* in 1709, and was *s.* by his eldest son.

4. SIR WALTER-DIXON, M.P. for the borough of Athy. This gentleman inherited the estates of his maternal uncle, Robert Dixon, already mentioned, at his decease on the 5th March, 1725. He *m.* 18th March, 1720, Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Captain Edward Pottinger, by whom he had three sons; the second and third died unmarried, and the eldest, at Sir Walter's decease, on the 9th of June, 1741, succeeded to the title, and became

5. SIR KILDARE-DIXON, chosen M.P. for the county of Kildare, in 1745, and continued, for several parliaments. Sir Kildare served the office of high-sheriff of the same county in 1751. He *m.* first, in Feb. 1750, Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of John Short, esq. of Grange, in the Queen's County, by whom (who *d.* in 1766) he had three sons and one daughter; and, secondly, in 1760, Jane, daughter of Joseph Higginson, esq. of Mount Ophaley, in the county of Kildare, by whom he had four sons and two daughters. He *d.* 22nd June, 1790, and was *s.* by his eldest son.

6. SIR ERASMUS. This gentleman *m.* in 1783, Harriet, youngest daughter of the very Reverend Arthur Champagné, Dean of Clonmacnoise, and great granddaughter (maternally) of Arthur, second Earl of Granard; by whom (who *d.* in 1807) he had issue,

WALTER-DIXON, present baronet.

Arthur, an officer in the R.N. *d.* in 1810, under age.

Kildare, a captain in the 41st regiment of foot, who, after distinguishing himself in the peninsular war, under the Duke of Wellington; in America, under General Packenham; and in the East Indies, in 1825, in a gallant attack upon one of the Burmese forts, (as described in the Gazette, announcing its capture;) fell a victim to the fatigue he endured, as aide-de-camp to his cousin, Sir Edward Paget, then commander-in-chief in the East Indies, and *d.* at Calcutta, upon his return from the Burmese empire.

Erasmus, in holy orders; *m.* Harriet, daughter of Henry Hamilton, esq. of Ballymacal, in the county of Meath.

Mary-Anne, *m.* to Hans Hendrick, esq. of Kerdiffstown, in the county of Kildare.

Harriet.

Elizabeth, *m.* to the Rev. James Stannus, of Lisburn, in the county of Antrim.

Sir Erasmus *d.* 10th September, 1814, and was *s.* by his eldest son, the present baronet.

*Creations*—14th February, 1646.



*Arms*—Or, on a cross, gu. five mullets, ar., on a canton of the second a lion, passant, of the field.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a lion, sejant, ar. ducally crowned, or.

*Motto*—Et vi et virtute.

*Seat*—Lauragh, in the Queen's County.

BOSTON, BARON, (George Irby, D.C.L.) of Boston, in the county of Lincoln, and a baronet; *b.* 24th December, 1777; *m.* 17th October, 1801, Rachael-Ives, eldest daughter and co-heiress of William Drake, esq. of Amersham, Bucks; by whom (who *d.* 6th September, 1830,) he has issue,

1. GEORGE-IVES, *b.* 14th September, 1802; *m.* 25th January, 1830, Fanny-Elizabeth, eldest daughter of William Hopkins Northey, esq.

2. William-Drake, *b.* 18th September, 1808.

3. Augustus-Antony-Frederick, *b.* 13th February, 1820.

4. Llewellyn-Charles-Robert, *b.* 14th November, 1822.

5. Rachel-Emily.

6. Charlotte-Isabella, *m.* 1826, to Thomas, Viscount Kirkwall, now Earl of Orkney.

7. Frances-Matilda.

8. Frederica-Maria-Louisa.

9. Georgiana-Albinia.

10. Catherine-Cecilia.

His Lordship succeeded as third baron, at the decease of his father, 23rd March, 1825.

### Lineage.

The family of Irby is of great antiquity, and were Lords of Irby or Ireby, in the county of Lincoln, but that lordship has passed long since to another family.

ANTHONY IRBY, esq. of Gosberton, in the county of Lincoln, living in the reign of Henry VIII., was grandfather of

ANTHONY IRBY, esq. M.P. for Boston, in the reigns of Queen Elizabeth and King James I., an eminent lawyer, a bencher of Lincoln's-inn, and Autumn reader to that Society, which did him the honor of having his arms painted on the third window of Lincoln's-inn chapel. Mr. Irby was appointed one of the masters in Chancery, temp. James I. He m. Alice, daughter of Thos. Welby, esq. of Moulton, and widow of — Tash, esq. and was s. at his decease by his eldest surviving son,

SIR ANTHONY IRBY, knt. M.P. and high-sheriff of the county of Lincoln, in the reign of King Charles I., who m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Peyton, bart. of Iselham, in the county of Cambridge, and dying in 1623, was s. by his eldest son,

SIR ANTHONY IRBY, knt. M.P. for, and recorder of, Boston, and high-sheriff of the county of Lincoln in 1637; this gentleman m. first, Frances, daughter of Sir William Wray, of Glentworth, in the county of Lincoln, bart. and had an only daughter, Elizabeth, who m. in 1645, the Hon. George Montagu, of Horton, eldest son, by his third wife, of Henry, first Earl of Manchester. From this George descended the Earl of Halifax. Sir Anthony espoused, secondly, Margaret, daughter of Sir Richard Smith, bart.; and thirdly, Margaret, daughter of Sir Edward Barkham, knt. but had no issue by those ladies. He m. fourthly, Catharine, daughter of William, Lord Paget, and had one son and five daughters. He d. in 1670, and was s. by his son,

ANTHONY IRBY, esq. This gentleman m. Mary, daughter and heiress of John Stringer, esq. of Ashford, in the county of Kent, and was s. by his eldest son,

1. EDWARD IRBY, esq. M.P. for Boston, who was created a baronet 13th April, 1704. Sir Edward m. Dorothy, daughter of the Hon. Henry Paget, and granddaughter of Lord Paget, and dying in 1718, was s. by his only son,

2. SIR WILLIAM, b. 8th March, 1707, who was elevated to the peerage, as BARON BOSTON, the 16th April, 1761. This nobleman filled several high offices about the court, during the reigns of George I. and George II.; and, while a commoner, sat in parliament for Launceston and Bodmin. He m. Albinia, daughter of Henry Selwyn, esq. and had, with a daughter, Augusta, m. to Lord Walsingham,

FREDERICK, his successor.

William-Henry, b. in 1750; m. in 1781, Mary, youngest daughter and co-heir of Rowland Blackman, esq. and left issue at his decease, in 1830,

William-Henry-Rowland, b. 13th March, 1784.

Augusta, m. to Sir William Langham, bart. who d. in 1812.

His lordship d. 30th March, 1775, and was s. by his elder son,

3. FREDERICK, second baron, b. 9th June, 1749. This nobleman was one of the lords of the bed-chamber, a F.A.S. and D.C.L.; he m. 15th May, 1775, Christiana, only daughter of Paul Methuen, esq. of Corsham House, Wiltshire, by whom he had, with other issue,

GEORGE, his successor.

Frederick-Paul, R.N. b. in 1779; m. Emily-Ives, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Wm. Drake, esq. of Amerham, in the county of Bucks, by whom he has a son, Frederick-William, b. in 1806.

He m. secondly, Frances, second daughter of Ichabod Wright, esq. of Mapperley Hall, in the county of Nottingham, and has several children.

Paul-Anthony, in holy orders; b. in 1784; m. Patience-Anne, eldest daughter of Sir W. De Crespigny, bart. by whom (who d. in 1831) he has issue.

Charles-Leonard, R.N. b. in 1789; m. Frances, daughter of John Mangles, esq. of Hurley, in the county of Berks, and has issue. Adolphus-Frederick, b. in 1797.

Charlotte. Albinia.

Christian-Elizabeth. Augusta-Matilda.  
Anne-Maria-Louisa, m. in 1817, to Henry-John, present Lord Selsey.

*Creations*—Baronet, 13th April, 1704. Baron, 16th April, 1761.



*Arms*—Ar., fretty, sa. on a canton, gu., a chaplet, or.

*Crest*—On a wreath, ar. and sa., a Saracen's head, ppr.

*Supporters*—On either side an antelope, gu., gorged with a chaplet, or.

*Motto*—Honor fidelitatis præmium.

*Seat*—Hedsor Lodge, Maidenhead, Bucks.

BOSWELL, SIR JAMES, baronet, of Auchinleck, in the county of Ayr; b. in December, 1806; succeeded to the title, as

## BOU

4. **SIR WILLIAM, M.P.** for the county of Warwick, in the reign of Queen Anne. This gentleman *m.* first, Mary, daughter of Mr. Alderman Ramsey, of the city of London, and had **EDWARD**, his successor, and two daughters. He *m.* secondly, Catherine, daughter of Sir Chas. Shuckburgh, bart., and had, with other surviving issue, Shuckburgh, *m.* Mary, eldest daughter of Algernon Greville, second son of Fulke, Lord Brooke, and left Edward and Charles-William, successively (eighth and ninth) baronets, with other children.

**Sir William d.** 22nd July, 1716, and was *s.* by his eldest son.

5. **SIR EDWARD**, who was succeeded in February, 1721-2, by his only child,

6. **SIR EDWARD**. This gentleman, by his second wife, Anne-Maria Beauchamp, an heiress, left a daughter, who *m.* John Donellan, esq. and an only son, his successor, in 1772,

7. **SIR THEODOSIUS-EDWARD-ALEXLEY**. The sudden death of this gentleman, during his minority, caused an extraordinary sensation at the period it occurred. **Sir Theodosius** was confined to his bed, by severe indisposition, at the family-mansion of Lawford Hall, wherein his mother, and Captain and Mrs. Donellan, (his sister and brother-in-law,) were at the time residing. Having taken a draught from the hands of Lady Boughton, the unfortunate gentleman almost immediately expired, on the 21st August, 1780. Suspicion of poison subsequently arising, the body, after being deposited in the family vault, was disinterred, when a coroner's inquest returned a verdict of murder against Captain Donellan, who was tried, condemned, and executed for the crime, at the Spring Assizes for the county of Warwick, in 1781. It must be remarked, however, in justice to the memory of Mr. Donellan, that the evidence against him was solely circumstantial, and not of the strongest nature; and that he died solemnly protesting his innocence. The widow of Captain Donellan *m.* Sir Egerton Leigh, baronet; and, after his decease, Barry E. O'Meara, esq. the medical attendant at St. Helena, of the Ex-Emperor Napoleon, and died recently. Upon the melancholy death of **Sir Theodosius**, the title devolved on his cousin.

8. **SIR EDWARD**, grandson to the fourth baronet, as particularized above. This gentleman dying unmarried in 1794, the title devolved upon his only brother, the before-mentioned

1. and 9. **SIR CHARLES-WILLIAM BOUGHTON-ROUSE**, baronet, who, upon inheriting his own family honors, resumed his paternal surname of **BOUGHTON**. This gentleman *m.* in 1782, Catherine, only daughter and heiress of William-Pearce Hall, esq. of Downton Hall, in the county of Salop, by whom he left issue,

**WILLIAM-EDWARD**, present baronet.

Louisa, *m.* first, St. Andrew, thirteenth Lord St. John, of Bletsoe; and, secondly, in Aug. 1823, to Mr. Serjeant (now Baron) Vaughan. Caroline, *m.* to the Rev. Robert-Henry Johnson.

**Sir Charles d.** in 1821.

## BOW

*Creations*—4th August, 1641. 21st June, 1791.



*Arms*—Quarterly, first and fourth, *sa.*, two bars indented, *ar.* for **ROUSE**; second, *ar.*, on a chev. between three trefoils, slipped, *sa.* as many bucks' heads caboshed, *or.* on a chief, *gu.* a goat passant of the field, for **BOUGHTON** or **LOUGHTON**; third, *sa.*, three crescents, *or.* **BOUGHTON**.

*Crests*—**ROUSE**, the bust of a man, *ppr.*, hair, beard, and whiskers, *sa.*, the head surrounded and crossed by a riband knotted at the top, and the ends flowing from either temple, *ar.* **BOUGHTON**: a stork's head, erased chevronny of four, *sa.* and *ar.*, in the beak, *or.*, a snake, *ppr.*

*Motto*—Omne bonum Dei donum.

*Seats*—**Rouse** Lench, Worcestershire; **Downton Hall**, Salop; and **Corney House**, Chiswick, Middlesex.

**BOWYER, SIR GEORGE**, baronet, of Denham Court, in the county of Bucks, and of Radley, in the county of Berks; *b.* in March, 1783; *s.* to the family honors upon the demise of his father, 6th December, 1799; *m.* 19th November, 1808, Anne-Hammond, daughter of the late gallant Captain Sir Andrew-Snape Douglas, R.N. by whom he has three sons, and a daughter. **Sir George** is the sixth baronet of the original creation, and the second of the latter one.

### Lineage.

**FRANCIS BOWYER**, esq. an eminent merchant of London, served the office of sheriff for that city in 1577, and was subsequently chosen alderman. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of William Tillesworth, esq. also of the city of London, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**SIR WILLIAM BOWYER**, *knt.* who purchased the estate of Denham Court. This gentleman was one of the tellers of the exchequer in the reign of James I. He *m.* Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Pierson, esq. of Westminster, usher of the court of star chamber, and had a son and heir,

**Henry (Sir)**, who *m.* Anne, daughter and heiress of Sir Nicholas Salter of London, and had two sons,

**WILLIAM**, successor to his grandfather.

**Henry**, killed in the civil wars, fighting under the royal banner.

**Sir William d.** in 1616, and was *s.* by his grandson,

## BOY

1. **WILLIAM BOWYER**, esq. who was created a baronet, 25th June, 1666. Sir William represented the county of Berks in the two first parliaments after the Restoration. He *m.* Margaret, daughter of Sir John Weld, knt. of Arnolds, in the county of Middlesex; and dying 2nd October, 1679, was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR WILLIAM**. This gentleman *m.* Frances, daughter of Charles, Viscount Cranbourne, and was *s.* in February, 1721-2, by his grandson,

3. **SIR WILLIAM** (the son of Cecil Bowyer, esq. by Juliana, daughter of Richard Parker, esq. of Hedsor, Bucks), who *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir John Stonehouse, bart. of Radley, in the county of Berks; by whom he had five sons and one daughter, the eldest of whom,

4. **SIR WILLIAM**, *s.* in 1708, to the title, but dying without issue in 1797, it devolved to his brother,

1. and 5. **SIR GEORGE**. This gentleman inherited the estates of the Stonehouse family of Radley, and having risen to the rank of rear-admiral, was created a baronet, 16th August, 1794, in reward for the gallantry he had displayed in the memorable victory achieved by Lord Howe, on the 1st June, in that year. He *m.* twice: by his first lady he had no issue; but by his second, Henrietta, only daughter of Sir Pierry Brett, knt. admiral of the white, he had

1. **GEORGE**, present baronet.

2. **WILLIAM**.

3. **HENRY**.

4. **HENRIETTA**, *m.* 10th Oct. 1812, Charles Sawyer, of Heywood Lodge, esq.

5. **ELIZA**.

He *d.* in 1790.

*Creations*—25th June, 1666. 10th August, 1794.



*Arms*—Or, a bend vairy, cotised, sa.

*Crest*—On a ducal coronet, or, an herallic tiger, sejant, ar.

*Motto*—Contentement passe richesse.

*Seats*—Denham Court, Bucks; and Radley, Berks.

**BOYD, SIR JOHN**, baronet, of Danson Hill, in the county of Kent; *b.* 5th June, 1786; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 30th May, 1815; *m.* 22nd Sept. 1818, Harriet, second daughter of Hugh Boyd, esq. of Bally Castle, in the county of Antrim, by whom he has issue,

**JOHN-AUGUSTUS**, *b.* 26th July, 1819.

**Frederick**, *b.* in 1820.

**Henrietta**.

## BOY

### Lineage.

The family of Boyd is of very great antiquity in Scotland, and the similarity between its armorial bearings and those of the Stewarts, has given ground for conjecture, that it branched from that royal and unfortunate stock. The present family is directly descended from the

**HONORABLE ALEXANDER BOYD**, of Portencross, (second son of William, ninth Lord Boyd, created by King Charles II. Earl of Kilmarnock;) whose descendant in the fifth degree,

**JOHN-AUGUSTUS BOYD**, esq. *m.* in 1717, Lucy, daughter of Judge Peters, of the island of St. Christopher's; and left an only son,

1. **JOHN BOYD**, esq. who was created a baronet, 20th May, 1775. Sir John *m.* first, Mary, daughter of William Bumsted, esq. of Upton, in the county of Warwick, by whom he had two sons and three daughters. He espoused, secondly, Catherine, daughter of the Rev. John Chapone, by whom he had a son, James, and two daughters. He was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,

2. **SIR JOHN**. This gentleman *m.* 26th February, 1784, Margaret, fifth daughter of the Right Hon. Thomas Harley, and granddaughter of Edward, Earl of Oxford; by whom (who *d.* 20th November, 1830,) he left issue,

**JOHN**, present baronet.

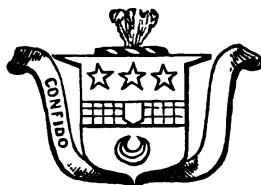
**Augustus**, *b.* 1st March, 1788.

**George**, *b.* 10th March, 1793.

**Margaret**.

He *d.* in 1815.

*Creation*—20th May, 1775.



*Arms*—Az. a fesse, chequy, or, and gu. in chief, three mullets, and in base, a crescent, or.

*Crest*—Three ostrich feathers, sa.

*Motto*—Confido.

*Seat*—Danson Hill, Foosecray, Kent.

**BOYLE, LORD**, (Edmund Boyle,) of Marston, in the county of Somerset; created 10th September, 1711.

See Earl of Cork.

**BOYNE, VISCOUNT**, (Gustavus Hamilton,) Baron Hamilton, of Stackallan, in the county of Meath, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 12th April, 1777; *m.* 4th August, 1796, Harriet, only daughter of Benjamin Baugh, esq. of Burwarton House, in the county of Salop, by whom he has issue,

**GUSTAVUS-FREDERICK JOHN-JAMES**, *b.* 11th May, 1797; *m.* 9th September, 1828, Emma-Maria,

## BOY

daughter of the late Matthew Russell, esq. of Branspeth Castle, in the county of Durham, and has a son and heir, b. 26th May, 1830.

His lordship s. to the honors, as sixth viscount, upon the decease of his father, 29th February, 1816.

### Lineage.

This is a branch of the Abercorn family; Lord Claude Hamilton, created Baron Paisley in 1535, being the common ancestor of both. The grandson of that nobleman,

GUSTAVUS HAMILTON (son of Sir Frederick Hamilton, by Sidney, daughter and heir of Sir John Vaughan), having abandoned the fortunes of King James, to whom he was a privy counsellor, and distinguished himself as a military officer, in the service of William, particularly at the battle of the Boyne, the siege of Londonderry, and throughout the whole campaign in Ireland, was sworn of the privy-council of that monarch, nominated brigadier-general of his armies, and further rewarded with a grant of forfeited lands. In the reign of Queen Anne, he was advanced to the rank of lieutenant-general; and by her Majesty's successor, George I., elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 20th October, 1715, by the title of *Baron Hamilton, of Stackallan*. His lordship was created *VISCOUNT BOYNE*, 20th August, 1717. He m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Henry Brooke, of Brooke's Borough, in the county of Fermanagh, and had issue,

FREDERICK, who left by Sophia, sister of James, Viscount Limerick, at his decease in 1715, a son, GUSTAVUS, who s. to the honors at the demise of his grandfather.

Gustavus, of Red Wood, in the King's County, who m. in 1717, Dorothea, only daughter of Richard, Lord Bellew, and d. in 1735, leaving, with several daughters,

Frederick } successively viscounts.  
and  
Richard, }

Henry, M. P. for Donegal, and collector of the port of Cork. He m. in 1722, Mary, eldest daughter of Joshua Dawson, esq. of Castle Dawson, in the county of Derry; and, dying in 1743, left five sons and two daughters.

Elizabeth, m. to Charles Lambart, esq. of Painstown, in the county of Meath. Lord Boyne d. 16th September, 1723, and was s. by his grandson,

GUSTAVUS, second viscount; at whose decease, unmarried, in 1746, the honors devolved upon his cousin,

FREDERICK, third viscount; at whose decease, without issue, in 1772, the titles passed to his brother,

RICHARD, fourth viscount; b. 24th March, 1724; m. Georgiana, second daughter of William Bury, esq. of Shannon Grove, in the county of Limerick (by the Honorable Jane Moore, daughter of Charles, Lord Tullamore, and sister and heiress

## BOY

of Charles Moore, Earl of Charleville and Baron Tullamore, whose honors expired 17th February, 1764), by whom he had, with other children,

GUSTAVUS, his successor.

Charles, m. in 1784, —, daughter of Christopher Kirwan Lister, esq. and d. in 1794.

Richard, b. in 1774.

Catherine, (deceased), m. in 1773, to Hugh Montgomery Lyons, esq.

His lordship d. 30th July, 1780, and was s. by his eldest son,

GUSTAVUS, b. 20th December, 1749; m. 1st April, 1773, Martha-Matilda, only daughter of Sir Quaille Somerville, bart. of Somerville, in the county of Meath; by whom he had

GUSTAVUS, present viscount.

Richard Somerville, R.N. b. 1st June, 1778.

Sarah, m. in 1809, to the Rev. George Monk. Georgiana.

His lordship d. in 1816.

*Creations*—Baron, 20th October, 1715. Viscount, 20th August, 1717.



*Arms*—Gu. three cinquefoils, pierced, erm.

*Crest*—In a ducal coronet or, an oak ppr. fructed of the first, and penetrated transversely in the main stem by a frame-saw ppr. the frame gold.

*Supporters*—Two mermaids ppr. hair diaheveled or, each holding in the exterior hand a mirror of the last.

*Motto*—Nec timeo, nec sperno.

*Town Residence*—6, Sackville-street.

*Seats*—Burwarton Hall, near Ludlow, Salop; and Stackallan, Ireland.

BOYNTON, SIR FRANCIS, baronet, of Barmston, in the county of York; b. 28th of March, 1777; s. to the title as eighth baronet, upon the decease of his brother, 10th July, 1801; m. in 1815, Miss Bucktrout.

### Lineage.

This is a family of very great antiquity, and Bartholomew de Boynton is said to have been lord of that manor in 1067. From this Bartholomew de Boynton lineally descended

MATTHEW BOYNTON, esq. who m. Anne, daughter of Sir John Bulmer, of Wilton, and was s. by his son,

## BOY

**SIR THOMAS BOYNTON**, M.P. for Borough-bridge, and high-sheriff of Yorkshire, in the reign of Elizabeth. He was *s.* by his son,

**SIR FRANCIS BOYNTON**, high-sheriff of Yorkshire in 1506. He *m.* Dorothy, daughter and co-heiress of Christopher Place, esq., of Hainaby; and dying 9th April, 1617, was *s.* by his only surviving son,

1. **SIR MATTHEW BOYNTON**, kt. of Barmston and Boynton, who was created a baronet on the 25th May, 1618. Sir Matthew sat in parliament in the reign of Charles I., and subsequently sided with the republicans during the civil wars. He *m.* first, Frances, daughter of Sir Henry Griffith, of Burton-Agnes, Yorkshire, (sole heiress of her brother Sir Henry) by whom he had several children. He espoused, secondly, Katherine, daughter of Thomas, Viscount Fairfax, but had no surviving issue by the second marriage. He *d.* in 1646, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR FRANCIS**. This gentleman *m.* Constance, daughter of William, Viscount Say and Sele, and had, with other issue,

**WILLIAM**, *m.* in 1661, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of John Bernard, esq. of Kingston-upon-Hull, and had, with two daughters,

**GRIFFITH**, who *s.* his grandfather.

**Mr. Boynton d. in 1689.**

**Sir Francis d. in 1695, and was *s.* by his grandson,**

3. **SIR GRIFFITH**, at whose decease, without issue, the family honors devolved upon his cousin,

4. **SIR FRANCIS**, (eldest son of the Rev. Henry Boynton, by Dorothy, daughter of Alexander Amcotts, esq., of Durham.) This gentleman was M.P. for Heyden, and recorder of Beverley. He *m.* in 1703, Frances, daughter of James Heblethwayte, esq., and granddaughter and sole heiress of Sir William Cobb, of Otteringham, knt., and dying, 16th Sept. 1730, was *s.* by his son,

5. **SIR GRIFFITH**, who *m.* Anne, second daughter of Thomas White, esq. of Wallingwells, in the county of Nottingham; and dying 22nd October, 1761, was *s.* by his only child,

6. **SIR GRIFFITH**. This gentleman *m.* 9th May, 1762, Charlotte, eldest daughter of Francis Topham, LL.D., judge of the prerogative court of York, but had no issue. He *m.* secondly, Mary, eldest daughter of James Heblethwayte, esq., by whom he had three sons, Griffith, Francis, and Henry. He *d.* 6th January, 1778, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

7. **SIR GRIFFITH**. This was esteemed one of the most accomplished and elegant gentlemen of his day. Sir Griffith totally secluded himself from society for several years before his dissolution, which event took place 10th July, 1801, when the title devolved upon his brother, FRANCIS, the present baronet.

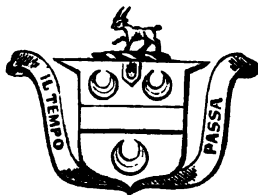
*Creation*—25th May, 1618.

*Arms*—Or., a fesse between three crescents, gu.; though the fesse was formerly charged with a lion passant, or.

T

## BRA

*Crest*—On a wreath, a goat passant *sa.* guttée d'argent, beard, horns, and hoofs, or.



*Motto*—Il tempo passa.

*Seat*—Barton-Agnes, Yorkshire, East riding.

**BRABAZON, SIR WILLIAM**, baronet, of Brabazon Park, in the county of Mayo; *s.* to the title as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 3rd July, 1803.

### Lineage.

The family of Brabazon, Barbazon, or Barbançon, as the name has at different times been written, assumed its designation from the province of Brabant, in Flanders, or more properly from the village and castle of Barbançon in that country, from which the noble family of Barbançon, whose honors and principalities are now merged in the house of *Arenberg* took its origin; whence James Le Brabanson came to the aid of William, Duke of Normandy, in the conquest of England, as appears by the insertion of his name in the roll of *Battel Abbey*. From this warrior descended, in a direct line,

**SIR WILLIAM BRABAZON**, of Eastwell, in Leicestershire, treasurer and lord justice of Ireland, temp. **HENRY VIII.** who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of Nicholas Clifford, esq. of Holme, in the county of Kent, and was father of Sir Edward Brabazon, created Lord Ardee, whence the earls of Meath, and of

**SIR ANTHONY BRABAZON**, of Ballinaloe Castle, in the county of Galway, from whom lineally sprung (fourth in descent)

**GEORGE BRABAZON**, esq. of Brabazon Park, in the county of Mayo, who *m.* Sarah, daughter of Dominick Burke, esq. of Glorouch, in the county of Galway, M.P. and was *s.* by his eldest son,

1. **ANTHONY BRABAZON**, esq. of Brabazon Park, who was created a **BARONET OF IRELAND**, 10th November, 1797. He *m.* in 1776, Anne, eldest daughter of the Right Hon. Sir Capel Molineux, bart., by whom he left,

**WILLIAM**, present baronet.

Anne-Mary, *m.* to Hercules Sharpe, esq. of Blackhalls, in the county of Durham, brother of Sir Cuthbert Sharpe, and has issue. Sarah, *m.* 16th July, 1828, to Henry, present Lord Teynham.

**Sir Anthony d.** 3rd July, 1803.

*Creation*—10th November, 1797.

*Arms*—Gu. on a bend or, three martlets sa.  
*Crest*—On a wreath, a mount vert, thereon a falcon, rising, belled, or.



*Motto*—Vota vita mea.  
*Seat*—New Park, Mayoshire.

**BRADFORD, EARL OF**, (George-Augustus-Frederick-Henry Bridgman, D.C.L.) Viscount Newport, in the county of Salop, Baron Bradford, of Bradford, in the same county, and a baronet; *b.* 23rd of October, 1789; *m.* 5th March, 1818, Georgina-Elizabeth, only daughter of the late Sir Thomas Moncrieffe, baronet, of Moncrieffe, in the county of Perth; by whom he has issue,

ORLANDO-GEORGE-CHARLES, *Viscount Newport*, *b.* 24th April, 1819.

George-Thomas-Orlando, *b.* 21st August, 1823.

John-Robert-Orlando, *b.* 18th August, 1831.

Georgina-Elizabeth, *b.* 22nd March, 1825.

Lucy-Caroline, *b.* 13th October, 1826.

Charlotte-Anne, *b.* in 1827.

Mary-Selina, *b.* 24th November, 1829.

His lordship inherited the honors, as second earl, at the decease of his father, 7th Sept. 1825.

### Lineage.

The RIGHT REV. JOHN BRIDGEMAN, Bishop of Chester, (son of Edward Bridgeman, esq. high-sheriff of Devon in 1578) *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Dr. Helyar, canon of Exeter, and archdeacon of Barnstaple, and had five sons, of whom HENRY, the third son, was bishop of Man in 1671. The eldest son,

1. ORLANDO BRIDGEMAN, a lawyer of great eminence, having filled, successively, the high judicial offices of lord-chief-baron of the exchequer, lord-chief-justice of the common-pleas, and LORD-KEEPER OF THE GREAT SEAL, was created a baron on the 7th June, 1660. Sir Orlando *m.* first, Judith, daughter and heir of John Kynaston, esq. of Morton, in the county of Salop, and had an only son, JOHN, his successor. He espoused, secondly, Dorothy, daughter of Dr. Saunders, provost of Oriel College, Oxford, (relict of George Cradock, esq. of Carswell Castle, in the county of Stafford,) and had

Orlando, of Ridley in Cheshire, who was created a baronet, 25th Charles II., a title now extinct.

Francis (Sir), *d.* issueless.

Charlotte, *m.* to Sir Thomas Myddleton, bart.

Sir Orlando *d.* 25th June, 1674, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR JOHN, who *m.* Mary, daughter and co-heir of George Cradock, esq. of Carswell Castle, and dying 24th August, 1710, was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

3. SIR JOHN. This gentleman *m.* Ursula, daughter and sole heir of Roger Matthews, esq. of Blodwell, in Shropshire; and dying 23rd July, 1747, was *s.* by his eldest son,

4. SIR ORLANDO, who *m.* Anne, daughter of Richard Newport, fourth earl of Bradford and Viscount Newport, (honors which expired with Thomas, fifth earl, in 1762,) and had several children. He *d.* 25th July, 1764, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

5. SIR HENRY. This gentleman *m.* 12th July, 1755, Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of John Simpson, esq., by whom he had issue,

ORLANDO.

John, who assumed, by act of parliament, the surname and arms of "SIMPSON," and *m.* first, in 1784, Henrietta-Frances, only daughter of Sir Thomas Worsley, bart., by whom he had an only surviving daughter, Henrietta-Anne-Maria-Charlotte, who inherited the estates of her uncle, Sir Richard Worsley, bart., and *m.* in 1806, Charles, present Lord Yarborough, and *d.* in 1813. Mr. Simpson *m.* secondly, Grace, daughter of Samuel Estwicke, esq., and has, with other issue, HENRY, *m.* in 1830, Frances-Emily, daughter of Henry Baring, esq.

George, in holy orders; *m.* first, in 1792, Lady Lucy Boyle, daughter of Edmund, seventh Earl of Cork, by whom (who *d.* in 1801) he has

Edmund-Henry, a field-officer in the army.

Anne-Charlotte, *m.* Charles Shirley, esq. Mr. Bridgeman espoused secondly, Charlotte-Louisa, daughter of the late William Poynts, esq.

Charlotte, *m.* to H. G. Lewis, esq., and *d.* in 1802.

Elizabeth, *m.* to Sir G. W. Gunning, and *d.* in 1823.

Sir Henry was elevated to the peerage, on the 13th August, 1794, by the title of *Baron Bradford, of Bradford, in the county of Salop*. His lordship *d.* in 1600, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

ORLANDO, second baron and sixth baronet, *b.* 10th March, 1702; *m.* 29th May, 1788, Lucy-Elizabeth, daughter of George, fourth Viscount Torrington, by whom he had issue,

GEORGE-AUGUSTUS-FREDERICK-HENRY, present earl.

Charles-Orlando, captain R. N. *m.* Elizabeth-Caroline, eldest daughter of Sir Henry Chamberlain, bart., and has issue.

Orlando-Henry, captain in the army, *m.* in 1817, Selina, daughter of Francis, Earl of Kilmorey, and *d.* in 1827, leaving issue.

Henry-Edmund, in holy orders; *m.* Laura, daughter of his uncle, the Hon. John Bridgeman Simpson, and has issue.



Lucy-Elizabeth-Georgiana, *m.* to W. W. Whitmore, esq. of Dudmaston, in the county of Salop.

His Lordship was created Viscount Newport, and EARL OF BRADFORD, 30th Nov. 1815.

*Creations*—Baronet, 1660. Baron, 18th August, 1794. Earl and Viscount, 30th Nov. 1815.



*Arms*—Sa. ten plates, four, three, two, and one, on a chief, ar. a lion, passant ermine.

*Crest*—A lion, rampant, ar. holding between the paws, a garland of roses, or.

*Supporters*—Two leopards, guardant, gu. palletée.

*Motto*—Nec temere, nec timide.

*Seats*—Weston Park, Staffordshire, and Castle Bromwich, in the county of Warwick.

BRADSTREET, SIR SIMON, baronet, of Stracummie, in the county of Kildare; *b.* in 1772; inherited the title, as fourth baronet, at the decease of his father, Sir Samuel, in March, 1791; *m.* Miss Murphy, daughter of ——— Murphy, esq. of Dublin, and has issue.

### Lineage.

This family settled in Ireland during the usurpation of Cromwell, when John Bradstreet, esq. obtained grants of land in Blanchville Park, in the county of Kilkenny. From the second son of this gentleman, directly descended

1. SIMON BRADSTREET, esq. of Kilmainham, in the county of Dublin, a barrister-at-law, who was created a BARONET OF IRELAND 14th July, 1759. Sir Simon *m.* his relative, Miss Bradstreet, daughter of ——— Bradstreet, esq. of Kilkenny, by whom he had two daughters,

Charlotte, *m.* in 1744, to Edmund, tenth Viscount Mountgarret.

Emilia, *m.* to Captain Samuel Zobell, of Whitmore's regiment.

and two sons, by the elder of whom he was *s.* at his decease, 20th April, 1762.

2. SIR SIMON. This gentleman *m.* 9th October, 1759, Anne, sister of the Right Hon. Sir Henry Cavendish, baronet, by whom he had an only daughter, who *m.* William Hore, esq. of Harper's town, in the county of Wexford. Sir Simon dying without male issue, the title devolved upon his only brother,

3. SIR SAMUEL, barrister-at-law, recorder of Dublin, and representative in parliament for that city, until 1784, when he was elevated to a judicial seat in the court of king's-bench. His lordship *m.* Eliza, daughter of ——— Tully, esq. of Glasneven, and had four sons, namely,

1. SIMON, present baronet.

2. Samuel-James.

3. Edmund.

4. John, *d.* in December, 1831.

Sir Samuel *d.* in 1791.

*Creation*—14th July, 1759.



*Arms*—Ar., a greyhound passant gu., on a chief sa. three crescents or.

*Seat*—Stracummie, Kildareshire.

BRANDON, DUKE OF, (Alexander Hamilton.)

See Hamilton and Brandon, Duke of.

BRANDON, BARON, (The Rev. William Crosbie, D.D.) of Brandon, in the county of Kerry, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 1st November, 1771; *m.* 3rd May, 1815, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of David Latouche, esq. of Upton, by whom he has one daughter, Elizabeth-Cecilia. His lordship *s.* to the title, as fourth baron, upon the demise of his cousin, John, second and last Earl of Glandore, 23rd October, 1815.

### Lineage.

*The Right Reverend*

JOHN CROSSIB, consecrated Bishop of Ardfer, in 1600, *m.* Miss O'Lalor of the Queen's County, and had issue,

Walter, created a baronet of Nova Scotia, in 1630, from whom the title passed in regular succession to

SIR EDWARD, the fifth baronet, who was executed, most unjustly it is now believed, for high treason, by the sentence of a court martial, in Ireland, in 1798.

David.

His lordship *d.* in 1821. His younger son,

COLONEL DAVID CROSSIB, was governor in 1811, of the county of Kerry, and gallantly defended the castle of Ballingarry, in that county. He *m.* a daughter of Dr. John Steere, Bishop of Ardfer, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS CROSSIB, kn. of Ardfer, member for the county of Kerry, in king James's parlia-

ment held in Dublin, anno 1688, to which monarch he remained faithful to the last, and never took the oaths to King William. Sir Thomas *m.* first Bridget, daughter of — Tynte, esq. of the county of Cork, and had four sons and two daughters. He espoused secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of — Fitzgerald, of Coonagh, in the county of Limerick, and widow of Sir Ralph Wilson, by whom he had four sons and a daughter. Sir Thomas *d.* in 1694, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

DAVID CROSSIE, esq. of Ardfert. This gentleman, like his father, refused to swear allegiance to King William, and lived consequently in retirement. He *m.* Jane, youngest daughter and co-heiress of William Hamilton, esq. and dying in 1717, was *s.* by his only son,

SIR MAURICE CROSSIE, knt. M.P. for the county of Kerry, in 1717, who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 6th September, 1758, in the dignity of *Lord Brandon, Baron of Brandon, in the county of Kerry.* His lordship *m.* in 1712, Lady Anne Fitzmaurice, eldest daughter of Thomas, first Earl of Kerry, and great-aunt of Henry, third and present Marquess of Lansdowne, by whom he had issue,

WILLIAM, his successor.

John, *d.* without issue.

Maurice, Dean of Limerick, *m.* first in 1762, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Wm. Gun, esq. by whom he had an only daughter, Elizabeth, who *m.* Edward Moor, esq. of Moorsfort, in the county of Tipperary. Dean Crossie *m.* secondly, in 1768, Pyne, daughter of Sir Henry Cavendish, bart. of Doveridge Hall, in the county of Derby, by whom he had issue,

WILLIAM, present baron.

Anne, *m.* first to the late Charles B. Woodcock, esq. and secondly, to the late Hon. Christopher Hely Hutchinson, M.P. for the city of Cork, and has issue by both husbands.

Pyne, *m.* first to Sir John Gordon, bart. and, secondly, to the hon. General Brand, who assumed the surname of Trevor, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of the late Viscount Hampden.

Dorothea, *m.* to William Harvey, esq. of Kyle, in the county of Wexford, son of the Rev. Christopher Harvey, D.D.

Jane, *m.* to Thomas Mahon, esq. by whom she was mother of Thomas, Lord Hartland.

Anne, *m.* to Bartholomew Mahon, esq.

Elizabeth, *m.* to Launcelot Crossie, esq. of Tubrid.

Dorothea, *m.* to the Rev. Richard Pigot.

Lord Brandon *d.* 20th January, 1762, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, second baron. His lordship was created *Viscount Crossie, of Ardfert*, 30th November, 1771, and advanced to the dignity of *EARL OF GLANDORF*, 22nd July, 1776. He *m.* first, Theodosia, third daughter of John, Earl of Darnley, by whom he had several children; and

secondly, Jane, daughter of Edward Vesey, esq. and relict of John Ward, esq. by whom he had no issue. His lordship *d.* 11th April, 1781, and was *s.* by his only surviving son,

JOHN, second earl; *b.* 25th May, 1753; *m.* 26th November, 1777, Diana Sackville, eldest daughter of George, first Viscount Sackville, by whom (who *d.* in 1814) he had no issue. His lordship *d.* 20th October, 1815, when the honors conferred upon his father became extinct; but the barony of Brandon, conferred upon his grandfather, Sir Maurice Crossie, devolved upon that nobleman's grandson, (through his third son, Dean Crossie,) WILLIAM, the present baron.

*Creation*—16th September, 1758.



*Arms*—Ar. a lion, rampant, sa. in chief two dexter hands, gu.

*Crest*—Three daggers, two in saltier and one erect, points downwards, enwrapped by a snake, all ppr.

*Supporters*—Two leopards, regardant, ducally gorged and chained.

*Motto*—Indignante invidiâ florebit justus.

*Residence*—Fitzwilliam-square, Dublin.

*Seat*—Castle Island, in the county of Kerry, of which his lordship is rector.

BRAYBROOK, BARON, (Richard-Aldworth-Neville-Griffin, LL.D. of Braybrooke, in the county of Northampton; hereditary visitor of Magdalen College, Cambridge, recorder of Saffron Walden, Essex, and high-steward of Workingham, in the county of Berks; *b.* 26th September, 1783; *m.* 13th May, 1819, Jane, eldest daughter of Charles, second Marquess Cornwallis, by whom he has issue,

RICHARD-CORNWALLIS, *b.* 17th March, 1820.

Henry-Aldworth, *b.* 26th Oct. 1824.

Charles-Cornwallis, *b.* 29th Aug. 1823.

Latimer, *b.* 22nd April, 1827.

— a son, *b.* 15th Oct. 1830.

Mirabella-Jane, *b.* 6th April, 1821.

Louisa-Anne, *b.* 18th July, 1823.

— (a daughter) *b.* in 1828.

His lordship succeeded to the title, as third baronet, upon the death of his father, 1st March, 1825.

### Lineage.

This is a branch of the illustrious house of NEVILLE, Earls of Abergavenny,

SIR EDWARD NEVILLE, of Adlington Park in Kent; second son of George, Lord Abergavenny who d. in 1492, m. Eleanor, daughter of Andrew, Lord Windsor, by whom he had issue, EDWARD who s. his cousin as Lord Abergavenny in 1587, and

SIR HENRY NEVILLE, of Billingbere in the county of Berks, who m. Elizabeth, daughter and heir of Sir John Gresham, and was s. by his son,

SIR HENRY NEVILLE of Billingbere, a distinguished person in the reigns of Elizabeth and James I., of whom Lodge gives the following account. "He owed his introduction to court to a family connexion with secretary Cecil, and his promotion there, perhaps, yet more to his own merit, for he was a person of great wisdom and integrity. He was appointed ambassador to France, in April, 1599; and, in the summer of the following year, acted as first commissioner at the treaty of Boulogne. Unfortunately for him, the negotiation was concluded a few months before the discovery of Essex's conspiracy; and at his return he unwarily listened to some hints of that wild design, which his excessive attachment to the Earl induced him to conceal. Essex, on his arraignment, named him as a party; he was committed to the Tower for a misprision of treason, in the midst of his preparations for returning to his charge in France, and sentenced to pay a heavy fine, which was mitigated to £5000. The alteration caused in his pecuniary circumstances, by the rigid exaction of this penalty, compelled him in the next reign, to accept of offices beneath his deserts; and contrary to his spirited disposition, we find him projecting and executing various little schemes for the relief of James's necessities; and in spite of the efforts made by his friends to get him appointed secretary in 1612, he was never advanced to any higher employment, owing, as it is said, to the King's having conceived a personal dislike to him." Sir Henry m. Anne, daughter of Sir Henry Killigrew, of Cornwall, and dying in 1615 was s. by his eldest son,

SIR HENRY NEVILLE, of Billingbere, who m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Smith, knight of Ostenhanger, Kent, and was s. at his decease in 1629, by his eldest son,

RICHARD NEVILLE, esq. of Billingbere, who m. Anne, daughter of Sir John Heydon, knt. of Baconthorpe, in the county of Norfolk, and had, with other issue,

RICHARD, who s. at Billingbere M.P. for Berkshire, m. Catherine, daughter of Ralph, Lord Grey of Werke, and had issue (with an elder son, who d. s. p.)

HENRY, who assumed the name of Grey, m. his cousin Elizabeth, sister, and co-heir of Edward, third LORD GRIFFIN, and d. in 1740, s. p. His widow espoused secondly John, Earl of Portsmouth, and d. s. p. in 1762.

Catherine, m. Richard Aldworth, esq. of Stanlake, and dying in 1762, left a son,

RICHARD, who assumed the name of

Neville, on the death of Elizabeth, Countess of Portsmouth, and dying in 1793, left a son,

RICHARD, who s. as second Lord BRAYBROOKE.

Anne, m. Richard Rainsford, of Dallington, chief justice of the court of kings bench, and left an only daughter and heiress,

ANNE RAINSFORD, who espoused

JAMES GRIFFIN, second Lord Griffin, of Braybrooke Castle, in the county of Northampton, and had issue,

EDWARD third LORD GRIFFIN, who d. s. p. in 1742, when the dignity expired, and his sisters became his co-heirs.

Elizabeth, m. first to her cousin, HENRY NEVILLE, who assumed the surname of GREY, as already stated, and secondly John, Earl of Portsmouth, but d. issueless in 1762.

Anne, m. to William Whitwell, esq. of Oundle, in the county of Northampton, and eventually became sole heiress of the Lords Griffin.

The eldest son of the above Anne Griffin, by the said William Whitwell,

JOHN-GRIFFIN-WHITWELL, having obtained from his aunt, the Countess of Portsmouth, her share in the estate of Saffron Walden, in Essex, assumed, by act of parliament, (22nd George II.) the surname and arms of GRIFFIN, and having his claim admitted to the ancient *Barony of Howard de Walden*, (as the great-grandson and sole heir of Lady Essex Howard, wife of the first Lord Griffin, and only child of James, third Lord Howard of Walden,) was summoned to parliament on the 3rd of October, 1784, as fourth *Baron Howard of Walden*. His lordship was created on the 5th Sept., 1788, BARON OF BRAYBROOKE, in the county of Northampton, with remainder, in default of male issue, to Richard-Aldworth Neville, esq. of Billingbere, only son of Richard-Neville Aldworth, esq. of Stanlake, in the county of Oxford, who assumed the surname and arms of Neville, (refer to issue of the last Richard Neville, of Billingbere.) The Baron d. on the 25th May, 1797, s. p. when the former barony (Howard of Walden) fell into abeyance, and the latter devolved, according to the limitation in the patent, upon the said,

RICHARD ALDORTH NEVILLE, esq. of Billingbere, as second baron of Braybrooke, b. 3rd July, 1750. His lordship assumed, in 1796, the surname and arms of Griffin in addition to and after those of Aldworth-Neville. He m. in 1780, Catherine, youngest daughter of the right honorable George Grenville, and sister of George, first Marquess of Buckingham, by whom he had issue,

RICHARD, present baron.

Henry, a captain of dragoons, who d. in Spain in 1809, after the battle of Talavera. George, M.A. in holy orders, rector of Hawarden, in the county of Flint, and master of Magdalene College, Cambridge, assumed the additional surname of GRENVILLE; m. Charlotte, daughter of George, third Earl of Dartmouth, and has issue.

Catherine.

Mary, *m.* in 1806, to the late Sir Stephen Richard Glynne, bart.

Caroline, *m.* in 1817, to Paul-Beilby Thompson, esq. son of Sir Robert Lawley, bart.

His lordship, who was lord-lieutenant, custos-rotulorum, and vice-admiral of Essex, provost-marshal of Jamaica, recorder of Saffron Walden, high-steward of Wokingham, and hereditary visitor of Magdalene College, Cambridge, *d.* on the 1st March, 1825.

*Creation*—8th September, 1788.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, *sa.* a griffin, segreant, *ar.* beaked, and fore legs *or.*, for GRIFFIN; second and third, quarterly; first and fourth, *gu.* on a salter *ar.* a rose, seeded and barbed, *ppr.* for NEVILLE; second and third, *or.*, fretty, *sa.* on a canton, *per pale*, *erm.* and gold, a galley, with sails furled, of the second, for NEVILLE; likewise badges, same as the Earl of Abergavenny.

*Crests*—GRIFFIN, a talbot's head erased, *sa.* NEVILLE, same as the Earl of Abergavenny.

*Supporters*—Two lions, rampant, regardant, *ar.* maned and tufted, *sa.* gorged with a chaplet of laurel vert.

*Motto*—Ne vile velis.

*Town Residence*—10, Burlington-street.

*Seats*—Audley End, Essex; and Billingbere, Berks.

**BREADALBANE, MARQUESS OF** (John Campbell, F.R.S.) Earl of Ormelie, and Baron Breadalbane, of Taymouth Castle, in the county of Perth, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; Earl of Breadalbane and Holland, Viscount Campbell, of Tay and Paintland; Viscount Glenorchy and Taymouth; Baron Benederaloch, Ormelie, and Weik, in the peerage of Scotland; a baronet of Nova Scotia, and counsellor of state to the king in Scotland; lieutenant-general in the army; and vice-president of the Caledonian Asylum; *b.* 30th March, 1762; *s.* to the Scottish honors, as fourth earl, upon the demise of his cousin, 26th January, 1782, obtained the barony of the empire, by patent, dated 13th Nov. 1806, and the marquise of Breadalbane and earldom of Ormelie, in September, 1831. His lordship *m.* 2nd September, 1793,

Mary-Turner, daughter and heiress of David Gavin, esq. of Langton, and granddaughter of James Maitland, seventh Earl of Lauderdale, by whom he has issue,

JOHN, Earl of Ormelie, *b.* in October, 1796;

*m.* 23rd Nov. 1821, Eliza, eldest daughter of George Baillie, esq. of Jerviswood.

Elizabeth-Maitland, *m.* in 1831, to Sir John Pringle of Stitchill Bait.

Mary, *m.* in 1819, to Richard-Plantagenet, Marquess of Chandos, only son of Richard, first and present Duke of Buckingham, K.G. and has issue, one son and a daughter.

### Lineage.

This ancient family claims a common ancestor with the ducal house of Argyll, namely,

SIR DUNCAN CAMPBELL, of Lochow, who was created *Lord Campbell, of Argyll*, by King James II. of Scotland. His lordship *m.* Lady Marjory-Stewart, daughter of Robert, Duke of Albany, and granddaughter of King Robert II. by whom he left two sons.

ARCHIBALD, his successor, from whom the house of Argyll derives, and

SIR COLIN CAMPBELL, upon whom his father settled the estate of Glenurchy, which had come into the Campbell family, temp. David II. by the marriage of Margaret Glenurchy with John Campbell, "Sir Colin" says Douglas, "was a man of high renown for military prowess, and for the virtues of social and domestic life. He was a stream of many tides against the foes of his people, but like the gale that moves the heath to those who sought his aid." He *m.* first Mary daughter of the Earl of Lennox, but had no issue. He espoused secondly, Margaret, second daughter and co-heir of John, Lord Lorn, with whom he got a third of that lordship which still remains in the family, and Sir Colin quartered henceforward the GALLEY of LORN with his paternal achievement; by his second lady he had an only son, DUNCAN, his successor. He *m.* thirdly Margaret daughter of Robert Robertson, of Strowan, and fourthly Margaret, daughter of Luke Stirling of Keir, and had by the latter a son JOHN, ancestor of the Earls of Loudoun. He was *s.* by his elder son,

SIR DUNCAN CAMPBELL, who in his father's lifetime, was designated of Glenorchy, by charter, dated 26th February, 1480. The great grandson of this gentleman,

1. SIR DUNCAN CAMPBELL, of Glenorchy, being in high favor with King James VI. was made by that monarch, in 1617, heritable keeper of the forests of Mamlor, Bendaskerlie, &c., with many valuable privileges, and created in 1625 a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, and high-sheriff of the county of Perth, for life. Sir Duncan *m.* twice, and was *s.* at his decease, in 1631, by the eldest son of his first wife, Jean, daughter of John, Earl of Atholl, lord-high-chancellor of Scotland.

2. **SIR COLIN CAMPBELL**, who *d.* without issue, in 1640, and was *s.* by his brother.

3. **SIR ROBERT CAMPBELL**. This gentleman married Isabel, daughter of Sir Lauchlan Macintosh, of Torecastle, by whom he left, with other children,

**JOHN**, his successor.

**COLIN**, of Mochaster, who had a charter of Torrie-Easter, in Perthshire, in 1642. He *m.* Margaret, third daughter of Sir Alexander Menzies, of Castle Menzies, and dying in 1668, left, with other issue,

**DUNCAN**, of Mochaster, who *d. s. p.* and was *s.* by his brother,

**JOHN**, who *s.* his elder brother, and dying without issue in 1675, was *s.* by his brother,

**COLIN CAMPBELL**, of Carwhin, who *d.* without issue, and was *s.* by his nephew,

**COLIN CAMPBELL**, (son of Robert Campbell of Boreland, by Janet, daughter of Robert Campbell of Glenlyon.) This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Archibald Campbell, of Stonefield, and had, with other issue,

**JOHN CAMPBELL**, who *s.* as fourth Earl of Breadalbane.

Sir Robert was *s.* by his eldest son,

4. **SIR JOHN CAMPBELL**, who *m.* first, Lady Mary Graham, daughter of William, Earl of Strathern, Menteith and Airth, by whom he had a son, his successor; and secondly, Christian, daughter of John Muschet, esq. of Craighead, and had several daughters. Sir John was *s.* by his only son,

**SIR JOHN CAMPBELL**, of Glenorchy. This gentleman being the chief creditor of George, sixth Earl of Caithness, obtained a disposition from that nobleman of his whole estate and earldom, with the hereditary jurisdictions and titles; and, upon the demise of his lordship, in 1676, was created, by patent, dated 28th June, 1677, *Earl of Caithness*; but in a few years afterwards, (1681,) that dignity being allowed by parliament to be vested in George Sinclair, of Kelf, (who became in consequence, seventh Earl of Caithness,) Sir John Campbell obtained a new patent, of nobility, dated 13th August, 1681, creating him **EARL OF BREADALBANE AND HOLLAND**, and the minor titles already enumerated, with the precedence of the former patent; and in remainder to whichever of his sons, by his first wife, he should think proper, in writing, to designate, and ultimately to his heirs male whatsoever. His lordship *m.* first, Mary, daughter of Henry Rich, first Earl of Holland, (which earl was beheaded in 1649,) by whom he had two sons. He *m.* secondly, Mary, Countess Dowager of Caithness, third daughter of Archibald, Marquess of Argyll, by whom he had no surviving issue. The earl *m.* a third time, and had a daughter, Mary, who *m.* Archibald Cockburn, esq. of Langton. This nobleman is described by Macky, as having the gravity of a Spaniard, the cunning of a fox, the wisdom of a serpent, and the slipperiness of an

eel. His lordship *d.* in 1716, and, passing over his eldest son, Duncan, Lord Ormelie, was *s.* by his second son,

**JOHN**, second earl, *b.* 19th November, 1662, one of the representative peers. His lordship *m.* first, Frances, daughter of Henry, second Duke of Newcastle, by whom he had no issue; and secondly, Henrietta, second daughter of Sir Edward Villiers, knt. by whom he had two daughters, and his successor, in 1752,

**JOHN**, third earl, K.B. His lordship *m.* first Lady Amabell de Grey, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Henry, Duke of Kent, by whom he had an only surviving daughter,

Jemima, who *m.* in May, 1740, Viscount Royston, eldest son of Philip, Earl of Hardwicke, lord-high-chancellor of Great Britain, and in a month afterwards succeeding her grandfather, became Marchioness Grey.

He *m.* secondly Arabella, daughter and heiress of John Pershall, esq. and had issue,

**JOHN**, Lord Glenorchy, who *m.* Williehma, daughter and co-heir of William Marwell, esq. of Preston, but died without surviving issue, in 1771.

The earl died in 1782, when the male line of the first peer became extinct; but the clause in the patent, in favour of heirs general, transferred the peerage to the present possessor, (refer to issue of Colin Campbell of Mochaster, uncle of the first peer, and second son of Sir Robert Campbell third baronet.)

*Creations*—Baronet of Nova Scotia, 3rd May, 1625. Scottish peerage, 28th June, 1677. Barony of the United Kingdom, 13th Nov. 1800. Marquisate of Breadalbane and Earldom of Ormelie, September, 1831.



*Arms*—Quarterly, first and fourth, girronny of eight pieces, or and sa. for CAMPBELL; second, or, a fesse chequy, ar. and az. for STEWART; third ar. a galley sa. sails unfurled, oars in action, for LORN; (in consequence of the marriage of Sir Colin Campbell with co-heiress of Lorn.)

*Crest*—A boar's head, erased, ppr.

*Supporters*—Two stags, ppr. attired and unguled, or.

*Motto*—Follow me.

*Town Residence*—21, Park-lane.

*Seats*—Langton, Berwickshire; and Taymouth Castle, Perthshire.

**BRENTON, SIR JAHLEEL**, baronet, K.C.B. and K.S.F.; a post-captain in the navy, and colonel of marines; *b.* 22nd August, 1770; *m.* first, Isabella, daughter of Anthony Stewart, esq. by whom he has issue, LAUNCELOT-CHARLES-LEE, *b.* 16th February, 1807.

Frances-Isabella, *m.* 2nd August, 1830, to E. B. Stewart, esq. son of the late Hon. J. Stewart, judge of the supreme court at Halifax.

and, secondly, 9th October, 1822, Harriet, youngest daughter of James Brenton, esq. of Halifax, Nova Scotia. The baronetcy was conferred upon this gentleman, who is son of the late Rear-admiral Brenton, (by Henrietta, daughter of Joseph Cowley, esq. Wolverhampton,) as a reward for his gallant professional achievements, 24th December, 1812.

*Creation*—24th December, 1812.



*Arms*—Gu., a lion rampant, double queued between three martlets, ar.: on a canton, or, the stern of a ship of the line, ppr.

*Crest*—Within a naval crown, or, the circle inscribed with the word "SPARTAN," a swan, ar. guttée de sang.

*Motto*—Go through.

**BRIDGES, SIR BROOK-WILLIAM**, baronet, of Goodneston, in the county of Kent; *b.* 2nd June, 1801; *s.* to the title, as fifth baronet, at the decease of his father; *m.* 21st April, 1829. Sir Brook Bridges is one of the co-heirs to the ancient BARONY OF FITZ-WALTER.

#### Lineage.

BROOK BRIDGES, esq. of Grove, in the county of Middlesex, descended from an ancient family, filled the office of auditor of the impost. He purchased the estate of Goodneston, in Kent, from Sir Thomas Engham, knt. where he erected a mansion. Mr. Bridges *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir Justinian Lewen, knt. and was *s.* by his elder son,

1. BROOK BRIDGES, esq. of Goodneston, one of the auditors of the impost of the treasury, who was created a baronet 19th April, 1718. Sir Brook *m.* first, Margaret, daughter of Sir Robert Mar-

sham, bart. (subsequently Lord Romney;) and secondly, Mary, second daughter of Sir Thomas Hales, bart. of Beaksbourne, in the county of Kent. He *d.* 16th March, 1727-8, and was *s.* by his only child the son of his first marriage,

2. SIR BROOK. This gentleman *m.* Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Palmer, bart. and *d.* during his sheriffalty for the county of Kent, 23rd May, 1733; after which event, his only child and successor,

3. SIR BROOK, was born. This gentleman *m.* in 1705, Fanny, daughter of Edmund Fowler, esq. of Graces, Essex, (son of Christopher Fowler, esq. by Frances Mildmay, daughter and co-heir of Mary Mildmay, by her husband, Henry Mildmay, esq. which Mary was aunt of Henry Mildmay, third Baron Fitzwalter, and Earl Fitzwalter, at whose decease, in 1753, the earldom expired, but the barony fell into abeyance, between the daughters and co-heirs of the said Mary. (See *Burke's Extinct Peerage*.) Sir Brook had a numerous family, and dying, September, 1791, was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

4. SIR BROOK-WILLIAM, the former of which Christian names, he assumed by act of parliament. Sir Brooke *m.* first, 14th August, 1806, Eleanor, eldest daughter of the late John Foote, esq. banker in London, by whom (who *d.* 29th January, 1806,) he had issue,

BROOK-WILLIAM, present baronet.

Brook-George, *b.* 12th October, 1802.

Eleanor, *m.* in April, 1828, to the Rev. Western Plumtre, rector of Eastwood, Notts. The baronet espoused, secondly, Dorothy-Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir Henry Hawley, bart. of Leybourne Grange. Sir Brook, who was a commander in the royal navy, *d.* 21st April, 1829.

*Creation*—19th April, 1718.



*Arms*—As., three water bougets, or, within a bordure erm.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, a moor's head, sa. banded ar.

*Seat*—Goodneston Park, near Canterbury, Kent.

**BRIDGEWATER, EARL OF**, in the county of Somerset; Viscount Brackley, in the county of Northampton; and Baron of Ellesmere, in the county of Salop.

*Note*.—This dignity is at present dormant, but as it is understood that an inheritor is likely to establish his claim, without difficulty, we have not considered it *EXTINCT*.

## Lineage.

SIR THOMAS EGERTON, *b.* in 1540, the illegitimate son of Sir Ralph Egerton, of Ridley, by Alice Sparke, having been brought up to the bar, attained the highest honours of his profession, and filled, during the reign of Elizabeth, successively, the offices of solicitor and attorney-general, master of the rolls, and LORD-Keeper OF THE GREAT-SEAL. Upon the accession of James I. Sir Thomas was appointed LORD-HIGH-CHANCELLOR OF ENGLAND, and elevated to the peerage, (21st July, 1603,) as *Baron of Ellesmere, in the county of Salop*; and further advanced, upon his retirement from office, by patent, dated 7th November, 1616, to the dignity of VISCOUNT BRACKLEY. His lordship *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Ravenscroft, of Bretton, in the county of Flint, by whom he had, THOMAS (Sir), who *d.* in his life time, JOHN, his successor, and Mary, *m.* to Sir Francis Leigh, of Newnham, in the county of Warwick. He espoused, secondly, Elizabeth, sister of Sir George Moore, lieutenant of the Tower, and widow of Sir John Wolley. His lordship *m.* thirdly, Alice, daughter of Sir John Spencer, of Althorpe, and widow of Ferdinando, fifth Earl of Derby; but had no issue by the last marriages. He *d.* 15th March, 1616-17, in the 77th year of his age, having received an intimation, immediately before his decease, that it was his majesty's intention to confer upon him the dignity of an earl, and an accompanying pension. This learned and very eminent nobleman was *s.* by his only surviving son,

JOHN, second viscount, K.B. who was created, 27th May, 1617, EARL OF BRIDGEWATER. His lordship was appointed lord-president of Wales, and the marches thereof, 12th May, 1633; and to this appointment the world is indebted for Milton's celebrated mask of *Comus*. Warton gives the following account of the circumstance which afforded the subject to the poet: "I have been informed, from a manuscript of Oldy's, that Lord Bridgewater, being appointed lord-president of Wales, entered upon his official residence at Ludlow Castle, with great solemnity. On this occasion, he was attended by a large concourse of neighbouring nobility and gentry. Among the rest, came his children; in particular, Lord Brackley, Mr. Thomas Egerton, and Lady Alice,

— to attend their father's state,  
And new-intrusted sceptre.

They had been on a visit at a house of the Egerton family, in Herefordshire; and, in passing through Staywood forest, were beighted, and the Lady Alice even lost for some time. This accident, which, in the end, was attended with no bad consequences, furnished the subject for a mask, for a Michaelmas festivity, and produced *Comus*." The earl *m.* Frances, second daughter, and one of the co-heiresses of Ferdinando, Earl of Derby, and dying in 1649, was *s.* by his only surviving son,

JOHN, second earl, who *m.* Elizabeth, second

U

daughter of William Cavendish, (then Earl, but subsequently) Duke of Newcastle, and had, with other issue,

JOHN, Viscount Brackley.

William, of Worsley, in Lancashire, *m.* Honora, sister of Lord Leigh, and left four daughters.

Thomas, of Tatton Park, in the county of Chester.

His lordship *d.* 26th December, 1686, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN, third earl, K.B. *b.* 9th November, 1646. This nobleman at the accession of the Prince and Princess of Orange, was constituted lord-lieutenant of Buckinghamshire, sworn of the privy-council, and appointed first commissioner of trade and plantations. On 6th March, 1695, his lordship bore one of the banners of England and France, quarterly, at the funeral of Queen Mary. In 1699, he was constituted first commissioner for executing the office of lord-high-admiral of England. He *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter and heir of James Cranfield, Earl of Middlesex, but had no surviving issue. His lordship espoused, secondly, Jane, daughter of Charles, Duke of Bolton, and had issue,

SCROOP, Viscount Brackley.

Henry, in holy orders, D.D. consecrated Bishop of Hereford, in 1794. His lordship *m.* 18th December, 1730, Lady Elizabeth-Ariana Bentinck, daughter of William, Earl of Portland, by whom he had five sons and a daughter. He died in 1746, and of his issue,

1. JOHN, also a churchman, was consecrated Bishop of Bangor, in 1756, translated to the see of Lichfield and Coventry, in 1768, and to the bishopric of Durham, in 1771. His lordship *m.* in 1748, Lady Sophia-Anne Grey, daughter and co-heir of Henry, Duke of Kent, by whom he had issue,

JOHN-WILLIAM, } who *s.* as seventh  
FRANCIS-HENRY, } and eighth earls.  
Amelia, *m.* to Sir A. Hume.

The Bishop of Durham espoused, secondly, Mary, sister of Sir Edward Boughton, bart. but had no issue.

2. William, major in the horse guards, *d.* in 1783, leaving three daughters.

3. Henry, D.D. Prebendary of Durham.

4. Charles, lieutenant-colonel in the army, *m.* Miss Skinner, and dying in 1793, left issue.

The grandson of this colonel Egerton is the claimant to the EARLDOM OF BRIDGEWATER.

The earl *d.* 10th March, 1791, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SCROOP, fourth earl; *b.* 11th August, 1681: created *Marquess of Brackley and Duke of Bridgewater*, 18th June, 1720. His grace *m.* first, Elizabeth, third daughter and co-heiress of John, second Duke of Marlborough; by whom he had one surviving daughter, who *m.* first, Wrio-

thesley, third Duke of Bedford; and, secondly, William, Earl of Jersey. The Duke of Bridgewater *m.* secondly, in 1722, Rachael, sister of his son-in-law the Duke of Bedford; by whom he had surviving issue,

JOHN, Marquess of Brackley.

Francis, who *s.* as third duke.

Louisa, *m.* in 1748, to Granville Leveson Gower, first Marquess of Stafford.

Diana, *m.* in 1753, to Frederick, Lord Baltimore, and *d.* in 1758.

His grace, who was lord-lieutenant and custos-rotulorum of the county of Bucks, *d.* 11th January, 1745, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN, second duke; at whose decease, unmarried, in 1748, the honours devolved upon his brother,

FRANCIS, third duke. This nobleman has justly acquired the reputation of being the great founder of inland navigation, in this country, by his enterprising speculation in the celebrated canal which bears his name, and which has realized a princely revenue for his successors. The duke possessed at Worsley, about seven miles from Manchester, a large estate, rich with mines of coal, which had hitherto lain useless in the bowels of the earth, because the expense of carriage by land was too great to find a market for consumption. His grace, desirous of working these mines, perceived the necessity of a canal from Worsley to Manchester; upon which occasion, Mr. Brindley, who had then become famous, was consulted; and, having surveyed the ground, declared the scheme practicable. An act of parliament was in consequence obtained, in 1758-9, to carry it into execution. And thus originated the great undertaking which has immortalized the Duke of Bridgewater. His grace *d.* unmarried, 8th March, 1803, when the dukedom and marquise expired; but the earldom and minor honours devolved upon his cousin, (refer to descendants of Right Rev. Dr. Henry Egerton, Bishop of Hereford, second son of the third earl.)

*General* JOHN WILLIAM EGERTON, as seventh earl. This nobleman was *b.* 13th April, 1753, and entering into the army, attained the rank of major-general, 25th February, 1785; and of lieutenant-general, 1st January, 1801. His lordship *m.* 14th January, 1783, Charlotte-Catherine-Anne, only daughter and heiress of Samuel Haynes, esq. but dying without issue, 21st October, 1823, the honours devolved upon his only brother,

*The Rev.* FRANCES EGERTON, one of the prebendaries of Durham, as eighth earl. His lordship *d.* in April, 1829, when the honours became dormant. But belong, it is supposed, to the grandson of Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Egerton, youngest son of Dr. Henry Egerton, Bishop of Hereford.

*Creations*—Baron, 21st July, 1603. Viscount, 7th November, 1616. Earl, 27th May, 1617.

*Arms*—Ar. a lion, rampant, gu. between three pheons, sa.



*Crest*—On a chapeau, gu. turned up erm. a lion, rampant, of the first, supporting an arrow, erect, or, headed and feathered, ar.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a horse, ar. gorged with a ducal coronet, or; SINISTER, a griffin, segreant, ar. gorged as the dexter, beaked and legged, gold.

*Motto*—Sic donec.

*Town Residence*—Grosvenor-square.

*Seats*—Ashridge Park, Bucks; Park House, Yorkshire; and Birch Hall, Salop.

*Note*—The last and eminent Duke of Bridgewater, who amassed immense wealth, demised most of his houses and pictures, (the latter valued at £150,000,) to his nephew, George, present Marquess of Stafford, together with his canal property in Lancashire, said to yield £90,000 annually. To his successor, his grace left his estates, above £30,000 a year, and the greater part of £600,000 in ready money,

BRIDPORT, BARON, (Samuel Hood,) of Cricket St. Thomas, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 7th December, 1788; *m.* 3rd July, 1810, Charlotte-Mary, only surviving child of the Right Honorable and Reverend William, Earl Nelson; by whom he has issue,

1. ALEXANDER-NELSON, *b.* 23rd December, 1814.
2. Horatio-Nelson, *b.* 27th April, 1826.
3. Mary-Sophia.
4. Charlotte.
5. Jane-Sarah.
6. Catherine-Louisa.
7. Frances-Caroline.

His lordship succeeded to the title, as second baron, upon the demise of his great-uncle, 3rd May, 1814.

### Lineage.

(For the immediate descent of the present Baron Bridport, see that of his father, Viscount Hood.)

ALEXANDER HOOD, a very distinguished naval commander, having served as rear-admiral, under Lord Howe, at the relief of Gibraltar, in 1782, was invested with the military order of the Bath; and having, as second in command, contributed to the ever-memorable victory of the 1st June, 1794, was created *Baron Bridport*, of



*Cricket St. Thomas*, in Ireland, on the 12th of August following. In 1796, his lordship gained a splendid victory over the French fleet, and was, in consequence, elevated to the peerage of Great Britain, 13th June, 1796, as *Baron Bridport*, of *Cricket St. Thomas, Somersetshire*. On the 10th of June, 1801, he was further advanced to the dignity of Viscount Bridport, being then vice-admiral of Great Britain, and general of marines. The viscount m. first, Maria, daughter of the Reverend Dr. West, prebendary of Durham; and, secondly, Maria-Sophia, daughter and heiress of Thomas Bray, esq. of Edmonton; but dying without issue, in 1814, the English honors ceased, while the Irish barony devolved, according to the limitation of the patent, upon his great-nephew, the present peer.

*Creation*—12th August, 1794; patent in remainder, default of male issue, to the Hon. Samuel Hood (present baron); and, after him, to Captain Alexander Hood, R.N. father of Sir Alexander Hood, bart.; and after Captain Hood, to the late Sir Samuel Hood, bart. M.P. for Westminster, who d. issueless.



*Arms*—Az. a fret. ar. on a chief or, three crescents, sa.

*Crest*—A Cornish chough ppr. supporting, with the dexter claw, an anchor, or.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, Neptune, ppr. mantled vert, supporting, with the left hand, a trident, and resting the right upon an anchor or; SINISTER, a sea-lion, ar. supporting, with the sinister paw, an anchor or.

*Motto*—Steady.

*Town Residence*—12, Wimpole-street.

*Seat*—Redlinch, Wilts.

BRISCOE, SIR WASTELL, baronet, of Crofton-Hall, in the county of Cumberland; b. in 1778; m. 18th November, 1806, Susan, daughter of Robert Ladbrooke, esq. by whom he has issue,

ROBERT, b. 17th September, 1806.

Hylton-Harvey, b. 24th March, 1810.

Westell, b. 26th October, 1812.

Sir Wastell, s. to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 27th December, 1806.

### Lineage.

This family was formerly De Birkskeugh, from their ancestors dwelling at Birkskeugh, or Birkswood, near Newbiggin, in a lordship belonging to the priory of Carlisle, which lands, or a good part thereof, they now enjoy.

ISOLD BRISCO obtained the manors of Crofton, Winhow, and Dundraw, by marrying Margaret, daughter and heiress of Sir John Crofton, of Crofton, knt. and was s. by his son,

CHRISTOPHER BRISCO, of Crofton. It appears by an arbitrament between the prior of Carlisle and this Christopher, concerning the manor of Brisco, that the said manor should remain to the prior and his successors, paying to the said Christopher one hundred marks; and that the capital messuage, with the woods for building, should remain to the said Christopher and his heirs. This Christopher kept fourteen soldiers at Brisco Thorn, upon Esk. He was taken prisoner at the burning of Wigton; and upon that and similar occasions he was forced to mortgage a considerable part of his estate. The twelfth direct descendant from this Christopher Brisco,

THE REVEREND JOHN BRISCO, D.D. of Crofton Hall, in the county of Cumberland, rector of Orton, and vicar of Aspatrie, m. Catharine, daughter of John Hylton, esq. of Hylton Castle, and was s. at his decease, by his eldest son,

1. JOHN BRISCO, esq. of Crofton Hall, who was created a baronet 4th June, 1782. Sir John m. Caroline-Alicia, daughter of Gilbert-Fane Fleming, esq. by whom he had issue,

1. WASTELL, his successor.

2. Fleming-John. 3. Camilla-Caroline.

4. Caroline. 5. Augusta. 6. Emma.

He d. in 1806.

*Creation*—4th June, 1782.



*Arms*—Ar. three greyhounds, current, in pale sa.

*Crest*—A greyhound, current, sa. seizing a hare ppr.

*Seat*—Crofton Hall, Cumberland.

BRISTOL, MARQUESS AND EARL OF, (Frederick-William Hervey, F.R.S. and A.S.) Earl Jermyn, of Horninghurst, in the county of Suffolk; and Baron Hervey, of Ickworth, in the same county; b. 2nd June, 1769; m. 20th February, 1798, Elizabeth-Albinia, second daughter of Clotworthy,

first Lord Templetown, and sister of John-Henry, present Viscount Templetown; by whom he has issue,

FREDERICK-WILLIAM, *Earl Jermyn*, b. 15th of July, 1800; m. 1st December, 1830, Catherine-Isabella, third daughter of John, present Duke of Rutland.

George, a major in the army, b. 25th January, 1803.

William, b. 27th September, 1805.

Arthur-Charles, b. 20th August, 1808.

Charles, b. 1st November, 1814.

Alfred, b. 25th June, 1816.

Augusta.

Georgiana-Elizabeth-Charlotte.

Sophia-Elizabeth-Caroline.

His lordship s. to the earldom of Bristol, and barony of Ickworth, as fifth earl, on the demise of his father, 8th July, 1803; and was created Marquess of Bristol, and Earl Jermyn, 17th June, 1826.

### Inceage.

The surname of Hervey, or Harvey, written with Fitz (i. e. son of Harvey) is derived from Robert Fitz Harvey (a younger son of Harvey, Duke of Orleans), one of the commanders in the invading army of William the Conqueror; from whom descended

JOHN HERVEY, who, marrying Joan, daughter and heiress of John Harman of Thurley, in the county of Bedford, acquired that lordship. He d. in the 21st Edward I.; and from him we pass to his lineal descendant,

JOHN HERVEY, esq. of Thurley, who m. Alice, daughter of Nicholas Morley, of Glind, in the county of Sussex, and had (with one daughter) two sons, viz.

1. GEORGE (Sir), a distinguished captain in the reign of Henry VIII. who, dying without issue, bequeathed his estates to *Margaret Smart* for her life, remainder to her son

GERARD, which Gerard assumed the name of Hervey, and from him descended the Herveys of Thurley, where they continued till the death of John Hervey in 1715.

2. Thomas.

The younger son,

THOMAS HERVEY, esq. m. Jane, daughter and heir of Henry Drury, esq. of Ickworth,\* Hawsted, &c.; and with her acquired those estates. He was s. at his decease by his son,

WILLIAM HERVEY, esq. of Ickworth, who m. Joan, daughter of John Cocket, esq. of Ampton, in the county of Suffolk, and dying in 1538, left, with other issue,

\* This manor belonged originally to a family of the same name, whereof Thomas Ickworth, whose will bears date 1373, left a daughter and heiress, AGNES, who m. — Drury, of Hawsted.

JOHN, his successor, of whom presently.

NICHOLAS. This eminent person was of the privy chamber of King Henry VIII. and so much in that monarch's favour, that in 1529 he was one of the gentlemen appointed to furnish the days of jousts, when the celebrated feats of arms were performed at a camp between Guisnes and Ardres. He was afterwards knighted, and was ambassador from England to the emperor's court at Ghent. Sir Nicholas m. first, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Thomas Fitzwilliams, kt. and widow of Sir Thomas Maleverer, by whom he had a son, SIR THOMAS, knight marshal to Queen Mary. He espoused, secondly, Bridget, daughter and heiress of Sir John Wiltshire, of Stone Castle in Kent, and relict of Sir Richard Wingfield, K. G. by whom he had

GEORGE (Sir), of Markshall in Essex, Lieutenant of the Tower, from whom the Herveys of Essex descend.

and an elder son,

HENRY, who m. Jane, daughter of James Thomas, esq.; and left a son,

WILLIAM, who distinguished himself, in 1558, in the memorable conflict with the Spanish Armada, boarding one of the galleons and killing the captain, Hugh Moncada, with his own hand. He was afterwards knighted; and being engaged with great success in Ireland, was created a baronet, 31st May, 1619, and advanced to the peerage of that kingdom in the following year, in the dignity of *Baron Hervey of Ross, in the county of Wexford*. His lordship, pursuing his eminent public course, was created a peer of England, 7th February, 1627-8, as *Lord Hervey of Kidbrooke*, in the county of Kent. He married twice, and had several children by his second wife, Cordelia, daughter and heiress of Brian Anslow, esq. of Lewisham; but he outlived them all, except one daughter, ELIZABETH, who m. John Hervey, esq. of Ickworth, and succeeded, at the decease of his lordship in June, 1642, to his estates, when his honors became extinct.

Mr. Hervey of Ickworth was s. at his decease by his eldest son,

JOHN HERVEY, esq. of Ickworth, who d. 11th June, 1556, and was s. by his eldest son,

JOHN HERVEY, esq. of Ickworth, who m. Frances, daughter and co-heir of Edmund Bocking, esq. of Bocking in Essex, and dying in 1630, was s. by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM HERVEY, knt. who m. in 1608, Susan, daughter of Sir Robert Jermyn, knt. of Rushbrook, in the county of Suffolk, and dying in 1660, was s. by his eldest son,

**JOHN HERVEY**, esq. of Ickworth. This gentleman was high in the confidence of Robert Sidney, second Earl of Leicester, and sojourned with that accomplished nobleman during his embassy at the French court. Concurring heartily in the restoration of King Charles II., he was appointed treasurer of the household to the Queen-Consort Catharine. In parliament he was one of the leading members; and Burnet, speaking of him, says, "He was one whom the king loved personally, and yet, upon a great occasion, he voted against that which the king desired; so the king chid him severely for it. Next day, another important question falling in, he voted as the king would have him. So the king took notice of it at night, and said, 'You were not against me to-day.' He answered, 'No, sir, I was against my conscience to-day.'" Mr. Hervey was a great encourager of literature, and the patron of men of letters. He m. the Hon. Elizabeth Hervey, only surviving child, and sole heiress of William, Lord Hervey, of Kidbrook, (see above) but dying without issue, 18th January, 1679, his estates devolved upon his only surviving brother,

**SIR THOMAS HERVEY**, knt. M.P. who m. Isabella, daughter of Sir Humphry May, vice-chamberlain of the household to King Charles I. and dying in 1604, was s. by his eldest surviving son,

**JOHN HERVEY**, esq. a distinguished member of the house of commons, who was elevated to the peerage 23rd March, 1703, as *Baron Hervey of Ickworth, in the county of Suffolk*, and created, 19th October, 1714, *EARL OF BRISTOL*. His lordship m. first, in 1686, Isabella, daughter and sole heiress of the right hon. Sir Robert Carr, bart. of Sleaford, in the county of Lancaster, and granddaughter, maternally, of James Howard, third Earl of Suffolk, by whom he had a son, *CARR, Lord Hervey*, (who pre-deceased him,) and two daughters. The earl m. secondly, in 1693, Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Sir Thomas Felton, bart. of Playford, in the county of Suffolk, by whom he had eleven sons and six daughters. Of whom,

**JOHN, Lord Hervey**, (the eldest son), b. 15th Oct. 1696, was called up to the house of lords, in his father's barony, in 1733. His lordship was appointed keeper of the privy-seal in 1740, and in the same year nominated one of the lords justices, during his majesty's absence from the kingdom. This nobleman fell under the lash of Pope, who in some extraordinarily severe lines, thus speaks of him,

"Eternal smiles his emptiness betray,  
As shallow streams run dimpling all the way;

Whether in florid impotence he speaks,  
And, as the Prompter breathes, the puppet squeaks.

Eve's tempter, thus the Rabbins have expressed

A cherub's face, a reptile all the rest.

Beauty, that shocks you, parts that none can trust,

Wit, that can curse, and pride that licks the dust."

By Middleton in his dedication of the history of the life of Tully, his lordship is, however, very differently depicted; in that he is praised for his good sense, politeness, patriotism, temperance, and information. Lord Hervey, having felt some attacks of epilepsy, entered upon, and persevered in a very strict regimen; and thus stopped the progress of that dreadful disease. His daily food was, a small quantity of asses' milk, and a flour biscuit; once a week he indulged himself in eating an apple; he used emetics daily. His lordship was distinguished as a political writer, and a list of his works is given in Horace Walpole's catalogue of royal and noble authors. He m. in 1720, Mary, daughter of Brigadier-General Nicholas le Pell, and left four sons (three of whom succeeded successively to the earldom of Bristol) and four daughters (who, after his decease, were granted the precedence of those of an earl). Lord Hervey d. 8th August, 1743.

**Henry** (fourth son), m. Catherine, eldest sister and heir of Sir Thomas Aston, bart. and assumed the surname of *ASTON*. He subsequently took holy orders, and was a doctor in divinity. His son, Colonel Henry Hervey-Aston, m. Harriet, fourth daughter and co-heir of Charles, ninth and last Viscount Irvine, of Scotland, and dying in 1798, left a son, the present Henry-Charles Hervey-Aston, esq. of Aston-Hall, Cheshire. Felton (the youngest son). The descendants of this gentleman were raised to the baronetage (see Sir Frederick Bathurst Hervey).

The Earl of Bristol d. 20th January, 1750-1, and was s. by his grandson (Lord Hervey's eldest son),

**GEORGE-WILLIAM**, second earl, who, in right of his grandmother, upon the demise of Henry, tenth Earl of Suffolk, became joint heir (with Elizabeth, second wife of John, first Earl of Portsmouth) to that nobleman's estates, and to the barony of *HOWARD DE WALDEN*; but dying unmarried, 18th March, 1775, all devolved upon his brother,

**AUGUSTUS-JOHN**, third earl, b. 19th May, 1724. This nobleman, having adopted the naval profession, attained the rank of vice-admiral of the blue. His lordship m. privately, 4th August, 1744, the celebrated Miss Chudleigh, who, in twenty-five years afterwards, 8th March, 1769, publicly espoused Evelyn Pierrepont, Duke of Kingston; for which offence her ladyship was impeached before the house of peers, and the marriage declared illegal. She retired subsequently to the continent, where she d. in 1788. The earl d. 22nd December, 1779, without issue, and was succeeded by his brother,

**FREDERICK-AUGUSTUS**, lord bishop of Derry, as fourth earl. His lordship m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Jermyn Danvers, baronet, and sister and

heir of Sir Charles Danvers, by whom he had issue,

John-Augustus, *Lord Hervey*, captain, R.N.; m. in 1784, Elizabeth, daughter of ——— Drummond, esq. of Quebec; and dying in 1796, left an only daughter, Elizabeth-Catherine-Caroline, who m. Charles-Rose Ellis, esq. (now Lord Seaford), and d. in 1803, leaving (with younger children) a son, Charles-Augustus, who, in her right, became *Lord Howard de Walden*.

FREDERICK-WILLIAM, present marquess.

Mary, m. to John, first Earl of Erne.

Elizabeth, m. first, to John-Thomas Foster, esq.; secondly, to William, fifth Duke of Devonshire, and d. 30th March, 1824.

Louisa-Theodosia, m. to Robert-Banks, second Earl of Liverpool, and d. 12th June, 1821.

His lordship d. 8th July, 1803.

*Creations*—Baron Hervey, 23rd March, 1703. Earl of Bristol, 19th October, 1714. Marquess of Bristol and Earl Jermyn, 17th June, 1826.



*Arms*—Gu. on a bend, ar. three trefoils, slipped, vert.

*Crest*—A leopard, passant, sa. bezantée, ducally gorged and chained, or. Holding in the dexter paw a trefoil, slipped, vert.

*Supporters*—Two leopards sa. bezantée, ducally gorged and chained, or.

*Motto*—Je n' oubliray jamais.

*Town Residence*—St. James's-square.

*Seats*—Ickworth, Suffolk; and Putney Heath, Surrey.

**BROADHEAD, SIR THEODORE-HENRY-LAVINGTON**, baronet, of Monk-Bretton, in the county of York; b. 17th January, 1798; m. 1st August, 1829, Charlotte-Godolphin, only daughter of Lord Francis-Godolphin Osborne, and niece of the Duke of Leeds; by whom he has an only son,

THEODORE-HENRY, b. 12th September, 1830.

This gentleman who represented the borough of Yarmouth in parliament, in 1820, was created a baronet, 30th September, 1831.

#### Lineage.

In the 7th KING JAMES I. that monarch granted, by letters patent (dated 28th February), the manor of Bretton, Burton, or MONK-BRETTON, in Yorkshire to George Wood and John Broadhead, prin-

cipal freeholders of Burton, in trust for the freeholders at large; and the trustees assigned the rights thus conveyed to them, by separate grants to each freeholder of the manor. The grandson of the grantees Broadhead,

JOHN BROADHEAD, of Monk Bretton, living in the reign of CHARLES II. was father of a son and daughter, viz.

HENRY, his successor.

Margaret, m. to John Bingley, of Bolton-upon-Dearne, and had issue,

William Bingley, who died without issue. Henry Bingley, died also issueless.

ANNE BINGLEY, of whom hereafter, as heiress to the Bingleys and Broadheads.

Mrs. Bingley died in 1766.

Mr. Broadhead was s. by his son,

HENRY BROADHEAD, esq. b. in 1682-3. This gentleman died 13th November, 1784, when his estates passed to the Bingleys, of which family

ANNE BINGLEY became, eventually, sole heiress. She m. John-Richard Brinckman, esq.\* and left an only child,

THEODORE-HENRY BRINCKMAN, esq. of Britton, b. in September, 1741, who assumed, by act of parliament, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of Henry Broadhead, esq. the surname and arms of BROADHEAD. This gentleman resided for some time at Doncaster, and afterwards at Holly Grove, Windsor Park. He m. in 1767, Mary, daughter and heir of John Bingley, esq. of Goldthorpe, in the parish of Bolton-upon-Dearne, and had issue,

THEODORE-HENRY, his successor.

John-Richard, a lieutenant-colonel in the army, now living; m. Anne, daughter of General Ross, who d. s. p.

Charles, d. 20th July, 1803.

Mary-Anne, m. to Sir John-Dashwood King, bart. of West Wycomb.

Mr. Broadhead died 20th March, 1810, and was s. by his eldest son,

THEODORE-HENRY BROADHEAD, esq. b. 3rd December, 1767, M.P. for Wareham, and afterwards for Yarmouth; m. Elizabeth, daughter of William Gordon Macdougall, esq. and had issue,

THEODORE-HENRY-LAVINGTON, created a BARONET as above.

John-Prichard, captain in the 60th Rifles.

Brinckman, capt. in the Coldstream Guards.

#### \* FAMILY OF BRINCKMAN.

THEODORE BRINCKMAN came into England with King George I. from Hanover, and died 23rd October, 1741, leaving, by his wife, Frederica, daughter of Charles Lutren, (to whom he was married 10th July, 1708, in the electoral palace at Hanover,) two sons,

George-Charles, b. 3rd December, 1706, baptized in the church of the electoral palace, Hanover, the elector and electress being sponsors, d. s. p. 23rd June, 1739.

JOHN-RICHARD, b. 21st April, 1710; naturalized by act of parliament; married, as stated in the text, to ANNE BINGLEY.

## BRO

William-Augustus, late captain in the 7th Hussars, m. Louisa, daughter of the Hon. Sir Charles Paget.

Bingley, lieutenant in the 80th foot.

Henry, R. N.

George, in holy orders.

Alfred, in the law.

Elizabeth, m. to George Dashwood, esq.

Mary.

Fanny.

Charlotte.

Mr. Broadhead died 12th December, 1820, and was s. by his eldest son, now SIR THEODORE-HENRY-LAVINGTON BROADHEAD, bart.

Creation—30th September, 1831.



*Arms*—Ermine, two eagles displayed in chief gules, and in base a lion rampant proper, collared and chained, or.

*Crests*—A demi-lion rampant, proper, collared and chained, or, supporting a shield ermine, charged with an eagle displayed gules.

*Town Residence*—Berkeley-square.

*Seat*—Stayenhoe Park, near Welwyn, Herts.

**BRODERICK, BARON,** (George-Brod-rick,) of Pepper Harrow, in the county of Surrey. See Viscount Middleton.

**BROKE, SIR PHILIP-BOWES-VERE**, baronet, of Broke Hall, in the county of Suffolk, K. C. B.; b. 8th September, 1776; a distinguished naval officer, raised to the dignity of baronet, 2nd November, 1813, in consideration of the gallant victory, which he had achieved on the 1st June previously as captain of the *Shannon*, ship of war, over the United States' frigate of superior force, the *Chesapeake*; m. 25th November, 1802, Sarah-Louisa, daughter of Sir William Middleton, bart. of Shrubland Hall, by whom he has issue.

PHILIP, b. 15th January, 1804, an officer in the royal navy.

George-Nathaniel, b. 20th April, 1812.

Charles, b. 30th June, 1819.

Louisa, b. 23rd December, 1805.

### Lineage.

This family, which has been of great importance for several centuries, traces its remote descent to a common ancestor with the *Brookes* of

## BRO

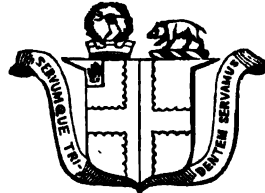
Leighton, and the *Brookes* of Norton, created baronets in 1602, the *Brookes* of Meire, &c.:—viz., WILLIAM DE LA BROOKE, of Leighton, son of ADAM, Lord of Leighton, antecedent to the reign of Henry III. The immediate progenitor, however, of the present gallant Sir Philip Broke, is

SIR RICHARD BROKE, knt., lord-chief-baron of the court of exchequer in the reign of Henry VIII., who built *Eroke Hall*, the present baronet's seat, near Ipswich, in the county of Suffolk. Sir Philip is the eldest son of Philip Broke, esq. of Nacton, in the county of Suffolk, by Elizabeth, daughter, and, ultimately, sole heiress, of the Rev. Charles Beaumont, of Witnesham, in the same county. The brothers of Sir Philip are,

Charles (Sir), lieutenant-colonel in the army, and K. C. B. b. 1779; and assumed the additional surname of Vere, by sign manual, in 1822.

Horatio-George, b. in 1790; m. in 1825, Frederica-Sophia, daughter of Samuel Mure, esq.

Creation—2nd November, 1813.



*Arms*—Or, a cross engrailed, party per pale, sa. and gu.

*Crest*—Of honorable augmentation: out of a naval crown, or, a dexter arm embowed, encircled with a wreath of laurel, ppr., and grasping a trident of the first.

*Crest*—A brock or badger passant, ppr.

*Motto*—Servumque tridentem servamus.

*Seat*—Broke Hall, near Ipswich, in the county of Suffolk, built by Lord-chief-baron Brooke, in 1526.

**BROMHEAD, SIR EDWARD-FRENCH**, baronet, of Thurlby Hall, in the county of Lincoln; M. A. and F. R. S. of London and Edinburgh; b. 26th March, 1789; succeeded to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 11th May, 1822. Sir Edward is high-steward of the city of Lincoln.

### Lineage.

The name of Bromhead, which is of great antiquity in the county of Nottingham, is mentioned by Thorton, in his history of that county, who states, that *Henry Bromhead*, the immediate ancestor of the present family, possessed considerable estates (at Bole and North Wheatley) in 1612.

1. GONVILLE BROMHEAD, esq. only son of Boardman Bromhead, esq. a colonel in the army, by

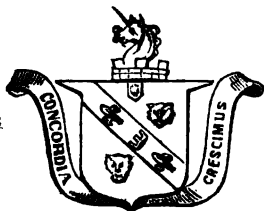
Frances, only child of William Gonville, esq. (the last of the male issue of that ancient family, settled in Lincolnshire, whose ancestor, Edmund de Gonville, founded *Gonville and Caius Colleges*, at Cambridge, in 1348,) was b. 30th Sept., 1758, and, having attained the rank of lieutenant-general in the army, was created a baronet, 4th February, 1806. Sir Gonville m. Jane, youngest daughter of Sir Charles Ffrench, bart. of Castle Ffrench, by Rose, Baroness Ffrench, in her own right, and had issue,

EDWARD-FFRENCH, present baronet.

Edmund-Gonville, b. in 1791, a field-officer in the army; m. in 1823, Judith Coriston, youngest daughter of James Wood, esq. of Woodville, in the county of Sligo, and has issue.

Charles-Ffrench, b. in 1795, in holy orders, and fellow of Trinity College, Cambridge.

*Creation*—4th February, 1806.



*Arms*—Az, on a bend, ar., between two leopard's faces, or, a mural crown, gu., between two fleurs-de-lis, sa.

*Crest*—Out of a mural crown, gu., a unicorn's head, ar., horned, or, in the mouth a rose, gu., slipped and leaved, ppr.

*Motto*—Concordiâ crescimus.

*Seat*—Thurlby Hall, near Lincoln.

**BROMLEY, SIR ROBERT-HOWE**, baronet, of East-Stoke, in the county of Nottingham; Rear-Admiral R.N.; b. 28th November, 1778; s. to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 17th August, 1808; m. 8th June, 1812, Anne, daughter of Daniel Wilson, esq., of Dalham Tower, Westmoreland, by whom he has issue,

1. ROBERT, b. 13th November, 1815.

2. Henry, b. in 1816.

3. Charles, b. in 1820.

4. William, b. in 1821.

5. Thomas, b. in 1822.

7. Caroline.

9. Mary.

6. Anne.

8. Elizabeth.

10. Sophia.

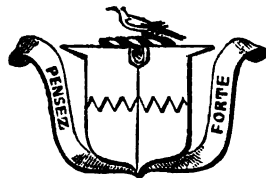
#### **Lineage.**

ABEL SMITH, esq. (youngest son of Thomas Smith, esq. of Nottingham,) m. Jane, daughter of George Beaumont, esq. and had issue, ABEL, an eminent banker of Nottingham, (father of the first and present Lord Carrington,) and an elder son,

1. GEORGE SMITH, esq., who was created a baronet 31st October, 1757. Sir George m. first, Mary, only daughter and heiress of Major William Howe, and granddaughter of Prince Rupert, (Major Howe's mother, Ruperta, being an illegitimate daughter of that distinguished personage,) by whom he had two sons and two daughters; and, secondly, Catharine, eldest daughter of the Rev. Archdeacon Vise, of Lichfield, but had no issue. He was s. at his decease by his only son,

2. SIR GEORGE, b. 18th August, 1753; m. 8th January, 1778, Esther, eldest daughter of Ashton, first Viscount Curzon, by whom he had issue, ROBERT-HOWE, the present baronet. Sir George assumed, by sign manual, on the 7th Feb. 1778, the name of BROWLEY. He d. in 1806.

*Creation*—31st October, 1757.



*Arms*—Quarterly, per fesse, indented, gu. and or. *Crest*—A pheasant, sitting, ppr.

*Motto*—Pensez forte.

*Seats*—Carswall, in the county of Gloucester; and Stoke Hall, Nottinghamshire.

**BROOKE, EARL**, (Henry-Richard Greville,) of Warwick Castle, in the county of Warwick; Earl of Warwick, and Baron Brooke, of Beauchamp's Court, in the same county, lord-lieutenant and custos-rotulorum of the county of Warwick; b. in 1779; succeeded to the honors as third earl, upon the demise of his father, 2nd May, 1816, m. 21st October following, Sarah, relict of John-George, fifth Lord Monson and only daughter of John, second Earl of Mexborough, by whom he has issue,

GEORGE-GUY, Lord Brooke, b. 28th March, 1818.

#### **Lineage.**

This surname was anciently written Graville, or Greville, and sometimes Grevil; and the present noble house deduces its lineage from

WILLIAM GREVILLE, a citizen of London, and the flower of woolstaplers there, (as his epitaph declares,) who lies interred at Campden, where he was latterly seated. This William was living in the 21st of Richard II. as that monarch acknowledges receiving a loan from him and his father, of the enormous sum, in those days, of three hundred marks, on the 10th August, 1397. He purchased, in the following year, the manor of Milcote, in the county of Warwick, from Sir Wal-

ter Beauchamp, knt. and entailed it upon his heir male. He d. in the 3rd of Henry IV. and was s. by his son,

JOHN GREVILLE, of Campden, who served the office of sheriff of Glamorganshire, in the 6th of Henry IV. He m. first, Sibil, daughter and heir of Sir Robert Corbet; and secondly, Joyce, daughter of Sir Walter Cocksey, knt. sister and heiress of Hugh Cocksey, and widow of — Beauchamp. The grandson of this John,

SIR THOMAS GREVILLE, of Milcote, assumed the surname of COCKSEY, upon inheriting the estates of his grandmother's family. He d. in the 14th Henry VII. without issue, when the lands of the Cockseys passed to the heirs of that family; and Milcote, with the other estates of the Grevilles, devolved, according to the entail of William Greville, upon

JOHN GREVILLE, of Drayton, (great-grandson of Lewis, or Lodowick Grevill, and his wife, Margaret,\* sole daughter and heir of Sir Giles Ardene, of Drayton, in the county of Oxford.) This John Greville was one of the justices for the gaol delivery of Warwick, in the 15th Henry VII. He m. Jane, daughter of Sir Humphrey Forster, of Harpeden, in the county of Oxford, and was s. by his elder son,

SIR EDWARD GREVILLE, of Milcote, a distinguished military personage in the reign of Henry VIII. particularly at the battle of Spurs. In the 13th of the same king, Sir Edward Greville obtained the wardship of Elizabeth, one of the daughters, and at length sole heiress of Edward Willoughby, only son of Robert, Lord Brooke, and his wife, Elizabeth, one of the daughters and co-heirs of the Lord Beauchamp, of Powyk,† which wardship tended in a great degree to the subsequent elevation of the family. Sir Edward m. Anne, daughter of John Denton, esq. of Amernden, in the county of Bucks, and had issue,

JOHN, (Sir,) of Milcote and Drayton, M. P. for the county of Warwick, whose great-grandson,

SIR EDWARD GREVILLE, of Milcote and Drayton, m. Joan, daughter of Sir Thomas Bromley, lord chancellor of Eng-

\* Leland says, "The first notable increase of the landes of Graville, of Draiton, cam by one Lewis Graville, who married Margaret, the daughter and heir of a noble, caulled Syr Giles Ardene."

† Lord Beauchamp of Powyk, was descended from Walter de Beauchamp, of Alcester, brother of William, first EARL OF WARWICK, of the Beauchamp family. The male line of which family expired with HENRY DE BEAUCHAMP, EARL and DUKE OF WARWICK, in 1445, when the dukedom became extinct, and the earldom devolved upon his grace's only daughter and heiress, Anne de Beauchamp, as COUNTESS OF WARWICK, but her ladyship d. unmarried, in four years afterwards; when her aunt, Anne Beauchamp, wife of Richard Neville, son of the Earl of Salisbury, became heiress of the family.

land, and left several daughters. Sir Edward being in debt, sold his whole estate to Lionel Cranfield, Earl of Middlesex, and thus the elder branch of the Grevilles became EXTINCT.

FULKE.  
Thomas.  
Edward.

The second son,

SIR FULKE GREVILLE, knt. espoused Elizabeth Willoughby, the ward of his father, the greatest heiress then in England. (See *Burke's Extinct Peerage*.) The account of this marriage is in a manuscript, entitled "The Genealogie, Life, and Death of Robert, Lord Brooke," written in 1644, and in possession of Earl Brooke. "In the days of Henry VIII. (says the author of the manuscript,) I read of Sir Edward Grevil, of Milcote, who had the wardership of Elizabeth, one of the daughters of the Lord Brooke's son. The knight made a motion to his ward, to be married to John, his eldest son; but she refused, saying, that she did like better of Fulke, his second son. He told her that he had no estate of land to maintain her: and that he was in the king's service of warre beyond the seas, and therefore his return was very doubtful. Shee replied and said, that shee had an estate sufficient both for him and for herself; and that shee would pray for his safeties and waite for his coming. Upon his returne home, for the worthy services he had performed, he was, by King Henry, honored with knighthood; and then married Elizabeth, the daughter of the Lord Brooke's son." By this marriage the manor of Alcester, and many other fair lordships and lands, came to Sir Fulke, in right of his wife; who seating himself at Beauchamp's Court, and augmenting his large estate, by the purchase of sundry lands in the neighbourhood, raised his family to high distinction in the county of Warwick. Of this marriage there were with other issue,

FULKE, his successor.

Robert, of Thorpe-Latymor, in the county of Lincoln, whose eldest son,

FULKE GREVILLE, left issue,

ROBERT, who s. as second Lord Brooke.

Dorothy, m. to Sir Arthur Haslegrave.

Sir Fulke was s. by his eldest son,

SIR FULKE GREVILLE, m. Anne, daughter of Ralph Neville, Earl of Westmoreland, and was s. by his only son,

SIR FULKE GREVILLE, a man of letters, and a distinguished courtier in the reigns of Queen Elizabeth and James I. who, at the coronation of the latter prince, was made a knight of the bath; and soon after was called, from being treasurer of the navy, to be chancellor of the exchequer, and was sworn of the privy council. In the second of King James's reign he obtained a grant of WARWICK CASTLE, with the gardens and other dependencies about it, and was elevated to the peerage, 18th January, 1620-1, by the title of *Lord Brooke, Baron Brooke, of Beauchamp's Court, in the county of Warwick*; with limitation, in default of heirs male of his own body, to his kinsman, Robert Greville, son to Fulke Greville, esq. of Thorpe.

Latimer, in the county of Lincoln. His lordship died 30th September, 1628, and was buried in his own vault, in the great church of Warwick, under a monument, which he had erected himself, with this remarkable inscription :

Fulke Greville,  
Servant to Queen Elizabeth,  
Councillor to King James,  
and friend to Sir Philip Sydney.  
Trophæum peccati.

Never having married, the honours descended, according to the limitation, to his kinsman,

ROBERT GREVILLE, esq. (refer to issue of Sir Fulke Greville and Elizabeth Willoughby,) as second baron. This nobleman distinguished himself as a general, in the parliament army during the civil wars. He was victorious at Edge Hill, in October, 1642; and the next year was killed by a musket ball, in a successful assault upon Lichfield. He m. Catherine, daughter of Francis Russell, Earl of Bedford, and was s. by his son,

FRANCIS, third baron; at whose decease the honours devolved upon his brother,

ROBERT, fourth baron. This nobleman was one of the six commissioners deputed by the house of lords, in conjunction with six members of the commons, to invite the return of King Charles II. He m. Anne, daughter and eventually sole heiress of John Doddington, esq. and left two daughters, Anne, m. to William, Earl of Kingston. Doddington, m. to Charles, Earl of Manchester.

He d. 17th Feb. 1676, and was s. by his brother, FULKE, fifth baron, who m. Sarah, daughter of Alderman, Sir Samuel Dashwood, of London, and had, inter alios,

Francis, who m. Lady Anne Wilmot, daughter of John, Earl of Rochester, and sister and co-heir of Charles, Earl of Rochester, and widow of Henry Baynton, esq. by whom he had Fulke and William, successively LORDS.

His lordship died 22nd October, 1710, and was s. by his grandson,

FULKE, sixth baron. This nobleman enjoyed the honours but five months; when, dying unmarried, they devolved upon his brother,

WILLIAM, seventh baron, who m. Mary, daughter and co-heiress of the Hon. Henry Thynne, only son of Thomas, first Viscount Weymouth, by whom he left an only surviving son,

FRANCIS, eighth baron, who succeeded to the title 28th July, 1727; and was advanced to the dignity of EARL BROOKE, 7th July, 1746, and the title of Earl of Warwick, of Warwick Castle, becoming extinct, by the death of Edward Rich, Earl of Warwick and Holland, 7th September, 1750, his Majesty was pleased to add the dignity of *Earl of Warwick* to his lordship's other honours, by patent dated 27th November, in the same year. His lordship m. 16th May, 1742, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Lord Archibald Hamilton, (a youngerson of William, Duke of Hamilton, by the Lady Jane Hamilton, daughter of James, Earl of Abercorn,) by whom he had (with four daughters)

GEORGE, his successor.

Charles-Francis, d. unmarried, in 1800.

Robert-Fulke, one of the grooms of the bed-chamber to the king, who m. in 1797, Louisa, Countess of Mansfield, and d. in 1824, leaving issue.

The earl d. 6th July, 1773, and was s. by his eldest son,

GEORGE, second earl. This nobleman m. first Georgiana, daughter of Sir James Peachey, bart. but had no surviving issue. He espoused, secondly, Henrietta, daughter of Richard Vernon, esq. granddaughter, maternally, of John, first Earl Gower, and had,

HENRY-RICHARD, present earl.

Charles, (Sir,) K.C.B. a major-general in the army, and lieutenant-colonel of the 28th foot.

Henrietta, m. in 1805, to Thomas, Earl of Clonmel.

Caroline.

Augusta, m. to the Earl of Aylesford.

Louisa.

Charlotte.

The earl d. in 1816.

*Creations*—Baron Brooke, 19th January, 1620-1.

Earl Brooke, 7th July, 1747. Earl of Warwick, 27th November, 1750.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first, as, on a cross engr. or, five pellets, all within a bordure, eng. of the second, for GREVILLE; second or, fretty as. for WILLOUGHBY; third gu. a fesse, between six cross crosslets or, for BRAUCHAMP; fourth as first.

*Crests*—First, out of a ducal coronet gu. a swan, wings expanded, ar. beaked of the first; second, a bear,\* erect, ar. muzzled gu. collared, and chained or, supporting a ragged staff of the first.

*Supporters*—Two swans, wings addorsed, ar. legged, beaked, and ducally gorged gu.

*Motto*—Vix ea nostra voco.

*Town Residence*—7, Charlton Gardens.

*Seats*—Warwick Castle, Warwickshire; Brook House, Dorset; and Baling, Middlesex.

BROOKE-DE-CAPELL, SIR ARTHUR, baronet, of Oakley, in the county of Northampton; an officer in the army,

\* The bear and ragged staff belonged to the Saxon Earls of Warwick, derived from the chivalrous GUY. It was adopted by the Newburghs, the first Earls of Warwick after the conquest.



b. 22nd October, 1791, s. to the title, as second baronet, at the decease of his father, 27th November, 1829.

### Lineage.

PHILIP DE-CAPELL, from whom Sir Arthur de-Capell-Brooke is lineally descended, accompanied Fitz-Stephen into Ireland, and had considerable lands allotted to him in consideration of his services in the subjugation of that kingdom. These lands, which form the estate of Ahadoe, in the county of Cork, (with the mansion, the remains of the ancient castle,) have been in the possession of the family, since the royal grant was first made, a period of nearly seven hundred years; the estate being still held by the original tenure of knight's service, namely, the annual presentation of a pair of spurs at Easter. The family of BROOKS issued originally from the house of Latham, or Leighton, in Cheshire, from whence, in the time of King Stephen, three eminent families sprang, viz. the Brookes of Cheshire; the Brookes who had the dignity of Lord Cobham, and the Brookes of Oakley.

WILLIAM BROOKS, esq. of Astwell, in the county of Northampton, exchanged sometime in the fourteenth century the manor of Astwell and other lands with Thomas Lovett for the manors of GREAT OAKLEY and Rushton. From this William we pass over a long line of eminent persons to his lineal descendant,

THOMAS BROOKS, esq. of Great Oakley, who m. Margaret, daughter of Sir John Walter, knt. lord chief baron of the exchequer, and was s. by his eldest son,

THOMAS BROOKS, esq. of Great Oakley. This gentleman dying unmarried, was s. by his brother,

ARTHUR BROOKS, esq. who m. Dorothy, only child and heiress of William Wheelowes, esq. of Gayton, in the county of Northampton, and had issue,

WHEELER, his successor.

Arthur, m. Mary, only surviving child of Zaccheus Isham, D. D. prebendary of St. Paul's, and had two daughters,

Mary, m. to Richard Supple, esq. of Ahadoe, in the county of Cork, and had an only son,

RICHARD-BROOKS SUPPLE, of whom presently.

Dorothy, m. to Thomas-Cecil Maunsell, esq. of Thorpe Malsor, in the county of Southampton, and d. s. p.

Mr. Arthur Brooke d. before his elder brother.

Thomas d. unmarried.

Mr. Brooke was s. by his eldest son,

WHEELER BROOKS, esq. of Great Oakley, who died a bachelor in 1702, and bequeathed his estates to the daughters of his deceased brother, which eventually devolved upon the only child of Mary, by her husband, Richard Supple; namely

RICHARD-BROOKS SUPPLE, esq. who assumed, by sign manual, in 1707, upon succeeding to the

estate of GREAT OAKLEY, the surname of BROOKS, in obedience to the testamentary injunction of his great uncle; and he adopted, at the same time, the original surname of his family DE-CAPELL instead of Supple, also by royal license. He m. in 1780, Mary, only daughter and heiress of Major-General Richard Worge, and had issue,

ARTHUR, present baronet.

William, b. 12th June, 1801, m. Catherine, youngest daughter of Lewis, second Lord Sondes, and has issue,

RICHARD-LEWIS, b. in 1831.

Mary-Anne.

Sophia, m. to William Milhouse, esq.

Louisa.

Caroline.

Augusta.

Mr. De-Capell Brooke was created a baronet on 20th June, 1803. He was colonel of the Northamptonshire militia, and a fellow of the royal society. He d. 27th November, 1829.

Creation—20th June, 1803.



Arms—Quarterly; first and fourth, or, on a fesse, az., three escallops of the field; second and third, or, an anchor, az., on a chief of the second, three arming buckles, of the first.

Crest—A demi-seahorse, arg. finned and maned, or.

Motto—Spes mea Deus.

Seats—Oakley, in the county of Northampton; and Ahadoe and Roxborough, in the county of Cork.

### FAMILY OF DE-CAPELL,

Supposed to have been corrupted to SUPPLE.

PHILIP DE-CAPELL had a grant, as already stated, of Ahadoe, in the county of Cork, and his descendant,

EDWARD SUPPELL, esq. held the estate in 1553. From this Edward we pass to his lineal descendant,

WILLIAM SUPPLE, esq. high sheriff of the county of Cork in 1704. This gentleman m. a daughter of Sir Richard Hull, and was s. by his son,

RICHARD SUPPLE, esq. who m. in 1714, Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Richard Fitzgerald, esq. of London, and was s. in 1718, by his only son,

RICHARD SUPPLE, esq. of Ahadoe, who m. Mary, daughter of Arthur Brooke, esq. (as stated in the account of Brooke) and left an only child,

RICHARD BROOKS SUPPLE, who assumed the surnames of DE-CAPELL-BROOKS, and was created a BARONET as above.

**BROOKE, SIR RICHARD**, baronet, of Norton Priory, in the county Palatine of Chester; *b.* 18th August, 1785; *s.* to the title, as sixth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 6th March, 1795; *m.* his first-cousin Harriot, second daughter of Sir Foster Cunliffe, baronet, of Acton Park, in the county of Denbigh, by whom (who *d.* in 1825,) he has issue,

**RICHARD**, *b.* 16th December, 1814.  
**Thomas**, *b.* 2nd April, 1816.  
**Foster**, *b.* 5th December, 1817.  
**Arthur**, *b.* 26th April, 1819.  
**Charles**, *b.* 12th April, 1825.  
**Mary**, *b.* 30th November, 1810.  
**Harriot**, *b.* 3rd November, 1811.  
**Caroline-Frances**, *b.* 25th December, 1813.  
**Clare-Emily**, *b.* 2nd April, 1821.

### Lineage.

This family is a branch of the ancient house of Brooke, of Leighton, in the county of Chester, but it is immediately descended from

**SIR RICHARD BROOKE**, of Norton, in the same county, who was one of the knights of Rhodes, or St. John of Jerusalem, and sheriff of Cheshire in 1563. He was *s.* at his decease by his only son,

**THOMAS BROOKE**, esq. sheriff of Cheshire in 1578 and 1592; who was *s.* by his eldest son,

**SIR RICHARD BROOKE**, knt. who was *s.* at his decease in 1632, by his eldest son,

1. **HENRY BROOKE**, esq. of Norton, who was four times appointed sheriff of Cheshire by parliament, during the civil war, and in the protectorate of Cromwell, his first sheriffalty being in 1644. Mr. Brooke was created a baronet on the 12th December, 1662. He *m.* Mary, daughter of Timothy Pusey, esq. of Selston, and dying in 1664, was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR RICHARD**, sheriff of Cheshire in 1667. This gentleman *m.* Francisca-Posthuma, daughter of Thomas, son of Sir Peter Legh, knight-banneret, by whom he had five sons and four daughters. He *d.* in February, 1709-10, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

3. **SIR THOMAS**, governor of Chester Castle, who *m.* Grace, daughter of Roger Wilbraham, esq. by whom he had six sons and two daughters. He was *s.* by his grandson,

4. **SIR RICHARD**, (son of Richard Brooke, esq. by Margaret, daughter of John Hill, esq.) This gentleman *d.* in 1781, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

5. **SIR RICHARD**, who *m.* Mary, second daughter of Sir Robert Cunliffe, bart. of Acton Park, by whom he had,

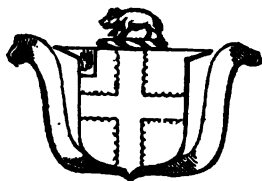
1. **RICHARD**, present baronet. 2. **Thomas**.  
 3. **Mary**, *m.* in 1822, to Sir James-Miles Ridel, bart.

And two other daughters.

**Sir Richard d. in 1795.**

*Creation*—12th December, 1662.

*Arms*—Or, a cross, engr., per pale, gu. and sa.



*Crest*—A brook or badger, ppr.

*Seat*—Norton Priory, Chester.

**BROOKE, SIR HENRY**, baronet, of Cole-Brooke, in the county of Fermanagh, so created 7th of January, 1822; *m.* Harriet, daughter of the Hon. John Butler, and granddaughter of Brinsley, first Viscount Lanesborough, by whom he has issue,

**ARTHUR**, *b.* in 1797, R.N.

**Butler**, *b.* in 1798.

**Edward-Basil**, *b.* in 1790, a captain in the army.

**Richard**, *b.* in 1801.

**Thomas**, *b.* in 1803, lieutenant 4th foot.

**George-Augustus-Frederick**, *b.* in 1805.

**Maria**, *m.* in 1817, to William-Darcy Irving, esq. of Castle Irving, in the county of Fermanagh.

**Harriet-Elizabeth**.

**Sir Henry** had an elder son, Francis, a lieutenant of Dragoons, who fell at Waterloo.

### Lineage.

**HENRY BROOKE**, esq. M.P. for Colebrooke, in the county of Fermanagh, (great-grandson of Sir Basil Brooke, knt. of Brooke Manor, in the county of Donegal, one of the undertakers for the settlement of the province of Ulster, who *d.* in 1632,) *m.* in 1711, Lettice, daughter of Mr. Alderman Benjamin Burton, of the city of Dublin, and left at his decease, in 1761, two sons, namely,

**ARTHUR**, M.P. for Fermanagh, created a baronet of Ireland in 1764, which honor ceased at his demise in 1785, when he left but two daughters, his co-heirs;

and

**FRANCIS BROOKE**, esq. an officer in the army, who *m.* in 1765, Hannah, daughter of Henry Prettie, esq. of Dunally, in the county of Tipperary, and sister of the first Lord Dunally, by whom he left (with other children)

**HENRY**, created a baronet as above.

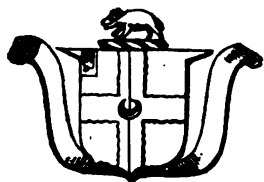
**Francis**, (deceased,) lieutenant-colonel 4th foot, and C.B.

**Arthur**, C.B. major-general in the army, and lieutenant-colonel 44th foot.

*Creation*—7th Jan. 1822.

*Arms*—Or, a cross engr., per pale, sa. and gu., a crescent for difference.

*Crest*—A brook or badger, passant, ppr.



Seat—Cole-Brooke, in the county of Fermanagh.

**BROUGHAM AND VAUX, BARON** (Henry Brougham), of Brougham, in the county of Westmorland, LORD HIGH CHANCELLOR OF GREAT BRITAIN; *b.* 19th September, 1778; *m.* in 1819, Mary-Anne, eldest daughter of Thomas, fourth son of Sir John Eden, bart. of Windleston, in Durham; niece of the Lords Auckland and Henley, and widow of John Spalding, esq. by whom he has one surviving daughter,

ELIZABETH-LOUISA, *b.* in 1822.

This eminent person, after a long series of great and gratuitous public services, was constituted Lord Chancellor, and created a peer of the realm, upon the accession of the Grey administration, in 1830; honours which, if conferred upon any other subject within His Majesty's dominions, would have been deemed the proudest and loftiest elevation; but in the solitary instance of Brougham—HENRY BROUGHAM, the purest of her patriots, the boldest of her defenders, the ablest of her instructors—England, with one accord, declared that there had been no exaltation.

Lord Brougham is heir-general and representative of a branch of the ancient and princely house of VAUX.

### Lineage.

The family of BROUGHAM claims Saxon descent, and derives its surname from *Burgham*, afterwards called Brougham, a parish in the county of Westmorland, the ancient Brovacum or Brovoniacum of the Romans. The learned Camden says: "Eden runs along not far from Howgill, a castle of the Sandfords; but the Roman military way passes directly through Whinfield, a large park thick set with trees, to Brovoniacum, twenty Italian miles, but seventeen English, from Vertere, as Antoninus has fixed it: he calls it also Brovacum, as the Notitia Brovoniacum, from which we understand the company of *Defensores* had their abode here. Though age has consumed both its buildings and splendour, the name is preserved almost entire in the present one of BROUGHAM; the antiquity whereof has been further confirmed of late years, by the discovery of Roman coins, altars, and other testimonies."

The ancient line of the BROUGHAMS is likewise alluded to by Hutchinson in his History of Cumberland. "This family," he observes, "may be said to stand unusually eminent in point of antiquity; from having originally assumed the name of the Roman station—an area to the south of Brougham Castle, the vallum and outward ditch of which are yet very distinguishable."

WALTER DE BURGHAM was lord of the manor and estate of Burgham in the time of EDWARD the Confessor, and he retained possession after the Conquest, as *tenant in capite*, by the tenure of *Drengage*.\*

From him descended

SIR ODARD DE BURGHAM, kt. lord of Burgham, in the time of Henry the Second, and third in command of the king's forces in the north. In the twenty-second of the same reign, Sir Odard paid a fine of twenty marks into the Exchequer for delivering up Appleby Castle to the King of Scots. He was *s.* by his son,

GILBERT DE BURGHAM, who, in the reign of King John, alienated a moiety of the village of Burgham, a large portion of the estates, and the advowson of the rectory of Burgham, to Robert de Veteripont, upon condition that the remainder might be held by him and his heirs, free from the service of Drengage. This Gilbert was *s.* by

HENRY DE BURGHAM, lord of the manor of Burgham in the reign of Edward the First. In 1263 his daughter Dorothy married John de Carlton, ancestor of the barons Dorchester. In the time of Edward the Third,

JOHN DE BURGHAM possessed the manor, and was sheriff of Westmorland, in the year 1351, under Lord Clifford. He was *s.* by his son,

SIR JOHN DE BURGHAM, kt. who having some dispute with Lord Clifford respecting the extent of the manor, a solemn deed was entered into between them for the purpose of defining and fixing for ever the boundaries of the manor of Burgham. This instrument bears date the second of Richard II., and is enrolled amongst the records preserved in the Rolls Chapel. In the year 1383, Sir John de Burgham was knight of the shire for the county of Cumberland, with John de Kirkby, and was *s.* at his decease by

JOHN DE BURGHAM, lord of Burgham, who represented the city of Carlisle in parliament in the years 1394 and 1396, and was *s.* by

\* **DRENGAGE.** The Drengage, according to Spelman, was a military tenure, and those who retained their estates after the Conquest by such service were of knightly degree. They were permitted by the conqueror to hold their estates, upon showing their original right to the lands; and that they were *nec in auxilio, nec in consilio*, against the new monarch.

The same authority, after giving examples of the tenure from ancient grants and documents, in which it appears that the Drenches were lords of manors and had rights of heirship and wardship, proceeds—"Sunt igitur Drenches vassalli quidam militares, vel ut nostri forenses loquuntur, TENENTES PER SERVICIUM MILITARE."

JOHN DE BURGHAM, lord of Burgham, and in the year 1436 knight of the shire, with William Staplton, for the county of Cumberland. This John appears subsequently to have dropped the *de* before his name. He was *s.* by

JOHN BURGHAM, who was lord of Burgham in the reign of Edward the Fourth, and by an inquisition *post mortem* taken at Burgham in the year 1484, it was found that the said John died seized of the manor, and that he was *s.* by his son and heir,

JOHN BURGHAM, who in the year 1504 paid eleven shillings cornage for certain lands in Burgham, to Henry, Lord Clifford. He was *s.* by

GILBERT BURGHAM, Lord of Burgham, *temp.* Henry the Eighth, who was *s.* by

THOMAS BURGHAM, lord of Burgham, in 1553. This gentleman *m.* Jane,\* daughter and heiress of John Vaux, of Catterlen and Tryermaine, by whom he had two sons, *vis.*

1. HENRY BROUGHAM, who inherited Brougham in 1567. This gentleman had a Chancery suit with one Thomas Bird, and conveyed to him certain lands by deed, dated in that year. He was *s.* by his son,

THOMAS, who was in the commission of the peace for the county of Cumberland. This Thomas sold a portion of the lands of Brougham to Thomas Anson, and the remainder, in the following year, to James Bird. He *d. s. p.* in 1607, and was buried in the chancel of the church of Brougham.

2. Peter Brougham.

The younger son,

PETER BROUGHAM of Blackhall, in the county of Cumberland, *m.* the heiress of John Southaika of Scales, in the same shire, and thus acquired that estate. He *d.* in 1570, and was *s.* by his son,

HENRY BROUGHAM, of Scales and Blackhall. This gentleman served the office of sheriff for the county of Cumberland. He *m.* first, Jane, daughter of John Wharton of Kirkby-Thore, by whom he had an only daughter, Jane, *m.* to Edward Aglionby. Mr. Brougham espoused, secondly, Catherine, daughter of Thomas Fallowfield of Melkinthorpe Hall, in the county of Westmorland, and dying in 1622, was *s.* by his son,

THOMAS BROUGHAM, esq. of Scales, who served the office of sheriff for Cumberland. He *m.* Mary, daughter of Daniel Fleming, esq. of Skirwith, (ancestor of the Flemings of Rydal, created baronet in 1765), and had, with other issue,

HENRY, his successor.

Agnes, *m.* to Anthony Wyberg, esq. of Clifton Hall, Westmorland.

Mr. Brougham *d.* in 1648, and was *s.* by his son, HENRY BROUGHAM, esq. of Scales, who enlarged his possessions there, and erected Scales Hall. Bishop Nicholson, in his "MSS. of a cursory Relation of all the Antiquities of Families of Cumberland," written about the year 1675, speaks

thus of this Henry and his predecessors. "Next adjoining, Squire Browham, ancient heir male of all the Squire Browhams of Browham Hall, in Westmorland, built him a very fine house at Scales, and lives there. His grandfather, Henry Browham, married Jane Wharton, daughter of Squire Wharton of Kirby-Thore. His father, Thomas, married Mary, daughter of Squire Daniel Fleming of Skirwith, and cousin of Squire Fleming, lord of Ridall; and this Squire Browham married fair Miss Slee, daughter of Mr. Slee of Carlisle, a jovial gentleman of £300 a year." By this lady he had four children, of whom none succeeded him. He espoused, secondly, Elisabeth, daughter of John Lamplugh of Lamplugh, and had seven sons and two daughters. Of these

JOHN succeeded to the estate of Scales.

Peter, *m.* Elisabeth, daughter and heiress of Christopher Richmond, esq. of Highhead Castle, in the county of Cumberland (who was grandson and heir of John Vaux of Catterlen, through his mother, Mabel Vaux, that gentleman's daughter and sole heir).

This Peter left issue,

Henry-Richmond, sheriff of Cumberland in 1748, who possessed the estates of Brougham in Westmorland, and Highhead Castle and Catterlen in Cumberland. He *d. s. p.* in 1749.

John, who died before his brother, also issueless.

Samuel, *m.* Dorothy, only daughter of John Child, and had two sons:

JOHN, one of the benchers of the Honourable Society of Gray's Inn.

Henry.

Mr. Brougham was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN BROUGHAM, esq. commonly called *Commissioner Brougham*; who purchased back, in 1726, from the grandchildren of James Bird, the ancient seat of the family, *Brougham Hall*, and entailed it upon his four nephews, in succession, and their heirs male; by the eldest surviving of whom (the elder son of his younger brother Samuel) he was succeeded—namely, by

JOHN BROUGHAM, esq. the Bencher of Gray's Inn. This gentleman died *s. p.* in 1756, and was *s.* by his brother,

HENRY BROUGHAM, esq. of Brougham and Scales, who *m.* Mary, daughter of the Rev. William Freeman, D.D. and had two sons and three daughters. In the year 1763 he suffered a recovery of the greater part of his property, including the estates and manor of Brougham, in Westmorland, Scales Hall, the manor of Brathwaite Howes (brought into the family by marriage with the heiress of the Kirkbrides, of the Howes), and the "Vauxes" in Cumberland. He devised Scales Hall to his younger children, by whom it was sold to Peter Lamplugh Brougham, esq. of Doveby (which Peter assumed the name of Lamplugh by sign manual in 1783, in consequence of a proviso in the will of Elisabeth Ireton, only daughter and heir of Thomas Lamplugh). Mr. Brougham *d.* in 1782, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

\* See *Burke's Extinct and Dormant Peerage*, article Vaux, Barons Vaux of Harrowden.

**HENRY BROUGHAM**, esq. of Brougham, who m. Eleanor, only child of James Syme, D.D. by Mary, sister of Robertson the historian of Scotland, and had issue,

**HENRY**, now **LORD BROUGHAM AND VAUX**.  
James, M. P. for Winchester.

Peter, d. s. p.

**John-Waugh**, m. Margaret, daughter of James Rigg of Moreton, N. B. and died at Boulogne in 1829, leaving issue.

**William**, one of the Masters in Chancery, and M. P. for the Borough of Southwark.

**Mary**.

**Mr. Brougham** died in 1810, when his eldest son, **HENRY**, inherited Brougham in the county of Westmorland, and Highhead Castle, Cumberland.

*Creation*—23d November, 1830.



**Arms**—Quarterly, 1st, gules, a chevron between three lucas, arg. for **BROUGHAM**; 2d, or, a fesse checky or and gules, between three garbs, gules, banded or—in chief, a label of three points, azure, for **VAUX** of **CATTERLEN**; 3d, ar. a bend checky, or, and gules, for **VAUX** of **TRYERNAYNE**; 4th, gules, a cross fleury or, for **DELAMORE**.

**Crest**—A hand and arm in armour, holding a lucy, arg. On the elbow, a rose gules.

**Supporters**—**Dexter**, a lion vert, armed and langued, gules. Collared, with the **Vaux** collar, checky, or, and gules; **Sinister**, a white hart, antlers and hoofs, or, in his mouth a rose gules, barbed and seeded vest, in allusion to the castle of Highhead, which the Lord Chancellor holds of the King *in capite*, by the service of a red rose, rendered annually at Carlisle. It came from the family of **L'Engleys**, or **English**, to the **Richmonds**, and thence, by marriage, to the **Broughams**.

**Motto**—Pro rege, lege, grege.

\*. This is not a newly assumed motto; it has been long borne by the family, and is to be seen in an old apartment at Brougham, of the age of Elizabeth.

**Town Residence**—Berkeley Square.

**Seat**—Brougham, in the county of Westmorland.

**BROUGHTON, SIR JOHN-DELVES**, baronet, of Broughton, in the county of Stafford; a general officer in the army; s. to the

title, as seventh baronet, upon the demise of his father, 23rd July, 1813; m. Mary, sister of Sir John Egerton, bart. of Oulton Park, in the county of Chester.

### Lineage.

This family, according to a pedigree in the possession of the present baronet, is maternally descended from the **Delves**, who were seated at **Delves Hall**, in the county of Stafford, at the time of the Conquest; and paternally, from **Richard de Vernon**, fourth son of **Hugo de Vernon**, Baron of Shipbrooke, in the same era. From this **Richard** lineally sprang

**JOHN**, Lord of **Broughton** and **Charlton**, in the county of Stafford, temp. Hen. VI.; and from him,

**THOMAS BROUGHTON**, esq. who m. Frances, daughter of Sir Harvey Bagot, bart. of Blithfield, in the county of Stafford, and was father of

1. **BRIAN BROUGHTON**, esq. of Broughton, who, having received the honor of knighthood, was created a baronet 10th March, 1660. Sir Brian m. in the same year, Bridget, daughter of Sir Thomas Lucy, bart. by whom he had six sons, and dying in July, 1706, was s. by the eldest,

2. **SIR THOMAS**, who m. Rhoda, daughter of John Amcoats, esq. of Aystrop, in the county of Lincoln, and was s. in 1710, by his eldest son,

3. **SIR BRIAN**. This gentleman m. Elizabeth, only daughter of Sir Thomas Delves, bart. of Doddington, in the county of Chester, by whom he had two daughters, and his successor,

4. **SIR BRIAN BROUGHTON-DELVES**, b. in 1710; m. in May, 1738, Miss Forrester, daughter of William Forrester, esq. M. P. by whom he had two sons. Sir Brian assumed the surname of **Delves**, in obedience to the testamentary injunction of his grandfather, Sir Thomas Delves, upon inheriting that gentleman's estate in Cheshire. Dying 11th August, 1744, he was s. by his eldest son,

5. **SIR BRIAN BROUGHTON-DELVES**; at whose decease, without issue, 16th January, 1766, the title devolved upon his brother,

6. **THE REV. SIR THOMAS**, who m. thrice; but had issue only by his first marriage with Mary, daughter of John Wicker, of Hasham, esq. viz.

**JOHN DELVES**, present baronet.

**Henry-Delves**, m. Miss Pigott, and has issue. **Thomas-Delves**, m. Hester, daughter of R.

**Leigh**, esq. of Adlington Hall, by whom (who d. in 1821) he has issue.

**Charles-Delves**, m. twice.

**Edward-Delves**, m. Miss Butt.

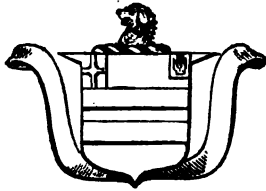
And five daughters.

**Sir Thomas** d. in 1813.

*Creation*—10th March, 1660.

**Arms**—Ar., two bars, gu., on a canton of the second, a cross of the field.

**Crest**—A sea-dog's head, gu., erased and fanned, ar.



*Seats*—Broughton, Staffordshire; and Aystrop, Lincoln.

**BROWN, SIR JAMES**, baronet, of Colstoun; *m.* in 1798, Marion, daughter of the late Robert Henderson, esq. of Cleugh-Heads, a magistrate and lieutenant-depute of the county of Dumfries, and has issue,

1. **RICHARD**, in holy orders.
2. **Robert-Henderson**.
3. **William**.
4. **Hugh-M'Bryde**.
5. **Saret**.

Sir James *s.* to the title, as sixth baronet, after it had remained for several years dormant, as heir male of his cousin, Sir Alexander Brown, who *d.* in 1775.

#### Lineage.

According to family tradition, the house of Colstoun was founded soon after the Norman conquest by a French warrior, who bore the arms of, and claimed alliance to, the royal family of France.

**WALTERUS LE BRUN** flourished at an early period of the twelfth century, and was one of the barons who witnessed an instrument of inquisition respecting the possessions of the church of Glasgow, made by Prince David, (cir. 1112) in the reign of his brother, King Alexander I.

**SIR DAVID LE BRUN**, by a judicial transumpt, devised, to the Abbey of Holyrood House, "lands and acres in territories de Colstoun," for prayers to be said for "the soul of King Alexander and the health of his son."

**RALPH LE BRUN**, one of the Scottish barons who swore fealty at Berwick, 28th August, 1296.

**RICHARD LE BRUN**, keeper of the king's peace in Westmoreland and Cumberland, and one of the principal noblemen who headed the conspiracy occasioned by the demand of the charters in the year 1322.

**WILLIAM BROWN**, of Colstoun, in the reign of James I. *m.* Margaret de Annand, co-heiress of the barony of Sauchy, descended of the ancient lords of Annandale, a family which gave kings to Scotland, Robert de Bruce, having *m.* Agnes de Annand, heiress of that county, whence the royal line.

**SIR WILLIAM BROWN**, of Colstoun, warder of the West Border, commanded the Scots, in a battle fought against the English, in the parish of Dornock Annandale, in which the latter were defeated, and their commanders, Sir Marmaduke Langdale

and Lord Crocible, slain. So sanguinary was the conflict, that tradition says, a spring-well upon the spot ran blood for three days.

**WILLIAM BROWN**, of Colstoun, who flourished in 1480, and downwards, was director of the chancery.

**GEORGE BROWN**, of Colstoun, fl. cir. 1611, and *m.* Jean Hay, daughter of Lord Yester, ancestor of the Marquess of Tweeddale. The dowry of this lady consisted of the famous "*Colstoun pear*," which Hugh de Gifford, of Yester, who *d.* in 1267, her remote ancestor, famed for his necromantic powers, was supposed to have invested with the extraordinary virtue of securing, for the family who might possess it, unfailing prosperity. This *PALLADIUM* is preserved at Colstoun with the care due to so singular an heir-loom, which, regardless of the superstition, must be esteemed a very wonderful vegetable curiosity, having existed more than five centuries. (See Chamber's Picture of Scotland.)

Various other notices occur of chiefs of the family in the parliamentary records and meetings of estates, together with names long associated with the history of those times, down to George Brown, of Colstoun, who *m.* Margaret daughter of Sir D. Murray, of Stanhope, bart. by his wife, the Lady Lellias Fleming, daughter of John, Earl of Wigton, by a daughter of John, Earl of Montrose, and had a younger son, George, who *m.* a daughter of Spottiswoode, of Spottiswoode; to whom he granted, by charter, the barony of Thornydyke, and

1. **PATRICK BROWN**, of Colstoun, who, in consequence of his eminent services, and the fidelity of the ancient family he represented, was created a knight, and *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, 10th February, 1686, with reservation of the title to his heirs male for ever. Sir Patrick was *s.* by his son,

2. **SIR GEORGE BROWN**, who *m.* the Lady Elizabeth M'Kenzie, daughter of George, first Earl of Cromarty, and *d.* in 1718, without issue. It is reported of Lady Elizabeth, the first night after her marriage that she slept at Colstoun House, that she dreamed she had eaten the pear, which her father-in-law looked on as a bad omen, and expressed great fears that she would be an instrument in the destruction of the house of Colstoun. Whether owing to the lady's fault, does not appear, but, shortly after, the family split betwixt the heirs-male and the heirs-of-line; the title devolving upon the Thornydyke branch, and the estates upon an heiress, who married George Brown, of Eastfield, and from whom are descended the latter family, represented by George Brown, Lord Calston, of Session, (who *m.* a daughter of D. Dalrymple, Lord Westhall;) the late Charles Brown, of Colstoun, who *m.* a daughter of M'Dowall, of Logan; and the present Countess of Dalhousie.

3. **SIR GEORGE BROWN**, son of Alexander Brown, of Thornydyke Castle and Bassendean, by Catherine, daughter of Sir Alexander Swinton, of Swinton, bart. succeeded his cousin, and died without male issue, and was *s.* by his brother,

4. **SIR ALEXANDER**, who *m.* Beatrice, daughter

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of Alexander Swinton, Lord Merington; and *d.* in 1750, leaving issue.

5. **SIR ALEXANDER BROWN**, who *m.* a daughter of Colquhoun of Glins, and *d.* in 1775, without issue, when the baronetcy fell into abeyance, until revived in favor of the next male heir, **JAMES**, present baronet.

*Creation*—16th February, 1686.



*Arms*—Gu. three fleurs-de-lis, or.

*Crest*—A demi-lion, rampant, holding in the dexter paw, a fleur-de-lis, or.

*Supporters*—On each side, a lion, arg. guardant, collared or, having a paw charged as in the crest.

*Motto*—Floreat majestas.

*Seat*—Colstoun Park, Dumfriesshire.

**BROWNE, SIR JOHN-EDMOND**, baronet, of Johnstown, in the county of Dublin; *m.* Margaret, second daughter of Matthew Lorinan, esq. of Ardee, in the county of Louth, by whom he has issue,

1. **JOHN-EDMUND** (Sir), who assumed, by sign-manual, the name and arms of Beauvoir only, on his marriage with Mary, heiress of the Rev. Peter de Beauvoir. Lady de Beauvoir *d.* 11th February, 1831.
2. Montagu-Stepney, *b.* 3rd December, 1795.
3. Frederick-Augustus, *b.* 21st February, 1804.
4. Charles-Manley, *b.* 1st March, 1806.
5. Caroline-Margaret.
6. Margaret.

This gentleman, who was called to the English bar in 1784, was created a **BARONET OF IRELAND**, 8th December, 1797.

### Lineage.

This family claims a common ancestor with the noble houses of Sligo and Kilmaine, namely, Josias Browne, esq. of the Neale, in the county of Mayo. The eldest son of that gentleman,

**JOHN BROWNE**, esq. of the Neale, was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, 17th June, 1636. Sir John *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir Dominick Browne, knt. by whom, with several daughters, he had three sons,

George, his successor, ancestor of the Lords Kilmaine.

John, ancestor of the Marquess of Sligo, and

**DOMINICK BROWNE**, esq. of Bearfield, in the county of Mayo. This gentleman *m.* Barbara, daughter of Sir Henry Talbot, and niece of the Duke of Tyrconnel, lord-lieutenant of Ireland, and was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,

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**ANDREW BROWNE**, esq. who was *s.* by his eldest son,

**DOMINICK BROWNE**, esq. This gentleman left two sons; the second of whom, **JOHN-EDMOND**, is the present baronet.

*Creation*—8th December, 1797.



*Arms*—Sa. three lions, passant, in bend, between two double cottises, ar. a mullet for difference.

*Crest*—On a wreath, an eagle, displayed, vert.

*Motto*—Suivex raison.

*Seat*—Johnstown, in the county of Dublin.

**BROWNLOW, EARL**, (John Cust, F.R. and A.S.) Viscount Alford, Baron Brownlow, of Belton, in the county of Lincoln; and a baronet; lord-lieutenant, custos-rotalorum, and vice-admiral of the county of Lincoln, recorder of Boston; *b.* 19th August, 1779; *s.* to the barony of Brownlow, upon the demise of his father, 25th December, 1807; and was advanced to the Viscounty and Earldom by patent, dated 27th November, 1815. His lordship *m.* first, 24th July, 1810, Sophia, second daughter, and coheir of Sir Abraham Hume, bart, granddaughter maternally of John Egerton, Bishop of Durham, and great-granddaughter, also, maternally, of Henry Grey, Duke of Kent, by whom (who *d.* in 1814,) he has issue,

**JOHN-HUME**, Viscount Alford, *b.* 15th October, 1812.

Charles-Henry, *b.* 27th September, 1813.

Sophia-Frances, *b.* 14th October, 1811.

The earl espoused, secondly, 22nd September, 1818, Caroline, second daughter of George Fludyer, esq. of Ayston in the county of Rutland, who *d.* 4th July, 1824, leaving three daughters, namely,

Caroline-Mary, *b.* 25th November, 1819.

Amelia, *b.* 6th August, 1821.

Katherine-Anne, *b.* 18th November, 1822.

His lordship *m.* thirdly, 17th July, 1828, Emma-Sophia, eldest daughter of Richard, present Earl of Mount-Edgcumbe,

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## Lineage.

This family, which was originally seated in Yorkshire, removed from thence to Pinchbeck, in Lincolnshire, nearly five hundred years ago.

1. **RICHARD CUST**, esq. of Pinchbeck, who represented the county of Lincoln in parliament, in the year 1653, but was expelled his seat by Cromwell, was created a baronet, after the restoration, 29th September, 1677. Sir Richard subsequently represented the borough of Stamford. He *m.* Beatrix, daughter and heiress of Thomas Purey, esq. of Kirtou, in the county of Lincoln, and had with two daughters an only son,

Purey (Sir), who *m.* first, Ursula, daughter and heiress of Edward Woodcock, esq. of New-Timber, in the county of Sussex, and had, with two daughters,

RICHARD, who *s.* his grandfather.

Sir Purey espoused, secondly, Alice, daughter and co-heir of William Savile, esq. of Newton, in the county of Lincoln, and dying in 1690, left a son,

Savile-Cockayne, who *d.* unmarried.

Sir Richard *d.* in 1700, and was *s.* by his grandson,

2. **SIR RICHARD**. This gentleman *m.* Anne, sister and sole heiress of John Brownlow, Viscount Tyrconnel, of the kingdom of Ireland, by which alliance he obtained the mansion and estate of Belton, in Lincolnshire: by this lady he had a numerous family, and was *s.* at his decease, 25th July, 1734, by his eldest son,

3. **SIR JOHN**, who at the demise of his uncle, John, Viscount Tyrconnel, without male issue, in 1746, inherited the estates of that nobleman; the viscounty becoming extinct. This gentleman was elected to the **SPEAKER'S CHAIR**, in 1761, and sworn of the privy-council, 1768. He *m.* 8th December, 1743, Ethelred, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Payne, esq. of Hough, in the county of Lincoln, by whom he had, with several other children, an only son, his successor, at his decease, 24th January, 1770,

4. **SIR BROWNLOW**, who, in consideration of the public and honourable services of his father, was elevated to the peerage, 20th May, 1776, as *Baron Brownlow, of Belton, in the county of Lincoln*. His lordship *m.* first, Jocosa-Catherina, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Drury, of Overstone, in the county of Northampton, by whom he had no surviving issue. He espoused, secondly, Frances, only child and heiress of Alderman Sir Henry Banks, knt. of the city of London, and had

JOHN, present earl.

Henry-Cockayne, in holy orders; canon of Windsor; *b.* 28th September, 1780; *m.* in 1816, Anna-Maria, eldest daughter of Francis, Earl of Kilmorey, and has issue.

Richard, in holy orders, rector of Belton, *b.* 26th August, 1785.

William, commissioner of the customs, *b.* 23rd January, 1787; *m.* in 1819, Sophia,

daughter of the late Thomas Newnham, esq. of Southborough, Kent, and has issue.

Peregrine-Francis, M.P. captain in the army, *b.* 13th August, 1791; *m.* in 1823, Lady Isabella-Mary-Montagu Scott, third daughter of William, fourth Duke of Buccleuch, and Queensbury, by whom (who *d.* 9th October, 1829), he has issue.

Edward (Sir), lieutenant-colonel in the army, K.C.H. and M.P. *b.* 17th March, 1794, *m.* in 1821, Mary-Anne, only daughter of William Boode, esq. and has issue.

Elizabeth.

Lucy.

Anne, *m.* in 1825, to Sir William-Fowle Middleton, bart.

His lordship *d.* 25th December, 1907.

*Creation*—Baronetcy, 29th September, 1677. Barony, 20th May, 1776. Earldom, 27th November, 1815.



*Arms*—Quarterly, first and fourth, erm. on a chev. sa. three fountains ppr. for CUST: second, or, an escutcheon between eight martlets, in orle, sa. for BROWNLOW: third, sa. a fesse erm. in chief three crosses pattée, fitchée, ar. for PAYNE.

*Crest*—A lion's head, erased, sa. gorged with a collar, paly wavy of six, ar. and az.

*Supporters*—Two lions regardant, arg. gorged with collars gules, buckled or.

*Motto*—Opera illius mea sunt.

*Town Residence*—Charles-st., Berkeley-square.

*Seat*—Belton House, Lincolnshire.

**BROWNRIGG, SIR ROBERT**, baronet, G.C.B.; a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 9th regiment of foot; *m.* first, 7th April, 1789, Elizabeth-Catherine, fifth daughter of William Lewis, esq. of Cornwall, in the island of Jamaica, by whom (who *d.* 14th April, 1804) he has issue,

ROBERT-JAMES, *b.* 23rd Dec. 1790; a lieutenant-colonel in the army; *m.* in 1816, Emma, daughter of the late Major-general Colebrook Nisbett, and has issue.

Charles, in the civil employment of the East India Company.

Catharine, *m.* in 1811, to Colonel John Rose.

General Brownrigg espoused, secondly, 27th June, 1810, Sophia, daughter of the Rev. Dr. Bissett, of Knighton House, in the Isle



of Wight. Sir Robert Brownrigg, who is second son of the late Henry Brownrigg, esq. of Rockingham, in the county Wicklow, by Mary, daughter of Michael Alcock, esq. of Norwich, was created a baronet 9th March, 1816.

*Creation*—9th March, 1816.



*Arms*—Ar. a lion rampant guardant sa. between three crescents gu. in the dexter fore paw a sword ppr. pomel and hilt or, entwined by a serpent vert.

*Crest*—Out of a mural crown or, a sword erect ppr. pomel and hilt gold, entwined by a serpent vert.

*Augmentation granted by the King, March 23, 1822* :

*Arms*—A chief embattled, thereon a representation of the sceptre and banner of the kingdom of Candy, in saltier, ensigned with the crown of that kingdom.

*Crest*—A demi-candian holding in the dexter hand a sword, and in the sinister, the crown of Candy.

*Motto*—Virescat vulnere virtus.

**BRUCE, SIR MICHAEL**, baronet, of Stenhouse, in the county of Stirling, inherited the title, as seventh baronet, at the decease of his father, in 1827; *m.* 10th June, 1822, Miss Moir, daughter of Alexander Moir, esq. of Scotstoun.

### Lineage.

This family claims a common ancestor with "the Brus of Bannockburn," namely, Sir Robert de Brus, a noble Norman knight, who came into England with the conqueror.

**ROBERT BRUCE**, Lord Annandale, who after the death of Margaret, daughter of Alexander III, was a competitor (anno 1290) for the Crown of Scotland, *m.* Isabel, daughter of Gilbert de Clare, Earl of Gloucester and Hertford, and had three sons,

**ROBERT**, his successor.

**Bernard.**

and

**JOHN BRUCE**, whose grandson,

**SIR ROBERT BRUCE**, knight, obtained a charter of the castle and manor of Clackmannan, with several other lands and baronies, from

King David Bruce, dated in 1350. He *m.* Isabel, daughter of Sir Robert Stewart, of Rosythe, a branch of the royal house of Stewart, by whom he had five sons, of which

**EDWARD BRUCE**, the second son, living in the reigns of Robert II. and Robert III. of Scotland, *m.* one of the daughters and co-heiresses of Sir William Airth, of that ilk, by whom he obtained the lands and barony of Airth, which afterwards became the title of the chief branch of the family, and was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,

**ROBERT BRUCE**, of Airth, living in the reigns of James II. and James III. who was *s.* by his eldest son,

**ROBERT BRUCE**, of Airth, who *m.* Janet, daughter of Alexander, the 5th Lord Livingston, by whom he had several sons, of which,

**WILLIAM BRUCE**, the second son, obtained from his father the lands of Stenhouse, &c. in a charter, dated 28th June, 1611. This gentleman *m.* first, the heiress of Lothian, by whom he had an only daughter; and, secondly, Rachel, daughter of Joseph Johnston, of Hiltoun, esq. by whom he had two sons, and was *s.* by the elder,

1. **WILLIAM BRUCE**, of Stenhouse, who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, with remainder to his heirs male whatsoever, 26th June, 1629. Sir William *m.* Helen, daughter of Sir William Douglas, of Cavers, heritable sheriff of Tiviotdale, by whom he had a daughter and an only son, his successor,

2. **SIR WILLIAM**. This gentleman *m.* Miss Elphinstone, daughter of Sir Robert Elphinstone, of Quarrole, and was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,

3. **SIR WILLIAM**, who *m.* Margaret, daughter of John Boyd, esq. of Trochrigg, by whom he had three sons and several daughters, and was *s.* by the second, but eldest surviving son,

4. **SIR ROBERT**; at whose decease, unmarried, the title devolved upon his brother,

5. **SIR MICHAEL**. This gentleman *m.* Mary, eldest daughter of Sir Andrew Agnew, bart. of Lochnaw, heritable sheriff of Galloway, by whom he had six sons and seven daughters. He *d.* 1st November, 1795, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

6. **SIR WILLIAM**; who *m.* Anne, third daughter of Sir William Cunningham, bart. of Robertland, by whom he had issue,

**MICHAEL**, present baronet.

**William-Cunningham.**

**Alexander-Fairlie.**

**Anne-Colquhoun.**

**Mary-Agnew.**

Sir William *d.* in 1827.

*Creation*—26th June, 1629.

*Arms*—Or, a saltier and chief gu.; in the dexter canton an escocheon ar. charged with a chief sa.

*Crest*—On a cap of dignity an arm, from the shoulder, couped, fesseways, holding a sceptre, ensigned on the point with an open crown, as that worn by Robert I. of Scotland.

*Supporters*—**DEXTER**, a knight in armour, with a sword by his side, the visor open, and a plume of feathers in his helmet, holding a sceptre in his right hand, all ppr.; **SINISTER**, a lion rampant, az. armed and langued gu., crowned with King Robert the First's crown, and gorged with King David the Second's, chained with an antique chain or.



*Mottos*—Over the crest "Fuimus;" under the shield, "Do well, and doubt not."

*Patent of Arms*—1800.

*Seat*—Stenhouse, in the county of Stirling.

**BRUCE, SIR JAMES-ROBERTSON**, baronet, of Down Hill, in the county of Londonderry; *b.* 4th September, 1788; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 17th October, 1822; *m.* in September, 1819, Ellen, youngest daughter of Robert Bamford Hesketh, esq. of Gwyth Hall, in the county of Denbigh; and has issue,

1. **HENRY HERVEY**, *b.* 22nd September, 1820.
2. **James-Andrew**, *b.* 13th April, 1822.
3. **Robert**, *b.* 17th February, 1825.
4. **Anna-Maria**.      5. **Ellen-Letitia**.

#### Lineage.

This is a branch of the Bruces of Stenhouse, North Britain, springing from

**SIR ROBERT BRUCE**, of Airth, who *m.* Janet, daughter of Alexander, fifth Lord Livingstone, and had issue,

**John (Sir)**, whose male line is extinct.

**WILLIAM**, ancestor of the baronets of Stenhouse,

and

**REV. ROBERT BRUCE**, a distinguished person in the reign of King James VI. who had the honor of crowning that monarch's Queen.

A younger son of this eminent divine,

The **REV. MICHAEL BRUCE**, settled at Killinichy, in the county of Down, but was driven, with other ministers, thence into Scotland, in 1661, by Colonel Venables, and the parliamentarians, for his fidelity to the King. He returned however in 1660, after undergoing great hardships, and a long imprisonment in England and Scotland. He *d.* about the year 1692, leaving a son,

**REV. JAMES BRUCE**, minister of Killeleagh, who *m.* Margaret, daughter of Lieutenant-colonel James Trill, and was father of

**REV. PATRICK BRUCE**, also minister of Killeleagh. This gentleman *m.* Margaret, daughter of James Hamilton, esq. of Ladyland, in the county of Galloway, N.B. and had several children, of whom the eldest son,

**JAMES BRUCE**, esq. of Killeleagh, *b.* in 1729, *m.* in 1762, Henrietta, youngest daughter of the Honorable and Reverend Henry-Hervey-Aston, D.D. (fourth son of John, first Earl of Bristol, by Catharine, sister and heiress of Sir Thomas Aston, bart.) and had issue,

**HENRY-HERVEY-ASTON**, his successor.

Stewart, created a baronet in 1812.

**Fridiswid**, *m.* to Daniel Musenden, esq. of Larchfield, in the county of Down, and *d.* in 1785, leaving a son William.

**Mr. Bruce** was *s.* by his elder son,

1. **THE REV. HENRY-HERVEY-ASTON BRUCE**, of Down Hill, who was created a baronet 29th of June, 1804. Sir Henry *m.* 10th November, 1786, Letitia, daughter of the late Rev. Dr. Henry Barnard, (granddaughter of William Barnard, Lord Bishop of Derry, and niece of Thomas Barnard, Lord Bishop of Limerick,) by Mary, daughter of Stratford Canning, esq. of Garvah, and had, with other issue,

**JAMES-ROBERTSON**, present baronet.

He *d.* in 1822.

*Creation*—29th June, 1804.



*Arms*—Or, on a saltier gu., a harp of the field, a chief of the second, on a canton ar., charged with a lion rampant, az.

*Crest*—A lion passant, az. holding in his dexter paw a trefoil, slipped, ppr.

*Seat*—Down Hill, Coleraine.

**BRUCE, SIR STEWART**, baronet, of Dublin, so created, 24th December, 1812. This gentleman is younger and only brother of the late Rev. Sir Henry-Hervey-Aston Bruce, bart. of Down Hill. He holds the offices of gentleman-usher at the castle of Dublin, and registrar of the order of St. Patrick.

*Creation*—24th December, 1812.

## BRY



*Arms*—Same as those of Bruce of Down Hill.  
*Residence*—Dublin Castle.

**BRYDGES-JONES, SIR HARFORD**, baronet, of Boultribrook, in the county of Hereford, K.C. b. in 1764; m. in February, 1796, Sarah, eldest daughter of Sir Henry Gott, knt. of Newland Park, in the county of Bucks, and widow of Robert Whitcomb, esq. by whom he has issue,

*HARFORD-JAMES*, b. 30th May, 1806.

*Sarah-Laura*, m. in November, 1822, to John Lucy Scudamore, esq., of Kenchurch, in the county of Radnor.

*Sarah*.

This gentleman, when Mr. Harford Jones, was created a baronet, 22nd August, 1807. He subsequently assumed the surname of BRYDGES, with the arms of that family (his grandmother's) in addition to the surname and arms of his paternal family, by sign manual, in 1826.

### Lineage.

*JAMES JONES*, esq., of Kington, in the county of Hereford (son of Griffith Jones, of Treverne), a colonel in the army, having distinguished himself in the wars of Queen Anne, particularly at the battle of Blenheim, where he was deprived of an arm, was presented by her Majesty, in person, with an elegant sword, inscribed, "The gift of Queen Anne;" which is still preserved by the family. Colonel Jones m. thrice, and was father, by his last wife, Mary, (only daughter and co-heiress of Bridgestock Harford, esq., of Bosbury, in the county of Hereford, M.P.) of

*HARFORD JONES*, esq., of Whittern, in the county of Hereford, who m. Elizabeth, daughter of William Brydges, esq., of Old Colwell, in the county of Hereford, and dying in 1744, was s. by his only son,

*HARFORD JONES*, esq., of Prestein, in the county of Radnor. This gentleman served the office of high-sheriff of the county of Radnor, in 1778. He m. Winifred, daughter of Richard Hooper, esq., of Whittern, in the county of Hereford, and dying in 1798, left an only son, the present

*SIR HARFORD JONES-BRYDGES*, bart.

*Creation*—22nd August, 1807.

*Arms*—Quarterly: first and fourth ar., a chief gu., over all a bend engrailed sa., charged on the chief point with a chaplet, or, for BRYDGES. Se-

## BRY

cond and third ar. a chevron, between three crow's, sa.; in chief, the star of the order of the crescent, on a chief of augmentation, vert, a lion couchant in front of the sun in splendour, ppr., being the royal arms of Persia, granted to the baronet, by Fatch Ali Shah, King of Persia, and confirmed by royal warrant, in 1810—for JONES.



*Crests*—For BRYDGES;—first, two wings indorsed, ar., charged with a bend, engrailed, sa. For JONES, second, a cushion, gu., garnished and tasselled, or, a representation of the royal crown of Persia. Third, a crow sa., resting the dexter claw on the star of the order of the crescent.

*Supporters*—*Dexter*, a lion ppr., gorged with an eastern crown, vert.; *Sinistras*, a wivern, vert., gorged with an eastern crown, or; granted in 1810.

*Motto*—Deus pascit corvos.

*Seat*—Boultribrook, Herefordshire.

**BRYDGES, SIR SAMUEL-EGERTON**, baronet, of Denton Court, in the county of Kent, F.A.S.; b. 30th Nov. 1762; m. first, in January, 1786, Elizabeth, daughter and sole heiress of the Rev. William Dejovas Byrche, by Elizabeth, only sister of the late Thomas Barrett, esq., of Lee Priory, near Canterbury, by whom (who d. in July, 1796) he has had issue,

*THOMAS*, (who has assumed the additional surname of BARRETT, in consequence of inheriting the estates of his maternal uncle;) b. in June, 1789; a captain and lieutenant-colonel of the grenadier guards.

*John-William-Egerton*, b. in November, 1791, late of the 14th light dragoons.

*Elizabeth-Jemima*, m. 10th July, 1817, to Col. Holmes, C.B. 3rd dragoon guards.

*Jemima-Anne-Deborah*, m. in 1817, to Edward Quillinan, esq., and d. 24th June, 1822.

*Charlotte-Katherine*, m. in 1820, to Frederick Dashwood Swann, esq.

Sir Egerton m. secondly, Mary, daughter of the Rev. William Robinson, rector of Burfield, Berks, and niece of Matthew, second Lord Rokeby, by whom he has surviving issue,

1. *Egerton-Anthony*, b. 10th January, 1802; B.A. of Trinity College, Cambridge.

2. *Anthony-Rokeby*, b. 5th May, 1803.

3. *Ferdinand-Stanley-Head*, b. in Jan. 1804.

4. Anne-Mary.
5. Mary-Jane, m. in August, 1827, to George Todd, esq., capt. of the 3rd dragoon guards.
6. Ellen.
7. Frances-Isabella.
8. Jane Grey.

This gentleman, who was bred to the bar, has distinguished himself in the literary world, particularly as a genealogist, having edited, with great ability, the last impression of Collins's Peerage: he has also obtained celebrity as a biographer and poet. He was elected a knight-grand-commander of the equestrian, secular, and chapter order of St. Joachim, in 1807; chosen M.P. for Maidstone at the general election in 1812; and created a baronet 27th December, 1814.

### Lineage.

The very ancient house of Brydges deduces its descent from

SIR SIMON DE BRUGER, of Herefordshire, who flourished in the reign of Henry III. and who seems to have been a branch of the old *Counts de Rethel*, in the province of Champagne, in France, princes of the first distinction in that kingdom, sprung by various alliances from the house of Charlemagne, and afterwards memorable in the Crusades. In the time of King Henry the Fourth.

THOMAS BRUGES, m. Alice, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Berkeley, knt., of Coberley, by Margaret, sister and heiress of Sir John Chandos, (a family of nobles who had held baronial rank from the Conquest); and from this Thomas descended

JOHN BRUGES, who was elevated to the peerage by Philip and Mary, at their coronation, 9th April, 1554, by the title of Baron Chandos, of Sudley Castle, in the county of Gloucester. His lordship d. in 1557, and was s. by his eldest son,

EDMUND, second lord; from whom descended, in succession, five more Lords Chandos; and at the demise of

WILLIAM, seventh lord, without issue, in 1676, the barony passed to his cousin,

SIR JAMES BRYDGES, bart., of Wilton, as heir male of Charles, second son of the first baron. His lordship d. in 1714, and was s. by his eldest son,

JAMES, who was created Viscount Wilton and Earl of Carnarvon, in 1714; and Marquess of Carnarvon, and Duke of Chandos, in 1729, which honors expired with

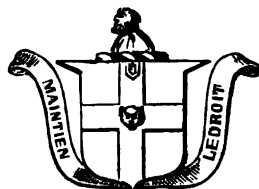
JAMES, the third duke, in 1789; but the ancient barony of Chandos was claimed by

THE REV. EDWARD-TYMEWELL BRYDGES, as heir male of Anthony, third son of John, first Baron Chandos, (the male line of the two elder sons having ceased with the seventh baron and second duke). The claim was contested before the house of lords, from 1790 to 1803; the opposition was strenuous; and the lords' came to a resolution,

\* That the decision of a lords' committee is not conclusive, we are borne out by the report of the

by which the right, so far as a committee could go, was suspended. Sir Egerton Brydges, as heir to his late brother, perseveres, however, in his claim; and asserts himself to be legally entitled. He is the second, but eldest surviving son of the late Edward Brydges, esq., of Wootton Court, in the county of Kent, by Jemima, daughter and co-heiress of William Egerton, LL.D.: grandson of John, second Earl of Bridgewater, by Elizabeth, daughter of William Cavendish, Duke of Newcastle. Sir Samuel-Egerton Brydges has one surviving brother, SIR JOHN-WILLIAM-HEAD BRYDGES, M.P. for Coleraine, who m. in 1812, Lady Elizabeth-Anne Beresford, eldest daughter of George, first Marquess of Waterford, and has issue.

Creation—27th December, 1814.



*Arms*—Ar. on a cross sa. a leopard's face or. *Crest*—On a wreath, a Saracen's head, ppr., vested paly of the first, and gules, and semi of roundles counterchanged, the cap ermine, and on his head a cap or, lined with white fur.

*Motto*—Maintien le droit.

*Seats*—Lee Priory, and Denton Court, in the county of Kent.

**BUCCLEUCH AND QUEENSBURY, DUKE OF** (Walter-Francis-Montagu Scott-Douglas), Marquess of Dumfriesshire, Earl of Drumlanrigg, Buccleuch, Sanquhar, and Dalkeith, Viscount Nith, Thortholwold, and Ross; Baron Douglas of Kinnmount, Middlebie, Dornock, Scott of Whitechester and Eskdale, in the peerage of Scotland; and Earl of Doncaster, in the county of York, and Baron Tynedale, in the county of Northumberland,

attorney-general Gibbs, in 1806, upon the Banbury peerage. That learned person therein states, that he considers himself bound, by the high authority of Lord Holt, in 1693, to declare, "that a resolution of a lords' committee is *not conclusive*." Should a claimant, therefore, insist upon a legal trial, he is certainly entitled to it, and ought not to be deprived of his inheritance but by a legal judgment. The opinion of a lords' committee cannot, with any accuracy, be called the judgment of the highest tribunal in the kingdom; for a lords' committee must not be confounded with the high court of parliament, which is a court of appeal. Some remarks made upon our original observations required this explanation. For a full account of the celebrated Chandos case, see *Burke's Extinct Peerage*.

in the peerage of England; lieutenant and sheriff-principal of the county of Mid Lothian, and a knight of the Thistle; *b.* 25th November, 1806; *s.* to the honors upon the demise of his father, 20th April, 1819; *m.* 13th August, 1829, Lady Charlotte Thynne, youngest daughter of Thomas, present Marquess of Bath, and has issue,

—, Earl of Dalkeith, *b.* 9th September, 1831.

His grace is the fifth Duke of Buccleuch, and seventh Duke of Queensbury.

### Lineage.

SIR RICHARD LE SCOT, the undoubted ancestor of this family, was a person of great distinction in the reign of Alexander III. of Scotland. He *m.* the daughter and heiress of — Murthockstone, of that ilk, by whom he obtained a considerable estate in Lanarkshire, and as feudal lord thereof he swore fealty to King Edward I. of England, anno 1296. Upon his marriage Sir Richard assumed the cognizance of Murthockstone, which was a bend azure, into his armorial bearings, disposing thereon the crescents and star, the arms of Scot, as since borne by the Dukes of Buccleuch. He *d.* in 1320; and from him lineally descended

SIR DAVID SCOT, of Branhholm, who sat in the parliament held by King James III. at Edinburgh, anno 1487, under the designation of "*Dominus de Buccleugh*," being the first of the family so designated. The grandson of this Sir David,

SIR WALTER SCOTT, of Branhholm and Buccleuch, who distinguished himself at Flodden, in 1513, *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Walter Ker, of Cessford, and widow of Philip Rutherford; and dying in 1516, was *s.* by his son,

SIR WALTER SCOTT, a person celebrated by historians for deeds of valour and magnanimity, during the minority of King James V. and for an abortive attempt to rescue that monarch from the control of the Earl of Angus. Soon after the king had assumed the management of his own affairs, he privately solicited the aid of Buccleuch, who being apprised that James, accompanied by Angus and a considerable retinue, was coming to Melross, raised about 1000 horse of his friends and followers, to relieve the king. The adherents of Buccleuch and Angus came in sight near Melross, 18th July, 1526, and a sanguinary conflict ensued; but the earl was successful, after a number of men of rank fell on both sides, Sir Walter Scott himself being wounded, and barely escaping from the field. He was subsequently distinguished at the battle of Pinkie, anno 1547; and eventually lost his life in a scuffle with Sir Walter Ker, of Cessford, in the streets of Edinburgh in 1552. Sir Walter *m.* first, Elizabeth-Carmichael, of the Hyndford family, by whom he had two sons. He espoused secondly, Janet, daughter of John Betoun, of Creich, and had two sons and three daughters.

The last lady of Sir Walter is familiarly known from the *LAY OF THE LAST MINSTREL*. She was a woman of masculine spirit, as appeared from her riding at the head of her clan after her husband's murder. Sir Walter Scott was *s.* by his grandson,

SIR WALTER SCOTT, of Buccleuch. This was a person of rare qualities, wise, true, stout, and modest. He signed the association in support of King James VI. in 1567, but subsequently turned to the party of the queen, to whom he remained faithful notwithstanding her extorted resignation of the crown, and her captivity in England. He *m.* lady Margaret Douglas, eldest daughter of David, seventh Earl of Angus, and dying 17th April, 1574, was *s.* by his only son,

SIR WALTER SCOTT, of Buccleuch. This powerful chieftain, no way inferior to the bravest of his ancestors in courage and intrepidity, received the honour of knighthood from King James VI. by whom he was appointed warden of the west marches in 1590. Having subsequently carried on a predatory warfare against the English, and boldly rescued one of his attendants, *Kismond Well*, from the castle of Carlisle, he was delivered up as a hostage upon an adjustment of the feuds between the English and Scots. During his sojourn in England, family tradition states that he was brought into the presence of Queen Elizabeth, who demanded in her usual arbitrary manner, how he dared to engage in deeds so desperate and presumptuous, "What is it," answered the undaunted chieftain, "what is it that a man dares not do?" Elizabeth, struck with this reply, said to a lord in waiting, "With ten thousand such men our brother of Scotland might shake the firmest throne in Europe." Sir Walter was elevated to the peerage 10th March, 1606, as *Lord Scott, of Buccleuch*. His lordship afterwards, as a military commander, attained considerable renown in the Netherlands, under Maurice, prince of Orange. He *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir William Ker, of Cessford, and sister of Robert, first Earl of Roxburgh, and dying in 1611, was *s.* by his only son,

WALTER, second baron, who was created, 16th March, 1619, *Lord Wiltchester and Eskdale, and Earl of Buccleuch*, with remainder to his heirs whatsoever. This nobleman was also a military character, and had the command of a regiment under the States of Holland, against the Spaniards. His lordship *m.* lady Mary-Hay, daughter of Francis, Earl of Errol, and dying in 1633, was *s.* by his only son,

FRANCIS, second earl, who *m.* lady Margaret Lesly, only daughter of John, Earl of Rothes, and widow of lord Balgonie; by whom he left at his decease in 1651 two daughters, and was *s.* by the elder,

MARY, Countess of Buccleuch. Her ladyship *m.* Walter Scott, of Highchester, afterwards created Earl of Tarras for life; at the time of her marriage the countess was but eleven years of age, and Mr. Scott fourteen. The affair made a considerable noise, and became matter of discussion before the provincial Synod of Fife, in

1658, upon an accusation against the presbytery for granting a warrant for the marriage without proclamation. The presbytery was, however, absolved, because the order was grounded upon an act of the General Assembly, allowing such marriages in case of necessity, or fear of rape, and the lady's friends were apprehensive of her being carried off. The countess died in two years afterwards without issue, and was *s.* by her sister,

ANNE, second countess, *b.* in 1651. Her ladyship, who was esteemed the greatest heiress and finest woman of her period, *m.* in 1663, James, Duke of Monmouth, K.G., illegitimate son of King Charles II. by Mrs. Lucy Walters, daughter of Richard Walters, esq. of Haverford West, in the county of Pembroke. His grace, upon his marriage, assumed the name of SCOTT, and himself and his duchess were created, 20th April, 1673, DUKE and DUCHESS OF BUCCLEUCH, *Earl and Countess of Dalkeith, Baron and Baroness of Whitechester and Eskdale, in Scotland*, with remainder to their heirs male, in default of which to the heirs whatever descending from the Duke's body, succeeding in the estate and earldom of Buccleuch. His grace's honors, however, (Scottish and English,) were forfeited, upon the execution of the duke, 15th July, 1685; while those enjoyed by the duchess in her own right, (Duchess of Buccleuch by creation, and Countess of Buccleuch by inheritance,) remained unaffected by the attainder. The surviving issue of this union were JAMES, *Earl of Dalkeith*, and HENRY, created *Earl of Delorain, Viscount Hermitage and Baron Scott*, in 1706, which honors became extinct, with the fourth earl, in 1807. The duchess *m.* secondly, Charles, third Lord Cornwallis, and, at her demise, 6th February, 1732, was *s.* by her grandson,

FRANCIS, second duke, (son of the Earl of Dalkeith, by Henrietta, second daughter of Laurence Hyde, Earl of Rochester.) His grace obtained a restoration of the earldom of Doncaster, and barony of Scott, of Tynedale, the English honours of his grandfather, the Duke of Monmouth, by act of parliament, in 1743. He *m.* 5th April, 1720, Lady Jane Douglas, eldest daughter of James, second Duke of Queensbury by whom he had issue, Francis, Earl of Dalkeith, who, predeceasing him, left a son HENRY, and a posthumous daughter, Frances, *m.* to Archibald, Lord Douglas, by his countess, Caroline, eldest daughter and co-heiress of John, Duke of Argyll. The Duke of Buccleuch, *m.* secondly, Miss Powell; by whom, however, he had no issue. His grace *d.* 22nd April, 1751, and was *s.* by his grandson,

HENRY, third duke, K.G. and K.T. *b.* 13th September, 1746. His grace *m.* in 1767, Elizabeth, daughter of George, Duke of Montagu, by whom, (who *d.* 21st Nov. 1827,) he had two sons and four daughters. The younger son, Henry-James-Montagu, *s.* to the barony of Montagu, upon the demise of his grandfather, the Duke of Montagu. His grace, the Duke of Buccleuch, at the decease of William, fourth Duke of Queensbury, without issue, 23rd December, 1810, *s.* to

that dukedom, to the marquise of Dumfriesshire, the earldom of Drumlanrig, and Sanguhar, the viscounty of Nith, Thortholwald, and Rose, the lordship of Douglas, of Kelmont, Middlebie, and Dornock, with the barony of Drumlanrig, and considerable estates in the county of Dumfriesshire, agreeable to the limitation of the patent, creating those honors in 1706, and in virtue of an entail, executed by the second Duke of Queensbury. He *d.* 11th January, 1812, and was *s.* by his elder son,

CHARLES-WILLIAM-HENRY, fourth Duke of Buccleuch, and sixth of Queensbury, K.T. *b.* 24th May, 1772; who had been summoned to parliament in 1807, as Baron Tynedale. His grace *m.* 23rd March, 1795, Harriet-Katherine, youngest daughter of Thomas, first Viscount Sydney, by whom (who *d.* 24th August, 1814,) he had issue,

WALTER-FRANCIS, present duke.

John-Douglas, *b.* 13th July, 1809, an officer in the guards.

Anne-Elizabeth.

Charlotte-Albinia, *m.* in 1822, to Lord Stopford, son of the earl of Courtown, and *d.* 29th February, 1828.

Isabella-Mary, *m.* in 1823, to the Hon. Peregrine-Francis Cust, and *d.* 9th October, 1820.

Margaret-Harriet.

Harriet-Jane-Sarah.

His grace *d.* 20th April, 1819.

*Creations*—Lord Scott of Buccleuch, 16th March, 1606. Earl of Buccleuch, 16th March, 1618. Duke of Buccleuch, &c. 1673. Earl of Drumlanrig, &c. 1682. Duke of Queensbury, &c. 1681, in Scotland. Earl of Doncaster, and Baron Tynedale, 14th February, 1692, in England.



*Arms*—Quarterly, first and fourth, the royal arms of King Charles II. viz. quarterly, first and fourth, *France and England* quarterly; second *Scotland*; third *Ireland*, bruised with a baton sinister, ar.: second and third or, on a bend az., a mullet of six points, between two crescents of the field, for SCOTT.

*Crest*—A stag, trippant, ppr. attired and unguled, or.

*Supporters*—Two females, richly attired in antique habits vert, their under robes as the upper most ar. and upon their heads plumes of three ostrich feathers of the last.

*Motto*—*Amo;*

*Town Residence*—Privy Gardens.

*Seats*—Dalkeith, East Park, and Smeaton, near Edinburgh; Melrose, in the county of Roxburgh; Langholm Castle, and Drumlanrig Castle, Dumfriesshire.

BUCHAN, EARL OF, (Henry-David Erskine), and LORD CARDROSS, in the county of Stirling, in the peerage of Scotland; *m.* 28th September, 1809, Elizabeth, third daughter of the late Major-General Sir Charles Shipley,\* by whom (who *d.* 5th October, 1828) he has issue,

HENRY, *Lord Cardross*, *b.* in October, 1812.

Stuart, *b.* in November, 1815,

George-Francis-Albany, *b.* in September, 1813.

John-M' Loughlan-Frazer, *b.* in March, 1825.

Mary-Margaret.

Christian-Isabella.

Alicia-Diana.

The earl espoused, secondly, 26th June, 1830, Elizabeth, youngest daughter of the late John Harvey, *esq.*

His lordship inherited the honors as twelfth earl and seventh baron, upon the decease of his uncle, 19th April, 1829.

### Lineage.

THE EARLDOM OF BUCHAN, a dignity of great antiquity in Scotland, can be traced to the time of King WILLIAM the LION, when Fergus, Earl of Buchan, made a grant of a mark of silver annually to the Abbey of Aberbrothwick. The only daughter and heiress of this feudal chieftain,

MARJORY, *Countess of Buchan*, espoused in the beginning of the twelfth century,

WILLIAM CUMYN, who then became, in right of that lady, Earl of Buchan, and the earldom remained in his family until forfeited by

JOHN CUMYN, third Earl of Buchan, in 1306. This nobleman *m.* Isabel, daughter of Duncan, Earl of Fife, a lady celebrated for her patriotism and high spirit, in placing the crown on the head of Robert Bruce, at his coronation at Scrone,

\* Sir Charles Shipley, *m.* Mary, daughter of James Teale, *esq.* and granddaughter of Hester Aucher, daughter of Sir Anthony Aucher, bart. of Bishopebourne; and on the death of her brother, Sir Hewitt Aucher, the last baronet, co-heir with her sister Elizabeth, and representative of that very ancient family. Sir Charles Shipley, himself represented the family of Maddox, (baronet,) of Wormley, Herts. through his mother, Jane Rudyerd, (an heiress.) Sir Charles left at his decease three daughters, *viz.*

Katherine-Jane, *m.* to Col. Edward Warner.

Augusta-Mary, *m.* to Alex. Manning, *esq.*

Elizabeth-Cole, *m.* to Henry, Earl of Buchan, and *d.* in 1828.

The two elder of these ladies, and Lord Cardross, the heir of the youngest, are now the representatives of two of the oldest families in England, AUCHER and MADDOX.

20th March, 1306; her brother, Duncan, Earl of Fife, to whom, as the successor of Macduff, that privilege belonged, being then in the English interest. On this account she is denominated by the English writers, the most impious of all traitresses. Falling, the same year, into the hands of Edward I., that monarch avenged himself in a manner that sufficiently indicated the importance of the service her ladyship had rendered to Bruce. He issued immediate orders that the chamberlain of Scotland do, in one of the turrets of the Castle of Berwick-upon-Tweed, cause to be constructed, a cage, strongly latticed with wood, cross-barred, and secured with iron, in which he shall put the Countess of Buchan, and that he do cause her to be so strictly guarded, that she may not speak with any one of the Scottish nation, nor with any one else, saving with the woman who shall be appointed to attend her, or with the guard who shall have the custody of her person; and that the cage be so constructed as that the countess may have therein the convenience of a decent chamber, &c. &c. In this terrible state of incarceration, her ladyship remained, until released by King Edward II., in 1313.

THE MARLDOM OF BUCHAN, was next granted, (having reverted to the crown by the forfeiture of the CUMYNS,) by King ROBERT II. to his fourth son by his second wife, Elizabeth More,

SIR ALEXANDER STEWART, who had also a proportion of the lands of the Cumyns. Upon the demise of this nobleman without legitimate issue, in 1394, the earldom of Buchan passed to (the eldest son of his brother, Robert, Duke of Albany, by his second wife, Mariella, daughter of Sir William de Keith, grand marischal of Scotland,) his nephew,

JOHN STEWART. This nobleman, who was a distinguished military character, attained high reputation, by the defeat of the English, under the Duke of Clarence, at Baug, in Anjou, 22nd March, 1421. In this engagement the Duke of Clarence was slain, having been stanned and unhorsed by Buchan himself, with a blow of his mace. For this exploit Charles VII. bestowed the sword of constable of France upon his lordship. The earl fell at the battle of Verneuil, 17th August, 1424; leaving, by his wife, Lady Elizabeth Douglas, an only daughter, Margaret, who *m.* George, second Lord Seton. At his lordship's decease the earldom of Buchan devolved, according to the limitation, upon Murdoch, Duke of Albany, and reverted to the crown, by the forfeiture of that nobleman the next year. The dignity was next conferred upon

JAMES STEWART, called *Hearty James*, second son of Sir James Stewart, the black knight of Lorn, by Jane, Queen of Scotland, mother, (by James I.) of King James II. and by his male descendants the earldom of Buchan was enjoyed until the decease of

JOHN, third earl, who was *s.* by (the daughter of his eldest son, John, master of Buchan, killed at the battle of Pinkie, 10th September, 1547,) his granddaughter,

CHRISTIAN STEWART, Countess of Buchan, who espousing Robert Douglas, second son of Sir Robert Douglas, of Lochleven, that gentleman became, in her right,

ROBERT DOUGLAS, Earl of Buchan. His lordship was *s.* by his son,

JAMES DOUGLAS, who was served heir to his father, in 1663, under the designation of "James Douglas," and to his mother, in 1588, as James, now "Earl of Buchan." His lordship *d.* in 1601, and left an only daughter,

MARY DOUGLAS, Countess of Buchan. This heiress espoused James Erskine, eldest son, by his second wife, of John, Earl of Marr, lord high treasurer of Scotland, who thereupon assumed the title of Earl of Buchan. On the resignation of the countess with Mr. Erskine's consent, a royal charter of the earldom of Buchan was granted, 22nd May, 1617, to her ladyship and her husband, the said James Erskine, and to the longest liver of them, and the heirs male of their marriage; whom failing, to the nearest lawful heirs male and assigns whatever of the said

JAMES ERSKINE, Earl of Buchan. This nobleman was one of the lords of the bedchamber to King Charles I. and resided much in England. His first countess died in 1628, leaving, with two daughters, an only son, JAMES. The earl espoused, secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Philip Knevet, of Buckenham, in the county of Norfolk. He *d.* in 1640, and was *s.* by his only son,

JAMES, second Earl of Buchan, (of the Erskines,) who *m.* Lady Marjory Ramsay, eldest daughter of William, first Earl of Dalhousie, and dying in 1664, was *s.* by his only son,

WILLIAM, third earl. This nobleman executed, 8th April, 1677, a procuratory for resigning his honours, &c. upon failure of his own heirs male, to his cousin, Henry Erskine, third \* Lord Car-

#### \* LORDSHIP OF CARDROSS.

JAMES ERSKINE, seventh Earl of Marr, K.G., high-treasurer of Scotland, obtained from King James VI., 27th March, 1604, the munificent grant of all the lands, baronies, &c., which belonged to the priory of Inchmahome, and the abbey of Dryburgh and Cambuskenneth, all erected and incorporated into a free lordship and barony, to be called the LORDSHIP OF CARDROSS; which was confirmed by act of parliament, passed 19th July, 1606, conferring upon the earl the honor and precedence of a LORD OF PARLIAMENT, as BARON CARDROSS. And, by a subsequent charter, 10th June, 1610, his lordship acquired the right of assigning the said barony to whomsoever he thought proper. The earl *m.* first, Anne, second daughter of David, second Lord Drummond, and had an only son, JAMES, who inherited the earldom of Marr. He espoused, secondly, Lady Mary Stewart, second daughter of James, Duke of Lennox, and had, with other issue,

JAMES, who espoused Mary Douglas, Countess of Buchan, as in the text, and became EARL OF BUCHAN.

HENRY, who *m.* Margaret, only daughter of

dross, (nephew of James, first Earl of Buchan, of the Erskine family,) and his brothers, William, John, and Charles, after these, to William Erskine, cup-bearer to King Charles II., (brother to the said first earl,) and finally, to Sir Charles Erskine, of Alva, and John Erskine, his brother, (nephews of the earl before-mentioned,) and the heirs of their bodies respectively; which failing, to his nearest heirs male whatever; and after those, to his heirs and assigns, whatsoever. At the revolution, the Earl of Buchan adhered to King James, and took up arms in his cause, for which he was committed prisoner to the castle of Stirling, where he died, unmarried, in 1695. The succession to the earldom of Buchan, which devolved, under the charter of 1625, to Lord Cardross, appears to have been disputed by Fraser, of Innerlachie, the heir-at-line. The parliament of Scotland however passed an act in 1696, allowing the son and successor of the said Henry, third Lord Cardross,

DAVID ERSKINE, fourth Lord Cardross, to be called in the rolls of parliament, as (fourth) EARL OF BUCHAN. This nobleman was constituted lieutenant of the counties of Stirling and Clackmannan, upon the accession of King George I., and he was chosen one of the representative peers in 1715, 1723, and 1727. He *m.* first, in 1697, Frances, daughter and heiress of the Hon. Henry Fairfax, of Hurst, in the county of Berks, by whom he had three surviving sons, and two daughters. His lordship espoused, secondly, Isa-

Sir James Ballenden, and dying before his father, left a son, DAVID, of whom presently, as second Lord Cardross.

Charles (Sir), of Alva, whose sons,

SIR CHARLES ERSKINE, of Alva, and

JAMES ERSKINE, and their issue, are in remainder to the earldom of Buchan.

The Earl of Marr, exercising the power with which he was invested, made an assignment to his second son, the above-mentioned HENRY ERSKINE, dated 30th January, 1617-18, which was ratified by charter, 13th March, in the same year, of the BARONY OF CARDROSS; but that gentleman dying before the earl, the said barony, at his lordship's decease, in 1634, devolved upon his grandson,

DAVID ERSKINE, second Lord Cardross. This nobleman *m.* first, in 1645, Anne, fifth daughter of Sir Thomas Hope, bart., of Craighall, by whom he had a son, HENRY, his successor, and a daughter, Margaret, *m.* to William Cunningham, of Boquhan. His lordship espoused secondly, Mary, youngest daughter of Sir George Bruce, of Carnock, and had several children. He *d.* in 1671, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

HENRY, third Lord Cardross, who *m.* 3rd March, 1671, Catherine, younger sister and co-heir of Sir William Stewart, of Kirkhill, in the county of Linlithgow, and dying in 1693, was *s.* by his eldest son,

DAVID, fourth Lord Cardross, who, upon the decease of his cousin, WILLIAM, EARL OF BUCHAN, inherited, as in the text, that EARLDOM.



bella, daughter of Sir William Blackett, bart. of Wallington, in the county of Northumberland, and co-heiress of her brother, Sir William, but had no issue. He *d.* 14th October, 1745, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**HENRY-DAVID**, fifth earl, *b.* 17th April, 1710. This nobleman *m.* 31st January, 1730, Agnes, second daughter of Sir James Stewart of Goodtrees, in the county of Edinburgh, bart., by whom he had surviving issue,

**DAVID-STEWART**, Lord Cardross, his successor.

Henry, of Amondell, in the county of Linlithgow, *b.* 1st November, 1746, O. S. who was called to the Scottish bar, in 1768, and soon attained that first rate practice, so justly the meed of his transcendent talents. He was appointed king's advocate, in 1783, but resigned the office in the same year, on the change of administration. He was elected dean of the faculty of advocates in 1786, and appointed by the whigs, in 1806, king's advocate, an office which he again relinquished upon the retirement of his party from power. Mr. Erskine was distinguished by the amiability of his private character, the profundity of his legal knowledge, and the brilliancy of his wit. He *m.* first, 30th March, 1772, Christian, only child and heiress of George Fullerton, esq. of Broughton hall, by whom (who *d.* in 1804,) he had issue,

**HENRY-DAVID**, present earl.

George-Francis, an officer of dragoons.

Elizabeth-Crompton, *m.* 21st October, 1801, to Colonel George Callander, of Craigforth, in the county of Stirling.

Henrietta, *m.* 11th May, 1812, to Peter Smith, M.D., R.N.

Mr. Erskine *m.* secondly, 7th January, 1805, Erskine, daughter of Alexander Monro, esq. of Glasgow, and widow of John Turnbull, esq. but had no issue. He *d.* 8th October, 1817.

**THOMAS**, created **LORD ERSKINE**. See that dignity.

Isabella, *m.* first, in 1770, William Lealie Hamilton, esq. barrister-at-law, and secondly, to John, Earl of Glencairn. Her ladyship *d.* without issue, in 1824.

The earl *d.* 1st December, 1767, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**DAVID-STEWART**, sixth Earl of Buchan, of the house of Erskine, but eleventh from the period the earldom was conferred upon James Stewart, son of the black knight of Lorn. His lordship was *b.* 1st June, 1742. He *m.* 15th October, 1771, Margaret, eldest daughter of William Fraser, esq. of Fraserfield, in the county of Aberdeen, by whom (who *d.* 12th May, 1819) he had no issue. The earl withdrew from public life very soon after his accession to the title, and dedicated himself to the duties of a private station. He *d.* 19th April, 1820, and was *s.* by his nephew, **HENRY-DAVID ERSKINE**, esq., the present earl.

**Creations**—Earl of Buchan, 1409. Lord Cardross, by act of parliament, 10th July, 1806, and

charter, 10th June, 1610, to John, Earl of Marr, and his heirs, assigns, &c.; assigned to Henry Erskine, his third son, and the heirs male of his body, 2nd January, 1617-8; confirmed to David, Lord Cardross, and his heirs and assigns whatever, 10th February, 1663-4.



**Arms**—Quarterly; first, az., three garbs, or, the feudal arms of the **EARLDOM OF BUTE**; second, quarterly, first and fourth az., a bend between six cross crosslets, fitchée, or, for **MARR**; second and third ar., a pale sa. for **ERSKINE**; third quarterly, first and fourth or, a fesse cheque, az. and ar. for **STEWART OF KIRKHILL**; second and third az.; three garbs, or, for **CUMYNN, Earls of Buchan**; fourth ar., three bars gemelles, gu., surmounted of a lion rampant, sa., armed and membered, az., for **FAIRFAX**. Over all, gules, an eagle displayed, or, looking towards the sun in its splendor, placed towards the dexter chief point, being a coat of augmentation for the lordship of **CARDROSS**.

**Crest**—A dexter arm, holding a club or baton, raguled, ppr.

**Supporters**—Two ostriches, ppr.

**Motto**—Judge nought.

**Seats**—Dryburgh Abbey, in the county of Berwick, and Kirkhill, Linlithgowshire.

**BUCKINGHAM AND CHANDOS, DUKE AND MARQUESS OF**, (Richard Temple-Nugent-Brydges-Chandos-Grenville, D.C.L. and F.S.A.) Earl Temple, Viscount and Baron Cobham, in the peerage of the United Kingdom, Earl Nugent, in the peerage of Ireland, K.G., lord-lieutenant and custos-rotulorum of the county of Buckingham; *b.* 20th March, 1776; *s.* to the marquissate of Buckingham, earldoms of Temple and Nugent, and barony of Cobham, upon the demise of his father, 11th February, 1813, as second marquess; obtained the dukedoms of Buckingham and Chandos, and marquissate of Chandos, by creation, 4th February, 1822. His grace *m.* 16th April, 1796, **ANNE-ELIZABETH**, only daughter and heiress of James Brydges, third and last Duke of Chandos of that family, by whom he has issue,

**RICHARD-PLANTAGENET BRYDGES-CHANDOS-TEMPLE-GRENVILLE, Marquess of Chandos**,

M. P. for the county of Buckingham; *b.* 11th February, 1797; *m.* 13th May, 1819, Mary, youngest daughter of John, Earl of Breadalbane, and has two children, viz.

Richard-Plantagenet-Campbell, *Earl Temple*, *b.* 10th September, 1823.

Anne-Elizabeth, *b.* 7th February, 1820.

Her grace of Buckingham is sole representative of Henry Grey, Duke of Suffolk, and of his wife, Frances, eldest daughter of Charles Brandon, Duke of Suffolk, and his wife, Mary, Queen dowager of France, sister of King Henry VIII.; whose issue, by the will of that monarch, were named, under certain contingencies, in the succession to the crown of England. She is also one of the co-heirs to the ancient BARONY OF BOURCHIER.

### Lineage.

The family of Grenville, Grienville, Greneville, or Greenfield, as it has at different times been written, has been incontestably seated at Wootton-under-Barnwood, in the county of Buckingham, from the reign of Henry I., where it maintained the highest station amongst the neighbouring gentry (serving the office of high-sheriff, &c.).

RICHARD GRENVILLE, esq. succeeded to the family estate of Wootton, at the decease of his father in 1618. He served the office of sheriff of Buckinghamshire in 1636 and 1642, and represented that county in parliament in 1654, 1656, and 1658. He *m.* first, Anne, daughter of Sir William Borlase, jun. of Marlow, in the county of Bucks, by whom he had a surviving son, RICHARD, and a daughter. He espoused, secondly, Eleanor, daughter of Sir Timothy Tirrel, of Oakley, and widow of Sir Peter Temple, of Stanton Barry, Bucks, but had no issue. Mr. Grenville *d.* in 1665, and was *s.* by his son,

RICHARD GRENVILLE, esq. of Wootton, who *m.* Eleanor, daughter of Sir Peter Temple, of Stanton Barry, and dying in 1719, was *s.* by his only son,

RICHARD GRENVILLE, esq. of Wootton, M. P. for Andover, and afterwards for the town of Buckingham. This gentleman espoused HAZRA TEMPLE, elder daughter of Sir Richard Temple, bart. of Stow, in the county of Buckingham, (see family of Temple, under the article TEMPLE, *Baronet*) who upon the decease of her brother, Richard, Viscount and Baron Cobham, 13th September, 1740, inherited these dignities as *Viscountess* and *Baron Cobham*, and was created *Countess of Temple* 18th October, 1740, with the dignity of *Earl Temple* to her heirs male. Her ladyship had issue by Mr. Grenville,

RICHARD, her successor.

George, *b.* in 1712, M. P. for the town of Buckingham. This gentleman was a distinguished political character in the reigns of George II. and George III. In the former he was treasurer of the navy, and a member of the privy council. In the latter, he was secretary of state; afterwards first lord of the admiralty; and in 1763, chancellor of the exchequer. He *m.* in

1740, Elizabeth, sister of Charles, Earl of Egremont, and daughter of Sir William Wyndham, bart. and had surviving issue, GEORGE, who *s.* his uncle as *EARL TEMPLE*.

Thomas, *b.* 31st December, 1756, and succeeded his brother in 1779, in the representation of the county of Buckingham, and held subsequently some official employments.

WILLIAM-WYNDHAM, *b.* in 1759, created LORD GRENVILLE. See that dignity.

Charlotte, *m.* to the late Sir Watkin Williams Wynne, bart.

Elizabeth, *m.* to the Earl of Carysfort.

Hester, *m.* to Earl Fortescue.

Catherine, *m.* to Richard, Lord Braybrook.

James, a privy councillor, *b.* in 1715, *m.* in 1740, Mary, daughter of James Smyth, esq. and dying in 1783, left issue,

JAMES, *b.* in 1742; created LORD GLASTONBURY, *d.* unmarried, in 1825, when the title expired.

Richard, a general officer, *d.* in 1823.

Henry, governor of Barbadoes, in 1746; *m.* Margaret, daughter of John H. Banks, esq. and dying in 1784, left an only daughter, LOUISA, *m.* to Charles, late Earl Stanhope, and *d.* in 1829.

Thomas, Captain R. N. killed in an engagement at sea, 3rd May, 1747.

Hester, *m.* to Rt. Hon. William Pitt, afterwards created Earl of Chatham; her ladyship was herself created BARONESS CHATHAM.

Mr. Grenville *d.* 17th February, 1786-7, and the Countess Temple dying 6th October, 1752, was *s.* by his eldest son,

RICHARD, first Earl Temple, K.G. This nobleman, who in 1757 was sworn of the privy council, and constituted lord privy seal, made a conspicuous figure as a statesman and leader of a party in the beginning of George III.'s reign, particularly during Wilkes's popularity. His lordship *m.* Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Chambers, esq. of Hanworth, Middlesex; but leaving no issue, the title devolved, at his decease, 11th September, 1779, upon his nephew,

GEORGE, second earl, who, on marrying, 16th April, 1775, Mary-Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Robert, Earl Nugent, of the kingdom of Ireland, assumed, by royal permission, the surnames of Nugent and Temple, before that of Grenville, and obtained the privilege of signing "Nugent" before all titles whatsoever. His lordship was created, 4th December, 1784, *Marquess of Buckingham*; and, upon the demise of his father-in-law, succeeded to the Irish earldom of Nugent, in consequence of a limitation in the patent. The marquess had issue,

RICHARD, present Duke of Buckingham.

George, who inherited, at the decease of his mother, 16th March, 1813, the Irish barony of Nugent, conferred upon her ladyship, 29th December, 1806, with remainder to her second son. (See Baron Nugent.)

Mary, m. in 1611, to Everard, Lord Arundel, of Wardour.

The Marquess of Buckingham was twice appointed viceroy of Ireland, in 1783 and 1787. He d. 11th February, 1813.

*Creations*—Baron and Viscount Cobham, 23rd May, 1718; Earl Temple, 16th October, 1740; Marquess of Buckingham, 4th December, 1784—in Great Britain. Duke of Buckingham, &c. 4th February, 1822—in the United Kingdom. Earl Nugent, 21st July, 1776—in Ireland.



*Arms*—Quarterly, first, vert, on a cross ar. five torteauxes, for GREENVILLE; second, or, an eagle, displayed, sa. for COBHAM; third, ar. two bars sa. each charged with three martlets or, for TEMPLE; fourth, gu. on a chev. or, three lions, rampant, sa.; fifth, erm. two bars gu. for NUGENT; sixth, or, a pile, gu. for CHANDOS; seventh, ar. upon a cross sa. a leopard's face, for BRYDGES.

*Crests*—First, GREENVILLE, a garb, vert; second, TEMPLE, on a ducal coronet, a martlet or; third, BRYDGES, the bust of an old man in profile, couped below the shoulders ppr. habited paly of six, ar. and gu. semée of roundles counter-changed, wreathed round the temples of the second, and az.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a lion, per fesse embattled, or and gu.; SINISTER, a horse ar. semée of eaglets sa.

*Motto*—Templa quam dilecta.

*Town Residence*—Buckingham House, 91, Pall Mall.

*Seats*—Stowe and Wootton, Bucks; Avington, Hants; Gosfield, Essex; and Southgate, Middlesex.

**BUCKINGHAMSHIRE, EARL OF,** (George-Robert Hobart-Hampden,) Baron Hobart, of Blickling, in the county of Norfolk, and a baronet, b. 1st May, 1789; succeeded to the honors, as fifth earl, upon the demise of his uncle, 5th February, 1816; m. 3rd May, 1819, Miss Anne Glover (daughter of Sir Arthur Pigot, knt.) His lordship assumed, by royal permission, in 1824, the name and arms of "HAMPDEN."

#### Lineage.

From Sir James Hobart, knt. attorney-general, and of the privy-council, to King Henry VII., have sprung the several branches of the Hobarts; but the name was highly respectable for

many generations before, in the county of Norfolk. The rank of baronet was conferred 22nd November, 1611, upon

1. SIR HENRY HOBART, knt. a lawyer of eminence, on his appointment to the chief-justiceship of the court of common-pleas. After this learned judge's decease, were published *REPORTS OF SEVERAL LAW-CASES*, which bear this title: "*The Reports of that Reverend and Learned Judge, the Right Honorable Sir Henry Hobart, knight and baronet, Lord Chief Justice of his Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, and Chancellor to both their Highnesses, Henry and Charles, Prince of Wales, &c.*" His lordship m. Dorothy, daughter of Sir Robert Bell, of Beaupre Hall, in the county of Norfolk, knt. lord chief baron of the exchequer, by whom he had a large family, of which were

JOHN, his successor.

Miles (Sir), member of the parliament which met on 17th March, 1627-8, and distinguished by his opposition to the court; being amongst those members, who, foreseeing the dissolution, forcibly held the speaker in the chair on 2nd March, 1628-9, while they passed certain strong resolutions. Upon the dissolution of parliament, Sir Miles Hobart was imprisoned for locking the door of the house, during the publication of the aforesaid resolutions. He m. Susan, daughter of Sir John Peyton, bart. of Iselham, and left a son,

JOHN, who succeeded his uncle.

Sir Henry d. 26th December, 1625, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR JOHN, of Blickling House, Norfolk, M.P. who m. first, Philippa, daughter of Robert Sidney, Earl of Leicester, and had an only daughter, Dorothy. He espoused, secondly, Frances, eldest daughter of John, Earl of Bridgewater, and had one surviving child, —, who became the second wife of his successor. He d. in 1647, when the title devolved upon his nephew,

3. SIR JOHN, M.P. who m. first, Mary, daughter of John Hampden, esq. of Hampden, Bucks, and widow of Colonel Hammond, by whom he had three surviving sons and two daughters. He espoused, secondly, —, daughter and heiress of his uncle, Sir John Hobart. He was s. at his decease by his eldest son,

4. SIR HENRY, M.P. for the county of Norfolk. This gentleman attended KING WILLIAM, as one of his majesty's equerries, at the battle of the Boyne, in 1690. In nine years afterwards he was involved in a duel with Oliver Le Neve, esq. and received a mortal wound in the conflict. Sir Henry m. Miss Maynard, eldest daughter of Joseph Maynard, esq. (son and heir of Sir Joseph Maynard, knt. one of the commissioners of the great seal, temp. KING WILLIAM) by whom he had issue,

JOHN, his successor.

Henrietta, m. first, to Charles Howard, who s. his brother as ninth Earl of Suffolk. This lady was lady of the bedchamber to the Princess of Wales, wife of George,

Prince of Wales, afterwards George II. Her intimate connection with the monarch himself is a matter of notoriety. Her ladyship *m.* secondly, the Hon. George Berkeley.

Catherine, *m.* to Lieut. Gen. Chas. Churchill. Dorothy.

Sir Henry was *s.* by his son,

5. SIR JOHN, who was elevated to the peerage 28th May, 1728, as *Baron Hobart, of Blickling*; and created, 5th September, 1746, *EARL OF BUCKINGHAMSHIRE*. He *m.* twice: by the first marriage, with Judith, daughter of Robert Britiffe, esq. of Baconsthorpe, in the county of Norfolk, he had two sons and five daughters; and by the second, with Elizabeth, sister to Robert Bristow, esq. two sons: the eldest sons of both marriages succeeded, in turn, to the family honors. His lordship *d.* 22nd September, 1756, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN, second earl, ambassador to the court of St. Petersburg in 1762, and viceroy of Ireland in 1777. His lordship *m.* first, 14th July, 1761, Mary-Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thos. Drury, bart. by whom he had

Harriet, *m.* first, to Armar, first Earl of Belmore; and, secondly, (the former marriage having been dissolved by parliament,) to William, Marquess of Lothian; and *d.* in 1805.

Caroline, *m.* in 1792, to William, Lord Suffield. Sophia, *m.* in 1789, to Robert, Earl of Mount-Edgcombe, and *d.* in 1806.

The earl *m.* secondly, September, 1770, Caroline, daughter of William Conolly, of Stratton Hall, in the county of Stafford, esq. by whom (who *d.* in 1817,) he had an only surviving child,

Emily-Anne, *b.* 20th February, 1772; *m.* in 1794, to Robert, second and late Marquess of Londonderry, K. G. and *d.* 12th February, 1829.

His lordship *d.* 3rd August, 1793, when his honors devolved upon his brother,

GEORGE, third earl, who *m.* 22d May, 1757, Albinia, daughter and co-heiress of Lord Vere Bertie, and granddaughter of Robert, first Duke of Ancaster, by whom he had, with other issue,

ROBERT, his successor.

George-Vere, *m.* first, Miss Jane Cattaneo, and had issue,

1. GEORGE-ROBERT, present earl.

2. Augustus-Edward, in holy orders, prebendary of Wolverhampton, *m.* first, 12th September, 1816, Mary, eldest daughter of Mr. Serjeant John Williams, by whom (who *d.* in 1825) he has issue,

VERE-HUNT, *b.* in 1818.

Frederick-John, *b.* in 1821.

Augustus-Charles, *b.* in 1822.

Charles-Edward, *b.* in 1823.

Albinia-Frances.

Georgiana-Mary.

The Rev. Augustus Hobart espoused, secondly, Maria-Isabella, eldest daugh-

ter of the Rev. Godfrey Egremont, by whom he has a son,

George-Augustus, *b.* in 1827.

3. Albinia-Jane, *m.* in 1815, to Rt. Hon. Augustus-John Foster.

4. Harriet, *m.* in 1820, to Jasper-Scitvon Hagerman, esq. of Denmark.

Mr. George-Vere Hobart *m.* secondly, Janet, daughter of Colonel Maclean, and had a daughter, Vere-Catharine-Louisa. He *d.* in 1802.

Henry-Lewis, in holy orders, D. D. Dean of Windsor, *m.* in 1824, Charlotte-Selina, daughter of Richard Moore, esq. and has issue, Louisa-Charlotte.

Albinia, widow of Richard Cumberland, esq. Henrietta-Anne, *m.* in 1789, to the Right Hon. John Sullivan, and *d.* in 1828.

Maria-Frances, *m.* to George-Augustus, third Earl of Guildford, and *d.* in 1794.

Charlotte, *m.* to Colonel Diabrowe, and *d.* in 1818.

His lordship *d.* 14th November, 1804, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

ROBERT, fourth earl, *b.* 6th May, 1760, who had been summoned to parliament, in 1798, as *Baron Hobart*. His lordship *m.* first, 4th January, 1792, Margaretta, widow of Thomas Adderley, esq. of Innishannon, in the county of Cork, by whom (who *d.* in 1796,) he had one daughter, Jane, who *m.* the Right Hon. Frederick-John Robinson, now VISCOUNT GODERICH. The earl espoused, secondly, in June, 1790, Eleanor-Agnes, daughter of William, first Lord Auckland, by whom he had no issue; in consequence of which, the honors devolved, at his decease in 1816, upon his nephew, GEORGE-ROBERT HOBART, esq. present earl.

*Creations*—Baronet, 22nd May, 1611. Baron, 28th May, 1728. Earl, 6th September, 1746.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, *ar.* a saltier gu. between four eagles, displayed. *az.* for HAMPDEN; second and third, *sa.* an estoile of eight rays or, between two faunches erm. for HOBART.

*Crests*—First, HAMPDEN, a talbot, statant, erm. collared, ringed, and lined gu. the end of the line tied in a knot over the back; second, HOBART, a bull, passant, per pale, *sa.* and gu. besantée, in the nose a ring or.

## BUL

*Supporters*—**DEXTER**, a stag; **SINISTER**, a talbot, both ppr. and regardant, each gorged with a radiant collar, and lined or.

*Motto*—*Auctor pretiosa facit.*

*Town Residence*—St. James's-square.

*Seat*—Rochampton, Surrey.

**BULKELEY-WILLIAMS, SIR RICHARD-BULKELEY**, baronet of Penrhyn, in the county of Caernarvon, M. P. for Beaumaris; b. 23d September, 1801, assumed by sign manual, in 1826, the additional surname of **BULKELEY**; m. 27th May, 1828, Charlotte-Mary, daughter of William-Lewis Hughes, esq. of Kimmel Park, now Lord Dinorben, by whom, who d. 11th May, 1829, he has no issue. Sir Richard inherited the title as first baronet, on the decease of his father, Sir Robert Williams, 1st December, 1830.

### Lineage.

This family, which came originally from Cockwillan, in the county of Caernarvon, is lineally descended from Marchudd, Lord of Abergele and Cwchdulas, in Denbighshire, one of the fifteen tribes of North Wales.

**WILLIAM GRIFFITH AP ROBIN**, of Cochwillan, having brought a troop of his own retinue to the aid of Henry, Earl of Richmond, at Bosworth Field, was appointed by patent, when Henry obtained the crown, sheriff of Caernarvonshire for life. He was s. by his eldest son,

**WILLIAM WILLIAMS**, of Cochwillan, (the first of the family that assumed the surname of Williams,) who m. Lowry, daughter of Henry Salusbury, esq. and had six sons and four daughters. (The third son, Thomas Williams, of Vaenol, was ancestor of the baronets of that place, now extinct.) He was s. by his eldest son,

**WILLIAM WILLIAMS**, of Cochwillan, who m. Dorothy, fourth daughter of Sir William Griffith, of Penrhyn, knt. chamberlain of North Wales, and had a large family. The eldest son, **WILLIAM**, inherited Cochwillan, and his son, **OWEN**, sold the estate to the Earl of Pembroke, from whom it was afterwards purchased by Archbishop Williams. The fifth son,

**EDWARD WILLIAMS**, of Conway, married Mary, daughter of Owen Wynn, esq. of Eglwys-fach, and had (with two daughters)

**ROBERT**, his successor.

**John**, in holy orders, D. D. lord keeper of the great seal, bishop of Lincoln, and afterwards archbishop of York. His grace purchased the family estate of Cochwillan, from the Earl of Pembroke, and Penrhyn from his cousin, Pierce Griffith, esq. He d. unmarried, and those estates devolved upon his nephew, **GRIFFITH WILLIAMS**, the first baronet.

The elder son,

**ROBERT WILLIAMS**, of Pen-yr-alt, near Conway, m. Elizabeth, daughter of Griffith ap John, of Cefnamwich, and left, with two daughters, a son,

## BUL

1. **GRIFFITH WILLIAMS**, who succeeded to the estates of his uncle, Archbishop Williams, and was designated of Penrhyn. He was created a baronet 17th June, 1661. Sir Griffith m. Gwen, daughter of Hugh Bodurda, of Bodurda, in Caermarthenshire, and had issue,

**ROBERT**, his successor.

**HUGH**, who had the estate of **MARLE**, and succeeded as fifth baronet.

**Edmund**, of Arianmws, who m. Mary, daughter of William Wood, of Tal-y-Lyn, in the county of Anglesey, and was s. by his son, **GRIFFITH WILLIAMS**, of Arianmws, whose son,

**HUGH WILLIAMS**, inherited as eighth baronet.

**John**, of Brymmor.

**Roger**, of Pen-yr-alt.

**Eleanor**, m. to Robert Coytmor, of Coytmor.

**Dorothy**, m. to John Jefferies, of Acton, elder brother of Judge Jefferies.

**Catherine**, m. to John Bodurda, of Bodurda.

**Gaynor**, d. unmarried.

**Grace**, m. to Cadwalade Wynne, of Voelas.

**Elizabeth**, m. to Henry Rowlands, of Llwyn-beda.

He d. in 1663, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. **SIR ROBERT**. This gentleman m. first, Frances, daughter of the celebrated Serjeant Glynne, lord-chief-justice of the court of public (king's) bench, during the usurpation, and, subsequently, so high in favour with King Charles II. as to receive the honor of knighthood from that monarch, and to be nominated prime serjeant-at-law, while his eldest son was created a baronet. The issue of this marriage were two sons and three daughters: viz.

**GRIFFITH**, } successively baronets.  
**JOHN**, }

**Frances**, m. first, to Robert Lloyd, esq. of Esclusham; and, secondly, to Lord Edward Russell, but d. s. p.

**Anne**, m. to Thomas Warburton, esq. of Winington.

**Gwen**, m. to Sir Walter Yonge, of Escott, in Devonshire.

**Sir Robert** m. secondly, **Mrs. Whyte**, relict of Colonel Whyte, of Fryars, and daughter of — Jennings, of Yorkshire, but by her had no issue. He d. in 1678, and was s. by his eldest son,

3. **SIR JOHN**, who d. unmarried in 1683, when the title devolved upon his only brother,

4. **SIR GRIFFITH**. This gentleman dying also unmarried, the family estate of Penrhyn descended, first, to his sister, **Frances**, wife of Lord Edward Russell; and, after her ladyship's demise, to his other sisters, while the baronetcy reverted to his uncle,

5. **SIR HUGH**, of Marle, who m. **Anne**, daughter and co-heiress of Henry Vaughan, esq. of Pantglas, who was killed before Hopton Castle, temp. Charles I. Sir Hugh was sheriff of Caernarvonshire in 1707. He was s. at his decease by his only surviving son,

6. **SIR GRIFFITH**. This gentleman m. **Catherine**, only daughter and heiress of Owen Anwyl, esq.

of Penrhyn-dau-draeth, in the county of Monmouth, and was *s.* by his only son,

7. **SIR ROBERT**, who *d.* unmarried, in 1745, when the title reverted to his kinsman,

8. **SIR HUGH**. (Refer to **EDMUND**, of Arianwns, third son of first baronet.) This gentleman *m.* Emma, Viscountess Dowager Bulkeley, and only daughter and heiress of Thomas Rowlands, esq. of Nant, Caernarvonshire, by whom he had

**ROBERT**, his successor.

**Hugh-Rowlands**, an officer in the army, who fell at Grenada, in 1795.

**Anne-Jane**.

**Frances-Emma**.

**Sir Hugh d.** 19th August, 1796, and was *s.* by his only surviving son,

9. **SIR ROBERT**, *b.* 20th July, 1764, *m.* 11th June, 1790, **Anne**, third daughter of the late Rev. **Edward Hughes**, of Kimmel Park, in the county of Caernarthen, and sister of Lord Dinorben, by whom he had issue,

**RICHARD BULKELEY**, present baronet.

**Robert-Griffith**, *b.* 26th July, 1809.

**Arthur-Wellesley**, *b.* 6th December, 1817.

**Harriet-Georgiana**, *m.* 10th May, 1826, to **Brice Pierce**, jun. esq. of Barkham, Essex.

**Emma**.

**Anne-Susanna**.

**Charlotte-Jemima**.

**Elisa-Martha**.

**Selina-Mary**.

**Amelia-Jane**.

*Creation*—17th June, 1661.



*Arms*—Quarterly, first and fourth *sa.* a chev. between three bulls' heads, affrontée arg. second and third *gu.* a chev. erm. between three Saracens' heads couped at the shoulders *ppr.*

*Crests*—From a ducal coronet or a bull's head arg. for **BULKELEY**. A Saracen's head as in the arms for **WILLIAMS**.

*Motto*—Nec temere nec timide.

*Seat*—Baron Hill, near Beaumaris.

**BULLER, SIR FRANCIS**, baronet, of Lupton, in the county of Devon; *b.* 28th September, 1767; *m.* in 1791, **Eliza-Lydia**, only daughter and heiress of John Holiday, esq. of Lincoln's Inn, by whom he has issue,

**JOHN-BULLER**, *b.* 12th April, 1799; *m.* in January, 1823, **Elizabeth**, daughter of Thomas Wilson-Patten, esq. of Bank Hill, in the county of Lancaster, and has issue.

**Edward**, *b.* 19th July, 1800; *m.* in August,

1824, **Mary Anne**, daughter of the late Major General Cote Manningham, and has issue.

**Susan-Elizabeth**, *m.* in 1814, to George, sixteenth Earl of Morton, K.T. who *d.* 17th July, 1827.

**Elizabeth**.

**Sir Francis s.** to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 3rd June, 1800.

### Lineage.

**JAMES BULLER**, esq. of Spillington, in the county of Cornwall, some time M.P. for that shire, *m.* first, **Elizabeth**, daughter and co-heiress of William Gould, esq. of Downs, in the county of Devon, by whom he had one son, **JAMES**, of Shillington and Downs, who *d.* in 1772. Mr. Buller espoused, secondly, **Lady Jane Bathurst**, daughter of Allen, first Earl Bathurst, and had with other issue,

**John**, of Morval, M.P. for West Loe, *m.* **Anne**, daughter of William Lemon, esq. of Carlew.

**Edward**, *m.* **Mary**, daughter of John Hoskyns, esq. of Port Loe.

**Francis**, of whom presently.

**Mr. Buller d.** in 1765. His youngest son,

1. **FRANCIS BULLER**, esq. an eminent lawyer, was constituted in 1778, one of the judges of the court of king's bench, and subsequently transferred to the court of common-pleas. Mr. Justice Buller was created a baronet, 29th November, 1789. He *m.* when only seventeen years of age, **Susannah**, only daughter and heiress of Francis Yarde, esq. of Churston-Ferrers, and Ottery-St. Mary, in the county of Devon, by whom he left an only surviving son,

**FRANCIS**, present baronet.

**Sir Francis d.** in 1800.

*Creation*—29th November, 1789.



*Arms*—*Sa.* on a cross ar., quarterly pierced of the field, four eagles displayed, of the first.

*Crest*—A Saracen's head, couped, *ppr.*

*Seats*—Churston-Ferrers, and Lupton House, Devonshire.

**BUNBURY, SIR HENRY-EDWARD**, baronet, of Stanny Hall, in the county of Chester, a lieutenant-general in the army, K.C.B., F.A.S.; *b.* 4th May, 1778; *m.* 4th April, 1807, **Louisa-Emilia**, daughter of the Right Honorable Henry-Edward Fox, son of the first Lord Holland, by whom he has issue,

## BUN

CHARLES-JAMES-FOX, *b.* 4th February, 1689.

Edward-Herbert, *b.* 8th July, 1811.

Henry-William St. Pierre, *b.* 2nd September, 1812.

Richard-Hammer, *b.* 18th December, 1813.

*s.* to the title, as seventh baronet, upon the demise of his uncle, 31st March, 1821.

### Lineage.

The original surname of this family, according to numerous and authentic records, was St. Pierre; one of which name accompanied William the Conqueror to England, and participating in the fortunes of the duke's nephew, Hugh Lupus, to whom the county of Chester, after obtaining the privileges of a county palatine, was entirely granted, acquired a portion of the barony of Malpas, with other property in Cheshire. The name of St. Pierre became, however, extinct in the beginning of the fifteenth century, and the designation of Bunbury, having been previously adopted by the descendant of the first St. Pierre, has ever since been retained. The immediate progenitor of the present family, Alexander de Bunbury, Lord of Banbury, was living in the reign of Henry III., and from him descended

DAVID DE BUNBURY, Lord of Bunbury, living temp. Edward II. who *m.* the only child and heiress of David de Stannish, or Stanny, and thus acquired the lordship of Stanny, near the city of Chester, which has remained ever since in the family. From this union lineally sprang

1. THOMAS BUNBURY, esq. of Stanny and Bunbury, who was created a baronet, 29th June, 1681. Sir Thomas *m.* Sarah, daughter of John Chetwood, esq. of Oakley, in the county of Stafford, by whom he had several children, and dying in 1682, was *s.* by his only surviving son,

2. SIR HENRY, who *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir Kendrick Eyton, knt. one of the Welsh judges, and was *s.* in 1687, by his elder son,

3. SIR HENRY, M.P. for Chester. This gentleman *m.* Susanna, only daughter of William Hammer, esq. by whom he had four sons and five daughters. He *d.* 12th February, 1732-3, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

4. SIR CHARLES, M.P. for Chester, who, dying unmarried, in 1742, was *s.* by his brother,

5. THE REV. SIR WILLIAM, who *m.* Eleanor, daughter of Thomas Graham, esq. of Holbrook Hall, Suffolk, and had, with two daughters, two sons, viz.

THOMAS-CHARLES, his successor.

Henry-William, *b.* in 1750, (the celebrated caricaturist), *m.* Catherine, daughter of Lieutenant-Colonel Horneck, and had two sons,

CHARLES, present baronet.

Henry.

He *d.* in 1811.

Sir William *d.* 11th June, 1764, and was *s.* by his elder son,

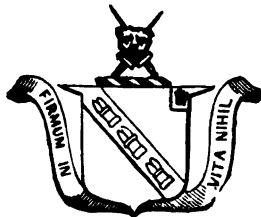
& SIR THOMAS-CHARLES, of Barton, in the

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## BUR

county of Suffolk; *b.* in May, 1740; *m.* 2nd June, 1762, Sarah, daughter of Charles, second Duke of Richmond; which marriage was dissolved by act of parliament in 1776. He *d.* in 1821, and was *s.* by his nephew, the above mentioned CHARLES BUNBURY, esq.

Creation—20th June, 1681.



*Arms*—Ar., on a bend, sa. three chess rooks of the field.

*Crest*—Two swords, saltierwise through the mouth of a leopard's face, or, the blades, ppr., hilted and pomelled, gold.

*Motto*—Firmum in vitâ nihil.

*Seats*—Barton and Mildenhall, Suffolk; Stanny Hall, Cheshire.

BURDET, SIR CHARLES-WYNDHAM, baronet, of Ascomb, in the county of York, a lieutenant-colonel in the army; *b.* 19th July, 1771; *s.* to the title, as fifth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 19th July, 1803.

### Lineage.

This family traces its origin to the same source as the Burdetts of Foremark.

FRANCIS BURDET, esq. *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Ferdinando Leigh, knt. of Middleton, and was *s.* by his only son,

1. FRANCIS BURDET, esq. who was created a baronet, 25th July, 1685. Sir Francis *m.* Miss Stephenson, of Lincolnshire, and dying in 1719, was *s.* by his only son,

2. SIR FRANCIS. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Charles Wyndham, esq. of Stokesby, in the county of Norfolk, by whom he had fourteen children. He *d.* in 1748, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

3. THE REV. SIR HUGH; at whose decease, unmarried, in 1760, the title devolved upon his brother,

4. SIR CHARLES, who, by his second wife, Sarah, daughter of Joseph Halsey, esq. of Boston, in New England, had issue,

CHARLES-WYNDHAM, present baronet.

George-Saville, a major in the army; *m.* Miss Wilkins, and with her, and his only

child, was killed in the hurricane at St. Lucia, 21st October, 1817, by the falling down of the barracks.

Jerome, a captain in the army, died, and left a son, CHARLES-WENTWORTH.

Elizabeth, m. to W. H. Burgess, esq. of London.

ir Charles d. in 1803.

Creation—25th July, 1665.



*Arms*—Paly of six, ar. and sa. on a bend, gu. three martlets, ar.

*Crest*—On a tower, ar., a martlet, with wings displayed, or.

*Seat*—Ascomb, in the county of York.

**BURDETT, SIR FRANCIS**, baronet, of Foremark, in the county of Derby; *b.* 25th January, 1770; *m.* 5th August, 1793, Sophia, youngest daughter of the late Thomas Coutts, esq. by whom he had issue,

1. ROBERT, *b.* 26th July, 1796; major in 10th dragoons.
2. Sophia.
3. Susannah; *m.* 29th Nov. 1830, to I. B. Trevanion, esq. of Coerhays, in Cornwall.
4. Joanna-Frances.      5. Clara-Maria.
6. Angella.

Sir Francis s. to the title, as fifth baronet, upon the demise of his grandfather, 22nd February, 1797. He has had a seat in parliament since 1796, where he has been distinguished by his eloquence, consistency, and patriotism. The baronet represents in the present, as he did in the five last parliaments, the independent city of Westminster.

### Lineage.

This very ancient family deduces its lineage from HUOH DE BURDET, one of the companions in arms of William the Conqueror; whose son,

WILLIAM BURDET, became Lord of Louseby, in the county of Leicester. A scene of extreme horror, followed by deep remorse, awaited this feudal chief upon his return from the Holy Land, whether he had journeyed as a soldier of the cross. His steward, during his absence, having attempted the chastity of his lady, and having experienced a most indignant repulse, resolved, that he might cover his own treachery, to accuse her to his master of incontinency, which so

aroused the gallant soldier, that, upon the approach of the unfortunate lady, with open arms, to receive him, he stabbed her to the heart; but, soon after, ascertaining her innocence, he founded the priory at Ascote, near Sockington, in the county of Warwick, temp. Henry II. to expiate the foul deed. The lineal descendant of this warrior,

SIR ROBERT BURDET, knight, *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Sir Gerard de Camville, with whom he obtained the manor of Arrow, in Warwickshire, where he settled. This gentleman represented the county of Warwick in parliament, in the 14th Edward II. and in three years afterwards was one of the commissioners for the gaol delivery at Warwick. He subsequently represented Leicestershire, and afterwards the county of Warwick again. He d. in 1333, and we pass to his great-great grandson,

SIR NICHOLAS BURDET, knt. who fell at the battle of Pontoise, in 1440. This gentleman was chief butler of Normandy, and governor of Euriex:—by his wife, Joan, cousin and heiress of Henry Bruin, he obtained the manor of Bramcote, in Warwickshire, and left a son and heir,

THOMAS BURDET, esq. of Arrow, a person of great note and figure in the county of Warwick. Incurring the displeasure of King Edward IV. by his attachment to the Duke of Clarence, a strict espionage was placed over him, and an opportunity soon found to take away his life. Having intemperately wished the horns of a white buck, which he had heard that the king had killed in his park of Arrow, in the belly of the monarch's adviser, he was arraigned and convicted of high treason, for these unguarded expressions, upon inference of a mischievous meaning to the sovereign himself, and was beheaded in 1477. After his death a great contest for his manor of Arrow and other estates, arose between Richard Burdet, his son, by Agnes, daughter of John Waldeif, a former wife, that had been, from nearness of kindred, divorced from him in 1464, and John Burdet his son by Margaret, daughter of John Rodney: for the said Thomas (by license from the crown) had alienated his lands to his younger son; of the injustice of which he became afterwards so sensible, that as he was drawn from the Tower to the place of execution, espying the elder son at Westcheap, over against Sir Thomas Becket's hospital, he caused himself to be staid, and there asked his said son's forgiveness, and acknowledging the wrong he had done him, concluded *that* to be the cause of God's vengeance then against him. But in the subsequent lawsuit, John the younger son succeeded, for Margaret, his mother, held her estate therein for life, and became the wife of Thomas Woodhill; notwithstanding which Richard Burdet prevailed with the said John, and also with the said Margaret and her husband, to levy a fine of the manor of Arrow and other lands, and to give him possession thereof. The matter finally terminated by certain of the estates, including Arrow, passing to the daughter and heiress of



## BUR

Richard, ANNE BURDETT; and the remainder to the son and heir of JOHN (himself who had attained the honor of knighthood, dying before the decision) namely,

THOMAS BURDETT, esq. who d. about the 31st of Henry VIII. and was s. by his eldest son (by Mary, daughter of Sir Robert Throckmorton, knight),

ROBERT BURDETT, esq. M.P. for the county of Warwick, who m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Thomas Cockaine, knt. of Ashburne, in the county of Derby, and died in 1548. The grandson of this marriage,

ROBERT BURDETT, esq. m. Mary daughter of the very Rev. Thomas Wilson, D.D. Dean of Durham, and dying in 1663, was s. by his only son,

1. THOMAS BURDETT, esq. who was created a baronet on the 25th February, 1618. Sir Thomas m. Jane, daughter and heiress of William Frauncys, esq. of Foremark, in the county of Derby, which seat has since been one of the chief places of residence of the family; by this lady, he had with other children, FRANCYS, his successor, and ROBERT a merchant and alderman of the City of London. He was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR FRANCYS, who m. Elizabeth, daughter of the lord-chief-baron (Sir John) Walter; and dying 30th December, 1606, was s. by his eldest son,

3. SIR ROBERT, b. 11th January, 1640, M.P. for the county of Warwick. This gentleman m. first, Mary, only daughter of Cervas Pigot, esq. of Thrumpton, Notts, and co-heir of John St. Andrew, esq. of Goteham, in the same shire, by whom he had one daughter Elizabeth. He espoused secondly, Magdalen, daughter of Sir Thomas Aston, baronet, and had several children; Sir Robert m. thirdly Mary, daughter of Mr. Thomas Brome, of Croxhall, in the county of Derby, but had no surviving issue. He d. 13th January, 1715-16, and was s. by his grandson, (the posthumous son of his only matured son, Robert, by Elizabeth, daughter of William, Lord Viscount Tracy,)

4. SIR ROBERT, D.C.L. who m. first, in 1739, Elizabeth, only daughter of Sir Charles Sedley, baronet, by whom he had issue,

FRANCIS, who m. Eleanor, daughter and co-heiress of William Jones, esq. of Ramsbury manor, in the county of Wilts; and, dying in 1794, left issue,

FRANCIS, present baronet.

William-Jones, m. Sarah, daughter of Timothy Brent, esq. and has issue.

Elizabeth, m. in 1801, to Sir James Langham, bart.

Frances.

Sir Robert married secondly, Lady Caroline Harpur, widow of Sir Henry Harpur, and daughter of John, Duke of Rutland. He d. in 1797, and was s. by his grandson.

*Creation*—25th February, 1618.

## BUR



*Arms*—Az. two bars or.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a lion's head, erased, sa. langued gu.

*Town Residence*—St. James's-place.

*Seats*—Foremark, in the county of Derby; and Ramsbury Manor, Wiltshire.

BURDETT, SIR WILLIAM-BAGENAL, baronet, of Dunmore, in the county of Carlow; inherited the title, as third baronet, at the demise of his father; m. 7th March, 1800, Maria, daughter of the Reverend Henry James Reynett, D.D. by whom he has

WILLIAM-HOPK, and other children.

### Lineage.

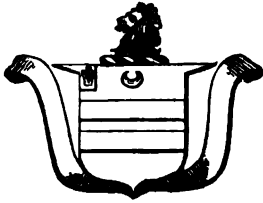
This family is descended from a common ancestor with the Burdetts of Foremark, in the county of Derby, baronets; and the Burdets of Ascomb, in the county of York, baronets. Its founders in Ireland were Thomas and Samuel Burdett, sons of Alderman Burdett, of London. The former took up his abode in the old castle of Garrahill, the forfeiture of the O'Kavanaghs, kings of Leinster; and the latter at Lisalin, in the county of Tipperary. Thomas Burdett m. Catherine, daughter of Sir Thomas Kennedy, of Mount Kennedy, in the county of Wicklow, and had, with other children,

1. THOMAS BURDETT, esq. of Dunmore, in the county of Carlow, who was created a BARONET OF IRELAND 11th July, 1723, with remainder, in default of male issue, to the heirs male of his sister Anne, wife of Walter Weldon, esq. Sir Thomas m. Honora, relict of Thomas, (Cromwell,) first Earl of Ardglass, and of Francis Cuffe, esq. of the county of Mayo, and daughter of his grace, Michael, (Boyle,) archbishop of Armagh, and lord-chancellor of Ireland, (A.D. 1665,) by whom he had an only son, his successor. The baronet sat in the Irish parliament, representing the county, and the borough, of Carlow, alternately, from the year 1704 to the time of his decease in 1727, when he was s. in his title and estates by his only son,

2. SIR WILLIAM-VIGORS. This gentleman m. 5th October, 1709, Lady Henrietta O'Loughlan, widow of Terence O'Loughlan, esq. and daughter of William, (O'Brien,) third Earl of Inchiquin, by whom he had two sons and one daughter; and was s. at his decease by his eldest son,

WILLIAM-BAGENAL, the present baronet.

*Creation*—11th July, 1723.



*Arms*—Az. two bars or, a crescent for difference.

*Crest*—A lion's head, erased, sa.

*Seat*—Dunmore, Carlisle-shire.

**BURGOYNE, SIR JOHN-MONTAGU**, baronet, of Sutton Park, in the county of Bedford; b. 17th October, 1796; succeeded to the title, as ninth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 16th August, 1817; m. in 1831, Mary-Harriet, daughter of W. Gore Langton, esq. M.P. Sir John is a captain in the grenadier guards.

#### Lineage.

According to ancient records, the *Burgoynes* were settled, in Cambridgeshire and Bedfordshire, at a very early period. There is an old tradition that they held Sutton and Potton, under a rhyming grant from John of Gaunt, Duke of Lancaster:

"I, John of Gaunt  
Do give and do grant  
To Johnny Burgoyne,  
And the heirs of his loyn,  
Sutton and Potton,  
Until the world's rotten."

The rhyme is of great antiquity, and the site of the former manor house in Sutton Park is still called "John of Gaunt's Mount;" but it has been stated that the tradition as to the grant is without foundation: and it appears that the Duke of Lancaster's right to the manors in Potton and Sutton, was contested by the Nevilles and the Latimers: it is however certain that all those manors eventually became vested in the Burgoynes.

ROBERT BURGOYNE, esq. younger son of John Burgoyne of Sutton, was one of the auditors of the exchequer in the reign of Henry VIII. and one of the commissioners appointed to take the surrenders of the monasteries, and had grants of the rectory, tithes, and all the lands of Wroxall, with other estates in the county of Warwick. The great grandson of this gentleman,

1. **JOHN BURGOYNE**, esq. M.P. for the county of Warwick, possessed Sutton and Potton, and Wroxall and Houiley, and was created a baronet, 15th July, 1641. Sir John m. Jane, daughter of William Kempe, esq. of Spain's Hall, Essex, by whom (besides daughters) he had three sons, viz.

ROGER, his successor.

John, m. Penelope, sister of Sir Thomas

Darcy of Essex, knt. and left issue, whose descendant holds lands in Potton.

Robert m. Catherine Heydon.

The first baronet was buried at Sutton, 9th Oct. 1657, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. **SIR ROGER**. This gentleman m. twice, and left several children. He d. 16th September, 1677, and was s. by his only son,

3. **SIR JOHN**, who m. Constance, daughter of Richard Lucy, esq. of Charlecote, in the county of Warwick, by whom he had,

ROGER, his successor.

John, m. Anna-Maria, daughter of Charles Burneston, esq. of Hackney, Middlesex, and had issue,

*The Right Hon. General JOHN BURGOYNE*, M.P. for Preston. This gallant officer commanded the British Army in America in 1777, and was commander in chief in Ireland in 1782, and sworn of the privy council there. He m. Lady Charlotte Stanley, daughter of Edward, eleventh Earl of Derby. General Burgoyne was author of the "Lord of the Manor," "The Heiress," "The Maid of the Oaks," &c. He died in 1792.

Sir John d. 9th April, 1790, and was s. by his eldest son,

4. **SIR ROGER**. This gentleman m. Constance, daughter of Sir Thomas Middleton, knt. and was s. at his decease in 1711, by his eldest son,

5. **SIR JOHN**; at whose decease, unmarried, soon after his father, in 1711, the title devolved upon his brother,

6. **SIR ROGER**, M.P. for the county of Bedford; m. in 1739, Lady Frances Montagu, eldest daughter of George, Earl of Halifax, by whom he had, with several daughters,

JOHN, his successor.

Montagu, m. Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Eliab Harvey, esq. of Claybury Hall, Essex, M.P. for Dunwich.

Sir Roger d. in 1781, and was s. by his eldest son,

7. **SIR JOHN**, a lieutenant-general in the army, and colonel of the 19th light-dragoons, who m. Charlotte, eldest daughter of General Johnstone, of Overston, in the county of Northampton, and had issue,

MONTAGU-ROGER, his successor.

FREDERICK-WILLIAM, captain R.N.

Frances, m. to Robert, second Lord Ongley. Sir John d. in 1785, and was s. by his eldest son,

8. **SIR MONTAGU-ROGER**, a major-general in the army, and M.P. for the county of Bedford; m. 1st November, 1704, Catherine, only daughter of John Burton, esq. of Owlerton, in the county of York, by whom he had issue,

1. **JOHN-MONTAGU**, present baronet.

2. Montagu-George. 3. William-Montagu.

4. Charlotte-Catherine-Frances.

5. Marianne-Catherine.

Sir Montagu-Roger d. in 1817.

*Creation*—15th July, 1641.

## BUR



*Arms*—Gu., a chev. or, between three talbots az.; on a chief embattled ar., as many martlets az.

*Crest*—A talbot sejant or, ears sa. and plain, collared gu.

*Town Residence*—19, Clifford-street, Bond-st.

*Seat*—Sutton Park, in the county of Bedford.

**BURKE, SIR JOHN-IGNATIUS**, bart. of Glinsk, in the county of Roscommon; *b.* 19th March, 1784; *s.* to the title, as tenth baronet, at the decease of his cousin, Sir John-Henry; *m.* Miss Ball, sister of—Hughes-Ball, esq. by whom (*who d.* in 1830) he has issue,

Georgiana-Sidney.

Matilda.

### Lineage.

The family of De Burgh, has since the reigns of Henry III. and of Edward I. been esteemed one of the most opulent and powerful of the Anglo-Norman settlers in Ireland, under Strongbow. It held, by conquest and regal grant, whole territories in the counties of Galway, Mayo, Roscommon, Tipperary, and Limerick; and so extended were its possessions, that its very cadets became persons of wealth, and were the founders of distinguished houses themselves.

1. **SIR ULICK BURKE**, of Glinsk, knt. only son of Edmund Burke, also of Glinsk, and lord of Clanconow, was created a **BARONET OF IRELAND** 2nd August, 1628. This gentleman *m.* Catherine, fourth daughter of Theobald, first Viscount Dillon, by whom he had a daughter, Eleanor, who *m.* Edmund Burke, esq. of Kilcornan; and a son, his successor,

2. **SIR EDMOND**, who was *s.* by his eldest son,

3. **SIR ULICK**. This gentleman, who was included in the articles of Limerick, *m.* Ismay, daughter of Colonel John Kelly, of Skreen; but having no issue, the title and estates reverted, at his decease, in 1706, to his half-brother,

4. **SIR JOHN**; who *m.* Jane, daughter of Theobald, seventh Viscount Dillon, and sister of the then Countess of Clanricarde, by whom he had five sons and a daughter. Sir John's will is dated in 1721, and he was *s.* at his decease, by his eldest son,

5. **SIR FESTUS**. This gentleman *m.* Letitia, eldest daughter of John, ninth Earl of Clanricarde; but, dying without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

6. **SIR THEOBALD**, a lunatic, who was *s.* by his brother,

## BUR

7. **SIR HENRY**, who was *s.* in 1756, by his eldest son,

8. **SIR ULICK**. This gentleman left a daughter, Susannah, who *m.* William Netterville, esq. and an only son, his successor,

9. **SIR JOHN-HENRY**, unhappily an idiot, and being so declared, his estates were settled by an act of parliament to pass immediately to the next male heir,

**RICHARD BURKE**, esq. who accordingly obtained possession. This Richard Burke was son of Sir John Burke, a knight of St. Jago, in Spain, and great-grandson of Sir John, the fourth baronet, through his fourth son, Richard. Mr. Burke *m.* 1st February, 1783, Johannah-Harriet, eldest dau. of Jos. Blake, esq. of Ardry, and sister of the first Lord Wallscourt, by whom (*who m.* after his decease, Dominick Daly, esq.) he had issue,

**JOHN-IGNATIUS**, present baronet.

**Joseph**, *b.* 31st January, 1786, *m.* in 1816, Louisa, eldest daughter of William, Lord Huntingtower.

**Honora**, *m.* to Christopher Taafe, esq. of Rockwood, in the county of Galway.

Georgiana.

Mr. Burke died in the minority of his eldest son.

The ninth baronet *d.* — and was *s.* by his cousin, John-Ignatius Burke, esq. the present baronet.

*Creation*—2nd August, 1628.



*Arms*—Or, a cross gu.; in first quarter, a lion rampant, sa.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or; a plume of five ostrich feathers ar.

*Motto*—In hoc signo vinces.

*Seat*—Glinsk Castle, in the county of Roscommon.

**BURKE, SIR JOHN**, baronet, of Marble Hill, in the county of Galway; a colonel in the army, and M.P. for that shire; *m.* 18th of May, 1812, Elizabeth-Mary, eldest daughter of the late Right Hon. John Calcraft, M.P. by whom he has issue,

**THOMAS-JOHN**, *b.* 7th June, 1813.

**Charles-Granby**, *b.* 14th November, 1814.

**James-Henry**, *b.* 27th February, 1816.

**Edward-Howe**, *b.* 15th September, 1817.

**Maurice-William-Otway**, *b.* 24th September, 1819.

**Henry-Ulick**, *b.* 19th July, 1822.

**Elizabeth-Anne**.

**Caroline-Jane**.

## BUR

Sir John s. to the title, as second baronet, at the decease of his father, 22nd May, 1813.

### Ineage.

This branch of the Burkes claims to be a scion from the house of Clanricarde; but more immediately connected with the Lords Brittas.

THOMAS BURKE, of Gortencappogue, (now Marble Hill,) died at an advanced age, in 1714. During the civil wars, in the time of Charles I. and subsequently in the revolution of 1688, his predecessors and himself lost a considerable portion of their lands; but he still preserved the estate upon which he resided, and it is now the seat of the baronet. He married into the family of Tully, great landed proprietors in the county of Galway, and owners of the Garbally estate, at present in the possession of the Earl of Clancarty. The son of this Thomas,

JOHN BURKE, married the daughter of Carroll, of Killoran, who was nearly allied to the Donelans, of the county of Galway, and to the Carrolls, of the King's County. By this lady the Burkes acquired the estate of Killoran. Mr. Burke d. in 1793, at the age of eighty, and was s. by his son,

1. THOMAS BURKE, esq. of Marble Hill, who was created a BARONET OF IRELAND 5th December, 1797. He m. Christian, daughter of — Brownne, esq. of Limerick, of the family of Brownne, of Camus, and had issue,

JOHN, present baronet.

James, who d. in 1812.

Maria, m. to Maurice N. O'Connor, esq. of Mount Pleasant, in the King's County, and had, with other daughters,

Catherine, who m. John Otway, second Earl of Desart, and is mother of the present earl.

Julia, m. to Malachy Daly, esq. of Raford, in the county of Galway.

Elizabeth, m. in March, 1799, to John-Thomas, thirteenth Earl of Clanricarde, and has issue, Ulick-John, present Marquess of Clanricarde; with two daughters, the Marchioness of Sligo, and the Countess of Howth.

Anne, m. to Sir Henry-Joseph Titchborne, bart.

Eleanor, m. first, to Nicholas Browne, esq. of Mount Heazle; and, after his decease to Percy-Clinton-Sydney, present Viscount Strangford, and had issue by both marriages. Her ladyship d. 20th May, 1826.

Sir Thomas d. in 1813, and was s. by his elder son, JOHN, present baronet.

*Creation*—5th December, 1797.



## BUR

*Arms*—Ermine, a cross gu.; in the first quarter, a lion rampant, sa.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a cat-a-mountain, sejant, guardant, ppr. collared and chained or.

*Motto*—Ung roy, ung foy, ung loy.

*Seat*—Marble Hill, in the county of Galway.

BURLINGTON, EARL OF, (George-Augustus-Henry Cavendish) and Baron Cavendish of Keighley, in the county of York, b. in 1754; m. 27th February, 1782, Lady Elizabeth Compton, daughter and heiress of Charles, seventh Earl of Northampton, by whom he has had issue,

William, b. 10th January, 1783; m. 18th July, 1807, Hon. Louisa O'Callaghan, eldest daughter of Cornelius, first Lord Lismore, and dying 14th January, 1812, left issue,

WILLIAM, Lord Cavendish, M.P. b. 27th April, 1808, m. 6th August, 1829, Blanche-Georgiana, fourth daughter of George, present Earl of Carlisle, and has a Son AND HEIR, b. in December, 1831.

George-Henry, b. 19th August, 1810.

Richard, b. in July, 1812.

Fanny.

George-Henry-Compton, b. 14th October, 1784, d. in January, 1800.

Henry-Frederick-Compton, lieutenant-colonel in the life guards, M.P. b. 5th November, 1789; m. first, in 1811, Sarah, daughter of William-Augustus-Fawcener, esq. by whom (who d. in 1817) he has issue,

William-Henry-Frederick, b. 13th October, 1817.

Elizabeth.

Sarah-Mary.

Colonel Cavendish espoused secondly, in June, 1819, Frances-Susan, widow of the Hon. Frederick Howard, daughter of the late William-Henry Lambton, esq. and sister of Lord Durham, by whom he has

Francis, b. in 1820.

Henry, b. in 1821.

Charles, b. in 1822.

George, b. in 1824.

— (a daughter.)

Charles-Compton, M.P. b. 28th August, 1793; m. 18th June, 1814, Catherine-Susan, eldest daughter of George, present Earl of Aboyne, and has issue,

William-George, b. 20th October, 1815.

Susan-Sophia.

Harriet.

Anne m. in 1825, to lieutenant-colonel Lord Charles Fitzroy.

Caroline.

This nobleman, after representing the county of Derby for several years in parliament, obtained his peerage, by letters patent, dated in September, 1831.

## BUR

### Lineage.

**WILLIAM**, fourth Duke of Devonshire, K.G. espoused, while Marquess of Hartington, Lady Charlotte Boyle, youngest, but only surviving daughter and heir of Richard, fourth Earl of Cork, and third and last EARL OF BURLINGTON of that family, (see *Burke's Extinct Peerage*.) by whom he had issue,

**WILLIAM**, fourth duke, father of **WILLIAM-SPENCER**, present Duke.

**Richard**, M.P. for Derby, *d.* in 1781.

**GEORGE-AUGUSTUS-HENRY**, who inherited the Burlington estates, and in whom the EARLDOM OF BURLINGTON has been revived.

**Dorothy**, *m.* to William-Henry, fifth Duke of Portland, and was mother of the present Duke. Her grace *d.* 3rd June, 1794.

*Creation*—September, 1831.



*Arms*—Sa. three harts' heads caboshed, ar. attired or, on an escutcheon of pretence sa. a lion passant gardant or between three helmets arg.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a snake noué, ppr.

*Supporters*—**Dexter**, a stag proper, attired and unguled, or. **Sinister**, a dragon, with wings expanded, ermine, ducally gorged and chained, or.

*Motto*—Cavendo Tutus.

*Town Residence*—Burlington House, Piccadilly.

*Seats*—Holkar-Hall, Cumberland; Compton-Place, Eastbourne, Sussex.

**BURNABY, SIR WILLIAM-CRISP-HOOD**, baronet, of Broughton Hall, in the county of Oxford; succeeded to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 19th February, 1794; *m.* 2nd May, 1818, Mrs. Wood, widow of Joseph Wood, esq. of Bermuda.

### Lineage.

**JOHN BURNABY**, esq. of Kensington, *m.* Clara, daughter of Sir Edward Wood, knt. and had, with other issue,

**John**, many years minister to the Swiss Cantons, and secretary to the Earl of Waldegrave, ambassador extraordinary to the court of France.

**Edward**, of Cleveland Row, St. James's, *m.* Mary, daughter and heiress of Thomas Green, esq. of Norlands, and had issue,

## BUR

**WILLIAM**, of whom presently.

**Daniel**, in holy orders, rector of Hanwell, Middlesex.

The third son,

1. **WILLIAM BURNABY**, esq. of Broughton Hall, captain in the royal navy, obtained the honor of knighthood in 1784; and having subsequently attained the rank of admiral, was created a baronet 31st October, 1767. Sir William *m.* first, Mrs. Donovan, of the island of Jamaica, by whom he had a son and a daughter; and, secondly, Grace, daughter of Drewry Ottley, esq. by whom he had Edward-Augustus-Cæsar, and other children. The admiral was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,

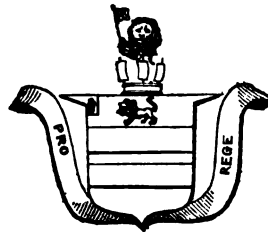
2. **SIR WILLIAM-CHALONER**, who *m.* 29th June, 1783, Elizabeth, second daughter of Crisp Molineux, esq. of Garboldesham, in the county of Norfolk, by whom he had issue,

**WILLIAM-CRISP-HOOD**, present baronet.

**Harriet-Emma**, *m.* to General Richardson, and *d.* in September, 1811.

Sir William *d.* in 1794.

*Creation*—31st October, 1767.



*Arms*—Ar., two bars, gu.; in chief, a lion passant, per pale, of the second, and vert.

*Crest*—Out of a naval crown, a demi-lion, rampant, guardant, or, in the dexter paw a staff, ppr. thereon a flag gu.

*Motto*—Pro rege.

*Seat*—Broughton Hall, Oxfordshire.

**BURNETT, SIR ROBERT**, baronet, of Leys, in the county of Aberdeen; *b.* 20th December, 1755; inherited the title, as seventh baronet, at the decease of his father, in May, 1783; *m.* 16th September, 1785, Margaret-Dalrymple, fourth daughter of General Elphinstone, of Logie-Elphinstone, in the county of Aberdeen, colonel of the 53rd regiment of foot; by whom he has issue,

**THOMAS**, formerly a captain in the Forfarshire militia; *b.* 22nd August, 1788.

**Alexander**, formerly in the East-India Company's service; *b.* 17th December, 1789.

**William**, a lieutenant R.N.; *b.* 1st August, 1798.

**James-Horn**, clerk to his majesty's signet, in Scotland; *b.* 21st June, 1801.

## BUR

Mary.

Margaret, m. 28th April, 1836, to Captain Thomas Ramsay, late of the 14th foot, second son of the late Sir Alexander Ramsay, baronet, of Balmain, in the county of Kincardine.

### Lineage.

This very ancient family, originally of Saxon descent, has flourished for more than five centuries, in great eminence, in the north of Scotland. There is another house of the same name, in the south of Scotland,—*Burnett, of Barns*, in the shire of Peebles,—which has long disputed the chiefship with its northern kin; and we believe the question is as yet undecided.

According to Sir George Mackenzie, the Burnetts, of Leys, carry the hunting horn, in base, with a Highlander in a hunting garb, and a greyhound, for supporters, to shew that they are the king's foresters in the north.

ALEXANDER BURNARD (as the name was originally written) obtained a charter, now in the possession of the family, from King Robert Bruce, of the lands of Killenach, Clerach, and the six merk land of the two Cardneys, &c. in the shire of Aberdeen, dated in the year 1324, the 18th of the said king's reign. The grandson of this Alexander,

JOHN DE BURNARD, held the office of king's mace, for which he had a salary of ten marks sterling per annum, a very considerable sum at that period. The eldest son of this John is the first of the family whom we find styled of Leys; he being

ROBERT BURNETT, of Leys; from whom lineally descended

ALEXANDER BURNETT, of Leys, who m. Catherine, daughter of Alexander Gordon, esq. of Lismore, by whom he had six sons and seven daughters. The fourth son, Robert Burnett, of Crimond, being a person of great honour and integrity, deeply versed in the laws of his country, was appointed, by King Charles the Second, one of the senators of the college of justice, by the title of Lord Crimond. His lordship m. Rachael, daughter of ——— Jonstone, esq. a cadet of the noble family of Annandale, by whom he had two sons; the elder of whom was Dr. Gilbert Burnett, Bishop of Salisbury, the celebrated historian of "His Own Times." Alexander Burnett, of Leys, was s. at his decease, by his eldest son,

1. SIR THOMAS BURNETT, knt. of Leys, who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, with remainder to his heirs male, whatsoever, on the 21st April, 1626. This gentleman was, subsequently, a strong opponent of the measures of the court, and, in conjunction with the great Marquess of Montrose, an active covenanter. He retired eventually, however, into private life, and seems to have remained unmolested by both parties. Sir Thomas was s. at his decease, by his grandson,

2. SIR ALEXANDER; who was s. by his only son,

3. SIR THOMAS. This gentleman was member of the Scottish parliament, for the county of Kincardine, from 1703 until the final dissolution of

that assembly, and distinguished himself by his zealous hostility to the measure of union. He m. Margaret, daughter of Robert, second Viscount Arbuthnot, and had two sons and three daughters.

ALEXANDER, his successor.

William, of Criggie.

Sir Thomas was s. at his decease by his elder son,

4. SIR ALEXANDER; who was s. by his only surviving son,

5. SIR ROBERT; at whose decease, unmarried, the title and estates devolved upon his cousin,

6. SIR THOMAS, (eldest son of William Burnett, of Criggie, second son of the third baronet, by Jean, daughter of Burnett, of Cowtown.) This gentleman m. Catherine, third daughter of Charles Ramsay, esq. and sister of Sir Alexander Ramsay, bart. of Balmaine, by whom he had

ROBERT, present baronet.

Alexander, who s. to the estates of his maternal uncle, Sir Alexander Ramsay, bart. of Balmaine, and assuming that surname was created a baronet of Great Britain, 13th May, 1806.

William, a lieutenant-colonel in the army.

Catherine, m. to Alexander Forbes, esq.

Sir Thomas d. in May, 1783.

Creation—21st April, 1626.



Arms.—Ar. three hollin-leaves, in chief, vert. and a hunting horn, in base, sa. garnished gu.

Crest—A hand, with a knife, pruning a vine-tree ppr.

Motto—Virescit vulnere virtus.

Seat—Crathes, in the county of Kincardine.

BURRARD, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Oladen, in the county of Hants; captain R.N. b. 2nd March, 1793; s. to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 18th October, 1813; m. 8th April, 1826, Louisa, second daughter of Sir Henry Lushington, bart.

### Lineage.

1. HARRY BURRARD, esq. son of George Burrard, esq. of Lymington, and grand-nephew of Sir Harry Burrard-Neale, bart. (now represented by Sir Harry Burrard-Neale, bart. refer to lineage of that gentleman,) was created a baronet, 12th November, 1807. Sir Harry was a lieutenant-general in the army, and lieutenant-colonel of

## BUR

the first foot-guards. He m. in 1780, Hannah, daughter of H. Darby, esq. of London, merchant, by whom he left,

1. CHARLES, present baronet.
2. Edward.
3. Laura.
4. Frances-Hannah.

Sir Harry had three other sons,

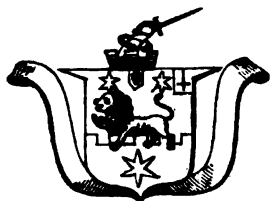
Paul-Harry-Durrell, (aide-de-camp to Sir John Moore,) who d. of a wound received at Corunna, in 1809.

John-Thomas, R.N. drowned in 1809.

William, an officer in the foot-guards; d. of wounds received at St. Sebastian, in 1813.

Sir Harry d. in 1813.

*Creation*—12th November, 1807.



*Arms*—Per fess, embattled, gu. and az., a lion passant, ermine, between three stars, of six points, or; on a canton, ar., a sword, erect, ppr.

*Crest*—Out of a mural crown, per pale, or and ar., an arm in bend, the hand grasping a sword; about the arm a wreath of laurel, all ppr.

*Seat*—Olnden, Hampshire.

**BURRELL, SIR CHARLES-MER-  
RICK**, baronet, of Knap Castle, in the county of Sussex, M.P.; s. to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 20th January, 1796; m. Frances, eldest illegitimate daughter of the Earl of Egremont, by whom he has issue,

1. Percy.
2. Walter.
3. Julia.

### Lineage.

This family, which is of great antiquity, deduces its pedigree from

RANDOLPHUS BURRELL, whom. Sermonda, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Walter Woodland, standard-bearer at the celebrated battle of Poitiers, and obtained thereby a considerable estate in the county of Devon, where he settled. From this Randolphus descended

PETER BURRELL, esq. who settled at Beckingham, in the county of Kent, in 1684; and m. Isabella, second daughter of John Merrick, esq. of Stubbers, in the county of Essex, by whom he had, with several daughters, two sons,

PETER, his successor.

Merrick, governor of the bank of England,

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## BUR

and M.P. was created a baronet 15th July, 1766, with remainder in default of his own male issue, to Peter Burrell, of Beckingham.

Sir Merrick d. in 1787. The elder son, PETER BURRELL, esq. of Beckingham, M.P. and sub-governor of the South-Sea company, m. Amy, eldest daughter of Hugh Raymond, esq. of Salinghall, in the county of Essex, and had surviving issue,

Peter, who m. Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of John Lewis, esq. of Hackney, and left, with four daughters, an only son,

Peter, who s. to the baronetcy of his great uncle, and was subsequently created *Baron Gwydir*. (See Lord Willoughby de Eresby.)

Amelia, m. to Tobias Frere, esq.

And a younger son,

WILLIAM BURRELL, esq. LL.D., F.R.S. and A.S.; M.P. for Haslemere, a commissioner of excise, in 1774. This gentleman m. in 1773, Sophia, one of the daughters and co-heiresses of Charles Raymond, esq. of Valentine House, in the county of Essex, by whom he left

CHARLES-MERRICK, present baronet.

Walter, M.P. for the county of Sussex, who d. 7th April, 1831.

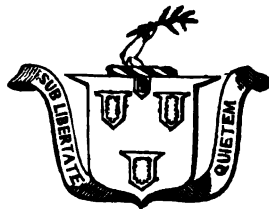
Percy, captain of horse, killed at Buenos Ayres in 1807.

Juliana, m. to George-Henry Crutchley, esq. of Sunning-Hill Park, in the county of Berks.

Emily-Elizabeth, m. in 1819, to Lieutenant-Colonel T. Kenak, C.B.

Mr. Raymond, the father-in-law of Dr. Burrell, was created a baronet, 3rd May, 1774, with remainder to his son-in-law, who became, in consequence, at the decease of his said father-in-law, (Sir Charles Raymond,) Sir William Burrell, second baronet. He d. in 1790.

*Creation*—3rd May, 1774.



*Arms*—Vert, three plain shields, ar., each having a bordure, engrafted, or.

*Crest*—A naked arm, embowed, and holding a branch of laurel, both ppr.

*Motto*—Sub libertate quietem.

*Town Residence*—5, Richmond-terrace, Whitehall.

*Seat*—Knap Castle, Sussex.

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**BURTON, SIR CHARLES**, baronet, of Pollacton, in the county of Carlow; *m.* in 1807, Susannah, daughter of Joshua-Paul Meredith, esq.; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, in 1812.

### Lineage.

This family claims a common ancestor with the noble house of Conyngham; namely, Sir Edward Burton, of the county of York, who was created a knight banneret, by King Edward IV., after the battle of St. Albans, in 1460. From this gallant soldier lineally descended the brothers,

**FRANCIS** and **THOMAS BURTON**, who settled in Ireland in 1610. The former dying without issue, the latter became the head of the Irish branch of the family, and was *s.* by an only son,

**SAMUEL**, whose third son,

**BENJAMIN BURTON**, esq. becoming an eminent banker in Dublin, attained the highest corporate honors of that city, (the aldermanic gown, and mayoralty in 1706,) and represented it in parliament from 1703 to 1723; he *m.* Grace, daughter of Robert Stratford, esq. of Belan, in the county of Kildare, and had six sons, with as many daughters. The fifth son,

1. **CHARLES BURTON**, esq. like his father, obtained the honors of the corporation of Dublin, and a seat in parliament through the same civic body. Mr. Alderman Burton was knighted by the viceroy, Lord Harrington, and was created a **BARONET OF IRELAND**, 5th September, 1738. He *m.* Margaret, eldest daughter of Richard Meredith, esq. of Shrowland, in the county of Kildare, by whom he had one son and five daughters. Sir Charles *d.* in 1775, and was *s.* by his only son,

2. **SIR CHARLES**, of Pollacton, in the county of Carlow. This gentleman *m.* Catherine, third daughter of John, (Cuffe,) second Lord Desart, by whom he had a son, **CHARLES**, the present baronet. Sir Charles *d.* in 1812.

*Creation*—5th September, 1738.



*Arms*—Per pale, az. and purp. a cross, engr. or, between four roses, ar.

*Crest*—On a ducal coronet, a dexter gauntlet, the palm inwards, all ppr.

*Motto*—Deus providebit.

*Seat*—Pollacton, Carlowshire.

**BUTE, MARQUESS OF**, (John Crichton-Stuart,) Earl of Windsor; Viscount Mountjoy, of the Isle of Wight; Baron Mountstuart, of Wortley, in the county of York; Baron Cardiff, of Castle Cardiff, in the peerage of England: **EARL OF DUMFRIES**, Viscount Air, and Lord Crichton, of Sanquhar and Cumnock: Lord Crichton, of Sanquhar. **EARL OF BUTE**, Viscount Kingarth, Lord Mountstuart, Cumra, and Inchmarnock, in the peerage of Scotland: a baronet of Nova Scotia; hereditary sheriff, and coroner of the county of Bute; lord-lieutenant of Glamorganshire; recorder of Banbury; and keeper of Rothsay Castle; *b.* 13th August, 1793; *s.* to the earldom of Dumfries upon the demise of his maternal grandfather, Patrick, Earl of Dumfries, 7th April, 1806. He had previously, by royal permission, (26th August, 1805,) assumed the surname and arms of **CRICHTON**, in addition to, and before those of **STUART**; *s.* to the marquessate of Bute and earldom of Bute, and minor titles thereunto belonging, upon the decease of his paternal grandfather, 16th November, 1814; *m.* 28th of July, 1818, Maria, eldest daughter of George-Augustus, third earl of Guildford. His lordship is sixth Earl of Dumfries, and second Marquess of Bute.

### Lineage.

This noble family claims direct descent from the royal and unfortunate house of Stuart.

**SIR JOHN STUART**, son of King Robert II. obtained from his father a grant of lands in the Isle of Bute, with the heritable sheriffship of Bute, Arran, &c. subsequently confirmed by charter of King Robert III., dated 11th November, 1400. He *m.* Jean, daughter of Sir John Semple, of Eliotstoun. The great-grandson of this marriage,

**NINIAN STUART**, having succeeded his father in the sheriffship of Bute, obtained, in 1498, a new grant of the hereditary custody of the castle of Rothsay, with a salary of eighty marks yearly out of the lordship of Bute. He *d.* in 1509, and was *s.* by his son,

**JAMES STUART**, who was infeft in his estate, and heritable constabulary of Rothsay Castle, 20th May, 1509. The grandson of this James,

**SIR JOHN STUART**, knt. of Bute, *m.* Elisabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Robert Hepburn, of Foord; by whom he acquired the estate of Foord, and several other lands in the county of Haddington, and was *s.* by his son,

1. **SIR JAMES STUART**, of Bute, who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* in 1627; and adhering to the royal cause during the civil wars, suffered considerably both by fines and sequestration. Sir James *m.* Isabel, daughter of Sir Dougal Campbell, of Auchinbreck, and had, with other issue,



## BUT

DUGALD, his successor.

Robert, of Tillicoultry, in the county of Clackmannan, one of the lords of session, who was created a baronet 20th April, 1707. Sir Robert represented the county of Bute in parliament, and was one of the commissioners for the treaty of union, which he steadily supported. He resigned his gown in favor of his nephew, Dugald Stewart, of Blair Hall, in 1709.

Sir James *d.* in 1692, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR DUGALD, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Thomas Ruthven, of Dunglass, and granddaughter, maternally, of Alexander, first Earl of Leven; by whom he had (besides daughters) two sons, viz.

JAMES, his successor.

DUGALD, of Blairhill, who having applied himself to the study of the law, became soon so celebrated, that he was appointed successor to his uncle, Lord Tillicoultry, as a lord of session and justiciary in 1709. Dugald Stuart *d.* in 1712, leaving a high character for honor, integrity, and ability. He *m.* Mary, daughter and heiress of John Bruce, of Blairhall, in the county of Perth, and had a numerous family.

Sir Dugald *d.* in 1672, and was *s.* by his elder son,

3. SIR JAMES, who being of the privy-council to Queen Anne, and one of the commissioners appointed to treat of a union with England in 1702, which did not then take effect, was elevated to the peerage of Scotland 14th April, in the following year, by the titles of *Earl of Bute, Viscount Kingarth, and Lord Mountstuart, Cumra, and Inchmarnock*, to himself and his heirs male whatever. In 1706, his lordship opposed the union with all his might; and when he discovered that a majority of parliament was in favor of the measure, withdrew from the house, and retired to his country seat. He *m.* first, Agnes, eldest daughter of Sir George Mackenzie, of Rosehaugh, lord-advocate in the reign of James VII.; and secondly, Christian, daughter of William Dundas, esq. of Kincavel. His lordship *d.* in 1710, and was *s.* by the only son of his first marriage,

JAMES, second earl, who, after the death of his maternal uncle, and much litigation, succeeded to the estate of Rosehaugh. His lordship *m.* Anne, daughter of Archibald, first Duke of Argyll; and had (besides daughters) two sons, viz.

JOHN, his successor.

James, who succeeded to his great-grandfather, Sir George Mackenzie's extensive estates, and assumed the additional surname of MACKENZIE. This gentleman, who represented different Scottish shires in parliament from 1742 to 1784, was constituted keeper of the privy seal of Scotland in 1763, and sworn of the privy-council. He *m.* his cousin, Lady Elisabeth Campbell, fourth daughter of John, Duke of Argyll

## BUT

and Greenwich, but had no surviving issue. Her ladyship *d.* in 1799, and Mr. Stuart-Mackenzie *d.* within nine months afterwards of grief. Leaving no male issue, the succession to the extensive estates of the right hon. gentleman in Scotland fell to be regulated by an entail executed by Sir George Mackenzie in 1680. Notwithstanding he was the first lawyer of the age, Sir George's settlements were so ambiguously worded, that his estates were claimed by the Hon. James Archibald Stewart Wortley, next brother of the Marquess of Bute, and Lord Herbert-Windsor Stewart, second son of the Marquess. The judgment of the court of session in Scotland in favor of Mr. Wortley, was appealed to, and affirmed by, the house of lords, 4th March, 1803.

James, first Earl of Bute, *d.* 28th January, 1723, and was *s.* by his elder son,

JOHN, third earl, *b.* 1713, one of the representative peers; *m.* Mary, only daughter of Edward-Wortley Montagu, esq. of Wortley, in the county of York, and great-granddaughter of Edward, first Earl of Sandwich; by whom he had five sons and five daughters. Her ladyship was created, 4th April, 1761, *Baroness Mountstuart, of Wortley, Yorkshire*, with remainder to her male issue by the Earl of Bute. His lordship was a minister of the crown from 1737, when he was made a lord of the police, until his resignation of the high office of first lord of the treasury in 1763. In 1762, he was honored with the Garter. The second son of his lordship, James-Archibald, inheriting the Wortley estate upon the demise of his mother, in 1794, assumed the surname of "Wortley;" and marrying Margaret, daughter of Sir David Conyngham, bart. had, with other children, James-Archibald, now Lord Wharncliffe. The fourth son of the earl, Hon. Sir Charles Stuart, K.B. an eminent military commander, attained the rank of lieutenant-general, and *d.* in 1801, leaving, with other children, CHARLES, created LORD STUART DE ROHSAY, (refer to that dignity). The Earl of Bute *d.* in 1792, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN, fourth earl, *b.* 30th June, 1744, who had succeeded, upon the demise of his mother, 13th Nov. 1794, to the barony of Mountstuart, having been previously (20th May, 1776) created *Baron Cardiff, of Cardiff Castle*: 21st March, 1796, his lordship was further advanced to the *Viscounty of Mountjoy, in the Isle of Wight, the Earldom of Windsor, and the MARQUISATE OF BUTE*. He *m.* first, 12th November, 1760, Charlotte-Jane, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Herbert Windsor-Hickman, second and last Viscount Windsor, of the kingdom of Ireland; by whom (who *d.* 28th January, 1800,) he had issue,

JOHN, Lord Mountstuart, *b.* in 1767; *m.* in 1792, Elisabeth, daughter and sole heiress of Patrick Crichton, Earl of Dumfries; and *d.* in two years afterwards, leaving

JOHN, present marquess, who *s.* his maternal grandfather, Patrick, fifth Earl

of Dumfries, at his decease, 7th April, 1803, in that dignity, as sixth earl.

Patrick-James- Herbert, (posthumous), M.P. for Cardiff, assumed by sign manual, in March, 1817, the additional surname and arms of CRICHTON; and in the May following, obtained the precedence and rank of the younger son of a marquess. His lordship *m.* in 1818, Hannah, daughter of William Tigh, esq. of Woodstock, in the county of Kilkenny, and has issue,

JAMES-FREDERICK-DUDLEY, *b.* in 1824.

Herbert-Windsor, *b.* in 1827.

Mary-Anne-Frances.

Evelyn-James, *b.* in 1773.

George, R.N., lost at sea, in the *Leda* frigate, in 1796.

Henry, *m.* in 1802, Gertrude-Amelia, daughter and sole heiress of George, Earl of Grandison, (an honor that expired in 1800,) and left at his demise, in 1809,

1. HENRY, M. P., who assumed with his brothers and sister the additional name of "Villiers," and is the present M<sup>s</sup>. VILLIERS-STUART.

2. William, captain 12th lancers, *b.* 21st August, 1804.

3. Charles, *b.* 11th September, 1808; *m.* in 1830, Elisabeth, daughter of Captain John-Rouett Smollett, R. N.

William, R.N. *m.* Georgiana-Maude, daughter of Cornwallis, Viscount Hawarden, and left at his decease, in 1814, an only daughter, Georgiana.

George, R.N., C.B., *m.* in 1800, Jane, daughter of the late Major-general James Stewart, and has issue.

Maria-Alicia-Charlotte, *m.* to Charles Pinfold, esq.

Charlotte, *m.* to Sir William-Jackson Homan, bart.

His lordship *m.* secondly, 7th September, 1800, Frances, second daughter of the late Thomas Coutts, esq. and had,

Dudley-Coutts, *b.* in 1803; *m.* in 1826, — daughter of Lucien Buonaparte, Prince of Canino.

Frances, *m.* in 1823, to Dudley, Viscount Sandon, eldest son of the Earl of Harrowby.

His lordship *d.* at Geneva in 1814, and the honors descended to his grandson, JOHN, the present peer.

#### EARLDOM OF DUMFRIES,

(Now united with the Marquissate of Bute.)

SIR ROBERT CRICHTON, of Sanguhar, signified himself at Lochmaben, against the Duke of Albany, and the Earl of Douglas, when they made an incursion into Scotland, 1484, and was created a peer of parliament, by the title of Lord Crichton of Sanguhar, 20th January, 1467-8. His lordship *m.* Lady Marion Stewart, second daughter of John, Earl of Lennox, and dying in 1502, was *s.* by his only son,

ROBERT, second lord, who was *s.* by his elder son,

WILLIAM, third lord. This nobleman *m.* Elisabeth, daughter of Malcolm, Lord Fleming, and had three sons. He was killed in the house of the Duke of Chatelherault at Edinburgh, about the year 1552, by Robert, third Lord Semple, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

ROBERT, fourth lord, who dying *s. p.* was *s.* by his brother,

EDWARD, fifth lord, who was *s.* by his son,

ROBERT, sixth lord. This nobleman when on a visit at Lord Norreys' seat in Oxfordshire, about the year 1605, lost his eye, in fencing with one John Turner, a master of the science of defence, which so enraged his lordship against Turner, that after laying several plans for that person's destruction, he had him assassinated in seven years afterwards, by one Carlyle who killed him by a pistol shot, for which foul deed the assassin and his accomplice were convicted and executed, and Lord Sanguhar afterwards surrendering met a similar fate, being hanged upon a gibbet erected in Great Palace-yard, before the gate of Westminster Hall, 29th June, 1612. Dying without issue, the title reverted to his kinsman,

WILLIAM (son of John Crichton of Ryhill, second son of Robert, second lord,) as seventh Lord Crichton of Sanguhar. This nobleman was advanced to the dignity of *Viscount of Air*, 2nd February, 1622, and created *EARL OF DUMFRIES*, 12th June, 1633. He was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, second earl. This nobleman made a resignation of his honors, and had a new grant 3rd November, 1690, with an extension of the remaindership, to his grandson, William, Lord Crichton and the heirs male of his body; in failure of which to Penelope, eldest daughter of his son, Charles, Lord Crichton, and the heirs male of her body, &c. His lordship *m.* Penelope, daughter, of Sir Robert Swift, and had one son to live to maturity,

CHARLES, Lord Crichton, who *m.* the hon.

Sarah Dalrymple, third daughter of James first Viscount of Stair, and had,

WILLIAM, who *s.* his grandfather.

Penelope, who *s.* her brother.

The earl *d.* in 1691, and was *s.* by his grandson,

WILLIAM, third earl, who *d.* unmarried in 1694, and was *s.* by his sister,

PENELOPE, as Countess of Dumfries. This lady espoused in 1696, her cousin, hon. William Dalrymple of Glenmure, second son of John, first Earl of Stair, and was *s.* in 1742, by her eldest son,

WILLIAM, fourth Earl of Dumfries, and succeeding his brother James, (who inherited the Earldom of Stair) as fourth Earl of Stair, was subsequently styled Earl of Dumfries and Stair. Dying however without issue in 1768, he was *s.* in the Earldom of Stair by his cousin John Dalrymple, and in that of Dumfries by his nephew, (the son of his sister Elisabeth)

PATRICK MACDOWALL of Freugh, as fifth earl. His lordship *m.* in 1771, Margaret, daughter of

## BUT

Ronald, Crauford of Restalrig, in the county of Edinburgh, and had a daughter,

ELIZABETH-PENKLOPE, who m. John, Viscount Mountstuart, eldest son of John fourth Earl and first Marquess of Bute, and dying in the lifetime of her father, left two sons, the elder of whom,

JOHN, inherited the EARLDOM of DUMFRIES, at the decease of his maternal grandfather, 7th April, 1603, as sixth earl, and the MARQUISATE OF BUTE upon the death of his paternal grandfather, in 1814.

**Creations**—Lord Crichton, 1488; Viscount Ayr, 1622; Earl of Dumfries, &c. 1633; Baronetcy of Nova Scotia, 1627. Earl of Bute, &c. 1703, in Scotland. Baron Mountstuart, 1661. Baron Cardiff, 1776. Marquess of Bute, &c. 1706, in Great Britain.



**Arms**—Quarterly: first, quarterly, first and fourth or, a fess, chequy, az. and ar. within a double treasure, fretty, counterfretty, gu. for STUART; second and third, ar. a lion, rampant, az. for CRICHTON; second, STUART; third, WINNOR; fourth, HERBERT.

**Crests**—First, a demi-lion, rampant, gu. and over it the motto 'Nobilitas ira,' for STUART; second, a wivern, wings elevated and endorsed, fire issuant from the mouth, all ppr. for CRICHTON.

**Supporters**—DEXTER, a horse ar. bridled, gu.; SINISTER, a stag ppr. attired or.

**Motto**—Avito viret honore.

**Seats**—Mountstuart, Isle of Bute; Luton House, Bedfordshire; and Cardiff Castle, Glamorganshire.

BUTLER, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Garryhendon, in the county of Carlow; b. 14th October, 1773; m. 30th January, 1812, Frances-Graham, fourth daughter of John-Graham Clarke, esq. of Sutton, in the county of York, and Newcastle-upon-Tyne; by whom he has issue,

RICHARD-PIERCE, b. 4th March, 1812.

Thomas, b. 23rd May, 1814.

Antoine-Sloot, b. 11th October, 1824.

Arabella-Sarah, b. 27th May, 1815.

## BUT

Louise-Charlotte, b. 2nd January, 1817.

Frances-Marianne, b. 3rd July, 1818.

Dorothea, b. 20th August, 1819.

Isabella-Horatia, b. 1st June, 1822.

Laura-Mary, b. 5th December, 1825.

Sir Thomas s. to the title as eighth baronet, at the decease of his father, 16th January, 1817.

### Lineage.

The family of Butler is one of the most ancient and illustrious in the British dominions; and, for the services which, at different periods, it rendered to the crown, it has obtained titles of honour in each of the kingdoms which constitute the empire.

1. THOMAS BUTLER, esq. of Cloughgrenan, in the county of Carlow, supposed to be lineally descended from Sir Edward Butler, knight, second son of James, ninth earl of Ormonde, was created a BARONET OF IRELAND 16th August, 1628. Sir Thomas represented the county of Carlow in parliament, in 1639. He m. Anne, daughter of Sir Thomas Colclough, knt. of Tynterne Abbey, in the county of Wexford, and relict of Nicholas Bagenal, esq. by whom he had four sons and three daughters, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR EDMUND, who m. Juliana, daughter of Bernard Hyde, esq. of Shinfield, in the county of Berks, and was s. by his eldest son,

3. SIR THOMAS, of Garryhendon. This gentleman m. Jane, daughter of the Right Rev. Richard Boyle, D.D. Lord Bishop of Leighlin and Ferns; by whom he had several children. Sir Thomas represented the county of Carlow in parliament, A.D. 1692. He was s. by his eldest son,

4. SIR PIERCE, M.P. for the county of Carlow, A.D. 1713; who m. Anne, daughter of Joshua Galliard, esq. of Enfield, in the county of Middlesex, and was s. at his decease by his son,

5. SIR RICHARD, M.P. for the county of Carlow, from 1729 to 1761. This gentleman m. Henrietta, daughter and co-heiress of Henry Percy, esq. of Leskin, by whom he had four sons and six daughters, and was s. at his decease by his eldest son,

6. SIR THOMAS, M.P. for the county of Carlow, A.D. 1761; m. Dorothea, only daughter of Edward Bayley, D.D. of Ardfer, and Archdeacon of Dublin, and niece of Sir Nicholas Bayley, bart. of Plas Newyth, in Anglesey, (father of Henry, first Earl of Uxbridge of that family, and grandfather of Henry-William, present Marquess of Anglesey:) by whom he had four sons and as many daughters. Sir Thomas was s. by his eldest son,

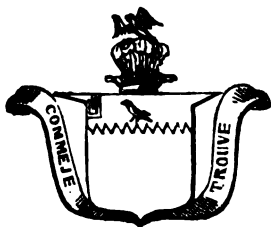
7. SIR RICHARD, who represented the county of Carlow in parliament, from 1783 to 1800. This gentleman m. Sarah, only daughter of Thomas-Worth Newenham, esq. of Coolmore, in the county of Cork, by whom he left issue,

THOMAS, present baronet,  
with several other children.

Sir Richard d. 16th January, 1817.

**Creation**—10th August, 1628.

## BUX



*Arms*—Or, a chief, indented, as. a martlet for difference.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, a plume of five ostrich feathers, therefrom a falcon, rising, ar.

*Motto*—Comme je trouve.

*Seats*—Ballintemple and Garryhudson, both in the county of Carlow.

**BUXTON, SIR ROBERT-JOHN**, baronet, of Shadwell-Lodge, in the county of Norfolk; *b.* 27th October, 1753; *m.* 22nd May, 1777, Julia-Mary, second daughter of Sir Thomas Beevor, (first) baronet, of Hethell, in the county of Norfolk, by whom he has issue,

**JOHN-JACOB**, *b.* 13th August, 1788, M.P.; *m.* in 1825, Eliza, daughter of Sir M. Cholmeley, bart.

**Anne-Elizabeth**, *m.* 1806, to F. Beeven, esq. **Juliana-Frances**, *m.* in 1818, to the Rev. **Henry Dawson**, M.A. and *d.* in 1825.

**Mr. Buxton** was created a baronet, 25th November, 1800.

### Lineage.

**JOHN BUXTON**, of Tybenham, in Norfolk, presented to the church there, in 1478, the fourth bell, and in 1497, a vest and cope of purple velvet. The sixth in lineal descent from this John,

**JOHN BUXTON**, esq. of Tybenham, represented the county of Norfolk in parliament. He *m.* Margaret, daughter of William Prest, esq. of Arnolds, in Essex, and dying in 1660, was *s.* by his eldest son,

**ROBERT BUXTON**, esq. of Channons, in Norfolk, who *d.* in 1662, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

**ROBERT BUXTON**, esq. who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Leonard Gooche, esq., and dying in 1691, was *s.* by his son,

**JOHN BUXTON**, esq. of Channons Hall. This gentleman *m.* Anne, only surviving child of Clement Gooche, esq. and was *s.* in 1731, by his eldest son,

**JOHN BUXTON**, esq. of Tibenham and Rushford, in Norfolk, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and eventually heiress of John Jacob, esq. of Norton, Wilts, by whom he had issue,

**ROBERT-JOHN**, created a baronet as above.

## BYR

**John**, in holy orders, rector of Carleton and Bemwell, in Norfolk.

**Mr. Buxton** *d.* in 1782.



*Arms*—Ar., a lion, rampant, the tail elevated, and turned over the head, sa.

*Crest*—A buck's head, couped, gu., attired, or. *Town Residence*—77, Harley-street.

*Seat*—Shadwell-Lodge, Norfolk.

**BYRON, BARON**, (George-Anson-Byron,) of Rochdale, in the county of Lancaster, *b.* 8th March, 1789; *m.* 18th March, 1816, Elizabeth-Mary, daughter of the late, and sister of the present, Sacheverell-Chandos Pole, esq. of Radborne, in the county of Derby, by whom he has issue,

**GEORGE-ANSON**, *b.* 30th June, 1818.

**Frederick**, *b.* 3rd February, 1822.

**Augustus**, *b.* 8th June, 1828.

**Mary-Anne**, *b.* 20th March, 1817.

**Georgiana**, *b.* 27th April, 1814.

His lordship, who is a captain in the R.N. inherited the honors of his family, as seventh baron, at the decease of his cousin, 19th of April, 1824.

### Lineage.

The Byrons trace their lineage to the era of the Conquest, at which period they possessed considerable estates in the county of York.

**RALPH DE BURON**, at the time of the survey, held divers manors in Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire. Amongst those in the latter county was **HORSELEY**, in the park of which stood a castle, called **HORRESTAN CASTLE**, which became the chief seat of the early Byrons. The grandson of Ralph,

**HUGO DE BURON**, feudal **BARON OF HORRESTAN**, retiring, temp. Henry III., from secular affairs, professed himself a monk, and held the hermitage of Kersale, belonging to the priory of Lenton. He left a son,

**SIR ROGER DE BURON**, from whom we pass to his lineal descendant,

**SIR RICHARD BYRON**, knt., who *m.* Joan, second daughter of William de Colewick, of Colewick, in the county of Nottingham, by which alliance considerable estates came into the family. The grandson of this marriage,

SIR NICHOLAS BYRON, *knt.*, of Clayton, in the county of Lancaster, was *s.* by his elder son,

SIR JOHN BYRON, who received the honor of knighthood from King Henry VII., for the good services he had rendered that prince at Bosworth Field. This gentleman, dying without issue, was *s.* by his brother,

SIR NICHOLAS BYRON, who was made one of the knights of the Bath, at the marriage of Prince Arthur, eldest son of King Henry VII., on the 11th November, 1501. He *d.* in 1503-4, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN BYRON, *knt.* This gentleman had a grant, 28th May, 1540, of the PRIORY OF NEWSTON, with the manor of Papilwick, and rectory of the same, with all the closes about the priory, &c. The grandson of this Sir John,

SIR JOHN BYRON, K. B. *m.* Anne, eldest daughter of Sir Richard Molineux, *bart.*, and had,

JOHN, his successor.

Richard, of whom hereafter.

Robert (Sir), colonel of foot on the royal side during the civil wars.

Philip (Sir), who, after many signal services in Yorkshire, was killed at the head of his regiment, in the general storm of York, by the parliament army, in 1644.

Thomas (Sir), who commanded the Prince of Wales' regiment under the Earl of Northampton, at the battle of Hopton Heath, 19th March, 1642-3, and received a wound in the thigh, by which he was put *hors de combat*.

There were five other sons, and a daughter, Mary, *m.* to Sir Thomas Lucas. Sir John was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN BYRON, K. B., and M. P. for the town of Nottingham, in the reign of James I., and for the county of Nottingham in that of Charles I.; a faithful adherent of, and gallant officer under, the latter unfortunate prince. Sir John commanded the corps de reserve at the battle of Edgehill; and the victory of Roundway Down, 5th July, 1643, wherein Sir William Waller was routed, was chiefly owing to his skill and valour, having, at the head of his regiment, charged Sir Arthur Hasdriegg's cuirassiers, and, after a sharp conflict, in which Sir Arthur received many wounds, compelled that impenetrable regiment (as Lord Clarendon writes) to fly. Sir John Byron having given such proofs of his courage, and his six valiant brothers at that time following his loyal example, he was, in consideration thereof, advanced, 24th October, 1643, to the dignity of a baron of the realm, by the title of LORD BYRON, of Rochdale, in the county Palatine of Lancaster, with limitation, in default of male issue, to each of his brothers. His lordship *m.* twice; but, dying in 1652, issueless, the barony devolved upon his brother,

RICHARD, second baron. This nobleman received the honor of knighthood from Charles I. He was one of the valiant colonels at the battle of Edgehill, and subsequently governor of Appleby Castle, in the county of Westmoreland.

Lloyd, who wrote the lives of the loyalists, says he deserves to be chronicled for his government of Newark and many surprises of the enemy. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of George Russell, *esq.* of Ratcliffe, in Nottinghamshire, and dying in 1679, was *s.* by his only surviving son, WILLIAM, third baron. This nobleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of John, Viscount Chaworth, He *d.* 13th Nov. 1695, and was *s.* by his son,

WILLIAM, fourth baron, who *m.* first, Mary, daughter of John, Earl of Bridgewater, by whom he had no issue; secondly, in 1706, Frances-Williamina, third daughter of William, first Earl of Portland, by whom he had three sons and one daughter, all of whom *d.* unmarried; and, thirdly, Frances, second daughter of William, Lord Berkeley, of Stratton, and by her had (with three younger sons),

WILLIAM, his successor.

John, admiral R. N. This gentleman, who was a midshipman on board the *Wager*, one of Lord Anson's circumnavigating squadron, being cast away upon a desolate island in the South Seas, suffered five years of the greatest hardships there: returning, however, to England, he *m.* Sophia, daughter of John Trevannion, *esq.* of Carhays, in the county of Cornwall, and dying in 1786, left (with three daughters),

1. John, an officer in the army, who *m.* first, in 1779, Amelia D'Arcy, Baroness Conyers, daughter and heiress of Robert, fourth Earl of Holderness (whose previous marriage with the Duke of Leeds had been dissolved by act of parliament), and had issue,

Angusta, *m.* in 1807, to John Leigh, *esq.* lieutenant-colonel 10th dragoons.

Captain Byron *m.* secondly, Catherine, Gordon (lineally descended from King James II. of Scotland, through his daughter, the princess Jane, who *m.* the Marquess of Huntley), and by her left an only son,

GEORGE-GORDON, who *s.* as sixth lord.

2. George Anson, captain R. N. *m.* Henrietta, daughter of Robert Dallas, *esq.* of Dallas Castle, in Jamaica, and left (with a daughter, Julia, who *m.* the Rev. Robert Heath),

GEORGE-ANSON, present lord.

His lordship *d.* 8th August, 1736, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, fifth baron; *b.* 5th November, 1722. His lordship having killed William Chaworth, *esq.* in a duel, 20th January, 1765, was arraigned before his peers, in Westminster-hall, 13th Feb. following, and found guilty of manslaughter; but claiming the benefit of the statute of Edward VI. he was discharged upon simply paying his fees. His lordship *m.* in 1747, Elizabeth, daughter of Charles Shaw, *esq.* of Beesthorpe Hall, Norfolk, by whom he had two sons and two daughters, who all pre-deceased him. He *d.* 19th May, 1798,

and was *s.* by his great nephew (refer to descendants of Admiral, the Hon. John Byron, second son of fourth lord),

GEORGE GORDON, sixth baron; *b.* 22nd Jan. 1788, who, through his mother, claimed descent from the royal house of Stuart. Illustrious, however, as the ancestry of this distinguished nobleman were, his own transcendent genius flung his hereditary honors into immeasurable shade. The greatest poet his country had ever produced, a disinterested patriot, an ardent lover of freedom, his lordship, it might be presumed, had a long and splendid course before him; but the mind of man penetrates not the vista of futurity, and this nobleman is a remarkable instance of the insufficiency of wealth—honors—genius—to secure human happiness. Untoward circumstances entirely marred the tranquillity of his private life; while his public actions were canvassed with a malignancy, which nothing he had ever done, said, or written, could have warranted:—eventually he fell a victim in the public cause. Having enthusiastically embarked in the affairs of Greece, and engaged personally in that glorious struggle, his lordship died, from over mental and bodily exertion, at Missolonghi, 19th April, 1824, in the thirty-seventh year of his age. Lord Byron *m.* 2nd January, 1815, Anne-Isabella, only child of Sir Ralph Milbank Noel, bart., and co-heir of the BARONY OF WENTWORTH, (through her late mother, the Hon. Judith Noel, eldest daughter of Edward, first Viscount Wentworth, and co-heir of her brother, Thomas, second Viscount and ninth Baron Wentworth, a barony created by writ in 1529), by whom he had one daughter, ADA-AUGUSTA, *b.* 10th December, 1815. A separation from his lady took place soon after the birth of his child, and his lordship almost immediately afterwards departed from his native country, to which he never returned. Lord Byron assumed on his marriage the additional surname of NOEL, before that of Byron. At the decease of his lordship, the barony devolved upon his first cousin,

GEORGE ANSON, present baronet. (Revert to Admiral Byron, second son of fourth lord,

*Creation*—24th October, 1643.



*Arms*—Ar. three bendlets, enhanced gu.

*Crest*—A mermaid, with her comb and mirror, all ppr.

*Supporters*—Two horses of a chestnut color, ppr.

*Motto*—Credo Byron.

CADOGAN, EARL OF, (Charles-Henry Sloane-Cadogan,) Viscount Chelsea, and Baron Cadogan, of Oakley, in the county of Bucks; *b.* 18th June, 1749; *s.* to the honors, as second earl, at the decease of his father, 3rd April, 1807.

### Lineage.

The family of Cadogan was anciently of great honor and importance in the principality of Wales, as the writers of the Welsh history, and their genealogists attest, being descended from Keddlyn, Prince of Powis, and Reinger, daughter and heiress to Tydyr Trevor, Prince of Ferley, whose grandson, Kydwgan, Lord of Radnor, with his three sons, defended his territories against King Henry I. The immediate founder of the modern honors of the family, however, was

WILLIAM CADOGAN, (eldest son of Henry Cadogan, esq. barrister-at-law, who *d.* in Ireland, in 1713–14, by Bridget, daughter of Sir Hardess Waller, knight,) a distinguished general officer, the companion in arms and glory of the Duke of Marlborough, and his grace's successor, as commander-in-chief of the army, who was elevated to the peerage, by the title of Baron Cadogan, of Reading, Berks, 30th June, 1716. On the 8th of May, 1718, his lordship was created *Baron Cadogan, of Oakley, in the county of Bucks, Viscount Caversham, in the county of Oxford, and EARL CADOGAN*: with remainder of the barony, in default of male issue, to his brother, Charles Cadogan. His lordship *m.* Margareta-Cecilia, daughter of William Munter, counsellor of the court of Holland, by whom he had two daughters, Sarah, *m.* to Charles, second Duke of Richmond, and Margaret, *m.* to Charles-John, Count Bentinck, second son of William, Earl of Portland. His lordship *d.* on the 17th July, 1726, when the earldom, viscounty, and original barony expired; but the second barony, according to the limitation, devolved upon his brother,

CHARLES, as second Baron Cadogan, of Oakley, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Hans Sloane, baronet. His lordship was also a military character, and served likewise under the Duke of Marlborough. He attained the rank of lieutenant-general, and was colonel of the second troop of Horse Guards. He *d.* 24th September, 1776, and was *s.* by his only child,

CHARLES-SLOANE, third baron; who was created, 27th December, 1800, *Viscount Chelsea, and EARL CADOGAN*. His lordship *m.* first, 28th May, 1747, the Hon. Frances Bromley, daughter of Henry, first Lord Mountford; by whom (who *d.* in 1768) he had issue,

CHARLES-HENRY-SLOANE, present earl.

William-Bromley, in holy orders, vicar of Chelsea; *b.* 22nd January, 1751; *m.* in 1782, Mrs. Bradshaw, and *d.* in 1797. His widow *d.* in 1827.

Thomas, in the royal navy, lost in his majesty's ship *Glorieux*, in 1782.

George, a military officer in the East India Company's service, killed in India, in 1780.

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Edward, a military officer, *d.* in 1779.

Henry-William, *d.* in 1774.

His lordship *m.* secondly, 10th August, 1777, Mary, daughter of Charles Churchill, *esq.* (from whom he was divorced, in 1796,) and had issue,

Henry, a lieutenant-colonel of infantry; slain at the battle of Vittoria, 21st June, 1813.

George, created *Baron Oakley*. (See that dignity.)

Edward, a major in the army; *b.* 25th September, 1789; *m.* 29th May, 1823, Ellen, daughter of Laurence Donovan, *esq.*

Emily-Mary; *m.* in 1802, to the Hon. and Rev. Gerald-Valerian Wellesley, brother to Richard, Marquess Wellesley, and to the Duke of Wellington, a prebend of Durham, and vicar of Chelsea, and has issue.

Charlotte; *m.* first to the Hon. Sir Henry Wellesley, G.C.B. (now Lord Cowley,) from whom she was divorced; and her ladyship *m.* secondly, in 1810, Henry, present Marquess of Anglesey.

Louisa.

The earl *d.* 3rd April, 1807.

*Creations*—Barony, 8th May, 1718. Earldom and Viscounty, 27th December, 1800.



*Arms*—Quarterly, first and fourth, gu. a lion, rampant, regardant, ar.; second and third, ar., three boars' heads, couped, sa.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, a dragon's head, vert.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a lion, regardant, or: SINISTER, a dragon, regardant, vert, each gorged with a double treasure flory, counterflory, gu.

*Motto*—Qui invidet minor est.

*Seat*—Sandy-Downham, near Brandon, Suffolk.

CAITHNESS, EARL OF (Alexander Sinclair), Lord Berriedale in the peerage of Scotland, and a baronet of Nova Scotia; lord-lieutenant of the county of Caithness; *b.* 24th June, 1790; *m.* 23d November, 1813, Frances-Harriet, youngest daughter and co-heiress of the late very Rev. William Leigh, of Rushall, in the county of Hereford, Dean of Hereford, by whom he has issue,

JAMES, Lord Berriedale, *b.* 16th December, 1821.

— a son, *b.* in 1825.

— a son, *b.* in 1827.

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## CAI

The earl *s.* to the honors upon the demise of his father in October, 1823, and is the thirteenth in succession.

## Lineage.

The surname of Sinclair, the Saint Clare of France, has been for several centuries very eminent in North Britain.

WILLIAM DE SANTO CLARO obtained the manor of Roslin, in the reign of David I. and had a confirmation thereof from that monarch. His great-great-grandson,

SIR WILLIAM SINCLAIR of Roslin, was appointed sheriff of the county of Edinburgh, for life, in 1371, and had a confirmation from King Alexander III. of the lands and barony of Roslin, &c. for half a knight's service. He sat in the parliament at Scone, 5th February, 1283-4, when the succession to the crown of Scotland was settled, in the event of the demise of Alexander III. Sir William was one of the nominees on the part of Baliol, in the competition for the crown of Scotland, 1292. He swore fealty to king Edward I. in the same year, and was present when Baliol did homage to the English monarch a few months after. He *d.* about the year 1300, leaving three sons.

HENRY, his successor.

William, bishop of Dunkeld. The English landing at Fife, in 1317, the Earl of Fife retreated, when the bishop, who was residing at his seat of Auchtertool, flew to the spot, and throwing aside his ecclesiastical vestments, seized a spear, and led the Scots to charge the enemy, who was driven back to his ships, with considerable loss.

Gregory, ancestor of the Sinclairs of Longformacus, baronets.

The eldest son,

SIR HENRY SINCLAIR, of Roslin, swore fealty to Edward I. in 1292. His grandson,

SIR WILLIAM SINCLAIR, of Roslin, *m.* Isabel, one of the daughters and co-heiresses of Malise, Earl of Strathern, Caithness, and Orkney, by Matilda, only daughter and heiress of Magnus, Earl of Orkney and Zetland, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR HENRY SINCLAIR, of Roslin, who had his claim to the EARLDOM OF ORKNEY, admitted by Hakon the sixth king of Norway, in 1379, but burdened with severe conditions—that of serving the king in all emergencies with a hundred men, &c. &c. of paying the king 1000 gold nobles, &c. He *m.* Jean, daughter of Sir John Haleburton, of Dirlotoun, and dying in 1400, was succeeded by his eldest son,

HENRY, second Earl of Orkney, admiral of Scotland. His lordship was appointed chief attendant on prince James, on his voyage to France, in 1405; they were captured in their passage by the English, and sent to the tower of London. He *m.* lady Egidia Douglas, daughter and sole heiress of William, Lord of Niddesdale, by Lady Egidia Stuart, daughter of King Robert II. and dying before 1418, was *s.* by his only son,

**WILLIAM**, third Earl of Orkney. This nobleman, who was lord-high-chancellor of Scotland, obtained a grant, from James II., dated 28th August, 1455, of the earldom of CAITHNESS, which title he assumed, in addition to that of Orkney, and was styled *Earl of Orkney and Caithness*, until the year 1471, when king James III., having acquired the islands of Orkney in marriage with Margaret, of Denmark, 1460, his lordship surrendered to that monarch the earldom of Orkney, and it was annexed to the crown by act of parliament. In part recompense for which the king granted to him the castle of Ravenscraig, in Fife. His lordship *m.* first, lady Margaret Douglas, eldest daughter of Archibald, fourth Earl Douglas, by whom he had a son,

William, of Newburgh, ancestor of Lord Sinclair.

He espoused, secondly, Marjory, daughter of Alexander Sutherland, of Dunbeath, and having passed over his son by his first marriage, was *s.* by the eldest of the second,

**WILLIAM**, as second *Earl of Caithness*, who was slain at Flodden, 9th September, 1513, and was *s.* by his son,

**JOHN**, third earl. His lordship, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Sutherland, of Duffus, was slain in attempting to take possession of the Orkneys, to which he asserted he had a right in 1529. He was *s.* by his son,

**GEORGE**, fourth earl, who sat first as a peer of parliament, in 1641. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of William, second Earl of Montrose; and dying in 1582, was *s.* by his grandson,

**GEORGE**, fifth earl, who *m.* Jean, daughter of George, Earl of Huntly, and had issue,

**WILLIAM**, *Lord Berriedale*, who *m.* Mary, daughter of Henry, third Lord Sinclair, and dying before his father, left a son,

**JOHN**, *Master of Berriedale*, who *m.* Lady Margaret Mackenzie, eldest daughter and coheir of Colin, first earl of Seaforth, and had a son,

**GEORGE**, who *s.* as sixth **EARL OF CAITHNESS**.

**Francis**, of Keiss, left a son,

**GEORGE**, who *s.* as seventh Earl of Caithness.

His lordship *d.* in 1643, and was *s.* by his great-grandson,

**GEORGE**, sixth earl, who dying childless in 1670, and being deeply indebted to Sir John Cambell, of Glenurchy, alienated his estates and honors to that gentleman, who was, in consequence, created **EARL OF CAITHNESS**; but was obliged, in 1681, to relinquish both to the rightful heir, (being himself created Earl of Breadalbane and Holland.)

**GEORGE**, seventh earl, (refer to sons of the fifth earl.) This nobleman dying unmarried, the family honors devolved, in 1698, upon his heir male,

**JOHN SINCLAIR**, of Murchil, (the lineal descendant of Sir James Sinclair, of Murchil, brother of the fifth earl,) as eighth earl. His lordship *d.* in 1705, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**ALEXANDER**, ninth earl. His lordship enjoyed the honors for sixty years. He *m.* in 1738, Lady Margaret Primrose, second daughter of Archibald, first Earl of Roseberry, and had an only daughter,

Dorothea, *m.* to James, second Earl of Fife. He died in 1765, and was *s.* by

**WILLIAM SINCLAIR**, esq. of Ratter, as tenth earl, (descended from Sir John Sinclair of Greenland, son of John, master of Caithness, and grandson of George, fourth earl.) His lordship *d.* in 1779, and was *s.* by his son,

**JOHN**, eleventh earl; at whose decease, without issue, 8th April, 1780, the honors devolved upon

**SIR JAMES SINCLAIR**, bart. of Mey, as twelfth earl, who was directly descended from George, youngest son of the fourth earl. His lordship *m.* 2nd January, 1784, Jane, second daughter of General Alexander Campbell, of Barcaldine, by whom he had issue,

**ALEXANDER**, present earl.

James, an officer of rank in the army, *b.* 24th of October, 1797, *m.* in 1819, Elizabeth, youngest daughter of George Tritton, esq. Patrick-Campbell, *b.* in 1806, *m.* — daughter of the late Major General McGregor. Eric-George, of the R.N. *b.* in 1801, *d.* 20th September, 1829.

John, an officer in the army, *b.* in 1808.

Janet, *m.* to James Buchanan, esq. Charlotte-Anne, *m.* in 1810, to Colonel Alexander Murray Mac Gregor, who *d.* 18th July, 1822.

His lordship *d.* in 1823.

*Creation*—Peerage, 23rd August, 1445. Baronetcy, 2nd July, 1631.



*Arms*—Quarterly, first, as a ship at anchor, sails furled, oars erect, in saltier, or, within a double tressure counterflowered of the last, for ORKNEY; second and third, or, a lion rampant, gu. for SPAR; fourth, as a ship under sail, or, for CAITHNESS; and over all, a cross engr. dividing the four quarters, sa. for SINCLAIR.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a cock, ppr.

*Supporters*—Two griffins sa. armed and beaked or.

*Motto*—Commit thy work to God.

*Seat*—Barrogill Castle, in the county of Caithness.



**CALDER, SIR HENRY-RODDAM**, baronet, of Muirtoun; inherited the title, as fifth baronet, at the decease of his father.

### Lineage.

The direct founder of this family, **ROBERT CALDER**, entered on, and was enfeoffed in, the lands of Asewanlie, in 1355. He had two sons; the younger of whom,

**JAMES CALDER**, settled at Elgin, and appears to have been a man of business, in that town, from the year 1647 to 1636. His son,

**THOMAS CALDER**, purchased, in 1639, the lands of Sheriff-Miln, near Elgin. He was provost of Elgin, in 1665, and, in 1669, completed his noble mansion there. He was *s.* at his decease, by his eldest son,

1. **JAMES CALDER**, Laird of Muirtoun, who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, 5th November, 1686. Sir James *m.* Grisel, daughter of Sir Robert Innes, bart. of Innes, by whom he had, with other children, his successor,

2. **SIR THOMAS**, *b.* in 1682, *m.* in 1711, Christiana, daughter of Sir John Scott, bart. of Anrum, by whom he had several children, and was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,

3. **SIR JAMES**. This gentleman *m.* Alice, daughter of Admiral Robert Hughes, by whom he had issue,

**HENRY**, his successor.

**ROBERT**, (Sir) a distinguished naval commander, who attained the rank of admiral, and, for his gallant professional services, had the honour of knighthood conferred upon him; and was subsequently created a baronet of Great Britain, 22nd August, 1796, but the dignity expired in 1818.

**Alithea**, *m.* to Admiral Roddam, of Roddam, in the county of Northumberland.

Sir James was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

4. **SIR HENRY**, who *m.* first, Miss Earle, of Beeston, in the county of Norfolk, by whom he had no issue; and secondly, Louisa, daughter of Admiral Osborne, by whom he had an only son, **HENRY-RODDAM**, the present baronet.

*Creation*—5th November, 1686.



**Arms**—Or, a hart's head, cambessed, sa. attired gu.

**Crest**—A swan swimming in a loch, bordered with flags, all ppr.

**Motto**—Vigilans non cadet.

**CALEDON, EARL OF**, (Duprè Alexander, K.P.) Viscount Alexander, and Baron Caledon, of Caledon, in the county of Tyrone, in the peerage of Ireland, and a representative lord; lord-lieutenant of the county Tyrone, and colonel of the Tyrone militia; *b.* 14th December, 1777; succeeded to the honors, as second earl, upon the demise of his father, 22nd March, 1802; *m.* 16th October, 1811, Catherine-Freman, second daughter of Philip, present Earl of Hardwicke, by whom he has issue,

**JAMES DUPRE**, Viscount Alexander; *b.* 27th July, 1813.

### Lineage.

This is a branch of the Scottish family of Alexander, Earls of Stirling.

**NATHANIEL ALEXANDER**, esq. left three sons, William.

Robert, who had issue,  
Nathaniel, D.D. Bishop of Meath.  
William, major-general.

James, M.P. *m.* Charlotte-Sophia, daughter of — Dashwood, esq. and widow of the Hon. Charles-Andrew Bruce.

Josias-Dupre, an East India director, and M.P.

**JAMES**, of whom presently.

Eliza, *m.* to Josias Dupre, esq.

The youngest son,

**JAMES ALEXANDER**, esq. having filled several important offices in India, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 6th June, 1790, by the title of *Baron Caledon, of Caledon, in the county of Tyrone*. In November, 1797, his lordship was advanced to the dignity of *Viscount Alexander*; and, 29th December, 1800, created **EARL OF CALEDON**. He *m.* 28th November, 1774, Anne, second daughter of James Crawford, esq. of Crawfordsburn, in the county of Down, and had issue,

**DUPRE**, present earl.

Mabella, *m.* to Andrew Thomas, eleventh and present Lord Blaney.

Elizabeth.

His lordship *d.* in 1802.

*Creations*—Baron, 6th June, 1790. Viscount, November, 1797. Earl, 29th December, 1800.



**Arms**—Per pale, ar. and sa. a chev. and in base a crescent, all counterchanged, on a canton az. a harp or.

## CAL

*Crest*—A cubit arm, in armour, ppr. holding a sword of the last, hilt and pomel, or.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a mermaid, with her mirror all ppr.; SINISTER, an elephant.

*Motto*—Per mare, per terras.

*Town Residence*—5, Charlton-House-Terrace.

*Seat*—Castle Caledon, Tyroneshire.

**CALL, SIR WILLIAM-PRATT**, baronet, of Whiteford, in the county of Cornwall; b. in 1781; succeeded to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 7th March, 1801; m. 19th June, 1806, Louisa, daughter of George, fifth Earl of Gernard, by whom (who d. in 1830,) he has issue,

1. WILLIAM-BERKELEY, b. 10th May, 1815.
2. Phillida.
3. Elizabeth.
4. Georgiana-Mary.
5. A daughter.

### Lineage.

JOHN CALL, esq. M.P., F.R. and A.S. eldest son of John Call, esq. of Launceells, in the county of Cornwall, having served with considerable reputation, as military engineer in India, and being subsequently appointed one of the commissioners to inquire into the state and management of the crown lands, was created a baronet, 21st June, 1791. He m. in 1772, Philadelphia, third daughter and co-heiress of Doctor Battie, by whom he had issue,

WILLIAM-PRATT, present baronet.  
George-Cotsford.

Phillida, m. in 1805, to Benjamin Bathurst, esq. son of the Bishop of Norwich.

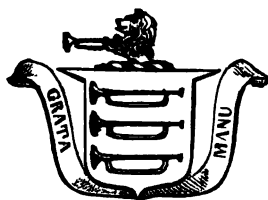
Louisa-Anne, m. in 1801, to Matthew, Lord Aylmer.

Frances, m. in 1806, to Charles Cunningham, esq.

Catherine, m. first, to Henry M'Kinnon, esq. of the second foot-guards, who fell in Spain; and secondly, to Andrew-Redmond Prior, esq.

Sir John d. in 1801.

*Creation*—21st June, 1791.



*Arms*—Gu. three trumpets fesse ways, in pale, ar.

*Crest*—A demi-lion rampant, holding a trumpet in his paw, as in the arms.

*Motto*—Grata manu.

## CAL

*Town Residence*—25, Old Bond-street.

*Seat*—Whitford House, Cornwall.

**CALTHORPE, BARON**, (George Gough-Calthorpe) of Calthorpe, in the county of Norfolk, and a baronet; b. 22nd of June, 1787; inherited the honors, as third baron, at the decease of his brother, 5th June, 1807.

### Lineage.

This nobleman is descended in the male line from the ancient Staffordshire family of Gough, of which Richard Gough, the learned Antiquary, who d. in 1809, was a distinguished member.

1. HENRY GOUGH, esq. only surviving son of Sir Richard Gough, kn. of Edgobaston, in the county of Warwick, (who amassed a considerable fortune in India, and was the youngest brother of Sir Henry Gough, kn. of Perry Hall, in the county of Stafford, and great uncle of Richard Gough, the antiquary,) was created a baronet on the 20th April, 1738, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his brother, John Gough, esq. Sir Henry m. first, Catherine, second daughter of Sir John Hargpur, by whom he had no issue. He espoused, secondly, in 1741, Barbara, only daughter of Reynolds Calthorpe, esq. of Elvetham, in the county of Southampton, by whom he had three sons and three daughters. He was s. at his decease, 8th June, 1774, by his eldest son,

2. SIR HENRY, who assumed the surname of CALTHORPE, upon inheriting, in 1783, the estates at Elvetham, in Hampshire, &c. of his uncle, Sir Henry Calthorpe, K.B. with whom the male line of the ancient house of Calthorpe expired; (a house of importance in the county of Norfolk to that period from the reign of Henry the Third.) Sir Henry Gough-Calthorpe represented Bamber in parliament from the year 1774 to 1790; and was elevated to the peerage on the 18th June, 1796, by the title of BARON CALTHORPE, of Calthorpe, in the county of Norfolk. His lordship m. Frances, second daughter of General Carpenter, by whom he left issue,

CHARLES, his successor.

GEORGE, present peer.

Frederick, M.P. b. 14th June, 1796, m. Charlotte, eldest daughter of the Duke of Beaufort, and has issue,

Frederick-William, b. 24th July, 1826.

George-Arthur, b. 20th August, 1827.

— (a son,) b. 8th November, 1829.

Somerset-John, b. 23rd January, 1831.

Charlotte, b. 10th May, 1824.

— (a daughter,) b. 11th November, 1828.

John, an officer in the royal navy, killed in suppressing a riot in Jamaica.

Arthur, b. in 1796.

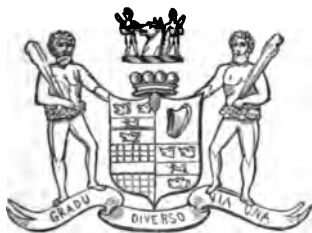
Frances-Elizabeth.

His lordship d. 16th March, 1798; and was s. by his eldest son,

CHARLES, second baron. His lordship d. unmarried, on the 5th June, 1807, when the honors devolved upon his brother.

## CAM

*Creation*—Baronet, 20th April, 1726. Baron, 15th June, 1790.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, gu. on a fesse, between three boars' heads, couped, or, a lion, passant, az. for GOUGH; second, erm. a maunch gu.; third, chequy, or, and az. a fesse erm. for CALTHORPE.

*Crest*—A boar's head, couped at the neck az. bristled and tusked or, between two woodmen, with clubs over their shoulders, all ppr.

*Supporters*—Two woodmen, with clubs over their shoulders, wreathed about the temples and loins with laurel, all ppr.

*Motto*—Gradu diverso via una.

*Town Residence*—Grosvenor-square.

*Seats*—Ampten, Suffolk; Elvetham, Hants; and Edgebaston, Warwickshire.

**CAMBRIDGE, HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE DUKE OF,** (Prince Adolphus-Frederick,) fifth and youngest surviving son of his Majesty, King George the Third, and brother of his most gracious Majesty, KING WILLIAM THE FOURTH; *b.* 24th February, 1774; created Baron of Culloden, Earl of Tipperary, and Duke of Cambridge, all in the peerage of the United Kingdom, 27th November, 1801; *m.* in 1818, Her Serene Highness, AUGUSTA-WILHELMINA-LOUISA, Princess of Hesse, youngest daughter of FREDERICK, Landgrave of Hesse Cassel, by whom he has issue,

GEORGE-WILLIAM-FREDERICK-CHARLES, *b.* 20th March, 1819.

AUGUSTA-CAROLINE-CHARLOTTE-ELIZABETH-MARY-SOPHIA-LOUISA, *b.* 19th July, 1822.

His Royal Highness is governor-general of the kingdom of Hanover, chancellor of the university of St. Andrews, knight of the Garter, knight grand cross of the Bath, and grand master of the most distinguished order of St. Michael, a field-marshal in the army, and colonel of the Coldstream regiment of foot guards.

*Creation*—27th November, 1801.

## CAM



*Arms*—The royal arms of England, with the necessary label of distinction.

*Residence*—Piccadilly. But His Royal Highness resides principally at the seat of his government, in Hanover.

**CAMDEN, MARQUESS,** (John-Jeffreys Pratt, F.S.A.) Earl Camden, of Camden Place, in the county of Kent; Earl of Brecknock; Viscount Bayham, and Baron Camden; a Knight of the Garter; one of the tellers of the exchequer; Master of the Trinity House; lord-lieutenant, vice-admiral, and custos-rotulorum, of the county of Kent, and city of Canterbury; and recorder of Bath; *b.* 11th February, 1759; *m.* 31st December, 1785, Frances, daughter and heiress of William Molesworth, esq. of Wembury, in the county of Devon, and first-cousin of Sir William Molesworth, baronet, of Pencarrow, in the county of Cornwall, by whom (who *d.* 7th July, 1829,) he has had issue,

GEORGE-CHARLES, *Earl of Brecknock, M.P.* *b.* 2nd May, 1790.

Frances, *b.* in 1777; *d.* in 1820.

Georgiana, *b.* in July, 1792.

Caroline, *b.* in 1793; *m.* to Alexander-Robert Stewart, esq. M.P. for the county of Londonderry, and *d.* 7th October, 1827.

His lordship *s.* to the earldom of Camden, &c. in April, 1794, and was created Marquess Camden and Earl of Brecknock, 7th September, 1812. The marquess has justly acquired popularity, by the disinterested abandonment to the public service of a large proportion of the emoluments of his office of teller of the exchequer.

### Lineage.

The Pratts have been of consideration in different parts of England, as well as in Ireland, from a very remote period; some of them of knightly degree: and those of Berkshire were baronets. The family of the name of which we are now treating was settled at Careswell Priory, in the county of Devon, about the middle of Queen Elizabeth's reign, but lost that estate, in consequence of the ruin which overwhelmed

Richard Pratt during the civil wars, and compelled him to dispose of his patrimonial inheritance. This Richard Pratt was grandfather of

**LORD-CHIEF-JUSTICE SIR JOHN PRATT**, *knt.* who represented the borough of Midhurst in parliament; from 1700 until his elevation to the chiefship of the court of king's bench, 20th October, 1714. His lordship *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of the Rev. Henry Gregory, rector of Middleton Stoney, in the county of Stafford, by whom he had two surviving sons and four daughters: he espoused, secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of the Rev. Hugh Wilson, and had four sons and three daughters. His lordship *d.* 24th Feb. 1724, and was *s.* by the eldest son of his first marriage,

**JOHN PRATT**, *esq.* of the Wilderness, in the county of Kent, *M.P.* who *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Geoffrey Jefferys, of Brecknock Priory, in the county of Brecknock, *knt.* by whom he had, with a daughter, who *d.* in 1807, a son,

**JOHN**, of Bayham Abbey, in the county of Sussex, who *d. s. p.* in 1797, bequeathing his estates to the present Marquess Camden.

*Mr. Pratt m.* secondly, Dorothy, daughter of the Hon. Robert Tracy, of Coscomb, in the county of Gloucester, one of the judges of the court of common-pleas, and left a son, **ROBERT**, *M.P.* of Coscomb, a master in chancery, who *d. s. p.* in 1775.

The third son, by his second marriage, of the Lord-chief-justice Pratt,

**CHARLES PRATT**, *esq.* being bred to the bar, was chosen, in 1759, recorder of Bath, and, the same year, appointed attorney-general. In December, 1761, he was constituted chief-justice of the court of common-pleas; and, on the 16th July, 1765, raised to the peerage, by the title of *Lord Camden, of Camden Place, in the county of Kent*; his lordship was, subsequently, upon the resignation of the Earl of Northampton, in 1766, appointed **LORD-HIGH-CHANCELLOR of Great Britain**; in 1784, he was nominated lord-president of the council; and, on the 13th May, 1786, advanced to a viscounty and earldom, by the titles of *Viscount Bayham* and **EARL CAMDEN**. Lord Camden, while presiding in the court of common-pleas, acquired a very high reputation for independence, legal knowledge, and impartiality, particularly in the memorable conflict between the celebrated John Wilkes and the government of that period. *Mr. Wilkes* having been committed to the Tower upon a general warrant from the secretary of state, his lordship had the prisoner immediately brought up by *habeas corpus* to the court of common-pleas, and, after laying down the law in a luminous speech, released him from confinement, on the 6th of May, 1763. The chief-justice's conduct upon this occasion, and during the subsequent proceedings in the same cause, procured him the freedom of the city of London, accompanied by a request that he would allow his picture to be painted for the

Guildhall, where it was eventually hung up. His lordship was presented also with the freedom of Dublin, and of almost every other corporation in the kingdom. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and sole heiress of Nicholas Jeffreys, *esq.* of the Priory, in the county of Brecknock, by whom he had issue,

**JOHN**, present marquess.

Frances, *m.* in 1775, to Robert, first Marquess of Londonderry.

Elizabeth, *d.* in May, 1836.

Sarah, *m.* to Nicholas Price, *esq.* of Saintfield, in the county of Down; and *d.* 1817.

Jane, *m.* to Sir Walter-James James, *bart.*, and *d.* 1825.

His lordship *d.* 18th April, 1794.

*Creations*—Barony, 10th July, 1765. Earldom Viscounty, 13th May, 1786. Marquisate and Earldom, 7th September, 1812.



*Arms*—Sa, on a fesse, between three elephants' heads, erased, ar. as many mullets as the first.

*Crest*—An elephant's head, erased, ar.

*Supporters*—*Dexter*, a griffin sa. beak and fore legs gu. *Sinister*, a lion, rampant, or, each gorged with a collar ar. charged with three mullets sa.

*Motto*—Judicium parium aut lex terre.

*Town Residence*—Arlington-street.

*Seats*—Wilderness Park, Kent; Bayham Park, Sussex; and the Priory, Brecknockshire.

**CAMERON, SIR DUNCAN**, baronet, of Fassifern, in the county of Argyll, inherited the title, as second baronet, at the decease of his father, in October, 1828.

### Lineage.

**SIR EWEN CAMERON**, knight, of Lochiel, *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir Donald Macdonald, of Slate, and dying in 1718, left a son,

**JOHN CAMERON**, *esq.* who, being involved in the rebellion of 1715, was attainted. He *m.* Isabel, daughter of Sir Duncan Campbell, of Lochnell, by whom he had three sons, the second of whom,

**JOHN CAMERON**, *esq.* of Fassifern, *m.* Jean, daughter of John Campbell, *esq.* of Achaladder, and had, with other children,

1. **EWEN CAMERON**, *esq.* of Fassifern, *b.* 20th March, 1740; *m.* 2nd November, 1767, Louisa,

## CAM

daughter of Duncan Campbell, esq. of Balcaldine; by whom he had issue,

JOHN, colonel of the ninety-second highlanders, who gloriously fell at the head of his distinguished regiment at Quatre Bras, as particularly described in the Duke of Wellington's despatches after the battle of Waterloo.

DUNCAN, present baronet.

Peter, commander of the Balcarras East Indianman.

Mary, (deceased,) m. to Alexander Macdonald, esq. (deceased,) of Glencoe.

Jean, (deceased,) m. to Roderick Macneil, esq. of Barra, (deceased.)

Catherine, m. to Colonel Duncan Macpherson, of Clunty, (deceased.)

Mr. Cameron was created a baronet in 1815, in consideration of the services rendered by his gallant son, Colonel Cameron, as well during the Peninsular War, as in Holland in 1799, and in Egypt in 1801. Sir Ewen d. in 1828.

*Creation*—30th September, 1815.



*Arms*—Gu. three bars or; on a bend ermine, a sphinx between two wreaths of laurel ppr.; on a chief embattled, a view of a fortified town, and there under the word "ACRE."

*Crest*—First (of honorable augmentation granted to Colonel Cameron, 20th May, 1815,) a highlander of the 92nd foot, up to the middle in water, grasping in his right hand a broadsword, and in his left a banner inscribed 92nd, within a wreath of laurel; second, out of a mural crown, or, a dexter arm embowed in armour, the hand grasping a sword, all ppr.

*Supporters*—On either side, a highlander in the uniform of the 92nd regiment, holding in the exterior hand a musket, all ppr.

*Mottos*—Over the crest, "Arriverette." The passage of the river Gave, at Arriverette, near Bayonne, in 1813, being one of the exploits of Colonel Cameron. Under the arms "Maya," the pass of Maya, in the same year, being another scene of his military renown.

*Seat*—Famiffarn, Argyleshire.

CAMPBELL, SIR JAMES, of Aberuchill, in the county of Perth, *Baronet of Nova Scotia*.

## CAM

*Creation*—13th Dec. 1627.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first, gyronny of eight or and sa.; second, or, a fesse, chequy, az. and ar.; third, ar. a galley, her sails furled, and oars in action, sa.; fourth, as first, all within a bordure erm.

*Crest*—A lion, rampant, guardant, holding, in his dexter paw, a sword, and, in his sinister, a laurel crown.

*Supporters*—Two blood-hounds, rampant, guardant, ar. collared and leashed gu.

*Motto*—Victoriam coronat Christus.

CAMPBELL, SIR THOMAS, baronet; of Auchinbreck, inherited the title, as seventh baronet, in 1812.

### Lineage.

The immediate founder of this family was, SIR DUNCAN CAMPBELL, Lord of Lochow, (progenitor of the Duke of Argyll;) from whom lineally descended

1. SIR DUGALD CAMPBELL, knt. of Auchinbreck, who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, with remainder to his heirs male whatsoever, 21st March, 1628. Sir Dugald m. Mary, daughter of Sir Alexander Erskine, of Grogar, (son of John, fifth Earl of Mar, and brother of Thomas, fifth Earl of Kelly,) by whom he had two sons and three daughters. He d. at an advanced age, in 1643, and was s. by his second, but eldest surviving, son,

2. SIR DUNCAN, who m. first, Margaret, daughter of Bryce Blair, esq. of Blair, by whom he had no issue; and, secondly, Miss Maxwell, of Newark, by whom he had two sons, Dugald, and Archibald, of Knockmelle. Sir Duncan, who was engaged on the side of the parliament during the civil wars, fell in an action, fought against the Marquess of Montrose, in 1645, and was s. by his eldest son,

3. SIR DUGALD; at whose decease, without issue, the title devolved upon his nephew,

4. SIR DUNCAN. This gentleman m. Lady Henrietta Lindsay, daughter of Alexander, Lord Balcarras, and was s. by his only son,

5. SIR JAMES, who m. twice: first, Janet, daughter of Norman Macleod, esq. of Macleod,

## CAM

by whom he had two sons and a daughter; and, secondly, Susanna, daughter of Sir Archibald Campbell, of Calder, by whom he had four sons and four daughters. He *d.* at an advanced age, 14th October, 1756, and was *s.* by his grandson,

**G. SIR JAMES**, who *d.* in 1812.

*Creation*—21st March, 1628.



*Arms*—Gyronny of eight, or and sa. within a bordure, gobony, vert and ar. the last charged with eight ermine-spots of the second.

*Crest*—A dexter hand ppr. holding a spur or.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a man in complete armour; SINISTER, a horse, saddled and bridled, both ppr.

*Motto*—Forget not.

*Seat*—Auchinbreck Castle, Argyllshire.

**CAMPBELL, SIR JOHN**, baronet, of Ardnamurchan, and Airds, in the county of Argyll; *b.* 15th March, 1767; inherited the title in 1788; *m.* 17th July, 1803, Mary, daughter of John Campbell, esq. of Lochend, by whom he has an only son,

**JOHN**, *b.* 27th November, 1807.

Sir John is the sixth baronet in succession, but the second apparently in enjoyment of the dignity.

### Lineage.

1. **SIR DONALD CAMPBELL**, of Ardnamurchan, natural son of Sir John Campbell, knt. of Calder, was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* 14th June, 1628, with remainder to his heirs male whatsoever. This dignity he resigned into the king's hands for a new infeftment of it and the lands annexed, in favor of himself and George Campbell, his nephew and heir male, 28th August, 1643; which nephew,

**GEORGE CAMPBELL**, *s.* at his decease, to the estate of Airds, but did not inherit that of Ardnamurchan; which, owing to Sir Donald's having no issue male, reverted to the family of Argyll. This gentleman does not appear, however, to have assumed the baronetcy, nor did his three successors,

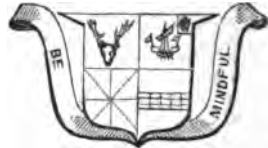
**JOHN CAMPBELL**, of Airds.

**ALEXANDER CAMPBELL**, of Airds.

## CAM

**DONALD CAMPBELL**, of Airds, who obtained a charter under the great seal, as heir to his predecessor and father. This gentleman *m.* Jane, daughter of Archibald Campbell, esq. of Stonefield, by whom he had three daughters and an only son, John, who assumed the title upon being served as heir male to Sir Donald Campbell, the first baronet.

*Creation*—14th June, 1628.



*Arms*—Quarterly, first, or, a stag's head, cabossed, sa. attired gu.; second, ar. a galley, her sails furled, and oars in action, sa.; third, gyronny of eight or and sa.; fourth, a fessy, chequy, az. and ar.

*Motto*—Be mindful.

*Seat*—Airds House, Argyllshire.

**CAMPBELL-HUME-PURVES, SIR WILLIAM**, baronet, of Purves Hall, in the county of Berwick; inherited the title, as sixth baronet, at the decease of his father, Sir Alexander Purves, in 1813.

### Lineage.

1. **SIR WILLIAM PURVES**, knt. an eminent lawyer and staunch royalist, was appointed by King Charles II. solicitor-general for Scotland, and created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* on the 6th of July, 1665, and dying in 1685, was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR ALEXANDER**, who was nominated, by patent, his father's successor in the solicitor-generalship. This gentleman *m.* a daughter of Hume, of Ninewells, and was *s.* at his decease, in 1701, by his eldest son,

3. **SIR WILLIAM**, who was *s.* in 1730, by his eldest son,

4. **SIR WILLIAM**. This gentleman *m.* Lady Anne-Hume-Campbell, eldest daughter of Alexander, second Earl of Marchmont, by whom he had one surviving son and three daughters. He *d.* in 1761, and was *s.* by his son,

**SIR ALEXANDER**, who *m.* four times: first, Miss Le Blanc, of London, by whom he had one son and three daughters; secondly, Mary, daughter of Sir James Home, bart. by whom he had five sons and four daughters; thirdly, Magdalen, daughter of James Edmonstone, esq. of Longfaugh, by whom he had two sons and one daughter; and, fourthly, Isabella, daughter of James Hunter, esq. of Frankfield, by whom he had an only son. Sir Alexander *d.* in 1813, and was *s.* by his eldest son, the present baronet, who assumed the addi-

tional surnames of "HUME-CAMPBELL" upon inheriting the estates of his maternal family. His uncle, the Hon. Alexander Hume-Campbell, lord-registrar of Scotland, d. without issue in 1760; and his cousin, Alexander, fourth Earl of Marchmont, d. also s. p. in 1781, when that title became extinct, or at least dormant.

*Creation*—6th July, 1665.



*Arms*—Quarterly; **FIRST GRAND QUARTER**, 1st and 4th, vert, a lion, rampant, ar.: 2nd and 3rd, ar. three popinjays vert.: **SECOND GRAND QUARTER**, gyronny of eight, or and sa. within a bordure gu. charged with eight escallops of the first, a canton gyronny of eight, gu. and erm.; **THIRD GRAND QUARTER**, az. on a fesse between three mascles ar. as many cinquefoils of the first; **FOURTH GRAND QUARTER**, quarterly, 1st and 4th, three piles, engr. az.; second and third, ar. a cross engr. az.; over all, in surmount, an inescutcheon ar. charged with an orange, slipped, and imperially crowned, all ppr.

*Crest*—A dexter arm, issuing from a heart, and grasping a cimeter all ppr.

*Supporters*—Two lions rampant, regardant, ar.

*Mottos*—Over the crest—"True to the end;" under the arms—"Fides probata coronat."

*Seats*—Purves Hall, and Marchmont, North Britain.

**CAMPBELL, SIR ARCHIBALD**, baronet, of Succoth, in the county of Dumbar-ton; b. in 1769; m. in 1795, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of John Balfour, esq. of Balbirnie, in the county of Fife, by whom he has issue,

1. **JOHN**, m. in 1824, Jane, daughter of F. Sitwell, esq. of Barman Castle, and has issue.
2. **George**.
3. **James**.
4. **Andrew-Ramsay**.
5. **Susan**.
6. **Elizabeth**, m. in 1824, to David, present Earl of Leven and Melville.
7. **Mary**.
8. **Catherine-Amelia**.

Sir Archibald s. to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 28th of March, 1823. In 1809, Sir Archibald was appointed one of the lords of session in Scotland, where he presided, under the title of Lord Succoth, until his retirement upon a pension, in 1824.

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### Lineage.

1. **ILAY CAMPBELL**, lord-president of the court of session in Scotland, under the titular designation of Lord Succoth, (eldest son of Archibald Campbell, esq. of Succoth, descended from a branch of the ducal house of Argyll, by Helen Wallace, heiress of Ellerslie,) m. in 1766, Susan-Mary, daughter of Archibald Murray, of Cringally, esq. by whom he had issue, ARCHIBALD, present baronet, and six daughters. The honor of a baronetcy was conferred upon the lord-president when he retired from office, 17th September, 1808. He d. in 1823.

*Creation*—17th September, 1808.



*Arms*—Quarterly: first and fourth, gyronny, of eight invecked, or and sa.; second and third, az., a lion rampant, ar., within a bordure, compo-ny, ar. and az.

*Crest*—A camel's head, coupé, ppr.

*Town Residence*—Edinburgh.

*Seat*—Succoth, Dumbartonshire.

**CAMPBELL-COCKBURN, SIR ALEXANDER-THOMAS**, baronet; s. to the title, as second baronet, upon the decease of his maternal grandfather, Sir Alexander Campbell, K.C.B., 11th December, 1824, and assumed, by sign manual in 1825, the additional surname and arms of CAMPBELL; m. 20th of June, 1827, Margaret, eldest daughter of General Sir John Malcolm, G.C.B.

### Lineage.

1. **ALEXANDER CAMPBELL**, esq. of an ancient Scottish family, having attained the rank of lieutenant-general in the army, and being engaged in active service from the year 1776, when he entered as ensign in the Royal Scots, to the battle of Talavera, in which action he commanded the fourth division of the army, and was severely wounded, was created a baronet 6th May, 1815, and obtained a renewed patent, 3rd July, 1820, for the purpose of extending the limitation to his grandson, ALEXANDER COCKBURN, and to the issue male of his second daughter, Isabella, Lady Malcolm. Sir Alexander m. first, Olympia-Eli-zabeth, eldest daughter of William Morabhead, esq. of Cartuther, in the county of Cornwall, and had issue,

John-Morehead, a lieutenant of infantry, killed at the battle of Assaye.

Allan-William, lieutenant-colonel in the army, fell at the battle of the Pyrenees, 28th July, 1812.

Olympia, m. to Alexander Cockburn, esq. of Madras, banker, and had

ALEXANDER-THOMAS, present baronet.

Isabella-Charlotte, m. to Sir John Malcolm, G.C.B., and has issue.

Amelia-Harriet, m. to John M'Donald Kinneir, esq. town major of Fort St. George, Madras.

The baronet m. secondly, Elizabeth-Anne, daughter of the Rev. Thomas Pemberton, by whom he left a daughter,

Flora-Elizabeth.

Sir Alexander Campbell had the honor, in 1812, of officiating as proxy for the *then* Earl of Wellington, at his lordship's installation as a knight of the Bath, and received himself the honor of knighthood; he served during the celebrated siege of Gibraltar, and was colonel of the 80th regiment at the time of his decease. He d. 11th December, 1824.

*Creation*—3rd July, 1820.



*Arms*—Quarterly: first and fourth, gyronny of eight or and sa.; second, ar. a lymphad or ancient galley sa.; third, or, a fesse, chequy ar. and az.; over all a chief ar. charged with a rock ppr. subscribed "GIBRALTAR," between two medals; that on the dexter representing the silver medal presented to Sir Alexander Campbell by the supreme government of India, for his services at the storming of Seringapatam, 1799; and that on the sinister representing the gold medal presented to him for his services at the battle of Talavera, 1809, for CAMPBELL: second and third quarterly, first and fourth ar., an ostrich feather ensigned with an imperial crown ppr. between three cocks, two and one gu.; second and third gu., six mascles, three, two, and one, or, for COCKBURN.

*Crete*—CAMPBELL, a cubit arm erect, the hand grasping a cimeter ppr.; over it the motto, "Without fear." COCKBURN, a cock ppr.; over it the motto, "Vigilans et audax."

CAMPBELL, SIR GUY, baronet, C.B. a lieutenant-colonel in the army, and major in the 6th regiment of foot; created a baronet, 27th December, 1814; m. 13th January, 1817, Frances-Elizabeth, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Montagu Burgoyne, esq. of Marks-Hall, by whom (who d. 7th May, 1818,) he had a daughter, Frances-Elizabeth. Sir Guy m. secondly, 21st November, 1820, Pamela, daughter of the late Lord Edward Fitzgerald, and cousin of the present Duke of Leinster; by whom he has issue one son, b. 25th October, 1822, and another, b. 17th April, 1824.

### Lineage.

LIEUT.-GEN. COLIN CAMPBELL, lieutenant-governor of Gibraltar, and colonel of the 35th regiment; m. Mary, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Colonel Guy Johnson; and had, with several other children, GUY, created a baronet as above.

*Creation*—27th December, 1814.



*Arms*—Quarterly: first and fourth, gyronny of eight, or and sa.; second and third, ar. a lymphad sa., with a flag and pennants flying gu.; all within a bordure, embattled, erm.

*Crete*—On a wreath, a boar's head, couped, or.  
*Motto*—Follow me.

CAMPBELL, SIR ARCHIBALD, baronet. This gentleman, who is a major-general in the army, a knight grand cross of the Bath, and lieutenant-governor of New Brunswick, was created a baronet, in September, 1831; but, in consequence of his absence, no particulars of his family have as yet been obtained.

CAMPBELL, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Carrick Buoy, in the county of Donegal; so created by letters patent, dated 16th September, 1831; b. in May, 1771; m. in August, 1798, Eliza, daughter of Dr. Gilbert Pasley, physician general, at Madras, and has issue,

JOHN-NICOLL-ROBERT, Captain of Cavalry in the service of the East India Company, and Chargé d'Affaires in Persia.



## CAM

Edward-Alexander, major of cavalry in the service of the East India Company.  
Robert-Henry-Scott, in the civil service of the East India Company.  
James-William-Henry, in the service of the East India Company at Canton.  
Jane-Fotheringham, m. to Lieutenant colonel Harris Cook Hailes, commanding the 28th regiment of foot.  
Eliza-Wemyss, m. to Richard Barron, esq. of the 28th foot.

### Lineage.

JOHN CAMPBELL, esq. of Ballyshannon, son of John Campbell, esq. of Tuam, in the county of Galway, m. Jane, daughter of the Rev. Edward Forbes of Killbannan Castle, in the county of Donegal, and was father of ROBERT CAMPBELL, created a baronet as above.

*Creation*—16th September, 1831.



*Arms*—Quarterly, first and fourth, gyronny of eight, or and sa. Second and third, a galley sa. sails unfurled, oars in action.

*Crest*—A boar's head erased ppr.

*Motto*—Ne obliviscaris.

*Town Residence*—Argyll-place.

*Seat*—Carrick-Buoy, county of Donegal.

CAMPBELL, SIR DUNCAN, baronet, of Barcaldine, in the county of Argyll; so created, by letters patent, in September, 1831; m. 22nd February, 1815, Elizabeth, daughter of James Dennistown, esq. of Dennistown, in Dumbartonshire, by whom he has

ALEXANDER, b. 16th June, 1819, with six other sons and four daughters.

### Lineage.

This family is descended from that branch of the house of Campbell, Earls and Marquesses of Breadalbane.

*Creation*—September, 1831.

*Arms*—Quarterly, first and fourth, Gyronny of eight, or and sa. for CAMPBELL. SECOND, or a fesse, chequy ar. and sa. THIRD, ar. a galley, sa. sails unfurled, oars in action, for LORN.

## CAM



*Crest*—A man in full highland garb, holding in his dexter hand a broad sword, and on his sinister arm, a shield ppr.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, an heraldic tiger; SINISTER, a stag; all ppr.

*Motto*—Paratus sum.

*Seat*—Barcaldine, Argyllshire.

CAMPERDOWN, EARL OF, (Robert-Dundas-Haldane-Duncan,) Viscount Duncan, of Camperdown, and Baron Duncan, of Lundie, in the county of Forfar; b. 21st of March, 1785; s. as second viscount, upon the demise of his father, 4th August, 1804, and obtained the earldom by creation 7th September, 1831; m. 5th January, 1805, Janet, daughter of the late Sir Hugh Hamilton-Dalrymple, baronet, by whom he has issue,

1. ADAM, Viscount Duncan, b. 26th March, 1812.
2. Hamilton-Hew-Adam, b. March, 1820.
3. Henrietta-Dundas.
4. Elizabeth.

His lordship has assumed the additional surname of HALDANE, that of his maternal grandmother.

### Lineage.

The family of Lundie is of very high antiquity, it was originally styled Duncan, of Seaside, and there is a well authenticated heraldic tradition which accounts particularly for its crest, a *dis-mantled ship*, now borne over the arms of Camperdown. A member of the family who lived some two hundred years ago, being supercargo on board a vessel bound from Norway, to his native place, Dundee, was overtaken by a tremendous storm, in which the ship became almost a complete wreck, and the crew were reduced to the utmost distress. Contrary, however, to all expectations, they were enabled to navigate their crazy crippled bark into port, and the parents of the thus fortunately rescued son immediately adopted the crest alluded to, in commemoration of the dangers their heir had so providentially escaped from.

ALEXANDER DUNCAN, esq. of Lundie, in the county of Angus, m. Isabella, daughter of Sir Peter Murray, bart. of Aughtertyne, and had issue,

ALEXANDER, his successor.

William, an eminent physician, in London, who was created a baronet, 14th August, 1764, having been previously appointed physician extraordinary to the king. Sir William m. lady Mary Tufton, eldest daughter of Sackville, Earl of Thanet, but died s.p. when the baronetcy expired.

Mr. Duncan was s. by his elder son,

ALEXANDER DUNCAN, esq. of Lundie, who m. Helen, daughter of ——— Haldane, of Glen-eagles, in the county of Perth, and had issue,

ALEXANDER, a lieutenant-colonel in the army, who s. to the estate of Lundie.

Adam.

The younger son

ADAM DUNCAN, having adopted the naval profession, entered into that service about the year 1746, under Robert Haldane, then captain of the *Shoreham* frigate: in three years afterwards we find young Duncan, a mishipman, on board the *Centurion*, of 50 guns, a ship ordered to be equipped to receive the broad pendant of Commodore Keppel, who was appointed commander-in-chief on the Mediterranean station. In 1755, Mr. Duncan obtained his lieutenantcy, and was appointed to the *Norwich*, a fourth rate, commanded by Capt. Barrington. On the 21st September, 1759, he was advanced to the rank of Commander, and in the year 1761, made *post* captain, and appointed to the *Valiant* of 74 guns; in which ship, under the broad pendant of Admiral Keppel, he acquired considerable reputation at the capture of the *Havannah*. In 1780, Captain Duncan was promoted to be *Rear-admiral of the Blue*, and passing through the intermediate grades, was appointed on 14th February, 1799, to be Admiral of the White. During the greater part of this interval, however, (up to the year 1795), singular as it may appear to posterity, the high merits of Admiral Duncan continued either unknown, or at least unregarded. Frequently did he solicit a command, and as frequently did he experience disappointment. It has even been reported that this brave man had it once in contemplation to retire altogether from the service, on a very honorable civil employment, connected with the navy; at length, however, the cloud burst, and Admiral Duncan was constituted in 1795, *Commander-in-chief* in the North seas. He accordingly hoisted his flag on board the *Prince George* of 98 guns, but afterwards removed to the *Venerable* of 74. In this command he had the honor of achieving a splendid victory, off *Camperdown*, 11th October, 1797, over the Dutch fleet, under Admiral de Winter; for which brilliant exploit he was elevated to the peerage 30th October, 1797, in the dignities of *Baron Duncan, of Lundie*, and *Viscount Duncan, of Camperdown*. His lordship had a grant at the same time of a pension of 3000*l.* per annum for the life of himself, and his two next successors in the peerage. He m. Henrietta, second daughter of the Right Hon. Robert Dundas, lord-president of the court of session in Scotland, and niece of Henry, first Lord Melville, by whom he had issue,

ROBERT DUNDAS, present earl.

Henry, captain R.N. m. Mary, daughter of Captain Crawford, R. N. and has issue,  
1. Adam-Alexander, b. in 1824.

2. Anne-Mary, b. in 1825.

Jane, m. to Sir H. Dalrymple Hamilton, bart.

Henrietta, m. to Sir James Fergusson, bart. Mary-Tufton, m. to James Dundas, esq. of Dundas.

Adamina, m. to Sir John Hamilton-Dalrymple, bart.

Catherine.

His lordship, who inherited the family estates at the decease of his brother colonel Duncan, d. 4th August, 1804.

*Creations*—Viscount and Baron, 30th October, 1797. Earl, 7th September, 1831.



*Arms*—Gu. a representation of the gold medal conferred upon the first viscount, by King George III. for the victory off Camperdown, ensigned with a naval crown, and subscribed "CAMPERDOWN," between two roses in chief, and a bugle-horn in base ar. strung and garnished az.

*Crest*—A dismasted ship, *ppr.*

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a female figure, crowned with a celestial crown, a scarf across her garments, resting her exterior hand upon an anchor, the other holding a palm branch; SINISTER, a sailor holding in his exterior hand the Union flag, with the tri-coloured flag wrapped round the staff.

*Mottos*—Above the crest, "Disce pati;" under the shield, "Secundis dubisque rectus."

*Seats*—Camperdown, Forfarshire, and Glen-eagles, Perthshire.

CANNING, VISCOUNTESS, (Joan Canning,) of Kilbraham, in the county of Kilkenny, in the peerage of the United Kingdom, so created January, 1828, with remainder to her heirs male by her deceased husband, The Right Honorable George Canning (for whose lineage see Lord Garvah), by whom her ladyship had issue,

George-Charles, d. in 1820.

William-Pitt, a commander in the R.N., unfortunately drowned while bathing at Madeira, 25th September, 1828.

## CAR

**CHARLES-JOHN**, *b.* 15th Dec. 1812.  
Harriet, *m.* in 1825, to Ulick-John, Marquess  
of Clanricarde.

### Lineage.

**MAJOR-GEN. JOHN SCOTT**, of Balcomie, in the  
county of Fife, whose lady was considered the  
last representative of the illustrious **SIR WILLIAM WALLACE**, of *Ellerslie*, so celebrated in  
Scottish history, left three daughters, viz.

Henrietta, who succeeded to landed and  
other property to the amount of three  
hundred thousand pounds; *m.* William,  
present Duke of Portland.

Lucy, *m.* in 1705, to Francis, Lord Doune,  
(now Earl of Moray), and *d.* in 1798, leav-  
ing issue.

JOAN, created **VISCOUNTESS CANNING**, as above.

*Creation*—January, 1828.



*Arms*—Ar. on a bend az. a mullet, between  
two crescents or, in chief a crescent gu., a bor-  
dure, engr. of the last.

*Town Residence*—37, Chester-terrace.

**CARBERY, BARON**, (John Evans-  
Freke,) of Carbery, in the county of Cork,  
in the peerage of Ireland, and a baronet of  
the same part of the United Kingdom; *b.*  
11th November, 1765; *m.* 25th January,  
1783, Catherine-Charlotte, third daughter of  
Arthur, second Earl of Arran, by whom he  
has no issue. His lordship succeeded to the  
baronetcy, as second baronet, at the decease  
of his father, in 1777, and to the peerage,  
as sixth lord, upon the demise of his cousin,  
4th March, 1807. Lord Carbery is one of  
the representative peers of Ireland.

### Lineage.

The family of Evans is originally of the prin-  
cipality of Wales; whence, in the reign of King  
James I. John Evans, esq. removed to the city of  
Limerick, where he was living in 1628. The  
grandson of this John Evans,

**GEORGE EVANS**, esq. barrister-at-law, a staunch  
promoter of the revolution, and after the re-  
duction of Ireland by King William, a member of  
parliament and privy councillor. He resided at  
Bullgaden Hall, in the county of Limerick, and  
*m.* in 1679, Mary, daughter of John Eyre, esq.  
of Eyre Court, in the county of Galway, by  
whom he had (besides daughters,)

## CAR

**GEORGE**, of whom presently.

Eyre, of Portmahon, in the county of Dub-  
lin, barrister-at-law, M.P. for the county  
of Limerick, *m.* Sarah, second daughter of  
Thomas Dixon, esq. of Ballylackin, in the  
county of Cork, and had, with other issue,  
**HAMPDEN**, whom *m.* Margaret, second daugh-  
ter of Joshua Davis, esq. barrister-at-  
law, and left

1. **GEORGE**, of Portrane, late high she-  
riff of the county of Dublin, *m.* So-  
phia, only daughter of the late  
Right Hon. Sir John Parnell, bart.
2. Joshua, of the English bar, one of  
the commissioners of the court of  
bankruptcy.
3. Eyre, of Liverpool, merchant.
4. Sarah, *m.* to the late General  
Lawless.
5. Anne, *m.* to Geo. Putland, esq.
6. Elizabeth, *m.* to the Rev. Thomas  
Acton.

Thomas, of Miltown, in the county of Cork,  
M.P. *m.* Miss Waller, and left issue.

The Right Hon. George Evans *d.* in 1720, and  
was *s.* by his eldest son,

**GEORGE EVANS**, esq. who having represented  
the county of Limerick in parliament, was con-  
stituted, 12th November, 1714, governor, consta-  
ble, and keeper of the castle or fort of Limerick,  
and elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 9th May,  
1715, by the title of **BARON CARBERY**, of *Car-  
bery*, in the county of Cork, with remainder,  
in default of male issue, to the heirs male of his  
father. His lordship was called in the same year  
to the privy-council; and returned member to the  
British parliament for Westbury, in Wiltshire.  
He *m.* in 1703, Anne, daughter of William Staf-  
ford, esq. of Bliatherwick, in the county of North-  
ampton, and co-heiress, eventually, of her brother,  
William, by whom he had, with other children,

**GEORGE**, his successor.

John, of Bulgadden Hall, who *m.* in 1741,  
Grace, only daughter of Sir Ralph Freke,  
bart. of Castle Freke, in the county of  
Cork, and sole heiress of her brother, Sir  
John-Redmond Freke, M.P. for the city of  
Cork, with whom the baronetcy expired;  
and left, with other children, at his decease,  
in 1758,

**JOHN EVANS**, esq. who, in compliance  
with the testamentary injunction of  
his maternal uncle, assumed the addi-  
tional surname of "**FREKE**," and was  
created a baronet in 1768. Sir John  
Evans-Freke succeeded, at the decease  
of his elder brother, George, to his pa-  
ternal estates, and marrying in 1764,  
Elizabeth, second daughter of Arthur  
Gore, Earl of Arran, had issue,

**JOHN**, his successor in the baronetcy,  
and present Lord Carbery.

George, *m.* Susan, widow of the fourth  
Lord Carbery, and *d.* in 1829.

Percy, *m.* 1797, Dorothea, daughter  
of the Rev. Christopher Harvey,

## CAR

D.D. of Kyle, in the county of Wexford, and has issue,

1. George, b. in 1799.
2. Percy.
3. William.
4. Jane-Grace.

Jane-Grace, m. to the late Sir Fenton Aylmer, bart. and d. 31st December, 1827.

Sir John d. in 1777, and was s. by his eldest son,

Sir JOHN, who inherited the barony of Carbery at the decease of his cousin, John, fifth baron, and is the present lord.

George, first lord Carbery, d. 26th August, 1740, and was s. by his eldest son,

GEORGE, second baron, member in the British parliament for Westbury. His lordship m. Frances, youngest daughter of Richard, fifth Viscount Fitzwilliam, and dying 2nd February, 1750, was s. by his eldest son,

GEORGE, third baron, who m. first, in 1760, Juliana, third daughter of Baptist Noel, fourth Earl of Gainsborough, by whom he had an only daughter. His lordship espoused, secondly, in 1762, Elizabeth, third daughter of Christopher Horton, esq. of Catton Hall, in the county of Derby, by whom he had an only son, his successor at his decease, 26th May, 1783,

GEORGE, fourth baron, b. in 1766; representative for the county of Rutland in the British parliament. His lordship m. in 1792, Susan, only daughter and heiress of Colonel Henry Watson, but dying without issue, 31st December, 1804, the title reverted to his uncle,

JOHN, fifth baron. His lordship m. in 1750, Emilia, fourth daughter of the Very Rev. William Crowe, Dean of Clonfert, by whom he left two daughters,

Frances-Dorothea, m. to William Preston, esq.

Maria-Juliana, m. to Thomas Barry, esq.

His lordship d. 4th March, 1807, and no male issue surviving him, the barony devolved upon his cousin, Sir JOHN EVANS-FREKE, bart., whose direct lineage appears above.

*Creation*—Baron, 9th May, 1715. Baronet, 1768.



*Arms*—Quarterly: first and fourth, ar. three boars' heads, couped, sa. for EVANS; second and third sa. two bars or, in chief three mullets of the last, for FREKE.

## CAR

*Crests*—First, EVANS, a demi lion, rampant, regardant, or, holding between the paws a boar's head, as in the arms; second, FREKE, a bull's head couped.

*Supporters*—Two lions regardant, or, ducally crowned az.

*Motto*—Libertas.

*Seats*—Castle Freke, in the county of Cork; and Laxton Hall, Northamptonshire.

CARDEN, SIR HENRY-ROBERT, baronet, of Templemore, in the county of Tipperary; b. 8th February, 1789; m. 10th March, 1818, Louisa, only child of Frederick Thompson, esq. of the city of Dublin, by whom he has issue,

JOHN-CHRYSTEN, b. 1st December, 1819.

Frederick, b. 26th March, 1821.

Henry-Daniel, b. 1st May, 1822.

Arthur, b. 30th June, 1823.

Elizabeth-Catharine, b. 2nd December, 1818.

Sarah-Sophia, b. 3rd July, 1824.

Frances-Mary, b. 29th August, 1825.

Sir Henry-Robert, who is a military officer, and served under the Duke of Wellington in the Peninsular War and at the battle of Waterloo, inherited the title, as third baronet, at the decease of his brother, 4th March, 1822.

## Lineage.

This family is of remote antiquity and English descent, having removed from the county of Lincoln, into Ireland, about the middle of the seventeenth century. The name is, however, local, being derived from the township of Cawarden, Carwarden, or Carden, which lies about eleven miles S.E. from Chester, and which manor was the original inheritance of the family; but, the elder branch terminating in co-heiresses, the manor of Over-Carden was carried by marriage into the family of Felton, about the close of the sixteenth century. A branch of the family had been settled in the county of Kent; where it appears that it was for several generations possessed of the manor of Hodiford: but that was alienated temp. Elizabeth, by John Carden, to the family of Cobbes, when there is reason to believe, that the Cardens of Kent removed into Lincolnshire; and that, from them, diverged the Irish branch, springing from

JOHN CARDEN, esq. who settled at Templemore, in the county of Tipperary, about the year 1650. This gentleman m. Priscilla Kent, by whom he had two sons; John, his successor; and William, who m. Gertrude, daughter of — Warburton, esq. of Garryhinch, in the Queen's county. This John Carden d. at the extraordinary age of 103, in 1728, and was s. by his elder son,

JOHN CARDEN, esq. of Templemore, who was s. by his eldest son,

JOHN CARDEN, esq. of Templemore. This gentleman m. Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of the

## CAR

Rev. Robert Craven, by Rose, daughter of — Otway, esq. of Castle Otway, in the county of Tipperary, by whom he had two sons and seven daughters. He d. in 1774, and was s. by his eldest son,

1. JOHN-CRAVEN CARDEN, esq. of Templemore, who was created a BARONET OF IRELAND 31st August, 1787. He m. first, 23rd January, 1776, Mary, third daughter of Arthur, Viscount Harborton, by whom he had two sons. Sir John m. secondly, Sarah, daughter of John Moore, esq. by whom he had

Annealey, who d. unmarried.

Gertrude, m. to James Butler, esq. of Park, in the county of Tipperary.

The baronet m. thirdly, Mary-Frances, daughter of Henry Westermar, esq. and sister of Warner William, second Lord Rossmore, by whom he had HENRY-ROBERT, present baronet.

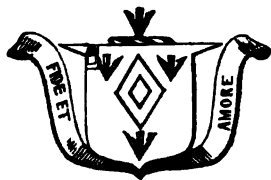
Frances, m. to William-Blayney Wade, esq. of Clonabraney, in the county of Meath.

Harriet-Amelia, m. to Henry-Jesse Lloyd, esq.

Sir John m. fourthly, Anne, relict of the late Viscount Monck. Sir John Carden raised and commanded the 36th regiment of light-dragoons, which, with many others, was reduced at the peace of Amiens. He d. 21st November, 1820, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR ARTHUR. This gentleman m. Mary, daughter of Thomas Kemmis, esq. of Shane, in the Queen's county; but dying without issue, in 1823, the title devolved upon his brother, HENRY-ROBERT, the present baronet.

*Creation*—31st August, 1787.



*Arms*—Ar. a mascle gu. between three pheons sa.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a pheon sa.

*Motto*—Fide et amore.

*Seat*—Templemore-House, county of Tipperary.

CARDIGAN, EARL OF, (Robert Brudenell,) Baron Brudenell, of Stanton Wivill, in the county of Leicester, and a baronet; b. 26th April, 1769; m. 8th March, 1794, Penelope-Anne, second daughter of George-John Cooke, esq. of Harefield Park, in the county of Middlesex, by whom (who d. 2nd February, 1826) he has issue,

JAMES-THOMAS, Lord Brudenell, M.P.; b. 16th October, 1797; m. 19th June, 1826,

## CAR

Elizabeth-Jane-Henrietta, eldest daughter of Admiral and Lady Elizabeth Tollemache. Harriet-Georgiana, m. in March, 1820, to Richard, present Earl Howe.

Charlotte-Penelope, m. 1820, to Henry-Charles Sturt, esq. of Critchell House, in the county of Dorset.

Emma, m. in Oct. 1827, to David Pennant, esq. Mary, m. 19th August, 1828, to the Earl of Chichester.

Augusta, m. in June, 1827, to Henry-Bingham Baring, esq.

Anne, m. in 1829, to George-Charles, Lord Bingham, son and heir of the Earl of Lucan.

The earl had an elder daughter,

Elizabeth-Anne, who m. first in 1816, the Hon. John Percival, eldest son of the present Lord Arden; and secondly, after his decease, the Rev. William-John Brodrick, son of his grace the Archbishop of Cashell. Her ladyship d. in 1824, in a few months after her second marriage.

His lordship succeeded to the honors, as sixth earl, upon the demise of his uncle, 24th February, 1811.

### Lineage.

This noble family deduces its genealogy from WILLIAM DE BRADENHILL, a person of considerable note and extensive possessions, in the reigns of Henry III. and Edward I.; who was seated at Dodington, in Oxfordshire; held lands there, and in Adderbury and Bloxham, in the same county; as also in Aynho and Sibbertoft, in the county of Northampton. From this William descended

SIR ROBERT BRUDENELL, knt., an eminent lawyer, who, in the 22nd of Henry VII. was constituted one of the judges of the king's-bench; removed to the common-pleas in 1509; and made chief of that court in 1520. His lordship m. Margaret, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Entwistle, esq. of Stanton Wivill, and relict of William Wivill, esq. (her ladyship was cousin and co-heiress of the valiant Sir Bertine Entwistle, knt. Viscount Brickbeck, in Normandy), by whom he had two sons; the elder of whom,

SIR THOMAS BRUDENELL, knt. resided at Dean, in Northamptonshire, and marrying Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir William Fitzwilliam, of Melton, in the county of Northampton, had issue,

Edmund (Sir), sheriff of Rutland in 1558; m. twice, and left at his decease, in 1565, an only daughter,

Etheldred, m. to Sir Basil Brooke, of Madeley, Staffordshire.

Thomas, who died in 1586, s. p.

John.

Robert.

Sir Thomas d. in 1586, and was s. by his eldest surviving son,

THOMAS BRUDENELL, esq. who d. in the same year, s. p. and was s. by his brother,

JOHN BRUDENELL, esq. This gentleman *d.* in 1606, also without issue, and was *s.* by his only surviving brother,

ROBERT BRUDENELL, esq. who *m.* in 1570, Catherine, daughter and heir of Geoffrey Taylard, esq. and was *s.* by his eldest son,

THOMAS BRUDENELL, esq. who was created a baronet, 29th June, 1611, and elevated to the peerage, by the title of *Baron Brudenell, of Stanton Wivill, in the county of Leicester*, 26th April, 1627. His lordship was advanced to the *Earldom of Cardigan*, 20th April, 1661. He *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir Thomas Tresham, of Rushton-St.-Peter, in the county of Northampton, and had three sons. The earl was a zealous supporter of the royal cause during the civil wars, and suffered a long imprisonment in the Tower. He *d.* 16th September, 1663, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

ROBERT, second earl, who *m.* first, Mary, daughter of Henry Constable, Viscount Dunbar, by whom he had an only daughter, Mary, *m.* to William Hay, Earl of Kinnoul. His lordship espoused secondly, Anne, daughter of Thomas, Viscount Savage, and had (with three daughters),

FRANCIS, Lord Brudenell, who *m.* Frances, only daughter of James Saville, Earl of Sussex, and sister and heir of James, the last earl, (refer to *Burke's Extinct Peerage*, Art. SAVILLE, EARL OF SUSSEX), by whom he had GEORGE, with another son and three daughters. He *d.* previously to his father, anno 1698.

The earl *d.* 16th July, 1703, and was *s.* by his grandson,

GEORGE, third earl. This nobleman *m.* Elizabeth Bruce, eldest daughter of Thomas, second Earl of Ailesbury, by whom he had (with two daughters),

GEORGE, his successor.

JAMES, successor to his brother.

Robert, *m.* in 1759, Anne, daughter of Sir Cecil Bishopp, bart. and sister of the late Lord De la Zouche; and dying in 1770, left ROBERT, present Earl of Cardigan.

Augusta.

Thomas, who assumed, by sign-manual, in 1767, the surname and arms of "Bruce," having succeeded his uncle, the Earl of Ailesbury in the barony of "Bruce," of Tottenham. His lordship was subsequently created *Earl of Ailesbury*. See that dignity.

His lordship, who, in the reign of Queen Anne, was master of the buck-hounds, *d.* 5th July, 1732, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

GEORGE, fourth earl, who *m.* Lady Mary Montagu, third daughter and co-heiress of John, second Duke of Montagu, and last of that creation; upon the death of which nobleman, in 1740, his lordship assumed the surname and arms of MONTAGU; and on the 28th October, 1776, was advanced to a marquissate and dukedom, by the titles of *Marquess of Monthermer* and *Duke of MONTAGU*. His grace had issue,

1. JOHN, created *Lord Montagu of Boughton*; at whose decease, unmarried, in 1770, that dignity ceased.

2. Elizabeth, *b.* 29th May, 1743; *m.* in 1767, Henry, third Duke of Buccleuch; and *d.* in 1828.

3. Mary, *d.* unm.

4. Henrietta, *d.* unm.

His grace was installed a knight of the most noble order of the Garter, 4th June, 1752; sworn of the privy-council in 1776, and appointed governor to their royal highnesses the Prince of Wales and Prince Frederick. He was created, 21st August, 1786, *Baron Montagu, of Boughton*; with remainder to his grandson, James, second son of the Duke of Buccleuch. His grace *d.* 23rd May, 1790, when the dukedom and marquissate expired, the barony of MONTAGU passed according to the limitation, and the *EARLDOM OF CARDIGAN* devolved upon his next brother,

JAMES, fifth earl, who had been created, 17th October, 1780, *Baron Brudenell*. This nobleman *m.* first, Anne Legge, sister of the Earl of Dartmouth; and secondly, Elizabeth, sister of George, fourth Earl of Waldegrave, but had no issue. His lordship *d.* 24th February, 1811, when the last barony of BRUDENELL ceased; but the heritable honors of the family devolved upon his nephew, ROBERT BRUDENELL, the present peer. (Refer to Robert, son of George, third earl.)

*Creations*—Baronet, 29th June, 1611. Baron, 26th April, 1627. Earl, 20th April, 1661.



*Arms*—Ar. a chev. gu. between three morions or steel caps, az.

*Crest*—A sea-horse ppr.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a buck, ppr. holding in the mouth an arrow, between the antlers a cross patée, fitchée, or; SINISTER, a horse ppr.

*Motto*—En grace affie.

*Town Residence*—Portman-square.

*Seat*—Dean Park, near Wansford, Northamptonshire.

CAREW, SIR WALTER-PALK, baronet, of Hacombe, in the county of Devon, *b.* 2nd July, 1807; succeeded to the title, as eighth baronet, upon the demise of his father, in 1830.

**Lineage.**

The first of this ancient family in England was

WALTER DE WINDSOR, so called from being Castellain of Windsor, who left two sons, William, from whom the Earls of Plymouth derive, and

GERALD, Castellain of Pembroke, a great favorite of King Henry I. who m. Nesta, daughter of Rees, Prince of South Wales, and obtained with her as dowry, the castle of Carew. By this lady he had three sons; from the second of whom, Maurice, sprang the noble houses of Leinster and Desmond, in Ireland; while from the elder,

WILLIAM, Lord of Carrio, descended

SIR JOHN CAREW, knt. Lord of Carew and Mullesford, a distinguished soldier in the martial reign of Edward III. who was appointed in 1348, Lord Deputy of Ireland. He m. Margaret, daughter of John, Lord Mohun of Dunster, by whom he had two sons,

John, (Sir) who fell at the memorable battle of Cressy.

and

SIR LEONARD CAREW, knt. whose grandson,

SIR NICHOLAS CAREW, knt. Lord of Carew, m. Joan, daughter of Sir Hugh Courtenay, of Hacombe, in the county of Devon, by Philippa daughter and co-heiress of Sir William Arce-decan, and had five sons and three daughters. Sir Thomas, the eldest son, happening to disoblige his mother, that lady settled seventeen manors upon her younger sons, which proved the foundation of three great families that have flourished ever since, namely, the family of which we are now treating, the *Carews of Stodeleigh*, and the *Carews of Anthony*.

SIR NICHOLAS CAREW, the second son, succeeded at Hacombe; and from him directly descended, in the sixth degree,

1. THOMAS CAREW, esq. of Hacombe, who was created a baronet on the 2nd August, 1661. He m. Elizabeth, eldest daughter, and co-heiress of Sir Henry Carew, of Bickleigh, knt. and thus united two branches of the family. Sir Thomas was s. by his only surviving son,

2. SIR HENRY, who m. thrice, but had issue only by his third lady, Gratiana, daughter of Thomas Darrel, esq. of Trewornon, in the county of Cornwall. He was s. by his elder son,

3. SIR HENRY-DARRELL; at whose decease, unmarried, the title devolved upon his brother,

4. SIR THOMAS, who m. Dorothy, daughter and co-heiress of Peter West, esq. of Tiverton Castle, and was s. by his elder son,

5. SIR JOHN, who m. Elizabeth, only daughter of the Rev. Henry Holdsworth, of Dartmouth, and was s. by his eldest son,

6. SIR FRANCIS. This gentleman m. in June, 1777, Jane, daughter of the Reverend Charles Smalwood, by whom he had issue, HENRY, his successor, with two other sons and five daughters. Sir Francis d. in April, 1803, and was s. by his eldest son,

7. SIR HENRY, b. in 1779, who m. 3rd October,

E E

1666, Elizabeth, only daughter of Walter Park, esq. of Marley, in the county of Devon, by whom he left issue at his decease, in 1830,

WALTER-PARK, present baronet.

Henry, b. 24th October, 1808.

Thomas, b. 3rd May, 1810.

Robert-Park, b. 20th October, 1818.

Creation—2nd August, 1661.



*Arms*—Or, three lyoncelles, passant, in pale, sa.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a main-mast, the round-top set off with pallisadoes, or, a demi-lion issuant thereout, sa.

*Supporters*—Two antelopes, gu. armed and unguled, ar.

*Motto*—Nil conscire sibi.

*Seat*—Hacombe, Devonshire.

CARLETON, BARON, (Henry Boyle,) of Carleton, in the county of York. See Earl of Shannon.

CARLISLE, EARL OF, (George Howard,) Viscount Howard, of Morpeth, in the county of Northumberland; Baron Dacre, of Gillesland, and co-heir to a moiety of the Barony of Greystock. (See *Burke's Extinct Peerage*); b. 17th September, 1773; m. 21st March, 1801, Georgiana, eldest daughter of William, fifth Duke of Devonshire, K.G. by whom he has issue,

GEORGE-WILLIAM-FREDERICK, *Viscount Morpeth*; b. 18th April, 1802, M.P. for Yorkshire.

Frederick-George, an officer in the army; b. 8th June, 1805.

William-George, b. 23rd February, 1806.

Edward-Granville-George, in the R.N. b. 23rd December, 1809.

Charles-Wentworth-George, b. 27th March, 1814.

Henry-George, b. 22nd May, 1818.

Caroline Georgiana, m. in 1823, to the Hon. W. S. S. Lascelles, second son of the Earl of Harewood.

Georgiana, m. 7th March, 1822, to George-James-Welbore, Lord Dover.

Harriett-Elizabeth-Georgiana, m. to Earl Gower.

Blanche-Georgiana, m. 6th August, 1829, to Lord Cavendish, M.P., grandson and heir

of the Earl of Burlington, the heir presumptive to the dukedom of Devonshire. Elizabeth-Dorothy-Anne-Georgiana. Mary-Matilda-Georgiana.

His lordship s. to the honors, as sixth earl, upon the demise of his father, 4th September, 1825. The Earl of Carlisle is lord lieutenant of the east riding of the county of York, and a cabinet minister.

### Lineage.

This is a branch of the illustrious ducal house of Norfolk, springing from Lord William Howard, second son of Thomas, fourth duke; which

LORD WILLIAM was restored in blood, by act of parliament in 1603, and having m. Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas, and sister and co-heiress of George, Lord Dacre, of Gillesland, in her right, became possessed of Naworth Castle, in the county of Cumberland, the ancient seat of her ladyship's father's family. His lordship obtained also, by his lady, Hinderkelle, where stands Castle Howard, in Yorkshire, he had, *inter alios*,

PHILIP, (Sir) m. Margaret, dau. of Sir John Carryl, of Hasting, in the county of Sussex, and dying before his father, left, with other issue,

WILLIAM, who s. his grandfather.

Francis, (Sir) of Corby Castle, in Cumberland, m. first Margaret, dau. of John Preston, esq., of the Manor, in the county of Lancaster, by whom he had a son THOMAS, a colonel in the royal army, slain at Ather-ton Moor, in 1643. Sir Francis espoused secondly Mary, dau. of Sir Henry Witherington, knt., and left a son,

WILLIAM, who m. Jane, dau. of William Dalston, esq., of Acornbank, and dying in 1709, was s. by his son.

Thomas, m. Barbara, sister of Sir Christopher Mugrave, and dying in 1740, was s. by his son.

Philip, m. Anne, dau. of Henry Wethim, of Cliffe, in the county of York, and dying in 1790, was s. by his son.

HENRY HOWARD, esq. now of Corby Castle, M.P. who m. Catherine-Mary, dau. of Sir Richard Neave, bart. and has issue.

1. Philip-Henry, M.P. b. in 1801.
2. Henry-Francis.
3. Catherine.
4. Emma, m. to Lord Petre.
5. Adaliza.

Lord William was warden of the western marches, and known by the name of Bald Willy, or Belted Will Howard. He d. in 1640, and was s. by his grandson,

SIR WILLIAM HOWARD, knt. who m. Mary, eldest daughter of William, Lord Eure, by whom he had several children, and was s. by his eldest surviving son,

CHARLES HOWARD, who was created, 20th April, 1681, *Baron Dacre, of Gillesland*; *Viscount Howard, of Morpeth*; and EARL OF CARLISLE. His Lordship was subsequently ambassador to the

Csar of Muscovy, and deputed to carry the ensigns of the order of the garter to Charles the eleventh, king of Sweden, from which latter mission returning, he was installed as his majesty's proxy at Windsor. He was afterwards made governor of Jamaica. He m. Anne, dau. of Edward, Lord Howard of Escrick, and dying 24th February, 1684, was s. by his son,

EDWARD, second earl, who m. Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Sir William Uvedale, of Wickham, in the county of Hants, and relict of Sir William Berkely, knt., and was s. 22nd April, 1692, by his only surviving son.

CHARLES, third earl. This nobleman filled the high offices of first lord of the treasury, constable of the Tower, and Governor of Windsor Castle. His lordship m. Anne, daughter of Arthur, first Earl of Essex, and dying on the 1st May, 1738, was s. by his eldest son,

HENRY, fourth earl, K. G.; b. in 1694. His lordship m. first, 27th November, 1717, Lady Frances Spencer, daughter of Charles, third Earl of Sunderland, and heiress of her mother, Arabella, one of the co-heiresses of Henry Cavendish, Duke of Newcastle, by whom he had, with three sons (who died in the lifetime of the earl), two daughters,

Arabella, m. to John Cope, esq.

Diana, m. to Thomas Duncombe, esq.

His lordship espoused secondly, 8th June, 1743, Isabella, daughter of William, fourth Lord Byron, and great aunt to the late and immortal Lord Byron, by whom he had issue four daughters, and his successor,

FREDERICK, fifth earl; elected a knight of the Thistle in 1768, and installed a knight of the Garter in 1793. His lordship, who was born 28th May, 1748, s. to the honors, on the 4th Sept. 1758, and d. on the 4th September, 1823. He m. in March, 1770, Margaret-Caroline, daughter of Granville-Leveson, first Marquess of Stafford, by whom he left issue,

GEORGE, present earl.

William, b. 25th December, 1781.

Frederick, major of hussars, killed at Waterloo; left issue, by Frances-Susan, only daughter of William-Henry Lambton, esq., of Lambton Hall, an only son, FREDERICK-JOHN.

Henry-Edward-John, in holy orders, prebendary of York; m. in July, 1824, Henrietta-Elizabeth, daughter of Ichabod Wright, esq., of Mapperley, in the county of Notts, and has issue.

Isabella-Caroline, m. to John, first and late Lord Cawdor.

Elizabeth, m. to John-Henry, present Duke of Rutland, and d. deeply lamented in 1825.

Gertrude, m. in 1806, to William-Sloane-Stanley, esq.

*Creation*—20th April, 1681.

*Arms*—Quarterly of six; first, HOWARD, gu. on bend betw. six cross crosslets, fitchée, ar. an es-cocheon or, charged with a demi-lion, rampant, pierced through the mouth with an arrow, within



a double treasure, *flory, counterflory*, of the first, a mullet for difference; second, *BROTHERTON*, gu. three lions, passant, guardant, in pale, or, on a chief a label of three points ar.; third, *WARREN*, chequy, or and az.; fourth, *MOWBRAY*, gu. a lion, rampant, ar, armed and langued az.; fifth, *DACKE* gu. three escallopes ar.; sixth, *GREYSTOCK*, barry of six, ar. and az. over all three chaplets gu.



*Crest*—On a chapeau gu. turned up erm. a lion, statant, guardant, the tail extended, or, ducally crowned ar. gorged with a label of three points of the last.

*Supporters*—*Dexter*, a lion, ar. differenced with a mullet; *Sinister*, a bull gu. armed unguled, ducally gorged and lined or.

*Motto*—*Volo, non valeo*.

*Town Residence*—12, Grosvenor-place.

*Seats*—Castle Howard, in the county of York; Naworth Castle, Cumberland.

**CARMICHAEL-GIBSON, SIR THOMAS**, baronet, of Skirling, in the county of Peeble; m. Janet-Maitland, daughter of the late Major-General Dundas, of Fingask, and granddaughter of Alexander, Earl of Home, by whom he has issue,

1. ——— a son, b. 3rd December, 1820.
2. Eleanor-Hyndford; m. 8th June, 1829, to Sir David Kinloch.
3. Margaret.
4. Janet-Maitland.

Sir Thomas s. to the title, as tenth baronet, upon the decease of his brother.

### Lineage.

1. **SIR ALEXANDER GIBSON**, (the fifth in lineal descent from Thomas Gibson, who flourished temp. James IV. and is particularly mentioned amongst the barons of the county of Fife,) one of the most eminent lawyers of the age in which he lived, was appointed by King James VI. a principal clerk of session, the king presenting him in person to the court, and remaining to witness his inauguration. In 1621 he was constituted senator of the college of justice, and, in a few years afterwards, advanced to the lord-presidency of the court of session, which office he enjoyed during the remainder of his life. In February, 1628, his lordship was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, and obtained, with that dignity, a grant of land, six

miles in length and three in breadth, in Nova Scotia. Sir Alexander m. Margaret, daughter of Sir Thomas Craig, of Riccarton, lord-advocate of Scotland, by whom he had, with other children, **ALEXANDER**, his successor.

**John**, of Pentland, a distinguished loyalist, who was created a knight (banneret) under the royal standard, at the battle of Worcester, in 1651. Sir John m. first, Margaret Hay, of the noble family of Kinnoul, and had issue (with a younger son, Sir John),

**SIR ALEXANDER-GIBSON**, one of the principal clerks of session and clerk of the privy-council in Scotland; m. Helen, daughter of Sir James Fleming, of Ratho, in the county of Mid-Lothian, by whom he had, with five daughters,

1. **JOHN**, who s. as fifth baronet.
2. Alexander, of Durie; from whom the present baronet directly descends.

3. Thomas, of Clifton Hall.

4. James, of the Austrian service.

Sir John, of Pentland, espoused secondly, the widow of Sir James Fleming; and thirdly, Elizabeth, youngest daughter of Sir Thomas Thomson, bart.; by the latter he had a son, **THOMAS**, of Keir Hill, who was created a baronet in 1702, and married Jean, only child of Edward Majoribanks, esq. of Hallyards.

The lord-president was s. at his decease by his eldest son,

2. **SIR ALEXANDER**, of Durie. This gentleman took an active part in the religious dissensions that agitated Scotland at the commencement of the reign of Charles I. and was zealous on the side of the Covenanters. When matters, however, were in some measure compromised, he received the honor of knighthood, and was appointed lord-clerk-registrar of Scotland, A.D. 1641. He was nominated, in 1646, one of the senators of the college of justice, when he assumed the titular designation of Lord Drurie. While in the discharge of the duties of this high office, an outrage was committed upon his lordship, which strongly marks the era in which he lived. An important cause existing between two noblemen, Lord Durie, whilst taking an airing on Leith sands, was forcibly carried off by one of them, in order to prevent his voting at the decision of the suit in the court of session. His lordship was deprived of his official employments, in 1649, by the usurper Cromwell. He m. first, Margery, daughter of Andrew Murray, Lord Balvaird, by whom he had an only daughter, Anne, (who m. John Murray, esq. of Polmaise). He espoused, secondly, Cecilia, daughter of Thomas Fotheringham, esq. of Powrie, by whom he had an only son, his successor.

3. **SIR JOHN**, who was s. by his only son,

4. **SIR ALEXANDER**; at whose decease, without male issue, the title reverted to the grandson of his grand uncle, Sir John Gibson, of Pentland.

5. **SIR JOHN**, of Pentland, who m. Elizabeth, daughter of Lewis Craig, of Riccarton, by whom he had (with two daughters) two sons; **Alex-**

ander, his heir, and John, a merchant in London. Sir John was s. at his decease by his elder son,

6. **SIR ALEXANDER**; at whose decease without male issue, the title reverted to his nephew,

7. **SIR JOHN**, (son of John Gibson, esq. of London,) who d. without male issue, and was s. by his brother,

8. **SIR ROBERT**; at whose decease, in America, the title devolved upon the descendant of Alexander Gibson, of Durie, second son of Sir Alexander Gibson, clerk of the privy-council mentioned above; which descendant was

9. **SIR JOHN GIBSON CARMICHAEL**, of Skirling, grandson of John Gibson, of Durie, and Helen, his wife, daughter of the Hon. William Carmichael, advocate, son of John, the first Earl of Hyndford, and father of John, the fourth earl; at the decease of which fourth earl, this gentleman, (then Mr. Gibson, his lordship's grand-nephew,) assumed, in conformity to an entail, the surname and arms of Carmichael. He m. Janet, daughter of Cornelius Elliot, esq. clerk to the signet, by whom he had an only daughter; and dying without male issue, the title and estates devolved upon his brother, **THOMAS**, the present baronet.

*Creation*—February, 1628.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first gu. three keys, fessways, in pale, or; second, ar. a fesse, wreathed, az. and gu. within a bordure of the last; third, erm. on a fesse sa. three crescents ar. fourth as first.

*Crest*—An arm, embowed, holding a broken lance, top pennant, ppr.

*Supporters*—Two angels.

*Motto*—Toujours prest.

*Seats*—Skirling, and Castle Craig, N. B.

**CARNARVON, EARL OF**, (Henry-George Herbert,) Baron Porchester, of High Clere, in the county of Southampton; b. 3rd June, 1772; m. 26th April, 1796, Elizabeth-Kitty, only daughter and heiress of Colonel John-Dyke Acland, by whom (who d. 5th March, 1813) he has issue,

**HENRY-JOHN-GEORGE, Lord Porchester**, M.P. b. 8th June, 1800; m. 1830, Henrietta-Anne, eldest daughter of the late Lord Henry-Molyneux-Howard, and niece of the present Duke of Norfolk, by whom he has a son and heir, b. 24th June, 1831.

Edward, M.P. b. 30th March, 1802.

Harriet-Elizabeth, m. 21st April, 1829, to the Rev. J. G. Stapleton.

Emily, m. 1822, to Philip Pusey, esq.

His lordship s. to the honors, as second earl, upon the demise of his father, 3rd June, 1811.

### **Lineage.**

This is a branch of the noble house of Herbert, Earls of Pembroke and Montgomery.

**The Hon. WILLIAM HERBERT**, a major-general in the army, fifth son of Thomas, eighth earl of Pembroke, m. Catherine-Elizabeth, daughter of — Tews, esq. of Aix-la-Chapelle, and dying in 1756, left, with other issue,

**HENRY HERBERT**, esq. b. 20th October, 1741, who was created, 17th October, 1780, *Baron Porchester of High Clere, in the county of Southampton*; and advanced to the *EARLDOM OF CARNARVON*, 3rd July, 1793. His lordship m. 15th July, 1771, Elizabeth-Alicia-Maria, daughter of Charles, first Earl of Egremont, by whom he had issue,

**HENRY-GEORGE**, present earl.

Charles, R.N. accidentally drowned in 1806, and left an only daughter (by his wife Bridget-Augusta, daughter of John, fifth Viscount Torrington), Augusta-Elizabeth, who m. in 1824, Sir Francis Vincent, bart. William, in holy orders, m. in 1806, Letitia-Dorothea, second daughter of Joshua, Viscount Allen, and has issue.

George, in holy orders, m. Frances, daughter of Francis Head, esq.; and d. in 1823, leaving issue.

Algernon, barrister at law, b. 12th July, 1792. Frances, m. in 1797, to Thomas, Lord Duple, and d. 22nd August, 1830.

The Earl who was appointed, in 1806, master of the horse, d. 3rd June, 1811.

*Creations*—Baron, 17th October, 1780. Earl, 3rd July, 1793.



*Arms*—Per pale, az. and gu. three lions, rampant, ar.; a crescent for difference.

*Crest*—A wivern, wings elevated, vert, holding in the mouth a sinister hand, couped at the wrist, gu.

*Supporters*—**Dexter**, a panther, guardant, ar. spotted of various colours, fire issuant from the mouth and ears ppr. ducally gorged, per pale, gu. and az. chained of the last; **Sinistra**, a lion ar. gorged with a ducal coronet, gu.

*Motto*—Unq je servirai.

*Town Residence*—43, Grosvenor Square.

*Seats*—High Clere House, Hampshire, and Picton, Somersetshire.

## CAR

**CARNEGIE, SIR JAMES**, baronet, of Southesk, in the county of Forfar, inherited the title, as sixth baronet, at the decease of his father, in 1805; m. in 1825, Charlotte, daughter of the Rev. Daniel Lysons, of Hampstead Court, Gloucestershire, and has issue,

JAMES, b. in 1837.

John, b. in 1839.

### Lineage.

The surname of Carnegie is local, and was assumed from the lands and barony of Carnegie, in the county of Forfar.

**JOHN CARNEGIE**, ancestor of the Carnegies of Southesk, lived in the reign of Alexander the Third, and d. in the year 1290. From this John, descended

**SIR ROBERT CARNEGIE**, of Kinnaird, who, being a person of great abilities, and much political knowledge, was engaged in most of the public transactions, during the regency of the Duke of Chattelherault, and subsequently. It is also recorded, that he and his predecessors were cup-bearers to the Kings of Scotland, and were accustomed to bear a golden cup upon the breast of the eagle, as an armorial mark of their office. In 1547, he was appointed one of the senators of the college of justice. In the next year he was nominated ambassador-extraordinary to England, to treat for the redemption of the Earl of Huntly, the lord-chancellor, who had been taken prisoner at the battle of Pinkie; and, upon his return, received the honor of knighthood. In 1551, he was sent ambassador to France; and, in 1553, was one of the commissioners to arrange conditions for the peace of the marches. Sir John d. in 1563, and was s. by his eldest son,

**SIR JOHN CARNEGIE**, of Kinnaird, a man of great abilities and worth, and, to the last, faithfully and steadily attached to the unfortunate Queen Mary, of Scotland. He was s. by his eldest son,

**SIR DAVID CARNEGIE**, of Coluthie, which estate, with other lands, he obtained by marriage with Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of William Ramsay, esq. This gentleman, who was of the privy-council of Scotland, was constituted, in 1596, one of the eight commissioners of the treasury, called *Octavians*. He d. in 1598, leaving, by his first wife, two daughters; and by his second consort, *inter alios*,

DAVID, his successor.

JOHN, created Earl of Northesk.

Sir David was s. by his eldest son,

**DAVID CARNEGIE**, an eminent lawyer, who was appointed a senator of the college of justice, and elevated to the peerage by the title of *Lord Carnegie, of Kinnaird*, 24th April, 1616; and created *EARL SOUTHESK*, 22nd June, 1633. His lordship was appointed high-sheriff of the county of Forfar, and remained firm in his allegiance to King Charles I. for which he was imprisoned by the Covenanters, and fined £3000 by Cromwell, in 1654. He m. Margaret, daughter

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of Sir David Lindsay, of Edsall, by whom he had

David, Lord Carnegie, who d. male-issueless, in the life-time of the earl.

JAMES, who s. to the title.

John (Sir), of Craig.

ALEXANDER, of whom presently.

And six daughters.

His lordship d. in 1638.

The earldom of Southesk was extinguished by the attainder of

JAMES, fifth earl, in consequence of that nobleman's participation in the rebellion of 1715; and the representation of the family devolved, at the decease of his lordship, in 1739, upon Sir James Carnegie, the then baronet; which dignity (*a Baronetage of Nova Scotia*) was conferred, in 1663, upon

1. **THE HONORABLE ALEXANDER CARNEGIE**, of Pitarrow, fourth son of the first earl. Sir Alexander m. Margaret, daughter of Sir Robert Arbuthnot, of Arbuthnot; by whom he had two sons and a daughter. He was s. by his eldest son,

2. **SIR DAVID**. This gentleman m. Catharine, daughter of Sir Archibald Primrose, Lord Rothes, and sister of the first Lord Rosebery, by whom he had two daughters and two sons, and was s. by the elder of the latter,

3. **SIR JOHN**. This gentleman m. Mary, daughter of Sir Thomas Burnett, of Leys; by whom he had five sons and five daughters, and was s. by his eldest son,

4. **SIR JAMES**; who, upon the demise of James, the fifth, and attainted, Earl of Southesk, in 1739, became lineal male heir and representative of that family. This gentleman sat in parliament for Kincardineshire. He was a captain in the army, and a person of very superior abilities; and through his exertions the fortunes of the house of Southesk were restored. By unremitting efforts, Sir James brought about the sale of the forfeited estates, not only to the great advantage of his own family, but to the benefit of many other houses in the same situation. He had procured an assignation to a lease of Kinnaird many years preceding, made it his residence, and improved the lands, when agricultural pursuits were not yet common among gentlemen of his rank, and when his funds were limited in the extreme. Sir James m. Christian, eldest daughter of David Doig, esq. of Cookstown, and was s. at his decease, by his eldest son,

5. **SIR DAVID**, of Southesk, M. P. for the county of Angus. This gentleman repurchased several of the forfeited possessions of his family in the county of Fife, and greatly improved the estate of Kinnaird, upon which he erected an elegant mansion. He m. Miss Elliot, by whom he had issue,

1. JAMES, the present baronet. 2. John.

3. Magdalen, m. in 1816, to Sir Andrew Agnew, bart.

With several other daughters.

Sir David d. 25th May, 1805.

Creation—1663.



**Arms**—Or, an eagle, displayed, as. armed and beaked gu.

**Crest**—A dexter hand, holding a thunder-bolt ppr.

**Supporters**—Two greyhounds, collared.

**Motto**—Dread God.

**Seats**—Southesk, and Kinnaid, N. B.

**CARNWATH, EARL OF**, (Robert-Alexander Dalsell,) and Baron Dalsell in the peerage of Scotland, a Baronet of Nova Scotia, and a lieutenant-general in the army; b. 13th February, 1768; became the representative of his family, at the decease of his kinsman, John Dalsell, esq. of the royal navy, 10th October, 1814, and was restored to its ancient honors by act of parliament, 26th May, 1826; m. first, 23rd September, 1789, Jane, daughter of — Parkes, esq. of Cork; by whom (who d. 2nd September, 1791) he had no surviving issue. His lordship m. secondly, 26th April, 1794, Andalusia, daughter of Lieutenant-colonel Arthur Browne, by whom he has

1. THOMAS-HENRY, *Lord Dalsell*, b. 2nd September, 1797.
2. Arthur-Alexander, an officer in the army; b. 15th September, 1799.
3. HARRY-BURRARD, b. 11th November, 1804; m. 16th November, 1827, Miss Isabella Campbell, and has a son b. in 1829.
4. Robert-Alexander-George, b. 19th August, 1816.
5. Emma-Maria.
6. Eleanor-Jane-Elisabeth.
7. Charlotte-Augusta.

His lordship is the tenth earl in succession, and the seventh in the enjoyment of the dignity.

### Lineage.

The family was originally of Clydesdale, whence it removed into Dumfriesshire, and there settled. The surname and arms which it bears were, according to tradition, thus adopted.

In the reign of Kenneth II. a kinsman and favorite of that monarch having been hung up by the Picts, it so exceedingly grieved his majesty, that he offered a considerable reward to any person who would rescue the corpse; but none were disposed to undertake so dangerous a

duty, until a gentleman came to the king, and said, *Dal-zel*, (Scotch, *I dare*,) and performing his task to Kenneth's entire satisfaction, himself and family bore ever afterwards the name of Dalsell.

SIR ROBERT DALSELL, knt. a faithful adherent of King David Bruce during his captivity, obtained a grant of the barony of Selkirk in 1365. From this Sir Robert, lineally descended

ROBERT DALSELL, of that ilk, who was killed by Lord Maxwell in 1508. The grandson of this Robert,

SIR ROBERT DALSELL, of Dalsell, espoused zealously the cause of the unhappy Mary of Scotland, and fought under her banner at Langside. He was s. by his son,

ROBERT DALSELL, of Dalsell, who was s. by his son,

SIR ROBERT DALSELL, of Dalsell, who was elevated to the peerage of Scotland, 18th September, 1628, by the title of *Baron Dalsell*, to himself and his heirs male bearing the name and arms of Dalsell, and was created, in 1639, EARL OF CARNWATH, with limitation to the heirs male of his body. His lordship m. Margaret, daughter of Sir Robert Chrichton, of Cluny, by whom he had two sons,

ROBERT, his successor.

John, who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, 11th April, 1666; m. first, Miss Sandelands, by whom he had two daughters. He espoused, secondly, Lady Margaret Johnston, daughter of James, Earl of Hartfell, but had no issue. And thirdly, Violet, daughter of — Riddell, of Haining, by whom he had three sons and four daughters. Sir John d. in 1685, and was s. by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, of Glenae, second baronet, who m. Henriët, daughter of Sir William Murray, bart. of Stanhope, and had, with other issue, his successor in 1689,

SIR ROBERT, of Glenae, third baronet, of whom presently, as sixth Earl of Carnwath.

The earl was s. by his elder son,

ROBERT, second earl. This nobleman m. Christian, daughter of Sir William Douglas, of Drumlanrig, by whom he had two sons. His lordship was at the battle of Naseby, 14th June, 1645, and to his conduct Lord Clarendon imputes the loss of that action. "The king was upon the point of charging at the head of his guards, when the Earl of Carnwath, who rode next him, (a man never suspected of treachery,) suddenly laid his hand on the bridle of the king's horse, and swearing two or three full-mouthed Scottish oaths, said, Will you go upon your death in an instant? and before his majesty understood what he would have, turned his horse round, upon which, the word ran through the troops that they should march to the right, which led them both from charging the enemy, and assisting their own men, upon which they all turned their

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horses, and rode upon the spur, as if they were every man to shift for himself." His lordship *d.* soon after, and was *s.* by his elder son,

**GAVIN**, third earl, who was made prisoner, fighting under the royal banner, at Worcester, in 1651; and detained for several years in captivity. His lordship *m.* first, Margaret, eldest daughter and co-heiress of David, Lord Carnegie, and had three sons. He *m.* secondly, Mary, eldest daughter of Alexander, third Earl of Kellie, by whom he had no issue. He *d.* in June, 1674, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**JAMES**, fourth earl. His lordship *m.* Lady Mary-Seton, daughter of George, second Earl of Winton, by whom he had an only daughter, Mary, who *m.* Lord John Hay. The earl dying without male issue, in 1683, the honours devolved upon his brother,

**JOHN**, fifth earl, who *d.* unmarried in 1703, when the estates and honours reverted to his kinsman, (refer to descendants of John, second son of the first earl)

**SIR ROBERT DALKEIL**, third Baronet of Glenae, as sixth earl. This nobleman being made prisoner at Preston, in Lancashire, in 1715, in open rebellion against King George I. was condemned, with six other lords, for high treason, but was pardoned, so far as his life and estates, while the dignities sunk under the attainder. His lordship *m.* first, Lady Grace Montgomery, third daughter of Alexander, ninth Earl of Eglinton, by whom he had two daughters. He espoused, secondly, Grizel, daughter of Alexander Urquhart, of Newhall, and had a son, **ALEXANDER**. He *m.* thirdly, Margaret, daughter of John Hamilton, of Bangour; and fourthly, Margaret, third daughter of Thomas Vincent, esq. of Ramborough-Grange, in Yorkshire, by whom he had a son,

**ROBERT**, who *m.* Miss Acklom, of Wiseton, in the county of York, and left a son,

**ROBERT-ALEXANDER**, present earl.

His lordship *d.* in 1737, and was *s.* by his elder son,

**ALEXANDER**, who assumed the title of Earl of Carnwath, and *d.* in 1787, when his eldest surviving son,

**ROBERT DALKEIL**, *s.* to the estates, but did not assume the honours. This gentleman was a member of the faculty of advocates in 1776. He *m.* Anne, daughter of David Armstrong, esq. advocate, by whom he had one son and one daughter. He *d.* in 1806, and was *s.* by his only son,

**JOHN DALKEIL**, esq. of Glenae, an officer in the royal navy, who fell in action off New Orleans, 10th October, 1814; and dying unmarried, the issue male of the attainted Earl Robert's eldest son, Alexander, called seventh earl, became extinct, which transferred the estates to **ROBERT-ALEXANDER DALKEIL**, (refer to Robert, younger son of the attainted earl), who is now Earl of Carnwath.

*Creation*—Baron, 18th September, 1628. Earl, 1630. Baronet of Nova Scotia, 11th April, 1666.

*Arms*—Sa. a naked man, with arms extended, ppr.

*Crest*—A dagger, erect, ppr. pomel and hilt or.

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*Supporters*—Two chevaliers, in complete armour, each bearing a target on his exterior arm.

*Motto*—*I dare*.

*Seat*—Glenae House, Dumfriesshire.

**CARRICK, EARL OF**, (Somerset-Richard Butler,) and Viscount Ikerrin, in the county of Tipperary, in the peerage of Ireland, and one of the representative lords; *b.* 28th September, 1779; *m.* 1st September, 1811, Anne, eldest daughter of Owen Wynne, esq. of Haslewood, in the county of Sligo; by whom (who *d.* 22nd October, 1829) he has issue,

Sarah, *b.* July, 1812.

— (a daughter) *b.* Oct. 1829.

His lordship *s.* to the honors, as third earl, upon the demise of his father, 20th July, 1813.

### Lineage.

This family claims a common ancestor with the illustrious house of Ormonde, namely,

**THEOBALD-WALTER**, who accompanied Henry II. into Ireland, and settled there, having acquired large possessions, and being appointed, in 1177, chief butler of Ireland, the duty of which office consisted, in the butler for the time being attending the kings of England, at their coronation, and presenting them with the first cup of wine, for which service he was to receive certain pieces of the king's plate. From Theobald descended lineally,

**EDMOND**, who sat in parliament, in 1302, as a baron by the name of Edmond le Bottiller, and was created, by Edward II. for his services against the Scots, 1st Sept. 1315, **EARL OF CARRICK MAC GAIFFYNE**, in the county of Tipperary. From the younger son of this nobleman,

**JOHN BUTLER** of Clonameichon, lineally descended

**SIR PIERCE BUTLER**, knt. of Lismallon, who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 12th May, 1620, as **Viscount Ikerrin**. His lordship *m.* Ellen, daughter of Walter, eleventh Earl of Ormonde, and was *s.* by (the son of his deceased eldest son James, and his wife Ellen, eldest daughter of Edmond Lord Dunboyne) his grandson,

**PIERCE**, second viscount. This nobleman conformed to the established religion. He *m.* El-

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lenor, daughter of John Bryan, esq. of Bawnmore, in the county of Kilkenny, and was *s.* by his son,

**JAMES**, third viscount. This nobleman was a captain of granadiers, in King James's army: he *m.* Eleanor, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Colonel Daniel Redman, of Ballylinch, and dying 20th October, 1628, was *s.* by his eldest son,

**PIERCE**, fourth viscount. His lordship *m.* the hon. Alicia Boyle, eldest daughter of Murrigh, Viscount Blesinton, by whom he had a son, **JAMES**, his successor. He *m.* secondly in 1703, Olivia, only daughter of Sir Oliver St. George, baronet, and widow of Sir Robert Colvil, knt. but had no issue. He *d.* 4th January, 1710, and was *s.* by his son,

**JAMES**, fifth viscount; at whose decease, in minority and unmarried, 13th July, 1712, the title reverted to his uncle,

**THOMAS**, sixth viscount, in holy orders, and chaplain-general to the army in Flanders, under the command of James, Duke of Ormonde. His lordship, *m.* Margaret, daughter of co-heir of James Hamilton, esq. of Bangor, in the county of Down, and dying 7th March, 1719, was *s.* by his eldest son,

**JAMES**, seventh viscount; at whose decease, in 1721, in his eighth year, the title devolved upon his brother,

**SOMERSET-HAMILTON**, eighth viscount. His lordship *m.* 18th May, 1745, Juliana, eldest daughter of Henry Boyle, esq. of Castle Marlyr, created Earl of Shannon, by whom he had three sons and two daughters. Lord Ikerrin was sworn of the privy council in 1746, and advanced to the dignity of **EARL OF CARRICK**, 10th June, 1748. He *d.* the 15th April, 1774, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**HENRY-THOMAS**, second earl; *b.* 10th May, 1746; *m.* 7th August, 1774, Sarah, second daughter and co-heiress of Edward Taylor, esq. of Askeaton, in the county of Limerick, by whom he had issue,

**SOMERSET-RICHARD**, present earl.

Henry-Edward. *b.* 3rd December, 1780, lieutenant-colonel in the army, heir-presumptive; *m.* 6th January, 1812, Jane, daughter of the late Clotworthy Gowan, esq. and has issue,

**JOHN**.  
**Henry**.  
**Walter**.  
**Sarah**.

Pierce, in holy orders, *b.* 18th January, 1782, *m.* 17th May, 1806, Maria-Sophia, third daughter of John Vernon, esq. by whom, (who *m.* after his decease, Walter Fawkes, esq.) he left an only daughter,

Elizabeth-Anne, who *m.* in 1825, Francis-Hawkesworth Fawkes, esq. of Farnley Hall, in the county of York.

**James**, *b.* 26th April, 1791.

**Anne**, *m.* to the Rev. Henry Maxwell, brother and heir-presumptive to Lord Farnham, and *d.* 29th May, 1831.

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Juliana, *m.* to Somerset, present Earl of Belmore.

**Harriet**, *m.* first, to Francis Savage, esq. of Holywood, in the county of Down, and secondly 27th August, 1829, to Colonel Matthew Forde.

**Sarah**, *m.* to the Hon. Charles-H. Butler-Clarke-Wandesford Southwell, brother of the present Marquess of Ormonde.

The earl *d.* 26th July, 1812.

*Creations*—Viscount, 12th May, 1629. Earl, 10th June, 1748.



*Arms*—Or, a chief, indented, as.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet, a plume of five ostrich feathers ar. thereon a falcon, rising of the last.

*Supporters*—**Dexter**, a falcon, wings expanded, ar. beaked and membered or; **Sinister**, a male griffin, sans wings, ar. beaked, rayed, collared, and chained or.

*Motto*—Soyez ferme.

*Seat*—Mount Juliet, Kilkennyshire.

**CARRINGTON, BARON**, (Robert Smith, F.R., A.S. and D.C.L.) of Upton, in the county of Nottingham, in the peerage of Great Britain; and Baron Carrington, of Bulcot Lodge, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* in 1752; *m.* Anne, daughter of Henry Boldero-Bernard, esq. of South Cave, in the county of York, by whom (who *d.* in February, 1827,) he has had issue,

1. **ROBERT-JOHN**, M.P. *b.* 16th January, 1796; *m.* 17th June, 1822, Elizabeth-Catherine, daughter of Cecil Weld, first Lord Forester, and has issue.
2. **Harriet**, *m.* 28th June, 1819, to John F. Crewe, esq. nephew of Lord Crewe.
3. **Catherine-Lucy**, *m.* in 1803, to Philip-Henry, Earl Stanhope.
4. **Charlotte**, *m.* in April, 1809, to Alan, second Lord Gardner, and *d.* in 1811, leaving an only son, Alan-Legge, present lord.
5. **Hester**, *m.* in 1813, to Henry-Watkin Williams-Wynn, esq. brother of Sir W. W. Wynn, bart.
6. **Jane**.
7. **Louisa**, *d.* 6th April, 1830.

## 8. Georgiana.

9. Emily, *m.* to Lord Granville Somerset, M.P. second son of Henry Charles, present Duke of Beaufort.

His lordship was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 16th July, 1796; and to that of Great Britain, 20th October, 1797. Lord Carrington is captain of Deal Castle, a commissioner of the lieutenantancy of London, D.C.L., F.R.S. F.S.A.

## Lineage.

THOMAS SMITH, of Crophall-Boteler, was father of

THOMAS SMITH, of Nottingham, and of Gadsby, in the county of Leicester, who *m.* first, Mary Hooper, and had an only child, Mary, *m.* to John Eggleton, esq. Mr. Smith *m.* secondly, Fortune, daughter of Laurence Cullen, and sister of Abel Cullen, of Nottingham, and had three sons,

Thomas, of Broxton, in the county of Nottingham, who was sheriff of the county of Leicester in 1718; he left five daughters.

Samuel, who left seven sons and three daughters.

Abel.

The youngest son,

ABEL SMITH, esq. Nottingham, banker, *m.* Jane, daughter of George Braumont, esq. of Chapeltorpe, in Yorkshire, and had issue,

GEORGE, created a baronet in 1737, whose son, Sir George Smith, the second baronet, assumed the name of "Bromley." (See that title.)

John, of London, merchant.

and

ABEL SMITH, esq. of Nottingham, banker, M.P. for Aldborough, in 1774, and for Nottingham in 1778. This gentleman *m.* Mary, daughter of Thomas Bird, esq., and had issue,

Thomas, *d.* unmarried.

Abel, *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of — Uppley, esq. and left at his decease, in 1779, an only daughter, Mary, *m.* in 1804, to Rev. John Sargent.

ROBERT, created Lord Carrington, as above.

SAMUEL, of Woodhall Park, Hertfordshire, M.P. *m.* Elizabeth-Frances, daughter of Edmund Turnor, esq. of Panton House, in the county of Lincoln, and has, with other issue,

Abel, M.P. *m.* first, in 1822, Marianne, daughter of Alexander, Earl of Leven and Melville, by whom (who *d.* in 1823) he has no issue. He espoused, secondly, Frances-Anne, second daughter of Sir Harry Calvert, bart. and has a daughter.

SAMUEL-GEORGE, *m.* in 1821, Eugenia, third daughter of the Rev. Robt. Chatfield, and has issue.

HENRY, *m.* in 1824, to Lucy, daughter of Alexander, Earl of Leven and Melville, and has issue.

GEORGE, of Seladon, in the county of Surrey,

F F

banker in London, *m.* Frances-Mary, daughter of the late Sir John Parker Morley, bart. and has a numerous family, of which the eldest son, George-Robert, M.P. *m.* Jane, eldest daughter of John Maberly, esq. M.P.

JOHN, of Blenden Hall, Kent, M.P. a banker in London, *m.* first, Sarah, daughter of Thomas Boone, esq. and secondly, — daughter of Lieut. Col. Tucker, and has John-Abel, who *m.* Anne, eldest daughter of Sir Samuel-Clarke Jervoise, bart.

MARTIN-TUCKER, M.P. *m.* Louisa, daughter of Sir Matthew White Ridley, bart.

MR. SMITH *m.* thirdly, Emma, daughter of Egerton Leigh, esq. of High Leigh, in the county of Chester, and has issue.

ELIZABETH, *m.* to William Manning, esq. and *d.* in 1789.

Lucy.

Creations—Irish barony, 10th July, 1796. Barony, Great Britain, 20th October, 1797.



Arms—Or, on a chev. cottised between three demi-griffins, the two in chief respectant, *sa.* a mullet for difference.

Crest—An elephant's head, erased, or, eared gu. charged on the neck with three fleurs-de-lis, two and one *az.*

Supporters—Two griffins *sa.* winged, beaked, and membered or, on the body three trefoils slipped, in pale, of the last.

Motto—Tenax et fidelis.

Town Residence—Whitehall.

Seats—Wycomb Abbey, Bucks; Deal Castle, Kent.

Note.—The title of Carrington existed formerly in a family of the same name, *Smith*, but of a totally different race, and bearing entirely distinct arms.

SIR MICHAEL CARINGTON, standard-bearer to King Richard I. was great-great-grandfather of

JOHN CARINGTON, who assumed the name of Smith in 1446. His grandson,

SIR JOHN SMITH, was baron of the exchequer, temp. Henry VIII. His lordship's fourth son,

FRANCIS SMITH, of Ashby Tolville, in the county of Leicester, was great-grandfather of

SIR CHARLES SMITH, who was created Lord Carrington in the 19th Charles I. a dignity that expired with his lordship's second son,

CHARLES, third lord Carington, 17th May, 1706.

## CAR

**CARTERET, BARON,** (George Thynne,) of Hawnes, in the county of Bedford; *b.* 23rd January, 1770; *m.* in May, 1797, Harriet, fifth daughter of William, second Viscount Courtenay; inherited the title, as second baron, upon the demise of his uncle, 17th June, 1826.

### Lineage.

For the descent of this nobleman, see the lineage of Thomas, present Marquess of Bath, his lordship's brother.

**THE HON. HENRY-FREDERICK THYNNE**, second son of Thomas, second Viscount Weymouth, by the Lady Louisa Carteret, daughter of John, second Earl Granville, having inherited, by will, the estates of his maternal grandfather, assumed by sign manual the surname of "Carteret," and was created on the 29th January, 1784, *Baron Carteret, of Hawnes, in the county of Bedford*, with remainder, in default of male issue, to each of the sons in succession, (except the eldest) of his brother, Thomas, first Marquess of Bath. His lordship *d.* unmarried, on the 17th June, 1826, when the barony devolved, according to the limitation, upon the eldest of those gentlemen, **LORD GEORGE THYNNE**, the present baron.

*Creation*—29th January, 1784.



**Arms**—Quarterly, first and fourth, barry of ten, or and sa; second and third, ar. a lion, rampant, quevé, gu.

**Crest**—A reindeer statant, or.

**Supporters**—Two winged deer, gu. attired of the same.

**Motto**—Loyal devot.

**Town Residence**—23, Grosvenor-place.

**Seat**—Hawnes-place, in the county of Bedford.

**CARYSFORT, EARL OF,** (John Proby,) Baron of Carysfort, in the county of Wicklow, in the peerage of Ireland; and Baron Carysfort, of Norman Cross, in the county of Huntingdon, in that of the United Kingdom; *b.* in 1780; *s.* to the honors, as second earl, at the decease of his father, 6th April, 1828. Lord Carysfort is a lieutenant-general in the army.

### Lineage.

**SIR PETER PROBY**, of Brampton, in the county of Huntingdon, served the office of lord-mayor

## CAR

of the city of London, in 1622, and dying in two years afterwards, left several children, of whom the eldest,

**SIR HENRAGE PROBY**, *knt. b.* in 1660, *m.* Helen, daughter of Edward Allen, *esq.* of Finchley, and had two sons. Sir Henrage served the office of high-sheriff of Bucks, and was member of Parliament for Aghmondesham. He *d.* in 1667, and was *s.* by his elder son,

**THOMAS PROBY**, *esq.* who was created a baronet 7th March, 1662. Sir Thomas *m.* Frances, daughter of Sir Thomas Cotton, *bart.* of Connington, in the county of Huntingdon, and left with two other daughters, Alice, who *m.* Thomas Wentworth, *esq.* and was mother of Thomas, Marquess of Rockingham. Sir Thomas dying thus without male issue, the baronetcy ceased, but the estates devolved upon his brother,

**JOHN PROBY**, *esq.* at whose decease in 1710, those estates passed to the next male heir,

**WILLIAM PROBY**, *esq.* (elder son of Charles, third son of Sir Peter Proby by his wife—*dau.* of Torriano of London,) governor of Fort St. George, Madras, who *m.* Henrietta, daughter of Robert Cornwall, *esq.* of Berington, in the county of Hereford, by whom he had a daughter, Editha, who *m.* Sir John Osborne, *bart.* of Newtown, in the county of Tipperary, and an only son,

**JOHN PROBY**, *esq.* M.P. for the county of Huntingdon. This gentleman *m.* Jane-Levison, eldest daughter of John, first Lord Gower, and had, with other children,

**THE RIGHT HON. SIR JOHN PROBY, K.B., M.P.** for the county of Huntingdon, and one of the lords of the admiralty in 1737, who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, as *Baron Carysfort, of Carysfort, in the county of Wicklow*, 23rd. Jan. 1752. His lordship *m.* 27th Aug. 1750, Elizabeth, daughter of John, second Viscount Allen, and coheirress of her brother John, third viscount, by whom he had issue, **JOHN-JOSHUA**, his successor, and one daughter, Elizabeth, who *m.* Thomas-James Storer, *esq.* and *d.* in 1792. The baron *d.* 18th October, 1772, and was *s.* by his only son,

**JOHN-JOSHUA**, second baron, *b.* 12th August, 1751, who was created **EARL OF CARYSFORT**, in the peerage of Ireland, on the 18th August, 1789, and enrolled amongst the peers of the United Kingdom, as *Baron Carysfort, of Norman Cross, in the county of Huntingdon*, on the 13th January, 1801. His lordship *m.* first, 18th March, 1774, Elizabeth, only daughter of the Right Hon. Sir William Osborne, *bart.* of Newtown, in the county of Tipperary, by whom (who *d.* in 1783) he had

**WILLIAM-ALLEN**, *Lord Proby*, *capt. R.N.*; *b.* 1779, *d.* 1804.

**JOHN**, present peer.

**Granville-Leveson**, *capt. R.N.*; *m.* 5th May, 1818, Isabella, daughter of the Hon. H. Howard, and niece of the Earl of Wicklow, by whom he has issue,  
John-Joshua,  
Granville,  
Frances,  
Isabella.

Gertrude.



## CAS

The earl m. secondly, in 1767, Elizabeth, second daughter of the Right Honorable George Grenville, and sister of George, first Marquess of Buckingham, and left at his decease, in 1836,

1. Charlotte. 2. Frances.

3. Elizabeth, m. in February, 1816, to William Wells, esq. of Holme House, in the county of Huntingdon, Capt. R.N., who d. 3rd August, 1836.

*Creations*—Irish Barony, 23rd January, 1752. Earldom, 18th August, 1780. Barony of the United Kingdom, 13th January, 1801.



*Arms*—Quarterly, first and fourth, erm. on a fesse gu. a lion, passant, or, for PROBY; second and third, ar. two bars, wavy, and a plain chief az., on the latter an estoile, betw. two escallopes or for ALLEN.

*Crest*—An ostrich's head, erased, ar. ducally gorged or, in the beak a key of the last.

*Supporters*—Dexter, an ostrich ar. ducally gorged or, in the beak a key of the last; Sinister, a talbot, sa.

*Motto*—Manus hec inimica tyrannis.

*Seats*—Elton Hall, Stilton, Huntingdonshire; and Glenart Castle, Wicklow, Ireland.

CASSILLIS, EARL, and Baron Kennedy, in the peerage of Scotland. See MARQUESS OF AILSA.

CASTLEMAINE, VISCOUNT, (William Handcock,) Baron Castlemaine, of Moydrum, in the county of Westmeath, in the peerage of Ireland, elevated to the barony, with limitation, default of male issue, to his only brother, RICHARD HANDCOCK, esq. 24th December, 1812; and to the viscounty, 12th January, 1822; b. 28th Aug. 1761; m. 20th March, 1782, Lady Florinda Trench, eldest daughter of William, first Earl of Clancarty, by whom he has no issue. Lord Castlemaine is governor and constable of Athlone.

## Lineage.

WILLIAM-HANDCOCK, esq. of Twyford, in the county of Westmeath, and member for that shire in the first parliament after the restoration, was

## CAS

nominated one of the council of Connaught, and obtained a patent in 1680, to erect his estates into a manor, under the designation of the manor of Twyford. Mr. Handcock m. in 1692, Abigail, sister of Sir Thomas Stanley, by whom he had several children, and was s. by his eldest son,

THOMAS-HANDCOCK, esq. of Twyford, M.P. who was s. by his eldest son,

WILLIAM-HANDCOCK, esq. This gentleman m. Miss Warburton, and was s. by his eldest son,

WILLIAM-HANDCOCK, esq. who died s. p. when the estates devolved upon his brother,

THE VERY REVEREND RICHARD HANDCOCK, Dean of Achonry. This gentleman m. Sarah, only daughter and heiress of Richard Toler, esq. of Ballintore, in the county of Kildare, by whom (who d. in 1803,) he had

WILLIAM, M.P. and of the privy-council in Ireland, created *Lord Castlemaine*, as above.

Richard, b. 14th November, 1767; m. 13th November, 1790, Anne, daughter of Arthur French, esq. of French Park, in the county of Roscommon, and has issue,

RICHARD, M.P. b. 7th November, 1791; m. in 1822, Margaret, daughter of Michael Harris, esq. and has issue.

William, who d. —

Arthur, m. Margaret, daughter of D. Downing, esq. who d. —

John-Gustavus, m. 13th November, 1827, Frances-Flood, eldest daughter of the late John H. Jessop, esq.

George.

Henry-Robert.

Charles.

Robert-French.

Alicia, m. in 1812, to Richard Boyle Bagley, esq. and d. in 1828.

Sarah, m. Lieut. Col. Hamilton.

Anne, m. 14th October, 1830, to Lieut. Col. Sempronius Stretton.

Sarah, m. to Richard St. George, esq.

Susannah, m. to Francis Edgworth, esq.

Dorothy, m. to John Loftus Cuppage, esq.

Mary, m. to Michael Telford, esq.

Elizabeth.

Anne, m. John Maunsell, esq.

*Creations*—Barony, 24th December, 1812. Viscounty, 12th January, 1822.



*Arms*—Erm. on a chief sa. a dexter hand, be-

tween two cocks ar. armed, crested, and jellopped, gu.

*Crest*—A demi-lion, rampant, az. holding between the paws a fustil, ar. charged with a cock, gu.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a lion guardant, SINISTER, a cock.

*Motto*—Vigilate, et orate.

*Seat*—Moydrum Castle, in the county of Westmeath.

**CASTLE STEUART, EARL OF**, (Robert Steuart,) Viscount Steuart, Baron Castle Steuart, of Castle Steuart, in the county of Tyrone, in the peerage of Ireland, and a baronet of Nova Scotia; *b.* 19th August, 1784; *m.* 23rd April, 1806, Jemima, only daughter of Colonel Robison, by whom he has issue,

EDWARD, *Viscount Steuart*, *b.* 11th September, 1807; *m.* in 1830, to Emmeline, only surviving child of the late Benjamin Bathurst, esq. and granddaughter of the Bishop of Norwich.

Charles-Knox, *b.* 23rd April, 1810.

Robert, *b.* October, 1812.

Andrew-Godfrey, *b.* September, 1813.

William-Hampden, *b.* November, 1815.

Julia-Frances.

His lordship succeeded to the honors, as second earl, upon the decease of his father, 26th August, 1809.

#### Lineage.

This is a branch of the royal house of Stuart, springing from

ROBERT-STEUART, third son of King Robert II. who acquired the earldom of Menteith by his marriage with Margaret, Countess of Menteith, and afterwards succeeding to the earldom of Fife, became Earl of Fife and Menteith. This nobleman, subsequently Regent of Scotland, was one of the first persons honored with a **DUKEDOM** in the Scottish peerage. In 1398, the heir apparent to the throne being created **DUKE OF ROTHSAIR**, the Regent Fife and Menteith was at the same time dignified with the rank of **DUKE OF ALBANY**. His grace, who fills a conspicuous place in Scottish history, *d.* in 1419, and was *s.* by the only son of his first marriage,

MURDACH, second Duke of Albany, who *m.* Isabel, eldest daughter and co-heir of Duncan, Earl of Lennox. Previously to the decease of his father, his lordship was a captive for thirteen years in England, having been made prisoner at the battle of Homildon, in 1402. He succeeded the late duke in the regency as well as the dukedom, but with talents for such a station of a very inferior order, as the result proved. Within a few short years he was brought to the block, with his two elder surviving sons, and his father-in-law, the Duke of Lennox, anno 1425, when the dukedom of Albany reverted to the Crown. His grace's next son,

SIR JAMES STEUART, called *James the Gross*, upon being apprized of the imprisonment of his father by King James I. flew to arms, and, with the aid of the Bishop of Argyll, raised a band of Highland freebooters. He assaulted and burnt the town of Dunbarton, and put to the sword Sir James Stewart, of Dundonald, natural son of King Robert II., governor of the castle, 3rd May, 1424. For those acts of violence, he was proclaimed a felon, and forced to seek an asylum in Ireland, whence he never afterwards returned, but died there in 1451. His eldest son,

ANDREW STEUART, was brought over from Ireland by King James II. and created, in 1459, Lord Avandale; he was afterwards chancellor of Scotland, and dying *s. p.* in 1488, was *s.* by his nephew,

ANDREW STEUART, Lord Avandale, who was *s.* by his son,

ANDREW, third Lord Avandale, who, having exchanged his barony with Sir James Hamilton, for that of OCHILTRIE, was ordained to be called LORD STEUART OF OCHILTRIE in time to come, by act of parliament, 15th March, 1542-3. His lordship was *s.* at his decease by his son,

ANDREW, second Lord Steuart of Ochiltrie, commonly called the *good Lord Ochiltrie*. This nobleman was *s.* at his decease, in 1592, by his grandson,

ANDREW STEUART, third Lord Ochiltrie, a lord of the bed-chamber to King James I. of England, who, having sold, through pecuniary embarrassment, the barony of Ochiltrie to his cousin, Sir James Stewart, of Killeith, and relinquished his title to that gentleman, was created, 7th November, 1619, *Lord Steuart, Baron of Castle Steuart, in the county of Tyrone*, in the peerage of Ireland. His lordship *m.* Margaret, daughter of Sir John Kennedy, of Blairquhan, and dying in 1632, left three sons,

ANDREW, his successor, who was invested in the lifetime of his father, by King James I. by patent, with divers lands in the county of Tyrone, which were created into the manors of Castle Steuart, Forward and Carrigan.

JOHN, successor to his nephew, Josias, as fifth lord.

Robert, of Irry, a colonel in the army, *m.* Jane, daughter of James Richardson, esq. of Castle Hill, in the county of Tyrone. Colonel Steuart *d.* in 1662, and was *s.* by his son,

ROBERT, who *d.* in 1686, leaving an only son,

ANDREW, who was taken by his mother into Scotland, where he remained during the troubles in Ireland, and died in 1715, leaving, with other issue, a son and heir,

ROBERT, who *m.* Margaret, eldest daughter of Thomas Edwards, esq. of Castlegore, in the county of Tyrone, and dying in 1742, left a son,

ANDREW-THOMAS, who inherit.

## CAS

ed, as sixth **BARON CASTLE-STEUART**.

The baron was *s.* by his eldest son,

**SIR ANDREW STEUART**, second lord, who had been previously created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*. His lordship *m.* Lady Anne Stewart, fourth daughter and co-heir of John, fifth earl of Athol, and dying in 1630, was *s.* by his eldest son,

**ANDREW**, third baron. His lordship *m.* Joyce, sole heiress of Sir Arthur Blundell, of Blundellstown, in the King's county, and had an only daughter and heiress, Mary, who *m.* Henry Howard, Earl of Suffolk, and conveyed to that nobleman the family estates. Lord Castlestuart *d.* in 1650, and was *s.* by his brother,

**JOSIAS**, fourth baron. This nobleman dying without issue, in 1662, the title reverted to his uncle,

**JOHN**, fifth baron. After the decease of this nobleman, a bachelor, in 1678, the honors remained dormant until the year 1774, when they were claimed by, and allowed to,

**ANDREW-THOMAS STEUART**, esq. of Irry, in the county of Tyrone, (revert to descendants of the Hon. Robert Stewart, of Irry, youngest son of the first lord,) as sixth Baron Castlestuart. His lordship was created *Viscount Castle-Stewart*, 20th December, 1793, and advanced to an earldom, as **EARL OF CASTLE-STEUART**, 29th December, 1800. He *m.* 25th July, 1761, Sarah, daughter and co-heiress of the Right Hon. Godfrey Lill, second judge of the court of common-pleas in Ireland, by whom he had issue,

**ROBERT**, present earl.

**ANDREW**, *b.* in 1790; *m.* in 1814, Sophia-Isabella, eldest daughter of George-Lennox Conyngham, esq. of Spring Hall, in the county of Londonderry, and has issue.

**Caroline**, *m.* to General Sir James Bathurst, second son of the Bishop of Norwich.

**Sarah**.

The earl *d.* 26th August, 1809.

*Creations*—Barony, 7th November, 1619. Baronetcy, 1637. Viscount, 20th December, 1793. Earldom, 29th December, 1800.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first, or, a lion, rampant, gu. within a double tressure, flory, counterflory, of the last, for SCOTLAND; second, or, a fesse, chequy, ar. and az. in a chief a label of three points gu. for STEUART; third, ar. a saltier between four roses gu.; fourth, az. a lion, rampant, ar. the whole within a bordure, compony, ar. and az.

## CAT

*Crest*—A unicorn's head ar. armed or, between two branches of laurel vert.

*Supporters*—Two dragons vert.

*Motto*—Forward.

*Seat*—Steuart Hall, county of Tyrone.

**CATHCART, EARLOF**, (William-Shaw Cathcart, K.T.K.A.N., K.A., K.S.A., and K.T.S.,) Viscount Cathcart, and Baron Greenock, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; Baron Cathcart, in the peerage of Scotland, which latter honour he inherited as tenth baron, upon the demise of his father, in 1776. His lordship was *b.* 17th August, 1755; *m.* in June, 1779, Elizabeth, daughter of Andrew Elliot, esq. and has issue,

1. **CHARLES-MURRAY**, *Lord Greenock*, *b.* 21st December, 1783, C. B. major general in the army, and lieutenant-colonel royal staff corps; *m.* in France, 30th September, 1818, and remarried in England, 12th February, 1819, Henrietta, second daughter of Thomas Mather, esq. by whom he has issue,

— (son) *b.* Nov. 1828.

— (son) *b.* 19th August, 1830.

Elizabeth, *b.* in 1821.

Henrietta, *b.* in 1823.

2. **Frederick**, lieutenant-colonel in the army, *b.* 28th October, 1789, *m.* 18th November, 1827, Jane, daughter and heiress of Mc Adam, esq. and has assumed the surname of Mc ADAM, before that of CATHCART.

3. **George**, *b.* in 1794, an officer of rank in the army; *m.* in 1824, Lady Georgiana Greville, daughter of Louisa, Countess of Mansfield, and her second husband, the Hon. Robert Greville, by whom he has three daughters.

4. **Adolphus-Frederick**, *b.* in 1803.

5. **Louisa**. 6. **Mary-Elizabeth**.

7. **Augusta-Sophia**.

Lord Cathcart having adopted, like his ancestors, the profession of arms, attained the rank of major-general, in 1794, and of lieutenant-general, in 1801. In 1807, his lordship was appointed commander-in chief of the military force in the expedition to Copenhagen, and was rewarded, upon his return, 3rd November, 1807, with the barony and viscounty of the United Kingdom, specified above. He was advanced, 16th July, 1814, to the dignity of **EARL CATHCART**. His lordship is a general officer in the army, colonel of the second regiment of life-guards, member of the board of general officers, a commissioner of the royal military college, and royal military asylum, and vice-admiral of Scotland.

The earl has filled the high diplomatic situation of British ambassador at the court of St. Petersburg.

### Lineage.

This noble family is of great antiquity in Scotland, which is attested by the circumstance, that

RAINALDUS DE KETHCART is a subscribing witness to a grant by Alan, the son of Walter Dapifer Regis, of the patronage of the church of Kethcart, to the monastery of Paisley, anno 1178. From this Reynaldus lineally descended

SIR ALAN CATHCART, knt. whose valour at the battle of Loudoun Hill, in 1307, is thus recorded:

A knight that then was in his rout,  
Worthy and witht, stalward and stout,  
Courteous and fair, and of good fame,  
Sir Alan Cathcart was his name.

Upon this, Lord Hailes observes, it is pleasant to trace a family likeness in ancient picture. Sir Alan *m.* a sister of Sir Duncan Wallace of Sundrum, and was *s.* by his son,

ALAN DE CATHKERT, whose great grandson,

SIR ALLAN CATHCART, knt. was created *Baron Cathcart*, by James II. of Scotland, in 1447. His lordship, who was Warden of the West Marches, *m.* Janet Maxwell, and was *s.* some time before, 12th August, 1499, by his grandson,

JOHN, second Lord CATHCART, who *m.* first Margaret, daughter of John Kennedy of Blairquhan, and had an only son, ALAN, Master of Cathcart, who fell at Flodden, in 1513, leaving a son ALAN, who succeeded his grandfather. His lordship espoused secondly, Margaret, daughter of William Douglas of Drumlanrig, and had several children. He *d.* in 1536, and was *s.* by his grandson,

ALAN, third lord. This nobleman *m.* Helen, eldest daughter of William, second Lord Semphill. He fell at the battle of Pinkie, 10th Sept. 1547, and was *s.* by his only son,

ALAN, fourth lord, who *d.* in 1618, and was *s.* by his grandson,

ALAN fifth lord. This nobleman *m.* for his second wife Jean, daughter of Sir Alexander Colquhoun of Luss, and dying in 1628, was *s.* by his son,

ALAN, sixth lord, who *m.* Marion, daughter of David Boswell of Auchinleck, and dying 13th June, 1709, was *s.* by his eldest son,

ALAN, seventh baron, *b.* in 1647, *m.* Elizabeth Dalrymple, daughter of Viscount Stair, by whom he had, with other children, his successor, at his decease, in 1732,

CHARLES, eighth baron. This nobleman distinguished himself as a military officer against the Scotch rebels, in 1715, particularly at the battle of Sherrifmuir. He subsequently filled some high offices in the court of George II. His lordship being appointed commander in chief of all the British Forces in America, embarked at Spithead in 1740, but died at sea on the 20th of the following December. He first *m.* in 1718, Marion, only child of Sir John Shaw of Greenock, baronet, by whom he had a son CHARLES,

and two daughters. He espoused secondly\* Mrs. Sabine, widow of Joseph Sabine, esq. of Tring, by whom (who *m.* after his decease Lieutenant-colonel Macguire) he had no issue. He was *s.* by his son,

CHARLES, ninth baron, *b.* in 1721, who *m.* 24th July, 1753, Jane, daughter of Lord Archibald Hamilton, and granddaughter of William, fourth Duke of Hamilton, by whom he had issue,

WILLIAM SHAW, present peer.

Archibald Hamilton, in holy orders, prebendary of York; *b.* 1764, *m.* Miss Fremantle, by whom (who *d.* in 1821,) he has issue.

Jane, *m.* to John, late Duke of Atholl, and *d.* in November, 1791.

Mary, *m.* to the present Lord Lynedock, and *d.* in 1792.

Louisa, Countess of Mansfield in her own right, *m.* first, David, Earl of Mansfield; and, secondly, the Honorable Robert Fulke Greville, brother of George, second Earl of Brooke and Warwick.

Lord Cathcart, who served as aid-de-camp to the Duke of Cumberland, at the battle of Fontenoy, 30th April, 1745, attained eventually the rank of lieutenant-general in the army, and was invested with the order of the Thistle. His lordship *d.* 21st July, 1776.

*Creations*—Scottish Barony, 1447. English Viscounty, 3rd Nov. 1867. Earldom, 16th July, 1814.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, az. three cross crosslets, fitchée, issuant from as many crescents, ar. for CATHCART; second, gu. a lion rampant, ar. for WALLACE, of Sundrum; third, az. three covered caps or, for SHAW, of Greenock.

*Crest*—A dexter hand, couped above the wrist, and erect, ppr. grasping a crescent, as in the arms.

*Supporters*—Two parrots ppr.

*Motto*—I hope to speed.

*Seat*—Shaw Park, Clackmannanshire.

\* This is the lady of whom the extraordinary story is told of having been confined for many years by her last husband Colonel Macguire, in a lone castle in the fastnesses of Ireland.

**CATHCART, SIR JAMES**, baronet, of Carleton, in the county of Ayr; s. to the title, as fourth baronet, at the decease of his grand-uncle, in 1828.

### Lineage.

The family is a junior branch of the noble house of Cathcart, Earls Cathcart, in England, and Barons Cathcart in Scotland, descended from

The Honourable

ROBERT CATHCART, second son of John, second lord, who m. Margaret, daughter and heiress of Alan Cathcart, of Carleton, and falling at Flodden, in 1513, was s. by his son,

ROBERT CATHCART, of Carleton, from whom lineally descended the Cathcarts of Grenoch, and

1. HEW CATHCART, of Carleton, who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, 20th June, 1702. Sir Hew m. in 1693, Miss Broun, daughter of Sir Patrick Broun, of Colstoun, bart. and was s. by his son,

2. SIR JOHN, who m. first, in 1717, Catherine, daughter of Robert Dundas, a senator of the College of Justice, and titular Lord Armston, by whom he left no issue; and, secondly, in 1720, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Kennedy, of Cullean, baronet, by whom he had a numerous family. Sir John was s. at his decease, by his eldest son,

3. SIR JOHN; at whose decease, without issue, in 1785, the title devolved upon his next brother,

4. SIR ANDREW, a Lieutenant-colonel in the army; at whose decease, in the 87th year of his age, the title passed to JAMES, his grand-nephew, the present baronet.

*Creation*—20th June, 1702.



*Arms*—A cross crosslets, fitchée, issuing out of as many crescents ar.

*Crest*—A dexter hand holding up a heart, royally crowned, all ppr.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a lion, rampant; SINISTER, a savage, wreathed about the head and middle with laurel, all ppr.

*Motto*—By faith we are saved.

*Seat*—Killochen Castle, N.B.

**CAVAN, EARL AND BARON OF**, (Richard-Ford-William Lambart,) Viscount Kilcourse, and Lord Lambart, in the peerage of Ireland; a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 45th regiment of foot; b. 10th September, 1763; succeeded to the honors, as seventh earl, upon the demise of his father, 2nd November, 1778; m. 8th July, 1782, Honora, youngest daughter and co-heiress of the late Sir Henry Gould, one of the judges of the court of common-pleas, by whom (who d. 1st October, 1813,) he has had issue,

GEORGE-FREDERICK-AUGUSTUS, *Viscount Kilcourse*, b. 9th March, 1789; m. 14th May, 1811, Sarah, only daughter of J. P. Coppin, esq. of Cowley, Oxfordshire, by whom (who d. 30th December, 1823,) his lordship left at his decease, 28th December, 1826,

FREDERICK-JOHN-WILLIAM, b. 30th December, 1813,

Oliver-George, b. 30th June, 1822.

Henrietta-Augusta.

Alicia.

Julia.

Honora-Elizabeth-Heester, m. first, in 1805, Captain Woodgate, who d. in 1806; and, secondly, 1806, Captain Harvey, of the 18th dragoons.

The earl espoused, secondly, 11th August, 1814, Lydia, second daughter of the late William Arnold, esq. of Slatwood, Isle of Wight, by whom he has issue,

Richard-William, b. 9th December, 1815.

Edward-Arnold, b. 2nd March 1818.

Oliver-William-Matthew, b. 20th August, 1822.

Lydia-Gundred.

### Lineage.

The ancient family of Lambart derives its immediate descent from Lambart, Count of Mons Louvain, who d. in the year 1004, leaving three sons, the eldest of whom inherited the principality; the second Baldwin, settled in Flanders, and was the ancestor of the Lambertini family (which gave a successor to St. Peter, 27th August, 1470, in the person of Cardinal Lambertini, who assumed the tiara, as Benedict XIV.) while the third son took up his abode in Normandy; and his son,

RADOLPH DE LAMBERT, accompanied the Conqueror into England; and, having obtained a portion of the spoil, established himself in his royal master's new dominions. From this soldier of fortune lineally descended

SIR OLIVER LAMBERT, knt. a distinguished warrior of his day, who accompanied the Earl of Essex into Ireland, and was left by that nobleman, upon his departure from the kingdom in 1590, provisional master of the camp, and commander of two hundred foot at Enniscorthy; after which, he was made serjeant-major of the army. Sir Oliver became subsequently greatly

distinguished in the Irish wars, and, after being sworn of the privy council, was elevated to the peerage 17th February, 1617, by the title of *Lord Lambart, Baron of Cavan*. His lordship *m.* Hester, daughter of Sir William Flegwood, knt. of Carrington Manor, in the county of Bedford, and dying 9th July, 1618, was *s.* by his eldest son,

**CHARLES**, second baron. This nobleman sat in the English house of commons, in 1625 and 1627, for the borough of Bossiney, in Cornwall; and was a leading member and a principal speaker in the Irish house of lords. His lordship was advanced to the dignities of *Viscount Kilcourse*, and **EARL OF CAVAN**, on the 15th April, 1647. He *m.* Jane, younger daughter of Richard Roberts, Lord Roberts of Truro, and sister of the first Earl of Radnor of that family, (an earldom which expired in 1757;) and, dying in 1660, was *s.* by his eldest son,

**RICHARD**, second earl, who *m.* first, Rose, second daughter of Sir James Ware, of Macetown, in the county of Dublin, by whom he had an only son; and, secondly, Elizabeth, widow of Francis Derenzie, esq. of Tinicrosse, in the King's County. This nobleman was deprived of his reason and died a lunatic in 1660, when he was *s.* by his only son,

**CHARLES**, third earl. This nobleman *m.* Castillina, daughter of Henry, and sister to St. Leger Gilbert, of Kilminchy in the Queen's County. His lordship was returned a lunatic in 1670, and dying 5th December, 1702, was *s.* by his eldest son,

**RICHARD**, fourth earl. His lordship *m.* Margaret, daughter of Governor Trant, and niece of the celebrated Sir Richard Steele, knt. and was *s.* at his decease, in 1741, by his son,

**FORD**, fifth earl; who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of James Wale, esq. of Dublin, by whom he had an only daughter Gertrude, who *m.* Michael Cromie, esq. His lordship *d.* in 1772, when the honors reverted to his first-cousin,

**RICHARD**, sixth earl, son of the Hon. Hen. Lambart, third son of Charles, third earl. His lordship *m.* first, Sophia, daughter and heiress of his uncle, the Hon. Oliver Lambart, by whom he had no issue; and, secondly, Elizabeth, eldest daughter and co-heiress of George Davies, esq. one of the commissioners of the navy, by whom he had issue,

**RICHARD**, the present peer.

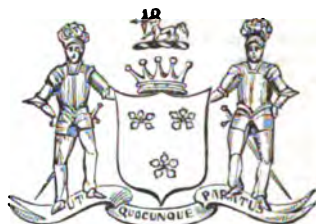
Elizabeth-Jane, who *m.* Captain Jervis, of the royal navy; from whom she was divorced in 1790, when she *m.* the Rev. Mr. Brickenden. Her ladyship *d.* 17th January 1830.

His lordship *d.* 2nd November, 1778.

*Creations*—Baron, 17th February, 1617. Earl, &c. 15th April, 1647.

*Arms*—Gu. three narcissuses ar. pierced of the field.

*Crest*—A mount vert, thereon a centaur ppr. drawing his bow gu. arrow or.



*Supporters*—Two men, in armour to the waist, sa. garnished or, short trousers gu. fringed of the second, faces, arms, knees, and swords ppr. each having a steel cap, adorned with six ostrich feathers, alternately ar. and gu.

*Motto*—*Ut quocunque paratus.*

*Seat*—Eaglehurst, Hampshire.

**CAVE-BROWNE, SIR WILLIAM**, baronet, of Stanford, in the county of Northampton; *b.* 19th February, 1765; *m.* 4th January, 1793, Louisa, fourth daughter of Sir Robert-Mead Wilmot, baronet, by whom (who *d.* in 1819) he has issue,

**JOHN-ROBERT**, *b.* 4th March, 1796; *m.* in 1821, Catherine-Penelope, daughter and co-heiress of William Mills, esq. of Barlaston Hall, in the county of Stafford, and has issue.

**William-Astley**, in holy orders, *b.* 3rd. Aug. 1797; *m.* in 1828, Eliza-Martha, daughter of the late ——— Walken, esq.

**Thomas**, *b.* 16th June, 1801; *m.* 10th April, 1827, to Anne, eldest daughter of J. Walker, esq. of Broomhouse, in the county of Lancaster.

**Wilmot**, *b.* 5th December, 1802.

**Edward-Sacheverell**, *b.* 3rd October, 1804. Harriett.

Sir William *s.* to the title, as ninth baronet, upon the demise of his second cousin, 21st March, 1810.

### Lineage.

Of two brothers,

**WYAMARUS** and **Jordayne**, living at the time of the conquest, the elder enjoyed by the gift of the victorious monarch, the lordships of North and South **CAVE**, Stanton and other considerable possessions in Yorkshire, which he conveyed in the 7th year of William Rufus to his brother, and dying in that reign, was succeeded accordingly by the said

**JORDAYNE DE CAVE**, so denominated from one of the lordships he had thus inherited. From this Jordane, we pass to his lineal descendant

**ROGER CAVE**, esq., who *m.* Margaret dau. of Richard Cecil, esq. of Northamptonshire, and sister of the celebrated **LORD TREASURER BURGHLEY**, and dying 26th July, 1596, was *s.* by his eldest son

**SIR THOMAS CAVE**, knt., who *m.* Eleanor, dau.

of Nicholas St. John, esq., of Lydyard Tregos, in the county of Wilts, and was s. by his eldest surviving son,

SIR THOMAS CAVÉ, knt, this gentleman m. Elisabeth, dau. of Sir Herbert Croft, of Croft Castle, Herts, and was s. by his only son,

1. SIR THOMAS CAVÉ, knt, who having distinguished himself, during the civil wars, by zealous loyalty to his sovereign, was created a baronet on 30th June, 1641; Sir Thomas m. first Catherine, dau. of Sir Anthony Haslewood, but had no issue. He espoused secondly Penelope, second daughter of Thomas, Viscount Wenman, of the kingdom of Ireland, and had several children, of whom the third son, Brigadier Ambrose CAVÉ, of the life guards, was slain in 1690, by one Biron, an officer, whose life he had frequently spared, although repeated provocations had caused much skirmishing between them, and in return for his generosity, Biron ran his sword through the gallant officer's back, as he sat in his chair, of which wound he soon afterwards died; the sword was left in his body while the assassin fled, and no trace of him could afterwards be discovered. Sir Thomas CAVÉ was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR ROGER, M.P. for Coventry. This gentleman m. first Martha, daughter and heiress of John Brown, esq. of Eydon, in Northamptonshire, clerk of the parliament, by whom he had THOMAS, his successor, and other children. He espoused secondly Mary, daughter of Sir William Bromley, K.B., and had a son ROGER, (sir) of Eydon, and two daughters; and, secondly, Mary, daughter of Sir William Bromley, K.B. He d. 11th October, 1703, and was s. by his eldest son,

3. SIR THOMAS, M.P. for the county of Leicester, who m. Margaret, daughter of John Verney, first Viscount Fermanagh, (a viscounty which merged in the earldom of Verney, and both expired in 1791,) by whom he had two sons and two daughters. He d. 21st April, 1719, and was s. by his son,

4. SIR VERNY; at whose decease, unmarried, the title devolved upon his brother,

5. SIR THOMAS, barrister-at-law, who m. in 1730, and dying, 7th August, 1778, was s. by his son,

6. SIR THOMAS, who m. Sarah, daughter of John Edwards, esq. a merchant of London, by whom he had issue,

THOMAS, his successor.

Sarah, eventually heiress to her brother, m. Henry Otway, esq. of Castle Otway, in Ireland, and had issue the present ROBERT OTWAY-CAVÉ, esq. of Stamford Hall, in the county of Leicester.

Sir Thomas d. 31st May, 1780, and was s. by his only son,

7. SIR THOMAS, M.P. for the county of Leicester. This gentleman m. Lucy, only daughter of the Right Honorable and Rev. Robert, fourth Earl of Harborough; and dying s. p. his estates devolved upon his only sister, Sarah, while the title reverted to his uncle,

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8. THE REV. SIR CHARLES, M.A. at whose decease, unmarried, the baronetcy devolved upon his cousin, WILLIAM-BROWNE CAVÉ, esq. (the present baronet,) of Eydon, in the county of Northampton, son of John CAVÉ, esq. who assumed the surname of Browne, upon inheriting the estate of Stretton, his father, Sir Roger CAVÉ, (eldest son by his second wife, of Sir Roger, the second baronet,) having married Catherine, daughter and heiress of William Browne, esq. of Stretton. Sir William resumed the surname of "Cavé," upon inheriting the title.

*Creation*—30th June, 1641.



*Arms*—Az. fretty, ar.

*Crest*—A greyhound current, sa., to which, on an escroll, proceeding from his mouth, The word *Gardes* for *Motto*.

*Seat*—Stretton Hall, Derbyshire.

CAWDOR, EARL, (John-Frederick Campbell, F.R.S.) of Castlemartin, in the county of Pembroke, Viscount Emlyn, of Emlyn, in the county of Carmarthen, and Baron Cawdor; b. 8th November, 1790; m. 30th July, 1816, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Thomas, second and present Marquess of Bath, by whom he has issue,

JOHN-FREDERICK-VAUGHAN, *Viscount Emlyn*, b. in July, 1817.

Archibald-George, b. 11th January, 1837.

Emily-Caroline, b. in 1819.

Georgiana-Elizabeth, b. in 1820.

Elizabeth-Lucy, b. in 1822.

Mary, b. in 1825.

His lordship s. to the peerage, as second baron, upon the demise of his father, 1st June, 1821, and obtained the other honors by patent creation, 24th September, 1827.

### Lineage.

This family is a branch of the ducal house of Argyll, springing from Sir John Campbell, (who m. Muriella, daughter and heiress of Sir John Calder, of Calder,) third son of Archibald, second Earl of Argyll.

JOHN CAMPBELL, esq. eldest son of Pryce Campbell, esq. of Cawdor Castle, in the county of Nairn, and of \* Stackpole-court, in the county of

\* The Campbells of *Cawdor*, in Scotland, acquired their seat and estate in Pembrokeshire, by marrying the heiress of the Lords, of *Stackpole Court*, in that county.—*Brydger's Collins*.

Pembroke, (which Pryce represented the county of Cromertie in parliament, and was a lord of the treasury in 1766,) was elevated to the peerage of Great Britain, 21st June, 1796, by the title of *Lord Cawdor, of Castlemartin, in the county of Pembroke*. His lordship had previously represented the town of Cardigan in parliament. He *m.* 27th July, 1780, Lady Caroline Howard, eldest daughter of Frederick, fifth Earl of Carlisle, and had issue,

**JOHN-FREDERICK**, the present peer.

George-Pryce, a captain in the royal navy,

*M.P.*; *m.* 13th October, 1821, Charlotte,

second daughter of General Isaac Gascoyne.

His lordship *d.* in 1821.

*Creations*—Baron, 21st June, 1796. Earl and Viscount, 24th September, 1827.



*Arms*—Gyronny of eight, or and sa.

*Crest*—A swan ar. ducally crowned or.

*Supporters*—**Dexter**, a lion, guardant, gu.; **Sinister**, a hart, ppr.

*Motto*—Be mindful.

*Town Residence*—9, Grosvenor-square.

*Seats*—Stackpole Court, Pembrokeshire; Cawdor Castle, Nairnshire.

**CAYLEY, SIR GEORGE**, baronet, of Brompton, in the county of York, F.R.S.; *b.* in 1773; *s.* to the title, as sixth baronet, upon the demise of his father, in 1791; *m.* in 1795, Sarah, daughter of the Rev. George Walker, of Nottingham, F.R.S. by whom he has issue,

**DIGBY**, *b.* 13th March, 1807.

Anne.

Isabella, *m.* in 1822, to Sir T. C. Style, bart.

Emma, *m.* to E. S. Cayley, esq. of Wydale House, in the county of York.

Sarah-Philadelphia, *m.* in 1827, to William Worsley, esq. of Hovingham, in the county of York.

### Lineage.

This is a very ancient family of the county of Norfolk, being of importance there as far back as the reign of King John, and in the reign of the first Edward,

**HUGH DE CAILLY** was Lord of Owby, in the same shire; the great grandson of this Hugh,

**JOHN CAYLEY**, esq. (a younger brother,) removed into Yorkshire, and settled at Normanston.

From him descended

**WILLIAM CAYLEY**, who lived at Thormanby, and *d.* in 1568, leaving issue by Joan, daughter of Richard Gouldthorp, esq. of the city of York,

**EDWARD CAYLEY**, esq. of Brompton, in the county of York, who *m.* Anne, daughter of William Walters, esq. of Cundall, and dying in 1642, was *s.* by his eldest son,

1. **SIR WILLIAM CAYLEY**, knt. who was raised to the rank of baronet, 26th April, 1661. Sir William *m.* Dorothy, eldest daughter of Sir William St. Quintin, of Harpham, in the county of York, by whom he had five sons and two daughters, and was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,

2. **SIR WILLIAM**, who *m.* Mary, daughter and sole heiress of Barnaby Holbeck, esq. of Birchley Hall, in the county of Warwick, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

3. **SIR ARTHUR**. This gentleman *m.* in 1699, Everilda, daughter of George Thornhill, esq. of Fixby, in the county of York; and dying at an advanced age, in 1727, was *s.* by his only surviving son,

4. **SIR GEORGE**, who *m.* 31st May, 1730, Philadelphia, daughter of John Digby, esq. of Mansfield Woodhouse, Nottinghamshire, and co-heiress of her brother, John Digby, esq. of the same place, by whom he had six sons and eight daughters, of whom,

**THOMAS**, the eldest, died before his father, leaving, by his wife, Isabella, daughter of John Seton, esq. four daughters.

Sir George *d.* at the age of eighty-four, in 1791, and was *s.* by his second, but eldest surviving son,

**GEORGE**, present baronet.

*Creation*—26th April, 1661.



*Arms*—Quarterly, ar. and sa., a bend gu., charged with three mullets of the first.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a lion rampant or, charged with a bend gu., thereon three mullets ar., in the paws a battle-axe, ppr.

*Seat*—Brompton, in the county of York.

**CHAD, SIR CHARLES**, baronet, of Thursford, in the county of Norfolk; *b.* 21st April, 1779; *m.* 14th June, 1810, Lady Anne Turnour, second daughter of Edward, second Earl of Winterton, by whom he has issue,

**EDWARD-HENRY**, *b.* 5th September, 1811.

Sir Charles *s.* to the title, as the second baronet, at the decease of his father, in 1815.



**Lineage.**

This family is said to deduce its origin from Ceadda, or Cedda, a Saxon, who was canonized in 664. The names of many places are derived from St. Chad. At Chadshunt, in Warwickshire, is an ancient chapel, near which stood an image of the saint; and there is also, in the vicinity of the chapel, a spring, denominated St. Chad's Well. The Chads were originally seated in Dorsetshire; and Humphrey Chad was sheriff of that county in the reign of Henry III. The more immediate ancestor of the baronet, however, was

ROBERT CHAD, esq. of Wells, in the county of Norfolk; *b.* in 1630; who *m.* the only daughter of Nicholas Tidd, esq. by whom he had two sons: the eldest *d.* unmarried, and the second,

ROBERT CHAD, esq. succeeded. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Charles Wright, esq. of Norfolk; *b.* in 1630; who *m.* the only daughter of Nicholas Tidd, (son of Thomas Wright, esq. by Catherine, daughter of Sir Charles Harbord, surveyor-general to Charles II.) by whom he had two daughters, and his successor,

1. GEORGE CHAD, esq. *b.* in 1730; who was created a baronet 21st June, 1791; *m.* first, Sarah, daughter of John Rowles, esq. of Kingston, Surrey, by whom he had surviving issue,

CHARLES, present baronet.

George-William, *b.* in 1784; late minister-plenipotentiary to the court of Saxony.

Frances-Mary, *b.* in 1776; *m.* John-Winn, Thomlinson, esq. of Cley, in the county of Norfolk, and has issue.

Cecilia-Rachel, *b.* in 1777, and *d.* in 1828.

Sir George married, secondly, Mary, sole heiress of Edward Fletcher, esq. of Richmond, Surrey, by whom, (who *d.* in 1794,) he had no child. He *d.* in 1815.

*Creation*—21st June, 1791.



*Arms*—Per pale, gu. and ar., a cross, potent, in the first and fourth quarters a rose, in the second and third a cross pattée, all counterchanged.

*Crest*—A falcon, wings expanded ppr. beaked, legged, and membered or, supporting in the dexter claw a cross potent, as in the arms.

*Seats*—Thursfold, and Pinkney Hall, both in the county of Norfolk.

CHAMBERLAIN, SIR HENRY, baronet, of London; *b.* 2nd October, 1796; *m.* in 1826, Harriet, daughter of John Mullen, esq.; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the decease of his father, 31st July,

1829. Sir Henry is an officer in the royal artillery.

**Lineage.**

1. HENRY CHAMBERLAIN, esq. having filled the situations of consul-general and charge-d'affaires in Brazil, was created a baronet 22nd February, 1826. He *m.* first, in January, 1795, Elizabeth, daughter of — Harrod, esq. of Exeter, (which marriage was dissolved by act of parliament in 1813,) and had issue,

HENRY, present baronet.

Eliza-Caroline, *m.* in 1819, the hon. Charles Orlando Bridgman.

Sir Henry *m.* secondly, in June, 1813, Anne-Eugenia, daughter of William Morgan, esq. of London, by whom he has

1. William-Charles, *b.* in 1818.
2. Neville-Bowles, *b.* in 1826.
3. Crawford-Trotter, *b.* in 1821.
4. Thomas Hardy, *b.* in 1822.
5. Charles-Francis-Falcon, *b.* in 1826.
6. Anne-Beresford. 7. Harriett-Mary.

He *d.* 31st July, 1829.



*Arms*—Gu., within an orle ar., charged with eight mullets az., an armillary sphere, or.

*Crest*—An eagle displayed ppr., the dexter claw resting on an armillary sphere, or.

*Motto*—Spes et fides.

*Town Residence*—Baker-street.

CHAMPNEYS, SIR THOMAS-SWYM-MER-MOSTYN, baronet, of Orchardleigh, in the county of Somerset; *b.* 31st May, 1769; *m.* 21st April, 1792, Charlotte-Margaret, second daughter of Sir R. Mostyn, bart. by whom he has no issue; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 21st August, 1821. Sir Thomas is the twenty-fifth in lineal descent from the first possessor of Orchardleigh, and the twenty-third from Sir Amian Chamneys, and his wife, the Lady Anne Courtenay, granddaughter maternally of Lewis, King of France. Lady Chamneys succeeded by will, at the decease of her father, to the Mostyn estates,\* and herself

\* These include all the Cheshire estates of D'Arcy Savage, brother of Savage, Earl of Rivers, those of Sir George Beeston, of Beeston Castle, and many others.

and Sir Thomas have, in consequence, assumed by sign manual, the additional surname and arms of Mostyn.

### Lineage.

This very ancient family has been seated from the time of the Norman conquest at ORCHARDLEIGH, in the county of Somerset; and, during the whole of the period, has enjoyed the very first degree of rank and importance. It claims alliance to the royal house of Bourbon, through

SIR AMIAN CHAMPNEYS, knt. who m. Anne, daughter of Courtenay, Earl of Devon, by his wife Blanch, daughter of Lewis, King of France, this Sir Amian was s. by his son,

SIR JOHN CHAMPNEYS, whose son,

SIR HUOH CHAMPNEYS, m. Maud, daughter and heiress of Sir John Avenell. The seventh in lineal descent from this knight,

SIR HENRY CHAMPNEYS, m. Elisabeth, daughter and heiress of Walter de Horrey: they were both living in 1463, and were succeeded by their eldest son,

HENRY CHAMPNEYS, esq. of Frome-Selwood, who m. Jane, daughter of Gabriel Liversedge, of Valles House, and heiress by her mother to the family of Braunch, and was s. in 1505 by his son,

HENRY CHAMPNEYS, esq. of Orchardleigh. This gentleman m. Elisabeth, only daughter and heiress of St. Maur, of Seymour's Court in Somersetshire. His great-great-grandson,

JOHN CHAMPNEYS, esq. of Orchardleigh, m. Deborah, daughter of John Suppeley, esq. of Stone Easton, in the county of Somerset, and dying in 1678, was s. by his eldest son,

JOHN CHAMPNEYS, esq. whose son,

JOHN CHAMPNEYS, esq. was high sheriff of the county of Somerset in 1695. He m. Elisabeth, only daughter and heiress of Richard Chaundler, esq. of Cam's Hall, Hampshire, and heiress to her maternal grandfather Sir Thomas Badd, baronet, of the same place, by whom he had JOHN who was sheriff of Somersetshire, in 1693, and

RICHARD CHAMPNEYS, esq. sheriff of Somersetshire, in 1728. This gentleman m. first Sarah, daughter and co-heiress of Sir William Daines of Bristol, knt. and had two daughters. He espoused secondly, Jane, only daughter and eventually sole heiress of Anthony-Langley Swymmer, esq. and had with other issue, his successor,

1. THOMAS CHAMPNEYS, esq. of Orchardleigh, b. 9th October, 1745, who was created a baronet 12th January, 1767. Sir Thomas m. first in 1768, Caroline-Anne, daughter of Richard Cox, esq. of Quarley, in the county of Hants, by Caroline, daughter of Sir William Codrington, of Dodington, baronet, and had an only surviving son,

THOMAS-SWYMMER, the present baronet.

He m. secondly, Henrietta, daughter of Humphry Minchin, esq. of Stubbington, in the county of Hants, M.P. Sir Thomas d. 21st August, 1821.

Creation—12th January, 1767.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first grand quarter,—first and fourth party per-pale, ar. and sa. within a bordure engrailed and countercharged, a lion rampant gu., for CHAMPNEYS: second and third party per-bend, sinister erm. and erminois, a lion rampant or, and a canton as. for MOSTYN. Second grand quarter,—chequy, on a bend engrailed, three lions passant sa., for CHAUNDLER. Third grand quarter,—gu. three diving-bells, or. for SWYMMER. Fourth grand quarter,—party per pale, or and ar., a cockatrice sa., beaked or, for LANOLEY. Over all, an escutcheon of pretence.

*Supporters*—Two lions rampant gu., murally crowned and collared, or, (and by grant of Lewis the Fourteenth) one charged with the arms of France, the other with those of Navarre.

*Crests*—First, a ducal coronet or, out of which a sword, between two wings expanded, for CHAMPNEYS. Second, a moor demi attired, or, holding in his dexter hand a ring. Third, a lion rampant or, collared sa., for MOSTYN.

*Mottos*—Over the Champney crest, "Justitia acutior ense elato;" under the arms, "Pro patria non timidus perire."

*Seat*—Orchardleigh Park, near Frome, Somersetshire.

Amongst the ancestors of the baronet we have omitted to notice SIR JOHN CHAMPNEYS, knt. Lord Mayor of London in 1534, who is celebrated in Fuller's Worthies of England.

CHAPMAN, SIR THOMAS, knight and baronet, of St. Lucy's, in the county of Westmeath; b. 20th October, 1756: m. in 1808, Margaret, daughter of James Fetherston, esq. of Bracklin Castle, in the county of Westmeath, by whom he has issue,

MONTAGU-LOWTHER, b. in December, 1808;

M. P. for the county of Westmeath.

Benjamin-James, b. in February, 1810.

William, b. in November, 1812.

Sir Thomas s. to the title, as second baronet, at the decease of his brother, in August, 1810.

### Lineage.

This family appears to have been of ancient extraction, and to have been long resident in and

near the town of Hinckley, in the county of Leicester. The first of its members that removed into Ireland were the brothers,

JOHN and WILLIAM CHAPMAN, who were powerfully supported by their maternal cousin-german, Sir Walter Raleigh; through whose means the elder brother procured grants of land, in the county of Kerry; which, under the pressure of pecuniary difficulty, after the fall of his great patron, he was obliged to dispose of to the first Earl of Cork, for the very large sum, in those days, of twenty-six thousand four hundred pounds. He *d.* in eight years after that alienation; and the younger brother in twelve years afterwards, leaving an only son,

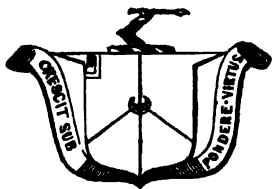
BENJAMIN CHAPMAN, who entered as a cornet into a regiment of cavalry, raised by the Earl of Inchiquin; and obtained from Cromwell, when Captain Chapman, a grant of a considerable estate in the county of Westmeath, at Killua, otherwise St. Lucy's, formerly a preceptory, or cell, of the knights hospitaliers, where he resided until his decease. He *m.* Anne, daughter of Robert Parkinson, esq. of Ardee, by whom he had two sons. The younger, Thomas, settled in America; and the elder,

WILLIAM CHAPMAN, esq. *s.* his father at St. Lucy's. He *m.* Isamay, daughter of Thomas Nugent, esq. of Clonlost; and, dying in 1734, was *s.* by his eldest son,

BENJAMIN CHAPMAN, esq. This gentleman *m.* Anne, daughter of Robert Tighe, esq. by whom he had three sons and two daughters. He *d.* in 1779, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

BENJAMIN CHAPMAN, esq. of St. Lucy's, who was created a BARONET OF IRELAND, 10th Feb. 1782, with remainder, in default of male issue, to the male descendants of his father. Sir Benjamin *m.* Miss Anne Lowther; but dying *s. p.* in August, 1810, the title devolved upon his brother, SIR THOMAS CHAPMAN, knt., the present baronet.

*Creation*—10th February, 1782.



*Arms*—Per chev. ar. and gu., in the centre a crescent, counterchanged.

*Crest*—On a wreath, an arm, embowed in armour, holding a broken spear, encircled with a wreath of laurel, all ppr.

*Motto*—Crescit sub pondere virtus.

*Town Residence*—Merrion-square, Dublin.

*Seat*—St. Lucy's, county of Westmeath.

CHARLEMONT, EARL OF, (Francis-William Caulfeild, K.P.) Viscount Caulfeild, and Baron Caulfeild, of Charlemont, in the peerage of Ireland, and one of the representative lords; *b.* 3rd January, 1775; *s.* to the honors, as second earl, upon the demise of his father, 4th August, 1799; *m.* 9th February, 1802, Anne, youngest daughter and co-heiress of William Bermingham, esq. of Ross Hill, in the county of Galway, by whom he has no surviving issue.

### Lineage.

The settlement of this noble family in Ireland took place in the reign of Elizabeth, when

SIR TOBY CAULFEILD, a distinguished and gallant soldier, was employed in that part of her majesty's dominions, against the formidable O'Neile, Earl of Tyrone. In 1615, Sir Toby was appointed one of the council for the province of Munster; and, the next year, joined in commission with the lord-deputy St. John, and others, for settling out the secheated lands in Ulster unto such British undertakers as were named in the several tables of assignation; in which employments, the king (James I.) found him so faithful, diligent, and prudent, that he thought him highly deserving of the peerage of Ireland, and created him, accordingly, 22nd December, 1620, *Lord Caulfeild, Baron Charlemont*, with limitation of the honor to his lordship's nephew, Sir William Caulfeild, knt. The baron *d.* a bachelor, 17th August, 1627, and was *s.* by his above-mentioned nephew,

SIR WILLIAM CAULFEILD, second baron. This nobleman took his seat in parliament, 4th Nov. 1634, after the lord chancellor had moved to know the pleasure of the house, whether he should be admitted to this place, having brought neither writ of summons nor patent; whereupon it was resolved, that his lordship should be admitted, inasmuch as they were all satisfied he was a lord of parliament. His lordship *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir John King, knt. (ancestor of the Earl of Kingston) by whom he had seven sons and three daughters, from the youngest son Thomas, descended the Caulfeilds of Donamon, in the county of Roscommon, represented by the present St. GEORGE FRANCIS CAULFEILD, esq. of the Life Guards. His lordship was *s.* at his decease in 1640, by his eldest son,

TOBY, third baron; who also *s.* his father, as governor of the Fort of Charlemont, and there resided, with his company of the 97th foot, in garrison. This fort was a place of considerable strength and importance during the rebellion of 1641; but his lordship suffered himself to be surprised 22nd October, in that year; and, being made prisoner with his whole family, was subsequently murdered, by the orders, it is said, of Sir Phelim O'Neile. This unfortunate nobleman dying unmarried, was *s.* by his brother,

ROBERT, fourth baron, who *d.* in a few months afterwards, from the effects of an over dose of

opium; when the barony devolved upon his brother,

**WILLIAM**, fifth baron. This nobleman apprehended Sir Phelim O'Neill, and had him executed for the murder of his brother. His lordship having filled, after the restoration, several high and confidential situations, was advanced to a viscounty, as *Viscount Caulfeild*, 8th October, 1665. He *m.* Sarah, second daughter of Charles, Viscount Drogheda, by whom he had four sons and three daughters; and dying in 1671, was *s.* by his second, but eldest surviving son,

**WILLIAM**, second viscount. This nobleman was an active partizan of King William, in the contest between that prince and his father-in-law. His lordship *m.* Anne, only daughter, of his grace, Doctor James Margetson, Archbishop of Armagh, by whom he had seven sons and five daughters. He *d.* after enjoying the peerage more than half a century, 21st July, 1726, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

**JAMES**, third viscount. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, only daughter of the Right Hon. Francis Bernard, of Castle Mahon, in the county of Cork, one of the judges of the court of common-pleas, by whom he had two sons; the younger, Francis, who *m.* Mary, only daughter of John, Lord Eyre, was lost, with his lady, infant child, and servant, in a dreadful hurricane, upon his passage to Ireland, from London, in November, 1775, to fulfil his parliamentary duty, as member for the borough of Charlemont. He left issue, James Eyre Caulfeild, *esq.* and Eleanor, who *m.* William, third Earl of Wicklow, and *d.* in 1807. The viscount *d.* 21st April, 1734, and was *s.* by his only surviving son,

**JAMES**, fourth viscount, K.P.; *b.* 18th August, 1728; created **EARL OF CHARLEMONT**, 23rd December, 1763; *m.* 2nd July, 1768, Mary, daughter of Thomas Hickman, *esq.* of the county of Clare, by whom (who *d.* in 1807) he had issue,

**FRANCIS-WILLIAM**, present peer.

**Henry**, *b.* 29th July, 1779, late M.P. for the county of Armagh; *m.* 30th August, 1819, Elizabeth-Margaret, second daughter of Dodwell Browne, *esq.* of Ralines, in the county of Mayo, and has issue,

1. James Molyneux, *b.* in 1820.

2. Henry-William, *b.* in 1822.

3. Zoe-Margaret, *b.* in 1824.

**Elizabeth**.

His lordship was a distinguished patriot, and had the high honor of being nominated commander-in-chief of the celebrated volunteer army of Ireland, in 1779. He *d.* in 1799.

**Creations**—Baron, 22d December, 1620. Viscount, 8th October, 1665. Earl, 23rd December, 1763.

**Arms**—Barry of ten, ar. and gu. on a canton of the second, a lion, passant, guardant, or.

**Crest**—A dragon's head, erased, gu. gorged with a bar, gemelle, ar.

**Supporters**—Two dragons gu. wings endorsed sa. gorged with a bar, gemelle, ar.



*Motto*—Deo duce, ferro comitante.

**Town Residences**—15, Upper Grosvenor-street, London; Palace-row, Dublin.

**Seats**—Castle Caulfeild, Armagh; and Marino, near Dublin.

**CHARLEVILLE, EARL OF**, (Charles-William Bury, F.R.S. and M.R.I.A.) Viscount Charleville, and Baron Tullamore, of Tullamore, in the King's County, in the peerage of Ireland, so created (Baron) 7th November, 1797, (Viscount) 29th December, 1800, and (Earl) 16th February, 1806; *b.* 30th June, 1764; *m.* 4th June, 1798, Catherine-Maria, only daughter and heiress of Thomas-Townley Dawson, *esq.* and widow of James Tisdale, *esq.* (her ladyship's daughter, by Mr. Tisdale, *m.* 7th April, 1828, Lieutenant-Colonel Marley,) by whom he has issue,

**CHARLES-WILLIAM**, *Lord Tullamore*, M.P. *b.* 29th April, 1801; *m.* 29th February, 1821, Beaujolois-Harriet-Charlotte, third daughter of the late Colonel Campbell, of Shawfield, by Lady Charlotte Campbell, second daughter of John, fifth Duke of Argyll, and has issue,

Charles-William-George, *b.* 8th March, 1822.

John-James, *b.* 22nd October, 1827.

Alfred, *b.* 19th February, 1829.

Beaujolois-Eleanora-Katherine, *b.* 4th December, 1824.

Lord Charleville is one of the representative peers of Ireland.

### Lineage.

This noble family derives maternally from the extinct house of MOORE, Barons Tullamore, and Earls of Charleville, which sprang from a common ancestor with the "Moore," Earls and Marquesses of Drogheda.

**JOHN MOORE**, *esq.* eldest son of Thomas Moore, *esq.* of Benenden, *m.* Margaret, daughter and heiress of John Brent, *esq.* and widow of John Dering, *esq.* of Surrenden, by whom, with other children, he had

Sir Edward, who settling in Ireland, founded the noble house of Drogheda, and

## CHA

SIR THOMAS MOORE, who likewise took up his abode in Ireland, in the reign of Elizabeth, and obtained by grant from the crown, 5th December, 1577, the Castle of Castletown, with 758 acres of land thereunto adjoining, in the King's County, being styled in the said grant "Thomas Moore, of Croghan." Mr. Moore received, subsequently, the honor of knighthood for his services against the Irish, by whom he was eventually put to death in his castle. He was *s.* by his son,

SIR JOHN MOORE, of Croghan Castle, who, with other considerable territorial possessions from the crown, had a grant 23rd April, 1622, of the town and lands of TULLAMORE, &c. in the King's County, to the extent of 1147 acres. He *m.* Dorothy, fifth daughter of Dr. Adam Loftus, Archbishop of Dublin, and Lord-chancellor of Ireland, and dying 26th April, 1633, was *s.* by his eldest son,

THOMAS MOORE, esq. of Croghan, M.P. for Philipstown. This gentleman *m.* Margaret, daughter of Sir Ambrose Forth, of Cabragh, near Dublin, judge of the prerogative court in Ireland; and was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,

JOHN MOORE, esq. of Croghan, who *m.* a daughter of Sir William Sambach, attorney-general for Ireland, by whom he had no surviving male issue. He *m.* secondly, in 1609, Ellen, second daughter of Dudley Colley, esq. of Castle Carberry, in the county of Kildare, by whom he had Dudley, who fell in a duel with Cornet Castine, in London, in 1714, and an elder son, his heir,

THE RIGHT HON. JOHN MOORE, of Croghan, M.P. for the King's County, who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland 22nd October, 1715, as *Baron Moore, of Tullamore*, and obtained a reversionary grant of office of muster-master-general of Ireland. His lordship *m.* first, in 1697, Mary, daughter of Elnathan Lunn, esq. banker, of Dublin, by whom he had an only surviving son, and one surviving daughter,

Jane, who *m.* January, 1794, William Bury, esq. of Shannon Grove, in the county of Limerick, and had, with other children, JOHN BURY, esq. of whom hereafter.

Lord Tullamore *m.* secondly, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of John Sankey, esq. of Teneilick, in the county of Longford, widow of Sir John King, bart. and dying 8th September, 1725, was *s.* by his son,

CHARLES, second baron, *b.* in 1712, governor of the King's County, and muster-master-general of Ireland, who was created EARL OF CHARLEVILLE, 15th September, 1758. His lordship *m.* in 1737, Hester, only surviving child of James Coghill, esq. LL.D. by whom (who *m.* after his decease Major John Mayne, who assumed the name of COGHILL) he had no issue. He *d.* 17th February, 1764, when his honors became extinct, while his estates passed to his nephew,

JOHN BURY, esq. of Shannon Grove, mentioned above, who *m.* Catharine, second daughter and co-heiress of Francis Sadlier, esq. of Sopwell Hall, in the county of Tipperary, and left at his decease, 4th August, 1764, an only son,

## CHA

CHARLES-WILLIAM BURY, esq. who was elevated to the peerage, and is the present EARL OF CHARLEVILLE.

Mrs. Bury *m.* secondly, Henry, first Lord Dunally, and by him was mother of the present Lord Dunally. (See that dignity.)

*Creations*—Baron, 7th November, 1707. Viscount, 29th December, 1800. Earl, 16th February, 1806.



*Arms*—Quarterly: first and fourth, vert, a cross crosslet ar. for BURY; second and third, az. on a chief, indented, ar. three mullets gu. a crescent for difference, for MOORE.

*Crest*—A boar's head, couped, transpierced through the mouth with an arrow, ppr.

*Supporters*—Two blacks attired as men wreathed about the temples ar. and of the first, each holding in his exterior hand a dart ppr.

*Motto*—Virtus sub cruce crescit.

*Town Residence*—Cavendish-square.

*Seat*—Charleville Forest, Tullamore, Ireland.

CHATHAM, EARL OF, (John Pitt,) Viscount Pitt, of Burton Pynsent, in the county of Somerset, and Baron Chatham, of Chatham, in the county of Kent; K.G., a general officer in the army, colonel of the 4th regiment of foot, and governor-general of Gibraltar: *b.* 10th September, 1756; succeeded to the earldom and viscounty, as second earl, upon the demise of his father, 11th May, 1778; and to the barony, on the death of his mother, 3rd April, 1803; *m.* 9th July, 1783, Mary-Elizabeth, second daughter of Thomas, first Viscount Sidney, by whom (who *d.* 20th May, 1821) he had no issue. His lordship is an elder brother of the Trinity-house, governor of the Charter-house, and high-steward of Colchester.

### Lineage.

THOMAS PITT, esq. of Blandford, in the county of Dorset, was appointed, in the reign of Queen Anne, governor of Fort St. George, in the East Indies, where he purchased, for 48,000 pagodas (20,400*l.*), the very celebrated diamond, weighing 127 carats, which he sold to the Duke of Orleans for the King of France for 135,000*l.*, and which,

to this day, is styled "Pitt's Diamond." Mr. Pitt was subsequently governor general of Jamaica. He m. Jane, daughter of James Innes, esq. son of Adam Innes, of Reid Hall, in the shire of Murray, N. B., and had issue,

ROBERT, of Boconnock.

Thomas, a colonel of horse, who, marrying Frances, daughter and co-heiress of Robert Ridgeway, Earl of Londonderry, was himself created, in 1719, *Baron*, and in 1736, *Earl of Londonderry*, which honors ceased at the decease of his son RIDGWAY, third earl.

John, M. P., and colonel of foot-guards; m. Mary, eldest daughter of Thomas, Viscount Fauconberg, and d. in 1744, *s. p.*

Lucy, m. in 1713, to James Stanhope, esq., created EARL STANHOPE.

Essex, m. to Charles Cholmondeley, esq. of Vale Royal, in the county of Chester, by whom she had a son,

Thomas Cholmondeley, whose son,

Thomas Cholmondeley, is the present LORD DELAMERE.

The eldest son,

ROBERT PITT, esq. of Boconnock, in the county of Cornwall, M. P., and one of the clerks of the green-cloth; m. Harriot, sister of John Villiers, Earl of Grandison, and had, with five daughters, two sons, viz. :—

THOMAS, of Boconnock, M. P. lord-warden of the Stannaries, and steward of the duchy in Cornwall and Devon, to Frederick, Prince of Wales. He m. Christian, eldest daughter of Sir Thomas Lyttelton, bart. of Hagley, by whom he had issue,

THOMAS, created LORD CAMELFORD, a dignity that expired with his son,

THOMAS, second lord, who was killed in a duel, in 1804.

Amelia, m. to W. Spry, LL. D.

Christian, m. to Thomas Saunders, esq. governor of Fort St. George.

and

WILLIAM PITT, esq. M. P. who, having distinguished himself as one of the most eloquent senators and ablest statesmen of the reigns of George the Second, and George the Third, obtained a peerage for his lady, Hester Grenville, only daughter of Richard Grenville, esq., and sister of Earl Temple, 4th December, 1761, by the style of *Baroness of Chatham*; and was himself created, 30th July, 1566, *Viscount Pitt*, and *EARL OF CHATHAM*; having previously filled several high offices as a minister of the crown. His lordship had issue,

JOHN, present earl.

WILLIAM, b. 28th May, 1759, M. P. for the university of Cambridge, and prime-minister, with but one short interruption, for two-and-twenty years, the most eventful in the annals of Great Britain: d. 23rd January, 1806, and buried at the public expense in Westminster Abbey, where a national monument has been erected to his memory. To the immortal honor of this

powerful minister, who had the almost uncontrolled management of the public purse, for such a series of years, he died in circumstances so far from affluent, that parliament found it necessary to devote 40,000*l.* to the liquidation of his debts.

James-Charles, R. N. d. in 1780.

Hester, m. to Charles, third Earl Stanhope, and d. in 1780.

Harriet, m. to the Hon. Edward-James Eliot, and d. in 1786.

The death of Lord Chatham was sudden and impressive. In an effort to speak in the house of lords, when labouring under great bodily infirmities, he suddenly dropt down, and, although dissolution did not immediately ensue, his lordship survived but two or three weeks. His remains were honored with public obsequies, and a pension of 4,000*l.* a year was settled upon the earldom of Chatham. The countess d. in 1803.

*Creations*—Baron, 4th December, 1761. Viscount and Earl, 30th July, 1766.



*Arms*—Sa. a fesse chequy, ar. and az., between three bezants.

*Crest*—A stork ppr. resting the dexter foot upon an anchor, erect, or. cabled of the first.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a lion, rampant, guardant, ppr. charged on the right shoulder with an acorn or, slipped and leaved, vert; SINISTER, a buck, ppr. attired, collared, and chained, or.

*Motto*—Benigno numine.

*Town Residence*—10, Charles-street, Berkeley-square.

*Seats*—Burton Pynsent, Somersetshire; Hayes, Kent.

CHATTERTON, SIR WILLIAM-ABRAHAM, baronet, of Castle Mahon, in the county of Cork; b. in 1787; s. to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 9th April, 1806; m. in 1824, Henrietta-Georgiana, daughter of the Rev. Lascelles Iremonger, prebendary of Winchester.

### Lineage.

This family settled in Ireland in the reign of Elizabeth, and obtained grants of land from the crown.

1. JAMES CHATTERTON, esq. barrister-at-law, having filled the office of second serjeant-at-law, and keeper of the state papers, in Ireland, was created a baronet, 3rd August, 1801. Sir James m. Rebecca, daughter of Abraham Lane, esq. of the city of Cork, by whom he had issue,

WILLIAM-ABRAHAM, present baronet.

James, lieut.-col. of the 4th royal Irish dragoons, b. in 1792; m. in 1825, Annetta, youngest daughter of James Atkinson, esq. of York.

Anne, m. to the Rev. R. Dickson, of Vernon, in the county of Limerick.

Martha, m. in 1829, to A. E. Orphen, of the City of Cork, esq.

Rebecca, m. in 1823, to C. Wedderburn Webster, esq. of the 12th lancers, and has issue. Sir James d. in 1806.

*Creation*—3rd August, 1801.



*Arms*—Or, a lion's head, erased, az., between three mullets, gu.

*Crest*—An antelope's head, erased, ar. pierced through with an arrow from the back of the neck.

*Motto*—Loyal à mort.

*Seat*—Castle Mahon, Cork.

CHAYTOR, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Croft, in the county of York; b. 29th April, 1771; m. 18th August, 1803, — second daughter of John Carter, esq. of Richmond, in the same shire, and has issue,

WILLIAM-RICHARD-CARTER, M.P. for the city of Durham.

John Clervaux.

Matthew-Hutton.

Henry.

Isabella.

Jane.

Harriet.

This gentleman was created a baronet, 15th September, 1831.

### Lineage.

ELIZABETH CLERVAUX, only daughter of William Clervaux,\* of Croft, in the county of York, and

\* The following inscription is to be found in the church of Croft, upon one of the CLERVAUX.

H H

eventually heiress of her nephew, Richard Clervaux, of one of the most ancient and noble families in the North, espoused

CHRISTOPHER CHAYTOR, esq. of Butterby, in Durham, surveyor to the queen for that county. By this alliance, Croft and the estates of the Clervaux family came to the Chaytors: to which succeeded their eldest son,

NICHOLAS CHAYTOR, esq. who m. Anne, daughter and co-heir of William Lambton, esq. of Houghtonfield, in the county of Durham, and had, with younger issue,

WILLIAM, who succeeded his father, and was of Croft. This gentleman was created a baronet in 1671; but the dignity expired with himself, in 1720, and his estates passed to his nephew, HENRY CHAYTOR.

Henry.

The second son,

HENRY CHAYTOR, m. Isabella, daughter and co-heir of Anthony Morley, of Ingleton, and left an only son,

HENRY CHAYTOR, who succeeding, upon the decease of his uncle, Sir William Chaytor, bart. in 1720, to the estates and representation of the family, became of CROFT: and of this gentleman the present baronet, SIR WILLIAM CHAYTOR, is the grandson and representative.



*Arms*—Party per bend dancette, ar. and az.; three cinquefoils, two in chief, and one in base, counterchanged.

*Crest*—A stag's head erased, lozengy, ar. and az. the dexter horn, of the first; the sinister, as the second.

*Motto*—Fortune le vent.

*Seats*—Croft Hall, Yorkshire; Witton Castle, Durham.

CLERVAUX RICHARDUS jacet hic sub marmore clausus

Crofte quondam dominus huic miserere Deus  
Armiger HENRICI Regis et pro corpore sexti  
Quem Deus excelsi duxit ad astra poli  
Sanguinis EDVARDI, Quarti, ternique RICHARDI  
Gradibus in ternis alter utrique fuit.

Qui obiit MCCCXC.

CHESTERFIELD, EARLOF, (George-Augustus-Frederick Stanhope,) and Baron Stanhope, of Shelford; *b.* 23rd May, 1805; *s.* to the honors, as sixth earl, upon the demise of his father, 29th August, 1815: *m.* Nov. 1830, Anne-Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Cecil, first Lord Forester, and has a son,  
— Lord Stanhope, *b.* in Sept. 1831.

### Lineage.

CAMDEN, in his account of Nottinghamshire, mentions "Shelford, the seat of the famous family of Stanhope, knights, whose state and grandeur in those parts is eminent, and their names renowned." And in his discourse on surnames, the same learned antiquary, "observes them to be denominated from a place of their own name, (without doubt) the town of Stanhope (near a forest so called,) in Darlington Wapentake, in the bishoprick of Durham, of which they might be owners; for it is certain their residence was in those parts before they came into Nottinghamshire.

SIR RICHARD STANHOPE, living in the reign of King Henry III. and Edward I. had large possessions in the north, and received the honor of knighthood. His son and heir,

SIR RICHARD DE STANHOPE, Lord of Elstwyke, in the county of Northumberland, and mayor of the town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, had, in consideration of his services against the Scots, 24th Edward III., a grant of the third part of the village and fishery of Paxton, with the appurtenances, in Scotland. From this eminent person we pass to his descendant,

SIR EDWARD STANHOPE, who received the honor of knighthood, upon the field of battle, from King Henry VII., for his distinguished conduct against the Cornish rebels under Lord Audley. Sir Edward *m.* first, Avelina, daughter of Sir Gervase Clifton, K.B., by whom he had two sons, Richard and Michael. He espoused secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Poull Bourchier, Lord Fitz-Warine, and had an only daughter, Anne, second wife of Edward Seymour, Duke of Somerset, the celebrated Protector, temp. Edward VI. Richard Stanhope, the elder son of Sir Edward, leaving, at his decease, in 1529, an only daughter; the family was continued by his brother,

SIR MICHAEL STANHOPE, an eminent person in the reign of Henry VIII., who obtained a grant of the house and site of the monastery of Shelford, in the county of Notts, by patent, in the 29th of that monarch's reign. Under Edward VI. Sir Michael was chief gentleman of the privy chamber, and he represented the county of Nottingham in parliament. But subsequently participating in the fall of his brother-in-law, the Protector Somerset, he was found guilty of conspiring the death of Dudley, Duke of Northumberland, a privy councillor, and beheaded, with Sir Thomas Arundel, on Tower Hill, 25th February, 1552. He left, with other issue, by his wife Anne, daughter of Nicolas Rawson, esq. of Avelley Bellhouse, Essex,

Thomas (Sir) of whom presently.

John, of HARRINGTON, in the county of Northampton, created Lord Stanhope, of Harrington, in 1603, which dignity expired with his son,

CHARLES, second lord, in 1675.

The eldest son,

SIR THOMAS STANHOPE, knt. of Shelford, M.P. for the county of Nottingham, temp. Elizabeth, and three times sheriff of that shire; *m.* Margaret, daughter and co-heir of Sir John Port, of Etwell and Cubley, in the county of Derby, and dying in 1596, was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN STANHOPE, knt. who *m.* first Cordell, daughter and co-heir of Richard Allington, esq. and had an only son, PHILIP. He espoused secondly, Catherine, daughter of Thomas Trenham, esq. of Rochester Priory in the county of Stafford, and had three sons and six daughters. From the eldest son of the second marriage, JOHN, of Elwston, the Earls of Harrington derive. Sir John Stanhope was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR PHILIP STANHOPE, who was elevated to the peerage, 7th November, 1616, in the dignity of *Baron Stanhope, of Shelford, in the county of Northampton*, and advanced to the *EARLDOM OF CHESTERFIELD*, 4th August, 1628. His lordship was a staunch supporter of the royal cause during the civil wars. His house at Shelford was a garrison for the king, under the government of his son, Philip, who lost his life in defence thereof, when the rebels took it by storm, 27th October, 1645, and afterwards burnt it to the ground. The earl *m.* first, in 1605, Catherine, daughter of Francis, Lord Hastings, and granddaughter of George, fourth earl of Huntingdon, by whom he had two daughters and eleven sons, of which,

HENRY, Lord Stanhope, K.B., *m.* Catherine, daughter and co-heir of Thomas, Lord Wotton, and dying in the life-time of his father, left two daughters, and a son, PHILIP, successor to his grandfather. Lady Stanhope was created, by King Charles II., Countess of Chesterfield for life.

Ferdinando, colonel of horse, fell, fighting under the royal banner, at Bridgeford, in 1643.

Philip, killed, as stated above.

ARTHUR, of Mansfield Woodhouse, in the county of Nottingham, member for Nottingham in the Restoration parliament; *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir Henry Salusbury, bart., and was *s.* by his only surviving son,

CHARLES, who *m.* Frances, only daughter of Sir Francis Topp, bart. of Tomaston, in the county of Gloucester, and had issue,

MICHAEL, D.D.

Henry, who left a daughter.

Charles, (see Stanhope, baronets).

Mr. Stanhope was *s.* by his eldest son,

MICHAEL, D.D. Canon of Windsor, who *m.* Penelope, daughter of Sir Salathiel Lovel, knt. one of the barons of the exchequer, and dying in 1738, left two sons,



1. ARTHUR-CHARLES.
2. Ferdinand, who m. Mary, daughter of— Philips, esq., and left issue.

Doctor Stanhope was s. by his eldest son,

ARTHUR-CHARLES, who left by his second wife, Margaret, daughter and co-heir of Chas. Headlam, esq. of Kirby, in the county of York, an only son,

PHILIP, who inherited as FIFTH EARL.

The earl espoused secondly, Anne, daughter of Sir John Packington, K.B. of Westwood, in the county of Worcester, and widow of Sir Humphry Ferrars, of Tamworth Castle, by whom he had an only son, ALEXANDER, father of JAMES, first EARL STANHOPE. His lordship d. 12th September, 1656, and was s. by his grandson,

PHILIP, second earl. This nobleman m. first, Lady Anne Percy, eldest daughter of Algernon, Earl of Northumberland, by whom he had no surviving issue. He espoused secondly, Lady Elizabeth Butler, daughter of James, Duke of Ormonde, by whom he had one surviving daughter, Elisabeth, m. to John, fourth Earl of Strathmore. Lord Chesterfield m. thirdly, Lady Elizabeth Dormer, eldest daughter and co-heir of Charles, Earl of Carnarvon; and dying in 1713, was s. by the elder son of this marriage,

PHILIP, third earl. His lordship m. Lady Elisabeth Saville, daughter of George, Marquess of Halifax, by whom he had four sons and two daughters. He d. 27th January, 1725-6, and was s. by his eldest son,

PHILIP DORMER, fourth earl, (the celebrated LORD CHESTERFIELD). His lordship received his first instruction from private tutors, under the direction of his grandmother, the Marchioness of Halifax; and at the age of eighteen, entered at Trinity college, Cambridge. In the spring of 1714, he left the university, to make the tour of Europe, but unaccompanied by a governor. During the year of the accession of George I. he was elected to parliament for the borough of St. Germans, and became a distinguished speaker in the house of commons. The death of his father, in 1726, removed his lordship to the upper house, where he soon obtained the same celebrity as an orator. In 1728, he was appointed ambassador to the court of Holland; and in 1730, elected a knight of the Garter, and made lord-steward of the household. In 1744, his lordship was admitted into the cabinet; and in the following year, appointed lord-lieutenant of Ireland. The earl was not less distinguished as a wit than a politician, and he held no very humble rank in the republic of letters. He m. Melosina de Schulemburgh, natural daughter of King George I., who was created, in 1722, Countess of Walsingham, and Baroness of Aldborough, (See *Burke's Extinct Peerage*). His lordship dying, however, without issue, 24th March, 1773, the line of Henry, Lord Stanhope, eldest surviving son of the first

earl, ceased, when the honors reverted to the descendant of the earl's only other surviving son, (the Honorable Arthur Stanhope, of Mansfield Woodhouse, in the county of Nottingham,—refer to children of this gentleman, under Philip, first earl),

PHILIP STANHOPE, esq., of Mansfield Woodhouse, as fifth earl, b. 28th November, 1755; installed a knight of the Garter, and appointed master of the horse to the king. His lordship m. first, Anne, daughter of the Rev. Thomas Thistlethwaite, D.D., but had no issue. He espoused secondly, Henrietta, third daughter of Thomas, first Marquess of Bath, and had,

GEORGE-AUGUSTUS-FREDERICK, present earl. Georgiana, b. in 1803; m. to Frederick West, esq. and d. in 1824.

The earl d. in 1815.

Creations—Baron, 7th November, 1616. Earl, 4th August, 1628.



Arms—Quarterly, erm. and gu.

Crest—A tower az. a demi-lion, issuant from the battlements, or, ducally crowned gu. holding between the paws a grenade, fired, ppr.

Supporters—DEXTER, a wolf, or, ducally crowned gu.; SINISTER, a talbot, erm.

Motto—A deo et rege.

Town Residence—Chesterfield House, South Audley-street.

Seats—Brethby Hall, Derbyshire; Shelford, in the county of Notts.

\* JOHN STANHOPE, esq. eldest son of Ferdinand, second son of Dr. Stanhope, attained the rank of rear-admiral in the royal navy; he m. Caroline, daughter of— Dent, esq., and dying in 1801, left three sons,

PHILIP, a colonel in the army, d. in 1830.

Henry, post-captain, R.N.

Charles m. to Jane, eldest daughter of Sir James Callraith.

Caroline, m. to Rev. R. S. Rashley.

Eliza.

CHETWODE, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Oakley, in the county of Stafford; b. 11th May, 1764; succeeded to the title, as fourth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 25th May, 1776; m. 26th October, 1785, Henrietta, eldest daughter of George-Harry, fifth Earl of Stamford and Warrington, by whom (who d. in 1826) he has issue,

## CHE

1. JOHN, *b.* 19th November, 1766; *m.* Julia, eldest daughter and co-heiress of John-Newdigate Ludford, esq. of Ansley Hall, and assumed, by sign manual, the prior and additional surnames of "NUDIGATE-LUDFORD."
2. George, in holy orders, *b.* 1st June, 1791; *m.* Charlotte-Anne, daughter of Moreton Walhouse, esq.
3. Charles, *b.* 6th June, 1794.
4. Henry, *b.* 20th November, 1798.
5. Richard, *b.* 15th January, 1804.
6. Philip, *b.* 16th May, 1805.
7. Frederic, *b.* 24th June, 1810.
8. Henrietta-Dorothy, *b.* 10th August, 1786; relict of the late Sir John-Fenton Boughey, bart.
9. Anna-Maria, *b.* 1st September, 1787; *m.* to the Rev. Richard Farrar, of Ashley, in the county of Northampton.
10. Elizabeth. 11. Louisa. 12. Charlotte.
13. Sophia. 14. Caroline.

Sir John *m.* secondly, in 1827, Elizabeth, daughter of John Bristow, esq.

**Lineage.**

All accounts agree in referring the descent of this family to a very remote period; some trace it antecedently to the Conquest. The earliest of its ancestors, however, whom we find upon record, is

SIR JOHN CHETWODE, lord of the manor of Chetwode; whose son,

ROBERT CHETWODE, Lord of Chetwode, founded the priory of Chetwode. The twenty-fourth in lineal descent from the above Sir John,

1. JOHN CHETWODE, esq. eldest son of Philip Chetwode, esq. of Oakley, in the county of Stafford, by Hester, daughter and heiress of William Touchett, esq. of Whitby, in the county of Chester, was created a baronet on the 6th April, 1700. He *m.* first, Mary, daughter of Alderman Sir Jonathan Raymond, knt. of the City of London; by whom he had a son and three daughters; and, secondly, Catherine, daughter of John Tayleur, esq. of Rodington, Shropshire. Sir John *d.* 22nd April, 1733, and was *s.* by his son,

2. SIR PHILIP-TOUCHETT, who *m.* in 1727, Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of George Venables, esq. of Agdon, in the county of Chester, by whom he had six surviving children, and dying 15th November, 1764, was *s.* by his eldest son,

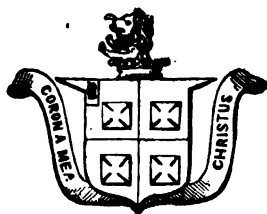
3. SIR JOHN. This gentleman *m.* Dorothy, third daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Bretland, esq. of Thorncliffe, Cheshire, by whom he had eight children, none of whom, however, survived himself but his successor, JOHN, the present baronet.

*Creation*—6th April, 1700.

*Arms*—Quarterly, *ar.* and *gu.*, four crosses, pattée, counterchanged.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet, or, a demi-lion, rampant, issuant, *gu.*

## CHE



*Motto*—Corona mea Christus.

*Seats*—Oakley, Staffordshire; and Chetwode, Buckinghamshire.

CHETWYND, VISCOUNT, (Richard-Walter Chetwynd,) of Bearhaven, in the county of Cork, and Baron of Rathdowne, in the county of Dublin, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 14th September, 1800; *s.* to the honors, as sixth viscount, upon the demise of his father, 27th February, 1821; *m.* in August, 1822, Mary, only surviving daughter of the late Robert Moss, esq. by whom he has issue,

RICHARD-WALTER *b.* 26th July, 1823.

William-John-Glanville, *b.* in July, 1824.

— a son, *b.* 8th October, 1829.

Mary, *b.* 5th June, 1826.

— a daughter, *b.* 13th August, 1831.

**Lineage.**

The family of Chetwynd assumed the surname, from its abode in the county of Salop, where it was of very great antiquity and importance; for we find that Henry III. in the 37th year of his reign, granted unto SIR JOHN CHETWYND, knt. who was son of Adam de Chetwynd, by Agnes, daughter of John, LORD LOVEL, *Baron of Dorkings*, and lord of Minster Lovel, in the county of Oxford, a charter for a free warren, throughout all his demesne lands in the counties of Stafford, Salop, and Warwick; and about the beginning of Edward I.'s reign, the same Sir John received a grant of the manor of Baxterly, in the county of Warwick, from John, son of his kinsman, William Lovel. He *m.* Isabel, daughter and heir of Philip de Mitton, by whom he acquired some lordships in the county of Stafford, Sir John was *s.* by his son,

WILLIAM DE CHETWYND, of Oddeston, in the county of Leicester, whose great grandson,

SIR PHILIP CHETWYND, knt. served the office of sheriff of the county of Stafford, in the 7th and 15th of Henry IV., and in the reign of Henry VI. was governor of *Baton*, in Normandy. He *m.* Elene, widow of Edward, Lord Ferrers, of Chartley, daughter and at length heiress of Thomas de la Roche, and dying 24th Henry VI. was *s.* by his grandson,

WILLIAM CHETWYND, of Ingestrie, gentleman usher of the chamber to king Henry VII. Some

cause of ill-will subsisting between this William, and Sir Humphrey Stafford, knt. of Pipe, in the county of Stafford, who held likewise a place at court, the latter inveigled Chetwynd by a forged letter to repair to Stafford at an early hour in the morning, when he was assailed by an armed body of men at Fixhall Heath, and put to death, Sir Humphrey at the instant passing by with at least twenty-four persons on horseback, under pretence of hunting a deer. He was *s.* by his son,

WILLIAM CHETWYND, of Ingestrie, from whom we pass to

JOHN CHETWYND, esq. of Ingestrie, who was sheriff of Staffordshire, the 20th Elizabeth. He *m.* first, Mary, daughter and heir of Lewis Meverett, esq. of Bold Hall, in the county of Stafford, by whom he had one son, Sir William Chetwynd, of Grendon. He *m.* secondly, Margery, daughter of Robert Middlemore, esq. of Egbaston, in Warwickshire, and was *s.* by his son,

SIR WALTER CHETWYND, of Ingestrie, who *m.* first, Mary, daughter and heir of John Molyns, esq. by whom he had no issue. He espoused, secondly, Lady Catharine Hastings, eldest daughter of George, fourth earl of Huntingdon, and widow of Sir Edward Unton, by whom he had two sons,

WALTER, his successor.

John, of Ridge, in the county of Stafford, M.P. left at his decease, with other issue,

WALTER, of whom presently as heir to his cousin

Lucy, *m.* to Edward Yonge, esq. Bath King of Arms.

Sir Walter was *s.* by his elder son,

WALTER CHETWYND, esq. of Ingestrie, who *m.* Frances, daughter of Edward Haalerrig, esq. and was *s.* by his only son,

WALTER CHETWYND, esq. who *d. s. p.* 21st March, 1692, when his estates devolved upon his cousin,

WALTER CHETWYND, esq. of Ridge, who having resided as ambassador at the court of Turin, and subsequently filled the office of master of the stag hounds, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 20th June, 1717, as *Baron Rathdowne, in the county of Dublin*, and *VISCOUNT CHETWYND, of Bearhaven, in the county of Cork*, with remainder, in case of failure of issue, to the heirs male of his father. His lordship *m.* Mary, daughter and coheirress of John Berkeley, Viscount Fitzhardinge and Baron of Rathdowne, treasurer of the chamber and teller of the exchequer to queen Anne; but, dying *s. p.* on the 21st February, 1735, the honors devolved upon his brother,

JOHN CHETWYND, who had been envoy extraordinary to the court of Madrid, in 1717, as second viscount. This nobleman had two sons and two daughters; but the former dying without issue, the latter became co-heiresses, and the elder, Catharine, marrying the Hon. John Talbot, one of the sons of lord-chancellor Talbot, brought

into that family the manor of *Ingestrie*: the younger, Frances, *d.* unmarried. Viscount Chetwynd's honors devolved, at his decease, 21st June, 1767, upon his brother,

WILLIAM-RICHARD, third viscount, who *m.* Honora, daughter of William Baker, esq. consul at Algiers, and dying 3rd April, 1770, was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, fourth viscount. This nobleman *m.* Susannah, youngest daughter of Sir John Cope, bart. and had, with other issue,

RICHARD, his successor.

Granville-Anson, a major-general in the army, *b.* in 1758; *m.* in 1783, Martha, only daughter of the late Henry Stapylton, esq. in consequence of which he assumed the additional surname of STAPYLTON. He has issue.

1. Henry-Richard, *b.* in 1789, who *m.* in 1820, Margaret, daughter of George Hammond, esq. and has, HENRY-CHARLES, William, and Margaret.
2. Granville-William, *b.* in 1800.
3. Harriet-Honora.
4. Esther-Susannah.
5. Margaret.

General Chetwynd-Stapylton, is chairman of the victualling office, and storekeeper at Sheerness.

Susannah *m.* to Munbee Goulburn, esq. and *d.* in 1818.

His lordship *d.* 12th November, 1791, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

RICHARD, fifth viscount; *m.* Charlotte, daughter of Ralph-William Cartwright, esq. of Aynhoe, in the county of Northampton, by whom he had issue,

RICHARD-WALTER, his successor. Charlotte.

Esther, *m.* to Edward Goulburn, esq. of the Middle Temple, and died 26th March, 1829.

Mary-Anne.

His lordship *d.* 27th February, 1821.

*Creation*—29th June, 1717.



*Arms*—Az. a chev. between three mullets or.

*Crest*—A goat's head, erased, ar. attired or.

*Supporters*—Two unicorns ar. each gorged with a chaplet of roses gu. barbed and seeded

ppr. thereto affixed reflexed over the back, a line of roses, as around the neck.

*Motto*—*Probitas verus honos.*

*Town Residence*—10, Portugal-street.

*Seat*—North Aston Park, Oxfordshire.

**CHETWYND, SIR GEORGE**, baronet, of Brocton, in the county of Stafford; *b.* 23rd July, 1783; *m.* 30th August, 1804, Hannah-Maria, eldest daughter of John Sparrow, esq. of Bishton, Staffordshire; by whom he has issue,

GEORGE, *b.* in September, 1809.

William-Henry, *b.* in 1811.

Maria-Elizabeth.

Charlotte, *m.* in 1830, to Richard Ellison, esq. son of the late colonel Ellison. Georgian.

Sir George *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 24th March, 1824.

#### Lineage.

This family is descended from a common ancestor with the noble house of CHETWYND.

The baronetcy was conferred upon

1. **SIR GEORGE CHETWYND**, knt. son of William Chetwynd, esq. of Brocton, Staffordshire, by Martha, only daughter of James St. Amand, esq. of St. Pauls, Covent Garden, relict of Thomas Hesketh, esq. 11th April, 1795. He *m.* Jane, daughter of Richard Banton, esq. by whom he had issue,

GEORGE, his successor.

William, captain in the guards.

Henry, *m.* in 1827, Mary-Anne, second daughter of the late Rev. John-Hayes Pettit, of Hilton, in the county of Stafford.

Caroline, *m.* to L. Rolleston, esq.

Sir George *d.* in 1824.

*Creation*—11th April, 1795.



*Arms*—*Az.* a chev. between three mullets, or.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a goat's head erased armed or.

*Motto*—*Quod Deus vult fiet.*

*Seats*—Brocton Lodge, Lichfield and Grendon Hall, Atherstone, Warwickshire.

**CHICHESTER, EARL OF**, (Henry-Thomas Pelham,) Baron Pelham, of Stanmer, in the county of Sussex, and a baronet; *b.* 25th August, 1804; inherited the honors, as third earl, at the decease of his father, 4th July, 1826; *m.* in August, 1828, Mary, daughter of Robert, present Earl of Cardigan, by whom he has one daughter, *b.* 5th June, 1829.

#### Lineage.

The surname of Pelham was assumed from a lordship in Hertfordshire, where anciently stood a castle, the owner of which, in 1265, was amerced in the then very large sum of forty pounds, for a contempt, in not coming to an inquest, to be taken concerning a trespass of the mint. This lordship of Pelham is recorded to be part of the possessions of *Walter de Pelham*, in the 21st of Edward I. and it is believed that his ancestors held it prior to the Conquest. From the earliest period it is certain that the family has enjoyed very high consideration, and its members have, in different reigns, distinguished themselves as warriors and statesmen.

**SIR JOHN DE PELHAM**, a distinguished soldier, in the martial reign of Edward III. shared in the glory of Poitiers, and had the honor of participating personally in the capture of the French King, JOHN, for which exploit he had as a badge of honor, the *Buckle of a Belt*, which was sometimes used by his descendants as a seal-manual, and at others on each side a cage; being an emblem of the captivity of the French monarch, and was therefore borne for a crest; as in those times customary. Sir John had certain lands and houses in Winchelsea, in marriage with Joan, daughter of Vincent Herbert, alias Finch, and was *s.* by his son,

**SIR JOHN PELHAM**, K.B., constable of Pevensey Castle. This eminent person represented the county of Sussex, in parliament, and enjoyed great influence at the court of Henry IV. He was likewise a man of large fortune, for according to a roll, bearing date in 1403, his estates yielded the annual income of £370. 5s. 3d. In the 6th of Henry IV. serving in parliament, with Sir John Dalyngrugge, as knights for Sussex, they had £18. 18s. for their expenses, in attending forty-six days. In two years afterwards, Sir John petitioned parliament praying, "that certain auditors be appointed to take his accounts as treasurer of war, and to make him due allowance; and that upon the same account, he, his heirs, and land tenants, might be clearly discharged:" which was agreed to, and auditors assigned accordingly. In the 9th of Henry IV. he was constituted chief butler of the port of CHICHESTER, and the same year he was again returned by the county of Sussex, which he continued several years afterwards. From Sir John, we pass to his lineal descendant

**SIR WILLIAM PELHAM**, who *m.* first Mary, daughter of Sir Richard Carew, of Bedington, in the county of Surrey, and had two sons and

a daughter. He espoused secondly, Mary, daughter of William Lord Sands of the Vine, lord-chamberlain to king Henry VIII. and had issue,

William, (Sir) ancestor to the lords Yarborough.

Edward, lord chief baron of the exchequer, in Ireland.

Sir William was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR NICHOLAS PELHAM, M.P. for the county of Sussex. This gentleman m. Anne, daughter of John Sackville, esq. and had with other issue,

JOHN, his successor.

Thomas of whom presently.

Sir Nicholas *d.* in 1590, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN PELHAM, M.P., for the county of Sussex, who m. Judith, daughter of Oliver, Lord St. John of Bletshoe, and dying 13th October 1580, was *s.* by his only child,

OLIVER PELHAM, who died in four years afterwards, when the estates reverted to his uncle,

THOMAS PELHAM, esq. represented the county of Sussex, in the 28th year of Elizabeth; was sheriff of that shire, and Surrey in the 31st year of the same sovereign; and was amongst the first elevated to the rank of baronet, upon the institution of that order by king James I. 22nd of May, 1611. Sir Thomas m. Mary, daughter of Sir Thomas Walsingham, of Scadbury, in the county of Kent, and niece to the celebrated secretary Walsingham; by whom he had one son and a daughter. He *d.* 2nd December, 1624, and was *s.* by his son,

SIR THOMAS, M.P. for the county of Sussex, who m. first, Mary, third daughter and co-heir of Sir Thomas Wilbraham, knt. by whom he had JOHN, his successor, and other issue. He espoused secondly, Judith, daughter of — Shirley, but had no surviving issue; and thirdly, Margaret, daughter of Sir Henry Vane, knt. of Fairlane, in Kent, by whom he had several children. Sir Thomas *d.* in 1634, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN, M.P. for the county of Sussex, who m. in 1647, the Lady Lucy Sidney, second daughter of Robert, second Earl of Leicester, and had issue, three sons and two daughters, of the former,

THOMAS, *s.* to the title.

John, died unmarried.

Henry, clerk of the pells in the exchequer, m. Frances, daughter and co-heir of John Bine, esq. of Rowdell, in Sussex, and was *s.* in 1721, by his son,

HENRY, of Stanmer, who was *s.* by his brother,

JOHN, who m. Annetta, daughter of Thomas Bridges, esq. and left a son,

THOMAS, who *s.* the Duke of Newcastle, as Lord Pelham of Stanmer.

Sir John *d.* in January, 1702-3, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS, member of all the parliaments during the reigns of Charles II. and of James II. and of the convention-parliament, wherein he promoted the election of William and Mary to the crown of England; in whose subsequent reign, Sir Thomas filled several high official employments, and in a few years after the accession of Queen Anne, 20th December, 1706, was elevated to the peerage by the title of *Lord Pelham, Baron Pelham, of Loughton, in the county of Sussex*. His lordship m. first, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Jones, attorney-general to King Charles II. and had two daughters. He espoused secondly, Lady Grace Holles, daughter of Gilbert, Earl of Clare, and sister of John Duke of Newcastle, by whom he had, with five daughters, two sons, *vis.*

THOMAS, his successor.

Henry, an eminent statesman, who filled the office of SECRETARY AT WAR, in 1725, and was then sworn of the privy council. In 1743 he was constituted FIRST COMMISSIONER OF THE TREASURY, and the same year was appointed CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER. He was likewise constituted during the absence of the king, beyond the seas, in 1740, 1743, 1745, 1750 and 1752, one of the lords justices. Mr. Pelham m. in 1726, Catherine, daughter of his Grace, John Manners, Duke of Rutland, and died in 1754, leaving four surviving daughters: the eldest of whom Catherine, m. Henry Clinton, Earl of Lincoln.

His lordship *d.* 23d February, 1711-12, and was *s.* by his elder son,

THOMAS, second baron, who was created 26th October, 1714, *Earl of Clare, in the county of Suffolk, and Viscount Houghton*, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his brother, the Honorable Henry Pelham; and advanced 2d August, 1715, with the same limitation to the marquise of Clare and dukedom of Newcastle. In 1718, his grace was elected a knight of the Garter. The duke having subsequently filled very high ministerial offices, (and his brother Henry, leaving daughters only at his decease,) he was created, 13th November, 1756, *Duke of Newcastle-under-Line*, with remainder to Henry Clinton, Earl of Lincoln, and the heirs male of the said Henry Clinton, by his wife Catherine, eldest daughter of the deceased Henry Pelham; and, 4th May, 1762, his grace obtained also, by creation, the barony of Pelham, of Stanmer, with remainder to Thomas Pelham, esq. of that place. The duke *d.* 17th November, 1768; when the barony he had inherited, and the honors first conferred upon himself, expired; the dukedom of Newcastle-under-Line passed, as limited, to his nephew-in-law, the Earl of Lincoln; and the barony of Pelham of Stanmer, with the baronetcy devolved upon

THOMAS PELHAM, esq. of Stanmer, in the county of Sussex, (refer to issue of third baronet) as sixth baronet and second baron. His lordship, who was a minister of the crown, and

enjoyed several high official employments, was elevated, 23rd June, 1801, to an earldom, as **EARL OF CHICHESTER**, in the county of *Sussex*. He m. in 1754, Anne, only daughter and heiress of Frederick Frankland, esq. and had, with four daughters,

**THOMAS**, his successor.

George, D.D. Bishop of Bristol, afterwards Bishop of Exeter, and finally Bishop of Lincoln, b. 13th October, 1766, m. in 1792, Mary, third daughter of Sir Richard Rycroft, bart. and d. in 1827.

His lordship d. 8th January, 1805, and was s. by his eldest son,

**THOMAS**, second earl; b. 8th April, 1736. His lordship represented the county of *Sussex* for many years in parliament; was secretary to the Lords Northington and Camden, when these noblemen filled the office of viceroy in Ireland, (the former in 1788, and the latter in 1795,) and subsequently secretary of state for the home department. In 1801, he was summoned to the house of lords in his father's barony, and in 1807, nominated postmaster-general. He m. in 1801, Henrietta-Juliana, daughter of Francis Godolphin, fifth Duke of Leeds, by whom he had issue,

1. **HENRY-THOMAS**, present peer.
2. Frederick-Thomas, b. 2nd August, 1806.
3. John-Thomas, b. 21st June, 1811.
4. Mary.
5. Amelia-Rose.
6. Henrietta-Juliana. 7. Catherine. 8. Lucy.

His lordship d. in 1836.

*Creations*—Baronet, 22nd of May, 1611. Barony, 4th May, 1762. Earldom, 23rd June, 1801.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, az. three pelicans ar. vulning themselves ppr.; second and third, gu. two demi-belts, paleways, the buckles and chief ar.

*Crests*—First, a peacock in pride ar. second, a buckle ar.

*Motto*—Vincit amor patriæ.

*Supporters*—**Dexter**, a bay horse; **Sinister**, a bear ppr. each gorged with a belt ar. buckled, studded, and rimmed, or.

*Seat*—Stanmer, *Sussex*.

**CHICHESTER, SIR ARTHUR**, baronet, of Raleigh, in the county of *Devon*; s. to the title, as seventh baronet, upon the demise of his cousin, 30th September, 1808; m. in 1819, Charlotte youngest daughter of Sir James Hamlyn-Williams, bart. of Clovelly Court, in the county of *Devon*, by whom he has a son and heir, b. 8th October, 1822, and a daughter.

### Lineage.

It appears, that this family anciently bore the surname of Cirencester, and that it was one of the most eminent in the county of *Devon*.

**SIR JOHN DE CIRENCESTER**, who in 1433, was returned one of the principal gentry in the county of *Devon*, by the king's commissioners, m. Thomasine, daughter and heiress of Sir William Raleigh, of Raleigh, and acquired that estate. He was s. by his son,

**JOHN CHICHESTER**, of Raleigh, high sheriff of the county of *Devon*, in the 3rd of Edward IV. who left a son,

**RICHARD CHICHESTER**, esq. who served the same office in the 8th and 14th of the same reign. He m. Alice, daughter and heiress of John Wotton, of Widworthy, by whom he acquired that estate, and was s. by his eldest son,

**JOHN CHICHESTER**, esq. This gentleman m. Margaret, daughter and heiress of Hugh Beaumont, esq. of Youlston, in *Devon*, with whom he had that seat; by this lady he had a son, Edward. He espoused, secondly, Joan, daughter of Richard Brett, esq. of Whitstanton, in *Somersetshire*, and had two sons. He was s. by his eldest son,

**EDWARD CHICHESTER**, esq. who m. Elizabeth, eldest daughter of John Bouchier, Lord Fitzwarne and Earl of Bath, and left a son,

**SIR JOHN CHICHESTER**, knt. M.P. for the county of *Devon*, in 1553 and 1562, and high-sheriff of the same county in 1532 and 1578; who m. Gertrude, daughter of Sir William Courtenay, knt. of Powderham Castle, ancestor of Lord Viscount Courtenay, by whom he had five sons and eight daughters. The second son, Arthur, lord-deputy of Ireland in 1603, was raised to the peerage of Ireland, as Lord Belfast, in 1612; d. s. p. in 1624, when the barony ceased, and his lordship's estates passed by will to his brother (the third son) Edward, who was created Baron Belfast and Viscount Chichester, and founded the noble house of Donegal. The fourth son, Sir John Chichester the younger, (the eldest son, of whom hereafter, being also called John,) was governor of Carrickfergus, and lost his life by decapitation, after falling into the hands of James Mac Sorley Mac Donnell, Earl of Antrim. The eldest son,

**SIR JOHN CHICHESTER**, knt. This gentleman m. Anne, daughter of Sir Robert Dennis, of Halcomb, knt. and being killed, with the judge of assize and others, by an infectious smell from the prisoners in Exeter Castle, at the Lent assizes, 1685, was s. by his son,

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SIR ROBERT CHICHESTER, of Raleigh, K.B. who m. Frances, youngest daughter of John, Lord Harrington, of Exton, and co-heiress, in 1613, of her brother, John, Lord Harrington, and was s. by his son,

1. JOHN CHICHESTER, esq. of Raleigh, who was created a baronet 4th August, 1641. He m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Rayner, bart. of Wrotham, in Kent, and dying, in 1667, was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR JOHN; at whose demise, in 1680, without male issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

3. SIR ARTHUR, M.P. who m. Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Drewe, esq. of Grange, in Devon, and dying in 1717, was s. by his son,

4. SIR JOHN, M.P. who m. Anne, daughter of John Leigh, esq. of Newport, in the Isle of Wight, and had, with other children, JOHN, his successor.

William, in holy orders, rector of Ham, in the county of Devon, who m. Bellamin, and left a son, ARTHUR, the present baronet.

Sir John d. in 1740, and was s. by his eldest son,

5. SIR JOHN, high-sheriff of Devon in 1753. This gentleman m. Frances, second daughter and co-heiress of Sir George Chudleigh, of Haldon, in the county of Devon, by whom he had an only child, his successor, in 1784,

6. SIR JOHN; at whose decease, unmarried, in 1806, the title reverted to his cousin, Arthur Chichester, esq. mentioned above.

*Creation*—4th August, 1641.

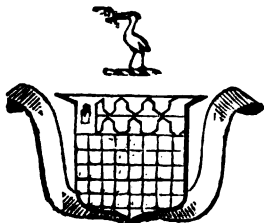


*Arms*—Chequy, or. and gu. a chief, vair.

*Crest*—A heron, rising, with an eel in his beak, ppr.

*Seats*—Youlston and Sandford, Devonshire.

CHICHESTER, SIR ARTHUR, baronet, of Green Castle, in the county of Donegal; so created 27th July, 1821.



## CHI

*Arms*—Chequy, or and gu. a chief vair.

*Crest*—A stork, holding a snake in his bill, all ppr.

*Seat*—Green Castle, Donegal.

CHINNERY, Sir BRODRICK, baronet, of Flintfield, in the county of Cork; m. in 1803, Diana-Elizabeth, youngest daughter of George Vernon, esq. of Clontarf Castle, in the county of Dublin, by whom (who d. 16th June, 1824) he has issue,

NICHOLAS, b. 7th July, 1804, in holy orders. Margaretta-Diana.

Sir Brodrick s. to the title, as second baronet, at the decease of his father, in 1808.

## Lineage.

JOHN CHINNERY, esq. settled in Ireland in 1640, at Castlecorr, in the county of Cork, and purchased large estates in that county. He m. Catherine, daughter of Robert Terry, esq. of Castle Terry, in the county of Limerick, by whom he had two sons, GEORGE, his successor, and Nicholas, of Dromsikane Castle, in the county of Cork, who left a son, Nicholas, of Flintfield, whose daughter and heiress m. her cousin, Sir Brodrick Chinnery, the first baronet. Mr. Chinnery was s. by his elder son,

GEORGE CHINNERY, esq. of Castle Corr, who m. Margaret, daughter of John Lysaght, esq. of Mount North, in the county of Cork, and was s. by his only surviving son,

THE REV. GEORGE CHINNERY. This gentleman m. Eleanor, daughter of Dr. William Whitfield, and niece of Alan Brodrick, first Viscount Midleton, by whom he had three sons; namely, The Right Reverend Doctor Chinnery, lord bishop of Cloyne, who d. in 1780; Captain Sir John Chinnery, of the royal navy, and

1. BRODRICK CHINNERY, esq. who was created BARONET OF IRELAND 29th of August, 1790. Sir Brodrick m. first, in 1768, Margaret, only daughter and heiress of Nicholas Chinnery, esq. of Flintfield, by whom he had an only surviving son, BRODRICK, the present baronet; and an only surviving daughter, Eleanor. He m. secondly, in 1780, Alice, third daughter of Robert Ball, esq. of Youghall, by whom he had

1. St. John, b. in 1794.

2. Richard-Boyle, b. in 1802.

3. Maria.

4. Louisa.

Sir Brodrick d. in 1806.

*Creation*—29th August, 1790.

*Arms*—Az. a chev. erm. between three lions, rampant, or, on a canton vert, a harp of the third, stringed, ar.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a falcon, rising from the top of a bezant, all ppr. collared or.



*Motto*—Nec temere nec timide.

*Seat*—Flintfield, in the county of Cork.

**CHOLMELEY, SIR MONTAGUE-JOHN**, baronet, of Easton, in the county of Lincoln; *b.* in 1802, *m.* 10th February, 1829, Georgiana, fifth daughter of William, eighth Duke of St. Albans, by whom he has one surviving son. Sir Montague *s.* as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 10th March, 1831.

#### Lineage.

This family is a junior branch of the Cholmondeleys of Cheshire, and it has been seated in Lincolnshire about two centuries.

1. **MONTAGUE CHOLMELEY**, esq. of Easton Hall, eldest son of Montague Cholmeley, esq. (descended from Henry Cholmeley and his wife Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Richard Soudes, bart. by Susan, daughter of Sir Edward Montague, bart. and granddaughter of the Lord-chief-justice Sir Edward Montague) by Sarah, daughter of Doctor Humphrey Sibthorpe, of Magdalen College, Oxford, was created a baronet 25th February, 1806. Sir Montague was *b.* 20th March, 1772. He *m.* first, 14th September, 1801, Elizabeth, daughter of John Harrison, esq. of Norton Place, Lincolnshire, by whom (who *d.* in 1822) he had issue,

**MONTAGUE-JOHN**, present baronet.

James-Harrison.

Henry-Daniel.

Elizabeth, *m.* 5th August, 1825, to John-Jacob Buxton, esq. M.P. only son of Sir Robert Buxton, bart.

Charlotte-Maria, *d.* in 1822.

Frances, *m.* 6th March, 1828, to Glynne-Earle Welby, esq. M.P. only son of Sir William-Earle Welby, bart.

Sir Montague *m.* secondly, 26th March, 1826, Catherine, fourth daughter of Benjamin Way, esq. of Denham Place, in Berkshire; but he had no other issue. In 1805 he was appointed sheriff of Lincolnshire, and during his shrievalty obtained his patent of baronetcy. His ancestor, Montague Cholmeley, esq. had a warrant for a similar dignity, dated at Lincoln, 16th July, 1642, but the confusion of the times prevented the patent being made out. The degree of M.A. was conferred upon Sir Montague, as a member of Magdalen College, Oxford, in 1806, and that of D.C.L. in 1810. He was returned to parliament for the

borough of Grantham, in 1820, and retired in favor of his son at the general election, in 1826. He *d.* 10th March, 1831.

*Creation*—25th February, 1806.



*Arms*—Gu. two helmets, in chief, ppr. and a garb in base, or.

*Crest*—A garb, or.

*Seat*—Easton, in the county of Lincoln.

**CHOLMONDELEY, MARQUESS AND EARL OF**, (George-Horatio Cholmondeley,) Earl of Rocksavage; Viscount Malpas; Baron Cholmondeley, of Nampwich, in the county of Chester; Baron Newburgh, in the Isle of Anglesey, in the peerage of Great Britain; Viscount Cholmondeley, and Baron Newburgh of Kells, in the county of Meath, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 16th January, 1792; *m.* first, in October, 1812, Caroline, second daughter of the late Lieutenant-General Colin Campbell, by whom (who *d.* 12th October, 1815) he has no issue. His lordship espoused, secondly, 11th May, 1830, Lady Susan Somerset, fourth daughter of Henry-Charles, present Duke of Beaufort. He *s.* to the honors of his family, as second marquess, upon the decease of his father, 10th April, 1827, having been called previously to the house of lords, by summons (in 1821), as Baron Newburgh. His lordship executes the office of GREAT CHAMBERLAIN OF ENGLAND for his mother, the dowager marchioness.

#### Lineage.

The most extraordinary instance, probably, of a surname's being differently spelt at different periods, occurs in that of Cholmondeley, (derived from the lordship of Cholmondeley, in the hundred of Broxton, in Cheshire,) which has undergone no less than twenty-five variations. This family, and the other great Cheshire house of Egerton, are descended from a common ancestor, although they assumed, at a very early period, different surnames. At the time of the general survey the lordship of *Calmundelei* formed part of the possessions of

ROBERT, son of HUGH, *Baron of Malpas*, which Robert dying without issue, the lordship of Calmundelei, &c. devolved on his only daughter and heiress, Lettice, who married



RICHARD DE BELWARD, whose son or grandson, WILLIAM DE BELWARD, *m.* Beatrix, daughter of Hugh Kivilock, fifth Earl of Chester, and co-heir of her brother, Randal, Earl of Chester. This William, who in right of his mother was *Baron of Malpas*, left three sons: viz.

DAVID, who from being *clerk* or *secretary* to the Earl of Chester, was sometimes written *Le Clerk*, and sometimes *de Malpas*, having succeeded his father at Malpas; and after the earldom of Chester was annexed to the crown, he served the office of Sheriff, for the county of Chester (36th Henry III.) bearing then the name of David de Malpas. The second son of this David, PHILIP, having seated himself at *Egerton*, left that surname to his descendants, whence the numerous eminent families of Egerton, in the county of Chester.

ROBERT, of whom presently.  
Richard.

The second son,

ROBERT, having by the gift of his father the lordship of CHOLMONDELEY, and fixing his residence there, assumed that surname. He *m.* Mabel, daughter of Robert Fitz-Nigel, baron of Halton, and was *s.* by his son,

SIR HUGH DE CHELMUNDELEIGH, who *m.* Felice, daughter of Ranalph de Blundeville, Earl of Chester and Lincoln, and lived in the reign of Henry III. From him we pass to his lineal descendant,

RICHARD DE CHOLMONDELEY, who *m.* Eleanor, fifth daughter of Sir Thomas Dutton, of Dutton, and sister and co-heir of John her brother, who died in minority. The grandson of this feudal lord,

SIR HUGH CHOLMONDELEY, was a military character of eminence in the reign of Henry VIII. He was five times sheriff of Cheshire, as also sheriff of Flintshire, for some years, and a long time one of the two only deputy lieutenants of Cheshire. He *m.* twice, but had issue only by his first wife, Anne, daughter and co-heir of George Dorman of Malpas, (by Agnes his wife, daughter and co-heir of John Bird of Chorlton, by Catharine, his wife, aunt and heir of David de Malpas). Sir Hugh *d.* 6th January, 1596-7, and was *s.* by his son,

SIR HUGH CHOLMONDELEY, of Cholmondeley, who *m.* Mary, only daughter and heir of Christopher Holford of Holford. This lady had a great contest with George Holford of Newborough, about the lands which had descended to her by her father, which endured above forty years, but was at length settled by the mediation of friends. Lady Cholmondeley in her widowhood resided at Holford, which she rebuilt and enlarged, and was styled by King James I. from the spirit she had evinced in the above-mentioned suit, "The bold lady of Cheshire." By Sir Hugh Cholmondeley she had six sons and three daughters, of which

ROBERT (the eldest son) succeeded at Cholmondeley.

Hugh *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir John Bodville, of Bodville Castle, in the county of Caernarvon, and dying in 1655, left, with junior issue,

ROBERT, who succeeded his uncle.

Thomas, of Vale Royal, ancestor of the present Lord Delamere.

The eldest son

ROBERT CHOLMONDELEY, *esq.* of Cholmondeley, was created a baronet 29th June, 1611, and advanced in 1628 to the peerage of Ireland, in the dignity of *Viscount Cholmondeley*, of Kellis. His lordship was enrolled amongst the barons of England, in the 21st Charles I. as Lord Cholmondeley, of *Wiche Malbank*, (commonly called Nantwiche) and further advanced, the ensuing year, to the *Earldom of Leinster*. He *m.* Catharine, daughter of John, Lord Stanhope, of Harrington, but *d. s. p.* 2nd October, 1659, when his honors became extinct, but his estates passed to his nephew

ROBERT CHOLMONDELEY, *esq.* who having the peerage revived, was created *Viscount Cholmondeley*, of *Kells*, by patent, dated 29th March, 1701. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of George Cradock, *esq.* of Caverswall Castle, in the county of Stafford, and dying in May, 1681, was succeeded by his son,

HUGH, second viscount, who, upon the accession of William and Mary, having actively promoted the revolution, was created, by letters patent, dated 10th April, 1689, *Lord Cholmondeley*, of *Namptwich*, with remainder, in case of failure of issue, to his brother, George Cholmondeley. His lordship was advanced 27th December, 1706, to the dignities of *Viscount Malpas* and *Earl of Cholmondeley*. He *d.* 18th January, 1724-5, unmarried, and was *s.* by his only brother,

GEORGE, second earl, who had previously distinguished himself as a military officer, (having commanded the horse-grenadier guards of William, at the battle of the Boyne), and had been elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 15th March, 1714-15, as *Baron Newburgh*, of the county of *Wexford*; and on 2nd July, 1716, created a peer of England, by the title of *Baron of Newburgh*, in the *Isle of Anglesey*. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Heer Van Baron Ruytenburgh, and had two surviving sons and three daughters. The second son, the Honorable James Cholmondeley, a brigadier general, and a very distinguished officer, *m.* Lady Penelope Barry, daughter of the fourth Earl of Barrymore; by which marriage, the mansion-house and estate of Rocksvage came into the family of Cholmondeley. The earl *d.* on the 7th May, 1733, and was *s.* by his elder son,

GEORGE, third earl, K.B., *b.* 2nd January, 1703; *m.* 14th September, 1723, Mary, only daughter of Sir Robert Walpole, first Earl of Orford, by whom he had (with two younger sons, Robert and Frederick), George Viscount Malpas, (who *m.* Hester, daughter and heiress of Sir Francis Edwards, baronet, and left George James; and a daughter, Hester, who *m.* William Clapcott

Lisle, esq. by whom she had a daughter, who m. Charles Arbuthnot, esq. Lord Malpas, d. 15th March, 1764.) The earl d. in 1770, and was s. by his grandson,

GEORGE-JAMES, fourth earl, m. 25th April, 1791, Georgiana-Charlotte, second daughter of Peregrine, third duke of Ancaster, (see *Burke's Extinct and Dormant Peerage*) by whom he had issue,

GEORGE-HORATIO, present marquess.

William-Henry-Hugh, M.P. b. 31st August, 1800; m. 28th February, 1825, Marcia-Emma-Georgiana, daughter of the Right Honorable Charles Arbuthnot, and has issue one son and two daughters.

Charlotte-Georgiana, b. in 1795; m. 18th May, 1818, the late Colonel Hugh Seymour; and died 24th June, 1828.

His lordship was advanced to the *Earldom of Rocksavage*, and *MARQUISATE OF CHOLMONDELEY*, 22nd Nov. 1815. He was a knight of the Garter, lord-steward of the household, and chamberlain of Chester. He d. 10th April, 1827. The marchioness, who survives, is joint hereditary grand-chamberlain of England, with her nephew Peter-Robert, present Lord Willoughby de Eresby, but executes the offices entirely in the present reign, through her son, the Marquess.

*Creations*—Baron Cholmondeley, of Namptwich, 10th April, 1689. Viscount and Earl, 27th December, 1706. Baron Newburgh, 2nd July, 1716. Earl and Marquess, 22nd November, 1815—English honors. Viscount 29th March, 1691. Baron, 2nd July, 1716—Irish honors.



*Arms*—Gu. two helmets, in chief, ppr. garished or, in base a garb of the last.

*Crest*—A demi-griffin, segreant, sa, beaked, winged, and membered or, holding between the claws a helmet, as in the arms.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a griffin sa. beak, wings, and fore-legs, or; SINISTER, a wolf of the second, gorged with a collar, purfled vair.

*Motto*—Casis tutissima virtus.

*Seats*—Cholmondeley Castle, Cheshire; and Houghton, Norfolk.

**CHURCHILL, BARON**, (Francis-Almeric Spencer,) of Wychwood Forest, in the county of Oxford; so created, 18th July, 1815; b. 26th December, 1779; m. 25th November, 1801, Frances, daughter of Augus-

tus-Henry Fitzroy, third Duke of Grafton, by whom he has issue,

FRANCIS-GEORGE, b. 6th October, 1802.

George-Augustus, b. 6th February, 1804.

Augustus-Almeric, b. 25th March, 1807.

William-Henry, b. 12th April, 1810.

Henry-George, b. 14th July, 1814.

John-Weibore-Sunderland, b. 12th March, 1816.

Robert-Charles-Henry, b. 10th June, 1817.

Charles-Frederick-Octavius, b. 9th September, 1824.

Caroline-Elizabeth, b. 28th June, 1805; m. in 1830, to Lord Clonbrock.

Frances-Elizabeth, b. 24th August, 1806.

Louisa-Diana, b. 2nd January, 1819.

Elizabeth-Charlotte, b. 17th February, 1822.

### Lineage.

Lord Churchill is the youngest son of George Spencer, third Duke of Marlborough, and brother to the present and fourth duke. (See that dignity.)

*Creation*—18th July, 1815.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, quarterly, ar. and gu. in the second and third quarters a fret or, over all on a bend sa. three escallops of the first, for SPENCER; second and third, sa, a lion, rampant, ar. on a canton of the last, a cross gu. for CHURCHILL.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, a griffin's head, between two wings, expanded, ar., gorged with a bar gemel gu. armed, gold.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a griffin, per fesse, ar. and or, collared sa. thereon three escallops of the first, lined of the second; SINISTER, a wyvern gu. collared as the dexter.

*Motto*—Dieu defende le droit.

*Seats*—Cornbury Park, Wychwood Forest, Witney, Oxfordshire; West Lavington House, Devizes, Wilts.

**CLANBRASIL, BARON**, (Robert-Jocelyn,) of Hyde Hall, Herts, K.P.  
See Earl of Roden.

**CLANCARTY, EARL OF**, (Richard Le Poer-Trench, G.C.B.) in the county of Cork; Viscount Dunlo, of Dunlo, and Balinasloe; Baron Kilconnel, of Garbally, in the county of Galway, in the peerage of

Ireland; and a peer of the empire, as Viscount Clancarty, and Baron Trench, of Garbally; custos-rotulorum of the county of Galway, and colonel of the Galway militia. His lordship having been appointed, in 1813, ambassador to the Hague, was created, by the King of the Netherlands, in 1818, Marquess of Heusden, and obtained permission, under the sign-manual of his own sovereign, to accept the said honor. The earl was b. 19th May, 1767; he m. 9th February, 1796, Henrietta-Margaret, second daughter of the Right Hon. John Staples, by whom he has issue,

WILLIAM-THOMAS, Viscount Dunlo, b. 21st September, 1803.

Richard-John, b. 22nd March, 1805.

Robert, b. in 1800.

Louisa-Augusta-Anne, m. 25th December, 1830, to her cousin, the Rev. Wm. Trench, son of his grace the Archbishop of Tuam.

Henrietta-Margaret, m. in 1825, to Thomas Kavannah, esq. of Borris, in the county of Kilkenny.

Emily-Florida.

Lacy.

His lordship s. to the Irish peerage upon the demise of his father, 27th April, 1805, and obtained the peerage of the United Kingdom, by creation; the barony, 4th August, 1815; the viscounty, 17th November, 1823.

Lord Clancarty sits in the house of lords as one of the representative peers of Ireland, although, since his election, his lordship has obtained an hereditary seat as a peer of the realm.

### Lineage.

The ancient family of Trench is of French descent, and derives its surname from the Seigneurie of La Tranche, in Poitou, of which it was formerly possessed.

FREDERICK DE LA TRENCH emigrated from France about the year 1575, and took up his abode in the county of Northumberland. His grandson,

FREDERICK TRENCH, removed into Ireland in 1631, and purchasing the lands and castle of Garbally, with a considerable estate, in the county of Galway, established his residence there. The great-grandson of this gentleman,

RICHARD TRENCH, b. in 1710; s. his father at Garbally, in 1732, and represented the county of Galway in parliament, in 1761. He m. Frances, only daughter and heiress of David Power, esq. of Corheen, in the county of Galway, and of his wife, Elizabeth Keating, (through which marriage Mr. Trench obtained the united fortunes of the families of Power and Keating), and was s. at his decease, by his eldest surviving son,

WILLIAM-POWER-KEATING TRENCH, esq. M.P. for the county of Galway from 1768 to 1797. This gentleman was elevated to the peerage of Ire-

land, 25th November, 1797, by the title of *Baron Kilconnel, of Garbally, in the county of Galway*; created, 3rd January, 1801, Viscount Dunlo, of Dunlo and Ballinasloe, in the counties of Galway and Roscommon, and advanced to the EARLDOM OF CLANCARTY, in the county of Cork, 11th February, 1803, in consequence of his descent from Elena Mac Carty, wife of John Power, daughter of Cormac Oge Mac Carty, Viscount Muskerry, and sister of Donough Mac Carty, Earl of Clancarty, temp. Charles II. His lordship m. 30th October, 1762, Anne, eldest daughter of the Right Hon. Charles Gardiner, and sister of Luke, first Lord Mounjoy, by whom (who d. 8th July, 1829) he had issue,

RICHARD, present earl.

Power, D.D. Archbishop of Tuam, b. 16th June, 1770; m. 29th January, 1795, Anne, daughter of Walter Taylor, esq. of Castle Taylor, and has issue,

1. WILLIAM, in holy orders, m. 25th December, 1830, Louisa, eldest daughter of Richard, present Earl of Clancarty.

2. Power, captain 76th regiment.

3. Hesther.

4. Anne, m. 15th April, 1823, to James O'Hara, esq.

5. Florida, m. 16th December, 1818, to Thomas-Trudock Booke, esq.

6. Elizabeth, m. 15th January, 1830, to Capt. Henry Gascoyne.

7. Frances.

8. Emily.

William, captain R.N. b. in 1771; m. Sarah, daughter of John Cuppage, esq.

Charles, in holy orders, archdeacon of Ardagh; b. in December, 1772; m. Miss Elwood.

Robert le Poer, (Sir), K.C.B., K.T.S., a colonel in the army; m. Letitia-Susanna, youngest daughter of Robert, first Lord Clonbrock, and d. in 1824.

Florida, m. in 1782, to Lord Castlemaine.

Anne, m. in 1780, to William Gregory, esq. of Coole, in the county of Galway.

Elizabeth, m. in 1805, to John McClinton, esq. of Drumcar, in the county of Louth.

Harriet, m. in 1805, to Daniel-Toler Osborne, esq. eldest son of Sir Henry Osborne, bart.

Frances, m. in 1806, to Henry-Stanley, Earl of Rathdown.

Louisa.

Emily, m. in 1810, to Robert Latouche, esq. M.P. and d. in 1816.

His lordship d. in 1805.

*Creations*—Baron, 25th November, 1797. Viscount, 3rd January, 1801. Earl, 11th February, 1803.—Irish honors. Baron, 4th August, 1815. Viscount, 17th November, 1823.—English honors.

*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, ar. a lion, passant, gu., between three fleurs-de-lis az. on a chief of the third, the sun in splendor, or; second and third ar. a chief indented sable: over all an escutcheon of pretence ducally crowned or. charged with a pellet.



*Crests*—1st. An arm, in armour, embowed, holding a sword, all ppr. 2nd. A lion rampant, in his dexter paw a sword; in his sinister a fleur-de-lis. 3rd. A stag's head ppr. attired or.

*Supporters*—*Dexter*, a lion gu. semée of fleurs-de-lis or; *Sinister*, a stag, guardant, ppr. holding a banner, per chief, dancettée, sa. and ar. being the arms of Le Poer, between the antlers sa. a cross gu. thereon our Saviour ppr.

*Motto*—Consilio et prudentia.

*Seat*—Garbally, in the county of Galway.

**CLANMORRIS, BARON, (Denis-Arthur Bingham,)** of Newbrook, in the county of Mayo, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 22nd January, 1808; *s.* to the title, as third baron, upon the demise of his brother, July, 1829; *m.* 1st May, 1825, Maria-Helena, second daughter of Robert Perasse, esq. of Roxborough, in the county of Galway, and has two sons,

John-Charles-Robert, *b.* 28th November, 1826.  
Denis-Arthur, *b.* 6th November, 1829.

### Lineage.

This family, and that of Bingham, Earls of Lucan, descend from a common ancestor, namely **GEORGE BINGHAM**, military governor of Sligo, in 1596, whose youngest son,

**JOHN BINGHAM**, resided at Foxford, in the county of Mayo, and was grandfather of

**THE RIGHT HON. HENRY BINGHAM**, of Newbrooke, one of the lords-justices of Ireland; whose grandson,

**HENRY BINGHAM**, esq. of Newbrooke, *m.* in 1761, Letitia, daughter of Dennis Daly, esq. of Mount Pleasant, in the county of Galway, by Lady Anne de Burgh, sister of John, eleventh Earl of Clanricarde, by whom he had three sons and six daughters. He *d.* in 1790, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**JOHN BINGHAM**, esq. who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 30th of July, 1800, in consequence of the loyalty he displayed during the rebellion of 1798, by the title of **BARON CLANMORRIS, of Newbrooke, in the county of Mayo**. He *m.* in 1791, the Hon. Anne-Maria Yelverton, only daughter of Barry, first Viscount Avonmore, by whom he had issue,

1. **BARRY-CHARLES**, his successor.
2. **DENNIS-ARTHUR**, present peer.

3. **Letitia-Maria**, *m.* to Robert Ffrench, esq. of Rahasan, in the county of Galway.
4. **Anna-Maria**, *m.* July, 1829, to Bentinck Waller Yelverton, esq. of Ballen in the county of Tipperary, eldest son of Admiral Walter Aglienly Yelverton.
5. **Louisa-Catherine**.
6. **Caroline-Harriet**, *d.* in 1820.
7. **Julia**.

His lordship *d.* in 1821, and was *s.* by his elder son,

**CHARLES-BARRY**, second baron, who *m.* Miss Lambert, daughter of the late Walter Lambert, esq. of Castle Lambert, in the county of Galway, but dying *s. p.* in 1829, the title devolved upon his brother, Denis Arthur, present lord.

*Creation*—30th July, 1800.



*Arms*—*Az.* a bend, cottised, between six crosses, pattée, or.

*Crest*—A rock, thereon an eagle, rising, all ppr.

*Supporters*—Two lions ppr.

*Motto*—Spes mea Christus.

*Seat*—Newbrook, county of Mayo, and Seamount, Galway.

**CLANRICARDE, MARQUESS AND EARL OF, (Ulric-John De Burgh,)** and Baron Dunkellin, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Somerhill, of Somerhill, in the county of Kent, in the peerage of the United Kingdom, and a knight of St. Patrick; *b.* 20th December, 1802; inherited, as fourteenth earl, the Irish earldom and barony at the decease of his father, 27th July, 1808; and obtained the Irish marquissate, and barony of the empire, by patents of creation, the former, 6th October, 1825, the latter, in June, 1826; *m.* 8th April, 1825, Harriet, only daughter of Viscountess Canning, and the late Right Hon. George Canning, by whom he has issue,

**ULICK, Lord Dunkellin**, *b.* 12th July, 1827.

**Elizabeth**, *b.* 22nd Feb. 1826.

**Emily**, *b.* 19th Oct. 1826.

**Hester-Catherine**, *b.* Nov. 1829.

His lordship is lord-lieutenant for the county of Galway, and captain of the yeomen of the guard.

**Lineage.**

The family of De Burgh, De Burgo, Burke, or Bourke, (as at different periods the surname has been written,) Earls and Marquesses of Clanricarde, ranks amongst the most ancient in the kingdom, and deduces an uninterrupted line of powerful nobles, from the conquest.

JOHN, Earl of Comyn, and baron of Tonsburgh in Normandy, (descended from Charlemagne of France) being general of the king's forces, and governor of his chief towns, assumed thence the surname of "de Burgh." He had issue,

HARLOWEN, of whom presently.

Eustace, Baron of Tonsburgh, from whom the Viscounts de Vesci derive.

Millicent, *m.* to Fulk, Earl of Anjou, who became King of Jerusalem, in 1131.

The elder son,

HARLOWEN DE BURGO, founded the Abbey of Grestein in Normandy, and died before his father, leaving by his wife Arlotta, mother of William the Conqueror, two sons,

Robert.

Odo, Bishop of Bayeux, created Earl of Kent.

The elder son,

ROBERT, Earl of Moreton, in Normandy, participating, with his brother the Bishop of Bayeux, in the triumph at Hastings, was rewarded by his victorious kinsman, with the EARLDOM OF CORNWALL, (anno 1068,) and grants of not less than seven hundred and ninety-three manors. He *m.* Maud, daughter of Roger de Montgomery, and was *s.* by his only son,

WILLIAM DE MORETON, Earl of Cornwall, who rebelling against King Henry II. died a prisoner, having his eyes put out by order of that monarch, and his earldom of Cornwall transferred to Stephen of Blois. This unfortunate nobleman left two sons, *vis.*

ALDELMER or ADELIN, of whom presently.

John, whose son HUBERT DE BURGH, was deemed the most powerful subject in Europe, in the reigns of Kings John and Henry III. but he experienced the vicissitudes that awaited upon dominion in those turbulent periods. After exercising sovereign authority during some part of the minority of Henry III., being created EARL OF KENT, and constituted, with other high offices, justiciary of England, he suffered great persecution from that monarch, and died almost in obscurity 4th March, 1243.

The elder son,

ADELIN DE BURGH *m.* Agnes, daughter of LEWIS VII. of France, and was father of

WILLIAM FITZ ADELIN, who was sent, with Hugh de Lacie, by Henry II. into Ireland, to receive the submission of Roderick O'Connor, King of Connaught, and of the King of Meath, and founded there, according to Sir Richard Cox, "one of the best and noblest families, which has yielded many brave and worthy men, that have proved eminently serviceable to their king and country, whereby the name, estate,

and family, are preserved, in great honour and reputation, to this day." This William was made governor of Wexford; and, upon the King's return to England, entrusted with the management of his affairs in Ireland. In 1175, in a synod of the bishops and clergy at Waterford, he published the bull, and the privileges granted by Pope Alexander the third, in confirmation of the bull of Adrian the fourth, constituting the king lord of Ireland. In 1179, he obtained, by grant, a great part of the province of Connaught. He *m.* Isabel, natural daughter King Richard I., and widow of Llewellyn, Prince of Wales, and dying in 1204, was succeeded by his son.

RICHARD DE BURGO, surnamed the great, Lord of Connaught and Trim, Lord-lieutenant of Ireland in 1227. This Richard built the castle of Galway in 1232, and that of Loughreagh in four years afterwards, he was a person of such high authority and power, that in 1242, he repaired, accompanied by his barons and knights, to meet the King of England at Bourdeaux, but died in his passage to France, January 1243. He *m.* Hodierna, daughter of Robert de Gernon, and great granddaughter maternally of *Cahil Crovderg*, or the "red hand," King of Connaught, by whom he had two sons, *vis.*

1. WALTER, Lord of Connaught, who, marrying Maud, daughter and heir of Hugh de Lacie, the younger, Earl of Ulster, became EARL OF ULSTER in her right, upon the decease of the above Earl, Hugh. He (Walter) *d.* in the castle of Galway, in 1271, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

RICHARD, second earl of Ulster, usually called the *Red Earl*. This nobleman who was educated at the court of Henry III., was esteemed, from his great possessions, the most powerful subject in Ireland. He *d.* in 1326, and was *s.* by his grandson,

WILLIAM, third earl, who was murdered in the twenty-first year of his age, anno 1333, by Robert Fitz-Richard Mandeville, and his servants, near the Fords, in his way to Carrickfergus. His wife, the Lady Maud Plantagenet, daughter of Henry, Earl of Lancaster, grandson of Henry III., and his only daughter and heiress, returned immediately to England; and so barbarous an act as the assassination, causing a prodigious outcry, the lord justice called a parliament, by whose advice he sailed for Carrickfergus; but before his arrival, the country people had destroyed the murderers, with their abettors, killing, in one day, more than three hundred persons. The great heiress of this Earl,

THE LADY ELIZABETH DE BURGO, espoused

LIONEL OF ANTWERP, Duke of Cla-

rence, third son of Edward III., who became, in consequence, fourth EARL OF ULSTER, and Lord of Connaught. This prince repaired to Ireland, and was LORD-LIEUTENANT thereof in 1361. He left at his decease, an only daughter, PHILIPPA, who was given in marriage, at the age of thirteen, by her grandfather, Edward III. to

EDWARD MORTIMER, third Earl of March, who, in right of his wife, at the decease of her father, became FIFTH EARL OF ULSTER, and was succeeded by his son and grandson, as sixth and seventh Earls of March and Ulster. The latter, EDMUND, dying *s. p.* in 1424, his elder sister, the LADY ANNE MORTIMER became his heir, and marrying

RICHARD PLANTAGENET, Earl of Cambridge, their son,

RICHARD PLANTAGENET, Duke of York, became EARL OF ULSTER, in right of his mother. This prince was declared heir to the crown; but falling under the banner of York, at Wakefield, in 1460, he was *s. p.* by his son,

EDWARD, Earl of March and Ulster, who ascended the throne as Edward IV., by which means the EARLDOM OF ULSTER vested in the crown.

## 2. WILLIAM.

The second son of Richard de Burgo, Lord of Connaught,

WILLIAM DE BURGH, is known by the surname of ATHANKIP, from being put to death at that place by the king of Connaught. He was *s. p.* by his son,

SIR WILLIAM DE BURGH, who, having *m.* a daughter of the family of Mac-Jordan, left, with other issue, at his decease, in 1324,

ULICK, of whom presently.

Edmond (Sir), from whom the (Extinct) Viscounts Bourke, of Mayo, now represented by AYLMER BOURKE LAMBERT, esq. of Boynton, Wilts, derived.

Richard.

Redmond, from whom several eminent families of BURKE, in the county of Galway, have descended.

Thomas (Sir), appointed lord-treasurer of Ireland in 1331.

John, father of John de Burgo, archbishop of Tuam, who *d.* in 1460.

Henry.

The eldest son,

SIR ULICK DE BURGH, lord of Clanricarde, was a personage of great power, and distinguished, like his progenitors, in arms. He *m.* Agnes, daughter of the Earl of Warwick, and dying in 1429, was *s. p.* by his son,

ULICK DE BURGH, of Clanricarde, who *m.*

Eglina, daughter of Hugh de Courtenay, and dying in 1451, was *s. p.* by his eldest son,

ULICK DE BURGH, who was *s. p.* by his son.

ULICK DE BURGH, who was created, by Henry VIII. at Greenwich, 1st July, 1543, *Baron of Dunkellin*, and EARL OF CLANRICARDE; and obtained, at the same time, from the king, a grant of the monastery of Devia Nova, in the diocese of Clonfert, and the advowsons and donations of all the rectories, &c. &c. in Clanricarde and Dunkellin, belonging to the crown. The king, moreover, defrayed the charges of his journey, and made him a farther grant of a piece of land, near Dublin, for keeping his horses and attendants, when he repaired to parliament, or council. His lordship did not, however, long enjoy his honors, but, dying in the following year, 1544, was *s. p.* by his only son,

RICHARD, second earl, who was lord-lieutenant of Ireland; and, assisted by Sir Richard Bingham, overthrew the Scotch, at the river Moye, in 1553. His lordship *m.* Margaret, daughter of Morough, Earl of Thomond, and had issue, ULICK, Lord Dunkellin. The earl *d.* in 1582, and was *s. p.* by his son,

ULICK, third earl. This nobleman *m.* Honora, daughter of John Bourke, esq. of Tullegrey, and had issue,

RICHARD, Lord Dunkellin.

Thomas (Sir) died *s. p.*

WILLIAM (Sir), who left two sons.

Richard } who *s.* as sixth and seventh

William } EARLS OF CLANRICARDE.

JOHN, created VISCOUNT BURKE, of CLANMORE, in the county of Mayo (a dignity now extinct).

His lordship *d.* 20th May, 1631, and was *s. p.* by his eldest son,

RICHARD, fourth earl, surnamed of Kinsale, from the bravery he had displayed against the rebels there. This nobleman was created an English peer, 3rd April, 1624, by the titles of *Baron Somerhill and Viscount Tunbridge, in the county of Kent*; and 23rd August, 1628, advanced to the *Earldom of St. Albans*. His lordship *m.* Frances, daughter and heiress of Sir Francis Walsingham, widow of Sir Philip Sydney, and of Queen Elizabeth's unfortunate favorite, the Earl of Essex, by whom he had one son, ULICK, his successor, and two daughters, Mary, wife of Edmund, son of James, Earl of Ormonde, and Honora, *m.* to John Paulet, Marquess of Winchester. He *d.* in 1635, and was *s. p.* by his only son,

ULICK, fifth Earl of Clanricarde, and second of St. Albans. This nobleman was advanced to

\* This nobleman left other children; upon the eldest of whom, John Burke, created, in 1663, Lord Leitrim, he settled the castle of Meelick. Lord Leitrim *d. s. p.* the same year, and from his lordship's collateral descendants, the Burkes of Meelick, Peter Burke, of Elm Hall, in the county of Tipperary, father of JOHN BURKE, author of this work, derives.

the *Marquisate of Clanricarde*, in Ireland, 1st February, 1644. He *m.* Lady Anne Compton, only daughter of William, Earl of Northampton, by whom he had an only daughter, Mary, *m.* first, to Charles McCarty, Viscount Muskerry, and had issue, Charles, Earl of Clancarty. Her ladyship espoused secondly, Robert Villiers, commonly called, Viscount Purbeck; and thirdly, Robert Fielding, esq. The marquess dying thus without male issue, the Marquisate of Clanricarde and his English honors expired; while the Irish Earldom of Clanricarde, and barony of Dunkellin, reverted to his first-cousin,

RICHARD, sixth earl; at whose decease, without issue, the honors devolved upon his brother,

WILLIAM, seventh earl. This nobleman *m.* first, Lettice, only daughter of Sir Henry Shirley of Actwell, and had issue,

RICHARD, *Lord Dunkellin*.

JOHN, created by JAMES II., after his abdication, Lord Bophin; succeeded as ninth Earl of Clanricarde.

Thomas, killed at Buda.

His lordship *m.* secondly, Ellen, daughter of Donough, Earl of Clancarty, and had

ULICK, created Baron Tyaquin and Viscount Galway; killed at Aughrim.

The earl was *s.* at his decease in 1687, by his eldest son,

RICHARD, eighth earl; who *m.* Miss Bagnell, and had an only daughter, Dorothy, *m.* to Alexander Pendarves, esq. of Rascarrow, in Cornwall. He was *s.* by his brother,

JOHN, ninth earl. This nobleman was colonel of a regiment of foot, in the army of King James, and being taken prisoner at the head of his regiment, at the battle of Aughrim, was conveyed to the castle of Dublin, and thence removed into England. His lordship being outlawed and attainted, his estates were forfeited; but his children claiming their several remainders, before the trustees for the sale of forfeitures, recovered the same; and an act of parliament passed, (first of Queen Anne,) for making provision for the protestant children of the Earl of Clanricarde, whereby his lordship was acquitted of all treasons and attainders, and restored to his estates. He *m.* Bridget, daughter of James Talbot, esq. and dying in 1722, was *s.* by his eldest son,

MICHAEL, tenth earl. This nobleman *m.* Anne, widow of Hugh Parker, esq. and eldest daughter and co-heiress of John Smyth, esq. of Tudworth, Hampshire, speaker of the house of commons, and afterwards chancellor of the exchequer; by whom he had two sons and two daughters. His lordship *d.* 29th November, 1726, and was *s.* by his only surviving son,

JOHN SMYTH, eleventh earl,\* who *m.* Hester, youngest daughter of Sir Henry Vincent, bart. and dying in 1782, was *s.* by his elder son,

HENRY, twelfth earl. This nobleman, who was a privy-counsellor in Ireland, a knight of St. Patrick, and governor of the county of Galway, was created MARQUESS OF CLANRICARDE, 18th August, 1785. He *m.* Urania-Anne, daughter of George, twelfth Marquess of Winchester, (her ladyship is now widow of Sir Joseph-Sidney Yorke, K.C.B.) but dying without issue, 8th Dec. 1797, the marquise expired, while his lordship's other honors devolved upon his only brother,

JOHN-THOMAS, thirteenth earl; a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 66th foot. His lordship *m.* 17th March, 1799, Eliza, daughter of the late Sir Thomas Burke, bart. of Marble Hill, county of Galway, by whom he had issue, ULICK-JOHN, the present marquess.

Hester-Catharine, Marchioness of Sligo.

Emily, Countess of Howth.

His lordship obtained a patent, dated 29th Dec. 1800, conferring the dignity of *Countess* upon his daughters, in succession; and the *Earldom of Clanricarde* upon their male issue, according to priority of birth, in case of the failure of his own male descendants.

*Creation*—Baron and Earl, 1st July 1543. Marquess, 6th Oct. 1825—Irish honors. Baron of the Empire, 1826.



*Arms*—Or, a cross gu. in the dexter canton a lion, rampant, sa.

*Crest*—A cat-a-mountain sejant, guardant, ppr. collared and chained, or.

*Supporters*—Two cats, guardant, ppr. collared and chained or.

*Motto*—Ung roy, ung foy, ung loy.

*Town Residence*—St. James's-square.

*Seat*—Portumna Castle, county of Galway.

CLANWILLIAM, EARL OF, (Richard Meade,) Viscount Clanwilliam, of the county of Tipperary, Baron Gilford, of the county of Down, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Clanwilliam, of Clanwilliam, in the county of Tipperary, in the peerage of the United Kingdom, and a baronet of Ireland; *b.* 15th August, 1795; *m.* 3rd July, 1830, Elizabeth, second daughter of George, late Earl of Pembroke; *s.* to the Irish honors, as third earl, upon the demise of his father, 3rd September, 1805, and obtained the barony of the United Kingdom, by patent of creation, in January, 1828.

\* The Norman name of *De Burgh* became in process of time corrupted into *Burke*, and was so borne by the Earls of Clanricarde, until John-Smyth, the eleventh earl, resumed by sign manual, in 1792, the original surname.

## Lineage.

1. **SIR JOHN MEADE**, knt, of Ballentobber, in the county of Cork (grandson of Sir John Meade, knt. and Catherine, his wife, daughter of Sir Dominic Sarsfield, bart., Viscount Kilmallock), attorney-general to James, Duke of York, was created a **BARONET OF IRELAND**, 29th May, 1703. Sir John m. Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Pierce, second Viscount Ikerrin, by whom he had two surviving sons and four daughters; and dying 12th January, 1697, was s. by

2. **SIR PIERCE**. This gentleman dying in minority, unmarried, the title devolved upon his brother,

3. **SIR RICHARD**, who m. in 1736, Catherine, second daughter of Henry Prettie, esq. (ancestor of the Lords Dunally) by whom he had a son and a daughter. Sir Richard d. 27th April, 1743, and was s. by his son,

4. **SIR JOHN**, b. a few days before his father's death, 21st April, 1744; m. 20th August, 1765, Theodosia, only daughter and heiress of Robert H. Magill, esq. of Gillhall, in the county of Down, by whom he had (with daughters),

**RICHARD**, his successor.

**Robert**, a lieutenant-general in the army, b. 20th February, 1772; m. 20th June, 1808, Anne Louisa, daughter of General Sir John Dalling, bart. and has **ROBERT**, and other issue. General Meade is presumptive heir to the Irish honors.

**John**, a major-general, and C.B., m. Urania Caroline, daughter of the Hon. Ed. Ward. Pearce, in holy orders, arch-deacon of Dromore, m. Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Percy, late bishop of Dromore.

Sir John was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 17th November, 1766, in the dignities of *Baron Gifford*, and *Viscount Clanwilliam*; and, on the 20th July, 1770, created **EARL OF CLANWILLIAM**. His lordship d. 19th October, 1800, and was s. by his eldest son,

**RICHARD**, second earl; b. 10th May, 1766; m. 6th October, 1793, a foreign lady of rank, Caroline, Countess of Thunn, by whom he left

**RICHARD**, present earl.

Caroline, m. to Count Paul Szcheny, chamberlain to the Emperor of Austria, and d. in 1820.

Selina, m. to Count Martinitz, chamberlain to the Emperor of Austria.

His lordship m. secondly, the Dowager Lady Shuldham, and died in two months afterwards, 3rd September, 1805.

**Creations**—Baronet, 26th May, 1703; Baron and Viscount, 17th Nov. 1766; Earl, 20th July, 1770—all in Ireland. Baron of the United Kingdom, January, 1828.

**Arms**—Az. a chev. erm. between three trefoils, slipped ar.

**Crest**—An eagle, displayed, with two heads, aa. armed or.

**Supporters**—**Dexter**, an eagle, close, sa.; **Sinister**, a falcon, close, ppr. beaked and legged or, each collared and chained gold.



*Motto*—Toujours prest.

*Seat*—Gill Hall, Downshire.

**CLARE, EARL OF**, (John Fitzgibbon,) Viscount Fitzgibbon, of Limerick; Baron Fitzgibbon, of Lower Connello, in the county of Limerick, in the peerage of Ireland; and Baron Fitzgibbon, of Sidbury, in the county of Devon, in the peerage of Great Britain; b. 10th June, 1792; s. to the honors, as second earl, upon the demise of his father, 28th January, 1802; m. 14th April, 1826, Elizabeth-Julia-Georgiana, only daughter of the late Lord Gwydyr, and the Baroness Willoughby de Eresby. The Earl of Clare is governor of Bombay.

## Lineage.

**JOHN FITZGIBBON**, esq. of Mount Shannon, in the county of Limerick, barrister-at-law, and M.P. m. — daughter of John Grove, esq. of Ballinimock, and had issue,

**JOHN**, his successor.

Arabella, m. to James St. John Jeffries, esq. of Blarney Castle.

Elizabeth, m. in 1763, to the Hon. and Rt. Rev. William Beresford, archbishop of Tuam.

Eleanor, m. to Dominick Trant, esq.

Mr. Fitzgibbon d. 11th April, 1780, and was s. by his son,

**JOHN FITZGIBBON**, esq. who having been bred to the bar, was appointed attorney-general of Ireland in 1784, and, in five years afterwards, **LORD-HIGH-CHANCELLOR** of the same kingdom, when he was elevated to the peerage, (10th June, 1789,) as *Baron Fitzgibbon, of Lower Connello*. On the 20th December, 1793, his lordship was created *Viscount Fitzgibbon, of Limerick*; and, 10th June, 1795, advanced to the dignity of **EARL OF CLARE**. In September, 1799, the Earl obtained a British peerage, as *Lord Fitzgibbon, of Sidbury, in the county of Devon*. His lordship m. 1st July, 1786, Anne, eldest daughter of Richard-Chapel Whaley, esq. of Whaley-Abbey, by whom he had issue,

**JOHN**, his successor.

Richard Hobart, M.P. for the county of Limerick, and Colonel of the Limerick militia; usher and registrar of affidavits in the Court of Chancery in Ireland, m. in 1825, Diana, eldest daughter of the late



## CLA

Charles Woodcock, esq., whose marriage with Maurice-Crosbie Moore, esq. was previously dissolved, and has issue,

1. John, b. in 1829. 2. Louisa-Isabella.

Isabella.

The earl d. 28th January, 1802.

*Creations*—Baron, 16th June, 1789. Viscount 20th December, 1793. Earl, 10th June, 1793,—Irish honors. Baron, (British), 24th Sept. 1799.



*Arms*—Erm. a saltier gu. on a chief or, three annulets of the second.

*Crest*—A boar passant, gu. bristled or, charged on the body with three annulets of gold.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a lion, gu.; SINISTER, a griffin ar.

*Motto*—Nil admirari.

*Seat*—Mount Shannon, county of Limerick.

CLARENDON, EARL OF, (John-Charles Villiers,) and Baron Hyde, of Hindon, in the county of Wilts; b. 14th November, 1757; m. 5th January, 1791, Maria-Eleanor, youngest daughter and co-heiress of the late Admiral John Forbes, and niece of George, fourth Earl of Granard, by whom he has a daughter, Mary-Harriet. His lordship succeeded to the honors, as third earl, upon the demise of his brother, 7th March, 1824. Lord Clarendon is a count of the Kingdom of Prussia. His lordship is chief-justice in Eyre, north of Trent, and prothonotary of the county-palatine of Lancaster.

### Lineage.

This is a branch of the noble house of Villiers, Earls of Jersey, springing from William, second earl, through his second son,

THE HONORABLE THOMAS VILLIERS, who m. 30th March, 1752, Charlotte, eldest daughter of William, third Earl of Essex, and his countess, Jane, eldest surviving daughter of Henry Hyde, the last Earl of Clarendon and Rochester of that line; and was created, 31st May, 1756, *Baron Hyde, of Hindon, in the county of Wilts*, with limitation to the heirs male of his body, by his said wife, and in default thereof, the title of *Baroness Hyde*, to devolve upon her ladyship, and the dignity of baron to the heirs male of her body. His lordship filled, subsequently, the office of joint post-master-general, and chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster, and was advanced

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to the EARLDOM OF CLARENDON\* 8th June, 1776. He d. 11th December, 1786, leaving issue,

Thomas, his successor.

JOHN-CHARLES, present earl.

George, b. 23rd November, 1759, m. 17th April, 1798, Theresa, only daughter of John, first Lord Boringdon, and left at his decease, in 1827.

GEORGE-WILLIAM-FREDERICK, b. in 1800; heir-presumptive to the honors.

Thomas-Hyde, agent for Demarara and Essequibo.

Charles-Pellam.

Edward.

Montagu.

Algernon.

Maria-Theresa.

Lord Clarendon, being ambassador at the court of Berlin, in 1782, was created a baron of Prussia by his Prussian Majesty, an honor which his lordship was permitted, under the sign manual, of his own sovereign to enjoy. The earl was s. by his eldest son,

THOMAS, second earl, b. 20th December, 1753, at whose decease, unmarried, in 1824, the honors devolved upon his next brother, GEORGE, the present peer.

*Creations*—Baron, 31st May, 1756. Earl, 8th June, 1776.



*Arms*—Ar. on a cross gu. five escallop-shells or.

*Crest*—A lion, rampant, ar. ducally crowned, or.

*Supporters*—Two eagles, wings endorsed aducally crowned or, charged on the breast with a plain cross ar.

*Motto*—Fidei coticula crux.

*Town Residence*—18, North Audley-street.

*Seats*—The Grove, Watford, Herts; Penline Castle, Carmarthenshire; and Hindon, Wilts.

\* This TITLE, first enjoyed by Sir Edward Hyde, was derived from a spacious park, near Salisbury, formerly the site of a royal palace, but more noted, as the place where King Henry II. summoned, in 1164, the great council of peers and prelates, from which emanated the celebrated regulations, so well known in history, as the "CONSTITUTIONS OF CLARENDON." By those the clergy were declared amenable to the civil power, and hence arose the contest between that MONARCH and THOMAS A BECKET.

**CLARGES, SIR THOMAS**, baronet, of St. Martin's-in-the-Fields, county of Middlesex; *b.* in July, 1782; succeeded to the title, as fourth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 24th July, 1783. Sir Thomas is constable of the castle of Durham.

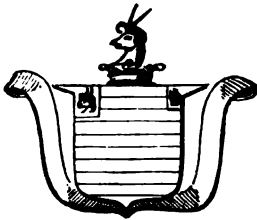
#### Lineage.

1. **WALTER CLARGES**, (son of Sir Thomas Clarges, *knt.* whose sister was the wife of the celebrated General Monk, Duke of Albemarle, and who was himself actively distinguished in restoring Charles II.) was created a baronet 20th October, 1674. Sir Walter *m.* first, Jane, daughter of Sir Dawes Wymondsell, by whom he had an only daughter Jane, he espoused secondly, Jane, daughter of the Hon. James Herbert, of Kingsey, in the county of Buckingham, third son of Philip, Earl of Pembroke, by whom he had THOMAS, his successor, and other children. The baronet *m.* thirdly, Elizabeth, second daughter and coheir of alderman Sir Thomas Gould, of the city of London, and relict of Sir Dawes Wymondsell, by whom he had seven sons and two daughters. Sir Walter, who represented Westminster in parliament, in the reigns of King William and Queen Anne, *d.* in March, 1705-6, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR THOMAS**, who *m.* Barbara Berkeley, youngest daughter and co-heiress of John, Viscount Fitzharding, by whom he had a son and daughter; the former, Thomas, *m.* Anne, second daughter and co-heiress of John, Viscount Barrington, and died before his father, leaving one son, and a daughter. Sir Thomas *d.* 19th Feb. 1759, and was *s.* by his grandson,

3. **SIR THOMAS**. This gentleman *m.* Miss Skrine, by whom he had THOMAS, present baronet, with another son and two daughters, of whom one alone survives. He *d.* in 1783.

*Creation*—20th October, 1674.



*Arms*—Barry of ten, *ar.* and *az.* on a canton, *sa.* a ram's head couped, of the first, armed with four horns, *or.*

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet, *or.* a ram's head, *as* in the arms.

*Town Residence*—26, South-street, Grosvenor-square.

*Seat*—Sutton, Yorkshire.

**CLARINA, BARON**, (*Eyre, Massey, B.A.*) of Elm Park, in the county of Limerick, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 6th May, 1798; *s.* to the title, as third baron, upon the demise of his father, in January, 1810; *m.* 9th September, 1828, Susan-Elizabeth, youngest daughter of Hugh Barton, *esq.* of Battle Abbey, and has issue,

— (a son) *b.* 29th April, 1830.  
Anne-Emily, *b.* 23rd June, 1829.

#### Lineage.

This family derives its surname from the town and lordship of Massey, near Bayeux in Normandy; of which its members had been lords, for many generations previous to the descent of Duke William upon England, and were of great power in that province, from the time of its first invasion and conquest, in the ninth century, by Rollo, the celebrated northern freebooter.

At the conquest, the Masseys obtained with other grants the lordship of Dunham, in Cheshire, which henceforward became Dunham-Massey, and from the Barons of Dunham-Massey, descended

**HUGH MASSEY**, who went to Ireland in a military command during the rebellion of 1641, and settled there upon the restoration of tranquillity. This successful soldier married no less than five wives, but had issue by his first (Margaret Percy,) only. He was *s.* by his son,

**HUGH MASSEY**, *esq.* of Duntryleague, in the county of Limerick, who *m.* Miss Benson, and had, with two daughters, four sons, *vis.*

**HUGH**, his successor.

John, of Knockaneavan.

William, of Stoneville.

Charles, in holy orders, of Donass, in the county of Clare, Dean of Limerick, *m.* Grace, daughter of Sir John Dillon, and had issue,

**HUGH-DILLON**, created a baronet, (see Sir H. Massey.)

**Mr. Massey**, was *s.* by his eldest son,

**HUGH MASSEY**, *esq.* of Duntryleague, who *m.* Elizabeth, fourth daughter of the Right Hon. George Evans, and had with other issue, **HUGH**, created **LORD MASSEY**, (see that dignity,) and

**EYRE MASSEY**, *esq.* *b.* 24th May, 1719, who, as a reward for his distinguished military services, (being at the battle of Culloden, in 1746, and subsequently commanding officer of the grenadiers at the Havannah, Niagara, &c.) was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 27th December, 1800, by the title of **BARON CLARINA**, of Elm Park, in the county of Limerick. His lordship was a general officer; marshal of the army in Ireland; colonel of the 27th foot; governor of Limerick, and of the royal hospital of Kilmainham. He *m.* Catharine, sister to Robert Clements, first Earl of Leitrim, by whom he had two sons and two daughters. He *d.* 17th May, 1804, and was *s.* by his second and only surviving son,

**NATHANIEL-WILLIAM**, second baron, *b.* 23rd May, 1773. This nobleman was also a military officer, and attained the rank of major-general in the army; his lordship *m.* Penelope, second daughter of Michael-Roberts Westropp, esq. and had issue,

**EYRE**, present peer.

**Nathaniel-Henry-Charles**, *b.* 5th September, 1803, *m.* 8th May, 1828, Emily, youngest daughter of the late David Lyon, esq.

**George**, *b.* 31st August, 1805.

**Catherine-Jane**, *m.* 3rd March, 1821, to lieutenant-colonel Sempronius Stretton, of Lenton Priory, Notts, and *d.* 3rd July, in the same year.

**Wilhelmina-Frederica**, *m.* to Robert-R. Gillespie, esq. and *d.* in 1820.

His lordship *d.* at Barbadoes, in January, 1816.

*Creation*—27th December, 1800.



**Arms**—Ar. on a chev. between three lozenges sa. a lion passant, or.

**Crest**—Out of a ducal coronet or, a bull's head gu. armed sa.

**Supporters**—Two grenadier soldiers in regimentals, and muskets, supported by their exterior hands, all ppr. their caps charged in front with a castle.

**Motto**—Pro libertate patrie.

**Seat**—Elm Park, in the county of Limerick.

**CLARKE, SIR SIMON-HOUGHTON**, baronet, of Shirland, in the county of Nottingham; *s.* to the title, as ninth baronet, upon the demise of his brother, in 1798; *m.* 9th April, 1814, Catherine, second daughter of John-Houghton James, esq. of the island of Jamaica, and has issue,

1. **SIMON-HOUGHTON**, *b.* 7th April, 1818.

2. **Philip-Houghton**, *b.* in 1810.

3. **Catherine-Houghton**. 4. **Mary-Houghton**.

### Lineage.

This family, about the time of the Conquest, being possessed of Woodchurch, in Kent, was thence surnamed

**SIR SIMON WOODCHURCH**, knt.; *m.* Susan, daughter and heiress of Henry Clarke, esq., and had two sons, viz.:—

**Simon**, whose only daughter and heiress, Isabel, *m.* Adrian Fortesque.

and

**CLARKE WOODCHURCH**, esq., who inherited his mother's estates, and *m.* Benet, daughter and co-heir of Robert Shert, of Woodchurch, and was *s.* by his son,

**PETER CLARKE**, *alias* Woodchurch, who was *s.* by his son,

**SIR JOHN CLARKE**, one of the heroes of Poitiers; from whom we pass to his descendant,

**WALTER CLARKE**, esq. of Ratcliffe, in the county of Buckingham, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Simon Edolph, esq. of St. Radigan's, in Kent, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

1. **SIMON CLARKE**, esq. a considerable sufferer in the cause of King Charles I., who was created a baronet, 1st May, 1617. Sir Simon *m.* first, Margaret, daughter and heiress of John Alderford, esq. of Abbot's Salford, in the county of Warwick, by whom he had issue. He espoused secondly, Dorothy, daughter of Thomas Hobson, of Cambridge, gent., and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR JOHN**, who *d.* without issue; when the title reverted to his nephew,

3. **SIR SIMON**. The father of this gentleman, Peter Clarke, esq. a military officer, was killed in 1639, by Lord Morley. Sir Simon *m.* Mercy, daughter of Philip Brace, esq. of Doverdale, in Warwickshire, and dying 10th November, 1667, was *s.* by his eldest son,

4. **SIR SIMON**, who was *s.* by his only son,

5. **SIR SIMON-PETER**, R.N., upon whose decease, without issue, the title reverted to his cousin,

6. **SIR SIMON**, eldest son of Philip, second son of Sir Simon, the third baronet. This gentleman *d.* in 1770, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

7. **SIR SIMON**, who *m.* Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Philip Houghton, esq., the great Jamaica planter, with whom he obtained 100,000*l.* fortune; by this lady he had two sons and a daughter. Sir Simon *d.* in 1777, and was *s.* by elder son,

8. **SIR PHILIP-HOUGHTON**; at whose decease, unmarried, the title devolved upon his brother, **SIMON HOUGHTON**, present baronet.

*Creation*—1st May, 1617.



**Arms**—Gu. three swords erected in pale, ar., hilts, or.

**Crest**—A hand couped to the wrist, ppr. holding a sword as in the arms.

*Town Residence*—19 Hanover-square.  
*Seats*—Oak Hill, East Barnett; Aldwick-place, Bognor, Sussex; and Shirland, Notts.

**CLARKE, SIR WILLIAM-HENRY-ST.-LAURENCE**, baronet, of Cresses Green House, in the county of Cork; *b.* 3rd August, 1801; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 7th Feb. 1808; *m.* 4th Sept. 1827, Elizabeth-Barbara, only child of John-Moore Travers, esq. of Clijpton, in the county of Cork.

#### Lineage.

1. MAJOR-GENERAL WILLIAM CLARKE, eldest son of William Clarke, esq. an eminent merchant of Cork, having distinguished himself as a military officer and commander, particularly in India, was created a baronet, 23rd June, 1804. Sir William *m.* in 1790, Margaret, daughter of Thomas Prendergast, esq. of Dublin, by whom he had issue WILLIAM-HENRY, the present baronet, with four other sons and two daughters. He *d.* at Seringapatam, in 1806.

*Creation*—23rd June, 1804.



*Arms*—Ar., on a bend cottised gu., an eastern crown, or, between two swans, ppr., the whole within a bordure, vert.

*Crest*—Out of an eastern crown, gu., a demi-dragon, wings elevated, or.

*Seats*—Cresses Green House, and Rossmore, in the county of Cork.

**CLARKE, SIR CHARLES MANSFIELD**, baronet, of Dunham Lodge, Norfolk; *b.* 28th May, 1782; *m.* 17th January, 1806, Mary-Anna, daughter of Wright-Thomas Squire, esq. of Peterborough, by whom he has issue,

CHARLES, *b.* 15th June, 1812.

John, *b.* 16th August, 1823.

Mary-Anna.

Lucy-Eliza.

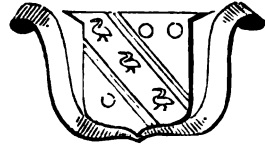
Catherine.

Elizabeth.

Maria-Agnes.

This gentleman (son of John Clarke, esq. surgeon, of London, by his wife, Miss Biddy Mansfield, of Shropeton, Northamptonshire), a medical practitioner of eminence, was created a baronet 30th September, 1831.

*Creation*—30th September, 1831.



*Arms*—Ar., on a bend gu., three swans of the first, between three bezants sable.

*Crest*—A mount vert, thereon a dove, wings elevated or, in the beak an ear of wheat ppr. the dexter claw resting on an annulet, as in the arms.

*Town Residence*—Saville-row.

*Seat*—Dunham Lodge, Norfolk.

**CLAVERING, SIR THOMAS-JOHN**, baronet, of Axwell, in the county of Durham; *b.* 5th April, 1771; *m.* in 1791, Clara, daughter of John, Count de la Sable, of Anjou, by whom he has issue,

WILLIAM-ALOYZIUS, *b.* 21st January, 1800.

Clara-Ann-Martha, *m.* in 1826, to General de Knyffe.

Agatha-Catherine, *m.* in 1821, to the Baron de Montfaucon, of Avignon.

Sir Thomas *s.* to the title, as eighth baronet, upon the demise of his uncle, 14th October, 1794.

#### Lineage.

This surname is derived from Clavering, in Essex, a town situated near the spring-head of the river Tort; and the family deduces its lineage from Eustace, a noble Norman, who is stated, by Dugdale, to have been one of the first peers in England, and of infinite familiarity with King Henry I. as also a person of great wisdom, and singular judgment in councils.

Descended lineally from this Eustace, was ROBERT FITZ-ROGER, feudal Baron of Warkworth and Clavering, who had summons to parliament as a BARON, from 2nd November, 1296, to 16th June, 1311. His lordship *m.* Margery Delazouch, and had seven sons, of whom

JOHN, the eldest, succeeded his father, and had summons to parliament as a BARON from 10th April, 1299, to 20th November, 1331. He *m.* Hawise, daughter of Robert de Tebitot, and left an only daughter,

EVA, who *m.* first Ralph de Afford, and secondly Thomas de Audley, and left issue by both, amongst whose descendants the BARONY OF CLAVERING, is now in ABERYANCE. (See *Burke's Extinct and Dormant Peerage*.)

Lord Clavering thus having no male issue, settled his principal manors upon the crown; which were subsequently granted by Henry III. to the Percys and Nevilles.

The youngest son of the seven,

SIR ALAN CLAVERING, *m.* Isabella, daughter and co-heiress of William Riddell, and from him lineally descended

ROBERT CLAVERING, who *m.* Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Grey, of Horton, in the county of Northumberland, and *d.* in 1583. The grandson of this marriage,

JOHN CLAVERING, esq. of Axwell, in the county of Durham, *m.* Anne, daughter of Robert Shaftoe, esq. of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

1. JAMES CLAVERING, esq. of Axwell, who in consideration of his sufferings in the royal cause, was created a baronet, 5th June, 1662. Sir James *m.* Jane, daughter and heiress of Charles Madison, esq. of Sutwell Side, in the county of Durham, and had surviving issue, (besides daughters)

JOHN, who *m.* Dorothy, daughter of Henry Savile, esq. of Methley, in the county of York, and dying before his father, left with other issue, JAMES, JOHN, and FRANCIS, successively BARONETS.

James of Greencroft *m.* Jane, daughter and co-heiress of Benjamin Ellison, esq. of Newcastle, and left

JAMES, who inherited as sixth baronet.

Sir James was *s.* at his decease by his grandson,

2. SIR JAMES, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Middleton, baronet, of Belsay Castle, in the county of Northumberland: by whom he had two sons and a daughter. The former dying however, in infancy, the title at his decease devolved upon his brother,

3. SIR JOHN, who *m.* Jane, daughter of Robert Mallaber, esq. and had surviving issue, JAMES, his successor.

Alice, *m.* to Lord Windsor.

Elizabeth, *m.* to James, Viscount Dunkerron, son of the Earl of Shelburne.

Sir James was *s.* by his son,

4. SIR JAMES; at whose decease, unmarried, in 1726, the title reverted to his uncle,

5. SIR FRANCIS, who died in 1738, *s. p.* when the title devolved upon his kinsman,

6. SIR JAMES, of Greencroft, (revert to second son of first baronet.) This gentleman *m.* first, Catharine, daughter of Thomas York, esq. of Richmond, in the county of York, and had

THOMAS, his successor.

George, of Greencroft, *m.* Mary, relict of Sir John Pole, bart. and daughter of — Palmer, esq. of Comb Raleigh, in the county of Devon, and at his decease left

THOMAS-JOHN, present baronet.

John (Sir) K.B. lieutenant-general in the army, second in council, and commander-in-chief in Bengal; *m.* Diana, daughter of John, Earl of Delawar, and dying in 1777, left issue,

1. Charles, *m.* Miss Adair, had an only daughter, Diana, *m.* to Colonel Elphinstone, and *d. s. p.*

2. Henry, brigadier-general, *m.* Augusta, daughter of John, fifth Duke of Argyll, and has Douglas, captain R.N., with other issue.

3. Mary, Lady Napier, *d.* in 1820.

4. Charlotte, *m.* to Sir T. Pechell.

5. Caroline, *m.* to Sir Borlase Warren, G.C.B.

The baronet *m.* a second time, but had no issue. He *d.* 18th May, 1746, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

7. SIR THOMAS, LL.D.; at whose decease, *s. p.* the title devolved upon his nephew, Thomas-John, present baronet.

Creation—8th June, 1662.



Arms—Quarterly, or, and gu., a bend sa.

Crest—Out of a ducal coronet, or, a demi-lion issuant, az.

Seats—Axwell, Greencroft, and White-house, in the county of Durham.

CLAYTON, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Merden Park, in the county of Surrey; *b.* 16th April, 1762; *m.* 16th July, 1785, Mary, daughter of Sir William East, bart.; by whom he has issue,

WILLIAM-ROBERT, a major in the army, *b.* 28th August, 1786; *m.* Alice, daughter and co-heiress of Colonel O'Donel, and granddaughter of the late Sir Neil O'Donel, bart. and has issue.

East George, LL.D. *b.* in 1794; *m.* in 1815, Marianne, eldest dau. of Charles Bishop, esq.

John-Lloyd, a lieutenant in the royal navy, *b.* in 1796.

Rice-Richard, *b.* in 1797, student of Lincoln's Inn.

Augustus-Philip, *b.* in 1799, in holy orders; *m.* 4th September, 1828, Georgiana-Elizabeth, daughter of the late Charles Talbot, D.D., dean of Salisbury, and Lady Elizabeth Talbot, daughter of Henry, fifth Duke of Beaufort.

Catharine.

Sir William *s.* to the title, as fourth baronet, upon the demise of his cousin, 10th May, 1799.

### Lineage.

1. WILLIAM CLAYTON, esq. (nephew and heir of Sir Robert Clayton, knt. who, in 1679, filled the civic chair of London, represented the metropolis for nearly thirty years in parliament, and was father of the city at his decease,) was created a baronet, 13th of January, 1731-2. Sir

William inherited large estates from his father, William Clayton, esq. of Hambleton, in the county of Bucks, as well as those which he derived from his uncle. He *m.* Martha, eldest daughter of John Kenrick, esq. of Flore, in the county of Surry, and had several children, of whom (besides daughters) two sons survived, viz.

**KENRICK**, his successor.

William, who *m.* first Mary, daughter of John Wood, esq. of Skerries, in Kent, by whom, who *d.* in 1760, he had no issue. He espoused, secondly, Caroline-Mary, daughter of Rice Lloyd, esq. of Atty Ladno, in the county of Carmarthen, and had

WILLIAM, who *s.* as fourth (and present) baronet.

Catharine, *m.* to John Griffin Whitwell, Lord Howard de Walden.

Mary, *m.* to lieutenant-general Henry Edward Fox.

Mr. Clayton *m.* thirdly, Louisa, sister of George, Earl of Pomfret.

The baronet was *s.* by his elder surviving son,

2. **SIR KENRICK**, M.P. who *m.* Henrietta-Maria, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Henry Herring, esq. and dying in 1769, was *s.* by his only son,

3. **SIR ROBERT**, M.P. for the county of Surry. This gentleman dying *s. p.* 10th May, 1790, the title devolved upon his cousin, William Clayton, esq. the present baronet, (refer to second son of first baronet.)

*Creation*—13th January, 1731-2.



*Arms*—Ar., a cross, sa., between four pellets.

*Crest*—A leopard's paw, erect, ar. grasping a pellet.

*Motto*—Virtus in actione consistit.

*Town Residence*—13, York Buildings.

*Seats*—Merden Park, Surry; and Harleyford, Buckinghamshire.

**CLAYTON, SIR ROBERT**, baronet, of Adlington Hall, in the county of Lancaster; *b.* in 1746; a major in the army; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, at the decease of his brother, in April, 1828; *m.* in 1786, Christophora, daughter of the Rev. Doctor Baldwin, prebend of Carlisle, and rector of Aldingham, but has no issue.

### Lineage.

**JOHN CLAYTON**, esq. (cousin of Dr. Robert Clayton, Bishop of Clogher, and brother of the Right Hon. Richard Clayton, lord-chief-justice of the court of common-pleas in Ireland,) *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of the Reverend Doctor Goodwin, rector of Tankerley, in the county of York, by whom he had issue,

**RICHARD**.

Robert.

William, (deceased.)

John, in holy orders, rector of Everahot, *m.* Catharine, daughter of Edward Fisher, esq. of Skerington, in the county of Lancaster, and died without issue.

Mr. Clayton was *s.* by his eldest son,

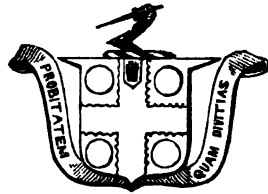
1. **SIR RICHARD CLAYTON**, esq. of Adlington Hall, who was created a baronet 3rd May, 1774, with remainder in default of his own male issue, to the male issue of his late father. Sir Richard *m.* in 1780, Anne, daughter of Charles White, esq. of Manchester, and had an only daughter,

Henrietta, *m.* in 1803, to lieutenant-general BROWNE, who assumed the additional surname of CLAYTON, and has a son,

**RICHARD**.

Sir Richard, who was Britannic consul at Nantes, *d.* in April, 1828, when the title devolved according to the limitation upon his only surviving brother, Major Robert Clayton, present baronet.

*Creation*—3rd May, 1774.



*Arms*—Ar. a cross engr. sa. between four torseaux.

*Crest*—A dexter arm embowed, in the hand a dagger, ppr.

*Motto*—Probitatem quam divitias.

*Seat*—Adlington Hall, Lancashire.

**CLEMENTS, BARON**, (Nathaniel Clements,) of Kilmacrenan. See Earl of Leitrim.

**CLERK, SIR GEORGE**, baronet, of Pennycuik, in the county of Edinburgh, F.R.S., M.P. for Edinburghshire; *b.* in 1787; *s.* to the title, as seventh baronet, at the decease of his uncle; *m.* in 1810, Maria,

second daughter of Ewan Law, esq. and first-cousin of the present Lord Ellenborough, by whom he has issue.

### Lineage.

JOHN CLERK, b. in 1611, being a person of great ability and of an enterprising commercial spirit, settled at Paris, 1634, and, in a few years, acquired a very considerable fortune there. Returning to Scotland, in 1646, he purchased the lands and barony of Pennycuik, in the county of Edinburgh, which have ever since continued to be the residence and title of this family. He m. Mary, daughter of Sir William Gray, of Pittendrum, by whom he had five sons and five daughters, and was s. at his decease by his eldest son,

1. JOHN CLERK, esq. of Pennycuik, who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, 24th March, 1679. Sir John served in the parliament of Scotland, and, in 1700, acquired the lands and barony of Leswade. He m. twice: first, Elizabeth, daughter of Henry Henderson, of Elrlington, by whom he had three sons and three daughters; and, secondly, Christian, daughter of the Rev. James Kirkpatrick, by whom he had four sons and four daughters. Sir John d. in 1722, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR JOHN. This gentleman, who was distinguished by great learning, was appointed in 1707, one of the barons of the exchequer in Scotland, which office he enjoyed during the remainder of his life. He m. first, in 1700, Lady Margaret Stewart, daughter of Alexander, third Earl of Galloway; by whom he had no surviving issue; and, secondly, Janet, daughter of Sir John Inglis, bart. of Cramond, by whom he had nine sons and six daughters. He d. in 1755, and was s. by his eldest surviving son,

3. SIR JAMES. This gentleman, being a person of refined taste, made considerable improvements at Pennycuik, which he rendered one of the most picturesque seats in the neighbourhood. He had also a fine collection of pictures; and in one room, called Ossian's Hall, the ceiling is beautifully painted by a Scottish artist, named Runciman, with subjects from the native bards. Sir James d. in 1782, when the title devolved upon his brother,

4. SIR GEORGE, one of the commissioners of the customs, lord-treasurer's remembrancer in the exchequer, and a trustee for the improvement of the fisheries and manufactures of Scotland. He m. Dorothea, daughter of his uncle, William-Clerk Maxwell, esq. and his wife, Agnes Maxwell, heiress of Midleby; by which marriage Sir John obtained the lands of Midleby, in Dumfriesshire, and had, with other issue,

JOHN, fifth baronet.

GEORGE, who s. as sixth baronet.

JAMES, who m. Janet, daughter of — Irving, of Newton, esq. and had issue,

GEORGE, present baronet.

John.

Isabella, m. 28th December, 1813, to the late James Wedderburn, esq. solicitor.

L L

general for Scotland, and brother to the Countess of Selkirk, and has issue.

Sir George d. in 1784, and was s. by his eldest son,

5. SIR JOHN; at whose decease without issue, in 1798, the title and estates devolved upon his brother,

C. SIR GEORGE, who dying without issue, the title devolved upon his nephew.

*Creation*—24th March, 1679.



*Arms*—Or, a fesse, chequy, az. and ar. between two crescents, in chief, gu. and a boar's head, coupé, in base, sa.

*Crest*—A demi-huntsman, sounding a horn, ppr.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a naked man, wreathed about the middle with an oak branch; in the dexter hand a bow, with a quiver of arrows over his shoulder, and the skin of a wild beast hanging behind his back, all ppr.; SINISTER, a Druid priest, with a flowing beard, ppr. vested and hooded ar. holding in the dexter hand, an oak-branch, acorned, vert.

*Mottoes*—(Over the crest) Free for a blast; (under the arms) Amat victoria curam.

*Seat*—Pennycuik, Scotland.

CLERKE, SIR WILLIAM-HENRY, baronet, of Hitcham, in the county of Buckingham; b. 13th September, 1793; s. to the title, as ninth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 19th April, 1818; m. 2nd May, 1820, Mary-Elizabeth, eldest daughter of George-Watkin Kenrick, esq. of Mertyn, in the county of Flint, by whom he has a son and heir, b. 17th November, 1822.

### Lineage.

SIR JOHN CLERKE, of Weston, knt. a brave soldier, made Lewis d'Orleans, Duke of Longueville, prisoner at Borny, near Terrouenne, August 14th, in the fifth year of King Henry VIII. and was, for this signal service, rewarded by the king with an honorary addition to his arms; namely, in the sinister part of the shield, a canton, azure, with a demi-ram, salient, argent; in chief, two fleurs-de-lis, or, and over all, a baton trunked: being the arms of the duke, which, by martial law, belonged to the captor. He d. in 1539, and was s. by his son,

NICHOLAS CLERKE, of North Weston, who m. Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Ramsay, esq. of

Hitcham, by whom he acquired that estate, and was *s.* by his only son,

SIR WILLIAM CLERKE, *knt.* This gentleman *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir John Bourne, *knt.*, of Holt Castle, in the county of Warwick, secretary of state, and had five sons and three daughters. He *d.* in 1624, and was *s.* by his youngest and only surviving son,

SIR FRANCIS CLERKE, who *m.* Grisel, daughter of Sir David Woodroffe, of Poyle, in the county of Surrey, and dying in 1631, was *s.* by his eldest son,

1. SIR JOHN CLERKE, *esq.* of Hitcham, in the county of Bucks, who was created a baronet, 13th July, 1660. Sir John *m.* Philadelphia, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Edward Carr, *knt.* of Hillingdon, in the county of Middlesex, by whom he had six sons and three daughters, of which family,

WILLIAM, the eldest son, *s.* his father.

Richard, the youngest son, *m.* Miss Day, and was *s.* by his son,

FRANCIS-CARR; *m.* Catherine, daughter of the Hon. Henry Bertie, and was *s.* by his son,

FRANCIS; *m.* Susanna-Elizabeth, daughter of Henry Ashurst, *esq.* of Waterstock, in Oxfordshire, and left two sons,

FRANCIS-CARR, } 7th and 8th  
WILLIAM-HENRY, } baronets.

and dying 7th October, 1667, was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR WILLIAM, of Shabington, in the county of Bucks; who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of William Muscham, *esq.* of Row Barnes, and had, with other issue,

WILLIAM, his successor.

John, *m.* Catherine, daughter of Henry Jennings, *esq.* of Devonshire, and dying in 1706, left a son,

Francis, who *s.* as SIXTH BARONET.

Sir William *d.* in 1678, and was *s.* by his elder son,

3. SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman *m.* Catherine, second daughter of Sir Arthur Onslow, baronet, and sister of Richard, Lord Onslow, by whom he had two sons and four daughters. He *d.* in 1699, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

4. SIR JOHN; at whose decease, *s. p.* in February, 1726-7, the title devolved upon his bryther,

5. SIR WILLIAM, who died also without issue, when the baronetcy reverted to his cousin,

6. SIR FRANCIS, (revert to second son of second baronet.) This gentleman dying unmarried, the title descended to his kinsman,

7. SIR FRANCIS-CARR, (refer to youngest son of first baronet.) *b.* 24th October, 1748. This gentleman, a military officer, lost his life in action, at Saratoga, in 1777, and was *s.* by his brother,

8. SIR WILLIAM-HENRY, in holy orders, and rector of Bury, in Lancashire; *m.* in 1702, Byzantia, eldest daughter of Thomas Cartwright, *esq.* of Aynho, in the county of Northampton, by whom he had, with other issue,

WILLIAM, present baronet.

Sir William Henry *d.* in 1818.

Creation—13th July, 1660.



Arms—Ar., on a bend, gu., between three pallets, as many swans, of the field. On a sinister canton, az. a demi-ram, salient of the first, and in chief two fleurs-de-lis, or; over all a baton trunked.

Crest—A ram's head couped, *ppr.*

Seat—Pentrepat, Salop.

CLEVELAND, MARQUESS OF, (William-Harry Vane,) Earl of Darlington, and Viscount and Baron Barnard, of Barnard Castle, in the bishopric of Durham; lord-lieutenant and vice-admiral of the county of Durham, and colonel of the Durham militia; *b.* 27th July, 1766; *m.* first, 19th September, 1787, Lady Katharine Powlett, second daughter and co-heiress of Harry, sixth and last Duke of Bolton, by whom (who *d.* 17th June, 1807) he had issue,

HENRY, *Earl of Darlington*, M.P. *b.* 16th of August, 1788; *m.* 16th November, 1800, Sophia, eldest daughter of John, fourth and late Earl of Powlett, K.T.

William-John-Frederick, M.P. for the county of Durham, who has assumed the surname of "Powlett;" *b.* 3rd April, 1792; *m.* 3rd July, 1815, Caroline, fifth daughter of William, first Earl of Lonsdale, K.G.

Henry-George.

Louisa-Catharine-Barbara, *m.* in 1813, to Francis Forrester, *esq.* brother of the late Lord Forrester, and *d.* in 1821.

Augusta-Henrietta, *m.* in 1817, to Mark Milbanke, *esq.* M.P. for Camelford.

Laura, *m.* in 1823, to Lieutenant-colonel William-Henry Meyrick, of the 3rd foot guards.

Arabella, *m.* 30th April, 1831, to the Hon. Richard-Pepper Arden, of Pepper Hall, Yorkshire.

His lordship espoused, secondly, 27th July, 1813, Elizabeth, daughter of — Russell, *esq.* of Newton House, Yorkshire. Lord Cleveland *s.* to the earldom, &c. at the decease of his father, 8th September, 1792, and obtained the marquise by patent of creation, dated 17th September, 1827.



## Lineage.

This family claims a common ancestor with the noble house of Fane, (altered from Vane,) Earls of Westmorland, namely,

SIR HENRY VANE, who was knighted for his valiant achievements at the battle of Poitiers, 19th September, 1356. This gallant person m. Grace, daughter and heir of Sir Stephen de Leeke, and left a son,

JOHN VANE, who m. Isabel, daughter and co-heir of Martin St. Owen. The grandson of this marriage,

HENRY VANE, of Hilden, in the county of Kent, m. Isabel, daughter and co-heir of Humphrey Peshall, and dying about the 34th Henry VI. was s. by his eldest son,

JOHN VANE, esq. of Hilden, who in the reign of Henry VI. had a grant of the manor of Hadloe, in the county of Kent. He m. Isabel, daughter of John Darell, esq. and had, with other issue,

RICHARD (the eldest surviving son), ancestor of the EARLS OF WESTMORLAND.

JOHN; of whom presently.

This John Vane, senior, appears the first to have changed the name to FANE, for he so writes himself (John Fane, esq. of Tunbridge), in his will, bearing date 16th April, 1488. His second surviving son,

JOHN FANE, esq. of Hadloe, m. Joan, daughter and co-heir of Edward Haute, esq. and was s. by his eldest son,

HENRY FANE, esq. of Hadloe, who was involved in Sir Thomas Wyatt's insurrection, and in consequence committed to the Tower; but, owing to his youth, experienced the royal clemency. He subsequently represented Winchelsea in parliament, and became an eloquent and distinguished senator. He died in the twenty-second year of Elizabeth, and was s. by his son,

HENRY FANE, esq. of Hadloe, who m. first, Mary, only daughter and heir of Thomas Fane, esq. of Buston, but by her had no issue. He espoused, secondly, Margaret, daughter of Roger Twisden, esq. of East Peckham, Kent, and was s. by his son,

SIR HENRY (who resumed the original surname of his ancestors) VANE, and removed his principal residence to Raby Castle, in the county of Durham. This gentleman was a distinguished politician, and high in the favor of King James I. and King Charles I.; in the former reign, he was appointed cofferer to the Prince of Wales; and in the latter, after enjoying many elevated offices, was nominated principal secretary of state for life, and sworn of the privy council. Yet he was subsequently removed from office, having given offence to the king, by the active part he took in the prosecution of the Earl of Strafford—against whom, it is said, he was influenced by private pique—arising from that nobleman's taking, when elevated to the peerage, the title of *Baron Raby, of Raby Castle*, which Sir Henry Vane deemed more properly to belong to him-

self, as owner of the castle. Upon this removal, the parliament, on first levying an army, relied partly for its justification. "It is only" saith their declaration, "for the defence of the king's person and the religion, liberties, and laws of the kingdom, &c. &c. That by the instigation of evil counsellors, the king had raised an army of papists, by which he intended to awe and destroy the parliament, &c. and the putting out the Earl of Northumberland, SIR HENRY VANE, and others, &c. were sufficient and ample evidence thereof." Sir Henry Vane m. Frances, daughter of Thomas Darcy, of the county of Essex, and had (besides daughters) two surviving sons, viz.

HENRY, his successor.

George, of Long Melton, in the county of Durham, who received the honor of knighthood in 1640. Sir George m. Elizabeth, daughter and sole heir of Sir Lionel Maddison, of Rogerly, in the same county, and was s. by his eldest son,

Lionel, who m. Catherine, daughter of Sir George Fletcher, bart. and was grandfather of  
The Rev.

HENRY VANE, D.D. who was created a baronet in 1782. Sir Henry d. in two years afterwards, and was s. by his son,

SIR HENRY, who in right of his mother assumed the additional surname of *Tempest*. Sir Henry Vane Tempest m. in 1790, ANNE-CATHERINE, COUNTESS OF ANTRIM, and dying in 1813, left an only dau. and heiress,

FRANCES-ANNE-EMILY, who m. in 1819, Charles, present Marquess of Londonderry.

Sir Henry Vane d. in 1654, and was s. by his elder son,

SIR HENRY VANE, knt. whom Clarendon characterises as a person of "great natural parts, and a quick conception, and very ready, sharp, and weighty expression." This gentleman was appointed joint treasurer of the navy with Sir William Russell: and, outliving his associate, enjoyed the office solely; in which he displayed a rare example of honor and integrity. The fees of office were, at that time, fourpence in the pound, which, by reason of the war, fairly amounted to little less than £30,000 per annum; but Sir Henry Vane looked upon it as too much for a private subject, and nobly relinquished his patent, which had been granted by King Charles I. for life, to the then parliament, desiring but two thousand pounds a year for an agent that he had brought up to the business, the remainder to go to the public. The part which Sir Henry took in the civil wars is so amply detailed by the historians of the period, that it would be presumption to attempt any account of his proceedings in a work like this, even if our confined space did not present an insuperable barrier. He seemed in

early life attached to the monarchy; "but when his father (further observes Clarendon) received the disobligation from the Lord Strafford, by his being created Baron of Raby, the house and land of Vane (which title had been promised himself, but it was unluckily cast upon the earl, purely out of contempt to Vane), they sucked in all the thoughts of revenge imaginable; and from thence, the son betook himself to the friendship of Mr. Pym, and all other discontented or seditious persons, and communicated all that intelligence that designed the ruin of the earl, and which grafted him in the entire confidence of those who promoted the same; so that nothing was concealed from him, though it is believed he communicated his own thoughts to very few." After the restoration, he was looked upon as a dangerous person; and being arraigned for high treason, was found guilty, and, receiving sentence of death, was beheaded on Tower Hill, 11th June, 1662. Sir Henry had four sons and six daughters by his wife, Frances, daughter of Sir Christopher Wray, of Ashby, bart. and was s. by the youngest and only surviving son,

SIR CHRISTOPHER VANE, knt. who was elevated to the peerage, as *Lord Barnard, of Barnard Castle, in the bishopric of Durham*, by letters patent, dated 8th July, 1699. His lordship m. Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Gilbert Holles, Earl of Clare, and sister and co-heiress of John, Duke of Newcastle, by whom he had two surviving sons,

GILBERT, his successor.

William, who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 13th October, 1720, by the titles of Baron Duncannon and Viscount Vane, honors which expired with his lordship's son and successor, William, in 1789.

Lord Barnard d. 29th October, 1723, and was s. by his eldest son,

GILBERT, second baron, who m. Mary, daughter of Morgan Randle, esq. of Chilworth, in the county of Surry, and was s. 27th April, 1753, by his eldest son,

HENRY, third baron. This nobleman m. in 1725, Lady Grace Fitzroy, daughter of Charles, Duke of Cleveland, by whom he had several children. His lordship having filled some high official employments, was created *Viscount Barnard, and EARL OF DARLINGTON*, by letters patent, dated 3rd April, 1754. He d. 6th March, 1758, and was s. by his eldest son,

HENRY, second earl. His lordship m. 10th March, 1757, Margaret, sister of James, first Earl of Lonsdale, by whom he had WILLIAM-HENRY, the present peer, and two daughters, who both died young. His lordship was lord-lieutenant and vice-admiral of the county palatine of Durham, master of the jewel-office, and governor of Carlisle. He was an alderman of the city of Durham, and colonel of the militia of the county of Durham. He d. 8th September, 1792.

*Creations*—Baron, 8th July, 1699. Earl and Viscount, 3rd April, 1754. Marquess, 17th September, 1827.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, az. three sinister gauntlets or, for VANE; second and third, quarterly; first and fourth, quarterly, FRANCE and ENGLAND, second, SCOTLAND; third, IRELAND; (being the arms of King Charles II.) charged on the centre point erm.; for FITZROY.

*Crests*—VANE, a dexter gauntlet, ppr. bossed and rimmed or, brandishing a sword, also ppr. FITZROY on a chapeau gu. turned up erm, a lion, passant, guardant, or, gorged with a collar, compony, erm. and az. and crowned with a five-leaved ducal coronet of the last.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a griffon arg.; SINISTER, an antelope or, each gorged with a plain collar, az.

*Motto*—Nec temere nec timide.

*Town Residence*—17, St. James's square.

*Seats*—Raby Castle. This was formerly the chief residence of the great family of Neville, Earls of Westmorland, and was probably forfeited for the rebellion in the north by Charles, the last earl, temp. Eliz. It must have come to Sir Henry Vane by purchase or grant from the crown. He had no blood of the Nevilles, though his cousin, Sir Thomas Fane, had married the heiress of another branch of that illustrious house, whence his son, when made an earl, took the title of Earl of Westmorland. Brydges Cottons, Darlington, Durham; and Newton House, Yorkshire.

CLIFDEN, VISCOUNT, (Henry-Welbore Agar-Ellis, F.S.A.) Lord Clifden, Baron of Gowran, in the county of Kilkenny, in the peerage of Ireland; and a peer of Great Britain, as Baron Mendip, of Mendip, in the county of Somerset; clerk of the privy-council, in Ireland; b. 22nd January, 1761; succeeded to the Irish honors upon the demise of his father, 1st January, 1789, and to the English barony, at the death of his great-uncle, Welbore, 2nd February, 1802, when he assumed the additional surname of "ELLIS." His lordship m. 10th March, 1792, Lady Caroline Spencer, eldest daughter of George, third Duke of Marlborough, K.G., by whom (who d. 23rd November, 1813) he has an only son,

GEORGE-JAMES-WELBORE, created *Baron Dover* (see that dignity).

### Lineage.

Lord Clifden's honors being inherited through both his parents, it will be necessary to trace both lines.

JAMES AGAR, esq. (eldest son of Henry Agar, esq. of Gowran Castle, M.P. by Anne Ellis, only daughter of the Right Rev. Welbore Ellis, Lord Bishop of Meath, and sister of Welbore Ellis, first Lord Mendip,) having, for many years, represented the county of Kilkenny in parliament, and filled some high official situations in Ireland, was created *Baron Clifden*, 27th July, 1776, and *Viscount Clifden*, 15th January, 1781. His lordship m. Lucia, eldest daughter of John Martin, esq. and widow of the Hon. Henry-Boyle Walsingham, second son of Henry, Earl of Shannon, by whom he had issue,

HENRY-WELBORE, present peer.

John-Ellis, in holy orders, m. Harriet, daughter of William, second Viscount Ashbrook, and d. without issue, in 1797.

Charles-Bagenal, barrister-at-law, m. Anna-Maria, only daughter and heiress of Thos. Hunt, esq. of Llanhydroch, Cornwall, and sole heiress of her great uncle, Henry Robertes, third Earl of Radnor, by whom he left, at his decease, 16th June, 1811,

Thomas-James-Agar-Robertes, b. 18th March, 1808.

WELBORE-ELLIS, brother-in-law of Henry Agar, esq. and son of Bishop Ellis, having executed the duties of some of the highest official employments under the Irish government, between the years 1749 and 1782, was created a peer of Great Britain, 13th August, 1794, as *Baron Mendip*, of *Mendip*, in the county of *Somerset*, with remainder, in case of failure of issue, to the heirs male of his sister, Viscountess Clifden. His lordship m. twice; but dying s. p. 2nd February, 1802, the title devolved, according to the limitation, upon his grand-nephew, the present Viscount Clifden.

*Creations*—Baron, 27th July, 1776; Viscount, 15th January, 1781; (Irish honors.) Baron, (British) 13th August, 1794.



*Arms*—Quarterly: first and fourth, or, on a cross sa. five crescents ar. for ELLIS; second and third, az. a lion rampant, or, for AGAR.

*Crest*—A demi-lion, rampant, or.

*Supporters*—Two greyhounds sa. collared or, the DEXTER charged on the body with three crescents, in pale, and the SINISTER with as many crosses, reercedée, disjoined, ar.

*Motto*—Non hæc sine numine.

*Town Residence*—22, Hanover-square.

*Seats*—Gowran Castle; Ringwood, in the county of Kilkenny; and Haldenby House, Northamptonshire.

CLIFFORD, OF CHUDLEIGH, BARON, (Hugh-Charles Clifford,) in the county of Devon; b. 22nd May, 1790; m. in August, 1818, Mary-Lucy, only daughter of Thomas Weld, esq. of Lullworth Castle, in the county of Dorset, (Mr. Weld, after the decease of his Lady, took orders in the Church of Rome, was consecrated Bishop of Amycles, in 1825, and created CARDINAL, 15th March, 1830,) by whom (who d. in 1831) he has with other children,

CHARLES-HUGH, b. 27th July, 1819.

His lordship succeeded to the honors, as eighth baron, upon the demise of his father, in May, 1831.

### Lineage.

WALTER, (son of Richard Fitz Pons,) living in the reign of Henry II. m. Margaret, daughter and heiress of Ralph de Toeni, by whom he acquired CLIFFORD CASTLE, in the county of Hereford, and hence assumed the surname of CLIFFORD. He had issue two sons and two daughters, of whom the celebrated FAIR ROSAMOND was the eldest daughter.

The elder son,

WALTER DE CLIFFORD, succeeded as his heir. The great grandson of this Walter,

ROGER DE CLIFFORD, who was renowned for his skill and valour in the wars of Henry III. and Edward I., m. Isabel, eldest daughter and co-heir of Roger de Vipont, Lord of Westmoreland, and in her right held BROUGHAM CASTLE, in that county. This gallant soldier fell in the Welsh wars, anno 1282, and from him we pass to his descendant,

SIR LEWIS DE CLIFFORD, K.G. a distinguished personage in the times of Edward III., Richard II. and Henry IV. He m. Eleanor, daughter of John, Lord Delawar, and had a son and daughter. Sir Lewis is much noticed by our historians for being seduced by those zealots called *Lollards*, amongst which he was one of the chief, but, being at length convinced of his error, he acknowledged it to Thomas Arundel, Archbishop of Canterbury, and sincerely repented. He d. about the 5th Henry IV. and was s. by his son,

WILLIAM CLIFFORD, who m. Eleanor, daughter of Sir Arnold Savage, of Bobbing Court, in the county of Kent, and heiress of her brother Arnold Savage, and had issue, LEWIS, who in-

herited Bobbing Court, but whose race is now extinct, and

JOHN CLIFFORD, esq. whose great-great-grandson,

ANTHONY CLIFFORD, esq. of Borscombe, in the county of Wilts, *m.* Anne, daughter and co-heir of Sir Peter Courtney, of Ugbrooke, in the county of Devon, and had three sons, the youngest of whom,

THOMAS CLIFFORD, esq. inherited Ugbrooke, and dying in 1634, was *s.* by his elder son,

HUGH CLIFFORD, esq. of Ugbrooke, who *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir George Chudleigh, bart. of Ashton, in the county of Devon, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS CLIFFORD, *knt. b.* 1st August, 1630; who having filled several of the highest official employments, (amongst others, comptroller of the household, high treasurer, secretary-of-state, &c. &c.) was elevated to the peerage by the title of *BARON CLIFFORD, of Chudleigh*, 22nd April, 1672. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of William Martin, esq. of Lindridge, in the county of Devon, by whom he had a large family. His lordship had been reconciled to the church of Rome before the Reformation. Lord Clifford formed one of the celebrated Cabal administration. He *d.* in 1673, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

GEORGE, second baron; at whose decease, unmarried, in 1690, the title devolved upon his brother,

HUGH, third baron. This nobleman *m.* Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Preston, baronet, of Furness, in the county of Lancaster, by whom he had nine sons and six daughters. His lordship *d.* 12th October, 1730, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

HUGH, fourth baron, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter, of Edward Blount, esq. of Blagdon, in the county of Devon, and sister of Mary, wife of Edward, ninth Duke of Norfolk, by whom he had (with other issue),

1. HUGH, his successor,
2. Thomas, *b.* 22nd August, 1732, *m.* in 1762, Barbara, youngest daughter of James, Lord Aston, of Forfar, and left at his decease, in 1787,

THOMAS-HUGH, who assumed the name of *CONSTABLE*, and was created a baronet in 1814, see that title.

Henry, barrister-at-law, *m.* Anne-Theresa, youngest daughter of Edward Ferres, esq. and *d.* in 1813.

Arthur, *m.* Eliza, daughter of Donald Macdonald, esq. and is a widower, since 1827.

George-Lambart, *m.* Mary, daughter of W. H. Coyney, esq.

Mary, *m.* to Sir Charles Wolseley, esq. and *d.* in 1811.

Anne.

Lucy, *m.* to Thomas Weld, esq. (now cardinal,) and *d.* in 1815.

Constantia.

3. Mary, *m.* to Sir Hugh Smythe, bart. of Acton Burnell.

His lordship *d.* 25th March, 1732, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

HUGH, fifth baron. His lordship *m.* in 1740, Lady Anne Lee, fifth daughter of George-Henry, second Earl of Lichfield; by whom he had four sons and four daughters, of which latter survive Anne and Charlotte. He *d.* 1st September, 1783, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

HUGH-EDWARD-HENRY, sixth baron, who *m.* in 1780, Apollonia, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Marmaduke, last Lord Langdale; but dying without issue, in 1793, the title devolved upon his next brother,

CHARLES, seventh baron, F.S.A. *b.* 28th Nov. 1750, *m.* 29th November, 1786, Eleanor-Mary, youngest daughter of Henry, eighth Lord Arundel, of Wardour, and co-heir with her nephew, James, present Lord Arundel, of Wardour, to a moiety of the *OLD BARONY OF FITZ-PAYNE*, created by writ in 1290. (See *Burke's Extinct and Dormant Peerage*), by whom he had issue,

HUGH-CHARLES, present baron.

Charles-Thomas, *b.* 27th May, 1797; *m.* 14th January, 1822, Theresa, youngest daughter of Marmaduke-Constable Maxwell, esq. of Everingham, in the county of York, and has issue.

Edward-Charles, in holy orders, *b.* 5th February, 1803.

Walter-Charles, *b.* 26th April, 1804.

Robert-Henry, *b.* 31st October, 1806, in the military service of the King of Sardinia.

Christina-Maria, *m.* 12th February, 1811, to Humphrey Weld, esq. of Chidlok, in the county of Dorset.

Elizabeth-Mary.

Charlotte-Mary, *m.* in 1817, to the Hon.

Charles Langdale, second son of Charles-Philip, sixteenth Lord Stourton, and *d.* 31st March, 1819.

Apollonia.

Mary-Lucy, *m.* in 1825, to the Hon. Charles Stourton.

Louisa-Mary,

His lordship *d.* in May, 1831.

Creation—22nd April, 1672.



Arms—Chequy, or and az. a fesse gu.

Crest—Out of a ducal coronet or, a wivern rising, gu.

*Supporters*—Two wiverns gu.

*Motto*—Semper paratus.

*Town Residence*—8, Mansfield-street.

*Seats*—Ugbrooke Park, Devon; and Irnham, Lincolnshire.

CLIFTON, BARON, (John-Bligh,) of Leighton-Bromswold, in the county of Huntingdon. (See Earl of Darnley.)

CLIFTON, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Clifton, in the county of Nottingham; *b.* in June, 1767; inherited the title, as seventh baronet, upon the demise of his father, 26th September, 1815.

### Lineage.

The surname of this very ancient family is derived from Cliffe-ton, or Clifton, a small hamlet, upon an eminence, about two miles from the town of Nottingham; which hamlet, and the manor of Wilford, were purchased temp. Edward I. from John de Solenil, by

SIR GERVASE DE CLIFTON, *knt.* This gentleman was appointed sheriff of the counties of Nottingham and Derby in 1279, and continued for seven years; in 1286 he was constituted sheriff of Yorkshire, and continued for six years. In his shrievalty the thirteenth year, he was committed to gaol, upon complaint of John de Carleton, for making a false return to a writ. He *m.* Amficia, daughter of Sir William Sampson, of Eperston, Notts, and *d.* in 1324. From Sir Gervase we pass to his descendant,

SIR JOHN CLIFTON, *M.P.* for Nottingham, in 1403, who *m.* Catharine, daughter of Sir John de Cressy of Hodsack, and sister and co-heir of Sir Hugh de Cressy, and thus acquired a considerable augmentation of property. Sir John was slain at the battle of Shrewsbury, fighting on the king's side, against the Percies. His lineal successor,

ROBERT CLIFTON, *m.* for his second wife, Agnes, daughter of Henry, Lord Clifford, and sister of Henry, first Earl of Cumberland, who through the lines of Clifford, Percy, and Mortimer, was descended from Lionel Plantagenet, Duke of Clarence, son of Edward III. Mr. Clifton *d.* in 1518, and was *s.* by his son,

SIR GERVASE CLIFTON, *knt.* a very eminent person in the reigns of Henry VIII. Edward VI. and Queens Mary and Elizabeth. He was a gentleman of great authority in peace and war, yet notwithstanding his martial inclination, of so courteous and affable a disposition, that he was usually styled, "Gentle Sir Gervase;" and Queen Elizabeth has given him that title in a distich, attributed to her highness, upon four Nottingham knights:—

"Gervase, the gentle; Stanhope, the stout;  
Marcham, the lion; and Sutton, the lout."

He *m.* first, Mary, daughter of Sir John Nevil, of Cheet, in Yorkshire, by whom he had an only surviving daughter, Elizabeth. He espoused, secondly, Winifred, daughter and heir of Wil-

liam Thwaites, esq. of Owiton, in Suffolk, and was *s.* by his grandson,

1. GERVASE CLIFTON, esq. (posthumous child of George Clifton, esq. by Winifred, daughter of Sir Anthony Thorold.) This gentleman was made knight of the Bath, at the coronation of King James I. and created a baronet, 22nd May, 1611. Sir Gervase married no less than seven wives, and was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son, by his first lady, (Lady Penelope Rich, daughter of Robert, Earl of Warwick),

2. SIR GERVASE, this gentleman dying *s.p.* was *s.* by his nephew, (son of Sir Clifton Clifton, *knt.* by Frances, daughter of Sir Heneage Finch, *knt.*)

3. SIR WILLIAM, who *d.* unmarried, leaving two sisters his co-heirs, while the baronetcy devolved upon his cousin,

4. SIR GERVASE, (grandson of the first baronet, being the eldest son of Robert Clifford, the only child of his sixth wife, Jane, daughter of Anthony Eyre, esq. of Rampton.) This gentleman *m.* Anne, daughter of Dudley Bagnall, esq. of Newry, by whom he had fifteen sons, and one daughter. He *d.* in March, 1730-1, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

5. SIR ROBERT, who *m.* first, Lady Frances Coote, daughter of Nanson, Earl of Bellamont, by whom he had an only daughter, Frances; and secondly, Miss Lombe, eldest daughter and co-heiress of alderman Sir Thomas Lombe, *knt.* of the city of London, by whom he had an only son, his successor, at his decease, in 1749,

6. SIR GERVASE. This gentleman *m.* Miss Lloyd, an heiress, by whom (who *d.* of a putrid fever, caught in attendance upon her sons while in that disorder,) he had

ROBERT, present-baronet.

JUCKES-Granville, *m.* first, in 1794, Margaret, daughter of James de Lancy, esq. of Bath; and, secondly, in 1821, Marianne, daughter of John Swynfen, esq. of Swynfen House, in the county of Stafford, and has issue by both marriages. This gentleman assumed the surname of "Jukes," in addition to and after "Clifton."

Arthur-Benjamin, colonel of the first or royal dragoons, C.B.

Frances, *m.* in 1797, to the Rev. Robert Markham, Archdeacon of York, son of Dr. Markham, Archbishop of York.

Sir Gervase *d.* in 1815.

*Creation*—22nd May, 1611.



*Arms*—Sa. semée de cinquefoils and a lion rampant, ar.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet a demi-peacock, per pale ar. and sa. the wings expanded counter-changed.

*Motto*—Tenez le droit.

*Seat*—Clifton, in the county of Nottingham.

CLINTON, BARON, (Robert-Cotton-St. John Trefusis,) of Maxtock, in the county of Warwick; colonel in the army, and aide-camp to the king; one of the lords of the bed-chamber; b. 28th April, 1787; s. to the barony upon the demise of his father, 28th August, 1797; m. 4th August, 1814, Frances-Isabella, eldest daughter of William S. Poyntz, esq. of Cowdray Park, in the county of Sussex, by whom he has no issue. His lordship is the sixteenth Baron Clinton, and the eldest co-heir of the ancient barony of Say; which has remained in abeyance for several centuries. When Sir James Fienes obtained the barony of Say and Sele, by creation, in 1447, John, the fifth and then Baron Clinton, great-grandson and representative of Idonea Say, relinquished all claim to the barony and arms of Say; but how far such a cession affects his descendants, has not been determined. According however to the celebrated resolution of the house of lords, 18th June, 1768, "that no fine now levied, nor at any time hereafter to be levied, to the king, can bar such title of honor, or the right of any person claiming such title under him that levied, or shall levy, such fine," it would appear that it did not prejudice their hereditary right.

### Lineage.

The first person of note in the Clinton pedigree, is

Geoffray de Clinton, lord-chamberlain and treasurer to King Henry I., whose direct male line terminated with his great-grandson, Henry de Clinton, in 1332, but another house was founded by his nephew,

Osbert de Clinton, who had a grant of the lordship of Coleshill, in the county of Warwick, from his cousin, Geoffrey de Clinton, lord-chamberlain to King Henry II. This Osbert was s. by his son, another

Osbert de Clinton, of Coleshill, who d. in 1222, and was s. by his son,

Sir Thomas Clinton, who m. Mæra, daughter of James de Biseq, of Badsley, in the county of Warwick, and had issue,

Thomas, his successor.

John, of Coleshill, whose male line terminated with his grandson,

John, whose only child and heiress,

Joane Clinton, m. first, Sir John Montfort; secondly, Sir John Sutton

Dudley; and, thirdly, Sir Henry Griffith.

Osbert, lord of the manor of Austrey, in the county of Warwick.

William, a priest.

James, who inherited, from his mother, Badsley, and residing there, gave it the name of Badsley Compton.

Sir Thomas was s. by his eldest son,

Thomas de Clinton, who was s. by his son, John de Clinton, who, marrying Ida, eldest of the four sisters and co-heiress of William de Odingsells, Lord of Maxtock Castle, in the county of Warwick, and thus acquiring that lordship, seated himself there. This John de Clinton was in the wars of Scotland, 20th Edward I., and had summons to parliament as Baron Clinton, of Maxtock, 6th February, 1299. He d. in 1314, leaving two sons,

John, his successor.

William, created EARL OF HUNTINGDON, in 1337, for his valiant achievements in the Scottish wars. He d. s. p. in 1354, when the title expired.

The elder son,

Sir John de Clinton, second Lord Clinton, was summoned to parliament from 1332 to 1335, in which latter year he died, and was s. by his son,

Sir John de Clinton, third baron, summoned to parliament from 1357 to 1397. This nobleman inherited the estates of his uncle, William, Earl of Huntingdon. His lordship was engaged in the French wars, with little interruption, from 29th Edward III. to 6th Richard II. He m. first, Idonea de Say, elder sister of William, Lord Say, and aunt and sole heir of Elizabeth, Baroness Say; she was also cousin and heir of William de Say, Baron of Sale. (Her father was Jeffrey, Lord Say, and her mother, the Lady Maud Beauchamp, daughter of Guy, Earl of Warwick.) By this lady he had issue,

William, (Sir) who m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Deincourt, knt., and dying before his father, left a son,

William.

Thomas, (Sir) of Amington, in Warwickshire, who left an only daughter and heiress,

Anne, m. to Sir Robert Frauncys of For-mark, in the county of Derby, from which marriage the present Sir Francis Burdett, bart. maternally descends; his ancestor, Sir Thomas Burdett, the first baronet, having married Jane, heiress of William Frauncys.

Sir John espoused secondly, Elizabeth, daughter and heir of William de la Plaunch, of Haversham, in the county of Buckingham. He was s. at his decease in 1397, by his grandson,

William, fourth baron, who m. Anne, daughter of William, Lord Botreaux, and widow of Sir Fouke Fitz-Warine, knt., and, dying 30th July, 1432, was s. by his son,

John, fifth baron. This nobleman exchanged his manor of Maxstoke, in the 16th Henry VI., with Humphrey, Earl of Stafford, for the manors of Whiston and Woolford, in the county of Nor-

thampton. His lordship, being a staunch Yorkist, was attainted in 1461, but, upon the subsequent re-establishment of his party, he was restored, and enjoyed the favor of King Edward IV. He m. Elizabeth, daughter of Richard Fynes, Lord Dacre, of Hurst-Monceaux, in Sussex, and dying 24th September, 1461, was s. by his son,

JOHN, sixth baron, who espoused Anne, daughter of Sir Humphrey Stafford, and dying 29th February, 1488, was s. by his son,

JOHN, seventh baron, summoned to parliament in 1514. His lordship m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Morgan, of Tredegar, in the county of Monmouth, knt. and dying in 1515, was s. by his son,

THOMAS, eighth baron, who m. Mary, natural daughter of Sir Edward Poynings, K.G. and knight banneret, and dying of the sweating sickness, 7th August, 1517, was s. by his son,

EDWARD, ninth baron, b. in 1512. This nobleman, who was one of the most eminent persons of the age in which he lived, (see Duke of Newcastle), was created EARL OF LINCOLN in 1571, having previously filled the office of LORD HIGH ADMIRAL. His lordship m. first, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Blount, and widow of Gilbert, Lord Talboys, by whom he had three daughters. He espoused, secondly, Ursula, daughter of William, Lord Stourton, and had EDWARD his successor, with other issue. He m. thirdly, Elizabeth, daughter of Gerald Fitzgerald, ninth Earl of Kildare, and widow of Sir Anthony Browne, knt. but had no other children. Her ladyship was celebrated, by Henry, Earl of Surrey, under the name of the FAIR GERALDINE. This great earl d. 10th January, 1584-5, and was s. by his eldest son,

EDWARD, tenth Baron Clinton, and second Earl of Lincoln, who m. first, Catherine, daughter of Francis Hastings, Earl of Huntingdon, by whom he had THOMAS, his successor, and EDWARD, from whom the present Duke of Newcastle descends. His lordship espoused, secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Richard Morrison, and widow of William, Lord Norreys, of Rycote, by whom he had two sons and a daughter. The earl d. 29th September, 1616, and was s. by his eldest son,

THOMAS, eleventh Baron Clinton, and third Earl of Lincoln, who had summons to parliament previously as Lord Clinton and Say. This nobleman m. Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of Sir Henry Knevitt, of Charlton, in the county of Wilts. (This lady was author of a tract on "The Duty of Nursing due by Mothers to their own Children.") His lordship d. 15th January, 1618-19, and was s. by his son,

THEOPHILUS, twelfth Baron Clinton, and fourth Earl of Lincoln, who m. first, Bridget, daughter of William Fienes, Viscount Say and Sele, by whom he had surviving issue,

Edward, Lord Clinton, m. Anne, daughter of John Holles, Earl of Clare, and dying in the lifetime of his father, left an only son,

EDWARD, who s. his grandfather.

M M

Catherine, m. to George, Lord Delamere.

Arabella, m. to Robert Rolle, esq. of Hainton Satchville, in the county of Devon, and had issue,

SAMUEL, of whom presently.

Bridget, m. Francis Trefusis, esq. of Trefusis, in Cornwall, and the great-grand-son of this marriage,

ROBERT-GEORGE-WILLIAM TREFUSIS, inherited the BARONY OF CLINTON, as fifteenth lord.

Mr. and Lady Arabella Rolle were s. by their son,

SAMUEL ROLLE, who left an only daughter and heiress,

MARGARET, who inherited the BARONY OF CLINTON, and m. Robert, second Earl of Orford.

Margaret, m. Hugh Boscawen, esq. of Tregethnan, in Cornwall, and left an only daughter and heiress,

BRIDGET, who m. Hugh Fortescue, esq. of Pilleigh, and had issue,

HUGH FORTESCUE, who succeeded as fourteenth BARON CLINTON.

Earl Theophilus espoused, secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Arthur Gorges, and widow of Sir Robert Stanley, but had no issue. His lordship was s. by his only son,

EDWARD, thirteenth Baron Clinton, and fifth Earl of Lincoln, at whose decease, in 1692, without issue, the earldom of Lincoln devolved upon his cousin and heir male, Francis Clinton, esq. while the BARONY OF CLINTON fell into ABERYANCE, between the issue of his aunts, and so continued until called out, 16th March, 1781, by writ of summons, to

HUGH FORTESCUE, esq. as thirteenth Baron Clinton, (refer to Lady Margaret, youngest daughter of Theophilus, second Earl of Lincoln). This nobleman, who filled some situations in the household, was created, 8th July, 1746, *Lord Fortescue, Baron of Castlehill, in the county of Devon*, (with limitation to his half brother, Matthew Fortescue, esq.) and EARL OF CLINTON. His lordship d. unmarried, 3rd May, 1751, when the EARLDOM expired. The Barony of Fortescue passed according to the limitation, and the BARONY OF CLINTON was again placed in ABERYANCE between Margaret Fortescue, his lordship's sister, and Margaret, Countess of Orford, only daughter and heiress of Samuel Rolle, (refer to Lady Arabella, daughter of Theophilus, twelfth Earl of Lincoln); but upon the decease of the former unmarried, in 1766, the dignity devolved upon the said

MARGARET, Countess of Orford, then the wife of the Hon. Sewallis Sherley, as BARONESS CLINTON. Her ladyship d. in 1781, and was s. by her son,

GEORGE, third Earl of Orford, as fourteenth baron Clinton, who d. unmarried in December, 1791, when the Barony of Clinton was claimed by and allowed (in 1794) to his cousin,

ROBERT-GEORGE-WILLIAM TREFUSIS, esq. as fifteenth baron (refer to descendants of Lady

Arabella Rolle, daughter of Theophilus, twelfth Earl of Lincoln). His lordship, b. 5th October, 1764; m. 28th August, 1786, Albertina-Marianne, daughter of John-Abraham-Rodolph Gaulis, a native of Switzerland of distinction, by whom he had issue,

ROBERT-COTTON-ST. JOHN, present peer.

Charles-Rudolphe, a commissioner of excise, b. 9th November, 1791; m. 25th October, 1831, Elisabeth-Georgiana, daughter of William, late Marquis of Lothian.

George-Rolle-Walpole, captain R.N. b. 8th April, 1793.

Anne-Matilda, m. to the Hon. and Rev. Ed. Moore, third son of Stephen, second Earl of Mountcashel.

Louisa, m. in 1822, to John, Lord Rolle.

His lordship d. 28th August, 1797.

Creation—27th February, 1290.



Arms—Ar. a chev. between three wharrow spindles, sa.

Crest—A griffin, segreant, or, resting the dexter foot on a shield ar.

Supporters—Two greyhounds ar. collared and lined, gu.

Motto—Tout vient de Dieu.

Seat—Trefusis Castle, Cornwall.

CLIVE, BARON, (Edward Clive,) of Plassey, in the county of Wexford, Ireland. (See Earl Powis.)

CLONBROCK, BARON, (Robert Dillon,) of Clonbrock, in the county of Galway, in the peerage of Ireland; b. 29th March, 1807; inherited the title, as third baron, at the decease of his father, 13th December, 1826; m. in 1830, Caroline-Elizabeth, daughter of Lord Churchill.

#### Lineage.

This family deduces its descent from a common progenitor with the Dillons, Earls of Roscommon; and the Dillons, Viscounts Dillon.

ROBERT DILLON, esq. (eldest son of Luke Dillon, esq. of Clonbrock, by Bridget, daughter of John Kelly, esq. of Castle Kelly, in the county of Galway, and the Lady Honoria de Burgh, daughter of John, ninth Earl of Clanricarde), was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 3rd June, 1790, by the title of BARON CLONBROCK, of Clonbrock, in the county of Galway. His lordship m. in 1776, Le-

titia, only daughter and heiress of John Green, esq. of Old Abbey, in the county of Limerick, and niece, maternally, of John, Earl of Norbury, by whom he had issue,

LUKE, his successor.

Catherine-Bridget, m. to Richard, late Viscount Ennismore, and d. 13th October, 1828.

Lititia-Susannah, widow of Sir Robert Le Poer Trench.

He d. 22nd July, 1795, and was s. by his son, LUKE, second baron, b. 25th April, 1780; m. 6th January, 1803, Anastasia, only daughter and heiress of Joseph-Henry, first Lord Wallscourt, by whom (who d. 5th June, 1816) he had issue,

ROBERT, present baron.

Louisa, m. in 1827, to John Congreve, esq. of Mount Congreve, in the county of Cork.

Letitia.

His lordship d. in 1826.

Creation—3rd June, 1790.



Arms—Ar. a lion rampant, gu. debruised with a fesse az. between three crescents of the second, with estoiles between the horns sa.

Crest—Upon a chapeau gu. turned up erm. a falcon, rising, ppr. belled, or.

Supporters—DEXTER, a griffin; SINISTER, a falcon, wings endorsed.

Motto—Auxilium ab alto.

Seat—Mountbrock House, county of Galway.

CLONCURRY, BARON, (Valentine-Browne Lawless,) of Cloncurry, in the county of Kildare, in the peerage of Ireland, Baron Cloncurry, of Cloncurry, in the county of Kildare, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; and a baronet of Ireland; b. 19th August, 1773; s. to the Irish honors, as second baron and baronet, upon the demise of his father, 28th August, 1799; and obtained the barony of the empire in September, 1831; m. first, 16th April, 1803, Eliza-Georgiana, youngest daughter of Lieutenant-General Morgan, by whom he had issue,

Valentine-Anne, b. in 1805; d. in 1825.

Mary-Margaret, m. first, in 1820, to John-Michael-Henry, Baron de Roebeck; and, secondly (the first marriage having been dissolved by act of parliament), 3rd April, 1828, to Lord Sussex Lennox.

His lordship's first marriage being dissolved



by act of parliament in 1811, he *m.* secondly, in the same year, Emily, daughter of Archibald Douglas, esq. of Darnock, (cousin to Charles, third Duke of Queensbury), relict of the Hon. Joseph Leeson, and mother of the Earl of Miltown, by whom he has issue,

EDWARD, *b.* in September, 1816.

John.

Valentina, *b.* 18th June, 1815.

### Lineage.

NICHOLAS LAWLESS, esq. (son of Robert Lawless, esq. of Abington, in the county of Limerick, by Mary, daughter of Dominick Hadsor, esq. of Dublin, merchant), having returned to Ireland from Normandy, subsequently to his father's decease, and conformed to the established religion, obtained a seat in parliament, and was created a BARONET OF IRELAND, 20th June, 1776. On the 22nd September, 1780, Sir Nicholas was elevated to the peerage, as BARON CLONCURRY. He *m.* in 1761, Margaret, only daughter of Valentine Browne, esq. of Dublin, by whom he left issue,

VALENTINE-BROWNE, present peer.

Mary-Catherine, *m.* to the late Thomas Whalley, esq. of Whalley Abbey, and *d.* 18th October, 1831.

Valentina-Alicia, *m.* to the Hon. Sir Francis Nathaniel Burton, G.C.H., twin-brother of Henry, Marquess Conyngham.

Charlotte-Louisa, *m.* to Edward, present and fourteenth Lord Dunsany, and *d.* in 1818.

His lordship *d.* in 1799.

*Creations*—Baronet, 20th June, 1776. Baron, of Ireland, 22nd September, 1780. Baron of the Empire, in September, 1831.



*Arms*—Ar. on a chief, indented, *sa.* three garbs or.

*Crest*—A demi-man, in armour, holding an arrow, all ppr.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a bull; SINISTER, a ram, all ppr.

*Motto*—Virtute et numine.

*Seat*—Cloncurry Castle, in the county of Kildare.

CLONMEL, EARLOF, (Thomas Scott,) Viscount Clonmel, and Baron Earlsfort, in the county of Tipperary, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 15th August, 1783; *s.* to the honors, as second earl, upon the demise of

his father, 23rd May, 1798; *m.* 9th February, 1805, Henrietta-Louisa, daughter of George, second Earl of Brooke and Warwick, by whom he has issue,

1. JOHN-HENRY, Lord Earlsfort, *b.* 4th January, 1817.

2. Charles-Grantham, *b.* 1st March, 1818.

3. Harriot-Margaret, *m.* 21st June, 1837, to Hon. Edward-Mostyn Lloyd, eldest son of Lord Mostyn.

4. Louisa-Augusta, *m.* 3rd December, 1828, to John Harrison Slater, esq.

5. Charlotte-Rachel, *m.* in April, 1836, to Henry, second son of the Right Hon. Charles Arbuthnot.

6. Caroline-Sophia. 7. Frances-Mary.

8. Sophia-Louisa. 9. Augusta-Anne.

### Lineage.

JOHN SCOTT, esq. (grandson of Captain Thomas Scott, an officer in the army of King William, who fell at the head of his troop, in charging the enemy,) having been bred to the bar, filled the high legal offices of solicitor and attorney-general and prime-serjeant of Ireland, between the years 1744 and 1783. In 1784, he was elevated to the chief-justiceship of the court of king's bench; and, on the 10th May, in the same year, created Baron Earlsfort, of Lisson-Earl. On the 18th Aug. 1789, his lordship was raised to the viscounty of Clonmel; and, 20th December, 1793, advanced to the dignity of EARL OF CLONMEL. The earl *m.* twice: by his first lady, Catherine-Anne-Maria, daughter of Thomas Matthew, esq. sister of Francis, first Earl of Landaff, and widow of P. Roe, esq. he had no surviving issue; by his second, the daughter and heiress of Patrick Lawless, esq. of Dublin, he had THOMAS, the present peer, and Charlotte, who *m.* in 1814, John-Reginald, Earl of Beauchamp. He *d.* in 1798.

*Creation*—Baron, 1784. Viscount, 1789. Earl, 1793.



*Arms*—Or, on a bend *as.* an estoile between two crescents ar.

*Crest*—A buck, trippant, ppr.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a female figure, representing Justice, holding in her right hand a sword, and with the left a balance, all ppr.; SINISTER, a female figure, representing Mercy, her exterior hand resting upon a sword, point downwards, also ppr.

*Motto*—Fear to transgress.

*Town Residence*—41, Upper Brook-street.

*Seat*—Lisson Earl, Tipperary.

**COCKBURN, SIR JAMES**, baronet, of Langton, in the county of Berwick, LL. D. inherited the title, as fifth baronet, at the decease of his father, 26th July, 1804; *m.* Mariana, eldest daughter of John, thirteenth Viscount Hereford, by whom he has issue.

### Lineage.

The patriarch of the very ancient house of Cockburn, of Langton, was

ALEXANDER DE COCKBURN, who obtained the barony of Carriden, in the county of Linlithgow, from King David the Second, in the year 1338, which barony had been forfeited to the crown, by what, in the law of Scotland, is denominated recognition, or a vassal disposing of his property without consent of his superior. For, all property at that time being subject to feudal tenure, the superior could challenge any deed of the vassal which affected the territory of which he was over-lord. This Alexander *m.* Mary de Veteri Ponte, (from which period the family has been designated of Langton, or Langton,) whose father fell at Bannockburn, in 1314. The eldest son of this marriage,

SIR ALEXANDER COCKBURN, knight of Langton, was keeper of the great seal between 1389 and 1396; and from him descended

SIR WILLIAM COCKBURN, knight, of Langtoan, who obtained a grant, in 1595, of the lands and barony of Langton, with the office of principal usher, and its fees and casualties, to himself and his heirs male whatsoever, bearing the arms and surname of Cockburn. He *m.* Helen, fifth daughter of Alexander, fourth Lord Elphinstone, and was *s.* by his son,

1. WILLIAM COCKBURN, esq. who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* in 1627. It appears that, during the lifetime of this gentleman, some question concerning the office of usher, which he inherited from his father, being raised, caused much public agitation. Principal Baillie, in his letters, relates, "that while the question of ushers was depending in parliament, in 1641, Langton, too rashly takes a rod and puts himself in possession of the place." The king, who was present, offended at his presumption, ordered him into custody, which gave rise to a motion on the part of the Marquess of Argyll, that, when any subject of debate occurred, two members of each estate should be deputed to acquaint the king. Accordingly deputies having obtained an audience of his majesty, in the course of the same day, they remonstrated on a member of the house being committed without advice of parliament, and required the king to enact a law, that neither himself nor his successors should do so hereafter, without consulting the legislative body. Sir William, subsequently, alienated a moiety of the ushership, and became joint usher with Colonel Cunningham. He was *s.* by his only son,

2. SIR ARCHIBALD, who, in 1657, was returned heir to his father in the office of principal usher, still held jointly with Colonel Cunningham, and also in the barony of Langton, and other property. In 1674, Sir Archibald, having purchased Cunningham's life-rent, obtained another grant of the office, with a salary of £250 and other emoluments attached to it, for ever. Sir Archibald *m.* Lady Mary Campbell, daughter of the Earl of Breadalbane, and was *s.* at his decease, in 1705, by his eldest son,

3. SIR ARCHIBALD; at whose decease, without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

4. SIR ALEXANDER, who was *s.* by his grandson,

5. SIR ALEXANDER, at whose decease the title devolved upon his cousin,

6. SIR JAMES, M.P. for Peebles, &c, in 1762. This gentleman *m.* first, in 1775, Miss Douglas, daughter of — Douglas, esq. of Murth, by whom he had three surviving daughters; and, secondly, Miss Ayscough, daughter of the Dean of Bristol, and niece of George, Lord Lyttelton, by whom he had

JAMES, the present baronet; who, in 1806, was under secretary of state; in 1807, governor and commander-in-chief at Curaçoa; and, in 1811, governor and commander-in-chief of the Bermuda Islands.

Sir George, M.P. vice-admiral of the white, major-general of marines, *m.* his cousin, Miss Mary Cockburn.

William, in holy orders, Dean of York, *m.* Elizabeth, second daughter of Sir Robert Peel, bart. and became a widower in 1828. Alexander, envoy-extraordinary and minister-plenipotentiary to Columbia.

Francis, an officer in the army; *m.* in 1804, Alicia, daughter of the late Rev. Richard Sandys.

Augusta, *m.* in 1807, to the Rev. Charles Hawkins.

Sir James *d.* 26th July, 1804.

*Creation*—1627.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, ar. three cocks gu. for COCKBURN; second and third, gu. six masicles or, three, two, and one, for WEA-PONT.

*Crest*—A cock crowing.

*Supporters*—Two lions rampant the sinister guarded.

*Motto*—Accendit cantu.

*Seat*—Langton, in the county of Berwick.

**COCKBURN, SIR WILLIAM**, baronet, of that ilk, in the shire of Berwick, D.C.L. and lieutenant-general of his majesty's forces; inherited the title at the decease of his kinsman, Sir James; *m.* Elizabeth-Anne, daughter of F. Creutzer, esq. of a noble and ancient family of Manheim, in Germany, an officer in the royal horse-guards. This lady descends, maternally, through the ancient families of Jacob of Bromley, Brydges, Dukes of Chandos, the Greys of Wilton, &c. from the royal house of Plantagenet. Sir William, by this marriage, has issue,

**WILLIAM-SARNSFIELD-ROSETER**, *m.* Miss Coke, daughter of T. Coke, esq. of Lower More, in the county of Hereford, and has issue.

**Catherine-Harriet**, *m.* 6th May, 1828, Edward Cludde, esq. of Orleton, in the county of Salop, only son of William Cludde, esq.

Lady Cockburn *d.* in 1829.

### Lineage.

This ancient family, which may be denominated noble, having ranked high amongst the old barons of Scotland, can be traced to the earliest periods of Scottish history, and particularly to the time of the Bruces, when it attained much celebrity. Having stated so much regarding its antiquity, under the head of Cockburn, of Langton, we proceed to the immediate ancestor of the present baronet.

**SIR WILLIAM COCKBURN**, *knt.* Baron of Langton, fell at the battle of Flodden Field, in 1513; and left by his wife, Lady Anna Home, daughter of the Earl of Home, two sons, (his eldest son, Alexander, having been killed at his side,) namely.

1. JOHN.      2. Christopher.

The former of whom,

**JOHN COCKBURN**, esq. succeeded; and was himself *s.* by his eldest son,

**ALEXANDER COCKBURN**, esq.; to whom *s.* his eldest son,

**WILLIAM COCKBURN**, esq. designated of Cockburn and Ryslaw. This gentleman *m.* Margaret, daughter of John Spotswood, esq. of Spotswood, in the county of Berwick, and was *s.* by his only son,

1. **JOHN COCKBURN**, esq. of Ryslaw; who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, in 1628. Sir John *m.* Mary, daughter of William Scott, esq. of Harden, in the county of Roxburgh, and was *s.* at his decease, by the eldest of three sons,

2. **SIR JAMES**. This gentleman *m.* Jean, daughter of Alexander Swinton, of that ilk, in the shire of Berwick, and was *s.* by his only son,

3. **SIR WILLIAM**, who was *s.* at his decease, by his eldest son,

4. **SIR JAMES**. This gentleman dying without issue, the title devolved upon his kinsman, **WILLIAM**, the present baronet, who is the great grandson of William Cockburn, esq. M.D., physician-general to the forces under the great

Duke of Marlborough, the second son of Sir William, the third baronet. Doctor Cockburn was *s.* by his second son, Doctor James Cockburn, who had two sons, William Cockburn, D.D. vicar-general and archdeacon of Ossory, in Ireland; and James Cockburn, esq. a colonel in the army, and quarter-master-general, father of **SIR WILLIAM**, the present baronet, by Letitia Little, heiress of the ancient houses of Rossiter and Devereux, in Ireland.

*Creation*—1628.



*Arms*—Same as those of Cockburn, of Langton, with a heart gu. in the centre of the first and fourth quarters.

*Crest*—A cock crowing.

*Supporters*—Two lions rampant, the sinister guardant.

*Mottos*—Accendit cantu; and Vigilans et audax

*Seat*—Cockburn, Berwickshire.

**COCKERELL, SIR CHARLES**, baronet, of Seizincote, in the county of Gloucester; *b.* 18th February, 1755; *m.* first, in 1789, Mary-Tryphæna, daughter of Sir Charles-William Blunt, bart. by whom (who *d.* in the same year) he had no issue; and secondly, 13th February, 1808, Harriet, second daughter of John, first Lord Northwick, by whom he has one son,

**CHARLES RUSHOUT**, *b.* 19th June, 1809.

Mr. Cockerell, who is the youngest son of John Cockerell, esq. of Bishop's-Hull, near Taunton, in the county of Somerset, by Frances, daughter of John Jackson, esq. of Clapham, in the county of Surrey, was created a baronet, 25th September, 1809.



*Arms*—Or, a leopard's face gu. between two game-cocks, in pale, ppr. two flaunches sa.  
*Vest*—On a wreath, within a crescent, az. a tiger's face, ppr. crowned with an eastern crown.

*Supporters*—Two angels, their vests semée of fleurs-de-lis; the hand next the shield supporting a pennon; the DEXTER charged with a sun in splendour; the SINISTER semée of estoiles, and charged with a crescent; the exterior hands extended, and supporting a Persian pheasant.

*Town Residence*—157, Piccadilly.

*Seat*—Seisincote, Gloucestershire.

**CODRINGTON, SIR WILLIAM-RAIMOND**, baronet, of Dodington, in the county of Gloucester; *b.* 25th January, 1806; *s.* to the title, as fourth baronet, at the decease of his father, 12th September, 1816; *m.* Anne-Marie, daughter of Monsieur Joseph Le Fer Bonaban, of St. Maloes, and has issue.

### Lineage.

The Codringtons are of ancient standing at Codrington (whence the surname is derived), in the county of Gloucester, being established there so early as the reign of Henry IV.; and we find one of them, John Codrington, filling the honorable post of standard-bearer to King Henry V., in his French wars.

In the time of King Charles I., a younger son of this ancient house,

CHRISTOPHER CODRINGTON, removed with the entire of his property to the island of Barbadoes, and dying there, left two sons,

CHRISTOPHER, who became lieutenant-governor of Barbadoes, and captain-general of the Leeward islands. This gentleman had two sons, the elder of whom, CHRISTOPHER, succeeded to the government of the Leeward islands; and, at his decease, bequeathed to the college of All-Souls, Oxford, the munificent sum of 10,000*l.* for the purpose of erecting a library, and furnishing it with books, besides his own very valuable collection. He devised also an estate of 2,000*l.* per annum, to the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in foreign parts, for the building and endowment of a college at Barbadoes.

### And

JOHN CODRINGTON, treasurer of Barbadoes, and colonel of the life-guards there. Colonel Codrington *m.* Miss Bates, daughter of Colonel Bates, and had two sons, the elder of whom,

1. WILLIAM CODRINGTON, esq. of Dodington, in the county of Gloucester, was created a baronet, 21st April, 1721. Sir William *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of William Bethell, esq. of Swindon, in the county of York, and had (with other children)

WILLIAM, his successor.

Edward, *m.* Miss Rebecca Le Sturgeon, and *d.* in 1775, leaving issue,

1. CHRISTOPHER, of Dodington Park, who assumed the additional surname of "Bethell," and *m.* in 1796, Caroline-Georgiana-Harriott, daughter of Thomas, third Lord Foley, by whom he has Christopher, and nine other children. (See note.)

2. William-John, assumed the name of "Bethell," *m.* Miss Challoner, of the county of York.

3. EDWARD (Sir), G.C.B., K.S.L., K.S.G., vice-admiral of the blue, recently distinguished at Navarino; *m.* Miss Hall, and has issue.

4. Caroline, *m.* to Joseph Lyons Walrond, esq. of Monrath, in the county of Devon, and had issue,

BETHELL WALROND, esq. M.P. for Sudbury; *m.* in 1829, Lady Janet Erskine, only daughter of the Earl of Roslyn, and has a son, *b.* 30th July, 1830.

The baronet *d.* 17th December, 1738, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR WILLIAM, who *d.* 11th March, 1792, and was *s.* by his only son,

3. SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman resided for several years in France, where he died in 1816, leaving, by his second wife, Miss Eleanor Kirke, WILLIAM-RAIMOND, present baronet.

Mary-Anne-Eleanor.

*Creation*—21st April, 1721.



*Arms*—Ar. a fesse embattled counter embattled, sa., fretty gu., between three lionscel, passant, of the third.

*Crest*—A dragon's head, couped gu., between two dragon's wings chequy or, and az.

At the demise, in France, of Sir William Codrington, the third baronet, the title was assumed by his cousin, Christopher Bethell Codrington, esq. of Dodington Park, in the county of Gloucester, and is still borne by that gentleman, under the impression (of which it is alleged incontestible proof exists) that Sir William left no legitimate issue. Sir William's son has, however, established his right in Doctor's Commons, and has been acknowledged, by the Herald's College, to be SIR WILLIAM-RAIMOND CODRINGTON, fourth and present baronet.

**COFFIN, SIR ISAAC**, baronet, of the Magdalen Islands, Lower Canada; *b.* at

## COG

Boston, 16th May, 1759; entered the royal navy, and attained, after a long series of gallant and useful services, the rank of admiral of the red; *m.* in 1811, Elizabeth Browne, only child of W. Greenly, esq. of Titley Court, Herefordshire. Admiral Coffin (who is fourth son of the late Nathaniel Coffin, esq. of Boston, by Elizabeth, daughter of Henry Barnes, esq. of the same place,) was created a baronet, 13th June, 1804.



*Arms*—*Az.* semée of cross croslets or, two batons in saltire, encircled with laurel branches gold, between three plates.

*Crest*—On the stern of a ship a pigeon, wings endorsed or., in the beak a sprig of laurel vert.

*Motto*—*Extant recte factis promia.*

*Seats*—Repham, Lincoln, and Titley, Court, Herts.

**COGHILL, SIR JOSIAH**, baronet, of Coghill, in the county of York; *m.* first, in 1812, Miss Dobson, by whom he has a daughter; and secondly, in 1819, Anna-Maria, eldest daughter of the Right Hon. Charles-Kendal Bushe, lord-chief-justice of the court of king's bench, in Ireland. Sir Josiah, who is a captain in the royal navy, *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the decease of his brother, 21st May, 1817, and assumed, by sign-manual, in the following June, the surname of "Coghill," in place of his own, "CRAMER."

### Lineage.

**SIR JOHN COGHILL**, LL. D. Master in chancery (in Ireland) *m.* Hesther, daughter of Tobias Cramer, esq. of Ballyfoile, in the county of Kilkenny, and dying in 1699, left issue,

**MARMADUKE**, LL. D. judge of the prerogative court, chancellor of the exchequer, a privy councillor, and M.P. for the university of Dublin. This learned person *d.* unmarried, in 1738.

James, of whom presently.

Hesther, who *m.* Oliver Cramer, esq. and left at her decease, (with a younger son,) Balthazar-John Cramer, who *m.* Judith,

daughter of Brinsley Butler, first vis-

## COG

count Lanesborough, and dying in 1741, left with other issue,

**JOHN**, of whom presently, as heir to the Countess of Charleville.

The younger son,

**JAMES COGHILL**, LL.D. register of the prerogative court, *m.* Mary, sister of Thomas Pearson, esq. of Rathmore, in the county of Meath, M.P. and dying in 1734, left an only daughter and heiress,

**HESTER COGHILL**, who *m.* first, Charles Moore, Earl of Charleville, who *d.* without issue, in 1764, when that the dignity and the Barony of Tullamore, became extinct. Her ladyship espoused secondly, Major John Mayne, who assumed the surname of COGHILL, and was created a baronet in 1778, but dying *s. p.* that title expired. The Countess of Charleville having thus no issue, by either of her husbands, bequeathed her property at her decease to her cousin (refer to issue of Hesther, daughter of Sir John Coghill, master in chancery.)

1. **JOHN CRAMER**, who thereupon assumed the name of COGHILL, and was created a baronet, 25th July, 1778. Sir John *m.* Maria, daughter of his Grace Dr. Josiah Hort, Archbishop of Tuam, by whom he had issue two sons and seven daughters. He *d.* in 1790, and was *s.* by his elder son,

2. **SIR JOHN**, who assumed by royal permission, 7th June, 1807, the surname and arms of Coghill only; but, dying without issue, 21st May, 1817, the title devolved upon his brother, **JOSIAH**, the present baronet.

*Creation*—25th July, 1778.



*Arms*—Quarterly: first and fourth gu., on a chev. ar. three pellets, a chief sa. for COGHILL; second and third or, on a chief indented as three fleurs-de-lis of the field, a canton erm. for CRAMER.

*Crest*—On a mount vert, a cock, wings expanded or, ducally crowned gu.

*Motto*—Non dormit qui custodit.

*Seat*—Randall's Park, Surrey.

### FAMILY OF CRAMER.

**COLONEL TOBIAS CRAMER**, of Lower Germany, was made a Free Denizen of Ireland, in 1639, he was father of,

**BALTHAZAR CRAMER**, esq. who *d.* in 1650, leaving a son,

**TOBIAS CRAMER**, esq. who for his good services

**COLCHESTER, BARON**, (Charles Abbot,) of Colchester, in the county of Essex; b. 12th March, 1798; inherited the title, as second baron, at the decease of his father, 7th May, 1829. His lordship is a captain in the royal navy.

### Lineage.

**CHARLES ABBOT**, esq. barrister at law, b. 14th October, 1757, second son of the Rev. John Abbot, D.D., rector of All Saints in Colchester, by Sarah, daughter of Jonathan Farr, (which lady m. secondly Jeremy Bentham, esq. and d. in 1809) was appointed in 1801, chief secretary to the lord-lieutenant of Ireland, and keeper of the privy seal in that part of the united kingdom. In 1802, he was chosen speaker of the house of commons, which chair he filled until the session of 1817, when upon retiring, he was elevated to the peerage (3rd June, 1817,) by the title of **BARON COLCHESTER**, of Colchester in the county of Essex. His lordship m. 29th December, 1796, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir Philip Gibbs, baronet, of Spring Head, in the Island of Barbadoes, and dying, 7th May, 1829, left issue,

**CHARLES**, present peer.

**Philip-Henry**, b. 10th June, 1804, of Lincoln's Inn, barrister-at-law, m. 31st December, 1829, Frances Cecil, third daughter of the very Rev. Charles Talbot, D.D. and Dean of Salisbury.

*Creation*—3rd June, 1817.



**Arms**—Gu. on a chev., between three pearls or, as many crosses, reguly, az. within a treasure, flory, of the second.

**Crest**—Out of a ducal coronet or, a unicorn's head erm. maned and tufted of the first, between six ostrich feathers ar. quilled or.

**Supporters**—On either side a unicorn erm. armed, maned, hoofed and tufted, or, gorged

in subjecting Ireland to the rule of the *usurper* **CROMWELL**, obtained from that person, a grant of the lands of Ballyfoile, in the county of Kilkenny. Mr. Cramer was sheriff of the City of Dublin, in 1633. He d. in 1655, and was s. by his son,

**BALTHAZER CRAWER**, who was father of **OLIVER CRAMER**, who m. *Heather Coghill*, as in the text.

with a collar az. within another gemel, flory. counterflory, gu. therefrom a chain reflexed over the back or, and charged on the shoulder with a cross, reguly of the third.

**Mottoes**—*Deo patrie amicis*; over the crest—*Perseverando*.

*Seat*—Kidbrooke, Sussex.

**COLEBROOKE, SIR JAMES-EDWARD**, baronet, of Gattton, in the county of Surrey; b. 7th July, 1761; succeeded to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 5th August, 1809; m. in January, 1820, Mrs. Stewart. Sir James is in the Hon. East India Company's service, and provisional member of council at Bengal.

### Lineage.

1. **SIR JAMES COLEBROOKE**, knt. (son of James Colebrooke, esq. of Childham Castle, in the county of Kent, citizen and mercer of London, who was eldest son of Thomas Colebrooke, of Arundel,) b. 21st July, 1722; was created a baronet, 12th October, 1759, with remainder, in case of failure of issue, to his brother, George Colebrooke, of Southgate. Sir James m. Mary, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Stephen Skynner, esq. of Walthamstow, in the county of Essex, by whom he had two daughters, Mary, m. to John Aubrey, esq. of Dorton House, Bucks; and Emma, m. to Charles, fourth Earl of Tankerville. The baronet d. 10th May, 1761, and was s. according to the limitation by his brother.

2. **SIR GEORGE**. This gentleman was educated, with his deceased brother, at Leyden, and, after his return to England, was chosen fellow of the Society of antiquaries, and published some literary works. He represented Arundel in three successive parliaments, and was appointed, in 1768, deputy-chairman of the court of directors of the Honorable East-India Company. Sir George m. 23rd July, 1754, Mary, only daughter and heiress of Patrick Gaynor, esq. of Antigua, by whom he had issue,

George, who left at his decease, two daughters.

**JAMES-EDWARD**, present baronet.

**Henry-Thomas**, F.R.S.

**MARY**, m. first to the Chevalier Charles Adrien de Peyron, in the service of Gustavus king of Sweden, who fell in a duel with Count de la Marck, in 1784, leaving a son. She m. secondly William Traill, esq. Louisa, m. to Captain Andrew Sutherland, R.M. who d. in 1795, leaving a son, James-Charles, and a daughter Louisa.

He d. 5th August, 1809, and was s. by his second and eldest surviving son.

*Creation*—12th October, 1759.

**Arms**—Gu. a lion rampant ar. ducally crowned or, on a chief of the last, three Cornish coughs ppr.



*Crest*—On a wreath, a wivern, wings expanded or, resting the dexter foot upon an escoccheon gu.

*Motto*—Sola bona quae honesta.

*Seat*—Southgate, Middlesex.

**COLLETON, SIR JAMES-ROUPELL**, baronet, of Ash Park, in the county of Herts; a lieutenant-colonel in the army; *s.* to the title, as seventh baronet, upon the demise of his father, 16th January, 1815; *m.* 12th December, 1819, at the British Ambassador's, at the Hague, and remarried at St. James's, Westminster, 24th February, 1820, Septima-Sexta-Colleton, third surviving daughter of Admiral Richard Graves, of Hanbury Fort, in the county of Devon, (by Louisa-Caroline, only daughter, and eventually heiress, of Sir John Colleton, fourth baronet; and his first wife, Anne, daughter of Sir Francis Fulford, of Great Fulford, in the county of Devon, by Anna, third daughter of Sir Arthur Chichester, baronet, fourth in lineal descent from Sir John Chichester, father of the first Lord Belfast,) by whom he has issue,

**FREDERICK-NASSAU-WILLIAM-GRAVES**, *b.* 4th August, 1822; for whom his Royal Highness the late Duke of York and the Earl of Rochford stood sponsors.

**Robert-Augustus-Fulford-Graves**, *b.* 19th of September, 1824. Sponsors, Lord Graves and Colonel Fulford.

A daughter.

#### Lineage.

This family is supposed to have been of Norman descent, and to have come into England in the suite of the conqueror. By a very ancient grant, from Reginald de Villecore to Thomas Colleton, of an estate, and, by subsequent deeds, in the beginning of the reign of Edward I. we find the Colletons style themselves gentlemen, and that they then bore the same arms which they still continue to bear.

1. **JOHN COLLETON**, esq. eldest son of Peter Colleton, esq. of Exeter, was captain of foot, and a most active partisan of royalty, in the beginning of the civil wars. Captain Colleton had a colonel's

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commission to raise a regiment, from Sir John Berkeley, afterwards Lord Berkeley, signed by the Prince of Wales; which regiment he raised within ten days, and expended for the king's service £40,000, besides losing considerably more than that sum by sequestration. He was obliged, eventually to retire to Barbadoes; but, returning after the Restoration, Sir John Berkeley presented a memorial in his favor to the king, who, in consequence, conferred upon him the dignity of baronet, 18th of February, 1661. Sir John, in conjunction with the Duke of Albemarle, and other distinguished personages, had a grant of large dominions in North America, &c.; he left, at his decease, four sons, and was *s.* by the eldest,

2. **SIR PETER**, M. P. who *d.* in 1666, and was *s.* by his only son,

3. **SIR JOHN**. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of John Snell, esq. M.P. and had issue,

John, who *m.* a daughter of the Rev. Mr. Snell, canon of Exeter, and, dying before his father, left a son,

JOHN, who *s.* his grandfather.

Peter *d.* unmarried.

Robert, *m.* Miss Colleton, and left

JAMES-NASSAU, who *s.* as SIXTH BARONET.

—, *m.* to Captain Hawley.

Sir John was *s.* by his grandson,

4. **SIR JOHN**, who *m.* first, Anne, daughter of Francis Fulford, esq. by whom he had a daughter, Louisa-Caroline, who *m.* Admiral Richard Graves. Sir John's marriage with Miss Fulford being dissolved by act of parliament; he *m.* secondly, Miss Mutter, and was *s.* at his decease by his only son,

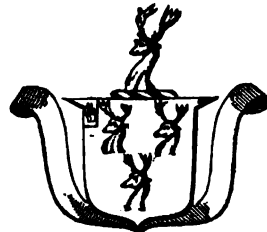
5. **SIR JOHN-SNELL**, who *d.* in 1801. *s. p.*, when the title reverted to his cousin,

6. **SIR JAMES-NASSAU**, (revert to issue of third baronet). This gentleman *m.* 2nd December, 1788, Susanna, daughter of William Nixon, esq. of Lincoln, by whom he had issue,

**JAMES-ROUPELL**, the present baronet, with another son and two daughters.

He *d.* 10th January, 1815.

*Creation*—18th February, 1661.



*Arms*—Or, three stag's heads couped ppr.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a stag's head as in the arms.

*Seat*—Ash Park, Herts.

**COLQUHOUN, SIR JAMES**, baronet, of Colquhoun and Luss, in the county of Dumbarton; *m.* in 1802, Janet, daughter of the Right Hon. Sir John Sinclair, baronet, of Ulbster, by whom he has issue,

1. **JAMES**.      2. **John**.      3. **William**.
4. **Sarah-Maitland**.
5. **Helen**, *m.* 9th April, 1829, to John-Page Read, esq. of Crow Hall, Suffolk.

Sir James inherited the titles at the decease of his father, 22nd April, 1805. He represented the county of Dumbarton in parliament in 1802, and is the sixth baronet of Nova Scotia, and second of Great Britain.

### Lineage.

The very remote antiquity of this family precludes, if our space permitted, any accurate development of its origin.

**SIR ROBERT DE COLQUHOUN**, *knt.* living temp. King David Bruce, *m.* the daughter and heiress of Umfridus de Luss, chief of an ancient family of that name, which flourished in Dumbartonshire long antecedently, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**SIR HUMPHREY**, the heir and representative of the families of Colquhoun and Luss; from which circumstance, himself and his posterity were ever after designated by these titles. From this personage directly descended

1. **JOHN COLQUHOUN**, of that ilk, and of Luss; who, in his father's lifetime, was styled in a charter—"eldest son of Alexander Colquhoun, Lord of Luss;" and was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, 12th August, 1625. Sir John was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR JOHN**, who *d.* without surviving male issue, in 1675, when the title devolved upon his brother,

3. **SIR JAMES**. This gentleman was *s.* by an only son,

4. **SIR HUMPHREY**, a member of the Union parliament, and who strenuously opposed that measure. He *m.* Margaret, daughter of Sir Patrick Houston, bart. of Houston, by whom he had an only daughter and heiress, Anne, who *m.* in 1702, James Grant, esq. of Pluscardine, second son of Ludovick Grant, esq. of Grant. Sir Humphrey, in 1704, resigned his baronetcy, for a new patent to himself and his son-in-law, with the express limitation, that his said son-in-law, or his heirs, on succeeding to the estate and the title, should assume the surname and arms of "Colquhoun," and that the estates of Luss and Grant should not be conjoined. Sir Humphrey *d.* in 1718, when the original baronetcy and the chiefship of the family became vested in James Colquhoun, of Tillyquhoun, who became fifth baronet, while the new patent devolved, according to the limitation, upon the deceased baronet's son-in-law, who thereupon became

2. **SIR JAMES COLQUHOUN**, of Luss, second baronet of the new creation; which estate and title he enjoyed until the death of his elder brother,

Brigadier-general Alexander Grant, of Grant, without issue, in 1719: when succeeding to the estate of Grant, he resumed his paternal family name of Grant, retaining the baronetcy only, it being vested in his person. Sir James *d.* in 1747, and was *s.* in the estate of Grant, by his second, but eldest surviving son,

3. **SIR LUDOVICK GRANT**, who retained the baronetcy, which had evidently been intended for the inheritor of the estate of Luss. Prior to the decease of Sir Ludovick's elder brother, in 1732, he possessed that estate; but, upon the occurrence of that event, his younger brother, George Grant, assumed the name of Colquhoun, and became the owner of Luss. Sir Ludovick was *s.* at his decease, by his said brother,

4. **SIR JAMES COLQUHOUN**, in the estate of Grant. Sir James *m.* Helen, daughter of William, Lord Strathnaver, and granddaughter of John, nineteenth Earl of Sutherland; and, dying in November, 1786, was *s.* by his eldest son,

5. and 1. **SIR JAMES**; who, to terminate all disputes about the title, was created a *Baronet of Great Britain*, 10th June, 1786. This gentleman was sheriff-depute of Dumbartonshire, and one of the principal clerks of session. He *m.* Mary, daughter and co-heiress of James Falconer, esq. of Halkerton, by whom he had issue, **JAMES**, the present baronet, with six other sons and four daughters. Sir James *d.* in 1805.

*Creation*—Baronet of Nova Scotia, 1704. Baronet of Great Britain, 10th June, 1786.



*Arms*—Ar. a saltier engr. sa.

*Crest*—A hart's head couped gu.

*Supporters*—Two ratch hounds collared sa.

*Motto*—Si je puis.

*Seat*—Rosedow, in the county of Dumbarton.

**COLQUHOUN, SIR ROBERT**, baronet, of Tillyquhoun, in the county of Dumbarton; in the civil service of the East India Company; *s.* to the title, as tenth baronet, at the decease of his brother.

### Lineage.

The remote antiquity of this family precludes all accuracy in the development of its origin; indeed the traditional accounts are various; some authors deducing the descent from a younger



branch of the old Earls of Lennox, because of the similitude of the armorial bearings; while others assert, that the family was founded by a younger son of Conoch, one of the provincial monarchs of Ireland, who came into Scotland, in the time of Gregory the Great, and obtained, from that prince, some lands in Dumbartonshire, which he called Conochon, soon after corrupted to Colquhoun, a name which they have ever since retained.

SIR ROBERT DE COLQUHOUN, *knt. temp.* King David Bruce, *m.* the heiress of Luss, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR HUMPHREY; who, as a representative of both families, was denominated of Colquhoun and Luss; and his posterity ever afterwards bore the same designation. This gentleman was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN COLQUHOUN, governor of the castle of Dumbarton, in the minority of James II. of Scotland. This gentleman, from his activity in repelling the inroads of the highlanders, became so obnoxious to those lawless persons, that they resolved upon his destruction; in furtherance of which, they despatched a messenger to the governor, requesting a friendly conference, in order to adjust their differences. Sir John, apprehending no treachery, departed from his garrison, to meet the marauders, with a few attendants; but had scarcely reached the place of conference, when he was furiously set upon, and with all his followers, barbarously murdered. This event took place in 1440. From this personage, lineally descended

1. SIR JOHN COLQUHOUN, of Colquhoun and Luss, who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, 12th August, 1625. This gentleman was a staunch royalist, and was plundered by Cromwell, in 1654, of £2000. He *m.* Lady Lillias Graham, daughter of John, fourth Earl of Montrose, and niece of the former Marquess of Montrose, by whom he had issue, with two daughters,

1. JOHN, his successor.
2. James.
3. Alexander, of Tillyquhoun, ancestor of the present baronet.

Sir John was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR JOHN. This gentleman *m.* Margaret, daughter and sole heiress of Sir Gideon Baillie, of Lochend, in the county of Haddington; but dying without male issue, in 1676, the title devolved upon his brother,

3. SIR JAMES, who was *s.* by his only son,

4. SIR HUMPHREY. This gentleman was a member of the Union parliament, and strenuously opposed that measure. He *d.* without male issue, when the estates passed to his daughter, (see Sir Humphrey Colquhoun, of Colquhoun and Luss, fourth baronet in the genealogical detail of that dignity,) and the title reverted to his cousin,

5. SIR JOHN, of Tillyquhoun, (eldest son of Alexander Colquhoun, youngest son of the first baronet.) This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Andrew Anderson, *esq.* king's printer for Scotland, and was *s.* by his only son,

6. SIR HUMPHREY; at whose decease, *s. p.* the title devolved upon his cousin,

7. SIR GEORGE, (second son of Alexander Colquhoun, *esq.* of Tillyquhoun, the youngest son of the first baronet.) This gentleman *m.* first, Rebecca, only daughter of William Jones, *esq.* comptroller-general of the customs of Scotland, by whom he had three daughters; and, secondly, in 1777, Charlotte, daughter of David Barclay, *esq.* by whom he had three sons and two daughters. Sir George, *d.* in 1785, when a colonel in the service of the states-general, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

8. SIR JAMES, who *d. s. p.* 1799, when the title devolved upon his brother,

9. SIR GEORGE; at whose decease, without issue male, the title devolved upon his brother, ROBERT, the present baronet.

*Creation*—12th August, 1625.



*Arms*—Ar. a saltier, engr. sa.

*Crest*—A stag's head, erased, ppr.

*Motto*—Si je puis.

*Seat*—Tillyquhoun, Dumbartonshire.

COLT, SIR JOHN-DUTTON, baronet, of Leominster, in the county of Hereford; *b.* 8th October, 1771; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, in 1810.

### Lineage.

GEORGE COLT, *esq.* eldest son of Sir Henry Colt, of Greys, in the county of Suffolk, was of Colthall in that shire, and of Clay-Hall, and Parendon, in Essex; he *m.* Elizabeth, eldest daughter and co-heiress of John Dutton, *esq.* of Sherborn, in the county of Gloucester, and had nine sons and a daughter, of whom were,

JOHN-DUTTON, the eldest son, who succeeded his father in 1658, and dying in 1722, was *s.* by his son,

JOHN-DUTTON, who *m.* Mary, youngest daughter of John Arnold, *esq.* and dying in 1729, left a son,

JOHN-DUTTON, who inherited as SECOND BARONET.

WILLIAM-DUTTON, who received the honor of knighthood, and was a statesman and diplomatist, *temp.* William III.

and

1. **HARRY-DUTTON COLT**, esq. of Westminster, who was created a baronet, 2nd March, 1692, with remainder, default of direct male issue, to his brother, John Dutton Colt, esq. Sir Harry, who represented the city of Westminster in parliament, during the reigns of King William and Queen Anne, *d.* without issue in 1731, when the title descended, according to the limitation in the patent, to his great-nephew,

2. **SIR JOHN-DUTTON**. This gentleman *m.* Mallet, eldest daughter of George Langley, esq. of Goulding Hall, in the county of Salop, captain of the Royal, and had issue,

**JOHN-DUTTON**, the present baronet.

**William-Arnold**, captain of the fourth battalion of native infantry, who *d.* in the East Indies.

**Edward-Vaughan**, *b.* in 1775.

**Thomas-Langley**, lieutenant 80th regiment, also died in the East Indies.

**James**, (deceased.)

**Anne-Sophia**.

**Sir John-Dutton**, *d.* in 1800.

*Creation*—2nd March, 1692.



*Arms*—Ar. a fesse between three colts in full speed sa.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a colt as in the arms.

*Motto*—Vinci qui patitur.

*Seat*—Leominster, Herefordshire.

**COLTHURST, SIR** — baronet, of Ardrum, in the county of Cork; *s.* as fifth baronet, upon the demise of his father, in 1829.

### Lineage.

1. **JOHN-CONWAY COLTHURST**, esq. eldest son of John Colthurst, esq. of Ballysally, in the county of Cork, by Alice, daughter of James Conway, esq. of the county of Kerry, was created a **BARONET OF IRELAND**, 3rd August, 1744. He *m.* in 1741, Lady Charlotte Fitzmaurice, third daughter of Thomas, first Earl of Kerry, by whom he had five sons. Sir John *d.* in 1776, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR JOHN-CONWAY**, who was killed in a duel by Dominick Trant, esq. in 1787; and dying unmarried, the title devolved upon his brother,

3. **SIR NICHOLAS**. This gentleman *m.* Harriet, second daughter of the Right Hon. David La-touche; by whom he had issue,

1. **NICHOLAS-CONWAY**, the fourth baronet.

2. Elizabeth. 3. Catherine.

Sir Nicholas *d.* in 1795, and was *s.* by his only son.

4. **SIR NICHOLAS-CONWAY**, colonel of the Cork militia; a trustee of the linen manufacture, and M.P. for the city of Cork. He *d.* in 1829, and was *s.* by his eldest son, the present baronet.

*Creation*—3rd August, 1744.



*Arms*—Ar. on a fesse, between three colts, courant, sa. as many trefoils, slipped, or.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a colt, statant, sa.

*Motto*—Justum et tenacem.

*Seat*—Ardrum, in the county of Cork.

**COLVILLE, OF CULROSS, BARON**. (John Colville,) in the peerage of Scotland, and one of the representative lords; *b.* in 1768; *m.* in 1790, Elizabeth, daughter of Francis Ford, esq. and aunt of the present Sir Francis Ford, bart.; by whom he has no surviving issue. His lordship, who is vice-admiral of the blue, inherited the peerage, as tenth baron, at the decease of his father, 8th March, 1811.

### Lineage.

Of this ancient Scottish family, which deduces its descent from **PHILIP DE COLVILL**, of Oxenbame, in Roxburgh, who lived in the twelfth century, we shall commence with

**ROBERT COLVILL**, steward to Margaret, queen of James III. who had a charter from that monarch, of the lands of Hilton, in the county of Clackmannan, dated 16th October, 1483. This Robert appears to have actively espoused the cause of James IV. against his father; for, six days after the accession of that monarch, he had the office of director of the chancery conferred upon him by royal charter (17th June, 1488). He subsequently had other considerable grants from the crown, amongst which were the lands and barony of Uchiltree, whence he assumed his designation. He fell, with his royal master, at the battle of Flodden, in 1513, and was *s.* by his son,

**SIR JAMES COLVILL**, of Uchiltree, which barony he exchanged with Sir James Hamilton, for the lands of Easter-Wemyss and Lochorchyre. At the institution of the college of jus-

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tice, in 1532, Sir James was appointed one of the judges at the temporal side of the bench. He was *s.* at his decease by his only son,

SIR JAMES COLVILLE, who *m.* Janet, second daughter of Sir Robert Douglas, of Lochleven, and had issue,

JAMES (Sir), his successor.

Alexander, who had a charter of the whole Abbey of Culross in 1567, and was thence styled COMMENDATOR OF CULROSS. He was appointed one of the judges of session in 1575, and dying in 1597, was *s.* by his son.

JOHN; of whom hereafter, as successor to the second LORD COLVILLE.

Sir James Colville *d.* in 1589, and was *s.* by his elder son,

SIR JAMES COLVILLE, of Easter Wemyss, who had served in the wars of France under Henry the Great, with high reputation. He had a charter of Culross, Valleyfield, &c. erected into the temporal barony of Culross, 20th June, 1589; and he was created a peer of parliament, 20th January, 1609, by the title of LORD COLVILLE, of Culross, with remainder to his heirs male whatsoever. His lordship *m.* first, Isabel, second daughter of Patrick, Lord Ruthven, by whom he had an only surviving son, ROBERT, and a daughter, Jean, who *m.* Sir James Campbell, of Lawers, and was mother of John, Earl of Loudoun, lord-high-chancellor of Scotland. Lord Colville espoused, secondly, Helen Shaw, relict of Robert Moubray, of Barnsbrough, and dying in 1620, was *s.* by (the son of Robert, master of Colville, who predeceased his father) his grandson,

JAMES, second Lord Colville, who *d.* without issue, in 1640, when the title devolved upon his cousin (refer to Alexander, second son of first lord) John Colville, of Westercumbrie, as third baron; but this gentleman did not assume the title; neither did his son and successor,

ANDREW Colville, of Kincardine, fourth baron, who was professor of divinity at Sedan, in France. He was *s.* by his elder son,

JOHN, fifth baron, who also declined assuming the title. He *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir George Preston, of Valleyfield; by whom he had two sons, and was *s.* by the elder,

ALEXANDER, sixth baron, who likewise declined to assume the title. He *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir Charles Erskine, Lord Lion king-at-arms; by whom he had five sons and six daughters; and was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN, seventh baron, an officer in the army. This gentleman claimed the barony, but was refused, upon the ground that it was not upon the roll at the time of the union. He appealed, however, to the house of lords, which came to a determination in his favor, 27th May, 1723. He *m.* Miss Johnston, an Irish lady, by whom he had six sons and three daughters. Lord Colville commanded a regiment at the siege of Carthage, and died there, in 1741. He was *s.* by his eldest son,

ALEXANDER, eighth baron, who distinguished

## COM

himself as a naval officer, and attained, in 1770, the rank of vice-admiral of the white. His lordship *m.* Lady Elizabeth Macfarlane, relict of Walter Macfarlane, of Macfarlane, and daughter of Alexander, sixth Earl of Kellie, by whom (who *d.* in 1794) he had no issue. He *d.* 21st May, 1770, and was *s.* by his brother,

JOHN, ninth baron. His lordship, a military officer, was much engaged in active service. He *m.* in 1758, Miss Webber, by whom he left at his decease, in 1811,

JOHN, present lord.

Charles, G.C.B. lieut.-general in the army, and colonel of the 74th foot, who highly distinguished himself during the late war; *m.* Jane, eldest daughter of W. Mure, esq. of Caldwell, and has issue,

CHARLES-JOHN, *b.* in 1818.

William James.

Anne-Amelia.

Catherine.

A daughter.

Anne, *m.* to J. Forsyth, esq. captain of dragoons.

Catharine, *m.* to Rev. Roger Frankland, who *d.* in 1826.

Creation—20th January, 1609.



Arms—Quarterly; first and fourth, *ar.* a cross moline *sa.* for COLVILLE. Second and third, *gu.* a fesse chequy, *ar.* and *sa.* for LINDSAY.

Crest—A hind's head, couped, *ar.*

Supporters—Dexter, a rhinoceros, *ppr.*; Sinister, a Hercules covered with a lion's skin, holding on his exterior shoulder a club, *all ppr.*

Motto—Oublier ne puis.

Town Residence—29, Portland-place.

Seat—Bromwell House, near Bristol.

COMBERMERE, VISCOUNT AND BARON, (Stapleton Cotton,) of Combermere, in the county of Chester; and a baronet; G.C.B., G.C.H., G.T.S., and K.S.F., governor of Sheerness, a general-officer in the army, and colonel of the third regiment of light dragoons. This gallant officer having been actively engaged from his first adoption of a military life in 1791, to the termination of the war in 1814, was elevated to the peerage in consideration of his brilliant services, 17th May, 1814, as *Baron Combermere*, and

advanced to the dignity of Viscount, 2nd December, 1826. His lordship *m.* first, in 1801, Anna-Maria, eldest daughter of Thomas, third Duke of Newcastle; by whom (who *d.* in 1807) he has no surviving issue. He espoused, secondly, 18th June, 1814, Caroline, second daughter of William-Fulke Greville, esq. and has

Wellington, *b.* 24th November, 1818.

Caroline, *b.* in 1815.

Meliora-Emily, *b.* in 1825.

The viscount was appointed, in 1817, governor of Barbadoes, and commander of the forces in the West Indies; and subsequently, commander-in-chief in India, from which he has retired. His lordship *s.* to the baronetcy at the decease of his father in 1807.

### Lineage.

This family has been seated at Combermere, in Cheshire, since the reign of Henry VIII.; and it is supposed to have been of Saxon descent.

Sir GEORGE COTTON, *esquire* of the body to King Henry VIII. seated himself at Combermere, (formerly an abbey of Benedictine Monks, founded in 1133) in that monarch's reign. Sir George was likewise vice-chamberlain of the household to Prince EDWARD, and a member of the privy-council. He *m.* Mary, daughter of John Onley, esq. of Catesby, in the county of Northampton, and was *s.* by his only son,

RICHARD COTTON, esq. of Combermere, who *m.* first, Mary, daughter of Sir Arthur Mainwaring, of Ightfield, by whom he had two sons and a daughter. He *m.* twice afterwards, and had other children; he was *s.* by his eldest son,

GEORGE COTTON, esq. This gentleman *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir George Bromley, chief-justice of Chester, and was *s.* by his son,

THOMAS COTTON, esq. who espoused first Frances, daughter of Robert Viscount Kilmurry, by whom he had one son GEORGE, who predeceased him, leaving no surviving issue. He *m.* secondly Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Sir George Calveley, of Lea, in the county of Cheshire, and was *s.* by his son,

1. Sir ROBERT COTTON, of Combermere, who received the honour of knighthood, at the restoration; and was created a baronet, 29th March, 1677. Sir Robert represented the county of Chester in parliament for nearly forty years. He *m.* Hester, daughter of Sir Thomas Salusbury, bart. and had with other issue,

Hugh Calveley, who *m.* Mary, only daughter and heiress of Sir William Russel, baronet, and dying before his father, left an only daughter

CATHERINE, wife of Thomas Lewis, esq. of St. Pier.

THOMAS, his successor.

He *d.* in 1712, and was *s.* by his only surviving son,

2. Sir THOMAS, who *m.* Philadelphia, daughter

and heiress of Sir Thomas Lynch, knight of Esher, in the county of Surrey; and was *s.* in 1715, by his eldest son,

3. Sir ROBERT SALUSBURY, M.P. for Cheshire. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Lionel, first Earl of Dysart; but dying without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

4. Sir LYNCH-SALUSBURY, M.P. who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Rowland Cotton, esq. of Etwell, in the county of Derby, and dying in 1775, was *s.* by his eldest son,

5. Sir ROBERT-SALUSBURY, M.P. for the county of Chester. This gentleman *m.* in 1767, Frances, daughter and co-heiress of James-Russel Stapleton, esq.; by whom he had issue,

STAPLETON, who *s.* as sixth baronet, and was elevated to the peerage as above.

William, in holy orders.

Lynch, colonel in the army, *d.* in the East Indies, leaving a widow, who *m.* in 1807, lieutenant-general Sir William Lumley, K.C.B.

Frances, *m.* in 1792, to Robert, (late) Viscount Kilmorey, and *d.* in 1818.

Penelope, *d.* in 1786.

Hester-Maria.

Sophia, *m.* to Sir H. M. Mainwaring, bart.

Sir Robert *d.* in 1807.

Creation—Baronet, 29th March, 1677. Baron, 17th May, 1814. Viscount, 2nd December, 1826.



*Arms*—A chev. between three hanks of cotton, paleways, ar. in chief, pendent from a ribbon gu. a representation of the medal presented to his lordship after the battle of Salamanca.

*Crest*—A falcon ppr. wings expanded, belled or, holding in the dexter claw a belt az. buckled of the second.

*Crest of augmentation*, upon a mount vert, a soldier of the third regiment of light dragoons, mounted, all ppr. in the attitude of charging the enemy; and over this crest, in an escrol az. the word SALAMANCA, in letters of gold.

*Supporters*—Two falcons wings expanded and endorsed ppr. belled or, fessed gu. murally gorged of the last.

*Motto*—In utraque fortuna paratus.

*Seat*—Combermere, Cheshire.

CONGREVE, Sir WILLIAM, baronet, of Walton, in the county of Stafford; *s.* to

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the title, as third baronet, at the decease of his father, 16th May, 1828.

### Lineage.

1. LIEUTENANT-GENERAL WILLIAM CONGREVE, (of an old Staffordshire family) having filled the situation of comptroller of the royal laboratory and superintendent of military machines, was created a baronet 7th December, 1812. By his wife, Miss Elmston, he had issue,

WILLIAM, his successor.

THOMAS-RALPH, lieutenant-colonel in the army.

Anne-Catherine-Penelope, m. to John Schneider, esq. of Southgate.

Charlotte, m. to Colonel Maclean, of the royal artillery.

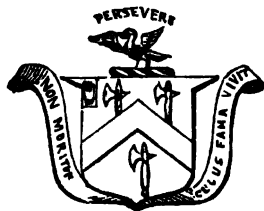
By his second, Julia-Elizabeth, the widow of General Eyre, and daughter and co-heiress of Daniel Olivier, esq. of Blackheath, he left no child. Sir William d. 30th April, 1814, and was s. by his elder son,

2. SIR WILLIAM, as well in his official employments as in the baronetcy. This gentleman was the inventor of the rocket system, which bears his name, and which, under his superintendence, has been incorporated in the military and naval tactics of the country. For the important services rendered by those rockets at the memorable battle of Leipsic, the baronet was presented, by the Emperor Alexander, with the Russian order of St. Anne. Sir William m. in December, 1824, Isabella, relict of Henry-Nisbett M'Evoy, esq. by whom he had, with a daughter,

WILLIAM, present baronet.

He d. in 1892.

Creation—7th December, 1812.



Arms—Sa., a chev. between three battle-axes, ar.

Crest—A falcon, wings expanded ppr. over it the motto, "PERSEVERE."

Motto—Non moritur cujus fama vivit.

CONSTABLE, SIR THOMAS-ASTON, baronet, of Tixall, in the county of Stafford; b. 8th May, 1806; s. to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 25th February, 1823; m. 27th September, 1827, Mary-Anne, daughter of Charles Chichester,

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esq. of Calverleigh Court, in the county of Devon, and has an only son,

FREDERICK-AUGUSTUS-TALBOT, b. 30th June, 1828.

### Lineage.

This is a branch of the noble and ancient house of Clifford, Lords Clifford, of Chudleigh, springing from

THE HON. THOMAS CLIFFORD, b. 22nd August, 1732, fourth son of Hugh, fourth baron. This gentleman m. Barbara, youngest daughter and co-heiress of James, Lord Asten, of Forfar, and his wife, Lady Barbara Talbot, daughter of George, Earl of Shrewsbury, and had issue,

THOMAS-HUGH, of whom presently.

Henry, b. 2nd March, 1708; m. 21st January, 1813, Anne-Theresa, youngest daughter of Edward Ferrers, esq., and d. the following April.

Arthur, b. in 1777, m. Elizabeth-Matilda, daughter of Donald Macdonald, esq., and d. in 1830.

George-Lambert, b. in 1779; m. Mary, daughter of Walter Hill Coyney, esq., and has issue.

Mary, m. to Sir Charles Wolsley, bart., and d. in 1811.

Anne.

Lucy-Bridget, m. to Thomas Weld, esq. of Lulworth Castle, (present Cardinal Weld) and d. in 1815.

Constantia.

The eldest son,

1. THOMAS-HUGH CLIFFORD, esq. of Tixall, in the county of Stafford, was created a baronet, 27th December, 1814, at the special desire of Louis XVIII. King of France. Sir Thomas m. in 1791, Mary-Macdonald, second daughter of John Chichester, esq. of Arlington, in the county of Devon; by whom (who d. in 1825), he had issue,

THOMAS-ASTON, present baronet.

Mary-Barbara, m. in 1826, to Lieut. Col. Charles Chichester.

Mary-Isabella, m. in 1827, to Reymond Arundel, esq. of Kenilworth, Warwickshire.

Sir Thomas assumed, by royal permission, in 1821, the surname and arms of "Constable" only. (His great aunts, the Honorable Elizabeth and Emy Clifford, both married into the Constable family; the former, with William Constable, Lord Viscount Dunbar; and the latter with his lordship's heir, Cuthbert Tonstall, esq. who assumed the name of Constable, of Burton Constable, in the county of York.)

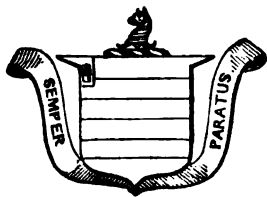
Creation—27th December, 1814.

Arms—Quarterly, first and fourth, barry of six, or and az., for CONSTABLE; second and third, chequy, or and az. a fesse gu. for CLIFFORD.

Crests—First, CONSTABLE; a dragon's head ar. charged with three bars gu. on each as many masles, or. Second, CLIFFORD; out of a ducal coronet, or, a wivern rising gu. Third, from behind a body of dark clouds, a sun rising, from the rays, issuant in chief, a lily of France, all

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ppr., surmounted by an escroll, inscribed, "Surget post nubila Phœbus."



*Motto*—Semper paratus.

*Seat*—Tixall Hall, Staffordshire.

CONWAY AND KILLULTAGH, BARON, of the county of Antrim. (See Marquess of Hertford.)

CONYNTHAM, MARQUESS, (Henry Conyngham,) Earl Conyngham, Earl of Mount Charles; Viscount Slane, Conyngham and Mount Charles; and Baron Conyngham in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Minister, of Minster Abbey, in the county of Kent, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; K.P.; a general-officer in the army, custos rotulorum of the county of Clare, *b.* 26th December, 1766; succeeded to the barony of Conyngham upon the decease of his father, 22nd May, 1787; created Viscount Conyngham, of Mount Charles, 6th December, 1789; Earl Conyngham, and Viscount Mount Charles, 5th November, 1797; Earl of Mount Charles, Viscount Slane, Marquess Conyngham, 22nd January, 1816. His lordship obtained the barony of the empire by patent of creation, 17th June, 1821. He *m.* 5th July, 1794, Elizabeth, daughter of the late Joseph Denison, esq. one of the most eminent and opulent merchants of London, by whom he has had issue,

HENRY JOSEPH, *Earl of Mount Charles*; *b.* 6th April, 1795; *d.* unmarried, in 1825.

FRANCIS-NATHANIEL, *Earl of Mount Charles*, M.P.; *b.* 11th June, 1797; *m.* 23rd April, 1824, Jane, daughter of the Marquess of Anglesey, and has issue,

GEORGE-HENRY, *Viscount Slane*, *b.* 3rd February, 1825.

Jane, *b.* 1st June, 1826.

Elizabeth-Georgiana, *b.* in June, 1829.

— (a daughter), *b.* in July, 1831.

Albert-Denison, *b.* in 1805; secretary of legation at the court of Berlin.

Elizabeth-Henrietta, *m.* to Lord Strathaven. Harriet-Maria.

The Marquess sits in parliament as one of the representative peers of Ireland, being

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elected prior to obtaining the barony of Minister.

## Lineage.

The family of Conyngham is originally of Scottish descent, and of very great antiquity in that kingdom.

WILLIAM CONYNTHAM, Bishop of Argyll, in 1530, left a son,

WILLIAM CONYNTHAM, of Conyngham-head, who had two sons,—WILLIAM, who *s.* at Conyngham-head, and was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, and

ALEXANDER CONYNTHAM, who, entering into holy orders, and removing into Ireland, was appointed, in 1611, the first protestant minister of Enver and Killymard, in the county of Donegal, and advanced to the deanery of Raphoe, upon the removal of Dean Adair to the bishoprick of Killaloe, in May, 1630. Dean Conyngham settled at Mount Charles, in the county of Donegal, which estate he held by lease from the Earl of Annandale; and *m.* Marian, daughter of John Murray, esq. of Broughton, by whom he had twenty-seven children, of which four sons and five daughters survived infancy. He *d.* in 1660, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

SIR ALBERT CONYNTHAM, *knt.*, who was appointed, in 1660, lieutenant-general of the Ordnance in Ireland. This officer fought on the side of William, at the Boyne, Limerick, &c., and fell in a rencounter with the Rapparees, near Coloneo, in the county of Sligo. He *m.* Mary, daughter of Robert Leslie, Bishop of Raphoe, and was *s.* by his only surviving son,

HENRY CONYNTHAM, M.P. for the county of Donegal: also a military officer, and captain in Lord Mountjoy's regiment. When James desired his army to shift for itself, Captain Conyngham prevailed upon five hundred of his regiment to remain united, and with them offered his services to King William. He became, subsequently, a major-general, and fell in 1705–6, at St. Estevans, in Spain. He *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir John Williams, bart. of Minster Court, in the county of Kent, and widow of Charles, Lord Shelburne, by whom he got a very considerable property, and had issue,

1. WILLIAM.

2. Henry.

3. Mary, *m.* to the Right Hon. Francis Burton, of Buncraggy, in the county of Clare, M.P., and had issue,

FRANCIS-PIERPOINT, who *s.* his uncle in the peerage.

William, M.P., teller of the exchequer, and a privy-councillor in Ireland. This gentleman inheriting, at the decease of his uncle, Henry, Earl Conyngham, the family estates in the county of Donegal, and of Slane, in the county of Meath, assumed the name and arms of CONYNTHAM.

General Conyngham was *s.* by his elder son,

WILLIAM CONYNTHAM, esq. of Slane (an estate forfeited in 1641, by Lord Slane), who was *s.* at

his decease, in 1738, in all his estates, by his only brother,

THE RIGHT HON. HENRY CONYNNGHAM, captain of horse on the Irish establishment, and M. P. from 1727, until elevated to the peerage of Ireland, by the title of *Baron Conyngham, of Mount Charles, in the county of Donegal*, 3rd Oct. 1753. His lordship was created *Viscount Conyngham*, 20th July, 1756; and *Earl and Baron Conyngham*, 19th December, 1780; the barony to descend, in case of failure of issue, to his nephew, Francis-Pierpoint Burton, of Buncraggy, in the county of Clare, esq., M. P. for that county in 1761. His lordship *m.* in 1774, Ellen, only daughter and heiress of Solomon Merret, esq., but dying *s. p.* 3rd April, 1781, all his honors became extinct, except the barony of Conyngham, which devolved, according to the patent, upon the above-mentioned

FRANCIS-PIERPONT BURTON,\* as second baron. His lordship *m.* 19th March, 1750, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the Right Hon. Nathaniel Clements, and sister of Robert, Earl of Leitrim, by whom (who *d.* in 1814) he had issue,

HENRY, present marquess.

Francis-Nathaniel (Sir), G. C. H., lieutenant-governor of Canada, and colonel of the Clare militia: twin with the marquess; *m.* in 1801, Valentina-Letitia, second daughter of Nicholas, first Lord Cloncurry, and has issue,

1. WILLIAM, of the third foot-guards.

2 Henry.

Catherine, *m.* to the Rev. Mr. Fermor, and *d.* —

Ellena, *m.* to Stewart Weldon, esq.  
Henrietta.

#### \* FAMILY OF BURTON.

The family was seated for ages, prior to the year 1400, in the county of York; and William Burton, in his Commentary on the Itinerary of Antoninus, tells us, "That the Burtons were a family some time, for no ordinary relations, not to be mentioned in this place, very gracious with the several princes of the House of York; and we have yet some memories, that Sir Edward Burton, *knt.* served that side in fourteen set battles."

EDWARD BURTON, for his good services and great fidelity to the house of York, was made a knight-banneret by King Edward IV., after the battle of St. Albans, in 1400. Sir Edward afterwards settled at Longnor, in the county of Salop, where he was *s.* by his son,

SIR ROBERT BURTON, *knt.*, of Longnor, from whom we pass to his descendant,

FRANCIS BURTON, nephew of Thomas Burton, esq. of Longnor, which Francis emigrated to Ireland, in 1610, with his brother Thomas, and settled at Ballyea, in the county of Clare. He *d.* without issue, and was *s.* by his brother,

THOMAS BURTON, esq. of Buncraggy, in the county of Clare, who was *s.* in 1657, by his only son,

His lordship, upon inheriting the titles and estates of his uncle, assumed the surname and arms of "Conyngham." He *d.* 22nd May, 1787.

*Creations*—Baron, 19th December, 1780. Viscount, 6th December, 1780. Earl and Viscount, 5th November, 1797. Marquess, &c., 22nd Jan. 1816. Irish honors—Barony (United Kingdom), 17th June, 1821.



*Arms*—Ar., a shakefork, between three mullets, sa.

*Crest*—A unicorn's head, erased, ar., armed and maned, or.

*Supporters*—DEXTER; a horse ar., maned, hooved, and charged on the breast with an eagle, displayed, or; SINISTER, a buck, ppr. attired, unguled, and charged on the breast with a griffin's head, erased, or.

*Motto*—Over, fork over.

*Town Residence*—5, Hamilton-place.

*Seats*—Mount Charles, Donegal; and Slane Castle, in the county of Meath, Ireland.

COOKE, SIR WILLIAM-BRYAN, baronet, of Wheatley-Hall, in the county of York; *b.* 3rd March, 1782; inherited the

SAMUEL BURTON, esq. of Buncraggy. This gentleman *m.* Margery, daughter of — Harris, esq. and had issue,

FRANCIS, his successor.

Charles, *m.* Mary, daughter of Walter Hickman, esq., and *d. s. p.*

Benjamin, a banker and alderman of Dublin, lord-mayor in 1706, and M. P. for that city; *d.* in 1728, leaving, with other issue,

CHARLES, alderman of Dublin; created a baronet in 1758.

Mr. Burton was *s.* by his eldest son,

FRANCIS BURTON, esq. of Buncraggy, usher of the court of chancery in Ireland, and M. P. This gentleman *m.* Alice, daughter of Thomas Tilson, esq. clerk of the house of commons, and dying in 1714, was *s.* by his eldest son,

FRANCIS BURTON, esq. of Buncraggy, M. P. for the county of Clare in 1727, and a privy-councillor in Ireland. He espoused Mary, youngest daughter of Lieut.-Gen. Henry Conyngham, of Slane; and dying in 1743, left two sons, of whom the elder,

FRANCIS-PIERPONT-BURTON, succeeded to the Conyngham estates, and to the BARONY OF CONYNNGHAM, as stated above.

title, as eighth baronet, at the decease of his father, 2nd June, 1823; *m.* 8th April, 1823, Isabella-Cecilia-Viviana, youngest daughter of the late Sir William Middleton, bart. of Belsay Castle, in the county of Northumberland, by whom he has issue,

1. WILLIAM-RIDLEY-CHARLES, *b.* 5th October, 1827.
2. Louisa-Janetta.      3. Isabella-Cecilia.

### Lineage.

The immediate ancestor of this family was EDWARD COOKE, esq. mayor of Doncaster, in 1504, 1505, (remarkable for being the year when shillings were first coined in England,) 1506, 1507, and 1508. This gentleman had two sons;—Lawrence, last prior of Doncaster, who *d.* 1540; and

WILLIAM, great-grandfather of

1. GEORGE COOKE, esq. (eldest surviving son of Bryan Cooke, esq. of Sandal, in the county of York,) who, in consideration of his own and his father's loyalty and sufferings, during the civil war, was created a baronet 10th May, 1661, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his heirs general. Sir George *d.* unmarried, and was *s.* by his brother,

2. SIR HENRY, who *m.* Diana, sister of Charles Butler, esq. of Coats, in Lincolnshire, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

3. SIR GEORGE, M.P.; this gentleman *m.* Catherine, daughter of Sir Godfrey Copley, bart.; by whom he had seven sons and two daughters; and dying 18th October, 1732, was *s.* by his eldest son,

4. SIR BRYAN, M.P. who *m.* Priscilla, daughter and co-heiress of Robert Squire, esq. M.P. by whom he had two sons and three daughters. He *d.* in February, 1734, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

5. SIR GEORGE, (high-sheriff for Yorkshire in 1739), who *m.* Catherine, daughter and co-heiress of John Sunderland, esq. of Doncaster, by whom he left two daughters, to whom his estates passed, while the baronetcy devolved upon his brother,

6. SIR BRYAN, who *m.* Mary, daughter of Colonel Foley, and dying in 1769, was *s.* by his only son,

7. SIR GEORGE, of Wheatley-Hall. This gentleman *m.* in 1770, Frances, daughter of Sir John-Lambert Middleton, bart. of Belsay Castle, in the county of Northumberland, by whom he had issue,

George-Augustus, *m.* in 1807, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Charles Melish, esq. of Blythe, in the county of Notts, and *d. s. p.* in 1808.

WILLIAM-BRYAN, an officer in the foot-guards, the present baronet.

Frances, *m.* to the Rev. John Ramsden.

Harriet, *m.* to John Cooke, jun. esq. of Bedford-square.

Charlotte, *m.* to Bryan Cooke, esq. of Owston, who *d. s. p.* in 1821.

Louisa-Lucy, *m.* to her cousin, Sir Charles Monk, (late Middleton,) bart. and *d.* in 1824.

Georgiana, *m.* to George Eyre, esq.

Sir George *m.* secondly, Mrs. Hewett, relict of Thomas Hewett, esq. and daughter of James Farrer, esq. Sir George was colonel of the third battalion of the West-York militia. He *d.* in 1823.

Creation—10th May, 1661.



*Arms*—Or, a chev. gu. between two lions passant guardant sa.

*Crest*—Out of a mural crown, ar. a demi-lion guardant issuant sa. gorged with a ducal coronet, or.

*Seat*—Wheatley-Hall, Doncaster, Yorkshire.

COOPER, THE REV. SIR WILLIAM-HENRY, baronet, of Gorgar; *b.* 29th May, 1766; *m.* 21st May, 1797, Isabella-Bell, only daughter of Moses Franks, esq. of Teddington, in the county of Middlesex, by whom he has issue,

WILLIAM-HENRY, *b.* 24th March, 1788; *m.* 18th April, 1827, Anne, eldest daughter of Charles-Kemeys-Kemeys Tynte, esq. M.P. of Halswell House, in the county of Somerset.

Mary-Anne, *m.* 27th July, 1806, to Sir John-Courtenay Honywood, bart.

Elizabeth, *m.* 21st October, 1818, to George-Augustus-Frederick Dawkins, esq. who *d.* without issue, 14th November, 1821.

Sir William succeeded to the title, as fourth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 31st July, 1801.

### Lineage.

ADAM COOPER, OF GORGAR, esq. *m.* Isabella, daughter of James Darniston, esq. of Cowgrain, and was *s.* at his decease by his only son,

1. JOHN COOPER, esq. who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, with remainder to his issue male, in 1638. Sir John *m.* Christian, daughter of Robert Skene esq. of Halliards, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR JOHN: at whose decease, towards the close of the seventeenth century, without male issue, the title became dormant, and so remained until revived by his great-grandnephew, 1st August, 1775.



3. **SIR GREY**, (great-great-grandson of the first baronet, through his second son, the Rev. James Cooper, and son and heir of William Cooper, M.D. who d. in 1756.) This gentleman represented the city of Rochester in parliament in 1766, and was distinguished as a zealous adherent of the Marquess of Rockingham. When that nobleman attained office, Sir Grey (then Mr.) Cooper was nominated secretary of the treasury; which office he continued to hold during the subsequent administration of the Duke of Grafton and Lord North. In 1783, he was appointed one of the commissioners of the treasury; and, in April, 1796, sworn a member of the privy-council. Sir Grey m. first, in 1753, Miss Grey, sister to Sir Henry Grey, of Howick, bart. by whom he had no issue; and, secondly, in 1762, Miss Kennedy, of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, by whom he had two sons and two daughters. Sir Grey d. in 1801, and was s. by his elder son,

WILLIAM HENRY, present baronet.

*Creation*—1638.



*Arms*—Ar. a chev. gu. charged with another erm. between three laurel-leaves, slipped, vert.

*Crest*—A hand, holding two branches of laurel meeting at the top, ppr.

*Motto*—Virtute.

*Residence*—Worlington House, Suffolk.

**COOPER, SIR ASTLEY-PASTON**, baronet, of Gadesbridge, in the county of Hertford; b. 23rd August, 1768; m. first, 12th December, 1792, Anne, daughter of Thomas Cocks, esq. by whom (who d. in June, 1827) he has no issue; and secondly, 5th July, 1828, Catherine, daughter of the late John Jones, esq. of Derry Ormand Park, in the county of Cardigan. Sir Astley was created a baronet 27th July, 1821, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his nephew, Astley-Paston Cooper, esq. (who m. in 1821, Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of William Rickford, esq. M.P. for Aylesbury, and has issue, three sons.)

#### Lineage.

The Coopers have been long established in the county of Norfolk, and been allied to many of its oldest families, viz. the Pastons, the Bransbys, the Jermyns, and the Redes.

**THE REV. SAMUEL COOPER**, D.D. rector of Great Yarmouth, Yelverton, and Morley, m. Maria, daughter and heiress of James Bransby, of Shottisham, county of Norfolk, esq. by Anna-Maria, daughter and eventually heiress of James Paston, of Harleston, esq. The Rev. Dr. Cooper d. in 1800, leaving issue, five sons,

1. Robert Bransby, M.P. for Gloucester, b. 21st Feb. 1762; m. in 1784, Anne, daughter and heiress of William Purnell, esq. and had issue,

1. Bransby Purnell, who, in 1805, assumed by royal sign manual the names and arms of Purnell only, in pursuance of the will of his maternal grandfather, whose estates he inherited; m. in 1813, Charlotte, daughter of N. Clifford, of Frampton Court, esq. and has issue.

2. Robert Jermyn, in holy orders, b. 2nd November, 1795; m. Arabella, daughter of E. Wallington, esq. and has issue.

3. Charlotte-Janetta.

4. Henrietta-Maria.

11. Samuel Lovick, rector of Ingoldesthorpe and Barton, county of Norfolk, b. 4th February, 1700; m. in 1783, Sarah, daughter and eventually heiress of Robert Rede, esq. of Letheringham Abbey, Suffolk, and by her had issue,

1. Bransby-Blake, m. Mary-Anne, only daughter of John Keeling, esq. of Broxbourne, county of Herts, and has issue three sons and three daughters.

2. Robert-Rede-Rede, assumed in 1822, by royal sign manual, the name and arms of Rede only, in pursuance of the will of his maternal uncle, whose estates he inherited; m. in 1821, Louisa, daughter and co-heiress of Joseph Henshaw, esq. of Moor Park, Essex, and has issue.

3. ASTLEY-PASTON, b. 13th January, 1798, on whom the title is entailed by limit of patent; m. as above.

4. Thomas Lovick, b. 3rd September, 1802, in holy orders, rector of Ingoldesthorpe, &c., Norfolk; m. 18th June, 1821, Emily-Mary Swinfen, only daughter of Sir Thomas Durrant, bart. of Scottow, in the county of Norfolk.

5. Maria, m. to Henry-Loftus Reade, of Rathbeg, county of Wexford, esq.

6. Marianne-Charlotte, m. to Lewis Younge, esq.

7. Anne, m. to Aston Key, esq.

8. Fanny, m. to Frederick Tyrrel, esq.

111. William-Howman, b. in 1764; unmarried.

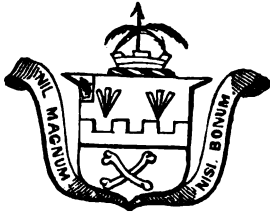
1v. Beauchamp-Newton, m. in 1796, Frances, heiress of the Rev. James Adams, of Jenkins, county of Essex, and d. in 1802, leaving issue,

1. Charles-Beauchamp, b. in Jan. 1802.

2. Frances-Matilda.

v. ASTLEY-PASTON, created a BARONET as above.

*Creation*—27th July, 1821.



*Arms*—Vert. a chev. embattled or, between two pheons in chief, points downwards, and in base two human thigh bones in saltier ar.

*Crest*—On a wreath, out of a mural crown ar. a spear erect ppr. tasselled gu. surmounted by two palm branches in saltier vert.

*Motto*—Nil magnum nisi bonum.

*Town Residence*—Conduit-street, Bond-street.

*Seat*—Gadesbridge Park, Hemel-Hempstead, Herts.

**COOTE, SIR CHARLES-HENRY**, baronet, of Ballyfin, in the Queen's county, inherited the title at the decease of his father; *m.* Miss — Whaley, daughter of John Whaley, esq. of Whaley Abbey, in the county of Wicklow, and granddaughter, maternally, of John, Earl of Clanwilliam, and has issue. Sir Charles is member of parliament for the Queen's county, and premier baronet of Ireland.

#### *Lineage.*

This is the parent stock, whence the noble houses of Coote, Earls of Mountrath, and Coote, Lords Castle Coote, both now extinct, emanated. The first settler in Ireland, and descended from a very ancient English family, was

1. **SIR CHARLES COOTE**, knt. of Castle Cuffe, in the Queen's county, who served in the wars against O'Neill, Earl of Tyrone, in the rank of captain of one hundred foot, with which he was at the siege of Kingsale; and was appointed by King James I. (in consequence of the good and faithful services he had rendered to Queen Elizabeth,) provost-marshal of the province of Connaught, for life. In 1620, he was constituted vice-president of the same province; and created 2nd April, in the same year, a **BARONET OF IRELAND**. Sir Charles distinguished himself, subsequently, by many gallant exploits; but the most celebrated was the relief of Birr, in 1642. Being despatched, with Sir Thomas Lucas, and six troops of horse, to relieve that garrison, and some other fortresses, it was necessary, in order to effect the object, to pass the causeway, broken by the rebels, who had thrown up a ditch at the end of it; Sir Charles, leading thirty dismounted dragoons, beat the enemy with the

loss of their captain and twenty men; relieved the castles of Birr, Burrass, and Knocknemease; and, having continued almost forty hours on horseback, returned to the camp, with the loss of one man only. This is the surprising passage through Mountrath woods, which justly caused the entailing the title of Mountrath upon his son. Sir Charles *m.* Dorothea, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Hugh Cuffe, esq. of Cuffe's wood, in the county of Cork, and being slain in a sally, to protect the town of Trim, 7th May, 1642, was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR CHARLES**, who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, by the title of Earl of Mountrath, in 1681; and the baronetcy merged in the superior dignity, until the demise of

8. **CHARLES-HENRY**, the seventh earl, without male issue, 1st March, 1802, when the earldom expired; a new barony, that of Castle Coote, which his lordship obtained 29th July, 1800, with special remainder, passed accordingly, and ceased likewise in 1827; while the ancient baronetcy reverted to

9. **SIR CHARLES COOTE**, of Ballyfin, great grandson of the Rev. Chidley Coote, D.D. (the lineal descendant of Chidley Coote, second son of the first baronet,) and son of Chidley Coote, esq. by his second wife, Eliza-Anne, daughter of the Rev. Mr. Carr, of Bath.

*Creation*—2nd April, 1620.



*Arms*—Ar. a chev. sa. between three coots, close, ppr.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a coot, close, ppr.

*Motto*—Vincit veritas.

*Seat*—Ballyfin, in the Queen's county.

**COOTE, SIR CHARLES**, baronet, of Donnybrooke, in the county of Dublin; *s.* to the title upon the demise of his father, Charles, the last Earl of Bellamont, in 1800, and is the second baronet.

#### *Lineage.*

Charles Coote, last Earl of Bellamont, an Irish peer, having no legitimate male issue, obtained an English baronetcy, 29th April, 1774, with remainder to the present baronet.

*Creation*—29th April, 1774.



*Arms*—Ar., a chev. between three coots within a bordure, wavy.

*Crest*—A coot ppr.

**COPE, SIR JOHN**, baronet, of Bramhill Park, in the county of Hants; and Hanwell, in the county of Oxford, inherited the title, as eleventh baronet, at the decease of his brother, 12th December, 1812; *m.* and has issue.

### Lineage.

In very remote periods this family possessed considerable estates in Northamptonshire; from whence the descendants of John Cope, the first upon record, extended themselves into Oxfordshire, Berkshire, Hampshire, Staffordshire, Gloucestershire, and Ireland. This John Cope was a very important person in the reigns of Richard II. and Henry IV. In the latter he represented the county of Northampton in parliament, and was twice high-sheriff of the same shire. He *d.* in the 2nd HENRY V. and from him lineally descended

**SIR ANTHONY COPE**, *knt.* Vice-chamberlain to Queen Catherine-Parr, and one of the most learned men of the period in which he lived. He was made a knight of the carpet in the 1st Edward VI. and served the office of sheriff for Oxfordshire and Berks the next year. He *m.* Jane, daughter of Matthew Crew, of Pynne, and had, with a daughter, Anne, *m.* to Sir Kenelon Digby, *knt.* an only son, his successor in 1551.

**EDWARD COPE**, *esq.* of Hanwell, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Walter Mohun, *esq.* of Wollaston, in Northamptonshire, and had, besides daughters,

**ANTHONY**, of whom presently.

**Walter** (Sir), of Kensington, master of the court of Wards, temp. King James I., and one of the chamberlains of the exchequer. Sir Walter erected Holland House, at Kensington, and left that and his large property to Henry Rich, Earl of Holland, who had espoused his only daughter **ISABEL**.

Mr. Cope was *s.* by his elder son,

1. **ANTHONY COPE**, of Hanwell, who was created a baronet 29th June, 1611. Sir Anthony was high-sheriff of the county of Oxford, in the 24th and 33rd years of Elizabeth, and representative in parliament for Banbury. He *m.* Fran-

ces, daughter of Sir Rowland Lytton, of Knebworth, Herts, and had issue,

**WILLIAM**, his successor, who received the honor of knighthood from King James I. Anthony, } who both settled in Ireland, and Richard, } were founders of families there. Anne, *m.* to Sir Joan Leigh, ancestor of the Lords Leigh, of Stoneleigh. Elizabeth, *m.* to Sir Richard Cecil, *knt.* Mary, *m.* to Henry Camperdown, *esq.* of Darlington, Devon.

**Sir Anthony d.** in 1615, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **Sir WILLIAM**, M.P. for the county of Oxford, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Sir George Chaworth, *knt.* of Wiverton, Notts, and had, with three daughters, two sons, viz.

**JOHN**, his successor, Jonathan, of Rawton Abbey, ancestor of the Copes of Brewern.\*

He *d.* in 1637, and was *s.* by his elder son,

3. **Sir JOHN**, who *m.* first, Mary, daughter of

### \* COPE OF BREWERN.

**JONATHAN COPE**, *esq.* *m.* Anna, daughter of Sir Hutton Fermor, *knt.* of Easton, and was *s.* by his son,

**JONATHAN COPE**, *esq.* who *m.* Susan, daughter of Sir Thomas Fowle, *knt.* and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**JONATHAN COPE**, *esq.* of Brewern, in the county of Oxford, who was created a baronet, 1st March, 1713. Sir Jonathan *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir Robert Jenkinson, *bart.* and had issue,

**Jonathan**, who predeceased his father, having *m.* first, Lady Arabella-Howard, eldest daughter of Henry, fourth Earl of Carlisle, and leaving by her,

**CHARLES**, who *s.* as second baronet. Arabella, *m.* to J. W. Heneage, *esq.* of Compton House, Wilts.

He *m.* secondly, — daughter of lieutenant-general Francis Leighton, and widow of the Hon. Captain Shaw Cathcart, by whom he had,

**JONATHAN**, who *s.* as fourth baronet.

**Jenny**, *m.* to Charles Pigott, *esq.*

**Anne**, *m.* first to John Cowper, *esq.* and, secondly, to Wade-Toby Caulfeild, *esq.* and, thirdly, to Monsieur de Bolleville.

**Anna**, *m.* to Sir Thomas Whitmore, K.B.

**Henrietta-Maria**.

**Mary**, *m.* to Sir Henry-Banks Jenkinson, *bart.*

**Susan**, *m.* to William, fourth Viscount Chetwynd.

**Sir Jonathan d.** in 1765, and was *s.* by his grandson,

**Sir CHARLES COPE**, second baronet, who *m.* in 1767, Catherine, youngest daughter of Sir Cecil Bishopp, *bart.* and sister of the late Lord de la Zouch, and had issue,

**CHARLES**, his successor.

**Arabella-Diana**, *m.* first, in 1790, John-Fre-

Sir John Walter, *knt.* lord-chief-baron of the exchequer, by whom he had a daughter Anne. He espoused, secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Francis, Earl of Westmorland, by whom he left,

JOHN, his successor.

Elizabeth, *m.* to Thomas Estcourt, *esq.* of Shipton Estcourt, in Gloucestershire.

He was *s.* at his decease by his son,

4. SIR ANTHONY, *M. P.* for the county of Oxford, who *m.* Mary, daughter of Dutton, Lord Gerrard, of Gerrard's Bromley, but dying without issue in 1675, was *s.* by his brother,

5. SIR JOHN, *M. P.* for the county of Oxford. This gentleman *m.* Anne, daughter of Philip Booth, *esq.* and had, with other children,

JOHN, his successor.

Galen, first, an officer in the army, but afterwards a clergyman; *m.* Jane, daughter of Richard Onslow, *esq.* of Drunswicke, in the county of Sussex, and left two sons,

RICHARD, who *s.* as ninth baronet.

William, of Bridgen-place, Kent, *m.* Anne, daughter of Benjamin Greenwood, *esq.* of St. Mary's Cray, and had issue,

1. DENZIL, tenth baronet.

2. JOHN, present baronet.

Sir John *d.* 11th June, 1721, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

6. SIR JOHN; knighted by King William, in the lifetime of his father; *M. P.* for the county of Southampton; *m.* Alice, daughter of Sir Humphrey Monnoux, *bart.* of Wotton, Bedfordshire, and dying in 1749, was *s.* by his elder son,

7. SIR MONNOUX, *M. P.* who *m.* Penelope, daughter of the hon. lieutenant-general Mor-

derick, third Duke of Dorset, and secondly, in 1802, Charles, Earl Whitworth.

Catherine, *m.* to George Gordon, Earl of Aboyne.

Sir Charles *d.* 14th June, 1781, and his widow espoused next year, CHARLES, first Earl of Liverpool. He was *s.* by his son,

SIR CHARLES COPE, third baronet, who died a minor, unmarried, in 1781, when his estates devolved upon his sisters as co-heiress, and the baronetcy passed to his uncle,

SIR JONATHAN COPE, fourth baronet, who *m.* Annabella, only daughter of William Candler, *esq.* (by Mary, only daughter of William Vavasour, *esq.* of Weston Hall, in the county of York,) and granddaughter of the venerable Henry Candler, *D. D.* of Callan Castle, in the county of Kilkenny, Archdeacon of Ossory, by whom he had,

Jonathan, in holy orders, *d.* 10th March, 1814.

Charles, died on board the Hannibal, at Port Royal, 30th September, 1795.

Henry-Thomas, killed at Seringapatam.

Sir Jonathan *d.* 30th December, 1821, when the BARONETCY of Cope of Brewern became EXTINCT.

daunt, and niece of Charles, Earl of Peterborough, and was *s.* by his only surviving son,

8. SIR JOHN MORDAUNT; at whose decease, unmarried, 7th March, 1779, the title reverted to his kinsman,

9. THE REV. SIR RICHARD, prebendary of Durham, (refer to Sir John, the fifth baronet,) at whose decease, without issue, 6th November, 1806, the title devolved upon his nephew,

10. SIR DENZIL, (refer to the fifth baronet,) at whose decease *s. p.* in December, 1812, the title devolved upon his brother, JOHN, present baronet.

Creation—29th June, 1611.



Arms—Ar., on a chev., az., between three roses, gu., a slip, ppr., as many fleurs-de-lis, or.

Crest—On a wreath, a fleur-de-lis, or, a dragon's head issuing from the top thereof, gu.

Motto—Æquo adeste animo.

Seats—Bramhill Park, Hants; Hanwell, Oxfordshire.

COPLEY, SIR JOSEPH, baronet, of Sprothorough, in the county of York; *b.* in 1769; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, at the decease of his brother; *m.* 23rd May, 1799, Lady Cecil Hamilton, youngest daughter of the Hon. and Rev. George Hamilton, canon of Windsor, and granddaughter of James, seventh Earl of Abercorn, (to whom his majesty granted the style and precedence of an earl's daughter in 1789.) Her ladyship was previously the wife of her cousin, John-James, first Marquess of Abercorn, but had been divorced from his lordship in 1798. She *d.* in 1819, leaving issue by Sir Joseph,

JOSEPH-WILLIAM, *m.* 19th November, 1831, to Charlotte, only daughter of Lord Yarborough.

And two daughters.

### Lineage.

This family deduces its descent, maternally, from

ADAM DE COPLEY, who was slain at the siege of York, in 1070: from whom lineally descended GODFREY COPLEY, *esq.* of Sprothorough, who was created a baronet 17th June, 1661. Sir John was *s.* by his eldest son,

**SIR GODFREY**; at whose decease without male issue, the baronetcy expired. Sir Godfrey left, however, an only daughter and heiress,

**CATHERINE CORLEY**, who *m.* Joseph Moyle, esq. second son of Sir Walter Moyle, knt. of Beke, in the county of Cornwall, by whom, with other children, she had a son,

**JOSEPH MOYLE**, esq. who, upon succeeding to the property of Sir Godfrey Copley, his grandfather, assumed, by act of parliament, the surname of Copley only, and was created a baronet on the 15th August, 1778. Sir Joseph *m.* Mary, daughter of John Buller, esq. of Morval, in the county of Cornwall, by whom he had issue,

**LIONEL**, his successor.

**JOSEPH**, present baronet.

**Catherine**, *m.* to John-James, first Marquess of Abercorn, by whom she had James, Viscount Hamilton, father of James, present marquess, and *d.* in 1791.

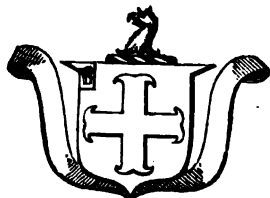
**Juliana**, *m.* to Sir Charles Watson, bart. of Fulmer.

**Anne**, *m.* to Lord Manners, late lord-chancellor of Ireland, and *d.* in 1814.

Sir Joseph *d.* 11th April, 1781, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. Sir **LIONEL**; at whose decease, unmarried, the title devolved upon his brother, **JOSEPH**, the present baronet.

*Creation*—15th August, 1778.



*Arms*—Ar. a cross moline gu.

*Crest*—A griffin's head erased.

*Seat*—Sprotborough, in the county of York.

**CORBET, SIR ANDREW**, baronet, of Moreton Corbet, in the county of Salop, so created, 3rd October, 1808; *b.* in 1766; *m.* 23rd April, 1790, Mary, eldest daughter of Thomas Taylor, esq. of Lymme Hall, in the county of Chester, by whom he has issue,

1. **ANDREW-VINCENT**, *b.* in 1800; *m.* in September, 1820, Rachael, eldest daughter of Colonel Hill, of Hardwick, and has issue.
2. **Richard**.
3. **Vincent-Roger**.

### Lineage.

The family was founded in England by **CORBEAU**, a noble Norman, who accompanied the Conqueror, and with his two sons, Robert and Roger, was employed by Roger de Montgomery, Earl of Shrewsbury and Arundel. Of the earl and his servants, *Ordoricus Vitalis* says, "That the earl was a prudent and moderate man, a

great lover of equity, and of discreet and modest persons, and being freely assisted by the wisdom and courage of the said Corbeau, and his two sons, Roger and Robert, was as glorious amongst the greatest nobles, as any of them all, by keeping the Welsh in awe, and that whole province in peace." At the general survey, Roger the elder son, held twenty-four lordships in Shropshire, and Robert the younger, fourteen in the same county. Robert had a son, another Robert, Lord of Alcester, in Warwickshire, and two daughters. **SIBIL**, from whom the Herberts, Earls of Pembroke, and Finches, Earls of Winchelsea are descended; and **Alice**, from whom the Earls of Huntingdon derive.

**ROGER**, the elder son of the first Corbeau, left a son,

**WILLIAM DE CORBET**, of Caus Castle and Wattleborough, in the county of Salop, who was father of

**SIR ROBERT DE CORBET**, from a younger son of whom descended Peter Corbet, of Caus Castle, who was summoned to parliament as a baron, temp. Edward I., a title which expired with his son John, third baron. (See *Burke's Extinct Peerage*.)

His eldest son,

**THOMAS CORBET**, was great-grandfather of

**RICHARD CORBET**, esq. who settled at Morton Corbet, which has continued ever since the seat of his descendants. Fourteenth in lineal descent from this Richard, was

**SIR ANDREW CORBET**, knt. of Morton Corbet, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of William Boothby, esq. and left two sons; the elder,

**VINCENT CORBET**, esq. of Morton Corbet, created a baronet in 1641; *m.* Sarah, daughter of Sir Robert Monson, of Carlton, in the county of Lincoln, (who was created, in 1679, Viscountess Corbet for life,) and left at his decease, in 1656,

Sir Vincent, second baronet, with whose son, Sir Vincent, third baronet, the title ceased in 1688.

The younger son of Sir Andrew Corbet,

**RICHARD CORBET**, esq. was of Shrewsbury; but surviving his great nephew, Sir Vincent Corbet, third baronet, who *d.* in 1688, as stated above, *s. p.* succeeded to the family estates, and became of Morton Corbet. This gentleman *m.* Grace, daughter of Sir William Noel, of Kirby Malory, in the county of Leicester; and dying in 1690, was *s.* by his son,

**RICHARD CORBET**, esq. of Morton Corbet, who *m.* Judith, daughter of Sir John Bridgman, bart. of Castle Bromwich, and was *s.* in 1718 by his son,

**ANDREW CORBET**, esq. of Morton Corbet, who *m.* Frances, daughter of William Prynce, esq. by whom he had two sons, and was *s.* in 1757, by the elder,

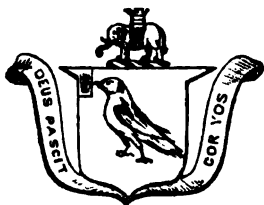
**ANDREW CORBET**, esq. of Morton Corbet; at whose decease, unmarried, in 1796, the estates devolved upon his brother,

**RICHARD-PRYNCE CORBET**, esq. who *m.* Mary, daughter and heiress of John Wickstead, esq. of Wem, in the county of Salop, by whom, (with

one daughter,) he left at his decease, in 1799, an only son,

ANDREW CORBET, esq. created a baronet as above.

*Creation*—3rd October, 1808.



*Arms*—Or, a raven sa.

*Crest*—An elephant with a castle on the back, ppr.

*Motto*—Dens pascit corvos.

*Seats*—Moreton Corbet, Salop; Linalade Bucks.

**CORK AND ORRERY, EARL OF**, (Edmund Boyle), Viscount Dungarvan, Viscount Boyle, of Kinalmeaky, Baron Boyle, of Youghall, Baron of Bandon Bridge, and Baron Broghill, in the peerage of Ireland; and a peer of Great Britain, as Baron Boyle, of Marston, in the county of Somerset; a general-officer in the army; *b.* 21st October, 1767; *s.* to the honors, as eighth earl, upon the demise of his father, in October, 1798; *m.* 9th October, 1795, Isabella-Henrietta, third daughter of William Poyntz, esq. of Midgham House, Berks, by whom he has surviving issue,

CHARLES, *Viscount Dungarvan*, *b.* 6th December, 1800; *m.* 10th March, 1828, Catherine, youngest daughter of William, second Earl of Howth, and has,

1. RICHARD-EDMUND-ST.-LAWRENCE, *b.* 19th April, 1829.

2. William-George, *b.* 12th August, 1830.

3. — (a son), *b.* 25th November, 1831.

John, *b.* in March, 1803, M.P. for the city of Cork.

Robert, *b.* in March, 1809.

Richard-Cavendish-Townshend, *b.* 28th February, 1812.

### Lineage.

The ancestors of this illustrious family had, for many generations, their residence in the county of Hereford, where

LODOWICK BOYLE lived in the reign of Henry III.; and from him descended

LODOWICK BOYLE, of Bidney, founder of the friars, in the city of Hereford, who was living in the time of Henry VI. and had two sons,

John, who succeeded in Herefordshire.

Roger, whose sons were,

1. John, of Hereford.

2. Roger; of whose descendants we are about to treat.

3. Michael; of whose children, Michael was Bishop of Waterford, and *d.* in 1635; Richard was Bishop of Cork and Ross, and afterwards Archbishop of Tuam, and left a son, Michael, who was Archbishop of Armagh, and lord-chancellor of Ireland, and father of Merrough, created Viscount Blesington, a dignity which expired in 1732, with Charles, second viscount.

4. George, *d. s. p.*

RICHARD BOYLE,\* second son of Roger, mentioned above, *b.* in 1566, studied law at the Middle Temple; but, despairing from his scanty means of being able to pursue his studies, embarked for Ireland, as an adventurer, and having obtained, after suffering some persecutions from the local authorities, the favor and protection of Queen Elizabeth, amassed considerable wealth; received the honor of Knighthood, was sworn of the privy-council, and elevated to the peerage of that kingdom, 16th September, 1616, as *Baron Boyle, of Youghall*, and, 10th October, 1620, created *Viscount Dungarvan*, and *EARL OF CORK*. His lordship *m.* first Joan, daughter and co-heir of William Apaley, esq. with whom he acquired an estate of £300 a year, but by whom he had no issue, she *d.* in 1599. He espoused secondly Catherine, daughter of Sir Geoffrey Fenton, knt. principal secretary of state for Ireland, and had (with several daughters) five sons, viz.

1. RICHARD, Lord Dungarvan.

\* From an account of himself, written by this Richard Boyle, afterwards called the **GREAT EARL OF CORK**, he says, "I was born in the City of Canterbury, 3rd October, 1566. After the decease of my father and mother, I being the second son of a younger brother, having been a scholar in Bennets' College, Cambridge, and a student in the Middle Temple, finding my means unable to support me to study the laws in the Inns of Court, put myself into the service of Sir Richard Manwood, knt. lord-chief-baron of her Majesty's court of exchequer, where I served as one of his clerks; and perceiving that my employment would not raise a fortune, I resolved to travel into foreign kingdoms; and to gain learning, knowledge, on experience abroad in the world; and it pleased the Almighty, by his divine providence, to take me, I may say, just as it were by the hand, and lead me into Ireland, where I happily arrived at Dublin on midsummer eve, 23rd June, 1586. . . . all my wealth then was £27 3s. in money, and two tokens which my mother had formerly given me, viz. a diamond ring, which I have ever since, and still do wear, and a bracelet of gold, worth about £10, a taffety doublet cut with and upon taffety, a pair of blacket velvet breeches laced; a new Milan fustian suit laced and cut up taffety; two cloaks, competent linen and necessaries; with my rapier and dagger."

2. **Lewis**, created 28th Feb. 1627, *Baron of Bandon Bridge and Viscount Boyle of Kinalmeaky*, in the peerage of Ireland. His lordship m. Elizabeth, daughter of William, Earl of Denbigh (which lady was created on the restoration of King CHARLES II. Countess of Guildford), but had no issue. He fell at the battle of Liscarroll, in 1642, when his honors passed (agreeably to a special limitation in the patent) to his elder brother, Lord Dungarvan.

3. **ROGER**, b. 1621, elevated to the peerage of Ireland, as *Baron of Broghill*, with remainder to the heir-male of his father, 28th February, 1627. This nobleman had distinguished commands in Ireland, prior to, and under the rule of, Cromwell, and acquired considerable military renown. Contributing eventually, however, to the restoration of the monarchy, his lordship was created, 8th Sept. 1660, **EARL OF ORRERY**, and, in the same year, nominated by patent, lord-president of Munster for life. He d. in 1679, and was s. by his eldest son, (by Margaret, third daughter of Theophilus, second Earl of Suffolk.)

**ROGER**, second Earl of Orrery, who marrying Lady Mary Sackville, daughter of Richard, Earl of Dorset, and dying in 1682, was s. by his eldest son, **LIONEL**, third earl; at whose decease, s. p. in 1703, the honors devolved upon his brother,

**CHARLES**, fourth earl, who was created a peer of Great Britain, 5th September, 1711, as *Baron Boyle, of Marston, in the county of Somerset*. His lordship, m. Elizabeth Cecil, only daughter of John, Earl of Exeter, and dying in 1731, was s. by his only son,

**JOHN**, fifth earl, who s. in 1753, to the **EARLDOM OF CORK**.

4. **FRANCIS**, created *Viscount Shannon* in 1690, an honor which expired, in 1740, with his grandson and successor, Richard, second viscount.

5. **ROBERT**, of Stalbridge, in Dorsetshire, b. at Lismore, 28th January, 1626, the celebrated philosopher, who, ennobled by his own transcendent talents, repeatedly refused the dignities of the state. He d. in 1691.

The earl, who was lord-treasurer of Ireland, d. in September, 1643, and was s. by his eldest son,

**RICHARD**, second earl. His lordship having m. in 1635, Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Henry Clifford, Earl of Cumberland, was created a peer of England, 4th November, 1644, as *Baron Clifford, of Lanesborough, in the county of York*; and on 20th March, 1664, **EARL OF BURLINGTON**; in which honors he was s. at his decease, in 1697, by (the eldest surviving son of Charles, Lord Clifford, by Jane, youngest daughter of William, Duke of Somerset, and great granddaughter of Edward, Duke of Somerset, uncle of King Edward VI.,) his grandson,

P P

**CHARLES**, third Earl of Cork, and second of Burlington, who m. Juliana, daughter and heiress of the Hon. Henry Noel, of Luffenham, in the county of Rutland, second son of Edward, Viscount Cambden, and dying in 1703, was s. by his only son,

**RICHARD**, fourth Earl of Cork, and third of Burlington, K.G. b. 25th April, 1695; m. 21st March, 1720, Dorothy, elder daughter and co-heiress of William, Marquess of Halifax, by whom he had three daughters. His lordship claimed, in 1737, the barony of Clifford, as great-grandson of Lady Elizabeth Clifford, daughter and heiress of Henry, Lord Clifford, and the house of peers acknowledged and confirmed his lordship's right thereto. This nobleman was eminent as a munificent encourager of literature and the fine arts, and as the friend of Pope he will be always remembered. He d. in 1733, and leaving an only surviving daughter, Charlotte, who had m. William, fourth Duke of Devonshire, and inherited the barony of Clifford, all his lordship's other English honors ceased, while those of Ireland devolved upon his kinsman,

**JOHN**, fifth Earl of Orrery, in Ireland; and **Baron Boyle, of Marston**, in Great Britain; as fifth Earl of Cork, (refer to Roger, third son of the first Earl of Cork.) His lordship m. in 1728, Lady Henrietta Hamilton, youngest daughter of George, Earl of Orkney, by whom he had issue, Charles, Viscount Dungarvan, (who d. in his father's life-time, leaving by his wife Susanna, daughter of Henry Hoar, esq. of Stourhead, an only child Henrietta, m. to the Right Hon. John O'Neal, of Shane's Castle,) Hamilton, and other children. The earl m. secondly, Margaret, daughter and sole heiress of John Hamilton, esq. of Caledon, in the county of Tyrone, by whom he had Edmund, and two daughters. His lordship distinguished himself in the republic of letters, and was the friend of Swift. He d. 16th Nov. 1762, and was s. by his eldest surviving son,

**HAMILTON**, sixth earl, who d. unmarried, in little more than a year after his father, (17th January, 1764;) when the honors devolved upon his brother,

**EDMOND**, seventh earl, b. in 1742; m. 25th August, 1764, Anne, daughter of Kelland Courtenay, esq. of Pemsford in the county of Devon, (which marriage was dissolved in 1782,) by whom he had issue,

**EDMOND**, present peer.

**Courtenay**, rear admiral of the blue, b. in 1770, m. in 1799, Caroline-Amelia, daughter of the late William Poynts, esq. of Mids-ham Hall, in the county of Berks, and has issue,

1. **COURTENAY-WILLIAM**, R.N.

2. **Charles**. 3. **Cavendish**.

4. **Carolina**. 5. **Mary**.

**Lucy-Isabella**, m. in 1792, to the Honorable and Rev. George Bridgeman, and d. in 1801. The earl m. secondly, 17th January, 1786, Mary, youngest daughter of John, first Viscount Galway. His lordship d. in October, 1798.

*Creations*—**Baron Boyle, of Younghall**, 16th

## COR

September, 1616. Earl of Cork, and Viscount Dungarvan, 10th October, 1620. Baron of Broghill, Baron of Bandon Bridge, and Viscount Boyle, of Kinalmeaky, 28th February, 1627. Earl of Orrery, 5th September, 1660, all in the peerage of Ireland. Baron Boyle, of Marston, in the county of Somerset, 6th September, 1711, in the peerage of Great Britain.



*Arms*—Per bend, crenellée, ar. and gu.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, a lion's head, erased, per pale, crenellée, ar. and gu.

*Supporters*—Two lions, per pale, crenellée, the DEXTER gu. and ar.; SINISTER ar. and gu.

*Motto*—Honor virtutis præmium.

*Town Residence*—3, Hamilton-place.

*Seat*—Marston House, near Frome, Somersetshire.

**CORNEWALL, SIR GEORGE**, baronet, of London; *b.* 16th January, 1774; *m.* 26th September, 1815, Jane, only daughter of William Naper, esq. and niece of James, first Lord Sherborne, by whom he has issue,

1. *VELTERS*, *b.* 20th February, 1824.

2. Catherine-Elizabeth. 3. Mary-Jane.

4. Frances-Anne. 5. Another daughter.

6. Another daughter.

Sir George *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 26th September, 1819.

### Lineage.

1. **GEORGE AMYAND**, esq. (second son of Claudius Amyand, esq. principal surgeon, and surgeon in ordinary, to King George II.,) an eminent merchant of London, M.P., one of the assistants of the Russia Company, and an East India director, was created a baronet, 4th August, 1764. Sir George *m.* Maria, daughter of John-Abraham Korteen, esq. a merchant of Hamburg, by whom he had two sons and two daughters. He *d.* in 1766, and was *s.* by his elder son,

2. **SIR GEORGE**, who, upon his marriage, in 1711, with Catherine, only daughter and heiress of Velters Cornewall, esq. of Moccas Court, Herefordshire, (whose progenitor was Richard de Cornewall, illegitimate son of Richard, Earl of Cornwall, King of the Romans in 1236, se-

## COR

cond son of King John, of England,) assumed the surname and arms of "CORNEWALL." By this lady he had issue,

GEORGE, present baronet.

Charles, *b.* in 1785, *d.* in 1822.

Catherine-Frances, *m.* to Samuel Peploe, esq. of Garnstone, Herefordshire.

Ann-Maria.

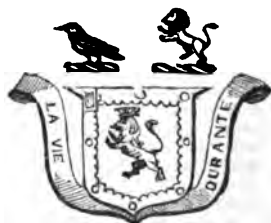
Frances-Elizabeth, *m.* to Henry, present and fourteenth Viscount Hereford.

Harriett; *m.* to The Right Honorable Thomas Frankland Lewis, of Harpton Court, in the county of Radnor.

Caroline, *m.* to the late Sir William-Duff Gordon, baronet.

Sir George, as his father-in-law did, represented the county of Hereford for several years in parliament. He *d.* in 1814.

*Creation*—4th August, 1764.



*Arms*—A lion rampant gu. ducally crowned or, within a bordure engr. sa. bezantée.

*Crests*—First a Cornish chough ppr., and second, a demi-lion, rampant gules, ducally crowned or.

*Motto*—La vie durante.

*Seat*—Moccas Court, Herefordshire.

**CORNWALLIS, EARL**, (James Mann.) Viscount Brome, Baron Cornwallis, of Eye, in the county of Suffolk, and a baronet; *b.* 20th September, 1778; *m.* first, in December, 1804, Maria-Isabella, only daughter of Francis Dickens, esq. by whom (who *d.* in 1823) he has issue,

CHARLES-JAMES, Viscount Brome, *b.* 17th December, 1813.

Jemima-Isabella, *m.* 12th of April, 1823, to Charles-Wykeham Martin, esq. eldest son of Fiennes-Wykeham Martin, esq. of Leeds Castle.

His lordship espoused, secondly, 22nd January, 1829, Miss Laura Hayes. He succeeded to the honors, as fifth earl, upon the demise of his father, 20th January, 1824, having previously (in 1814) assumed, by royal permission, his mother's maiden name of "Mann" alone.

### Lineage.

William Harvey, esq., Clarencieux king of



arms, in his visitation of the county of Suffolk, made in 1561, states, that

THOMAS CORNWALLIS, of London, merchant, the first of the family mentioned in the visitation, was a younger brother, and born in Ireland, and that he bore the same arms which the house, at the time of the visitation, used. This Thomas was sheriff of London in 1378. He *d.* in 1384, and was *s.* by his son,

JOHN CORNWALLIS, who added to his patrimony the lordships of *Broome* and *Ockley*, with other lands, in the county of Suffolk, by marriage with Philippe, daughter and one of the heirs of Robert Bucton. This John represented the county of Suffolk in parliament in the reign of Richard II. He *d.* in 1446, and was *s.* by his son,

THOMAS CORNWALLIS, esq., who *m.* Philippe, daughter and heiress of Edward Tyrrel, esq. of Downham, in Essex, and dying in 1447, was *s.* by his son,

THOMAS CORNWALLIS, esq. M.P. for the county of Suffolk, in the 28th Henry VI. The three elder sons of this Thomas, having successively inherited the estate of *Broome*, and dying all without issue, his youngest son eventually succeeded as

SIR WILLIAM CORNWALLIS, K. B. of *Broome*. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of John Stanford, esq. and dying in 1519, was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN CORNWALLIS, Steward of the household to Prince Edward, son of King Henry VIII. who *d.* in 1544, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS CORNWALLIS. This gentleman displayed great personal courage against the Norfolk rebels under Ket, the tanner, in 1549, and he subsequently served the office of sheriff for Norfolk and Suffolk. He was also instrumental in the suppression of Wyatt's insurrection, and was commissioned with the Earl of Sussex and Sir Edward Hastings, for the trial of Sir Thomas Wyatt, in 1554; at this time he was sworn of the privy council, and constituted treasurer of Calais. In the 4th and 5th of Philip and Mary, Sir Thomas represented the county of Suffolk in parliament. Upon the accession of Queen Elizabeth, being a Roman Catholic, he was left out of the privy council, and removed from the comptrollership of the household, which he held under Mary. He then retired into the country, and built *Brome Hall*. Sir Thomas Cornwallis *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir John Jerningham, and had, besides two daughters, two sons, viz.

William, his successor.

Charles, (Sir) ambassador to Spain, temp. James I. and a person of great eminence.

Sir Thomas *d.* 24th December, 1604, and was *s.* by his elder son,

SIR WILLIAM CORNWALLIS, who *m.* first, Lucy, eldest daughter and co-heir of John Nevill, Lord Latimer, by whom he had an only surviving son, THOMAS, and four daughters. He espoused secondly, Jane, daughter of Hercules Mewtas, esq. and had an only son, *FREDERICK*. Sir William was *s.* by his elder son,

THOMAS CORNWALLIS, esq. M.P. for the county of Suffolk, temp. Charles I. This gentleman dying unmarried, was *s.* by his brother,

*FREDERICK CORNWALLIS*, esq. who was created a baronet, 4th May, 1627; and, for the active part he had taken in the civil wars, and his faithful adherence to King Charles II. through all fortunes, was elevated to the peerage, by the title of *Baron Cornwallis, of Eye, in the county of Suffolk*, 20th April, 1661. His lordship *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Ashburnham, by whom he had three sons and a daughter; and, secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Henry Crofts, and had a daughter, Jane. Lord Cornwallis, who is characterized by Lloyd, "as a man of so chearful a spirit, that no sorrow came next his heart; and of so resolved a mind that no fear came into his thoughts; a well spoken man, competently seen in modern languages; and of a comely and goodly personage," died in 1662, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

CHARLES, second baron. This nobleman *d.* in 1673, and was *s.* by his son,

CHARLES, third baron, who *m.* first, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir Stephen Fox, knt.; by whom he had four sons; and, secondly, Anne Scot, Duchess of Monmouth and Buccleugh, relict of the unhappy James, Duke of Monmouth; by whom he had a son, Lord George, who *d.* in youth, and two daughters. His lordship filled the office of first commissioner of the admiralty during the reign of William III., and was lieutenant of the county of Suffolk. He *d.* 29th April, 1698, and was *s.* by his only surviving son,

CHARLES, fourth baron. His lordship was a military officer, and served in several campaigns under King William. He *m.* Charlotte, daughter and sole heiress of Richard Butler, Earl of Arran, second son of James, Duke of Ormonde, by whom he had eight sons and three daughters, of whom Frederick, the seventh son, was consecrated ARCHBISHOP of CANTERBURY, in 1708. His lordship was appointed, in 1715, joint postmaster-general with James Craggs, esq. He *d.* 16th January, 1721-2, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

CHARLES, fifth baron, who was created, 30th of June, 1755, *Viscount Brome* and *Earl Cornwallis*. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Charles, Viscount Townshend, by whom he had, with three daughters,

CHARLES, his successor.

JAMES, who *s.* as fourth earl.

William, (Sir), G. C. B. admiral of the red; *d.* in 1819.

The earl was appointed Constable of the Tower of London in 1740. He *d.* 23rd June, 1762, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

CHARLES, second earl, a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 33rd regiment of foot; *b.* 31st December, 1738; *m.* in July, 1768, *Jemima*, daughter of James Jones, esq. by whom he had a son and daughter. His lordship distinguished himself as a military commander in India, and was advanced to a marquissate, as *MARQUESS CORNWALLIS*, 15th August, 1792. He was nominated lord-lieutenant of Ireland and commander

of the forces there, in 1799, and acquired imperishable fame by the humanity which, a that melancholy period, characterised his government. In 1804, his lordship had the honor of being appointed, a second time, governor-general of India; and in that station *d.* 5th October, 1805, and was *s.* in his honors by his only son,

CHARLES, second marquess. His lordship *m.* Louisa, fourth daughter of Alexander, fourth Duke of Gordon, K.T. by whom he had issue,

JANE, *m.* to Richard, third and present Lord Braybrooke.

Louisa.

Jemima, *m.* to Lord Eliot, eldest son of the Earl of St. Germans.

Mary, *m.* in 1825, to Charles Ross, esq.

Elizabeth.

He *d.* in 1823, when the marquise expired; but the other honors reverted to his lordship's uncle,

THE RIGHT REVEREND JAMES CORNWALLIS, D.C.L. Lord Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry, and Dean of Durham, as fourth earl: (refer to Charles, first earl.) His lordship *m.* Catherine, daughter of Galfridus Mann, of Egerton, esq. and sister of Sir Horace Mann, bart., by whom he left an only surviving child, JAMES, the present peer. His lordship *d.* in 1924.

*Creations*—Baronet, 4th May, 1627. Baron, 20th April, 1661. Viscount and Earl, 30th June, 1733.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, *sa.* on a fesse, counter embattled between three goats, passant, *ar.* as many pellets, for MANN; second and third, *sa.* guttée d'eau, on a fesse *ar.* three cornish choughs ppr. for CORNWALLIS.

*Crest*—MANN, a demi-dragon *sa.* guttée d'eau. CORNWALLIS, on a mount vert, a stag, lodged, regardant, *ar.* attired and unguled or, gorged with a chaplet of laurel vert, vulned in the shoulder ppr.

*Supporters*—Two stags *ar.* each gorged with a chaplet of laurel ppr.

*Motto*—Virtus vincit invidiam.

*Town Residence*—6, Hill-street.

*Seat*—Linton Place, Middlesex.

COTTER, SIR LAURENCE, baronet, of Rockforest, in the county of Cork, inherited the title, as third baronet, at the decease of his father in 1830.

### Lineage.

SIR JAMES COTTER, knt. representative of the city of Cork in parliament, and collector of that port, *m.* in 1688, Eleanor, daughter of Matthew, seventh Lord Louth, by whom he had two sons and a daughter, and dying in 1705, was *s.* by his eldest son,

JAMES COTTER, esq. who *m.* Miss Matthew, daughter of Major Matthew, of Thurles, in the county of Tipperary, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

1. JAMES COTTER, esq. M.P. This gentleman was created a BARONET OF IRELAND, 11th Aug. 1763. Sir James *m.* Miss Rogerson, daughter of Lord-chief-justice Rogerson, of the court of king's-bench, by whom he left four sons. He *d.* in 1770, and was *s.* by the eldest,

2. SIR JAMES-LAURENCE. This gentleman *m.* first, Anne, only daughter of Francis Kearney, esq. of Garretstown, near Kinsale; and, secondly, Mrs. Brereton, relict of George Brereton, esq. of the county of Carlow, and daughter of the Rev. James Hingston, of Aglis, county of Cork, and had, with other issue,

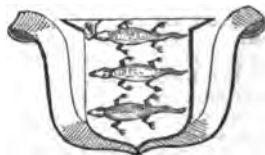
LAURENCE, present baronet.

— *m.* in August, 1809 to James Digges Latouche, esq.

Thomasine, *m.* in 1828, Arundel, eldest son of James Hill, esq. of Cragine, in the county of Cork.

Sir James *d.* in 1830.

*Creation*—11th August, 1763.



*Arms*—Az. three fesses, in pale, ppr.

COTTERELL, SIR JOHN-GEERS, baronet, of Garnons, in the county of Hereford, so created, 2nd November, 1805; *b.* 21st September, 1757; *m.* 4th January, 1791, Frances-Isabella, only daughter and heiress of Henry-Michael Evans, esq. by whom (who *d.* in 1813) he has issue,

1. JOHN-HENRY, *b.* 15th April, 1800, *m.* in August, 1828, Pyne-Jessy, eldest daughter of the Hon. George Trevor, and has issue.

2. Henry, *b.* 17th July, 1801.

3. Thomas, *b.* 14th May, 1806.

4. Frances-Mary. 5. Anne. 6. Sarah.

7. Caroline, *m.* in April, 1828, to William Leigh, esq. of Roby Hall, in the county of Lancaster.

Sir John is a colonel in the army, and was colonel of the Herefordshire militia from 1796 to 1803.

### Lineage.

JOHN BROOKES, esq. of Broadway, in the county

of Worcester, *m.* Anne, only daughter of Edward Cotterell, *esq.* of Saintbury, in Gloucestershire, and left an only son,

JOHN BROOKES, *esq.* of Broadway, who assumed in compliance with the testamentary injunction of his maternal uncle, Thomas Cotterell, *esq.* the surname and arms of "COTTERELL." He *m.* Mary, daughter of Thomas Jackson, *esq.* and was *s.* in 1763, by his son,

SIR JOHN COTTERELL, high-sheriff of the county of Hereford, in 1761, in which year he received the honor of knighthood. Sir John *m.* in October, 1736, Anne, only daughter and heiress of John Geers, *esq.* of Garnons, by whom he had an only son,

JOHN GEERS, created a baronet as above. Mr. Cotterell *d.* in 1790.

*Creation*—2nd November, 1805.



*Arms*—Quarterly, or and *ar.* a cross engr. per pale *sa.* and *gu.* in the second quarter two escallops, and in the third one, of the third, over all a bend of the last.

*Crest*—An armed arm embowed *ppr.* holding by the top an escocheon *ar.* charged with a talbot's head *sa.* collared and chained *or.*

*Motto*—Non rapui sed recepi.

*Seats*—Garnons, Herefordshire; and Farncomb House, Worcestershire.

**COTTON, SIR ST. VINCENT**, baronet, of Landwade, in the county of Cambridge; *b.* 6th October, 1801; an officer in the tenth Hussars; *s.* to the title, as sixth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 24th February, 1812.

### Lineage.

This family is descended from

SIR HENRY COTTON, *knt.* lord of the manor of Cotton Hall, in the county of Cambridge, living in the thirteenth century; whose lineal descendant,

SIR THOMAS COTTON, *knt.* *m.* Alice, daughter and heiress of John de Hastings, *esq.* of Landwade, in the county of Cambridge, and thus acquired that estate. The grandson of this Sir Thomas,

WILLIAM COTTON, *esq.* of Landwade, was vice-chamberlain to King Henry VI. and was slain at the battle of St. Albans, 22nd May, 1453, fighting for his royal master. He *m.* Anne, daughter and co-heir of John Abbott, *esq.* and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS COTTON, *knt.* of Landwade, who was sheriff of Cambridgeshire and Huntingdon, 10th of Edward IV. and *d.* in 1460. He *m.* first, Margaret, daughter of Sir Philip Wentworth, by whom he had two daughters; he espoused secondly, Joan, daughter and heiress of Nicholas Sharp, *esq.* and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR ROBERT COTTON, *knt.* who was *s.* by his son,

SIR JOHN COTTON, *knt.* sheriff of Cambridgeshire and Huntingdon, in the reign of Edward VI. and again in that of Philip and Mary. Sir John *m.* Isabel, daughter of Sir William Spencer of Althorpe, in the county of Northampton, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN COTTON, *knt.* This gentleman married thrice, but had issue by his third wife, Anne, daughter of Sir Richard Houghton, *bart.* of Houghton Tower, only. He *d.* in 1620, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

1. SIR JOHN COTTON, *knt.* of Landwade, who was high-sheriff of the county of Cambridge, at the commencement of the civil war, and proclaimed the Earl of Essex a traitor in every market town in the county. Sir John immediately took up arms for his sovereign, and was entrusted to carry the plate of the university of Cambridge to the king at Oxford, which he safely delivered. He was created a baronet, 14th July, 1641. Sir John *m.* Jane, daughter and sole heiress of Sir Edward Hinde, *knt.* (grandson and heir of Sir Edward Hinde, of Madingley, in Cambridgeshire.) He *d.* in 1690, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR JOHN, of Landwade and Madingley, recorder of, and M.P. for the town of Cambridge. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Alderman Sir Joseph Sheldon, *knt.* of the city of London, and was *s.* at his decease, in 1712, by his only son,

3. SIR JOHN HINDE, M.P. for the town, and afterwards for the county, of Cambridge. This gentleman *m.* first, Lettice, second daughter of Sir Ambrose Crowley, of Greenwich, by whom he had an only son, JOHN HINDE, his successor. He espoused, secondly, Margaret, third daughter of James Craggs, *esq.* and sister and co-heiress of the Right Hon. James Craggs, one of the principal secretaries of state, temp. King George I. The lady was relict of Samuel Trefusis, *esq.* of Trefusis. Sir John was *s.* by his only child,

4. SIR JOHN HINDE, M.P. for the county of Cambridge in 1765 and 1771, who *m.* Anne, second daughter of Alderman Parsons, twice lord-mayor of London, by whom he had a numerous family. He *d.* 23rd January, 1795, and was *s.* by his second but eldest surviving son,

5. SIR CHARLES. This gentleman entered early into the naval service, and attained the rank of admiral of the blue. Sir Charles was commander-in-chief of the channel fleet. He *m.* 27th February, 1798, Philadelphia, eldest daughter of Sir Joshua Rowley, by whom he had issue,

ST. VINCENT, present baronet.  
Charles, R.N. *d.* in 1828.

Philadelphia-Letitia.  
 Maria-Susanna, m. in 1822, to Sir Richard  
 King, bart.  
 Sir Charles d. in 1812.  
*Creations*—14th July, 1841.



*Arms*—Sa. a chev. between three griffins' heads erased ar.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a griffin's head erased ar.  
*Motto*—Fidelitas vincit.

*Seat*—Madingley Hall, Cambridgeshire.

**COURTOWN, EARL OF,** (James-George Stopford,) Viscount Stopford, Baron Courtown, of the county of Wexford, in the peerage of Ireland, and a peer of Great Britain, as Baron Saltersford, of Saltersford, in the county-palatine of Chester, K.P.; b. 15th August, 1765; m. 29th January, 1791, Mary, eldest daughter of Henry, third Duke of Buccleuch, by whom (who d. in 1823) he has had issue,

1. JAMES-THOMAS, Viscount Stopford, M.P. b. 27th March, 1794; m. 4th July, 1822, his cousin, Lady Charlotte Montague-Scott, daughter of the late, and sister of the present, Duke of Buccleuch, by whom (who d. 29th February, 1828) he has issue, JAMES-GEORGE-HENRY, b. 24th April, 1823. Edward-Sidney, b. 29th August, 1824, — (a son) b. January, 1828.
2. Edward, b. 11th June, 1795, lieutenant-col. in the army; m. Horatia-Charlotte, only daughter of Thomas Lockwood, esq. and widow of T. Tibbets, esq.
3. Henry-Scott, b. 21st October, 1797; in holy orders, Archdeacon of Leighlin; m. in 1826, Annette, daughter of William Browne, esq.
4. Montagu, b. 11th November, 1798, captain in the royal navy; m. 25th August, 1827, Cordelia-Winifreda, daughter of Colonel Whitmore, commanding officer of engineers in the island of Malta, and has issue.
5. Robert, b. 23rd November, 1802; d. Sep-tember, 1828.
6. Mary-Frances.
7. Elizabeth-Anna.
8. Jane.
9. Charlotte, d. 8th June, 1830.

His lordship s. to the honors, as third earl, upon the demise of his father, 30th March, 1810.

**Lineage.**

JAMES STOPFORD, esq. of Saltersford, in the county of Chester, an officer of rank in the parliament army; served in Ireland in 1641, and, upon the restoration of the royal family, acquired considerable estates in that kingdom, partly by purchase, and partly by grants, and took up his abode at Tarah Hill, in the county of Meath. He was s. by his grandson,

JAMES STOPFORD, esq. M.P. for the county of Wexford in 1713. This gentleman m. Frances, daughter and heir of Roger Jones, esq. of Dublin, by whom he had five sons and four daughters, and was s. at his decease by his eldest surviving son,

JAMES STOPFORD, esq. who was elevated to the Irish peerage 19th September, 1738, as *Baron of Courtown*, in the county of Wexford, and advanced to the dignities of Viscount Stopford, and EARL OF COURTOWN, 12th April, 1762. His lordship m. Elizabeth, only daughter of the Right Rev. Edward Smyth, Lord Bishop of Down and Connor, by whom he had eleven children. He d. 12th January, 1770, and was s. by his eldest son,

JAMES, second earl, who was created a peer of Great Britain 13th August, 1794, as *Baron Saltersford*, in the county of Chester. His lordship m. 10th April, 1762, Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Richard Powys, esq. of Hintlesham Hall, Suffolk, by whom he had issue,

JAMES-GEORGE, present earl.

Edward (Sir) K.C.B. and K.T.S. lieutenant-general in the army; b. 28th September, 1766.

Robert, (Sir) admiral of the blue, K.C.B.; m. in 1800, Miss Fenshaw, and has issue.

Richard-Bruce, in holy orders; canon of Windsor, and prebendary of Hereford; m. in November, 1800, Miss Powys, sister of Lord Lilford.

His lordship d. in 1810.

*Creation*—Baron, 19th September, 1738. Earl, &c. 12th April, 1762. Baron, (of Great Britain,) 13th August, 1794.



*Arms*—Az. three lozenges or, between nine cross crosslets of the last.

*Crest*—A wivern, wings endorsed, vert.

*Supporters*—Two stags ppr. collared and chain-

ed or, each charged on the shoulder with a lozenge of the last.

*Motto*—*Patris infelici fidelis.*

*Seat*—Courtown, county of Wexford.

**COVENTRY, EARL OF**, (George-William Coventry,) in the county of Warwick, and Viscount Deerhurst, in the county of Gloucester: *b.* 16th October, 1784; *m.* first, 16th January, 1808, Emma-Susanna, second daughter of William, Lord Beauchamp, of Powyke, (first Earl Beauchamp,) who *d.* in 1810, leaving

GEORGE-WILLIAM, *Viscount Deerhurst*, *b.* 25th October, 1806, an officer in the army.

His lordship espoused, secondly, 6th November, 1811, Mary, daughter of Aubrey, sixth Duke of St. Albans, and has issue,

Henry-Amelius, *b.* 15th October, 1815.

Mary-Augusta.

His lordship succeeded to the honors of his family as eighth earl, at the demise of his father in 1831. Lord Coventry is lord-lieutenant and custos-rotulorum of the county of Worcester.

### Lineage.

This noble family was founded by

JOHN COVENTRY, who amassed considerable wealth, as a mercer, in the city of London, and filled the offices of sheriff and lord-mayor in 1416 and 1425: (he was one of the executors of the celebrated Sir Richard Whittington.) From this opulent citizen lineally descended

THOMAS COVENTRY, an eminent lawyer, who was appointed chief-justice of the court of common-pleas in 1606. He *m.* Margaret, daughter and heir of — Jeffreys, of Earles Croome, otherwise Croome d'Abitot, by whom he had three sons,

THOMAS, his successor.

William, of Ridmarley, in Worcestershire.

Walter, whose son

Walter, *m.* Anne, daughter of Simon Holcombe, esq. of the county of Devon, and left with other issue

WILLIAM, of whom hereafter as fifth Earl of Coventry.

The eldest son

THOMAS, pursuing the profession of his father, was appointed in 1621, attorney-general, and advanced in four years afterwards, (1st November, 1625,) to the important station of *lord-keeper of the great seal*. On the 10th April, 1628, he was elevated to the peerage by the title of *Baron Coventry of Aylesborough, in the county of Worcester*. His lordship *m.* first, Sarah, daughter of Sir Edward Sebright, knt. of Besford, by whom he had a son, Thomas, his successor, and a daughter, Elisabeth, *m.* to Sir John Hare, of Stow Bardolph, in Norfolk. Lord Coventry espoused Elisabeth, daughter of John Aldersey, esq. of

Spurstow, by whom he had (with three younger sons, and four daughters,)

JOHN; whose son, Sir John Coventry, of Pitminster, in the county of Somerset, K.B. and M.P. for Weymouth, having made some observations in his place in parliament, supposed to reflect upon King Charles II., was assailed by a party of courtiers, on the 31st December, 1670, and, after making a gallant defence, dreadfully wounded in the nose. The circumstance being communicated to parliament, a bill was immediately passed, entitled the "*Coventry Act*," inflicting the penalty of banishment upon the perpetrators of the outrage, should they be discovered, with a clause expressly depriving the king of the power of pardoning the offenders.

His lordship *d.* 14th January, 1639-40, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

THOMAS, second lord, who *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir William Craven, knt. by whom he had two sons, GEORGE and THOMAS. His lordship *d.* 27th October, 1661, and was *s.* by his elder son,

GEORGE, third lord. This nobleman *m.* Margaret, daughter of John, Earl of Thanet, by whom he had one surviving son and a daughter Margaret, *m.* to Charles, Earl of Wiltshire. His lordship *d.* 15th December, 1680, and was *s.* by his son,

JOHN, fourth lord; at whose decease unmarried, 25th July, 1687, the title and estates reverted to his uncle,

THOMAS of Snitfield, in Warwickshire, as fifth lord, who was advanced to a viscounty and earldom by King William, on the 26th April, 1697, as *Viscount Deerhurst* and *EARL OF COVENTRY*, with limitation, in case of failure of his own issue male, to the grandsons of Walter Coventry, next brother to the first baron. His lordship *d.* 15th July, 1699, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

THOMAS, second earl. This nobleman *d.* in 1710, and was *s.* by his eldest son, (by Anne, daughter of Henry, Duke of Beaufort,)

THOMAS, third earl, who *d.* at Eton College, 28th January, 1711-12, in his ninth year, when the family honors reverted to his uncle,

GILBERT, fourth earl. This nobleman *m.* first, Dorothy, daughter of Sir William Keyt, of Ebrington, in the county of Gloucester, bart. and had an only daughter Anne, *m.* to Sir William Carew, bart. of Anthony, in the county of Cornwall. His lordship espoused secondly, Anne, daughter of Sir Streynsham Master, bart. of Codnor Castle, in the county of Derby. The earl *d.* 27th October, 1719, when the barony became *EXTINCT*, while the other titles, and the greater part of the estates, devolved upon the lineal descendant of Walter Coventry, brother to the first lord; according to the limitation of the patent; namely,

WILLIAM COVENTRY, esq. of London, then one of the clerks of the green cloth, and member of parliament for Bridport; who *s.* as fifth Earl of Coventry. His lordship *m.* Elisabeth, daughter

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of John Allen, esq. of Westminster, by whom he had issue

WILLIAM, Lord Deerhurst.

John-Bulkeley, who assumed by act of parliament, the additional name of Bulkeley, and was then denominated John-Bulkeley Coventry-Bulkeley. He *d.* in 1801.

The earl *d.* 18th March, 1750-1, and was *s.* by his elder son,

GEORGE-WILLIAM, sixth earl; who *m.* 5th March, 1752, Maria, eldest daughter of John Gunning, esq. of the county of Roscommon, by whom (who *d.* 30th September, 1766) he had

GEORGE-WILLIAM, seventh earl.

Mary-Alicia, *m.* to the late Sir Andrew Bayntun, baronet, and *d.* in 1784.

Anne-Margaret, *m.* first, to the Hon. Edward Foley; and, secondly, to Capt. Wright.

The earl *m.* secondly, 27th September, 1764, Barbara, daughter of Lord St. John, of Bletsoe, by whom he had,

John, *b.* 20th July, 1765; *m.* first, Anne, daughter of — Clayton, esq. by whom (who *d.* in August, 1800) he had

Frederick, *m.* to Louisa, only daughter of Sir Henry Halford, bart.

2. John, *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Rev. M. Wilson, and has issue.

3. Caroline, *m.* to Hugh Mallet, esq.

4. Anne, *m.* to Thomas-William Coventry, esq.

Mr. Coventry, *m.* secondly, Anna-Maria, daughter of Francis Eves, esq. and widow of Ebenezer Pope, esq. He *d.* 12th November, 1829.

Thomas-William, *b.* in 1778; *m.* Miss Clarke, and left at his decease, in 1810,

1. Thomas-William, barrister-at-law, *m.* Anne, second daughter of the Hon. John Coventry.

2. Augusta-Elinor, *m.* to George, eldest son of Sir George Pocock, bart.

3. Laura.

His lordship *d.* in 1809, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

GEORGE WILLIAM, seventh earl, recorder of Worcester, and high-steward of Tewkesbury, *b.* 28th April, 1758, *m.* first, 18th March, 1777, Lady Catherine Henley, fourth daughter of Robert, Earl of Northington, by whom (who *d.* 9th January, 1779) he had no issue. The earl *m.* secondly, 10th of January, 1783, Peggy, second daughter and co-heiress of Sir Abraham Pitches, knt. of Streatham, in the county of Surrey, and had issue,

GEORGE-WILLIAM, present peer.

John, *b.* 30th June, 1780.

Thomas-Henry, *b.* 18th September, 1792.

William-James, *b.* 1st January, 1797; *m.* in 1821, Mary, daughter of James Laing, esq. and has issue.

Augusta-Maria, *m.* 10th May, 1806, to Major-general Sir Willoughby-Cotton, K.C.H. Georgiana-Catharine, *m.* 17th February, 1807, to W. Barnes, esq. of Reigate.

Jane-Emily, *m.* 3rd June, 1828, to James Goding, esq.

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Barbara, *m.* in 1816, to Lieutenant Colonel Craufurd.

Sophia-Catherine, *m.* in 1831, to Sir Roger Gresley, bart.

His lordship *d.* in 1831.

Creation—20th April, 1807.



*Arms*—Sa. a fesse erm. between three crescents or.

*Crest*—A garb, or, lying fesseways, thereon a dung-hill cock, perched, gu. comb, wattles and legs of the first.

*Supporters*—Two eagles, wings expanded, ar. beaked and legged or.

*Motto*—Candide et constanter.

*Town Residence*—106, Piccadilly.

*Seat*—Croome Court, near Upton, Worcester-shire; and Spring Hill, in the same county.

COWLEY, BARON, (Henry Wellesley, G.C.B.) of Wellesley, in the county of Somerset; *b.* 20th January, 1773; *m.* first 20th September, 1803, Charlotte, second daughter of Charles, first Earl of Cadogan, by whom he has issue,

1. Henry, *b.* 17th July, 1804.

2. William, captain R.N.

3. Gerald.

4. Charlotte-Abuthnot, *m.* 17th May, 1831, to the Right Hon. Robert Grosvenor.

This marriage having been dissolved by act of parliament, in 1810, his lordship (then Sir Henry Wellesley) *m.* secondly, in February, 1816, Georgiana-Charlotte-Augusta, eldest daughter of James, first Marquess of Salisbury, and has one daughter,

Georgiana-Charlotte-Mary.

Sir Henry Wellesley having been for some years his majesty's ambassador plenipotentiary at the court of Vienna, and being sworn of the privy-council, was elevated to the peerage, as above, in January, 1828.

## Lineage.

See the descent of the MARQUESS WELLESLEY, eldest brother of Lord Cowley.

Creation—January, 1828.

**Arms**—Quarterly; first and fourth, gu. a cross ar. in each quarter five plates, in saltier, for WELLESLEY; second and third, or, a lion rampant, gu. for COLLEY; over all a plate.



**Crest**—Out of a ducal coronet or, a demi-lion, rampant, gu. holding a forked pennon of the last, flowing to the sinister, one third, per pale, from the staff ar. charged with the cross of St. George.

**Supporters**—Two lions gu. each ducally gorged, and chain reflexed over the back or.

**Motto**—Porro, unum est necessarium.

**COWPER, EARL**, (Peter-Leopold-Louis-Francis Cowper, F.R.S.) Viscount Fordwich, Baron Cowper, of Wingham, in the county of Kent, and a baronet; *b.* 6th May, 1778; *s.* to the honors, as fifth earl, upon the decease of his brother, 12th February, 1799; *m.* 21st July, 1805, Amelia, daughter of Peniston, first Viscount Melbourne, by whom he has issue,

**GEORGE-AUGUSTUS-FREDERICK**, Viscount Fordwich, M.P. *b.* 26th June, 1806.

**William**, *b.* 12th December, 1811.

**Charles-Spencer**, *b.* 9th June, 1816.

**Emily-Caroline-Catherine-Frances**, *m.* 10th June, 1830, to Lord Ashley, eldest son of the Earl of Shaftesbury.

**Frances-Elizabeth**.

His lordship is a count of the holy Roman empire.

### Lineage.

**JOHN COWPER**, esq. one of the sheriffs of the city of London in 1551, and alderman of Bridge ward, left with other children at his decease,

1. **WILLIAM COWPER**, esq. of Ratling Court, in the county of Kent, who was created a baronet 4th March, 1642. Sir William *m.* Martha, daughter of James Masters, esq. of East Langdon, in Kent, and dying in 1664, was *s.* by his grandson,

2. **SIR WILLIAM**, M.P. for Hertford, who *m.* Sarah, daughter of Sir Samuel Helled, and had two sons, viz.

**WILLIAM**, his successor.

**Spencer**, one of the judges of the court of common-pleas. His lordship *m.* Penning-

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ton, daughter of John Goodere, esq., and had three sons,

**William**, clerk of the house-of-lords, who *d.* in 1740, leaving issue.

**John**, D.D., Rector of Great Berkhamstead, in Hertfordshire, *m.* Anne, daughter of Roger Donne, esq. of Ludham-hall Norfolk, and had issue,

**WILLIAM COWPER**, the poet, who *d.* unmarried in 1800.

**John** who *d.* in 1737.

**Ashley**, *d.* in 1788, leaving three daughters.

Sir William was *s.* by his eldest son,

3. **SIR WILLIAM**, a lawyer of great eminence, who was made LORD-KEEPER OF THE GREAT SEAL, 11th October, 1703, and elevated to the peerage 9th November, 1706, as *Baron Cowper of Wingham, in the county of Kent*. In the same year we find his lordship one of the commissioners for the treaty of union between England and Scotland; and in the following (4th May, 1707,) he was declared LORD HIGH CHANCELLOR OF GREAT BRITAIN. On the demise of Queen Anne, Lord Cowper was nominated one of the lords justices until the arrival of King George I. from Hanover. In 1710, his lordship was appointed lord-high-steward of Great Britain, for the trial of the rebel lords, and, 18th March, 1717-18, he was advanced to the dignities of Viscount Fordwich and EARL COWPER, but he soon afterwards resigned the seals. The earl *m.* first Judith, daughter and heir of Sir Robert Booth, kt. of London, by whom he had no surviving issue. He espoused secondly, Mary, daughter of John Clavering, esq. of Chopwell in Durham, and had two sons and two daughters. His lordship *d.* in October, 1723, and was *s.* by his elder son,

**WILLIAM**, second earl, who assumed the surname of Clavering before that of Cowper, in obedience to the will of his maternal uncle. His lordship *d.* in December, 1764, and was *s.* by his only son, (by his first Countess, Henrietta, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Henry D'Anverquerque, Earl of Grantham,)

**GEORGE-NASSAU**, third earl; *b.* 26th August, 1736; *m.* 31st May, 1778, Anne, daughter of Charles Gore, esq. of Southampton, by whom he had issue,

**GEORGE-AUGUSTUS**, his successor.

**PETER-LEOPOLD**, present earl.

**Edward-Spencer**, *m.* 23rd May, 1806, Catherine, youngest daughter of Thomas-Marsh Phillips, esq. of Garrendon Park, in the county of Leicester, and *d.* in 1823.

His lordship was created a Count of the holy Roman empire, 31st January, 1778. He *d.* in 1789, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**GEORGE AUGUSTUS**, fourth earl, who *d.* unmarried, 12th February, 1799, when the family honors devolved upon his brother, **PETER**, the present peer.

**Creations**—Baronet, 4th March, 1642. Baron, 9th November, 1706. Earl and Viscount, 18th March, 1717-18.



*Arms*—Ar. three martlets, gu. on a chief, engr. of the last, three annulets or.

*Crest*—A lion's gamb, erect and erased or, holding a branch vert, fretted gu.

*Supporters*—On each side a light dun horse, with a large blaze down the face, mane close shorn, except a tuft upon the withers, a black list down the back, a bob tail, three white feet, viz. the hind feet and near fore foot.

*Motto*—Tuam est.

*Town Residence*—11, Little Maddox-street.

*Seats*—Colne Green, and Pensangar, Herts; and Ratting Court, Kent.

**CRAIG-GIBSON, SIR JAMES**, baronet, of Riccarton, and Ingliston, in the county of Mid-Lothian; one of the deputy-lieutenants, and justices of the peace for that shire; clerk to his majesty's signet; b. 11th October, 1765; m. 14th September, 1796, Anne, daughter of James Thompson, esq. of Edinburgh, and has issue,

WILLIAM of Edinburgh, advocate, b. 2nd August, 1797.

James, clerk of the signet, b. in 1799.

Mary-Cecilia, m. to William Kaye, esq. barrister-at-law.

Margaret-Christian.

Anne, m. to John Hay Mackenzie, esq. of Cromarty.

Cecilia.

Joanna.

Helen.

Jemima-Cambell.

This gentleman assumed the additional surname and arms of "CRAIG," in virtue of the provisions of the entail made by Robert Craig, of Riccarton, dated 19th August, 1818, and was created a baronet in September, 1831.

### Lineage.

JOHN GIBSON, of Durie, in the county of Fife, m. Helen, second daughter of the Hon. William Carmichael, of Skirling (by his first wife, Helen, only child of Thomas Craig, of Riccarton), and sister of James, fourth Earl of Hyndford, by whom he had surviving issue,

ALEXANDER, of Durie, from whom the present Sir Thomas Gibson-Carmichael descends.

WILLIAM, of whom presently.

Thomas, lieutenant-colonel of the 89th foot.

Margaret, m. in 1768, to Alexander Gibson-Wright, of Clifton Hall, in the county of Edinburgh, and Kerwie, in Stirlingshire, and had three daughters,

HELEN, heiress of Clifton Hall and Kerwie; m. in 1786, to Sir Alexander Charles Gibson-Maitland, bart.

Anne, m. in 1800, to her cousin, Alexander Gibson-Hunter, esq. of Blackness.

Margaret, d. unm.

Elizabeth, m. in 1776, to David Hunter, esq. of Blackness, in the county of Forfar, and had, with several other children,

Alexander-Gibson, of Blackness, who m. his cousin, Anne Gibson-Wright.

The second son,

WILLIAM GIBSON, was a merchant in Edinburgh, and d. in May, 1807, leaving issue by his wife, Mary-Cecilia, daughter of James Balfour, esq. of Pilrig, and had issue,

John, a merchant at Dantzig.

JAMES, created a BARONET, and is the present SIR JAMES GIBSON-CRAIG.

William, master-attendant at Point de Galle, Ceylon, m. Miss Sharpe, of Madras.

Alexander, merchant at Dantzig. This gentleman distinguished himself so gallantly in defence of that place when besieged by the French, in 1807, as to obtain letters of thanks from the King of Prussia, and from General Kalkreuth.

Archibald, merchant in Edinburgh.

Lewis, of Ceylon, m. Miss Layer.

Thomas, d. in 1803.

Henry.

Andrew-Mitchell, in the naval service of the East India Company.

Cecilia, m. in 1807, to John Thomson, esq. merchant in Edinburgh.

*Creation*—September, 1831.



*Arms*—Quarterly, first and fourth, ermine, on a bend sable three crescents arg; second and third gules, three keys fesseways or.

*Crest*—A knight on horseback, holding in his dexter a broken spear, all ppr.

*Motto*—Vive Deo et vives.

*Seats*—Ingleston, and Riccarton, in Mid Lothian.

**CRANSTOUN, BARON**, (James-Edward Cranstoun,) of Creeling, in the peer-



age of Sootland ; *b.* 12th August, 1809 ; *s.* to the title, as tenth baron, upon the demise of his father, 5th September, 1818.

### Lineage.

The surname of this noble family was assumed from the lands of *Cranstoun*, in the counties of Edinburgh and Roxburgh, which were formerly in their possession.

THOMAS DE CRANYSTON had a charter of the barony of Stobbs, in the county of Roxburgh, from the Earl of Marr, in the reign of King David II. From this Thomas we pass to

SIR WILLIAM CRANSTOUN, *knt.* of Cranstoun, who had a charter of the lands of New Cranstoun in 1533. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Andrew Johnston, of Elphinston, and had a son, JOHN, who *d.* without issue, and seven daughters, the eldest of whom,

SARAH CRANSTOUN, *m.* William Cranstoun, son of John Cranstoun, of Moriestoun ; which William was captain of the guards temp. James VI. and having received the honor of knighthood, became

SIR WILLIAM CRANSTOUN. He was subsequently elevated to the peerage of Scotland, by letters patent, dated 17th November, 1699, in the dignity of BARON CRANSTOUN, of *Creeling*, with remainder to his heirs male, bearing the name and arms of Cranstoun. His lordship *d.* in 1627, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN, second baron, at whose decease, *s. p.* the title devolved upon his nephew,

WILLIAM, third baron, (the son of the deceased lord's younger brother, James, by Lady Elizabeth Stewart, daughter of Francis, Earl of Bothwell,) who *m.* Mary, daughter of Alexander, Earl of Leven, by whom he had one son. His lordship attending King Charles II., at the battle of Worcester, in 1651, was there taken prisoner, and sent to the Tower of London, where he remained several years, his estates being sequestered, and himself excepted out of Cromwell's indemnity. He was *s.* at his decease by his only son,

JAMES, fourth baron. This nobleman *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir Alexander Don, of Newton, bart. and was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, fifth baron ; who *m.* Jane, daughter of William, second Marquess of Lothian, and was *s.* at his decease, in 1708, by his eldest son,

JAMES, sixth baron. This nobleman *m.* Sophia, daughter of Jeremiah Brown, *esq.* of Abecourt, in the county of Surrey, by whom he acquired a considerable fortune, and had five sons and two daughters. He *d.* in 1773, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, seventh baron, who died unmarried, in 1778, when the honors devolved upon his brother,

JAMES, eighth baron. This nobleman was a naval officer, and distinguished himself, as commander of the *Belliqueux*, in the celebrated actions between Admiral Hood and Comte de Grasse, 25th and 26th January, 1782. His lord-

ship *d.* without issue, in 1790, when the title reverted to his nephew,

JAMES EDWARD, ninth baron, who *m.* in 1807, Anne, eldest daughter of John Macnamara, *esq.* of the Island of St. Christophers, by whom he had issue,

JAMES EDWARD, present peer.

— (a daughter), *b.* in 1808.

Anna-Caroline, *b.* in 1812.

Creation—19th November, 1699.



Arms—Gu. three cranes ar.

Crest—A crane, roosting with its head under its wing, and holding up a stone with its right foot, all *ppr.*

Supporters—DEXTER, a lady, richly attired, upper vestment gu. under or, holding out in her right hand a branch of strawberries, *ppr.* ; SINISTER, a stag, all *ppr.*

Motto—Thou shalt want ere I want.

Seat—Cranstoun House, in the Island of St. Christophers, West Indies.

CRAVEN, EARL OF, (William Craven,) in the county of York, Viscount Uffington, and Baron Craven, of Hampsted-Marshall, in the county of Berks ; *b.* 18th July, 1809 ; *s.* to the honors, as second earl, upon the demise of his father, 30th July, 1825.

### Lineage.

WILLIAM CRAVEN, eldest son of Sir William Craven, *knt.* an alderman of London, and lord-mayor in 1611, having distinguished himself as a military officer upon foreign service, received on his return to his native country, the honor of knighthood, 4th March, 1628 ; and, in eight days afterwards, (by letters patent, dated the 12th,) was elevated to the peerage, as *Baron Craven, of Hampsted-Marshall, in the county of Berks*, with remainder, in case of failure of issue, to his brothers John and Thomas successively, and their male descendants ; but these gentlemen having died *s. p.* his lordship, when advanced to the dignities of *Viscount Craven, of Uffington, in the county of Berks*, and *EARL OF CRAVEN, of Yorkshire*, 15th March, 1663, had the reversion of those honors made, with that of the original barony renewed, to his cousins, Sir William Craven, of Lenchwyke, *knt.* and his brother, Sir Anthony Craven, *knt.* successively, and their

male descendants. Sir William dying, however, without a son, the earl obtained, by letters patent, dated 11th December, 1665, an extension of the limitation of the original barony of Craven to Sir Thomas Craven, knt. the next brother of the deceased Sir William. His lordship *d.* unmarried, at the advanced age of eighty-eight years and ten months, 9th of April, 1607, when (Sir Anthony Craven having died without issue, in 1670) the earldom and viscounty expired; but the barony of Craven of Hampsted-Marshall devolved, according to the limitation, that of 1665, upon the grandson of Sir Thomas Craven, namely,

WILLIAM CRAVEN, esq. of Combe Abbey, as second baron, (eldest son of Sir William Craven, knt. by Mary, daughter of Sir Christopher Clapham, of Beamsly, in the county of York.) His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Humberston Skipworth, esq. son and heir of Sir Fulwar Skipworth, baronet, of Newbold Hall, in the county of Warwick, and dying in 1711, was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, third baron; who *d.* without issue, 1739, when the barony devolved upon his brother,

FULWAR, fourth baron. This nobleman dying unmarried, in 1764, the title reverted to his cousin,

WILLIAM, fifth baron; (nephew of William, the second lord, being the son of his brother, John Craven, esq. by Maria-Rebecca, daughter of Henry Green, esq. of Wykin, in the county of Warwick.) His lordship *d.* without issue, in March, 1769, and was *s.* by his nephew,

WILLIAM, sixth baron, (son of John Craven, esq. by Mary, daughter of the Rev. Mr. Hicks.) This nobleman *m.* 10th May, 1767, Elizabeth, daughter of Augustus, fourth Earl Berkeley, by whom (who *m.* after his decease, Christian-Frederick, MARQUESS OF BRANDENBURGH-ANSFACH AND BAYREUTH, and died in January, 1828,) he had issue,

WILLIAM, his successor.

Henry-Augustus-Berkeley, *b.* 21st December, 1776, a major-general in the army.

Keppel-Richard, *b.* 1st June, 1779.

Elizabeth, *m.* John Edward Maddocks, esq. and *d.* in 1799.

Maria-Margaret, *m.* to William Philip, present Earl of Sefton.

Georgiana.

Arabella, *m.* in 1793, to general the Hon. Frederick St. John, and *d.* in 1819.

His lordship *d.* 26th September, 1791, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, seventh baron, *b.* 1st September, 1770; created, 13th June, 1801, *Viscount Uffington, in the county of Berks, and EARL CRAVEN*; *m.* 12th December, 1807, Miss Brunton, a popular actress of Covent-garden theatre; by whom he had issue,

WILLIAM, present earl.

George-Augustus, *b.* 15th December, 1810, an officer in the army.

Frederick-Keppel, *b.* 11th April, 1812.

Louisa, *b.* 26th June, 1813.

His lordship, who was a major-general in the army, and lord-lieutenant of the county of Berks, *d.* 30th July, 1825.

*Creations*—Baron, 11th December, 1665. Earl, &c. 13th June, 1801.



*Arms*—Ar. a fesse between six cross crosslets, fitchée, gu.

*Crest*—On a chapeau purple, turned up erm. a griffin, statant, wings elevated and endorsed of the last, beaked, or.

*Supporters*—Two griffins, erm.

*Motto*—Virtus in actione consistit.

*Seats*—Coombe Abbey, Coventry; Ashdown Park, Lambourn; Hampsted Lodge; and Barnham-place, all in the county of Berks.

CRAUFURD, SIR JAMES, baronet, of Kilbirney, in the county of Stirling; *m.* 2nd March, 1792, Maria-Theresa, eldest daughter of the Hon. General Gage, and sister of Henry, third Viscount Gage, by whom he has issue,

JAMES-ROBERT, Lieutenant-col. in the army, *m.* Barbara, fourth daughter of George-William, seventh Earl of Coventry.

Sir James *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, in 1800.

### Lineage.

1. ALEXANDER CRAUFURD, esq. of Kilbirney, (son of Quintin Craufurd, esq. of Newark,) one of his majesty's justiciary bailiffs of the west seas of Scotland, was created a baronet 6th June, 1781. Sir Alexander had issue,

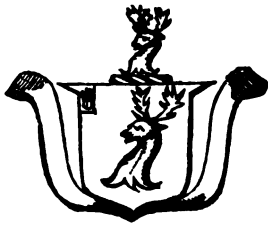
JAMES, present baronet.

Charles, G.C.B. a lieutenant-general in the army, and colonel of the 2nd dragoon guards; *m.* Anna-Maria, youngest daughter of William, second Earl of Harrington, and *d.* without issue.

Robert, a major-general in the army, fell in leading his troops to the assault of Ciudad Rodrigo, 19th January, 1812; *m.* Miss Holland, and left issue.

Sir Alexander *d.* in 1800.

*Creation*—6th June, 1781.



*Arms*—Ar. a buck's head erased gu.

*Crest*—A buck's head erased, as in the arms, between the attires a cross, couped sa.

*Seats*—Kilbirney, Stirlingshire; and Weford, Berks.

**CREMORNE, BARON,** (Richard Dawson,) of Castle Dawson, in the county of Monaghan, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 7th September, 1817; *s.* to the title, as third baron, upon the decease of his father, 21st March, 1827.

#### Lineage.

The family of Dawson was originally of the county of York; from whence, towards the close of Queen Elizabeth's reign, removed to Ireland, THOMAS DAWSON, who became, in the following reign, a Burgess of Armagh. The great grandson of this Thomas,

WALTER DAWSON, esq. (eldest son of John Dawson, esq. by Miss Jeeves, of Drogheda, granddaughter of Doctor Henry Usher, Archbishop of Armagh,) *m.* Frances, daughter of Richard Dawson, esq. an officer in Cromwell's army, and obtained with her the estate of Dawson's Grove, in the county of Monaghan. Mr. Dawson was *s.* at his decease by his only surviving son,

RICHARD DAWSON, esq. of Dawson's Grove, in the county of Monaghan, an eminent banker, and alderman of the city of Dublin, and M.P. for Monaghan. This gentleman *m.* in 1723, Elizabeth, daughter of John Vesey, D.D. Archbishop of Tuam, and sister of Sir Thomas Vesey, bart. Bishop of Ossory; by whom he left two sons and a daughter, Frances, *m.* to Wyndham Quin, esq. of Adare. Mr. Alderman Dawson was *s.* at his decease, in 1766, by his elder son,

THOMAS DAWSON, esq. who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 28th May, 1770, as *Baron Dartrey*, and advanced to the dignity of *Viscount Cremorne*, 19th June, 1785. He *m.* first, (15th July, 1754) Anne, daughter of Thomas, Earl of Pomfret, by whom (who *d.* in 1769) he had a son and a daughter, both of whom died in youth. His lordship espoused, secondly, 8th May, 1770, Philadelphia-Hannah, only daughter of Thomas Fream, esq. of Philadelphia, by Margaretta, daughter of William Penn, esq. the celebrated founder of that city, by whom he had another son and a daughter, who died also in youth. The viscount, thus deprived of direct descendants, was

created, 7th November, 1797, *Baron Cremorne*, with remainder to his nephew, Richard Dawson, esq. and his heirs male. His lordship *d.* 1st March, 1813, when the viscounty of Cremorne and the barony of Dartrey expired; but the barony of Cremorne descended, according to the limitation of the patent, to his great nephew,

RICHARD-THOMAS DAWSON, esq. (eldest son of Richard Dawson, esq. M.P. for Monaghan, by Catherine, daughter of Arthur Graham, esq. of Hackley, in the county of Armagh.) His lordship *m.* 10th March, 1815, Anne, third daughter of John Whaley, esq. of Whaley Abbey, in the county of Wicklow; by whom (who remarried, 5th July, 1828, with J. D. Rawdon, esq. of the Coldstream guards) he left at his decease, in 1827, RICHARD, present baron.

Vesey.

*Creation*—7th November, 1797.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, as. on a bend, engr. or, three martlets sa.; second and third, as. three torches erect, two and one, ppr.

*Crest*—An estoile of six points ar.

*Supporters*—*Dexter*, an Irish wolf-dog; *Sinister*, an elk, both ppr. plain collared, and chained or.

*Motto*—Toujours propice.

*Seat*—Dawson's Grove, county of Monaghan.

**CREWE, BARON,** (John Crewe,) of Crewe, in the county of Chester; *m.* 5th May, 1807, Henrietta-Maria-Anne, daughter of George-Walker Hungerford, esq. of Calne, by whom (who *d.* 14th January, 1820) he has issue,

HUNGERFORD, *b.* 10th August, 1812.

Henrietta-Hungerford, *b.* 30th March, 1808.

Annabella-Hungerford, *b.* 13th June, 1814.

His lordship, who is a general-officer in the army, *s.* to the title, as second baron, at the decease of his father, 28th April, 1829.

#### Lineage.

"The township of CREWE, in the parish of Barthomley, in Cheshire," says Lysons, "from a very early period, the seat and inheritance of the family of CRUZ or CREWE."

SIR RANDAL CREWE, serjeant-at-law, about the year 1610, purchased the manor of Crewe, of Sir Christopher Hatton's heirs, and built Crewe Hall,

which continued with his male descendants until the decease of

JOHN CREWE, esq. in 1684, when his elder daughter, and eventually, sole heiress,

ANNE CREWE, succeeded. This lady *m.* John Offley, esq. (whose ancestors had been settled at Madeley manor, in Staffordshire, so far back as the beginning of the 13th century), and her eldest son, on succeeding to the estates of his grandfather, assuming his maternal name, by act of parliament, in 1708, became

JOHN CREWE, esq. of Crewe Hall. This gentleman represented the county of Chester in the parliaments of 1734, 1741, and 1747. He *d.* in 1752, leaving issue by his wife, Anne, daughter of Richard Shuttleworth, esq. of Gosworth, in the county of Lancaster,

JOHN, his successor.

Richard, a major-general in the army, *m.* Melborough, daughter of Samuel Allpress, esq. and *d.* in 1814, leaving issue,

1. Richard, *m.* Frances, daughter of J. Hare, esq. and has issue.

2. John *m.* to Harriett, daughter of Lord Carrington, and has issue.

3. Willoughby, in holy orders, *m.* Catherine, daughter of J. Hervey, esq.

4. Emma, *m.* to J. P. Edwardes, esq.

Sarah, *m.* to Obadiah Lane, esq. and *d.* in 1814.

Elizabeth, *m.* to Dr. Hinchcliffe, late Bishop of Peterborough.

Frances, *m.* to Gen. Watson, and has issue.

Emma, *d.* unmarried.

Mr. Crewe *d.* in 1752, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN CREWE, esq. of Crewe Hall, *b.* in 1742; returned to parliament, by the county of Chester, in 1768, and sat for the same shire to the year 1806, when he was elevated to the peerage as *BARON CREWE, of Crewe, in Cheshire*. His lordship *m.* in 1776, Frances-Anne, only daughter of Fulke Greville, esq. (envoy-extraordinary, in 1776, to the Elector of Bavaria, and minister to the Diet of Ratisbon, only son of the Rev. Algeron Greville, and grandson of Fulke, fifth Lord Brooke), by whom (who *d.* in 1818) he had issue, JOHN, present peer.

Emma, *m.* 21st April, 1809, to Foster Cunliffe, esq., eldest son of Sir Foster Cunliffe, bart.

Lord Crewe *d.* 28th April, 1829.

*Creation*—25th February, 1806.



*Arms*—Quarterly, first and fourth, *az.* a lion rampant, *ar.* second and third *ar.* a cross flory, *gu.* charged with a lion passant of the field.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, a lion's gamb, erect, *ar.*

*Supporters*—*Dexter*, a lion *ar.* collared *gu.*, thereon three roses or; *Sinister*, a griffin *sa.* wings *ar.* beaked and legged *gu.*

*Motto*—*Sequor nec inferior.*

*Seat*—Crewe Hall, near Nantwich, Cheshire.

*Note*—A branch of this family had been elevated to the peerage, in the person of John Crewe, esq. of Stene, in the county of Northampton, 20th April, 1661, by the title of Lord Crewe, of Stene. His lordship *m.* Jemima, daughter and co-heir of Edward Walgrave, esq. of Lawford, in Essex, and dying in 1679, was *s.* by his eldest son,

THOMAS, second Lord Crewe, of Stene, who *m.* first, Mary, daughter of Sir George Townshend, bart., by whom he had two surviving children,—Anne, *m.* to — Jolly, esq. of Staffordshire, and Temperance, *m.* to Sir Rowland Alston. His lordship espoused secondly, Anne, daughter and co-heir of Sir William Airmin, bart. of Osgodby, in the county of Lincoln, and widow of Sir Thomas Woodhouse, bart. by whom he left four daughters, his co-heirs, *viz.* :—

Jemima, *m.* to Henry Grey, Duke of Kent.

Armyne, *m.* to Thomas Cartwright, esq. of Aynho.

Elizabeth, *m.* to Charles, Earl of Arran.

Catharine, *m.* to Sir John Harpur, bart. of Caulk Abbey. (See Sir George Crewe, bart.)

His lordship *d.* in 1697, and was *s.* by his brother,

THE RIGHT REV. NATHANIEL CREWE, Lord Bishop of Durham, as third Lord Crewe, of Stene. This prelate stood so high in the favor of King James II., and so strenuously supported that prince's measures, that he found it no easy task to make his peace after the revolution. He did so, however; and the remainder of his life was spent in retirement, and devoted to the most unbounded acts of benevolence. He held the see of Durham forty-seven years, having previously filled that of Oxford for three. He *d.* in 1721, and leaving no issue, the *BARONY OF CREWE, OF STENE*, became extinct.

CREWE, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Caulk Abbey, in the county of Derby; *b.* 1st February, 1795; *s.* to the title, as eighth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 7th February, 1818; *m.* 9th September, 1819, Miss Whittaker, daughter of the Rev. Mr. Whittaker, of Mendham, in the county of Norfolk; by whom he has a son and heir, and other children.

### Lineage.

The name of this family, which is originally of Worcestershire, was Harpur, until changed by the father of the present baronet.

1. HENRY-HARPUR, esq. of Caulk, in the county of Derby, (son of Sir John Harpur, knt. of

Swerkston, eldest son of Mr. Justice Harpur, of the court of common-pleas, temp. Elizabeth,) was created a baronet 8th September, 1626. Sir Henry *m.* Barbara, daughter of Anthony Faunt, esq. of Poston, in the county of Lincoln, and widow of Sir Henry Beaumont, *knt.* by whom he had a numerous family. He *d.* in 1660, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR JOHN, sheriff of Derbyshire in 1640. This gentleman *d.* in 1660, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

3. SIR JOHN, in whom, in consequence of inheriting the large estates of Sir John Harpur, of Swerkston, *knt.* who *d.* in 1677, the great wealth of the various branches of the family concentrated. This gentleman *m.* Anne, second daughter of Lord Willoughby, of Parham, by whom he had one son and a daughter. He *d.* in 1681, and was *s.* by his son,

4. SIR JOHN, who *m.* Catherine, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Thomas, Lord Crewe, of Stene, by whom he had three sons and four daughters. He *d.* in 1741, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

5. SIR HENRY. This gentleman *m.* Caroline, daughter of John, second Duke of Rutland, by whom he had three sons and a daughter, Caroline, *m.* to Adam Hay, esq. He *d.* 7th June, 1749, and was *s.* by his second but eldest surviving son,

6. SIR HENRY, M.P. for the county of Derby, in 1761, and high-sheriff for the same in 1774. He *m.* in 1754, Frances-Elizabeth, second daughter of Francis, Earl Brooke and Warwick, by whom he had one son, his successor.

7. SIR HENRY, *b.* 13th May, 1763; *m.* in 1792, Miss Hawkins, by whom he had issue, GEORGE, the present baronet, and several other children. This gentleman assumed, by royal permission, in 1806, the name of CREWE, which he derived from his great-grandmother, Catherine, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas, Lord Crewe, and lady of Sir John, the fourth baronet. Sir Henry was killed, by a fall from his coach-box, 7th February, 1819.

*Creation*—8th September, 1626.



*Arms*—Ar. a lion rampant, within a bordure engr. sa.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, a lion's gamb erect ar.

*Seat*—Caulk Abbey, Derbyshire.

CROFT, SIR THOMAS-ELMSLEY, baronet, of Croft Castle, in the county of Hereford; *b.* 2nd September, 1798; inherited the title, as seventh baronet, at the decease of his father, 13th February, 1818; *m.* 9th September, 1824, Sophia-Jane Lateward, only child of the late Richard-Lateward Lateward, esq. of Ealing Grove, Middlesex, by whom he has issue,

GRACE, *b.* 3rd June, 1826.

### Lineage.

The family of Croft, which is of Saxon origin, settled in Herefordshire at a very remote period. Camden, in his description of that county, says, "Not far off (from Richard's Castle,) stands Croft Castle, belonging to the very ancient and knightly family of the Crofts;" and in Domesday Book, Bernard de Croft is mentioned as holding the lands of Croft, which his descendants inherited, until the close of the eighteenth century.

From an almost uninterrupted line of knights, distinguished alike in council and in arms, descended

SIR RICHARD CROFT, *knt.* of Croft Castle, high-sheriff of the county of Hereford; the captor of Prince Edward, son of Henry VI., at the battle of Tewkesbury, in 1471. This gallant soldier was appointed treasurer of the household to King Henry VII., and had the high honor of knight-banneret conferred upon him, at the battle of Stoke, in 1467. The direct descendant of Sir Richard,

SIR JAMES CROFT, *knt.* was lord-deputy of Ireland in 1552; and, subsequently, privy-counsellor and comptroller of the household to Queen Elizabeth, and was *s.* at his decease by his grandson,

SIR HERBERT CROFT, *knt.* M.P. for the county of Hereford, temp. Elizabeth and James I. This gentleman, espousing the doctrines of the church of Rome in 1607, became a lay-brother of the Benedictine monastery, at Douay, where he *d.* 10th April, 1622. He had previously married and left four sons and two daughters. Sir William, the eldest son, fell, gallantly fighting under the royal banner, at Stoke Castle, near Ludlow, 9th June, 1645. Sir James, the second son, was also an officer of rank in the royal army, as was Robert, the fourth son, and all *d.* without issue. The third son,

HERBERT CROFT, succeeded his father. This gentleman, after Sir Herbert's adoption of the Roman Catholic faith, was removed from Oxford to Douay, and thence to the English College of Jesuits, at St. Omers, where he became reconciled to the church of Rome. Immediately, however, after his father's death, he returned to England, and being acquainted with Morton, Bishop of Durham, was induced by that prelate to return to the church of England; and, at the desire of Doctor Laud, re-entered the university of Oxford. He subsequently took orders, and was advanced, in 1660, to the bishoprick of Here-

ford, and appointed, in 1667, dean of the chapel royal. His lordship *m.* Anne, daughter of Dr. Jonathan Browne, Dean of Hereford, and dying 12th May, 1691, was *s.* by his only son,

1. **SIR HERBERT CROFT**, who had been created a baronet 18th November, 1671. Sir Herbert *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Archer, esq. of Umberslade, in the county of Warwick, by whom he had a numerous family. He *d.* in 1720, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR ARCHER, M.P.** This gentleman *m.* in 1723, Frances, daughter of the Hon. Brigadier-general Waring, and had two sons, viz.

**ARCHER**, his successor.

**Francis**, who *m.* Grace, daughter of — Bramston, esq. and had a son,

**HERBERT**, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Richard Young, esq. of Midhurst, Sussex, and left

**HERBERT**, who *s.* as fifth baronet.

Elizabeth, *m.* first to — Brookes, esq. and secondly, to the Rev. Mr. Thompson.

Sir Archer *d.* 10th December, 1753, and was *s.* by his elder son,

3. **SIR ARCHER**, who *m.* in 1759, — daughter of William Cooper, esq. clerk to the house of lords, and had an only daughter, *m.* to Henry Mount, esq. of Sarum. Sir Archer disposed of Croft Castle, and dying without male issue, 30th November, 1792, the title devolved upon his brother,

4. **SIR JOHN**, who *d.* without legitimate issue, 4th December, 1797, when the title reverted to his kinsman,

5. **SIR HERBERT**, in holy orders, B.D. (refer to Francis, second son of second baronet). This gentleman *m.* first, Sophia, daughter and co-heiress of R. Clove, esq. by whom he had three daughters. He espoused, secondly, Elizabeth, sister of Henry-Greswold Lewis, esq. of Malvern, in the county of Warwick, but had no issue. He *d.* in 1816, when the title devolved upon his brother,

6. **SIR RICHARD**, who *m.* Margaret, daughter of the late Thomas Denman, M.D. and sister of Sir Thomas Denman, knt. attorney general, by whom he had eight children, of whom survive,

1. **THOMAS-ELMSLEY**, present baronet.

2. **Archer-Denman.**

3. **Richard.**

4. **Frances-Elizabeth.**

Sir Richard *d.* in 1818.

*Creation*—18th November, 1671.



*Arms*—Quarterly; per fesse indented *as.* and *ar.* in the first quarter a lion passant guardant or.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a griffin sejant *ppr.*

*Motto*—Ease quam videri.

**CROFT, SIR JOHN**, baronet, of Cowling Hall, in the county of York; *b.* 21st March, 1778; created a baronet, 3rd October, 1818; *m.* first, in 1816, Amelia-Elizabeth, daughter of James Warre, esq.; by whom (who *d.* in 1819) he has issue,

1. Henrietta-Maria.

2. Elizabeth-Anne.

3. Another daughter.

Sir John, *m.* secondly, in July, 1827, Anne, youngest daughter of the Rev. John Radcliffe, and has a son and heir.

### Lineage.

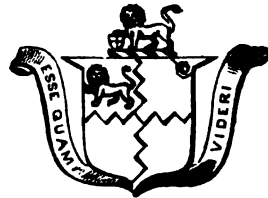
**SIR CHRISTOPHER CROFT**, lord mayor of York, in 1629 and 1641, (in which latter year, he had the honor of entertaining King Charles I. at dinner,) was great-grandfather of

**STEPHEN CROFT**, esq. whose second son,

**THOMAS CROFT**, esq. left by his wife, Lucy, daughter and heiress of Henry Thompson, esq. of Kerby Hall, a son,

**JOHN CROFT**, esq. who *m.* in 1775, Henrietta-Maria, daughter and co-heiress of the Rev. S. Tunstal, D.D. and was father of **SIR JOHN CROFT**, created a baronet as above.

*Creation*—3rd October, 1818.



*Arms*—Quarterly; indented *erm.* and *gu.* in the first quarter a lion passant guardant of the second.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a lion passant guardant per pale *gu.* and *erm.* supporting with the dexter paw an escocheon quarterly of the second and first.

*Motto*—Ease quam videri.

*Seat*—Cowling Hall, Yorkshire.

**CROFTON, BARON**, (Edward Crofton,) of Moate, in the county of Roscommon, in the peerage of Ireland, and a baronet; *b.* 1st August, 1806; *s.* to the baronetcy upon the demise of his father, in 1816; and to the

peerage at the death of his grandmother, a baroness in her own right, 12th August, 1817.

### Lineage.

The founder of this family in Ireland was JOHN CROFTON, esq. of Ballymurry, in the county of Roscommon, auditor-general in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, who accompanied the Earl of Essex into Ireland, and obtained large grants of lands in the counties of Roscommon and Leitrim. He m. Jane, sister of Sir Henry Duke, of Castle Jordan, in the county of Meath, and had four sons. The eldest of whom,

EDWARD CROFTON, esq. of Moate, in the county of Roscommon, left Thomas, ancestor of the Croftons of Longford House, in the county of Sligo, and an elder son,

GEORGE CROFTON, esq. M.P. in 1630, who erected the Castle of Moate. This gentleman m. Elizabeth, second daughter of Sir Francis Berkeley, and was s. by his son,

EDWARD CROFTON, esq. of Moate, who was created a baronet 1st July, 1661; which honor ceased with

SIR OLIVER, the fifth baronet; when his sister and heiress,

CATHERINE CROFTON, became representative of the family. This lady m. in 1743, Marcus Lowther, esq. second son of George Lowther, esq. M.P., who assumed the name of Crofton, and being created a baronet 12th June, 1758, became

1. SIR MARCUS-LOWTHER CROFTON. Herepresented the borough of Roscommon in parliament, and dying in Jan. 1764, was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR EDWARD, M.P. for the county of Roscommon, and colonel of the Roscommon militia. This gentleman m. 13th April, 1767, Anne, only daughter and heiress of Thomas Croker, esq. of Backweston, in the county of Kildare, (by Anna, daughter and co-heir with her sister, Maria-Juliana, Lady Morres, of William Ryves, of Upperwood, esq., and co-heir also with her sister, and her cousin, Mary Ryves, wife of William Candler, D.D. of Castlecomer, in the county of Kilkenny, of Sir Richard Ryves, knt., a baron of the exchequer,) by whom he had issue,

EDWARD, his successor.

Henry-Thomas Marcus, in holy orders, b. 4th September, 1763.

George-Alfred, captain in the R.N. b. 11th September, 1785.

William-Georges, captain in the coldstream foot-guards, killed in action at Bayonne, in 1814.

Caroline.

Louisa, m. to General Sir Peregrine Maitland, and d. in 1805.

Frances, m. 2nd April, 1802, St. George Caulfeild, esq. of Donaman Castle, in the county of Roscommon, who d. in 1810, leaving a son, the present St. George Caulfeild, esq. of Donaman.

Harriet, m. to James Caulfeild, esq.

Augusta, m. to James Caulfeild, esq. R.N.

Sir Edward died 30th Sept. 1797, and his widow, DAME ANNE CROFTON, was elevated to the

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peerage of Ireland, (an honor intended for Sir Edward, had he lived,) 1st December, in the same year (1797), by the title of BARONESS CROFTON, of Moate, in the county of Roscommon. Her ladyship d. in 1817, and was s. by her grandson, EDWARD, the present peer, eldest son of

3. SIR EDWARD, the successor of his father, in 1797. This gentleman m. in 1801, Lady Charlotte Stewart, fifth daughter of John, sixth Earl of Galloway, K.T.; by whom he had issue,

EDWARD, his successor, and present peer. William, b. 25th January, 1814.

Susanna-Anne, m. 17th August, 1830, to St. George Caulfeild, esq. of Donaman Castle. Charlotte.

Frances, m. in April, 1825, to Daniel Tighe, esq. of Rosanna, in the county of Wicklow. Sophia.

Frederica.

Sir Edward d. 9th January, 1816, and was s. in the baronetcy by his son,

4. SIR EDWARD, who s. at the demise of his grandmother to the barony, and is the present Lord Crofton.

Creations—Baronetcy, 12th June, 1758; Baron, 1st December, 1797.



Arms—Per pale, indented, or and az. a lion passant, guardant, counterchanged.

Crest—A stalk of wheat or.

Supporters—Dexter, a lion az.; Sinister, a stag, ppr. armed and hooved or.

Motto—Dat Deus incrementum.

Seat—Moate Park, Roscommonshire, Ireland.

CROFTON, SIR HUGH, baronet, of Mohill House, in the county of Leitrim; b. 7th July, 1763; m. in June, 1787, Frances, youngest daughter of Ralph Smith, esq. of Barbavilla, in the county of Westmeath, by whom he has issue,

MORGAN-GEORGE, m. Emily, daughter of the Right Hon. Denis Daly, of Dunsandle, in the county of Galway, and has issue.

Henry-William, in holy orders; m. ——— youngest daughter and co-heiress of Matthias Earbery, esq. M.P.

Augustus, in holy orders.

Charles, barrister-at-law.

Parsons.

Frances, m. to the Rev. Arthur Hyde. Jane.

Barbara, m. to Edward Rotheram, esq. Anne-Digby.

Sir Hugh succeeded to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 12th Feb. 1802.

### Lineage.

This family was founded by HENRY CROFTON, esq. of Mohill Castle, in the county of Leitrim, (youngest son of John Crofton, esq. of Ballymurry, auditor-general, temp. Elizabeth, the ancestor of Lord Crofton,) whose great-grandson,

1. MORGAN CROFTON, esq. was created a baronet 7th July, 1801. Sir Morgan m. in 1730, Jane, youngest daughter of Lieutenant-colonel D'Alsac, by whom he had issue, HUGH, the present baronet, and other children. He d. 12th February, 1802.  
*Creation*—7th July, 1801.



*Arms*—Per pale, indented, or and az. a lion passant, guardant, counterchanged.

*Crest*—Seven ears of wheat on one stalk, ppr.

*Motto*—Dat Deus incrementum.

*Seat*—Mohill House, in the county of Leitrim.

CROMIE, SIR WILLIAM-LAM-BART, baronet, of Toddington Park, in the county of Leicester; s. to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 14th May, 1824; m. 16th March, 1816, Anne-Rachel, only child of Sir William Hicks, bart. of Witcombe Park, in the county of Gloucester.

### Lineage.

WILLIAM CROMIE, esq. a merchant of Dublin, third son of William Cromie, esq. also a merchant of the same city, m. Miss Fish, and had issue, two daughters, and an only son,

1. SIR MICHAEL CROMIE, knt. who was created a BARONET OF IRELAND, 25th July, 1776. Sir Michael m. Gertrude, only surviving daughter and heiress of Ford Lambert, fifth Earl of Cavan; by whom he had issue, WILLIAM LAMBERT, present baronet, and a daughter, who m. Witney Melbourne West, esq.

*Creation*—25th July, 1776.

*Seat*—Toddington Park, Leicestershire.

CROSBIE, SIR EDWARD-WILLIAM, baronet, of Maryborough, in the Queen's County, s. to the title as sixth baronet, upon the demise of his father, in 1798.

### Lineage.

JOHN CROSBIE, prebendary of Disert, and bishop of Ardferit m. — daughter of — O'Lalor,

esq. of the Queen's County, and left, with four daughters, two sons,

WALTER.

DAVID, ancestor of the Earls of Glandore.

The elder son,

1. WALTER, of Maryborough, in the Queen's County, was created a BARONET OF NOVA SCOTIA, in 1630. He m. Mabel, fourth daughter of Sir Nicholas Brown, knt., and was s. by his eldest surviving son,

2. SIR JOHN, of Ballyfinn, in the Queen's County, who, espousing the royal cause, forfeited his estates. He m. Anne — and had issue,

Maurice, attainted in 1688; who m. Dorothea, daughter of John Annesley, of Ballysounan, in the county of Kildare, and had issue.

WARREN, successor to his grandfather.

George. Sarah.

Sir John was s. at his decease by his grandson,

3. SIR WARREN, of Crosbie Park, Wicklow. This gentleman left issue by his lady, (who was drowned in 1748, in passing the ford over the river Slaney, near Carlow), a son and successor,

4. SIR PAUL, who was s. by his son,

5. SIR EDWARD, who m. Castillina-Westonra, sister to Warner-William, Lord Rossmore, and was s. at his demise, in 1798, by his son,

EDWARD-WILLIAM, present bart.

*Creation*—1630.

CUFFE-WHEELER, SIR JONAH-DENNY, baronet, of Leyrath, in the county of Kilkenny; s. his father, Sir Richard-Wheeler-Cuffe, in the family estates, and was created a baronet of Ireland, 1st Oct. 1799. Sir Jonah m. Miss Browne, daughter of William Browne, esq. of Browne's Hill, Carlow, by Lady Charlotte Bourke, daughter of his grace, Joseph, Archbishop of Tuam, and third Earl of Mayo, and has a son and heir.

### Lineage.

The founder of this highly respectable family in Ireland was

JONAH WHEELER, D.D. who was consecrated Lord Bishop of Ossory, in 1613. His lordship m. Martha, daughter of — Tucker, esq. of the county of Kent, and dying in the ninety-seventh year of his age, in 1640, was s. in his estates by his only son,

OLIVER WHEELER, esq. of Grenane, in the Queen's county. This gentleman m. Elizabeth, daughter of Walter Weldon, esq. of Athy, in the county of Kildare, by whom he had issue, JONAH, (who s. at Grenane, but whose male line ceased with his second son, Oliver Wheeler, esq. also of Grenane,) and

FRANCIS WHEELER, esq. who m. in 1670, Maria, daughter of — Tighe, esq. of Dublin; by whom he had an only son,

RICHARD WHEELER, esq. of Leyrath, in the county of Kilkenny. This gentleman m. Rose, daughter of George Brabazon, esq.; by whom he had issue,



## CUL

JONAH, his successor.

Oliver.

Mary-Anne, m. to Thos. Lovett, esq. of Dublin.  
Judith, m. to Richard Helsham, esq. of Leg-  
get's Rath, Kilkenny.

Rose.

Sarah.

Brabazon, m. to Lieutenant-colonel Nairne,  
grandson of the attainted Lord Nairne, by  
whom she was mother of William, the re-  
stored lord.

He was s. by his elder son,

JONAH WHEELER, esq. who m. 22nd December,  
1743, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Denny  
Cuffe, esq. of Sandhill, in the county of Carlow,  
(brother of John, first Lord Desart, see that title;)   
by whom he had two sons, Richard and William.  
He d. 29th Jan. 1776, and was s. by the elder,

SIR RICHARD WHEELER, knt. who assumed the  
surname of CUFFE, upon inheriting the Cuffe  
estates. Sir Richard m. Rebecca, eldest daughter  
of Eland Mosson, esq. of Eland, in the county  
of Kilkenny; by whom he had issue (with four  
daughters),

JONAH, present baronet.

William, m. his cousin, Mary, daughter of  
John Helsham, esq. of Legget's Rath.

Creation—1st October, 1790.



*Arms*—Ar., on a bend indented sa., three fleurs-  
de-lis of the field, betw. two cottises az., each  
charged with three bezants.

*Crest*—An armed man embowed az., holding a  
baton gu.

*Motto*—Animus tamen idem.

*Seat*—Leyrath, in the county of Kilkenny.

**CULLUM, THE REV. SIR THOMAS-  
GERY**, baronet, of Hawstead, and Hard-  
wick House, in the county of Suffolk; b. in  
October, 1777; m. 27th August, 1805, Mary-  
Anne, only child and heiress of Thomas  
Eggers, esq. of Woodford, in the county of  
Essex, by whom (who d. 29th January, 1830)  
he has an only daughter,

Arethusa-Susannah, m. to Thomas Gibson,  
esq. of Theberton, Suffolk.

Sir Thomas, who is rector of Knoddishall,  
Suffolk, s. to the title, as eighth baronet, upon  
the demise of his father, 8th Sept. 1831.

### Lineage.

1. THOMAS CULLUM, esq. who served the office

## CUL

of sheriff of London and Middlesex, in the year  
1647, and became an Alderman of London, was  
created a baronet 18th June, 1660. He m. in 1623,  
Mary, second daughter and co-heiress of Nicholas  
Crispe, esq. of London, merchant, by whom he  
had three children. Sir Thomas purchased Haw-  
stead-place, in the county of Suffolk, in 1656.  
His lady d. in 1637; and her epitaph, written by  
Sir Thomas, is somewhat singular.

Her corpse interr'd lies hear,  
Which liv'd with a free spirit;  
Who by God's mercie,  
And her Saviour's merit,  
Departed in assured hope,  
And certain trust,  
To reign eternallic  
Among the just.  
To live and die well,  
Was her whole indeavor;  
And in assurance died,  
To live for ever.

If that all women wer but near as good as shee,  
Then all men surely might in wives right hap-  
pie bee,

Would any know how virtus rare in her did  
take;

I say no more; she was a Crispe, born of a Pake.

The baronet d. in 1664, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR THOMAS, who m. Dudley, third daughter  
of Sir Henry North, baronet, and dying in 1690,  
was s. by his eldest son,

3. SIR DUDLEY. This gentleman was high-she-  
riff of the county of Suffolk in 1690, and knight  
of the same shire, in 1702. He m. twice, but d.  
without issue, in 1720, when the title reverted  
to his cousin,

4. SIR JASPER, grandson of the first baronet,  
through his second son, John. This gentleman  
d. in 1734, and was s. by his only son,

5. SIR JOHN, who m. first, in 1738, Jane daugh-  
ter and heiress of Thomas Deane, esq. of Free-  
folk Hank, who d. in 1730; and, secondly, in  
1731, Susanna, daughter and co-heiress of Sir  
Thomas Gery, knt. by whom, with other chil-  
dren, he had

JOHN, his successor.

THOMAS-GERY, seventh baronet.

He d. 16th January, 1774, and was succeeded by  
his eldest son,

6. THE REV. SIR JOHN, rector of Hawstead and  
Great Thurlow, F.R.S. and F.S.A.; m. Peggy,  
daughter of Daniel Bisson, esq. but dying s. p.  
in 1785, the title devolved upon his brother,

7. SIR THOMAS GERY, F.R.S. and F.S.A., b.  
30th November, 1741, m. 1st September, 1774,  
Mary, daughter of Robert Hanson, esq. of Nor-  
mantton, in the county of York, and heiress to  
her brother Sir Levett Hanson, knt. by whom,  
(who d. in 1830) he had issue,

THOMAS-GERY, present baronet.

John-Palmer, bath-king-of-arms, m. Miss  
Sarah Mantle, and d. in 1820.

Susanna, d. in 1803.

Sir Thomas d. 8th September, 1831.

Creation—18th June, 1660.

## CUM



*Arms*—As. a chev. erm. betw. three pelicans or, vulning themselves ppr.

*Crest*—A lion sejant or, holding betw. the paws a column ar. capital and base gold.

*Motto*—Sustineatur.

*Seats*—Hawstead Place, and Hardwick House, Suffolk.

**CUMBERLAND AND TIVIODALE, HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE DUKE OF,** (Prince Ernest-Augustus,) in the peerage of Great Britain; Earl of Armagh, in the peerage of Ireland; K.G., G.C.B., D.C.L., and F.R.S., chancellor of the University of Dublin; a field-marshal in the army; president of the board of general-officers, and of the royal naval asylum; *b.* 5th June, 1771; *m.* in 1815, (29th May, and 29th August,) Frederica-Caroline-Sophia, daughter of Charles, Grand Duke of Mecklenburgh Strelitz, sister of the reigning Duke, and widow, first, of Prince Frederick-Louis of Prussia, and secondly, of Frederick-William, Prince of Solms Braunfels, by whom he has one son, **GEORGE-FREDERICK-ALEXANDER-ERNEST-AUGUSTUS**, *b.* 27th May, 1819. His Royal Highness, who is the fifth son of his Majesty King George the Third, and brother of his most gracious Majesty King **WILLIAM THE FOURTH**, was created *Earl of Armagh*, and *Duke of Cumberland and Tiviotdale*, 24th April, 1799.



*Arms*—The royal arms of England, with the necessary label of distinction.

*Town Residence*—Ambassador's-court, Saint James's Palace.

## CUN

**CUMMING, SIR KENNETH**, of Coulter, baronet, of Nova Scotia.

### Lineage.

1. **ALEXANDER CUMMING**, esq. was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, 28th of Feb. 1672, and the title has regularly descended to the present baronet, who is Sir Alexander's direct heir male.

(*creation*—28th February, 1672.



*Arms*—As. three garbs, within a bordure, or.

*Crest*—A garb or.

*Supporters*—Two ostriches.

*Motto*—Courage.

**CUNLIFFE, SIR FOSTER**, baronet, of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, F.S.A., *b.* in 1755; *m.* in 1781, Harriet, daughter of Sir David Kinloch, baronet, of Gimertoun, by whom (who *d.* 11th September, 1830) he has had issue,

**FOSTER**, *b.* in August, 1782; *m.* 21st April, 1800, Emma, only daughter of John, first Lord Crewe.

**Robert-Henry**, *b.* in 1785: *m.* Louisa, widow of — Forest, esq.

**Ellis-Watkin**, *m.* in 1822, Caroline, youngest daughter of the late John Kingston, esq. Brooke.

**George**, in holy orders; *m.* Dorothea, daughter of T. S. Townsend, esq. of Trevallyn, in the county of Denbigh.

**Mary**, *m.* to the Right Honorable Charles-Watkin-Williams Wynn, M.P.

**Harriet**, *m.* to Sir Richard Brooke, bart. and *d.* in 1825.

Sir Foster *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father in 1778.

### Lineage.

**FOSTER CUNLIFFE**, esq. an opulent merchant of Liverpool, left two sons, the elder of whom,

1. **SIR ELLIS CUNLIFFE**, knt. M.P. for Liverpool, was created a baronet 26th March, 1759, with remainder, in case of failure of issue, to his brother, Robert Cunliffe, esq. Sir Ellis *m.* Mary, daughter of Henry Bennet, esq. of Moston, in the county of Chester, by whom he had two daughters,

**Mary**, *m.* to Drummond Smith, esq. of Tring Park.

**Margaret-Elizabeth**, *m.* to William Goaling, esq. of Roehampton Grove.

## CUN

He *d.* in October, 1767, and was *s.* by his brother,  
2. **SIR ROBERT**, who *m.* Mary, daughter of  
Ichabod Wright, esq. of Nottingham, banker, by  
whom he had issue,

Forster, present baronet.

Elizabeth, *m.* in 1782, to Clement-Stafford  
Courtney, esq.

Mary, *m.* in 1780, to Sir Richard Brooke, bart.  
Margaret, *m.* to Thomas Brooke, esq. of Min-  
shull, and *d.* a widow in 1826.

*Creation*—20th March, 1759.



*Arms*—Sa., three conies courant ar.  
*Vest*—On a wreath, a greyhound sejant ar.  
collared sa.

*Motto*—Fideliter.

*Seat*—Acton, Denbighshire.

**CUNNINGHAM-FAIRLIE, SIR WIL-  
LIAM**, baronet, of Robertland, in the county  
of Ayr; *s.* to the title, as sixth baronet, at  
the decease of his father, in 1811; *m.* 21st  
May, 1818, Anne, only daughter of the late  
Robert Cooper, esq. of Woodbridge, in the  
county of Suffolk.

### Lineage.

The family of Cunningham, of Robertland, is  
descended from that of Craighide; the im-  
mediate ancestor of which was

THE HONORABLE WILLIAM CUNNINGHAM, (se-  
cond son of Alexander, first Earl of Glencairn,) who  
bestowed the estate of Robertland upon his  
second son,

DAVID CUNNINGHAM, of Bartonholm. From  
whom descended,

1. **DAVID CUNNINGHAM**, of Robertland, who  
was served heir to his father, in 1628. This  
gentleman (master of the works to King James  
VI. of Scotland,) was created a *Baronet of Nova  
Scotia*, 25th November, 1630, with remainder to  
his heirs male whatsoever. Sir David *d.* without  
issue, when the title devolved upon his brother,

2. **SIR ALEXANDER**, who, dying without male  
issue, was *s.* by his kinsman,

3. **SIR JOHN**. This gentleman was *s.* by his son,

4. **SIR WILLIAM**, who *m.* in 1741, Margaret,  
daughter of William Fairlie, esq. of Fairlie; by  
whom he had four sons and four daughters. He  
*d.* 25th of October, 1781, and was *s.* by his eldest  
son,

5. **SIR WILLIAM**. This gentleman *m.* Anne,  
daughter of Robert Colquhoun, esq. of the island  
of St. Christophers; by whom he had issue,

## CUN

1. **WILLIAM**, (who assumed the additional  
surname of Fairlie,) the present baronet.

2. Robert. 3. John, deceased.

4. Charles, *m.* to Frances, daughter of Sir  
John Call, baronet.

5. Alexander-Fairlie, deceased.

6. Frances.

7. Margaret, *m.* first, to Captain Robert  
Maxwell, of Pollock; and, secondly, to  
John Cunningham, esq. of Craighids.

8. Anne, *m.* to Sir William Bruce, baronet,  
of Stenhouse.

Sir William *d.* in 1811.

*Creation*—25th November, 1630.



*Arms*—Ar., a shake-fork, sa. between a bugle-  
horn in chief, and two towers in base of the  
last, the first stringed, and the last having the  
portcullis shut gu. quartering FAIRLIE.

*Crest*—A unicorn's head ar. horned or, charged  
on the point with a rose gu.

*Supporters*—Two knights in armour, holding  
in the exterior hand a baton.

*Motto*—Fortitude.

*Seat*—Robertland, Ayrshire.

**CUNNINGHAM, SIR RICHARD**, of  
Auchinarvie, baronet of Nova Scotia; *s.* to  
the title

### Lineage.

1. **DAVID CUNNINGHAM**, esq. of Auchinarvie, in  
the county of Ayr, was created a *Baronet of  
Nova Scotia* in 1673; and from him lineally de-  
scended the present baronet.

*Creation*—1673.



*Arms*—Ar. a shake-fork sa. in fesse two lo-  
zenges of the last.

*Crest*—A dexter hand ppr. holding a lozenge or.

*Motto*—Cura et candore.

## CUN

**CUNNINGHAME, SIR JAMES-MONTGOMERY**, baronet, of Corse Hill, in the county of Ayr; *m.* in 1802, Miss Cumming, daughter of Thomas Cumming esq. of the family of Cumming, of Elmside, by whom he has issue,

1. ALEXANDER.
2. Thomas, an officer in the army.
3. James. 4. George, R.N. 5. Henry.
6. Jesse-Jane, *m.* in 1830, to Sir James Boswell, bart.
7. Grace-Matilda.

Sir James *s.* to the title at the decease of his brother, Sir David, in 1814. He is the sixth baronet, and one of the claimants of the dormant earldom of Glencairn.

### Lineage.

WILLIAM CUNNINGHAM, fourth Earl of Glencairn, *m.* Margaret Campbell, daughter and heiress of John Campbell, esq. of West London; and granted, in 1532, the lands of Corshill to his second son,

THE HONORABLE ANDREW CUNNINGHAME; who was *s.* by his son,

CUTHBERT CUNNINGHAME, of Corshill; from whom lineally descended

1. ALEXANDER CUNNINGHAME, of Corshill; who *s.* his father in 1664, and was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* in 1672. Sir Alexander *d.* in 1685, and was *s.* by his only son,

2. SIR ALEXANDER; who *d.* in 1730, and was *s.* by his son,

3. SIR DAVID. This gentleman *m.* Penelope, daughter of ——— Montgomery, of Alosae, and niece of Sir Walter Montgomery, baronet, of Kirtonholm; by whom he had three sons and a daughter; and was *s.* by his grandson,

4. SIR WALTER MONTGOMERY, (the eldest of six sons of Alexander-Montgomery Cuninghame, esq. by Elizabeth Montgomery, heiress of Lainshaw) who, upon the demise of John, fifteenth Earl of Glencairn, in 1796, claimed the honors of that noble and ancient house, as heir-male, against Sir Adam Ferguson, bart. of Kilkerran, who claimed as heir of line. Sir Walter dying without issue, in 1814, was *s.* by his next brother,

5. SIR DAVID; at whose decease, in the same year, the title devolved upon his brother, JAMES, the present baronet.

*Creation*—1672.



## CUN

*Arms*—Ar., a shake-fork *sa.* in chief a crescent *az.*

*Crest*—A unicorn's head erased *ppr.*

*Supporters*—Two conies *ppr.*

*Motto*—Over, fork, over.

*Seat*—Corse Hill, Ayrshire.

**CUNYNGHAME, SIR DAVID**, baronet, of Milncraig, in the county of Ayr; a colonel in the army; *s.* to the title, as fifth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 17th January, 1828; *m.* first, in 1801, Maria, daughter of Edward, Lord Thurlow, lord-chancellor of England; by whom (who *d.* 21st February, 1816) he has had issue,

Edward-Thurlow, *b.* 23rd Sept. 1802, *d.* in 1825.

DAVID-THURLOW, *b.* 16th December, 1803.

Robert-S.-Thurlow, *b.* 27th March, 1807, *d.* in 1828.

Francis-Thurlow, *b.* 11th August, 1808.

Arthur-Thurlow, *b.* 3rd August, 1812.

Mary-Frances-Thurlow, *b.* 16th May, 1805, *m.* Hon. Augustus Ellis, second son of Lord Seaford.

Caroline-Anne-Thurlow, *b.* in 1800, *d.* in 1830.

Sir David espoused secondly, in 1817, Gertrude-Henrietta, daughter of William Kimpston, esq. of Amphilh, in Bedfordshire, and has surviving issue,

Henry-Sidney-Myrton, *b.* 6th August, 1819.

William-Augustus-Charles-Myrton, *b.* 6th January, 1824,

Augustus-Myrton, *b.* 8th January, 1829.

Julia-Myrton, *b.* 28th January, 1831.

### Lineage.

This family is descended from a common ancestor with the Cuninghams of Robertland, and the other distinguishing house of the same name—

THE HONORABLE SIR WILLIAM CUNNINGHAM, second son of Alexander, first Earl of Glencairn; from whose eldest son,

WILLIAM CUNNINGHAM, of Craigends, descended — CUNYNGHAM, of Polquhairn, who obtained the estate of Milncraig, by intermarrying with one of the daughters and co-heiresses of William Cathcart, of Corbiestoun, (a junior member of the noble family of Cathcart,) and was great-grandfather of

1. DAVID CUNYNGHAME, esq. of Milncraig, in the county of Ayr, and of Livingstone, in the county of Linlithgow, who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* 3rd February, 1792. This Sir David was a person of eminent talents, a distinguished lawyer, an eloquent member of the Scottish parliament, and the friend and coadjutor of Andrew Fletcher, of Saltoun. He *m.* first, Isabella, youngest daughter of James, first Viscount Stair; and, secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Robert Baird, bart. of Soughton Hall.

Sir David was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,

2. SIR JAMES, who *d.* unmarried, in 1747, and was *s.* by his brother,

3. SIR DAVID. This gentleman attained the rank of lieutenant-general in the army, and was

appointed colonel of the 57th regiment of infantry, in 1757. He *m.* Lady Mary Montgomery, only daughter of Alexander, ninth Earl of Eglington, by whom he had, (with other children,)

WILLIAM-AUGUSTUS.

Margaret, *m.* to the Honorable James Stuart-Wortley-Mackenzie, and *d.* in 1808, leaving issue, James Archibald, now Lord Wharnccliffe, and other children.

Sir David *d.* suddenly, of the gout in his stomach, 10th October, 1767, and was *s.* by his son,

4. SIR WILLIAM-AUGUSTUS, who *m.* first, in 1768, Frances, daughter and heiress of Sir Robert Myrton, bart. of Gogar, in the county of Mid Lothian, by whom he had

DAVID, present baronet.

ROBERT, *m.* to Miss Jane Dundas.

Francis, *m.* to Miss Jane Whiteford.

Sir William *m.* secondly, in 1785, Mary, only daughter and heiress of Robert Udny, esq. of Udny, and had issue,

William-Augustus, *b.* in 1788, *d.* in 1827.

George-Augustus-Frederick, *b.* in 1790.

Frederick-Alexander.

James-Stuart-Wortley (deceased).

Mary.

He *d.* 17th January, 1828.

*Creation*—3rd February, 1702.



*Arms*—Ar. a shake-fork between three fleurs-de-lis, sa.

*Crest*—A unicorn's head, armed and crined, or.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a knight in armour, hold in his exterior hand a spear. SINISTER, a countryman, in his exterior hand a hay-fork.

*Motto*—Over, fork, over.

*Seat*—Livingston and Milncraig, North Britain.

CURTIS, SIR LUCIUS, baronet, of Gatcombe, in the county of Hants; captain in the royal navy, and C.B.; *b.* 3rd June, 1786; *m.* 1st June, 1811, Mary, eldest daughter of Moses Greetham, esq. of East Cosham, Hants, by whom he has issue,

ROGER, *b.* 9th Nov. 1812.

Roger-Lucius, *b.* 8th May, 1816.

Roger William, *b.* 15th April, 1817.

Roger Frederick, *b.* 26th April, 1819.

Septimus, *b.* 3rd April, 1823.

Mary, *b.* 20th Feb. 1815.

Elizabeth-Caroline, *b.* 18th Feb. 1825.

Sir Lucius, *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 14th Nov. 1816.

### Lineage.

1. SIR ROGER CURTIS, knt. G.C.B. a naval officer of distinguished bravery, having attained the rank of admiral of the red, was created a baronet 10th September, 1794, in consideration of his heroic achievements under Lord Howe, in the memorable engagement 1st June, in that year: he had been previously knighted for his conduct at the siege of Gibraltar, in 1782. Sir Roger *m.* Sarah, youngest daughter of Matthew Brady, esq. of Gatcombe House, Hampshire, by whom (who *d.* in 1801) he had issue,

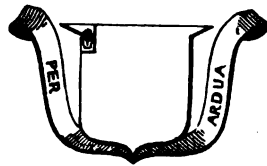
Roger, a post-captain, R.N. deceased.

LUCIUS, present baronet.

Jane.

Sir Roger *d.* in 1816.

*Creation*—10th September, 1794.



*Motto*—Per ardua.

*Seat*—The family has not, at present, any mansion house: that of Gatcombe having been disposed of to government, under an act of parliament, at the close of the late war, to extend the fortifications in the island of Portsea.

*Present Residence*—Ramridge House, near Andover.

CURTIS, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Culland's Grove, in the county of Middlesex; *b.* 2nd March, 1782; *m.* 19th November, 1803, Mary-Anne, only child of the late George Lear, esq. of Leytonstone, Essex, by whom he has issue,

WILLIAM, *b.* 20th August, 1804.

George-Lear.

Henry-Charles.

Augustus-John.

Edward-Constable.

Alexander-Kyd.

Horace-Good.

Mary-Anne.

Emma, *m.* to George-Savage Curtis, esq. of Teignmouth Devon, and has issue.

Sabine-Louisa.

Charlotte.

Louisa-Anne.

Georgiana.

Guilhermina.

Anne-Augusta.

Julia.

Agnes.

Sir William *s.* as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 18th January, 1829.

**Lineage.**

**WILLIAM CURTIS**, esq. an alderman of London and representative of that city, with the interruption of one short parliament only, from 1790 to 1826, when, from advanced age, he declined the honor, was created a baronet 23rd December, 1802. He *m.* 9th November, 1778, Anne, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Edward Constable, esq. by whom he had issue,

**WILLIAM**, present baronet.

**Timothy-Abraham**, *b.* 3rd January, 1786, *m.* 25th April, 1809, Margaret-Harriet, youngest daughter of the late Young Green, esq. of Poole, county of Dorset, and has issue, **Charles**, *b.* 18th March, 1795, *m.* and has issue. **Emma**, *m.* to Henry-Cad-Wallader Adams, esq. of Ansley Hall.

**Rebecca-Mary**, *m.* 29th March, 1828, to Timothy Curtis, esq. captain R.N. son of the late Rev. Charles Curtis.

**Sir William** *d.* 18th January, 1829.

*Creation*—December, 1802.



*Arms*—Paly of six, or and az., a fesse chequy ar. and sa. on a canton gu. a dragon's wing erect of the first, in base a sword ppr. pomel and hilt of the first, surmounting a key in saltier of the second.

*Crest*—A ram's head couped ar. surmounted by two branches of oak in saltier ppr.

*Motto*—Gradatim vincimus.

*Town Residence*—61, Portland-place.

*Seats*—Culland's Grove, Southgate, Middlesex, and Clift House, Ramsgate.

**CUYLER, SIR CHARLES**, baronet, of St. John's Lodge, in the county of Herts; a major-general in the army, and lieutenant-colonel of the 69th foot; *b.* 29th January, 1794; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, in March, 1819; *m.* 6th Feb. 1823, Catharine-Frances, daughter of the Rev. Fitzwilliam Halifax, rector of Richard's Castle, by whom he has issue,

**CHARLES-HENRY-JOHNES**, *b.* 26th Jan. 1826.

**George-Augustus**, *b.* in January, 1827.

**Emma**.

**Lineage.**

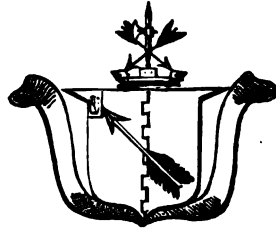
**1. CORNELIUS CUYLER**, esq. a general officer in the army, was created a baronet 23rd July, 1814; he *m.* Anne, daughter of Major Grant, by whom he had issue,

**CHARLES**, present baronet.

And five daughters, of whom the third, **Eliza**, *m.* in 1831, to the Rev. R. Berners.

**Sir Cornelius** *d.* 8th March, 1819.

*Creation*—23rd July, 1814.



*Arms*—Per pale embattled gu. and az. an arrow in bend or, barbed and flighted ar. point upwards.

*Crest*—On a mural crown ppr. a battle-axe erect, surmounted by two arrows in saltier or, flighted ar. points downwards.

*Seat*—St. John's Lodge, Herts.

**DACRE, BARON**, (Thomas Brand,) *b.* 15th March, 1774; *s.* to the title upon the demise of his mother, a peeress in her own right, 3rd October, 1819; *m.* in the December following, Barbarina, relict of Valentine Wilmot, esq. of Farnborough, in the county of Southampton, and daughter of the late Admiral Sir Chaloner Ogle, bart. His lordship, who is the nineteenth Baron Dacre, represents a branch of the eminent house of VAUX, (see *Burke's Extinct Peerage*,) and is co-heir to the BARONY OF FITZHUUGH.

**Lineage.**

The barony of Dacre was originally in the family of Vaux, whereof three brothers settled in England, at the period of the Norman conquest, in which they assisted, and participated in the spoil, Hubert, Ranulph, and Robert; of these, **HUBERT** had the barony of Gilleland granted to him by his kinsman, Ranulph de Meschines, on whom the CONQUEROR had conferred the whole county of Cumberland. This Hubert was *s.* by his son,

**ROBERT DE VALLIBUS**, who founded the priory of Pentney, in Normandy, and the abbey of Lanercost, in Cumberland, and was sheriff of Cumberland and governor of Carlisle, temp. Henry II. This Robert was not only a person of great valor, but also well learned in the laws of the land, and went justice itinerant into Cumberland, in the twenty-fourth year of the same monarch: dying without issue, the feudal barony devolved upon his brother,

**RANULPH DE VALLIBUS OR VAUX**, whose great-granddaughter and heiress,

**MAUD**, *m.* Thomas de Moulton, temp. Henry III., and conveyed the barony of Gilleland into the family of her husband. The great grandson of this marriage,

THOMAS DE MOULTON, was summoned to parliament in the reigns of Edward I. and Edward II.; and, at his decease, left an only daughter and heiress,

MARGARET, who married

RANULPH DE DACRE, one of the most eminent persons in those parts, as well on account of his valor as a soldier, as his illustrious birth, being descended from William de Dacre, sheriff of Cumberland and governor of Carlisle, in the reign of Henry III. He was summoned to parliament in right of his wife, from 15th May, (14th Edward II.), 1321, to 15th November, (13th Edward III.), 1336, in which latter year he died, and was s. by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, second Baron Dacre, who was s. by his brother,

RANULPH, third Baron Dacre, who was likewise s. by his brother,

HUGH, fourth Baron Dacre. This nobleman m. Ela, daughter of Sir Alexander Maxwell, lord of Carleaverock, and dying in 7th Richard II. was s. by his son,

WILLIAM, fifth baron, who m. Joan, daughter of James, first Earl Douglas, and was s. by his son,

THOMAS, sixth baron, summoned to parliament, from 1st December, (14th Henry IV.) 1412, to 26th May, (33 Henry VI.) 1455, as *Thomas, Lord Dacre, of Gillesland*. This nobleman, who was chief forester of Inglewood, in Cumberland, m. Philippa, daughter of Ralph Nevill, Earl of Westmorland, and had issue, THOMAS, Ranulph, Humphry, and Joan. Thomas, the eldest son, m. Elizabeth, daughter and heir of Richard Bowes, and dying before his father, left an only daughter and heiress, JOANE; which

JOANE DACRE, succeeded her grandfather in 1517, and marrying

SIR RICHARD FIENES, carried the barony into that family. Sir Richard was summoned to parliament, from the 9th October, (38 Henry VI.) 1459, to 15th November, (23 Edward IV.) 1482. He was constable of the Tower of London, lord-chamberlain to the queen consort of King Edward IV., and a privy-counsellor. His lordship and his lady had great contests and disputes with Sir Humphry Dacre, her ladyship's uncle, and the male heir of the family, concerning the lordship's manors, &c. of the late lord, which litigation was finally adjusted by the arbitration of King Edward IV. That monarch, after hearing the cause, confirmed to Sir Richard and the lady Joan, the same place and precedence that her grandfather had and enjoyed; and also decreed to them certain lordships in Lancashire and Lincolnshire; but *Gillesland*, the ancient and capital seat of the *Vauxes*, and of all the barons their descendants, was adjudged, together with the best of the estates in Cumberland, to Sir Humphry Dacre. It was provided, however, that in case of failure of heirs male of Sir Humphry, that the whole estate should go to Lady Joan and her heirs. At the same time Sir Humphry Dacre was created LORD DACRE of *Gillesland*, with place next beneath Sir Richard Fienes, (who was simply styled LORD

DACRE,) and his lady. Sir Richard's descendants were distinguished as Lords Dacre of the *South*, and those of Sir Humphry, Lords Dacre of the *North*. (For particulars of whom, see *Burke's Extinct Peerage*.) Sir Richard Fienes, Lord Dacre, d. in 1484, and was s. by his grandson,

THOMAS, eighth Baron Dacre, (son of Sir Thomas Fienes, and his wife Alice, eldest daughter, and co-heir of Henry, Lord Fitz Hugh.) This nobleman was made a knight-of-the-Bath, at the creation of Henry, second son of King Henry VII. Duke of York. His lordship m. Anne, daughter of Sir Humphry Bouchier, son of John, Lord Bouchier, of Berners, and dying in 1534, was s. by his grandson,

THOMAS, ninth baron, (son of Sir Thomas Fienes by Jane, daughter of Edward Sutton, Lord Dudley.) This nobleman was high in favor at the court of Henry VIII; but going with other young persons one night from Herstmonceux, to steal a deer out of his neighbour's, Sir Nicholas Pelham's, park, (a frolic not unusual in those days,) a fray ensued between some of his party and the park-keepers, in which one of the latter received an unlucky blow, that caused his death in a few days afterwards; and, although Lord Dacre was not himself present on the spot, but in a distant part of the park, he was nevertheless tried, convicted, and executed for the murder, in 1541, when his honors became forfeited. In 1562, however, those honors were restored to his son and heir, (by Mary, daughter of George Nevill, Lord Abergavenny,)

GREGORY FIENES, as tenth baron, who was summoned to parliament in 1573. This nobleman d. in 1594, without issue, when his sister,

MARGARET, the wife of Sampson Lennard, esq. claimed the barony, and was allowed it in 1604. Her ladyship d. in 1611, and was s. by her eldest son,

HENRY LENNARD, as twelfth Lord Dacre, who m. Chrisogona, daughter of Sir Richard Baker, of Sissenhurst, in Kent, and dying in 1616, was s. by his only son,

RICHARD LENNARD, thirteenth Lord Dacre, who rebuilt his seat at Cherevening upon a plan of Inigo Jones. This nobleman m. first Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of Sir Arthur Throckmorton, of Pauley's Perry, in the county of Northampton, by whom he had (with other issue),

FRANCIS, his successor,

His lordship espoused secondly Dorothy, daughter of Dudley, Lord North, and had a son,

RICHARD, who had the manor of Horsford, in Norfolk settled on him by his father, and he subsequently assumed the name of BARRETT, in consideration of the manor of *Belhouse* and other lands in *Essex*, bequeathed to him by Sir Edward Barrett, Lord Newburgh. He m. Anne, daughter and heir of Sir Robert Loftus, knt. and granddaughter of Adam, Viscount Loftus, of Ely, lord-chancellor of Ireland, and was s. at his decease in 1696, by his son,

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**DACRE-BARRETT-LENNARD**, who *m.* Lady Jane Chichester, daughter of Arthur, second earl of Donegal, and had a son,

**RICHARD**, of whom hereafter as husband of his cousin Lady Anne Lennard, Baroness Dacre.

**Richard**, thirteenth Lord Dacre, *d.* 18th August, 1630, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**FRANCIS**, fourteenth baron. This nobleman during the civil wars took the side of the parliament, but he opposed the proceedings against the king personally. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and eventually co-heir of Paul, first Viscount Bayning, by whom he had three sons and three daughters. Lord Dacre, upon the decease of Ranulph Dacre, last heir male of the Lords Dacre of the North, without issue in the reign of Charles I. laid claim to Gillesland, and the rest of the ancient estates in Cumberland, and though he at last consented to compromise matters with the Howard family, then in possession, yet he recovered Dacre and divers other manors in Cumberland and Westmorland. He *d.* in 1662, (his Widow Elizabeth was subsequently created *COUNTESS OF SHEPPY* for life) and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**THOMAS**, fifteenth Lord Dacre, who was created, 5th October, 1674, **EARL OF SUSSEX**. This nobleman, being of an extravagant disposition, was obliged to dispose of his seat, at Herstonceux, and his lands in Sussex. His lordship *m.* Lady Anne Palmer, daughter of Barbara, Duchess of Cleveland, but dying in 1715, without male issue, the earldom ceased, while the barony of Dacre fell into abeyance, between the earl's two daughters and co-heiresses, Babara and Anne; the former dying without issue, in 1741,

**ANNE** became Baroness Dacre. Her ladyship *m.* thrice: first, Richard-Barret Lennard, esq. (revert to Richard, thirteenth Baron), by whom she had an only son, Thomas: secondly, Henry, eighth Lord Teynham, by whom she had, with other children,

**Charles**, who *m.* Gertrude, sister and co-heir of John Trevor, esq. of Glynd, in Sussex, and left at his decease, in 1754,

**CHARLES-TREVOR**, of whom presently, as eighteenth lord.

**GERTRUDE**, who *s.* her brother, as **BARONESS DACRE**.

Her ladyship espoused thirdly, the Hon. Robert Moore, son of Henry, third Earl of Drogheda, by whom she had one son, **HENRY**. Her ladyship, soon after the death of her first husband, in conjunction with her sister, sold Chevening, the ancient seat of the Lennards, to Earl Stanhope; and Dacre Castle, with the lands in Cumberland, to Sir Christopher Musgrave: she *d.* in 1755, and was *s.* by her eldest son,

**THOMAS-BARRETT-LENNARD**, as seventeenth Baron Dacre. This nobleman *m.* Ann-Maria, daughter of Sir John Pratt, lord-chief-justice of the king's bench; but, dying without issue, 12th of January, 1786, the title devolved upon his nephew, (revert to Anne, Baroness Dacre),

## DAL

**CHARLES-TREVOR ROPER**, as eighteenth Lord Dacre. His lordship *d.* 4th July, 1794, without issue, when the family honors reverted to his sister,

**THE HONORABLE GERTRUDE ROPER**, who *m.* Thomas Brand, esq. of the Hoo, in the county of Herts; by whom she had issue,

**THOMAS**, present baron.

**Henry**, C.B., major-general in the army, who distinguished himself during the war in Spain; *m.* Pyne, eldest daughter of the late Honorable and Rev. Dean Crosby, and sister of the present Lord Brandon. General Brand assumed by sign manual, in 1824, the surname of "**TREVOR**" only; he has issue,

1. **Thomas**.

2. **Henry**.

3. **Pyne**, *m.* in 1828, to John-Henry Cotterell, esq.

4. **Julia**, *m.* to Samuel-Charles Whitbread, esq. M.P.

5. **Gertrude**, *m.* 21st July, 1831, to Sir George-Hamilton Seymour, K.C.H. son of Lord George Seymour.

**Gertrude**.

Her ladyship *d.* 3rd October, 1819.

**Creations**—Originally by tenure: by writ of summons, in the reigns of Edward I. and Edward II. and also in (the 38th Henry VI.) A.D. 1459, and again acknowledged in 1604.



**Arms**—Az. two swords in saltier ar. pomels and hilts or, within a bordure engr. of the second.

**Crest**—Out of a ducal coronet or, a leopard's head ar. spotted of various colours.

**Supporters**—**Dexter**, a wolf ar. langued gu. with a spiked collar, chain and clog or; **Sinister**, a bull gu. armed, and ducally gorged, and chained, or.

**Motto**—Pour bien desirer.

**Town Residence**—2, Chesterfield-street.

**Seat**—The Hoo, near Welwyn, Herts.

**DALHOUSIE, EARL OF**, (George-Ramsay,) and Lord Ramsay, in the peerage of Scotland; and Baron Dalhousie, of Dalhousie Castle, in the county of Edinburgh, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; a general-officer in the army, colonel of the



26th regiment of foot, and a knight grand-cross of the Bath; *b.* 22nd October, 1770; *s.* to the Scottish honors, as ninth earl, upon the demise of his father, 4th November, 1787; and was created a peer of the realm, as above, 11th August, 1815. His lordship *m.* in 1805, Christian, only child and heiress of Charles Broune, esq. of Coulstoun, Haddingtonshire; by whom he has issue,

GEORGE, *Lord Ramsay*, *b.* 3rd August, 1806; an officer in the army.

James, *b.* 22nd April, 1812.

Lord Dalhousie, who distinguished himself as a military commander in the late war, particularly at Waterloo, received repeatedly the thanks of parliament. His lordship is now commander-in-chief in India.

### Lineage.

This noble family, which is said to be of German descent, has been of note in North Britain since the reign of David I. At that period, we find (A.D. 1140)

SIMON DE RAMSAY, of Dalhousie, in Lothian, a subscribing witness to a grant of the church of Livingston, in West Lothian. From this Simon descended

SIR ALEXANDER RAMSAY, knt. of Dalhousie, warden of the middle marches, and, in 1332, constable of the castle of Roxburgh, which he had taken by escalade. This gallant soldier acquired so high a reputation in his conflicts with the English, that to be of his band, was considered as a branch of military education, requisite for all young gentlemen, who ambitioned to excel in arms. In reward of capturing the fortress of Roxburgh, David II. bestowed upon Ramsay the office of sheriff of Teviotdale, which William Douglas, the knight of Liddesdale, then held. From that moment, Douglas, once the friend and companion in arms of Ramsay, became his implacable foe. In performance of the duty of his office, Ramsay held a court in the church of Hawick, 30th January, 1342, whither Douglas came with an armed retinue, and was courteously welcomed by the high-minded and unsuspecting Ramsay; but, regardless of every feeling save that of vengeance, he seized the sheriff, and, dragging him from the judgment-seat, had him conveyed to the castle of Hermitage, in the dungeon of which he perished by famine. It is reported, that above the place of Ramsay's confinement there lay a heap of corn; and that, with some grain which dropped down through crevices in the floor, he sustained a miserable existence for seventeen days. From Sir Alexander we pass to his lineal descendant,

JAMES RAMSAY, who left at his decease, about the year 1580, two sons, viz.

GEORGE.

John (Sir), who for his loyalty and valour in rescuing King James VI. from the attempt made upon his life by the Earl of Gowrie

and his brother, Alexander Ruthven,\* at Perth, 3th August, 1600, was created *Lord Ramsay, of Barns, and Viscount Haddington*. He was subsequently advanced to the dignity of EARL OF HOLDERNESSE, in the peerage of England. His lordship *m.* twice, but leaving no issue at his decease, in 1635, his honors expired.

The elder son,

SIR GEORGE RAMSAY, knt. had the barony of Dalhousie, on his own resignation, and the lordship of Melrose, on the resignation of his brother Lord Haddington, erected into a free barony, to himself and his heirs male of entail, to be called the *Barony of Melrose*, with a grant to himself and his heirs male and successors in the said barony, of the dignity of a peer of parliament, under the title of *Lord Ramsay, of Melrose*, by charter dated 25th August, 1618. But not being pleased with that designation, his lordship obtained a letter from King James VI. to change it to *Lord Ramsay, of Dalhousie*. His lordship *m.* first, Margaret, only daughter and heiress of Sir Geo. Douglas, of Helen Hill; and, secondly, Margaret Ker. He *d.* in 1629, and was *s.* by the eldest son of his first marriage,

WILLIAM, second baron; who was created, 29th January, 1633, *Baron Ramsay, of Kerington*, and EARL OF THE CASTLE OF DALHOUSIE, in *Mid Lothian*. His lordship *m.* Margaret, eldest daughter of David, first Earl of Southesk, and dying 11th February, 1674, was *s.* by his eldest son,

GEORGE, second earl; who *m.* Anne, second daughter of John, second Earl of Wigton, and widow of Lord Boyd, and dying in 1675, was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, third earl. This nobleman *m.* Mary, daughter of Henry, first Earl of Drogheda; by whom he had three sons and a daughter. He *d.* in 1682, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

GEORGE, fourth earl, who *d.* unmarried, in 1696 (his lordship was killed in Holland by a Mr. Hamilton), when the honors devolved upon his brother,

\* When the voice of his majesty, exclaiming "Treason and murder," was heard at the window of Gowrie's House, the royal attendants rushed up the principal staircase to his assistance, but found the doors locked. Sir John Ramsay fortunately entered the room by a back-stair, and finding Alexander Ruthven struggling with the king, drew his dagger, plunged it twice into Alexander's body, then threw him down stairs, where he was met by Sir Thomas Erskine and Hugh Herries, who dispatched him, and went up to the king. The Earl of Gowrie now rushed into the apartment, with a sword in each hand, followed by seven of his attendants, completely armed, and threatened them all with instant death. Notwithstanding the inequality of numbers, the three gentlemen attacked the earl, and Sir John Ramsay, piercing Gowrie through the heart, he fell dead without speaking a word. — *Wood's Douglas.*

**WILLIAM, fifth earl.** This nobleman was a military officer, and commanded the Scots guards, with the rank of brigadier-general, sent to the assistance of the Archduke Charles, in his struggle for the crown of Spain, in 1710. His lordship *d.* unmarried in the October of the same year, when the honors devolved upon his kinsman,

**WILLIAM, sixth earl,** (grandson of the first Earl of Dalhousie, through his second son, John, by Miss Sinclair.) His lordship *m.* Jane, daughter of Lord Ross, by whom he had George, Lord Ramsay, who *d.* in his (Lord Dalhousie's) lifetime, leaving issue, by Jane, second daughter of the Hon. Harry Maule, of Kelly, and niece of James, fourth Earl of Panmure, Charles and George, and another son. The earl *d.* 8th December, 1730, and was *s.* by his grandson,

**CHARLES, seventh earl,** who *d.* unmarried in 1764, and was *s.* by his brother,

**GEORGE, eighth earl.** This nobleman filled the elevated post of high commissioner to the general assembly of the church of Scotland, from the year 1777 to 1782; and was a representative peer in 1774, 1780, and 1784. His lordship *m.* 30th July, 1767, Elizabeth, daughter of Andrew Glen, esq. niece and heiress of James Glen, esq. of Longcroft, in the county of Linlithgow, by whom he had issue,

**GEORGE, present peer.**

William, created **BARON PANMURE.** See that dignity.

James, a lieutenant-general in the army, *b.* 1st October, 1772.

John, *b.* in 1775, colonel in the army; *m.* in 1800, Mary, daughter of Philip Delisle, esq. of Calcutta, and has William-Maule, and other children.

Andrew, *b.* 6th May, 1806; *m.* in 1800, Rachel, daughter of — Cock, esq. and has issue.

Henry, in the naval service of the East India Company, *d.* unmarried, in 1808.

David, captain in the army, *d.* in 1801, *unm.* Elizabeth, *m.* in 1786, Sir Thomas Moncrieffe, bart. who *d.* in 1818.

Mary, *m.* in 1801, to James Hay, esq. of Drum, who *d.* in 1822.

Lord Dalhousie *s.* upon the demise of his maternal uncle, William Maule, Earl of Panmure, in 1782, to the very extensive estates of that family for life, with remainder, according to settlement, to his second son, who assumed the name of Maule, and was created, in 1831, Baron Panmure.

**Creation**—Baron, 25th August, 1618. Earl, 29th January, 1633. Baron (United Kingdom), 11th August, 1815.

**Arms**—Az. an eagle displayed, sa. beaked and membered gu.

**Crest**—A unicorn's head, couped, ar. armed and maned or.

**Supporters**—Two griffins, ppr.



**Motto**—Ora et labora.

**Seats**—Dalhousie Castle, Mid Lothian; and Coalstoun, Haddingtonshire.

**DALLAS, SIR GEORGE,** baronet, of Petsal, in the county of Stafford, so created 21st July, 1798; *m.* in June, 1788, Catherine, fourth daughter of Sir John Blackwood, bart. and Dorcas, Baroness Dufferin and Claneboye, by whom he has issue,

1. **HENRY,** captain in the army.

2. **Robert.**

3. **Catherine-Sophia,** *m.* in December, 1811, to the Hon. Captain George Poulett, R.N. and *d.* in 1831.

4. **Marianne,** *m.* first, in 1800, to Sir Peter Parker, Captain R.N., slain in an engagement with the Americans, 4th August, 1814; and, secondly, in 1818, to Michael Brace, esq.

5. **Henrietta.**

### Lineage.

**ROBERT DALLAS,** esq. of Kensington, *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of the Rev. James Smith, minister of Kilberney, and had (with several daughters) two sons,

**Robert (Sir),** lord-chief-justice of the court of common-pleas, who *d.* in December, 1824, leaving issue.

**GEORGE,** created a baronet as above.

**Creation**—21st July 1798.



**Arms**—Ar., a bend az. between three mullets sa.

**Crest**—A crescent per pale or and gu.

**Motto**—Lux venit ab alto.

**Town Residence**—18, Henrietta-street, Cavendish-square.

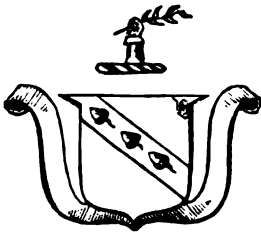
**Seat**—Petsal, Staffordshire.

**DALLING, SIR WILLIAM-WINDHAM**, baronet, of Burwood Park, in the county of Surrey; s. to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, in January, 1798.

### Lineage.

1. **JOHN DALLING**, esq. (son of John Dalling, esq. of Bungay, in the county of Suffolk, by Anne, daughter of Colonel Windham, of Ersham House, Norfolk,) having attained the rank of colonel in the army, and, being appointed governor of Jamaica, was created a baronet, 4th March, 1783. Sir John s. twice: by his first lady he had no issue; but by his second, Louisa, daughter of Excelles Lawford, esq. he had a numerous family, of which the present baronet, and Captain John Windham Dalling, R.N., heir presumptive, are the only survivors.

*Creation*—4th March, 1783.



*Arms*—Erm. on a bend or, three acorns ppr.

*Crest*—A cubit arm erect, holding a branch of oak, fructed ppr.

*Town Residence*—57, Wimpole-street.

*Seats*—Ersham Hall, Norfolk; Bungay, Suffolk; and Burwood Park, Surrey.

**DALRYMPLE SIR JOHN-HAMILTON**, baronet, of Cranstoun, in the county of Edinburgh; b. 14th June, 1771; m. 23rd June, 1795, Henrietta, eldest daughter of the Rev. Robert-Augustus Johnson, of Kenilworth, in the county of Warwick, by whom (who d. 16th October, 1823) he had no issue. He espoused, secondly, 8th June, 1825, Adamina, third daughter of Admiral Lord Viscount Duncan. Sir John s. his father in 1810, as fifth baronet, and is heir presumptive to the viscounty of Stair, &c.

### Lineage.

1. **THE HON. JAMES DALRYMPLE**, second son of James, seventh baron and first Viscount Stair, was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, 28th of April, 1698. This gentleman was first designated of Borthwick, afterwards of Killoch, and subsequently of Cousland. He was one of the principal clerks of session, a man of great merit,

learning, and integrity; and one of the best antiquaries of his time, which the works he has published sufficiently attest. Sir James s. first, Catherine, third daughter of Sir John Dundas, of Arniston, baronet; secondly, Esther, third daughter of John Cunningham, of Enterkin, and widow of William Fletcher, esq. of New Cranston; and, thirdly, Jane-Halket. He was s. at his decease by his eldest son,

2. **SIR JOHN**, of Cousland. This gentleman was appointed one of the principal clerks of session in 1708. He s. first, Elizabeth, daughter of his mother-in-law, by William Fletcher, esq. of New Cranston, by whom he had two sons and two daughters; he s. secondly, Sidney, daughter of John Sinclair, esq. of Uster, by whom he had several children. Sir John d. 24th May, 1743, and was s. by his eldest son,

3. **SIR WILLIAM**, of Cousland; who was s. 20th February, 1770, by his eldest son,

4. **SIR JOHN**, of Cranston; who, towards the close of his life, in consequence of the accession of several estates by marriage, assumed the surnames of Hamilton-McGill, and was designated Sir John Dalrymple-Hamilton-McGill, baronet, of Cousland and Cranstoun. This gentleman, during the lifetime of his father, held the situation of solicitor to the board of excise. In 1776, he was appointed one of the barons of the court of exchequer, which office he resigned in 1807. Sir John s. Elizabeth-Hamilton-McGill, daughter of Thomas Hamilton, esq. of Pala, and heiress and representative of the ancient Viscounts Oxenford, by whom he had a numerous family; of which survive,

**JOHN-HAMILTON**, present baronet.

North, an officer in the army; m. Miss Penny, of Lancashire, and has John, and other issue.

Elizabeth, m. to Myles Sandys, esq. of Graythwait Hall.

Agnes.

Jane, m. to William Horseman, esq.

Sir John d. in February, 1810.

*Creations*—28th April, 1698.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, or, on a saltier az. between three water-bougets in flank and base sa. nine losenges of the field, that in the centre charged with a crescent gu.; second and third, sa. a cross, flory, between four escallops ar.; over all, in a surtout, quarterly, first and fourth, gu. three cinquefoils erm. within a

bordure ar.; second and third, gu. three martlets or.

*Crest*—Out of a viscount's coronet a rock ppr.

*Supporters*—*Dexter*, a lion, rampant, gu.; *Sinister*, an antelope ppr.

*Motto*—Firm.

*Seat*—Oxenford Castle, in the county of Edinburgh.

**DALRYMPLE, SIR ADOLPHUS-JOHN**, baronet, of High Mark, in the county of Wigtoun; a colonel in the army, and aide-de-camp to the king; *b.* 3rd February, 1784; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 10th April, 1830; *m.* 23rd June, 1812, Anne, daughter of the late Sir James Graham, bart. of Netherby.

### Lineage.

This is a branch of the noble house of Dalrymple, Earls of Stair, founded by

**THE HON. HEW DALRYMPLE**, one of the younger sons of James, first Viscount Stair, (father of the first earl,) who was created a baronet in 1698. This gentleman *m.* Marion, daughter of Sir Robert Hamilton, of Pressamont, and had issue,

Robert, ancestor of Sir Hew Dalrymple-Hamilton,

Hugh, ancestor of Sir Robert Dalrymple-Horn-Elphinstone,

and

**CAPTAIN JOHN DALRYMPLE**, of the Enniakillen dragoons, who *m.* Mary, eldest daughter of Alexander Ross, esq. of Balkale, and dying in 1753, left an only son and heir,

**HEW-WHITEFORD**, esq. a general-officer in the army, and colonel of the 57th foot; who was created a baronet 6th May, 1815. He *m.* in 1783, Frances, youngest daughter and co-heir of General Leighton, and had issue,

1. **ADOLPHUS-JOHN**, present baronet.

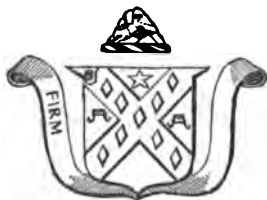
2. **Charlotte-Elizabeth**, *m.* to Captain J. Chambers White, R.N.

3. **Frances-Mary**, *m.* in 1811, to Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Fanshawe, of the engineers.

4. **Arabella-Boyd**, *m.* in 1810, to Captain Dacres, R.N. and *d.* in 1828.

Sir Hew *d.* 9th April, 1830.

*Creation*—6th May, 1815.



*Arms*—Or, on a saltier az. betw. a star of eight points in chief gu. and two water-bougets in the flanks sa. nine lozenges of the field.

*Crest*—A rock ppr.

*Motto*—Firm.

*Town Residence*—23, Upper Wimpole-street.

*Seats*—Delrow, Herts; and High Mark, Wigtoun.

**DALZIELL, SIR JAMES**, baronet, of Binns, in the county of Linlithgow; *b.* 7th July, 1774; inherited the title at the decease of his father, 10th October, 1791. Sir James is the fifth baronet, and the seventeenth in lineal descent from Walter, Earl of Menteth.

### Lineage.

This family being the heirs male and representatives of the ancient Earls of Menteth, it is necessary, in the first instance, to deduce that line of descent.

The name of Menteth is local, there being a considerable district in North Britain, through which the river Teth runs, called the *Stewartry of Menteth*: it was written, at different periods, *Menethet*, *Menteth*, *Menteth*, and *Monteth*; the last is the most recently adopted.

The title of Earl of Menteth is said to have existed in the reign of Malcolm III. A.D. 1056; and there is no doubt of there having been such a nobleman in the reign of Malcolm's son, David. In the thirteenth century, we have also upon record, Gilchrist and Maurice, successive Earls of Menteth.

**WALTER STEWART**, third son of Walter, lord-high-steward of Scotland, *m.* the descendant and heirress of one of those earls, and thus, it is supposed, obtained the earldom. His lordship took an active part in the war against Edward I. of England, and is said to have been put to death by that monarch, upon the surrender of the castle of Dunbar, wherein, with other Scottish chiefs, he had sought safety, after a fierce conflict between the Scots and English, in which the former were totally routed. The earl left two sons, who, with their posterity, ever afterwards assumed the surname of Menteth, but retained the paternal coat of Stewart, altering the fesse cheque to a bend for difference. The elder son, **ALEXANDER**, succeeded to the earldom of Menteth. The younger son,

**SIR JOHN MENTETH**, having submitted to Edward I. was appointed keeper of the castle of Dunbarton, by that monarch. In two interpolated chapters of Fordun is a long account of this gallant person, who refused to give up the fortress so entrusted to him to Robert I., without obtaining a pardon and the earldom of Lennox; but having been taken by stratagem, was thrown into prison, from whence, through the influence of his sons-in-law, Malice, Earl of Strathern, Sir Archibald Campbell, of Lochow, and Maurice Buchanan, of Buchanan, he was released immediately before the battle of Bannockburn, where he deported himself valiantly on the part of the Scottish king, notwithstanding

## DAL

ing Edward II. having caused his banner to be displayed in the English army. Sir John Menteth had from King Robert I. a charter of the lands of Glenbecriche and Aulisay, in Kintyre, paying a galley of twenty-six oars to the king. He was *custos comitatus de Menteth* in 1320, when, under that designation, he signed the celebrated letter to the Pope, asserting the independence of Scotland. He *d.* in 1333, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR WALTER MENTETH, of Rusky. This gentleman had four sons, two of whom survived, and had issue, namely,

ALEXANDER, his successor.

John, progenitor of the Menteths of Carse, or Kerse.

Sir Walter was killed in one of those local feuds which, at that remote period, so barbarously characterized the country. He was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR ROBERT, but his male line failing with his grandson, the male line of the family was carried on by the descendants of the second son,

JOHN MENTETH, who *m.* Marjory, daughter and heiress of John de Striveling, sheriff of Clackmannan, lord of Carse, of Stirling and Alveith, with whom he acquired those lands, and that heritable office. From this John, who *d.* towards the close of the fourteenth century, lineally descended

JAMES MENTETH, of Auldcaithy, who *m.* in 1688, Magdalen, daughter of Sir Thomas Dalryell, bart. of Binns, by whom he had seven sons and three daughters. The eldest of whom, James, assumed the additional surname of Dalryell, or Dalziel, and *s.* his uncle, Thomas, the second baronet, of Binns, in that honor. The dignity was originally conferred, 7th November, 1685, upon

1. THOMAS DALRYELL, of Binns, only son of the celebrated General Dalryell, with remainder to his heirs of entail succeeding to the estate of Binns. Sir Thomas was *s.* at his decease by his son,

2. SIR THOMAS; at whose decease, unmarried, the baronetcy and fortune devolved upon the son of his sister, Mrs. Menteth, of Auldcaithy, which son then became

3. SIR JAMES MENTETH-DALRYELL, OF DALZIELL, of Binns; and dying 28th February, 1747, was *s.* by his eldest son,

4. SIR ROBERT. This gentleman *m.* 22nd September, 1773, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Nicol Graham, esq. of Gartmore; by whom he had eleven children. He *d.* in 1791, and was *s.* by his eldest son, JAMES, the present baronet.

*Creation*—7th November, 1685.

*Arms*—Sa. a naked man ppr. his arms extended, a canton ar. charged with a sword and pistol, saltierwise, gu.

*Crest*—A dexter hand, holding a cimex ppr.

*Supporters*—Two pavilion-poles.

## DAN



*Motto*—I dare.

*Seat*—Binns, Linlithgowshire.

DANCER, SIR AMYRALD, baronet, of Northland, in the county of Tipperary; *b.* 14th November, 1768; inherited the title, as fifth baronet, at the decease of his grand-uncle, Sir Thomas Dancer, 1st October, 1776; *m.* 12th April, 1804, Jemima-Matilda, third daughter of Philip Going, esq. of Monroil, in the county of Tipperary, by whom he has issue,

THOMAS-GOING-BERNARD, *b.* 9th February, 1806.

Philip, *b.* 3rd March, 1806.

John-Smyth, *b.* 10th February, 1814.

Amyrald, *b.* 12th March, 1818.

Charles, *b.* 1st February, 1819.

Grace-Going, *b.* 8th January, 1805.

Jemima, *b.* 2nd February, 1807.

Louisa, *b.* 3rd March, 1809.

Elizabeth, *b.* 20th May, 1810.

### Lineage.

1. SIR THOMAS DANCER, knt. alderman and mayor of the city of Waterford, was created a BARONET OF IRELAND, 12th of August, 1602; and of this gentleman's family, John Dancer, the poet, is presumed to have been a member. This John Dancer attained considerable reputation in his own times. He published, in 1675, "Agrippa, King of Alba, or the false Tiberinus," a play, translated from the French of Quinault into heroic verse, which was frequently performed before the Duke of Ormonde, and the vice-regal court at Dublin. He published, in 1671, "Nicomede," a tragi-comedy, translated from the French of Corneille; and also "Aminta," a pastoral, from the Italian of Tasso. He wrote, besides, a romance, called, "The English Lovers," together with (according to Winstanley, in his *Lives of the Poets*), a complete "History of the Times," and a "Chronicle of the Kingdom of Portugal." Sir Thomas Dancer *m.* Sarah, daughter of the Right Hon. Sir Adam Loftus, knt. of Rathfarnham, in the county of Dublin, (joint-keeper of the great seal of Ireland with the lord-primat and Sir William Parsons, during the absence of the Lord Chancellor Ely, in 1627, and treasurer at war, and a privy-counsellor in Ireland, in 1636,) by his wife, Jane, daughter of

## DAR

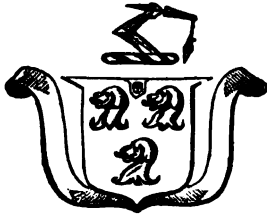
Walter Vaughan, esq. of Golden Grove, in the king's county. Sir Thomas was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,

2. SIR THOMAS, who *d.* unmarried, in 1703, when the title devolved upon his brother,

3. SIR LOFTUS, of Modreeney, in the county of Tipperary, who was *s.* by his eldest son,

4. SIR THOMAS. This gentleman was mayor of Cashell in 1749. He *m.* and had an only daughter and heiress, who *m.* — Eyre, esq. and by him became mother of Thomas Dancer Eyre, esq. and Chichester Eyre, esq. besides two daughters; Mary, who *m.* Charles Grove, esq.; and Elizabeth, *m.* to Launcelot Madden, esq. Sir Thomas *d.* in 1776, when the title devolved upon the grandson of his brother, his grand-nephew, AMYRALD, the present baronet.

*Creation*—12th August, 1662.



*Arms*—Ar. three talbots' heads erased, sa.

*Crest*—A dexter arm in armour, holding a broken spear ppr.

*Seat*—Modreeney, near Claghjordan, Ireland.

**DARRELL, SIR HARRY-FRANCIS-COLVILLE**, baronet, of Richmond, in the county of Surrey; *b.* 17th November, 1814; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 13th April, 1828.

### Lineage.

The ancestors of this family were of consideration in the county of York, so far back as the reign of King John, and were seated there (at Sesay,) until the time of Henry VIII.

WILLIAM DARREL, esq. of Sesay, *d.* in the forty-second year of Edward III., and one of his younger sons,

JOHN DARREL, esq. settled at Calehill, in the county of Kent. The son and heir of this gentleman,

THOMAS DARREL, esq. removed to Scotney, in the county of Sussex. From this Thomas lineally descended

SIR MARMADUKE DARRELL, knt. of Fulmere, in the county of Bucks, cofferer to King Charles I., whose great-great-grandson,

LIONELL DARELL, esq. of Bedford Row, *d.* in 1783, leaving by his wife Honoria, daughter of Humphrey Hardwick, esq. vice-consul at Lisbon,

1. LIONEL DARELL, esq. M.P. who was created a baronet 12th May, 1795. Sir Lionel *m.* in July, 1766, Isabella, daughter of Timothy Tullie, esq.

## DAR

a director of the East India company, by whom he had a son and several daughters. Sir Lionel Darell having been chosen a director of the East India Company, became chairman of the court of directors, and colonel of one of the India house regiments of volunteers. He *d.* in 1803, and was *s.* by his only son,

2. SIR HARRY-VARELST, *b.* 25th December, 1766; *m.* in 1809, Amelia-Mary-Anne, only daughter of William Beecher, esq. by whom he had HARRY-FRANCIS, the present baronet, and other children. Sir Harry, who was a senior merchant on the Bengal establishment, and commercial resident of the honorable East India Company, at Etawah and Calpu, *d.* in India, on the 13th April, 1828.

*Creation*—12th May, 1795.



*Arms*—Az. a lion rampant or, ducally crowned ar.

*Crest*—Out of ducal coronet or, a saracen's head couped at the shoulders ppr. bearded sa. wreathed round the temples, ar. and as. on the head a cap of the last, fretty of the fourth, tasselled gold, turned up erm.

**DARNLEY, EARL OF**, (Edward Bligh, M.A.) Viscount Darnley, of Athboy, and Baron Clifton, of Rathmore, in the county of Meath, in the peerage of Ireland; and Baron Clifton, of Leighton-Bromswold, in the peerage of England; hereditary high-steward of Gravesend and Milton, and lord-lieutenant of the county of Meath; *b.* 25th February, 1795; *s.* to the honors, as fifth earl, upon the demise of his father, 17th March, 1831; *m.* 26th July, 1825, Emma-Jane, second daughter of Sir Henry Parnell, bart. by whom he has issue,

JOHN, Lord Clifton, *b.* 16th April, 1827.

Edward-Vesey, *b.* 28th February, 1829.

— (a daughter) *b.* 30th September, 1830.

### Lineage.

JOHN BLIGH, citizen and salter of the City of London, the founder of this noble family, was employed as an agent to the adventurers for the forfeited estates by the rebellion of 1641, and in that capacity arrived in Ireland during the usurpation of Cromwell, when he became an adventurer himself to a large extent. Mr. Bligh was returned for Athboy, in the first parliament after the restoration. He *m.* Catherine, sister

of William Faller, Bishop of Lincoln, and dying in 1666, was s. by his only son,

THOMAS BLIGH, esq. of Rathmore, in the county of Meath, M. P. for that shire, and of the privy council to Queen Anne. This gentleman m. Elizabeth, daughter of colonel James Napier, of Loughcrew, in the same county, and dying 28th August, 1710, was s. by his eldest son,

JOHN BLIGH, esq. M. P. who m. 21th August, 1713, Lady Theodosia Hyde, then only daughter and heiress of Edward, third Earl of Clarendon, by Catharine, BARONESS OF CLIFTON,\* was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 14th September, 1721, in the dignity of *Baron Clifton of Rathmore*. His lordship was advanced, 7th March, 1722-3, to the *Viscounty of Darnley*, and created, 29th June, 1725, EARL OF DARNLEY. He d. 12th September, 1728, and was s. by his eldest surviving son,

\* BARONY OF CLIFTON.

SIR GERVASE CLIFTON, knt. of Leighton Bromswold, in the county of Huntingdon, (a branch of the ancient Nottingham family, Clifton of Clifton) was summoned to parliament, as *BARON CLIFTON, of Layton Bromswold*, from 9th July, 1608, to 5th April, 1614. This nobleman was committed to the Tower in the 13th of James I. for having expressed regret that he had not stabbed the lord keeper, Sir Francis Bacon, who had decided a chancery suit against him, and he soon afterwards killed himself, (October, 1618.) His lordship had married Catherine, only daughter and heiress of Sir Henry Darcie, of Brimham, in the county of York, and left an only daughter and heiress,

CATHERINE CLIFTON, who espoused ESME STEWART, third DUKE OF LENNOX, in Scotland, and had surviving issue, (besides daughters)

JAMES, who inherited as fourth DUKE OF LENNOX, and was created Duke of Richmond; m. Lady Mary Villiers, only daughter of George, first Duke of Buckingham, and relict of Charles, Lord Herbert, and had issue,

ESME, fifth Duke of Lennox and second Duke of Richmond, who d. unmarried, in 1660.

Mary, m. to Richard Butler, Earl of Arran, and d. s. p. in 1667.

GEORGE, who bore the title of LORD AUBIGNY, and doing homage for that lordship, in the province of Berry, 5th August, 1636, was so acknowledged by the French Government. This gallant nobleman fell at the battle of Edgehill, in 1642, leaving by his wife, Lady Catherine Howard, daughter of Theophilus, second Earl of Suffolk,

CHARLES, who s. as sixth Duke of Lennox.

CATHERINE, of whom hereafter as successor to the BARONY OF CLIFTON.

Ludovick, who did homage for the Seigneurie of Aubigny, in France, 20th November, 1656. He was canon of Notre Dame, in Paris, Abbe de Hautfontain, and great almoner to the Queen of England. He

T T

EDWARD, second earl, who had previously inherited the English barony of CLIFTON, upon the demise of his mother, 30th July, 1722. His lordship d. unmarried, 20th July, 1747, when the honors devolved upon his brother,

JOHN, third earl; b. 1st October, 1719; m. 11th September, 1766, Mary, daughter and heiress of John Stoyte, esq. of Street, in the county of Westmeath, barrister-at-law, by whom (who d. in 1803,) he had issue,

JOHN, Lord Clifton, his successor.

Edward, a general officer in the army, b. 19th September, 1769.

William, b. 25th September, 1775, a colonel in the army; m. in 1806, Lady Georgiana-Charlotte-Sophia-Stewart, daugh. of John, seventh Earl of Galloway, by whom, who d. in 1809, he has a daughter, Sophia.

was a man of letters, and much connected with the literati of the age; St. Evremont frequently mentions him under the title of Monsieur d'Aubigny, and says, "Qu'il avoit beaucoup d'esprit, et encore plus de franchise." He was created a CARDINAL in 1665, and died at Paris, in the November of that year, a few hours after the arrival of the courier who brought him the hat from Rome.

John, general of horse, in the service of King Charles I., fell at the battle of Alresford, in 1644, and d. s. p.

BERNARD, created EARL OF LICHFIELD, for his gallantry in the civil wars, in which he fell at the battle of Rowtonheath, in 1645.

Upon the decease of ESME, FIFTH DUKE OF LENNOX, and second Duke of Richmond, (refer to James, eldest son of the above) unmarried in 1660, the honors devolved upon that nobleman's cousin (refer to GEORGE, second son of the above),

CHARLES STEWART, Lord Stewart of Newbury and Earl of Lichfield, (so created in 1645), as SIXTH DUKE OF LENNOX, and THIRD DUKE OF RICHMOND. This nobleman did homage by proxy to Louis XIV., in 1670, for the lordship of Aubigny. His grace espoused first, Elizabeth, daughter of Richard Rogers, esq. of Brianstone, in the county of Dorset, widow of Charles, Lord Mansfield. The duke married secondly, Margaret, daughter of Lawrence Banaster, esq. and widow of William Lawes, esq. of Vann, in the county of Glamorgan, and thirdly, Frances-Theresa, eldest daughter of Walter Stewart, third son of Walter, first Lord Bluntyre, celebrated as the most beautiful woman in the court of King Charles II. His grace died however without issue, at the Danish court, to which he had been accredited as ambassador extraordinary, in 1672, when the dukedom of Lennox devolved upon King Charles II., as nearest collateral heir male, and his majesty was served heir in special, to Charles, Duke of Lennox, his cousin, 6th July, 1680. The male line of these dukes thus terminating, we return to the last duke's sister,

LADY CATHERINE STEWART, (refer to George,

## DAR

Mary, m. to the late Sir Lawrence Palk, baronet, and d. in 1791.

Theodosia, m. in 1790, to Thomas-Cherbury, Bligh, esq. who d. in 1830.

Catherine, m. in 1804, to Charles-William, present and third Marquess of Londonderry, and d. in 1812.

The earl d. 31st July, 1781, and was s. by his eldest son,

JOHN, fourth earl, b. 30th June, 1767, m. 19th September, 1791, Elizabeth, third daughter of the late Right Honorable William Brownlow, of Lurgan, by whom he had issue,

EDWARD, present earl.

John-Duncan, b. 11th October, 1798.

Mary, m. in June, 1822, to Charles Brownlow, esq. M.P., and d. in 1823.

Elizabeth.

This nobleman presented in 1820 a petition to the King, claiming the dukedom of Lennox in the peerage of Scotland, as heir of line of Charles, sixth Duke of Lennox and fourth Duke of Richmond, at whose death in 1672, King Charles II. was served his grace's heir. As his majesty's (legitimate) issue became extinct in 1807 with the Cardinal York, and as that personage was the last heir male of the Stuarts, the Earl of Darnley put forward his claim as heir general, being descended from Catherine, sister of the sixth Duke. The petition was referred to the house of lords, and their lordships have not hitherto decided upon it.

The earl d. 17th March, 1831.

*Creations*—English Barony, 9th July, 1608.

son of Esme, third Duke of Lennox, and Catherine Clifton.) This lady espoused Henry O'Brien, Lord Ibrickan, eldest son and heir apparent of Henry, seventh Earl of Thomond, and had an only daughter,

KATHERINE, whom Edward Hyde, third Earl of Clarendon, and dying in the lifetime of her mother, left issue,

EDWARD, who s. his grandmother.

Catherine d. unmarried, in 1708.

THEODOSIA, of whom hereafter as heir to her brother.

Lady Ibrickan, as heir general of her grandmother, Catherine Clifton, consort of Esme, third Duke of Lennox, claimed the BARONY OF CLIFTON, of *Leighton Bromswold*, 8th January, 1673-4, and her claim was acknowledged 7th February following. Her ladyship d. in 1702, and was s. by her grandson,

EDWARD HYDE, *Viscount Cornbury*, and second BARON CLIFTON. His lordship dying in 1713, unmarried, the barony devolved upon his only surviving sister,

LADY THEODOSIA BLIGH, wife of JOHN BLIGH, esq. created EARL OF DARNLEY, as above. Her ladyship d. in 1728, and was s. by her eldest son,

EDWARD BLIGH, as third Lord Clifton, who succeeded his father as second Earl of Darnley, as in the text.

## DAR

Irish Barony, 14th September, 1721. Viscounty, 7th March, 1722-3. Earldom, 20th June, 1725.



*Arms*—As. a griffin, segreant, or armed and langued gu. between three crescents ar.

*Crest*—A griffin's head, crased, or.

*Supporters*—Two griffins, wings expanded, or.

*Motto*—Finem respice.

*Town Residence*—46, Berkeley-square.

*Seats*—Cobham Hall, near Gravesend, Kent, which came into the family through the Stewarts, having been granted by King James I., to James Stewart, first Duke of Richmond, after the attainder of Henry, Lord Cobham, for his concern in Raleigh's conspiracy; and Rathmore, county of Meath, Ireland.

DARTMOUTH, EARL AND BARON OF, (William Legge, D.C.L., F.R., and A.S.) Viscount Lewisham; b. 29th November, 1784; s. to the honors, as fourth earl, upon the demise of his father, 2nd November, 1810; m. first, 5th April, 1821, Frances-Charlotte, daughter of Charles-Chetwynd, second Earl Talbot, by whom (who d. in October, 1823) he has an only son,

WILLIAM-WALTER, *Viscount Lewisham*, b. 12th August, 1823.

His lordship m. secondly, 25th October, 1828, Frances, second daughter of George, fifth Viscount Barrington, and has two daughters,

### Lineage.

The founder of this noble family,

THOMAS LEGGE, of the company of Skinners, served the office of sheriff of the city of London in 1343, and was lord-mayor in the years 1346 and 1353. In 1338, this opulent citizen lent Edward III. £300 towards carrying on the war with France, which was a very considerable sum in those days, and more than any other citizen advanced, except the lord-mayor, and Simon de Francis, who lent each £800 in the ensuing year. Alderman Legge m. Elizabeth,\* daughter of Thomas Beauchamp, Earl of Warwick, and was s. by his elder son,

SIMON LEGGE, who m. Margaret, daughter of

\* It must be confessed, says Sir Egerton Brydges in a note to Collins, that this match seems not very consonant to the alliances of the proud family of Beauchamp at that time; and requires strong proof.



Sir John Blount, and his eldest surviving son,

WILLIAM LEGGE, going into Ireland, settled at Cassals, where he m. Anne, only daughter of John, son of Miles, Lord Birmingham. He d. at the advanced age of ninety, and was s. by his son,

EDWARD LEGGE, vice-president of Munster, in Ireland, during the lieutenantancy of his kinsman, Sir Charles Blount, Lord Mountjoy. This gentleman m. Mary, daughter of Percy Walsh, esq. of Moyvalley, and had six sons and seven daughters. The eldest son,

WILLIAM LEGGE, was brought out of Ireland by his godfather, Henry Danvers, Earl of Danby, and sent by him to serve as a volunteer under Gustavus-Adolphus of Sweden; and he served afterwards under Prince Maurice of Orange, in the Low Countries. On his return to England, he was first constituted keeper of the king's wardrobe, during life; and made, soon after, groom of the bedchamber. Colonel Legge, during the civil wars, became eminently distinguished by his faithful attachment to King Charles I., and his persevering exertions in the royal cause, before and after the murder of the king. At the battle of Worcester, he was wounded and taken prisoner, and had been executed, if his wife had not contrived his escape from Coventry gaol in her own clothes. He was high in favor after the Restoration, and enjoyed several lucrative and honorable offices. Colonel Legge m. Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir William Washington, of Packington, in the county of Leicester, and granddaughter, maternally, of Sir George Villiers, of Brooksbury, in the same county. He d. in 1672, and was s. by his eldest son,

GEORGE LEGGE, esq. a naval and military officer of eminence. From 1667 to 1672, he commanded line-of-battle ships, and was appointed in the latter year lieutenant-governor of Portsmouth; in 1673, advanced to the governorship, and appointed master of the horse, and gentleman of the bedchamber to James, Duke of York. In 1677, Governor Legge was constituted colonel of a regiment of foot, and nominated lieutenant-general of the Ordnance, of which he was soon afterwards made master. He was subsequently sworn of the privy-council, and elevated to the peerage, 2nd December, 1682, as *Baron of Dartmouth, in the county of Devon*; with remainder, after his own male heirs, to his brother WILLIAM, and his heirs male. His lordship was soon afterwards sent as admiral of the whole English fleet, to demolish Tangier, and, on his return, obtained a grant of £10,000, in reward of his services. During the reign of King James II. Lord Dartmouth enjoyed the confidence of that monarch, and filled some of the most important offices. In 1687, he was appointed admiral of the fleet, to intercept the Prince of Orange; but falling with his party at the revolution, he was deprived of his employments and sent to the Tower, where he d. 23th October, 1691. His lordship had m. Barbara, daughter and sole heiress of Sir Henry Archbold, of Abbots Bromley, and was s. by his only son,

WILLIAM, second baron. This nobleman en-

joyed the confidence of Queen Anne, and being sworn one of her principal secretaries of state in 1710, was advanced to the dignities of *Viscount Lisleham*, and *Earl of Dartmouth*, 3th September, 1711. In 1713 his lordship was appointed lord privy-seal, and on the demise of his royal mistress, was one of the lords-justices of Great Britain, being at the same time high-steward of Dartmouth. His lordship m. in 1700, Anne, daughter of Heneage, Earl of Aylesford, by whom he had six sons and two daughters, of which family,

GEORGE, *Viscount Lisleham*, m. Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Sir Arthur Kaye, of Woodsome, in the county of York, bart., and dying before his father, left surviving issue,

WILLIAM, successor to his grandfather. Anne, m. to James Brudenel, Earl of Cardigan.

Elizabeth.

Heneage, was constituted one of the barons of the Exchequer in 1740.

Henry-Bilson, m. Mary Stawel, created *Baroness Stawel*, of Somerton, by whom (who espoused, after his decease, Wells, Marquess of Downshire), he had an only son,

HENRY, second Lord Stawel, who m. Mary, daughter of Viscount Caron, and dying in 1820, when the barony expired, left an only daughter,

Mary, m. to John Lord Sherborne.

The earl d. 15th December, 1750, and was s. by his grandson,

WILLIAM, second earl, who m. in 1755, Frances-Catherine, only daughter and heiress of Sir Charles Gunter Nicholl, K.B. and had issue,

GEORGE, third earl.

Henry, barrister-at-law.

Arthur-Kaye, (Sir) K.C.B. an admiral of the blue.

Edward, in holy orders, Lord Bishop of Oxford, d. in 1827.

Augustus-George, in holy orders, m. Honora, eldest daughter of the Rev. Walter Bagot, and d. in 1828, leaving issue.

Charlotte, m. in 1793, to Lord Feversham.

His lordship d. in 1801, and was s. by his eldest son,

GEORGE, third earl, K.G., who had been summoned to the house of lords in his father's barony. His lordship m. 24th September, 1782, Frances, daughter of Heneage, third Earl of Aylesford, by whom he had issue,

1. WILLIAM, present earl.

2. Heneage, b. 29th February, 1788, commissioner of the customs.

3. Charles, R.N. b. in 1790, d. in 1821.

4. Arthur-Charles, b. 23th July, 1800; m. in June, 1827, Anne-Frederica, daughter of John, first Earl of Sheffield, by whom (who d. in 1829) he has issue.

5. Henry, in holy orders.

6. Louisa, m. in 1807, to William, Lord Bagot, and d. in 1816,

7. Charlotte, m. in 1816, to the Hon. and Rev.

George-Neville Grenville, master of Magdalen College, Cambridge.

8. Harriet, m. in 1815, to General the Hon. Sir Edward Paget, G.C.B.

9. Barbara-Maria, m. in 1820, to F. Newdigate, esq.

10. Georgiana-Caroline.

11. Mary. 12. Anne.

The earl d. in 1810.

*Creations*—Baron, 2nd December, 1682. Viscount and Earl, 5th September, 1711.



*Arms*—Az. a buck's head cabossed, ar.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, a plume of five ostrich's feathers, three ar. two az.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a lion ar. semée of fleurs-de-lis sa. on the head a ducal coronet or, thereout five ostrich's feathers as in the crest; SINISTER, a buck ar. semée of mullets gu.

*Motto*—Gaudet tentamine virtus.

*Town Residence*—12, Berkeley-square.

*Seats*—Sandwell, Staffordshire; Woodsome, Yorkshire; and Blackheath, Kent.

**DASHWOOD, SIR GEORGE**, baronet, of Kirklington Park, in the county of Oxford, C.B.; b. 17th September, 1786; s. to the title, as fourth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 10th June, 1828; m. Marianne, daughter of Sir William Rowley, bart. and has issue,

HENRY-WILLIAM, b. in October, 1816.

#### Lineage.

1. ROBERT DASHWOOD, esq. (eldest son of Mr. Alderman George Dashwood, of London, who, in the reign of King Charles II. joined in farming the revenues of Ireland, and, subsequently, became one of the excise and hearth-money farmers in England), was created a baronet 16th May, 1684, with remainder, in case of failure of male issue, to the descendants male of his father. Sir Robert m. Penelope, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Chamberlayne, bart. of Wickham, in the county of Oxford, by whom he had nine children, five sons and four daughters. He d. in 1734, and was s. by (the second and eldest surviving son of his deceased son, Robert Dashwood, esq. by Dorothea, daughter and co-heiress of Sir James Read, bart. of Brocket Hall, Herts), his grandson,

2. SIR JAMES, LL.D. and M.P. for the county of Oxford, who m. in 1738-9, Elizabeth, daughter

and co-heiress of Edward Spencer, esq. of Rendlesham, in the county of Suffolk, by whom he had three sons and three daughters. He d. 10th November, 1799, and was s. by his eldest son.

3. SIR HENRY-WATKIN, b. in 1745, m. 17th July, 1780, Miss Graham, niece of William Cheyne, Viscount Newhaven, (a Scottish peerage, supposed now to be extinct) by whom he had issue, GEORGE, present bart.

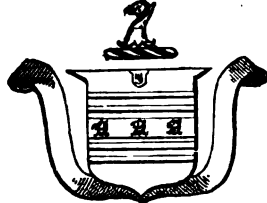
Charles, lieutenant-colonel in the army; b. 9th December, 1789; m. in 1823, Caroline, fourth daughter of Sir Robert Barlow, K.C.B.

Augustus, captain first foot-guards; b. 25th February, 1795; m. in 1825, Hesther, fourth daughter of the late Sir Jacob Astley, bart. Anna-Maria, m. in 1810, to John, Marquess of Ely.

Georgiana-Caroline, m. in 1819, to Sir Jacob Astley, bart.

Sir Henry Dashwood d. at the age of eighty-three, 10th June, 1828.

*Creation*—16th May, 1684.



*Arms*—Ar. on a fesse double cottised gu. three griffins' heads erased, per fesse erminois and of the second.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a griffin's head erased, per fesse erminois and gu.

*Seat*—Kirklington Park, Oxfordshire.

**DAVIE, SIR HUMPHREY**, baronet, of Creedy, in the county of Devon, a colonel in the army, inherited the title, as tenth baronet, at the decease of his nephew, 18th September, 1824.

#### Lineage.

This very ancient and respectable family is of high antiquity in the county of Devon, having been settled there since the conquest. It is of Norman descent, but, from the residence of its ancestors at an old mansion formerly known by the name of Wey, the first surname adopted in England was De la Wey, and the first of the De la Weys, mentioned in the family pedigree, had coat armour, which has ever since continued without variation to be borne by its descendants, although their surnames have been at different periods written De la Wey, Dewy, De Vie, and Davie. The delineation of the first ancestor, William de la Wey, in the pedigree above alluded to, is appropriately painted upon the margin in the armour of those times, and on one side of

him appears the following translation of some old Latin verses—

"What profit pedigrees or long descents  
From farre-fetched blood or painted monuments  
Of our great-grandshire's visage? 'Tis most sad  
To trust unto the worth another had,  
For keeping up our fame; which else would fall,  
If, besides birth, there be no worth at all.  
For, who counts him a gentleman, whose grace  
Is all in name, but, otherwise, is base?  
Or who will honour him, that's honour's shame:  
Noble in nothing but a noble name!  
It's better to be meanly born, and good,  
Than one unworthy of his noble blood:  
Though all thy walls shine with thy pedigree,  
Yet virtue only makes nobility.  
Then, that this pedigree may useful be,  
Search out the virtues of your family;  
And to be worthy of your father's name,  
Learn out the good they did, and do the same:  
For, if you bear their arms, and not their fame,  
Those ensigns of their worth will be your shame."

From this William De la Wey lineally descended  
JOHN DAVIE, the younger (fourth son of Robert Davie, esq. of Crediton, by the daughter and heiress of John Bardolph, esq. of Tichfield), who had the honour to be three times mayor of the city of Exeter, and was celebrated for his hospitality. During the first mayoralty, in 1584, Don Antonio, King of Portugal, having been driven from his kingdom by Philip, King of Spain, landed at Plymouth, and from thence removing to Exeter, was received, with his whole suite, by the mayor, and sumptuously lodged and entertained for a considerable time while he sojourned there, at the magistrate's expense, and in his own house. Mr. Davie was *s.* at his decease by an only son,

1. JOHN DAVIE, esq. of Creedy, who was created a baronet 9th September, 1641, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR JOHN DAVIE, who was high-sheriff of the county of Devon in 1671. This gentleman *m.* thrice, and left by his second wife, Trippena, daughter and co-heiress of Richard Reynall, esq. of Lower Creedy, (with whom he obtained that estate) an only surviving child, his successor,

3. SIR JOHN, high-sheriff of Devon in 1680. This gentleman dying unmarried, the title and fortune devolved upon his cousin,

4. SIR WILLIAM, grandson of the first baronet, through his second son, William. This gentleman *m.* twice; but, having daughters only, the title and estates devolved, at his decease, upon his cousin,

5. SIR JOHN, grandson of the first baronet, through his fourth son, Humphrey Davie, a merchant of London, who removed, in 1662, to New England, in America. Sir John *m.* Mrs. Elizabeth Richards, of New England, by whom he had three sons and three daughters, and was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,

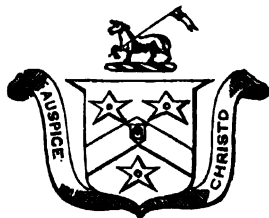
6. SIR JOHN; this gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Acland, bart. of Killerton, in the county of Devon, and was *s.* at his decease in 1737, by his eldest son,

7. SIR JOHN, who *m.* Catherine, daughter of John Stokes, esq. of Rill, in the county of Devon, by whom he had four sons and six daughters: John, who *d.* in infancy; William, *d.* in 1760; John, his successor, and HUMPHREY, the present baronet. Sir John *d.* 18th September, 1793, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

8. SIR JOHN. This gentleman *m.* in 1796, Anne, eldest daughter of Sir William Lemon, bart. by whom he had issue, John, his successor, *b.* 8th March, 1798, Anne-Jane, deceased, and Frances-Juliana, the wife of Captain Henry-Robert Ferguson. Sir John *d.* 8th May, 1803, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

9. SIR JOHN; at whose decease, unmarried, 18th of September, 1824, the title and estates reverted to his uncle, Colonel HUMPHREY DAVIE, the present baronet.

Creation—9th September, 1641.



Arms—Ar., a chev. between three mullets pierced gu.

Crest—The pascal or holy lamb ppr.

Motto—Auspice Christo.

Seat—Creedy, Devonshire.

DAWNAY, BARON, of Cowick, in the county of York.

See Viscount Downe.

DE BATHE, SIR WILLIAM-PLUNKET, baronet, of Knightstown, in the county of Meath; lieutenant-colonel of the 53rd regiment, K.F.M.; *b.* 16th December, 1793; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his brother, in August, 1828; *m.* 18th November, 1820, Mary, eldest daughter of Thomas Earle, esq. of Spekelands, in the county of Lancaster, and has issue,

HENRY-PERCEVAL, *b.* 19th June, 1823.

— (a daughter), *b.* in 1830.

Sir William de Bathe is chief aide-de-camp to the lord-lieutenant of Ireland.

### Lineage.

HUGO DE BATHE, one of the companions in arms of Earl Strongbow, in the invasion of Ireland, A.D. 1172, obtained extensive grants of manors and lands in the counties of Dublin,

Meath, Louth, and Drogheda; and from him descended

HENRY DE BATHE, living temp. Henry III., lord-chief-justice of England, whose tomb, in Christ-church cathedral, Oxford, A.D. 1292, is the second in point of antiquity there:—and

HUGO DE BATHE, living in 1266, who had three sons, the second of whom

WILLIAM DE BATHE, was father of

JOHN DE BATHE, chief magistrate of the city of Dublin, in the twenty-fifth year of Edward III., and lord of the manors of Rathfagh, in the county of Meath; and of Drumcondragh, in the county of Dublin. From this John lineally descended, through a long line of distinguished ancestors,

JAMES BATH, esq. of Knightstown, Cashel, and Ladyrath, in the counties of Meath, Louth, and Drogheda; who was *b.* in 1607, and *d.* in 1758. This gentleman inherited the estates of Thomas Bath, esq. his uncle; and marrying Frances, daughter of Colonel Francis Nangle, was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,

PETER BATH, esq. who *m.* in 1754, Bridget, daughter and heiress of Edmond de Fonte, esq. of Boyle, in the county of Roscommon; by whom he had issue,

James-Michael, his successor.

La Comtesse Anna-Maria-Laura, *b.* in 1765; created a *Chanoinesse* of the order of Malta, (an order instituted by the queen of Louis XVI., and held at Vienne, in Dauphiny,) the insignia of which her ladyship was empowered to wear.

This gentleman *d.* in 1777, and was *s.* by his only son,

1. JAMES MICHAEL BATH, esq. who reassumed, by sign manual, the original surname of De Bathe, and was created a baronet 7th July, 1801. Sir James *m.* Anna-Maria, daughter of William-Wynne, of Merionethshire, esq., by whom he had two sons, and dying 22nd February, 1806, was *s.* by the elder,

2. SIR JAMES-WYNNE, *b.* 25th October, 1792; at whose decease, unmarried, in 1828, the title devolved upon his brother, COLONEL DE BATHE, the present baronet.

*Creation*—7th July, 1801.



*Arms*—Gu., a cross between four lions rampant ar.

*Crest*—A lion rampant ar. supporting in the paws a dagger of the first, pomel and hilt, or.

*Motto*—Nec parvis sisto.

*Seats*—Knightstown, Cashel, and Ladyrath, Ireland.

DE BURGO, SIR JOHN-ALLEN, baronet, of Castle Connell, in the county of Limerick, inherited the title, as third baronet, at the decease of his brother; *m.* Miss Waller, daughter of the late Richard Waller, esq. of Castle Waller, in the county of Tipperary.

### Lineage.

This is one of those families which settled in Ireland, under the banner of Strongbow, Earl of Pembroke, and is supposed to have branched from the parent stock of the illustrious house of Clanricarde. It may not be irrelevant to observe, that all the French families of this name continue still to write it De Bourg, and in Latin, De Burgo; and that after the De Burghs removed from Normandy into England, they also wrote De Burgo, and sometimes De Burgh, in order to accommodate the word to the English or Saxon accent: however, in process of time, they wrote Bourk, Bourke, and Burke; but the king, by letters, under the sign manual, dated 13th May, 1752, granted to the Earl of Clanricarde, to Ulick Bourke, of London, and to Thomas Bourke, of Ireland, and their descendants, full authority to resume the original surname of De Burgh.

RICHARD BURKE, esq. of Drumsally, in the county of Limerick, *d.* in 1764, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

RICHARD BURKE, esq. of Drumsally, who was *s.* by his eldest son,

1. RICHARD BURKE, esq. of Castle Connell, who assumed the original surname of De Burgho, and was created a BARONET OF IRELAND 16th June, 1785. Sir Richard *m.* first, in 1755, Frances, eldest daughter of David Webb, esq. of Meadstown, in the county of Limerick, by whom he had two daughters,

Frances, *m.* to John Blake, esq. of Ross, in the county of Clare.

Maria-Theresa, *m.* to John Mac Namara, esq. of Smithstown, in the county of Clare.

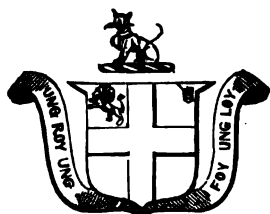
Sir Richard *m.* secondly, in 1781, Elizabeth, daughter of Anthony Dwyer, esq. of Cabbint. ely, in the county of Dublin, by whom he left two sons; and dying in 1790, was *s.* by the elder,

2. SIR RICHARD; at whose decease, unmarried, the title devolved upon his only brother, JOHN ALLEN, the present baronet.

*Creation*—16th June, 1785.

*Arms*—Erminois, a cross gu.; in the first quarter, a lion rampant, sa.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a cat-a-mountain, sejant, guardant, ppr. collared and chained or.



*Motto*—Ung roy, ung foy, ung loy.

*Seat*—Castle Connell, in the county of Limerick.

**DE BLAQUIERE, BARON,** (John Blaquiere,) of Ardkill, in the county of Londonderry, in the peerage of Ireland, and a baronet; great alnager of Ireland; *b.* 5th November, 1776; *s.* to the honors, as second baron, upon the demise of his father, 27th August, 1812.

#### Lineage.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL JOHN BLAQUIERE, of the seventeenth dragoons, fifth son of John Blaquiere, esq. (who emigrated from France, in consequence of the revocation of the edict of Nantz, and settled in London as a merchant, where he died in 1733), having been nominated principal secretary to the lord-lieutenant of Ireland in 1772, and invested, in 1774, with the order of the Bath, was created a baronet 6th July, 1784; sworn of the privy-council in Ireland, and appointed his majesty's great alnager of that kingdom. Sir John *m.* 24th December, 1775, Eleanor, daughter of Robert Dobson, esq. of Anne's Grove, in the county of Cork, by whom he had issue,

JOHN, the present peer.

William, lieutenant-general in the army, *b.* 27th January, 1778; *m.* 10th September, 1811, Harriet, fifth daughter of George, first Marquess Townshend, and has issue, JOHN, *b.* 2nd July, 1812.

William-Bernard, *b.* 16th Dec. 1814.

George, a military officer, who distinguished himself at Corunna, *b.* 27th July, 1782; *m.* in 1826, Mrs. Leigh, and *d.* in 1826.

Peter-Boyle, *b.* 26th April, 1783; *m.* first, Eliza, daughter of Dennis O'Brien, esq. by whom (who *d.* in 1814) he has issue,

PETER-TOWNSHEND, an officer in the army, *b.* 15th September, 1805.

George, *b.* 20th October, 1800.

Eliza-Cecilia.

Anne-Maria, *m.* 6th October, 1831, to Samuel Le Fevre, esq.

Mr. Blaquiere espoused, secondly, in 1818, Eliza, second daughter of William Roper, esq. of Rathfarnham Castle, and has a son, Charles, *b.* 7th November, 1819.

Anna-Maria, widow of John, Viscount Kirkwall, and mother of Thomas, present Earl of Orkney.

Elizabeth, *m.* in 1807, to John-Bernard Hankey, esq. of Fetcham Park, Surrey.

Eleanor, *m.* in 1822, to Joseph Knight, esq.

Sir John Blaquiere was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, as **BARON DE BLAQUIERE, of Ardkill**, 30th July, 1800.

*Creations*—Baronet, 6th July, 1784. Baron, 30th July, 1800.



*Arms*—Erm., a lion, rampant, *sa.* charged on the shoulder with an estoile *ar.*

*Crest*—A garb *or.*

*Supporters*—*Dexter*, a lion *sa.* collared and chained *or.*, charged on the shoulder with an estoile *ar.*; *Sinister*, a leopard *ppr.* ducally gorged and chained *or.*

*Motto*—Tiens à la vérité.

*Seats*—Ardkill, county of Londonderry; and Portlemon, Westmeath.

**DECIES, BARON,** (Rev. John de-la-Poer-Horsley-Beresford, D.D.) of the county of Waterford, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 20th January, 1776, *s.* to the title, as second baron, upon the demise of his father, 6th September, 1819; *m.* 26th July, 1810, Charlotte-Philalephia, only daughter and heiress of the late Robert Horsley, esq. of Bolam House, in the county of Northumberland, (whence the assumption of the additional surname of **HORSLEY**) by whom he has issue,

1. WILLIAM-ROBERT-JOHN, an officer of hus-

sars, *b.* in June, 1811.

2. Georgiana-Catherine.

3. Louisa-Elizabeth.

4. Caroline-Agnes.

#### Lineage.

WILLIAM-BERESFORD, third son of Marcus Beresford, Earl of Tyrone, and brother of the first Marquess of Waterford, having entered into holy orders, was successively Bishop of Dromore (1780), Bishop of Ossory (1782), and Archbishop of Tuam (1794). His grace *m.* 12th June, 1763, Elizabeth, second daughter of John Fitzgibbon, esq. and sister of John, Earl of Clare, lord-chancellor of Ireland, by whom he had surviving issue,

JOHN, present peer.

George, in holy orders; *m.* in May, 1798, Susannah, third daughter of Hamilton Gorges, esq. of Kilbrew, in the county of Meath, and has, with other issue,

## DEC

1. William.
  2. Marcus, M.P. a lieutenant-colonel in the army, *m.* in 1828, Isabella, daughter of Thomas Birmingham Sewell, esq. and has a daughter.
  3. George-Hamilton, in holy orders, *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Matthew Nisbet, esq.
  4. John.
  5. Henry.
  6. Elizabeth, *m.* to Myles John O'Reilly, esq.
  7. Susan, *m.* to Matthew O'Reilly, esq.
- William, in holy orders, *b.* 20th November, 1780; *m.* in July, 1804, Anna, daughter of Charles, late Earl of Tankerville, and left at his decease, 27th June, 1830,
1. William.
  2. Alicia.
- Catharine-Eleanor, *m.* in 1791, to the Rev. William Armstrong.
- Araminta-Anne, *m.* in 1794, to the very Rev. Arthur-John Preston, D.D. Dean of Limerick, and *d.* 20th September, 1816.
- Harriet, *m.* in January, 1796, to Thomas-H. Birmingham-Daly-Sewell, esq.
- Frances, *m.* in 1797, to Colonel Burrowes.
- Louisa, *m.* in 1806, to Thomas Hope, esq. of Deepden, in the county of Surrey, who *d.* 2nd February, 1831.

His grace was elevated to the Irish peerage 21st December, 1812, as **BARON DECIES**, a dignity enjoyed by his maternal grandfather, James La Poer, third and last Viscount Decies, and Earl of Tyrone, of the Le-Poer family. The archbishop *d.* 6th September, 1819.

*Creation*—21st December, 1812.



*Arms*—Ar., quarterly, first and fourth crusilly, fitchée, three fleurs-de-lis, within a bordure eng. sa., second and third, ar. a chief ind. sa. a mullet for difference.

*Crest*—A dragon's head, erased, az. transfixied in the neck with a broken tilting spear or. the point ar. thrust through the upper jaw.

*Supporters*—Two angels ppr. winged and crined or, each holding in the exterior hand a sword erect, ar., pomel and hilt or, and charged on the breast with a mullet sa.

*Motto*—Nil nisi cruce.

*Seat*—Bolan House, Northumberland.

**DE CLIFFORD, BARON**, (Edward-Southwell Clifford, D.C.L.) of Clifford Castle in the county of Hereford; *b.* 20th June, 1767;

## DEC

*s.* to the title, as eighteenth baron, upon the demise of his father, 1st November, 1777; *m.* in 1789, Mary-Elizabeth, daughter of his grace, Joseph Bourke, Archbishop of Tuam, and third Earl of Mayo, by whom he has no issue.

**Lineage.**

**RICHARD**, fourth Duke of Normandy, had six sons, viz.

**RICHARD**, the Good, fifth Duke of Normandy.

**ROBERT**, sixth Duke, father of **WILLIAM the Conqueror**.

**WILLIAM**, of whom presently.

**Nicholas**, abbot of St. Andrews.

**William**, a monk.

**Mauger**, archbishop of Rouen.

The third son,

**WILLIAM**, surnamed *Ponce* or *Poncius*, was *Earl of Arques and Tholouse*, and came into England with his victorious nephew, **DUKE WILLIAM**. The youngest son of this nobleman,

**RICHARD FITZ-PONTZ**, *m.* Maud, daughter of Ralph de Toney, of Clifford Castle, in the county of Hereford, and their eldest son,

**WALTER**, assumed, upon inheriting Clifford Castle, the surname of Clifford; from this Walter descended a race of powerful feudal barons, which we pass over to arrive at

**ROBERT DE CLIFFORD**, commonly called first Lord de Clifford, being summoned as such to parliament, 29th December, 1299, and the first of the family so dignified. His lordship was son of Roger de Clifford, a distinguished soldier in the reigns of Henry III. and Edward I., who fell in the Welsh wars, on St. Leonard's Day, 1263. This Roger *m.* Isabel, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Robert de Vipont, Lord of Westmorland, and, in her right, held Brougham Castle, in that county, part of which he built, and part repaired, causing the words "*This made Roger*," to be cut out in stone, over the portal of the inward gate. Robert, the first baron aforesaid, was earl marshal of England in 1307. He fell at the battle of Bannockburn, 25th June, 1314, and was *s.* by his elder son, (by Maud, daughter and co-heir of Thomas de Clare.)

**ROGER**, second baron, summoned to parliament in 1319. This nobleman was sheriff of Westmorland, and was beheaded at York, in 1327, with Thomas, Earl of Lancaster: leaving no issue, his brother,

**ROBERT**, *s.* as third baron. This nobleman was sheriff of Westmorland; warden of the marches of Cumberland and Westmorland, and heir to his great aunt, Idonea, one of the daughters and co-heiresses of Robert de Vipont. He *m.* Isabel, only daughter of Maurice, Lord Berkeley, of Berkeley Castle, and dying in 1340, was *s.* by his eldest son,

**ROBERT**, fourth baron, who *d.* without issue in 1362, and was *s.* by his brother,

**ROGER**, fifth baron, who is recorded to have

been "one of the wisest and gallantest of the Cliffords." His lordship was sheriff of Westmorland, and joint guardian of the west marches of Cumberland and Westmorland in 1370; warden of the west marches, sheriff of Cumberland, and governor of Carlisle Castle, 1376. He *m. Maud*, daughter of Thomas de Beauchamp, Earl of Warwick, by whom he had (with three daughters,)

THOMAS, his successor.

William, (Sir) *d. s. p.*

Lewis, (Sir) ancestor of the Lords Clifford of Chudleigh.

His lordship *d.* in 1300, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

THOMAS, sixth baron, who *m. Elizabeth*, daughter and heiress of Thomas, Lord Roos, of Hamlake, and dying in 1392, was *s.* by his only son,

JOHN, seventh baron, sheriff of Westmorland, and knight of the Garter. This nobleman fell at the siege of Meaux, 13th March, 1423; and was *s.* by his only son, (by Elizabeth, daughter of Henry, Lord Percy, the celebrated Hotspur,)

THOMAS, eighth baron, who *m. Joan*, daughter of Thomas, Lord Dacre, of Gillesland, and fell at the battle of St. Albans, 22nd May, 1544. His lordship was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN, the ninth baron, who *m. Margaret Bromflete*, daughter and heiress of Henry, Lord Bromflete, and Baron Vesey, (subsequently to which unions the Cliffords were generally styled Barons Vesey in addition to Clifford,) by whom he had three sons. His lordship, a partisan of the house of Lancaster, was killed on the day preceding the battle of Towton, (just three months after he had stabbed to the heart the young Edmund Plantagenet, Earl of Rutland, son of Richard, Duke of York,) and was attainted the following November. "John, Lord Clifford," says Dr. Whitaker, "who was born 8th April, 1430, held the titles and estates five years, eight months, and seven days. His hands were early dipped in blood; for he was engaged in the civil war of the Houses almost three years before his father's death. In the second battle of St. Albans, the King was brought to meet the Queen in Clifford's tent. This nobleman, partly from the heat of youth, and partly in the spirit of revenge for his father's death, pursued the house of York with a rancour which rendered him odious even in that ferocious age. His supposed slaughter of the young Earl of Rutland left a deep stain on his memory, and his own untimely end is remembered without regret. On the day before the battle of Towton, and after the rencontre at Ferrybridge, having put off his gorget, he was struck in the throat by a headless arrow, discharged from behind a bush, and instantly expired." The eldest son of this nobleman,

Henry, tenth baron, to protect him from the Yorkists, being but seven years of age when his father fell, was disguised as a shepherd's boy, and thus brought up, without the slightest education, not so much as that of writing, lest it should discover his rank. He was eventually restored, however, to his paternal honours, in

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the thirty-second year of his age, by the first parliament of Henry the Seventh, as well as to his maternal barony of Vesey. His lordship lived chiefly in rural retirement, until the year 1513, when he was appointed to a principal command in the army that fought at Flodden, and there displayed the military genius of the Cliffords. He *m. first*, Anne, daughter of Sir John St. John, of Bletsoe, by whom he had three sons and four daughters. He espoused secondly, Florence, daughter of Henry Pudsey, and widow of Sir Thomas Talbot, and had a daughter Dorothy. His lordship *d.* in 1523, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

HENRY, eleventh baron, *b.* in 1493. This young nobleman had lived upon bad terms with his father for several years, in consequence of his youthful dissipation; to supply the means for which, in the spirit of the times, he turned outlaw, assembled a band of dissolute followers, harassed the religious houses, beat their tenants, and forced the inhabitants of whole villages to take sanctuary in their churches. He is said, however, to have been reclaimed in good time; and, along with being honored with the Garter, was created 18th June, 1523, EARL OF SUMMERLAND. His lordship *d.* 22nd April, 1542, and was *s.* by eldest son, (by the lady Margaret Percy, daughter of Henry, fifth Earl of Northumberland,)

HENRY, second Earl of Cumberland and twelfth baron. This nobleman *m. first*, Lady Eleanor Brandon, daughter of Charles, Duke of Suffolk, and Mary, Queen Dowager of France, sister of King Henry VIII., by whom he had an only daughter, Margaret, *m.* to Henry Stanley, Earl of Derby. His lordship espoused secondly, Anne, daughter of William, Lord Dacre, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

GEORGE, third earl and thirteenth baron, who *m. Lady Margaret Russell*, youngest child of Francis, second Earl of Bedford, by whom he had an only daughter,

ANNE, who *m. first*, 25th February, 1606-9, Richard Sackville, Lord Buckhurst, afterwards Earl of Dorset, and had surviving issue,

Margaret, *m.* to John Tafton, fifth Earl of Thanet, and left a son,

THOMAS, sixth EARL OF THANET, of whom presently, as BARON CLIFFORD.

Isabella, *m.* in 1647, to James Compton, Earl of Northampton.

The Earl of Dorset *d.* 28th March, 1694, and his widow espoused, in 1630, Philip Herbert, Earl of Pembroke and Montgomery, whom she also outlived. Of this celebrated lady, Dr. Whitaker says, "She was one of the most illustrious women of her own or any age. She had all the courage and liberality of the other sex, united to the devotion, order, and economy, of her own. She was the oldest, but most independent courtier in the kingdom: had known and admired Queen Elizabeth: had refused what she deemed an iniquitous

award of King James; rebuilt her dismantled castles, in defiance of Cromwell; and repelled with disdain the interposition of a profligate minister under Charles II." His lordship *d.* 29th October, 1605, when the Earldom of Cumberland devolved upon his brother,

FRANCIS, as fourth earl, who *d.* in 1640, and was *s.* by his only son,

HENRY, fifth Earl of Cumberland, who *m.* Lady Frances-Cecil, only daughter of Robert, Earl of Salisbury, and had an only daughter and heiress, Elizabeth, *m.* to Richard Boyle, Earl of Cork. Henry, Earl of Cumberland, *d.* in 1643, when that dignity EXPIRED.

Upon the decease of her father, George, third earl of Cumberland, a great contest arose between the Countess of Dorset and her uncle, Francis, fourth earl, regarding the barony of Skipton, which endured for no less a period than thirty-eight years, and finally terminated in her favor, by her outliving both the Earls of Cumberland. In 1617, the King undertook to adjust this acrimonious family contest, and made an award, but her ladyship, although urged by her then husband, the Earl of Dorset, refused to abide by it. Her ladyship claimed the BARONY OF CLIFTON, in 1628, but accomplished nothing therein, she died in 1673, and the barony remained dormant from that period until 12th December, 1691, when the House of Lords allowed it to her ladyship's grandson,

THOMAS TUFTON, sixth Earl of Thanet, as fifteenth baron. His lordship *m.* Lady Catherine Cavendish, daughter of Henry, Duke of Newcastle, by whom he had surviving issue,

Catherine, *m.* in 1708, to Edward Watson, Viscount Sons, son of the Earl of Rockingham, by whom she had issue,

Lewis, }  
Thomas, } Earls of Rockingham.

Catherine, *m.* to Edward Southwell, esq. and left a son and heir,

EDWARD, of whom hereafter as Lord Clifford.

Anne, *m.* to James, Earl of Salisbury.

Margaret, *m.* to Thomas Coke, Earl of Leicester.

Mary, *m.* first, to Anthony, Earl of Harold, and secondly, to John, Earl Gower.

Isabella, *m.* to Lord Nassau Powlett, and afterwards to Sir Francis-Blake Delaval.

The Earl of Thanet *d.* in 1721, when the earldom devolved upon his nephew, while the BARONY OF CLIFFORD fell into abeyance between his daughters, and so continued until 13th August, 1734, when the Crown interfered in favor of the third,

MARGARET, Countess of Leicester, at whose decease *s. p.* in 1775, the barony was again placed in abeyance, but was again called out by the Crown the following year, in the person of

EDWARD SOUTHWELL, esq. (refer to Catherine, eldest daughter of Thomas, Earl of Thanet.), as seventeenth Baron Clifford. His lordship es-

poused Sophia, third daughter of Samuel Campbell, esq. of Mount Campbell, in the county of Leitrim, (this lady was governess to the Princess Charlotte of Wales,) by whom (who *d.* in 1828,) he had issue,

EDWARD, present peer.

Catherine, *m.* in 1790, to Colonel George Cousmaker, and *d.* in 1801, (Mr. Cousmaker *d.* —) leaving issue,

GEORGE, since deceased.

Sophia, *m.* to Captain John Russell, R.N. son of Lord William Russell.

Sophia, *m.* in 1790, to the Hon. John-Thomas Townshend, now Viscount Sidney, and *d.* in 1795, leaving issue (see Viscount Sidney).

Elizabeth, *m.* 1792, William-Charles, Earl of Albemarle, and *d.* in 1817, leaving issue (see Albemarle).

His lordship *d.* 1st November, 1777.

*Creation*—His lordship, it appears, enjoys three baronies, viz. Westmorland, created in 1295. Veseey, in 1269. De Clifford, 29th December, 1290. although summoned in the latter only, 17th April, 1776.



*Arms*—Quarterly: first and fourth, ar. three cinquefoils, gu. each charged with six annulets for SOUTHWELL; second and third, chequy; or and az. a fesse gu. for CLIFFORD.

*Crest*—A demi-Indian goat, ar. armed, eared, and ducally gorged, gu., on the body three annulets in pale of the last.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a wivern gu., SINISTER, a monkey ppr. ringed round the loins, and lined, or.

*Motto*—Le roy le veut.

*Town Residence*—3, Charlton House Terrace.

*Seat*—King's Weston, Gloucestershire.

DE CRESPIGNY, SIR CLAUDE-WILLIAM-CHAMPION, of Champion Lodge, in the county of Surrey; *b.* 26th June, 1818; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his grandfather, 28th December, 1829.

#### Lineage.

1. CLAUDE-CHAMPION DE CRESPIGNY, D.C.L. descended from a very ancient and noble French family, was created a baronet 8th October, 1805; *m.* in 1764, Miss Clarke, only daughter and heiress



of Joseph Clarke, esq., and was s. at his decease 28th January, 1818, by his only son,

2. SIR WILLIAM CHAMPION, b. 1st January, 1765, m. 4th August, 1786, Sarah, daughter of Other-Lewis, Earl of Plymouth, and had issue,

AUGUSTUS, captain R.N. who m. Caroline, daughter of Sir William Smith, baronet, of Hill-Hall, and dying in 1826, left  
CLAUDE, present baronet, and other children.

Heaton, in holy orders, m. Catherine Bathurst, daughter of the Bishop of Norwich, and has issue.

Herbert.

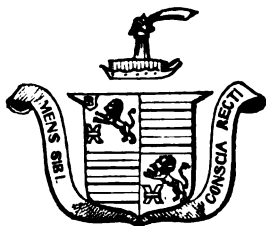
Patience, m. to the Hon. and Rev. P. A. Irby, fourth son of Lord Boston.

Mary.

Emma.

Sir William d. in 1829.

*Creation*—5th October, 1805.



*Arms*—Quarterly: first and fourth ar. a lion salient sa. armed and langued gu. in the dexter base a fer de moline, pierced of the second; second and third sa. three bars ar.

*Crest*—On a chapeau gu. turned up erm. a cubit arm, erect, holding a broadsword ppr.

*Motto*—Mens sibi conscia recti.

*Seats*—Anspach House, Southampton; King's Row, New Forest; and Rhosydon Tower, Carmarthenshire.

DE DUNSTANVILLE, BARON, (Francis Basset, D.C.L. and F.R.S.) of Tehidy, and Baron Basset, of Stratton, both in the county of Cornwall, and a baronet, recorder of Penryn; b. 9th August, 1757; m. first, in May, 1780, Frances-Susannah, daughter and co-heir of John Hippiasley Coxe, esq. of Stone Easton, by whom (who d. in 1823) he has one daughter, Frances. His lordship m. secondly, 13th July, 1824, Harriet, daughter of the late Sir William Lemon, bart. Mr. Basset was created a baronet 24th November, 1779, and advanced to the peerage, as Baron De Dunstanville, 17th June, 1796. He was further created Baron Basset, of Stratton, 7th November, 1797, with remainder to his only daughter, Frances, and her male descendants.

### Lineage.

Immediately after the Norman Conquest arose into power and importance, particularly in the midland counties, the great baronial family of Basset, which gave a chief justice to England in the reign of Henry I., in the person of Ralph Basset; from whom sprung the Lords Basset of Drayton, the Lords Basset of Haddington, &c. &c. (See *Burke's Extinct and Dormant Peerage*). About the middle of the twelfth century, the Bassets of Cornwall obtained the estate of Tehidy by marriage with the heiress of the great house of De Dunstanville, from which period they appear to have enjoyed considerable wealth and influence until the civil wars. At that momentous crisis, there were three brothers of the Bassets, all eminently prominent in the royal cause, Sir Francis Basset, sheriff of Cornwall.

Sir Thomas Basset, } both major-generals in  
Sir Arthur Basset, } the royal army.

Sir Francis Basset, the sheriff, was with the king at Leawithiel, when Essex's army surrendered; and his majesty, Sir Francis relates in a letter to his wife, then said to him, "I now leave, Mr. Sheriff, the county of Cornwall to your protection." Owing, however, to the large sums of money disbursed in this unhappy struggle, the family became considerably reduced in circumstances; but those were at length retrieved by the marriages of the great-grandfather, and grandfather of the present peer, with heiresses. The former espoused Miss Hele, and the latter Miss Pendarves; of this last union,

JOHN-PENDARVES BASSET, esq. was the son and heir. This gentleman m. Anne, daughter of Sir Edmund Prideaux, baronet of Netherton, and dying in 1739, was s. by his posthumous son,

JOHN-PRIDEAUX BASSET, esq. at whose decease in minority, 28th May, 1750, the estates reverted to his uncle,

FRANCIS-BASSET, esq. of Turley, in Northamptonshire, who m. Margaret, daughter of Sir John St. Aubyn, of Clowance in the county of Cornwall, baronet, and had (with several daughters,)

Francis, elevated to the peerage as above.

John, in holy orders, m. Mary, daughter of George Wingfield, esq. and had a son, John, of Lincoln's-inn.

*Creations*—Baronet, 24th November, 1779; Baron de Dunstanville, 17th June, 1796; Baron Basset, 7th November, 1797.



*Arms*—Or, three bars, wavy, gu.

*Crest*—A unicorn's head, couped, ar. armed and maned or.

*Supporters*—Two unicorns ar. armed, maned, hooved, and collared, or; pendant from the collar and escocheon of arms.

*Motto*—Pro rege et populo.

*Town Residence*—South-place, Kensington-road.

*Seat*—Tehidy Park, Cornwall.

DE GREY, COUNTESS, (Amabel Hume-Campbell,) of Wrest, in the county of Bedford, and Baroness Lucas, of Crudwell, Wilts; b. 22nd January, 1751; m. 16th July, 1772, Alexander, Lord Polwarth, (only son of Hugh, Earl of Marchmont,) who was created a peer of England, as Baron Hume, of Berwick, 20th May, 1776; by whom her ladyship had no issue; his lordship d. 1781. Lady Hume s. her mother, Jemima, Marchioness de Grey, 10th January, 1797, in the barony of Lucas, and was created, 5th October, 1816, Countess de Grey, with remainder, in default of male issue, to her sister, Jemima, Dowager Baroness of Grantham, and her male descendants, which Jemima d. in 1830.

### Lineage.

The earldom of Kent (a dignity conferred upon the lord-high-treasurer Grey, 3rd May, 1465) devolved, at the demise of Henry Grey, the ninth earl, without issue, 21st November, 1630, upon his cousin,

THE REVEREND ANTHONY GREY, ninth earl: (see *Burke's Extinct Peerage*) whose grandson,

ANTHONY GREY, eleventh Earl of Kent, m. Mary, only daughter and heiress of John, Lord Lucas, Baron of Shenfield, in the county of Essex (a dignity created 3rd Jan. 1644, which expired with the third baron in 1705), which lady was elevated to the peerage 7th May, 1663, as *Baroness Lucas of Crudwell, in the county of Wilts*, with remainder to her issue, male and female, by the Earl of Kent. The only son of this marriage was

HENRY GREY, who s. upon the demise of his parents, to the honors of both, as twelfth Earl of Kent, and first Baron Lucas; and was created 14th December, 1706, *Viscount Gooderich of Gooderich Castle, in Herefordshire; Earl Harold in the county of Bedford; and Marquis of Kent*. On the 22nd April, 1710, his lordship obtained a dukedom, as *Duke of Kent*; and in 1713, was installed a knight of the Garter. His grace m. twice: first, Jemima, eldest daughter of Thomas, Lord Crewe, of Stene; by whom he had four sons and seven daughters; the former all died before himself, and without issue. His grace m. secondly, Sophia, daughter of William, Duke of Portland, by whom he had a son, who died in infancy, and a daughter, who m. the Right Rev. John Egerton, Lord Bishop of Durham. The Duke losing thus all his sons, obtained a new patent, dated 9th May, 1740, creating him MAR-

QUIS GREY, with remainder to his granddaughter, Jemima Campbell, daughter of his eldest daughter, Lady Amabel Grey, by her husband, John, third Earl of Breadalbane, and her heirs male. His grace, who had filled some of the most exalted public situations (lord-steward of the household, lord privy seal, &c. &c.) d. 5th June, 1740, when all the honors but the marquessate of Grey and the barony of Lucas became extinct; but these devolved upon his granddaughter abovementioned,

LADY JEMIMA CAMPBELL, then Lady Jemima Royston, having m. (a few days before the death of her grandfather) Philip, Viscount Royston, eldest son of Philip, first Earl of Hardwicke, by whom she had two daughters only; Amabel, the present countess, and Mary-Jemima, who m. Thomas, Lord Grantham; (see that dignity.) Upon the decease of the marchioness, 10th January, 1797, without male issue, the marquessate expired, but the BARONY OF LUCAS descended to her ladyship's eldest daughter, AMABEL, present Countess de Grey.

*Creations*—Baroness 7th May, 1663; Countess, 5th October, 1816.



*Arms*—Quarterly, first and fourth ar. on a saltier az. a bezant; third, quarterly, first and fourth gyronny of eight, or and sa. second and third ar. a galley with oars in action sa. fourth, Barry of six ar. and az.

*Supporters*—Two wiverns, wings elevated and endorsed, or

*Town Residence*—4, St. James's-square.

*Seats*—Wrest House, Bedfordshire; and Putney Heath, Surrey.

DELAMERE, BARON, (Thomas Cholmondeley,) of Vale Royal, in the county of Chester, so created 17th July, 1821; b. in 1767; m. 17th December, 1810, Henrietta-Elizabeth, youngest daughter of Sir Watkin-Williams Wynn, baronet, and Charlotte Grenville, his wife, eldest sister of George, Marquess of Buckingham; by whom he has issue,

HUGH, b. 3rd October, 1811, an officer in the 1st life-guards.

Thomas-Grenville, b. 4th August, 1818.

Henry-Pitt, b. 15th July, 1820.

Charles-Watkin, b. 27th May, 1826.

Henrietta-Charlotte.

**Lineage.**

This family is descended from a common ancestor with that of Cholmondeley, Marquess of Cholmondeley, namely,

SIR HUGH CHOLMONDELEY, knt.; who m. Mary, only daughter and heiress of Christopher Holford, esq. of Holford, and had, with other issue, HUGH, ancestor of the marquesses, and

THOMAS CHOLMONDELEY, who possessed, by gift of his mother, the estate of Vale Royal, in the county of Chester. This gentleman m. Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of John Minshull, esq. of Minshull, and was s. by his eldest son,

THOMAS CHOLMONDELEY, esq. of Vale Royal, M.P. for the county of Chester in the reign of King Charles II. who m. first, Jane, daughter of Sir Lionel Talmash, bart. and had with three daughters, a son, ROBERT. He espoused, secondly, Anne, daughter of Sir Walter St. John, by whom he had two sons, Charles and Seymour, and a daughter, Johanna. Mr. Cholmondeley was s. by his eldest son,

ROBERT CHOLMONDELEY, esq. who m. Elizabeth, sister of Sir Thomas Vernon, bart. and had an only daughter, Elizabeth, m. to John Atherton, esq. Mr. Cholmondeley d. in 1679, and was s. by his half-brother,

CHARLES CHOLMONDELEY, esq. of Vale Royal, M.P. for Cheshire. This gentleman m. Essex, eldest daughter of Thomas Pitt, esq. of Blandford, and dying in 1759, was s. by his only son,

THOMAS CHOLMONDELEY, esq. of Vale Royal, who m. Dorothy, daughter and co-heir of Edmund Cowper, esq. of Overleigh, in the county of Chester; by whom he had issue,

THOMAS, created a peer, as above.

Charles, m. in 1794, Caroline, daughter and co-heir of Nicholas Smyth, esq. by whom (who d. in 1818) he has, with four daughters,

1. Charles-Cowper, in holy orders, m. Mary, daughter of the late R. Heber, esq. and has issue.

2. Hugh. 3. Thomas. 4. George-James. Hester, m. to John Drummond, esq. Essex.

Dorothy, m. to Thomas Parker, esq.

*Creation*—17th July, 1821.



*Arms*—Gu. two helmets in chief ppr. garnished or, in base a garb of the last.

*Crest*—A demi-griffin, segreant, sa. beaked, winged, and membered or, ducally gorged and chained, holding between the claws a helmet, as in the arms.

*Supporters*—On either side a griffin sa. beaked, membered, wings elevated, ducally gorged, and chain reflexed over the back, or.

*Motto*—Cassid tutissima virtus.

*Seat*—Vale Royal, Cheshire.

DELAWARE, EARL, (George-John West,) Viscount Cantelupe, and Baron Delaware; b. 26th October, 1791; s. to the honors, as fifth earl, upon the demise of his father, 28th July, 1795; m. 21st June, 1813, Elizabeth, youngest daughter of John-Frederick, third Duke of Dorset, by whom he has issue,

GEORGE-JOHN-FREDERICK, Viscount Cantelupe, b. 25th April, 1814.

Charles-Richard, b. 13th November, 1815.

Reginald-Windsor, b. 21st February, 1817.

Mortimer, b. 22nd September, 1820.

Lionel-Sackville, b. 10th July, 1827.

— (A son,) b. 27th October, 1830.

Elizabeth, b. 23rd September, 1818.

Mary, b. 23rd July, 1824.

**Lineage.**

The founder of this family,

SIR THOMAS WEST, knt. lived in the reign of Edward II. and was in high favour with that monarch and his successor. He m. Alianore, daughter and heiress of Sir John de Cantilupe, of Hempston Cantilupe, in the county of Devon; by whom he obtained the manor of Snitterfield, in Warwickshire. Sir Thomas was subsequently summoned to parliament as BARON WEST, 25th February, 1343, and participated in the wars of Edward III. In the 17th year of which monarch he d. and was s. by his elder son,

THOMAS WEST, second baron, but never summoned to parliament. This nobleman was in France in 1346, and shared in the glory of CRESSY. His lordship m. Alice, daughter of Reginald Fitz-Piers, Baron of Wolverley, in the county of Worcester, and was s. by his son,

SIR THOMAS WEST, knt. summoned to parliament as third Lord West, in 1402. His lordship m. Joan, daughter of Roger de la Warr, (by Eleanor, his second wife, daughter of John, Lord Mowbray,) and heiress of her brothers, John and Thomas, Barons de la Warr, and dying in 1405, was s. by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS WEST, fourth baron. This nobleman took a part in the French wars of Henry V. He m. Ida, daughter and co-heir of Almaric, Baron St. Amand, and dying in 1415, without issue, was s. by his brother,

REGINALD WEST, fifth Baron West, who, in the 5th of Henry VI. on the death of Thomas, Lord la Warr, his uncle, had livery of the lands of his mother's inheritance, and was summoned to parliament as LORD DE LA WARR, 5th July, 1427. This nobleman performed a pilgrimage to the Holy Land, in the 19th of Henry VI. His lordship m. Eleanor, second daughter of Henry, Earl of Northumberland, and dying in 1451, was s. by his elder son,

SIR RICHARD WEST, who was summoned to parliament as seventh LORD DE LA WARR, from 23rd January, 1456, to 16th January, 1497, and in that dignity the barony of West merged henceforward. This nobleman was a staunch supporter of the House of Lancaster, in the war of the roses. His lordship *m.* Catherine, daughter of Robert Hungerford, Lord Hungerford, by whom he had five sons and two daughters. Of which family, Richard, the youngest son, was a Franciscan friar at Greenwich, and Margery, the younger daughter, a nun at Syon, in Middlesex. His lordship *d.* in 1497, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

THOMAS WEST, eighth Lord de la Warr. This nobleman having rendered good service as a military officer, was installed a knight of the garter in the 2nd of Henry VIII. His lordship *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of Hugh, sister and heir of Sir John Mortimer, of Mortimer's Hall, in the county of Southampton, by whom he had THOMAS, his successor; William, who *d. s. p.* and four daughters. He espoused, secondly, Eleanor, daughter of Sir Roger Copley, of Gatton, in Surrey, and had three sons, viz. SIR OWEN WEST, whose daughter and eventual heiress, MARY, *m.* first, Sir Adrian Poynings, and secondly, Sir Richard Rogers. Sir George, whose son William we shall mention presently; and LEONARD. Lord de la Warr *d.* in 1525, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS WEST, ninth baron, knight-banneret, and KNIGHT OF THE GARTER. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of Sir John Bonville, *knt.* It is recorded in the rolls of parliament, 2nd of Edward VI. that his lordship, having no issue, adopted his nephew, WILLIAM, son of his half-brother, Sir George West, and that the said William, impatient to inherit, had prepared poison to despatch his uncle, which so highly incensed his lordship that he complained to parliament, and William was in consequence disabled to succeed to his uncle's honors or estate, but had an allowance of £350 per annum. His lordship *d.* in 1554, when the BARONIES OF DE LA WARR AND WEST fell into abeyance between the daughters and co-heirs of his brother, Sir Owen West, and finally amongst the descendants of MARY, the eventual sole heiress. In a few years after the decease of this nobleman, his disinherited nephew,

WILLIAM WEST, having served in the English army, at the siege of St. Quintin, in Picardy, was knighted at Hampton Court, 5th February, 1568, and created, at the same time, *Lord de la Warre*. He had also, by act of parliament, in March following, a full restitution in blood. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Strange, *esq.* of Chesterton, in the county of Gloucester, and dying 30th December, 1605, was *s.* by his only son,

THOMAS, second lord, who *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir Francis Knolles, *K.G.* and was *s.* by his son,

THOMAS, third lord. This nobleman was governor and captain-general of Virginia, where he *d.* in 1618, and was *s.* by his son,

HENRY, fourth lord, who *m.* Isabella, daughter and co-heir of Sir Thomas Edmunds, *knt.* and was *s.* in 1628, by his son,

CHARLES, fifth lord, who *m.* Anne, daughter and heir of John Wild, *esq.* of Droitwich, and was *s.* by his son,

JOHN, sixth lord, one of the tellers of the exchequer, and afterwards treasurer of the excise. This nobleman *m.* Margaret, daughter and heir of John Freeman, merchant, of the city of London, and dying 26th May, 1723, was *s.* by his only son,

JOHN, seventh lord, *K.B.* a general-officer in the army, and governor of Guernsey. His lordship *m.* first, Charlotte, daughter of Donagh Mac Carthy, Earl of Clancarty, by whom he had several children; and secondly, Anne, daughter of Edward Thornicroft, *esq.* The baron was created, 18th March, 1761, *Viscount Cantelupe*, and EARL OF DELAWARR. He *d.* in March, 1766, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN, second earl, who was also an officer of high rank in the army, and appointed in 1776, master of the horse to the queen. His lordship *m.* Mary, daughter of Lieutenant-General Whin- yard, and had issue,

WILLIAM-AUGUSTUS, third earl.

Frederick, *m.* Charlotte, daughter and co-heir of Richard Mitchell, *esq.* and has issue,

1. Frederick, *M.P.* *m.* twice, and has issue.

2. Charlotte.

Georgiana, *m.* to E. P. Buckley, *esq.*

Matilda, *m.* to General Henry Wynward.

His lordship *d.* 22nd November, 1777, and was *s.* by his elder son,

WILLIAM-AUGUSTUS, third earl; at whose decease unmarried, in 1783, the honors devolved upon his brother,

JOHN-RICHARD, fourth earl. His lordship *m.* Catherine, daughter of Henry Lyell, *esq.* of Bourn, in the county of Cambridge, by whom (who *d.* in May, 1826) he had issue,

GEORGE-JOHN, present peer.

Catherine-Georgiana, *m.* to Lieutenant-Colonel D'Arcy, and *d.* in 1824.

His lordship *d.* 28th July, 1795.

*Creations*—Baron De la Warre, 5th February, 1568. Earl and Viscount, 18th March, 1761.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, *ar.* a fesse, dancettée, *sa.* for WEST; second and third, *gu.* a

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lion, rampant, ar. armed and langued as. between eight cross-croissants, fitchée, in orle, of the second, for *DE LA WARRE*.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, a griffin's head as. ears and beak gold.

*Supporters*—*Dexter*, a wolf, coward, ar. gorged with a plain collar: *Sinister*, a cockatrice or, shadowed and scaled as. Over the supporters two badges, dexter, a crampet or, the inside per pale, as. and gu. charged with a text hand f of the first; sinister, a rose, per pale, ar. and gu. seeded, or barbed vert.

*Motto*—*Jour de ma vie.*

*Town Residence*—17, Upper Grosvenor-street.

*Seat*—Bourn Hall, Caxton, Cambridgeshire.

### HOUSE OF LA WARRE.

The first of this family upon record,

*JOHN LA WARRE*, had a ratification in the 8th of John, of a grant which that king had made, prior to his coming to the throne, of the lordship of Bristolton (a member of the honor of Gloucester), to hold by the service of half a knight's fee. He *d.* in six years afterwards, and was *s.* by his son,

*JORDAN LA WARRE*, who then paid two hundred pounds for livery of his lands. This feudal lord was in arms against King John, but upon paying a fine, with two palfreys, was readmitted into favor. Nevertheless we find him again fighting under the baronial standard, and again making his peace after the battle of Evesham. He was *s.* by

*JOHN LA WARRE*, who was sheriff of Herefordshire in the 3rd Edward I., and was *s.* by

*ROGER LA WARRE*, who, in the reigns of Edward I. and Edward II., having had military summonses to attend the king in the wars of France, and being actively engaged in those, as well as the Scottish wars, was summoned to parliament, as a *BARON*, from 6th February, 1290, to 16th June, 1311. His lordship *m.* Clarice, daughter and co-heir of John de Tregoz, Baron Tregoz, and dying in 1329, was *s.* by his son,

*JOHN LA WARRE*, second baron, summoned to parliament from 26th August, 1307, to 26th February, 1347. This nobleman, in the 25th Edward I. his father still living, was in the expedition then made into Flanders, and the next year he was in the wars of Scotland. In the 26th of the same reign, upon the decease of his mother, Clarice, he inherited a moiety of the property of his grandfather, Lord Tregoz, (to which barony he was co-heir,) viz. of Ewryas-Harold, in the county of Hereford; Alyngton, Wilts; and other lands, in the counties of Somerset, Salop, and Northampton. After this, during the remainder of the reign of Edward I., he was constantly engaged in the wars of Scotland, and was made a knight of the Bath. In the 14th Edward III., his lordship was in the great sea-fight off Sluys; in the 16th, he was in the expedition to France, assisting at the siege of Nantes; and in the 20th, he was in the van of the *BLACK PRINCES*, at the

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glorious battle of *CRESSY*. His lordship *m.* Joan, sister and heir of Thomas de Gresley, Baron Gresley, whose chief seat was at Manchester, in the county of Lancaster; by which lady he acquired the great possessions of the Gresley's, and had a son,

*JOHN*, who predeceased his father, leaving by his wife, Margaret, daughter of Sir John de Holland,

1. *ROGER*, who *s.* his grandfather, as third baron.

2. John (Sir), of Bokampton, in Berks, which he held by sergeantry, in keeping the king's dogs, called harriers, when he should come into those parts. Sir John was in the wars of Brittany, and dying in the 34th Edward III. *s.* p. left his estates to his brother.

3. Catherine, *m.* to Sir Warine Latimer, Lord Latimer, of Braybrooke, and had issue,

John Latimer,  
Sir Thomas Latimer, } successively  
Edward Latimer, } barons.

CATHERINE LATIMER, *m.* to Thomas Griffin, and had a son,

*JOHN GRIFFIN*, whose descendant,

*EDWARD GRIFFIN*, was created *BARON GRIFFIN*, of Braybrooke.

His lordship *d.* in 1347, and was *s.* by his grandson,

*SIR ROGER LA WARRE*, third baron, summoned to parliament from 14th August, 1352, to 1st June, 1363. This nobleman in the 30th Edward III. shared in the glory of *POICTIERS*, wherein the French king, with the dauphin, were made prisoners. Touching the capture of the king of France, it is recorded that much contention took place, as he defended himself with great valour; and the pressure upon him becoming great, such as knew him cried out, "Sir, surrender, or you are dead," whereupon he yielded, according to Froissard, to Sir Dennis Morbeck, a knight of Artois, in the English service; but, being forced from that captain, more than ten knights and esquires claimed the honor of taking the royal prisoner. Amongst these, the pretensions of Sir Roger la Warre and Sir John Pelham (ancestor of the Pelhams, Dukes of Newcastle, and of the Lords Yarborough, and Pelham), being acknowledged the strongest. Lord De la Warre had, in commemoration of so valiant an exploit, the crampet or chape of the captive prince's sword; and Sir John Pelham had the buckle of a belt as a memento of the same achievement. His lordship continued for several years after Poitiers in the French wars, and acquired in every campaign an augmentation of renown. He *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of Adam, Lord Welles, and had issue,

*JOHN*,  
*THOMAS*, } successively Barons Delaware.

His lordship espoused secondly, Alianore, daughter of John, Lord Mowbray, and had an only daughter,

JOANNA, who m. Sir Thomas West, third Baron West, and had issue.

THOMAS, Lord West, who d. s. p.

REGINALD (Sir), summoned to parliament, *jure matris*, as Baron de la Warre.

Lord De la Warre d. in 1370, and was s. by his eldest son,

JOHN LA WARRE, fourth baron, summoned to parliament from 8th January, 1370, to 5th November, 1397. This nobleman, before and after his father's decease, was in the wars of Gascony with Prince EDWARD. In the 22nd of Richard II. his lordship obtained a special dispensation exempting him from attending any future parliaments, or serving the king in his wars, or otherwise, against his own good will. Shortly after which, he departed this life, anno 1399, and dying unmarried, was s. by his brother,

THOMAS LA WARRE, fifth baron. This nobleman, being a priest and rector of the church of Manchester, was summoned to parliament from 19th August, 1399, to 7th January, 1426, as "Magistro Thomæ de la Warre." In the 9th HENRY V. his lordship obtained license for making the parish church of Manchester collegiate; to consist of a warden and a certain number of priests, to celebrate divine service continually, for the good estate of King HENRY V., and of him, the said Thomas, during this life; and afterwards for the health of their souls. His lordship d. in 1426, when the BARONY OF DE LA WARRE devolved upon his half-sister's son, SIR REGINALD WEST, Lord West, as in the above account of the Wests.

DENBIGH, EARL OF, (William-Basil-Percy Fielding,) Viscount Fielding, Baron Fielding, of Newnham-Paddox, and Lord St. Lis, in the peerage of England; Earl of Desmond, Viscount Callan, and Baron Fielding, in the peerage of Ireland; b. 25th March, 1796; s. to the honors, as seventh earl, upon the demise of his grandfather, 14th July, 1801; m. 8th May, 1822, Mary-Elizabeth-Kitty, eldest daughter of Thomas, fifth and present Lord Ducie, by whom he has issue,

RODOLPH-WILLIAM-BASIL, Viscount Fielding, b. 9th, April, 1823.

Percy-Robert-Basil, b. 26th June, 1827.

Mary-Francis-Catherine, a twin with her brother Rodolph.

Angusta-Emily-Julia, b. 27th Sept. 1825.

Jane-Lissey-Harriet, b. 30th Jan. 1829.

Lord Denbigh is a count of the holy Roman empire.

### Lineage.

This family, which is descended from the Counts of Hapsburg, in Germany, settled in England in the reign of Henry III.; and the occasion of its so settling is explained in an ancient manuscript, written about King Edward the Fourth's time; wherein it appears that Geffery, Count of

Hapsburg,\* being reduced to great poverty by the oppression of Rodolph, Emperor of Germany, one of his sons,

SIR GEFERY, served King Henry III. in his wars in England, and assumed the surname of Felden, or Filding, from his father's pretensions to the dominions of Laufenburgh and Rinfilding; and it also appears, that the English monarch, compassionating the said Geffery, gave him considerable support in rents and fees, lying in divers places. The son of this Geffery, :GEFFERY FIELDING, m. Agnes, daughter and heir of John de Napton, by whom he acquired the lordship of Munsterton, in the county of Leicester, and was father of

WILLIAM FIELDING, who acquired, by marriage with Joan, daughter of William Prudhome, and granddaughter and heiress of Robert de Newnham, the manor of Newham Paddox, in the county of Warwick, which has ever since continued the chief seat of the family. The grandson of this William,

SIR WILLIAM FIELDING, a staunch adherent to the house of Lancaster, fell at the battle of Tewksbury, 9th May, 1470. Sir William m. Agnes, daughter and heir of John St. Lis, a branch of the noble house of St. Lis, Earls of Northampton and Huntingdon, with whom he had the lordship of Martinthorpe, in the county of Rutland, and a descent in blood from the great families of Vaux, Longville, and Bellers. He was s. by his eldest surviving son,

SIR EVERARD FIELDING, K.B. who was sheriff of the counties of Warwick and Leicester in the 21st Edw. IV., and had a command in the king's army at the battle of Stoke, in 1487. Sir Everard was s. by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM FIELDING, who m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Thomas Poultney, and dying in 1547, was s. by his son,

BASIL FIELDING, esq., who was s. by his son,

SIR WILLIAM FIELDING, whose m. Dorothy, daughter of Sir Ralph Lane, knt. by Magdalen, daughter and coheir of William, Lord Parr, of Horton, and was s. by his son,

BASIL FIELDING, esq. sheriff of Warwickshire, in the 9th of James I. This gentleman m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Walter Aston, of Tixhall, in the county of Stafford, and was s. by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM FIELDING, knt. who was elevated to the peerage, 30th December, 1630, in the dignities of Baron and Viscount Fielding of Neuw-

\* In the year 1026, Radboton, grandson of GONFRAM the Rich, count of Brigau, founded the house of the Counts of Hapsburg, which derived its name from the Castle of Hapsburg, built by Werner, Bishop of Strasburg, upon the river Aar, in the canton of Berne. The princely line of Hapsburg became extinct in the person of Charles VI. after giving twenty-two sovereigns to Austria, sixteen emperors to Germany, eleven kings to Hungary and Bohemia, and six to Spain.

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*ham Pudding*, in the county of Warwick. He was afterwards made master of the king's great wardrobe, and created 14th September, 1622, EARL OF DENBIGH. On the breaking out of the civil war, Lord Denbigh adhering faithfully to King Charles I. performed the part of a stout and valiant soldier in many engagements; but at length had the misfortune of being mortally wounded in a sharp skirmish near Birmingham, 3rd April, 1648, and died a few days afterwards. His lordship m. Mary, daughter of Sir George Villiers, of Brokesby, in the county of Leicester, kt. by whom he had three sons and four daughters, of which BASIL succeeded to the honors.

GEORGE was created 22nd November, 1622, *Lord Fielding of Lecoghe and Viscount Callan*, in the peerage of Ireland, as also EARL OF DESMOND, after the death of Sir Richard Preston, kt., then enjoying the latter dignity: which Richard, Earl of Desmond, was drowned on his passage from Dublin to England in 1628, and leaving only a daughter, Fielding, Lord Callan, succeeded to the earldom. His lordship m. Bridget, daughter and coheir of Sir Michael Stanhope, kt. by whom he had (with other issue)

WILLIAM, second Earl of Desmond, who inherited as third EARL OF DENBIGH. George, of St. Edmundsbury, m. — daughter of Sir John Lee.

Charles (Sir) an officer of rank in the army, and a privy councillor in Ireland.

JOHN, in holy orders, D.D. Canon of Salisbury and Chaplain to King William III. m. Bridget, daughter of Scipio Cockain, esq. of the county of Somerset, and had three sons and three daughters, of whom the youngest son, *Lieutenant-general EDMUND FIELDING*, m. first Sarah, daughter of Sir Henry Gould, kt., and had (with other issue)

HENRY FIELDING\* (his eldest son), the celebrated author of "*Tom Jones*."

General Fielding m. secondly, Eleanor, daughter of — Blanchfield, esq. and was father of

SIR JOHN FIELDING, the well-known magistrate.

\* HENRY FIELDING was born at Sharpham, near Glastonbury, in the county of Somerset, 22nd April, 1707, and died at Lisbon, 8th October, 1754. He m. first Charlotte, daughter of Mr. Brawicke, of Salisbury, by whom he had a daughter, Eleanor-Harriet. He espoused secondly, Mary Macdaniel, and had, (with one daughter,) two sons,

WILLIAM, barrister-at-law, and one of the police magistrates, who left, at his decease, an only child,

WILLIAM.

Alan, in holy orders, Vicar of St. Stephens Canterbury, m. and has issue.

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William, first Earl of Denbigh, was s. by his eldest son,

BASIL, second earl. This nobleman espoused the opposite side to that of his father in the Civil War, and at the battle of Edge Hill the late earl fought under the royal banner, while his son (this earl) Viscount Fielding, had a commission in Essex's army, and was in the right wing of the parliament's horse, which broke the left wing of the king's cavalry. The earl was subsequently one of the most eminent of the parliament's military commanders, but eventually concurring in the restoration of the monarchy, he was created 2nd February, 1663-4, LORD ST. LIZ, with remainder to the heirs male of his father, in commemoration of his descent from the noble family of St. Liz, Earls of Northampton and Huntingdon. His lordship m. first Lady Anne Weston, daughter of Richard Weston, Earl of Portland, Lord High Treasurer of England, secondly, Barbara, daughter of Sir John Lamb, kt., thirdly, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of Edward Bouchier, Earl of Bath, and fourthly, Dorothy, daughter of Francis Lane esq., of Glendon, Northamptonshire, but died s. p. 26th November, 1678, when his honors reverted to his kinsman (refer to George, second son of the first Earl of Denbigh),

WILLIAM, second Earl of Desmond, as third Earl of Denbigh. This nobleman m. first Mary, daughter of Sir Robert King, kt. and widow of Sir William Meredith, kt., by whom he had two sons and a daughter, Mary, m. to Evelyn Pierrepont, Marquess of Dorchester. His lordship espoused secondly, Mary, daughter and co-heir of Henry Carey, Earl of Monmouth, but had no issue. He d. in 1685, and was s. by his elder son,

BASIL, fourth Earl of Denbigh and third Earl of Desmond, who m. Hester, daughter of Sir Basil Firebrass, bart., and dying 18th March, 1716-17, was s. by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, fifth Earl of Denbigh. This nobleman m. Isabella, daughter of Peter de Songhe of Ulrecht, in Holland, and sister of the Marchioness of Blandford, and dying 2nd August, 1755, was s. by his only son,

BASIL, sixth earl, b. 3rd January, 1719, m. first 12th August, 1757, Mary, third daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Bruce Cotton, bart. of Conington, in the county of Huntingdon, (the last male heir of the great antiquary Sir Robert Cotton, bart. who at a vast expense and labour, procured that invaluable collection, known as "*THE COTTON LIBRARY*"). By this lady his lordship had two sons,

WILLIAM, Viscount Fielding, b. 13th June, 1760, a major-general in the army, m. 26th April, 1791, Anne-Catherine, daughter of Thomas Jelf Powis, esq. of Berwick House, Salop, and dying 8th August, 1799, in the lifetime of his father, left issue,

WILLIAM-BASIL-PERCY, present peer.

Henry-Wentworth, b. 31st July, 1796.

Everard-Robert-Bruce, b. 31st Oct. 1799.

Catherine-Frances, d. in 1818.

Mary-Anne, d. in 1814.

Emily, m. in 1827 to Rev. Henry Har-

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dings. These ladies obtained from the Prince Regent, in 1813, the precedence of earls' daughters.

Charles, *d.* unmarried.

His lordship espoused secondly, Sarah, daughter of the late, and sister of the present Edward Farnham, esq. of Qnorndon House, in the county of Leicester, and relict of Sir Charles Halford, bart. The earl *d.* 14th July, 1801.

*Creations*—Baron and Viscount Fielding, 30th of Dec. 1620. Earl of Denbigh, 14th Sept. 1622. Lord St. Liz, 2nd Feb. 1663-4—English honors. Earl of Desmond &c. 22nd Nov. 1622—Irish honors.



*Arms*—A field ar. thereon an eagle displayed, sa. armed and membered or, bearing the ensigns of FIELDING, ar. on a fesse az. three lozenges or.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a nut-hatch, with a hazel branch fructed, all proper.

*Supporters*—Two bucks ppr. attired and unguled or.

*Motto*—Virtutis premium honor.

*Town Residence*—18, Eaton-place, Belgrave-square.

*Seats*—Newnham Paddox, near Lutterworth, Warwickshire.

*Note*—His lordship's ancestor, William, third Earl of Denbigh, resumed the ancient denomination of Hapsburgh, which his descendants still use.

**DENNY, SIR EDWARD**, baronet, of Tralee Castle, in the county of Kerry: *b.* 2nd October, 1796; *s.* to the title, as fourth baronet, at the decease of his father, in August, 1831.

### Lineage.

SIR EDMOND DENNY, *knt.* one of the barons of the court of exchequer in England, in the beginning of the sixteenth century, was great-grandson of John Denny, esq. who fell in the French wars of Henry V. and was interred at St. Denys. The judge *d.* in 1320, and there is a monument to his memory in the church of St. Bennett's, Paul's Wharf, London. By his last will, he directed his body to be laid in that church, and that *twenty trentals of masses* should be said for his soul, and for the souls of his wives deceased, and those of William and Agnes, his father and mother. The fourth son of this learned person,

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SIR ANTHONY DENNY, *knt.* *b.* in 1506, was groom of the stole in 1518, and of the privy-council to King Henry VIII. This gentleman was the only individual, amongst the courtiers, who dared to apprise his royal master of his approaching dissolution. Henry had, however, so high an esteem for Sir Anthony, that he could perform that sad office with impunity, and the monarch presented him with a magnificent pair of gloves, worked in pearls, which still remain in the possession of the family. The grandson of Sir Anthony.

SIR EDWARD DENNY, *knt.* was summoned to parliament in 1604, as *Baron Denny*, and created, in 1626, EARL OF NORWICH. The latter of which honors became extinct, at his decease, without male issue, in 1630, while the barony devolved upon his only daughter and heiress, Honoria, wife of James Hay, Earl of Carlisle, at the decease of whose son, James Hay, Earl of Carlisle, in 1660, without issue, it expired. Lord Norwich (Sir Edward Denny) was buried at Waltham, and the following epitaph placed upon his tomb—

Learn, curious reader, ere you pass,

What Sir Edward Denny was;

A courtier in the chamber, a soldier in the field,

Whose tongue could never flatter,

Whose heart could never yield.

We now return to

SIR EDWARD DENNY, *knt.* (uncle to the deceased Earl of Norwich, and youngest son of the Right Hon. Sir Anthony Denny, Henry the Eighth's privy-counsellor,) whose eldest son,

SIR EDWARD DENNY, *knt.* a military person, went to Ireland, in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, as an undertaker in the plantation of Munster, and settled at Tralee, in the county of Kerry. Sir Edward was *s.* by his only son,

SIR EDWARD DENNY, *knt.* of Tralee Castle, who represented the county of Kerry in parliament, in 1630. He *m.* Ruth, eldest daughter of Sir Thomas Roper, Viscount Baltinglass, by whom he had six sons and four daughters. He was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR ARTHUR DENNY, *knt.* M.P. for the county of Kerry, in 1661; who *d.* in 1673, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

EDWARD DENNY, esq. M.P. for the county of Kerry, in 1692 and 1695; who dying in 1712, was *s.* by his only son,

EDWARD DENNY, esq. M.P. for the county of Kerry in 1703 and 1713; who was *s.* in 1727 by his eldest son,

ARTHUR DENNY, esq. M.P. for the county of Kerry in 1727. At the decease of this gentleman, issueless, in 1743, the estates devolved upon his brother,

SIR THOMAS DENNY, *knt.* who *m.* Agnes, daughter of John Blennerhassett, esq. of Ballyseeby, and was *s.* at his decease by his eldest surviving son,

WILLIAM DENNY, esq. who was succeeded by his brother,

THOMAS DENNY, esq. at whose decease the estates devolved upon his uncle, the Reverend Barry Denny's (of Ballyvelly) eldest son,



ARTHUR DENNY, esq. who dying unmarried, was s. by his brother,

1. BARRY DENNY, esq. This gentleman was created a BARONET OF IRELAND 15th January, 1782. Sir Barry m. Jane, youngest daughter of his uncle, Sir Thomas Denny, bart. by whom he had eight sons and as many daughters. He was s. at his decease by his eldest son,

2. SIR BARRY. This gentleman m. Anne, daughter of Croasbie Morgall, esq. of Mount Morgall, in the county of Limerick, (who espoused after his decease, General Floyd,) but dying without issue, in October, 1794, the title devolved upon his brother,

3. SIR EDWARD. This gentleman m. 26th May, 1795, Elizabeth, only child of the Hon. Robert Day, late one of the justices of his Majesty's court of king's-bench in Ireland, by whom (who d. 27th April, 1823,) he had issue,

EDWARD, present baronet.

Robert Day, b. 21st August, 1800.

Henry, in holy orders, Rector of Churchill, b. 20th June, 1802.

Anthony, b. 1st July, 1807.

William, b. 29th October, 1811.

Mary-Lectitia.

Elizabeth.

Diana.

Sir Edward d. in 1831.

*Creations*—15th January, 1782.



*Arms*—Gu. a saltier, betw. twelve crosses, patée, or.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a cubit arm, vested as turned up ar. holding five wheat-ears or.

*Motto*—Et mea messis erit.

*Seat*—Tralee Castle, in the county of Kerry.

*Note*.—Tralee Castle, the ancient residence of the old Earls of Desmond, came into the possession of the Denny family, as a reward to Edward Denny, the first settler in Ireland, for making prisoner that nobleman, who was accused of causing a dreadful massacre of the English at a feast to which he had invited them. Mr. Denny, a military officer in the army of the Earl of Essex, not only obtained the castle and possessions of Desmond, for this exploit, but was created a knight-banneret, and presented with a rich scarf, embroidered with gold and pearls, and a pair of gloves taken off her own hands, by Queen Elizabeth. This scarf, and those gloves, (with others, presented by Henry

VIII. and James I.) which were for many years out of the possession of the Denny family, were restored to it in the following manner:—In the year 1766, or 1761, the magnificent mansion of the Earl of Arran being to be sold by auction, in London, the management of the sale devolved upon Mr. Herbert, (father of the late rector of Ledbury,) his lordship's executor, and the particular friend of Sir Thomas Denny, who discovered, in making preliminary arrangements for the sale, the gloves and scarf, with an old parchment manuscript, in a purple satin bag; by which upon perusal, he was directed to the family to which they really belonged; and knowing how highly he should gratify his friend, by the restoration of such inestimable relics, purchased them for him;—the gloves given to Sir Anthony Denny, by Henry VIII. for £38 17s.; the gloves given by King James I. to Sir Anthony's son, Sir Edward Denny, for £22 1s.; the mittens, presented by Queen Elizabeth to Sir Edward Denny, knight-banneret, for £25 4s.

DENYS, SIR GEORGE-WILLIAM, baronet, of Easton-Neston, in the county of Northampton; b. 20th May, 1788; m. 5th December, 1809, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Edward-George Lind, esq. of Stratford-place, London, and Burton, Westmorland, by whom (who d. 29th June, 1828) he has issue,

1. GEORGE-WILLIAM, b. 11th December, 1811.
2. Montague, b. 25th October, 1815.
3. Edward-Leopold, b. 19th November, 1817.
4. Francis-Henry, b. 18th October, 1821.
5. Anna-Maria-Margaret.
6. Juliana-Louisa.
7. Ellen.

This gentleman, who is the eldest son of the late Peter Denys, esq. of Hans-place, Middlesex, by Charlotte, only daughter of George, second Earl of Pomfret, was created a baronet 23rd November, 1813.



*Arms*—Ar., a cross patonce betw. four fleurs-de-lis vert, on a chief az. a greyhound, courant, of the field.

*Crest*—A demi-lion ermineo, collared gu. holding betw. the paws a French lily, slipped ppr.

*Motto*—Hora e semper.

## DER

*Town Residence*—15, Stratford-place.  
*Seat*—Twinstead Hall, Essex.

**DERBY, EARL OF**, (Edward Smith-Stanley,) and a baronet; lord-lieutenant and custos-rotulorum of the county of Lancaster; *b.* in September, 1752; *s.* to the honors, as twelfth earl, upon the demise of his grandfather, 24th February, 1776; *m.* first, 23rd June, 1774, Elizabeth, only daughter of James, sixth Duke of Hamilton and Brandon, by whom (who *d.* in 1797) he has had issue,

EDWARD, *Lord Stanley*, M.P. for the county of Lancaster, and colonel of its militia; *b.* 21st April, 1775; *m.* in 1798, Charlotte-Margaret, daughter of the Rev. Geoffrey Hornby, by whom (who *d.* in 1817) he had issue.

EDWARD, a cabinet minister, a privy councillor, and chief secretary for Ireland, *b.* 29th March, 1799, *m.* 31st May, 1825, Emma-Caroline, second daughter of Lord Steimersdale, and has

1. Edward-Henry, *b.* in 1826.

2. — (a daughter), *b.* in 1830.

Henry-Thomas, an officer in the army.  
 Charles-James-Fox, captain in the guards,  
*b.* 25th April, 1806.

Charlotte, *m.* in 1823, to Edward Penrhyn, esq. M.P.

Louisa-Emily, *m.* in April, 1825, Lieutenant-colonel Long, and *d.* in the following year.

Elinor-Mary.

Charlotte, *m.* in 1796, to Edmund Hornby, esq. and *d.* in 1805.

Elizabeth-Henrietta, *m.* in 1795, to Stephen-Thomas Cole, esq. and has issue,

EDWARD, captain of the Oxford Militia.  
 George.

Mowbray, an officer in the army.

Burton-Stanley.

Elizabeth.

Catherine.

The Earl of Derby *m.* secondly, 1st May, 1797, Miss Farren, a very celebrated actress, daughter of Mr. Farren, of Cork, by whom (who *d.* 23rd April, 1829) he has one daughter living,

Mary-Margaret, *m.* 29th November, 1821, to Thomas, second and present Earl of Wilton.

### Lineage.

This is one of those families, whose early baronial origin, though from a younger branch, seems, in defiance of change of name and arms, to stand upon a satisfactory foundation. From the time of Richard II. it has made a very considerable figure in history, and the prominent part Stanley acted in the battle of Bosworth has rendered the name familiar to every person at all versant in the annals of England. Camden, Dugdale, and all our antiquaries agree, that the noble house of Derby is a branch of the old

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*Barons Audelay*, of Audelay, in the county of Stafford. The immediate founder of the Stanleys, WILLIAM DE AUDLEY, who lived in the reign of King John, had from his cousin Sir Adam de Audleigh, the manor of *Stanleigh*, where fixing his abode, he assumed the surname of STANLEIGH, or STANLEY. The great-great-grandson of this William,

SIR WILLIAM DE STANLEY, *m.* Joan, eldest daughter of Sir Philip de Ramville, Lord of Stourton, in Cheshire, by which alliance he became possessed of the manor and ballywick of *Wyvull Forest*, and thereupon assumed the armorial bearings, since used by his descendants, in place of those borne by his ancestors: THREE STAGS' HEADS ON A REND. The grandson of this Sir William, another

SIR WILLIAM STANLEY, Lord of Stanley, Great Stourton, &c. *d.* in 31st Richard II., leaving three sons and a daughter, of whom,

WILLIAM, (Sir) the eldest son, succeeded his father, and was also of *Haeton*, in Cheshire, by right of his wife Margaret, daughter and heir of William Hooton, of Haeton. From this Sir William descended the STANLEYS, baronets of Hooton.

The second son,

SIR JOHN STANLEY, K.G., *m.* Isabel, daughter and heir of Sir Thomas Latham, knt. of Latham and Knowesley, in the county of Lancaster, (descended from Robert Fitz-Henry, whose son Robert took the name of Latham from his place of residence,) and thus acquired those estates. In 1365, Sir John Stanley was Lord Deputy of Ireland, and had a grant of the manor of Blake Castle, in that realm. In 1405, he had a commission in conjunction with Roger Leke, to seize on the city of York and its liberties; and also upon the ISLE OF MAN, on the forfeiture of Henry Percy, Earl of Northumberland, and in the 7th of Henry IV., being then treasurer of the household to the King, obtained license to fortify a house at Liverpool, in Lancashire, (which he had newly built) with embattled walls. In the same year having taken possession of the ISLE OF MAN, he obtained a grant in fee of the said Isle, castle and pile, anciently called Holm Town, and all the isles adjacent, as also all the regalities, franchises, &c. to be holden of the said king, his heirs and successors, by homage, and the service of two falcons payable on the days of their coronation. Upon the accession of Henry V. he was made a knight of the Garter, and constituted lord-lieutenant of Ireland, for six years, in which government he *d.* 6th January, 1414, leaving two sons, the elder of whom,

JOHN STANLEY, esq. representative for Lancashire in parliament, in the 2nd of Henry V., *m.* Isabel, daughter of Sir Robert and sister of Sir William Harrington, knt. of Herby, and dying in 1431, was *s.* by his only son,

SIR THOMAS STANLEY, knt. who was constituted lord-lieutenant of Ireland, and called a parliament there in 1432. He was subsequently elected a knight of the Garter, and summoned to parliament 20th January, 1450-6, as LORD STANLEY.

His lordship m. Joan, daughter and co-heir of Sir Robert Goushill, of Hoveringham, in Nottinghamshire, by Elizabeth, his wife, daughter, and at length heir of Richard Fitzalan, Earl of Arundel and Surrey, by whom he had, besides daughters,

THOMAS, his successor.

William, (Sir) of Helt, who was beheaded as a participator in the conspiracy for placing Perkin Warbeck upon the throne. Sir William was the richest subject in the kingdom, having no less than 40,000 marks in ready money, and £3000 a year, to which circumstance, considering the rapacious disposition of Henry VII., may be attributed his destruction, more probable than to his political principles.

John, (Sir) who m. Elizabeth, daughter and heir of Sir Thomas Weaver, knt. of Weaver, in the county of Chester, and by her acquired that estate. From this Sir John Stanley descends the present Sir John Thomas Stanley, bart. of Alderley Park. James, archdeacon of Carlisle.

His lordship d. in 1438-9, and was s. by his eldest son,

THOMAS, second Lord Stanley, summoned to parliament from 39th of Henry VI., to 1st Richard III. This nobleman m. first Eleanor, daughter of Richard Nevil, Earl of Salisbury, and sister of Richard Nevil, (the *king maker*) the Stout EARL OF WARWICK, by whom he had issue,

GEORGE, Lord Strange, who m. Jane, daughter and heir of John, Lord Strange of Knockyn, and was summoned to parliament as LORD STRANGE, in the 22nd of Edward IV. His lordship d. 5th December, 1497, (his father still living) and left (with two daughters),

THOMAS, successor to his grandfather.

John.

James,\* (Sir) ancestor of the present EARL OF DERBY.

Edward, (Sir) of Hornby Castle, Lancashire. This gallant person commanded the

\* SIR JAMES STANLEY, youngest son of George, Lord Strange, who d. in 1479, was seated at Crosthall, in the county of Lancaster, and was marshal of Ireland. He m. Anne, sister of Sir Percival Hart, knt. of Lullington Castle, in the county of Kent, and was s. by his elder son,

SIR GEORGE STANLEY, knt. of Crosthall, who had two sons, Edward and Henry, who both survived their father, but died issueless, when the estates passed to Sir George's brother,

HENRY STANLEY, esq. of Aughton, who m. Margaret, daughter and heir of Peter Stanley, esq. of Bickerstaff, in the county of Lancaster, by whom he had two sons, Edward and James, and dying in 1597, was s. by the elder,

1. EDWARD STANLEY, esq. of Bickerstaff, who was created a baronet 20th June, 1637. Sir Edward m. first, Catherine, daughter of Sir Randall Manwaring, knt. of Over Pever, by whom he had two daughters. He espoused, secondly, Isabel, daughter of Sir Peter Warberton, of Ar-

rear of the English army at Flodden Field, 9th September, 1513, and forcing the Scots, by the power of his archers, to descend the hill, thus broke their line and insured the triumph of the English arms; for which good service King Henry VIII., keeping his Whitenside at Eltham the next ensuing year, 1514, commanded that Sir Edward Stanley, for those valiant acts against the Scots, where he won the hill, and vanquished all that opposed him, as also that his ancestors bore the eagle in their crest, should be there proclaimed LORD OF MONT-EAGLE, and he had subsequently summons to parliament in that dignity. He was also elected a knight of the Garter; at the decease of his lordship's grandson, WILLIAM STANLEY, third Lord of Monteaigle in 1581, that nobleman's only daughter, ELIZABETH, became his heiress, and marrying Edward Parker, Lord Morley, conveyed the BARONY OF MONTEAGLE into that family. The dignity is now in EXTINCTION. (See *Burke's Extinct Peerage*.)

James, in holy orders, Bishop of Ely.

Lord Stanley espoused, secondly, Margaret, dau. and heir of John, Duke of Somerset, widow of Edmund Tudor, Earl of Richmond, and mother of Henry, Earl of Richmond. How far his lordship contributed to the victory of Bosworth, is recorded in history; and his placing the crown of Richard upon the head of the victorious Richmond in the field, is also a matter of historic record. In consideration of those eminent services, the new monarch advanced Lord Stanley, 27th October, 1483, to the dignity of EARL OF DERBY, and constituted him one of the commissioners for executing the office of lord-high steward of England upon the day of his coronation. His lordship, in the March following, had a grant of the great office of CONSTABLE OF ENGLAND for life. He had no children by his second marriage, and dying in 1504, was s. by his grandson,

THOMAS, second earl, who m. Anne, daughter

ley, knt. and had six sons. He was s. by the eldest,

2. SIR THOMAS STANLEY. This gentleman m. Mary, daughter of Peter Egerton, esq. of Shaw, and was s. by his eldest son,

3. SIR EDWARD STANLEY, who m. in 1664, Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Bosville, esq. of Warnsworth, in the county of York, and dying in 1671, was s. by his only son,

4. SIR THOMAS STANLEY. This gentleman m. first, Elizabeth, only daughter and heir of Thomas Patten, esq. of Preston, by whom he had issue,

EDWARD, his successor as fifth baronet, who succeeded as *eleventh* EARL OF DERBY.

John, in holy orders, rector of Liverpool and Bury.

Sir Thomas espoused secondly, Margaret, daughter of Thomas Holcroft, esq. of Holcroft, in the county of Lancaster, and relict of Sir Richard Standish, bart. but had no issue. He d. 7th May, 1714.

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of Edward, Lord Hastings, of Hungerford, and was *s.* at his decease in 1522, (when it appears he bore the titles of Earl of Derby, Viscount Kyn-ton, Lord Stanley and Strange, Lord of Knokyn, Mohun, Basset, Burnal, and Lacy, Lord of Man, and the Isles,) by his son,

EDWARD, third earl, K.G. lord-high-steward at the coronation of Queen Mary: and chamberlain of Chester, in the reign of Elizabeth. His lordship *d.* 24th October, 1574, and was succeeded by his eldest son, (by his first wife Dorothy, daughter of Thomas Howard, Duke of Norfolk.)

HENRY, fourth earl, K.G. His lordship *m.* Margaret, only child of Henry Clifford, Earl of Cumberland, (by his first wife, Alianore, daughter and co-heiress of Charles Brandon, Duke of Suffolk, and Mary, sister of King Henry VIII., and Dowager Queen of France,) and dying in 1593, was *s.* by his eldest son,

FERDINANDO, fifth earl. This nobleman having been tampered with, by one Hesketh, said to be an agent of the Jesuits, to assume the title of King in right of his grandmother, and rejecting the proposition indignantly, is supposed to have been poisoned in consequence by the conspirators. His lordship *m.* Alice, daughter of Sir John Spencer, of Althorp, and had three daughters and co-heiresses; Anne, *m.* to Grey, fifth Lord Chandos; Frances, *m.* to John, Earl of Bridgewater; Elizabeth, *m.* to Henry, Earl of Huntingdon, amongst whom the baronies of Stanley and Strange fell into abeyance, while the earldom devolved upon his brother,

WILLIAM, sixth earl, K.G. who purchased the claims of his nieces upon the Isle of Man. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Edward Vere, Earl of Oxford, and dying in 1642, was *s.* by his son,

JAMES, seventh earl, K.G. who had been summoned to parliament in 1627, as *Baron Strange*, under an impression that such a barony was enjoyed by his father; but that not being the case, the summons amounted to the creation of a new peerage, which eventually devolved upon the ducal house of Atholl. His lordship was distinguished by his devoted attachment to the Royal cause during the civil war, and falling into the hands of the enemy after the battle of Worcester, suffered decapitation, at Bolton, 15th October, 1651. He had *m.* Charlotte, daughter of Claude de la Tremouille, Duke de Thouars, (this lady became famous for her gallant defence of Latham House, in 1614, when it was besieged by 2000 parliamentarians; and of the Isle of Man, in 1651 :) and left issue,

CHARLES, eighth earl.

Charlotte, *d.* unm.

Henrietta-Maria, *m.* to William, second Earl of Strafford.

Catherine, *m.* to Henry Pierrepont, Marquess of Dorchester.

Amelia-Sophia, *m.* to John Murray, Marquess of Atholl.

The earl was *s.* by his only son,

CHARLES, eighth earl, who *d.* in 1672, and was *s.* by his son,

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WILLIAM-GEORGE-RICHARD, ninth earl, who *m.* Lady Elizabeth Butler, daughter of Thomas, Earl of Ossory, and dying in 1792 without male issue, the honors devolved upon his brother,

JAMES, tenth earl, who *m.* Mary, daughter and sole heir of Sir William Morley, K. B. of Hainaker, but *d.* without issue in 1735-6, when the ISLE OF MAN, with the BARONY OF STRANGE, created in 1627, devolved upon the Duke of Atholl, (all the other baronies fell into abeyance between the co-heirs of Ferdinando, the fifth earl,) and the earldom of Derby reverted to

SIR EDWARD STANLEY, baronet, as eleventh earl, (refer to George, Lord Strange, son of Thomas, first Earl of Derby.) This nobleman *m.* in 1714, Elizabeth, only daughter of Robert Hesketh, esq. of Rufford, in the county of Lancaster, by whom he had (with junior issue,) *m.*

James, Lord Stanley, who *m.* Lucy, daughter and co-heiress of Hugh Smith, esq. of Weald Hall, in the county of Essex, and assumed, in consequence, the additional surname of Smith. His lordship *d.* in June, 1771, leaving issue,

EDWARD, present earl.

Elizabeth, *m.* in 1779, to the Rev. Sir Thomas Horton, bart. and *d.* in 1796.

Lucy *m.* to the Rev. Godfrey Hornby, who *d.* in 1812.

Harriett, *m.* to the late Sir Watts Horton, bart. and *d.* in 1830.

The Earl of Derby *d.* in February, 1776, and was *s.* by his grandson.

*Creations*—Earl of Derby, 27th October, 1485. Baronet, 26th June, 1627.



*Arms*—Ar., on a bend az. three bucks' heads, cabossed, or.

*Crest*—On a chapeau gu. turned up erm. an eagle, wings endorsed, or, feeding an infant\* in its nest ppr. swaddled az. banded of the third.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a griffin; SINISTER, a buck, both or, and ducally collared and chained az. the buck attired of the last.

\* The crest is derived from the family of Latham, of Latham, in Lancashire, now represented by the Stanleys. In an old Visitation of the county of Lancaster, in the College of Arms, it is stated, that a child was found in an eagle's nest upon the estate, and adopted by one of the Lathams; and this, it is assumed, was the origin of the crest.

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*Motto*—Sans changer.

*Town Residence*—23, Grosvenor-square.

*Seat*—Knowsley Hall, Lancashire; and the Oaks, Surrey.

**DERING, SIR EDWARD**, baronet, of Surrenden-Dering, in the county of Kent; *b.* 19th November, 1807; *s.* to the title, as eighth baronet, upon the demise of his grandfather, 30th June, 1811.

### Lineage.

This is one of the very few families, still existing in England, that are of undoubted Saxon origin; an origin confirmed not only by tradition, but by authentic family documents. One of its remote ancestors,

**DIERING** (from the Saxon word *Dering*, signifying *Terror*) **MILES** appears as witness to a deed, by which King Etheluff granted certain lands in Cucolnstone to the church of Rochester, in 890, and this *Diering* is said to be descended in a direct line from Ethelward, King of Diera.

To pass, however, to more recent progenitors, we find

**SIR RICHARD DERING**, knight, of Heyton, lieutenant of Dover Castle, in the reign of King Richard the Second. The grandson of this Sir Richard was

**RICHARD DERING**, esq. of Surrenden. This gentleman *d.* in 1481, and was *s.* by his son,

**JOHN DERING**, esq. of Surrenden Dering. The fifth direct descendant from this gentleman,

1. **SIR EDWARD DERING**, knight, of Surrenden Dering, was created a baronet on 1st February, 1626. This gentleman, who was lieutenant of Dover Castle, was a man of talents and learning; but he adopted, upon one occasion, a very eccentric mode of evincing his erudition, that of presenting a bill from the gallery of the house of commons, "for the extirpation of bishops, deans, and chapters," and prefacing his motion with two verses of Ovid, the classical application of which was said to have been his sole motive for the proceeding.

"Cuncta prius tentanda; sed irremedicabile vulnus

Ense recidendum est, ne pars sincera trahatur."

He *m.* thrice, and was *s.* by the only son of his second marriage, with Anne, third daughter of Sir John Ashburnham, knight,

2. **SIR EDWARD**, who was *s.* in 1684, by his eldest son,

3. **SIR EDWARD**, M.P. for Kent. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Cholmeley, bart., by whom he had three sons and one daughter. He was *s.* in 1680, by his eldest son,

4. **SIR CHOLMELEY**, M.P. for Kent. This gentleman, falling in a duel in 1711, was *s.* by his eldest son,

5. **SIR EDWARD**, M.P. for Kent, who *d.* in 1762, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

6. **SIR EDWARD**, M.P. This gentleman *m.* first, in 1755, Selina, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Robert Furness, bart. of Waldershare, in the county of Kent; by whom he had a son and

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daughter. He *m.* secondly, Deborah, only daughter of John Winchester, esq. of Netherhole, by whom he had four sons and three daughters. He *d.* 8th December, 1798, and was *s.* by the son of his first marriage,

7. **SIR EDWARD**, who *m.* in 1782, Anne, daughter of William Hale, esq. of King's Walden, Herts; by whom he had issue,

Edward, *m.* Henrietta, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Richard Neville, esq. of Furness, in the county of Kildare, and dying in 1808, left

EDWARD, present bart.

A daughter, *m.* in 1820, to Rev. Julius Deedes, son of William Deedes, esq. of Sanoling, near Hythe.

Mrs. Dering *m.* secondly, the late Sir William Geary, baronet.

Cholmeley-Charles-William, *m.* in 1800, Charlotte, eldest daughter of William Hale, esq. of King's Walden, and has issue.

Charlotte, *m.* in 1808, Henry Hoare, esq. only son of Sir Charles-Colt Hoare, bart.

Sir Edward *d.* 30th June, 1811, and was *s.* by his grandson.

*Creation*—1st February, 1626.



*Arms*—Quarterly, first and fourth, *ar.* a fesse *az.* in chief three torteaux (in augmentation); second and third *or.* a saltier *sa.*

*Vest*—On a ducal coronet *or.* a horse passant *sa.* maned *or.*

*Supporters*—Two horses *sa.* maned *or.*

*Motto*—Terrere nolo, timere nescio.

*Town Residence*—35, Cavendish-square.

*Seat*—Surrenden-Dering, Kent.

**DE ROS, BARON**, (Henry-William Fitzgerald De Ros,) in the peerage of England, *b.* in 1792; inherited as nineteenth baron, and twenty-second successor to the barony, upon the demise of his mother, 9th January, 1831.

### Lineage.

"That Peter, the ancestor of this great and noble family," says Dugdale, "did originally assume his surname in the time of King Henry I., from that lordship, in *Holderness*, called *Ros*, where he then had his residence, needeth not to be doubted."

This Peter *m.* Adeline, one of the sisters and co-heirs of the famous Walter Espee, and was *s.* by his son,

ROBERT DE ROS, who was *s.* by his son, EVERARD DE ROS. This feudal Lord *m.* ROYSLIE, daughter of William Trusbut, of Wartre in Holderness, and at the decease of her brothers without issue, co-heir to her father's estate; which estate was eventually inherited by her descendants the Lords Ros, her sisters and co-heirs leaving no posterity. Everard de Ros died about the year 1186, and was *s.* by his son,

ROBERT DE ROS, surnamed *Furze*. This feudal lord in the time of Richard I., was imprisoned in Normandy, and forced to pay a considerable sum for his freedom. But under King John he regained the whole barony of his great-grandfather, Walter Espee; and was soon after employed as one of the commissioners to conduct William, King of Scotland, into England. Robert de Ros was the founder of *Hamlake Castle* in Yorkshire, and of *Werke Castle*, in Northumberland. During the troubles in King John's reign, he espoused the baronial interest, and was a leader in the Baronial Army. He *m.* Isabel, daughter of WILLIAM the Lion, King of Scotland, and had issue,

WILLIAM, of *Helmsey*, of whom presently. Robert of *Werke*, whose lineal descendant and eventual heiress of the family, ELIZABETH DE ROS, *m.* Sir William Parr, knt. from whom sprang the *Peers of Kendall*. William of *Agmanthorpe*, from whom descended the Ros's of that place.

The father, assuming the habit of the order of Knights Templars, *d.* in 1227, and was buried at London, in the Temple Church. His eldest son's eldest son,

ROBERT DE ROS, taking an active part against the king, was one of the chief barons, who after the battle of Lewes in 1264, where Henry III. and his son Prince Henry became prisoners, was summoned to the parliament, which was called by the barons in the king's name, as *Baron de Ros*, 24th December, 1264. His lordship espoused Lady Isabel, the great heiress of William de Albini, *Lord of Belvoir in Leicester-shire*, and dying in 1285, was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, second Baron de Ros. This nobleman was an unsuccessful competitor for the crown of Scotland in 1292, and in 1296 he obtained from King Edward I. a grant of *Werke Castle*, upon its forfeiture by the treason of his kinsman Robert de Ros. His lordship *m.* Matilda, daughter and co-heir of John de Vaux, and was *s.* in 1316 by his elder son,

WILLIAM, third baron, who espoused Margery, eldest sister and co-heir of Giles, Lord Baldesmere, of Ledes Castle in Kent, and dying in 1343, was *s.* by his elder son,

WILLIAM, fourth baron. This nobleman had the glory of leading the second division of the English army at the celebrated battle of Cressy. He *m.* Margaret, daughter of Ralph Nevill, and dying *s. p.* in 1352, was *s.* by his brother,

THOMAS, fifth baron, who *m.* Beatrice, widow of Maurice Fitzmaurice, Earl of Desmond, and daughter of Ralph Stafford, first Earl of Stafford, and dying in 1384, was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN, sixth baron. This nobleman having undertaken a pilgrimage to Jerusalem, died at Paphos in 1394, and leaving no issue, was *s.* by his brother,

WILLIAM, seventh baron, who was constituted, 4th Henry IV., LORD TREASURER OF ENGLAND. His lordship *m.* Margaret, daughter of Sir John Arundel, and dying 1st September, 1414, was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN, eighth baron. This nobleman *m.* Margaret, daughter and heir of Sir Philip Despenser, but had no issue. He was killed in France, where he served under the Duke of Clarence in 1421, and was *s.* by his brother,

SIR THOMAS DE ROS, as ninth baron, his lordship *m.* Eleanor, daughter of Richard Beauchamp, Earl of Warwick, and dying 18th August, 1431, was *s.* by his eldest son,

THOMAS, tenth baron, who was summoned to parliament on 2nd January, (27th Henry VI.) 1440, to 30th July, 1460. "The Lord Ros (says Leland) took Henry the 6th's parte agayn King Edward; whereupon the Lord Ros's landes stode as confascate, King Edward prevailing; and Belvoir Castle was given in keeping to the Lord Hastings; the which cumming thither upon a tyme to peruse the ground, and to lye in the castel, was sodenly repelled by Mr. Harrington, a man of poure thereabout, and friende to the Lord Ros: whereupon the Lord Hastings cam thither another tyme with a strong poure, and upon a raging wylle spoild the castelle, defacing the rofes, and taking the leades of them, wherewith they war al coverid. Then fell elle the castelle to ruine; and the tymbre of the rofes onkeverid rotted away; and the soile betwene the waulles at the last grew ful of elders; and no habitation was there tyl that of late dayes the Eyre of Rutland hath made it fairer than ever it was." His lordship being attained 4th November, 1461, his honors became forfeited; but his son, (by Philippa, sister of John Tiptoft, Earl of Worcester.)

EDMUND, eleventh baron, obtained a reversal of the attainder in 1485; he was not, however, summoned to parliament. Upon the demise of this nobleman without issue, in 1508, the barony fell into abeyance between his three sisters and co-heiresses, which terminated in favour of

GEORGE MANNERS, as twelfth baron, the son and heir of Eleanor, the eldest sister by her husband, Sir Robert Manners, knt. (the two youngest sisters having *d.* without issue.) This nobleman was never summoned to parliament. His lordship *m.* Ann, only daughter and heiress of Sir Thomas St. Leger, knt. by Ann Plantagenet, sister of Edward IV. He *d.* in 1513, and was *s.* by his son,

THOMAS, thirteenth baron, who was summoned to parliament 12th November, 1515, and created EARL OF RUTLAND, 18th June, 1525, being also installed a knight of the most noble order of the Garter. His lordship *d.* in 1543, and was *s.* by his son, (by Eleanor, daughter of Sir William Paston)

HENRY, second earl\* and fourteenth baron, who d. in 1563, and was s. by his eldest son,

EDWARD, third earl and fifteenth baron. This nobleman d. without male issue in 1587, when the earldom of Rutland reverted to his brother, and the barony of Ros descended to his only daughter and heiress, (by Isabel, only daughter and heiress of Sir Thomas Holcroft, of Vale Royal, Cheshire.)

ELIZABETH MANNERS, who m. William Cecil, second Earl of Exeter. Her ladyship d. in 1591, and the barony of Ros was confirmed to her son and heir,

WILLIAM CECIL, as sixteenth baron, 22nd July, 1616. His lordship d. however, in two years afterwards, without male issue, (his father, the Earl of Exeter, being still living), when the barony reverted to his cousin,

FRANCIS MANNERS, sixth Earl of Rutland, as seventeenth baron. This nobleman had previously contested it, as heir-general, and obtained, on the same day that it was confirmed to his cousin, 22nd July, 1616, a patent, creating himself, and his heirs male, *Baron Ross, of Hamlake*; he d. however, in 1632, without male issue, when the new barony expired, but the old one devolved upon his only daughter and heiress,

KATHERINE, as Baroness de Ros. This lady m. George Villiers, first Duke of Buckingham,

\* HENRY, second Earl of Rutland, and fourteenth Lord de Ros, m. Margaret, daughter of Ralph Nevill, Earl of Westmorland, and had issue, Edward, who succeeded as third Earl of Rutland.

JOHN, who became fourth Earl of Rutland. His lordship m. Elizabeth, daughter of Francis Charlton, esq. of Apley Castle, Salop, and had Roger, Francis, and Sir George, successively Earls of Rutland, besides four daughters, of whom,

Bridget, m. Robert Tyrwhitt, esq. of Kettleby, Lincolnshire.

Frances, m. William, third Lord Willoughby, of Parham, and had, with other issue,

ELIZABETH, m. to Richard Jones, Earl of Ranelagh, and had four daughters, of whom,

LADY FRANCES JONES, m. Thomas, Earl Coningsby, and had, with other issue,

LADY FRANCES CONINGSBY, who m. Sir Charles Hanbury Williams, and her younger daughter and co-heir,

CHARLOTTE WILLIAMS, marrying Admiral the Hon. Rob. Boyle, who assumed the name of WALSHINGHAM, was mother of

CHARLOTTE, late BARONESS DE ROS.

and dying in 1696, was s. in the barony by her eldest son,

GEORGE, second Duke of Buckingham, and eighteenth baron, who d. in 1687, without male issue, when the barony fell into abeyance between the heirs of Bridget, wife of Sir Robert Tyrwhitt, bart. and Frances, wife of William Lord Willoughby, of Parham, sisters of Francis, sixth Earl of Rutland, and so continued, until terminated in favor of the only daughter and heiress of the Hon. Robert-Boyle Walshingham, youngest son of Henry, first Earl of Shannon, by Charlotte, daughter of Sir Charles-Hanbury Williams, bart. the descendant of the before-mentioned Frances, Lady Willoughby of Parham,

CHARLOTTE FITZGERALD, third Baroness de Ros. Her ladyship m. 4th Aug. 1791, Lord Henry Fitzgerald, fourth son of James, first Duke of Leinster, by whom (who d. 8th July, 1829) she had issue,

HENRY-WILLIAM, present baron.

Arthur-John-Hill, a lieutenant-colonel; b. 23rd December, 1793, and d. 23rd February, 1826.

William-Lennox-Laescelles, colonial agent for Malta, b. 1st September, 1797; m. 7th June, 1824, Georgiana, third daughter of Charles, fourth Duke of Richmond, and has issue,

1. Dudley-Charles, b. in 1827.

2. Frances-Charlotte.

Edmund-Emilius-Boyle, b. 4th May, 1799, and d. 12th September, 1810.

John-Frederick, com. R.N. b. 6th March, 1804. Augustus, b. 23rd October, 1805.

Henrietta-Mabel, m. 24th October, 1828, John Broadhurst, esq. of Foster Hall, in the county of Derby.

Olivia-Cecilia.

Geraldine, m. 25th November, 1836, to the Rev. Frederick Pace.

Cecilia.

Lady de Ros d. in January, 1831.

*Creation*—By writ of summons, 49 Henry III. 24th December, 1264.



*Arms*—Gu. three water bougets ar. for De Ros, quartering those of the Duke of Leinster.

*Crest and Motto*—Same as the Duke of Leinster.

*Supporters*—Two falcons, wings expanded.

*Town Residence*—Park-place, St. James's.

*Seats*—Strangford, Downshire; and Boyle Farm, Kent.

**DESART, EARL OF, (John-Otway-O' Connor Cuffe,)** Viscount Castle Cuffe, and Baron of Desart, in the county of Kilkenny, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 12th October, 1818; *s.* to the honors, as third earl, upon the demise of his father, 22nd November, 1820.

### Lineage.

This noble family was originally of the counties of Somerset and Northampton. Its founder in Ireland,

**HUGH CUFFE, esq.** had a grant, for his services to the crown, temp. Elizabeth, of six thousand acres of land, in the county of Cork, by patent, dated 28th November, 1596, and settled there, at Cuffe's Wood. This Hugh left at his decease two daughters, his co-heirs, viz: Elizabeth, *m.* to Sir Francis Slingsby, and Dorothea to Sir Charles Cote. The male line of the family was continued by his nephew,

**MAURICE CUFFE, of Ennis, in the county of Clare, merchant, who d. in 1638, leaving a large family, of which the sixth son,**

**JOSEPH CUFFE, having joined the army under Cromwell, in 1649, was rewarded for his services by considerable grants of lands. He m. Martha, daughter of Colonel Agmondesham Muschamp, by whom he had no less than twenty children, and was s. at his decease by his eldest son,**

**AGMONDESHAM CUFFE, esq. who was attainted by King James's parliament, in 1689, and had his estates sequestered; but was restored by King William. He m. Anne, daughter of Sir John Otway, of London, relict of John Warden, esq. of Burnchurch, in the county of Kilkenny; and dying in 1727, was s. by his eldest son,**

**JOHN CUFFE, esq. of Desart, in the county of Kilkenny, M.P. who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, on 10th November, 1733, by the title of Baron Desart. His lordship m. first Margaret, only daughter and heiress of James Hamilton, of Carnesure, esq. by whom he had no issue. He espoused secondly, Dorothea, eldest daughter of General Georges, of Kilbrew, in the county of Meath, and left (with five daughters),**

**JOHN, }  
OTWAY, } successive barons.**

**Hamilton, in holy orders, m. Esther, only daughter and heiress of William Williams, of Williamstown, esq. and left issue at his decease, in 1811,**

**JOHN OTWAY, of Williamstown-House, in the county of Meath.**

**Lucy-Susannah.**

**Lord Desart d. in 1749, and was s. by his son,**

**JOHN, second baron, who m. in 1752, Sophia, daughter and heir of Brettridge Badham, esq. of Rockfield, in the county of Cork, and widow of Richard Thornhill, esq. by whom he had three daughters,**

**Sophia, m. to — Cooke, esq. and d. in 1815,**

**Lucy, m. by William Weldon, esq.**

**Catherine, m. to Sir Charles Burton, bart. and d. in 1827.**

**His lordship d. in 1767, when the barony devolved upon his brother,**

**OTWAY, third baron, who was advanced to a viscounty, as Viscount Castle Cuffe, on 6th Jan. 1781, and created EARL OF DESART on 20th Dec. 1793. His lordship m. in 1785, Lady Anne Brown, eldest daughter of John, Earl of Altmont, by whom he had issue,**

**1. William. 2. St. George. 3. Elizabeth.**

**4. Dorothea-Louisa, m. in 1817, to major-general Sir James Campbell, K.C.B.**

**The earl d. 9th August, 1804, and was s. by his son,**

**JOHN-OTWAY, second earl, b. 20th February, 1788, m. in 1817, Catharine, eldest daughter of Maurice-N. O'Connor, esq. of Mount Pleasant, in the King's County, by whom he had an only son, JOHN-OTWAY O'CONNOR, the present peer. His lordship d. 22nd November, 1820, and the countess re-married, in January, 1824, Rose-Lambert Price, esq. (eldest son of Sir Rose Price, bart.) who d. 15th January, 1826.**

**Creations—Baron, 10th November, 1733. Viscount, 6th January, 1781. Earl, 20th December, 1793.**



**Arms—Ar. on a bend, dancettée, sa. three fleurs-de-lis of the field, between two plain cottises az. each charged with three bezants.**

**Crest—A cubit arm erect, couped below the elbow, vested or, charged with two bendlets, undée, az. cuff erm. hand ppr. holding a pole-axe of the first, staff of the second.**

**Supporters—Two leopards, regardant, ppr. each gorged with a collar, indented, sa. charged with three fleurs-de-lis ar. to the collar a chain of the second.**

**Motto—Virtus repulsa nescia sordidare.**

**Seat—Desart, Kilkennyshire.**

**DESAUMAREZ, BARON (James Saumarez, L.L.D.) of Saumarez, in the island of Guernsey; a baronet, a knight grand cross of the Bath, an admiral of the red, vice-admiral of Great Britain, and knight grand cross of the royal Swedish order of the sword; b. 11th March, 1757; m. 27th October, 1788, Martha, daughter and heiress of Thomas le Marchant, esq. of Guernsey, and has issue,**

**JAMES, in holy orders, and rector of Huggate,**

**b. 9th October, 1780; m. 5th October, 1814,**

**Mary, daughter of Vice-Admiral Lechmere, of Steeple Acton, in Oxfordshire.**

**Thomas le Marchant, late of the fifth regiment of foot, m. 1st October, 1820, Cath-**



rina-S.-A. Beresford, daughter of the late Lieutenant-colonel Spencer Vassall, who gallantly fell at Monte Video.

John St. Vincent, Captain in the Rifle Brigade.

Martha-Harriet.

Amelia, *sc.* in September, 1822, to William Young Herries, *esq.* of Edinburgh, of Spottis Hall.

This eminent and gallant person, whose high professional reputation was established in the most brilliant epoch of our naval history, and whose name is to be found in the same immortal roll with those of RODNEY, HOWE, HOOD, JERVIS, and NELSON, was created a BARONET in 1801, and elevated to the peerage by letters patent, dated September, 1831.

Within our confined limits, it is impossible to render any thing like justice to the exploits of this valiant seaman; but to pass them unheeded by, would ill accord with those sentiments of admiration in which we have ever held the constitutional bulwark of England's freedom, her glorious and impregnable wooden walls.

In the year 1770, at the early age of thirteen, we first find young Saumarez on board the Montreal frigate, sailing for the Mediterranean, upon which station he remained until 1775. Upon the breaking out of the American war, he embarked in the Bristol, bearing Commodore Sir Peter Parker's broad pendant, and was serving in that ship during the memorable action against Sullivan's Island, on which occasion he received his first promotion, having been appointed acting lieutenant of the Bristol; an appointment confirmed by Lord Howe. From that period to 1779, Lieutenant Saumarez was employed in America upon most important and active services connected with the army; having had the command of an armed vessel, which he was under the necessity of destroying, to prevent her capture by the enemy's fleet, commanded by Count d'Estaing, off Rhode Island. He was afterwards engaged on shore during the siege of that place, as aid-de-camp to Commodore Brisbane; and, finally, commanded a party of seamen and marines at one of the principal advanced posts.

After Mr. Saumarez's return to England, he was appointed lieutenant of the Victory, under Sir Charles Hardy, and he continued in that ship under different flag officers, until he followed Rear-Admiral Sir Hyde Parker on board the Fortitude, and was the admiral's second lieutenant during the action on the Dogger Bank. When the squadron subsequently returned to port, Lieutenant Sau-

mares was advanced to the rank of master and commander, and appointed to the command of the Tisiphone fire-ship, then fitting out at Sheerness. In the December following, he sailed under the orders of Rear-Admiral Kempenfelt, and had the good fortune to be the first who discovered the enemy's fleet, consisting of nineteen sail of the line, escorting a numerous convoy from Brest. Of those, several were captured, and the object of the expedition entirely defeated. To convey intelligence of this affair to Vice-Admiral Sir Samuel Hood, in the West Indies, Captain Saumarez was detached from the fleet; and, upon his arrival, he was appointed by that officer to the Russel, a vessel which he subsequently commanded in the victory achieved by Sir George Rodney over the French fleet on 12th April, 1782, and had a distinguished share in that memorable action.

At the commencement of the war, in 1793, Captain Saumarez hoisted his pendant on board the Crescent, and captured, in the October following, the French frigate, La Réunion; for which service his majesty was pleased to confer upon him the honour of knighthood, and the city of London presented him with an elegant piece of plate.

In the month of June, in the following year, Sir James Saumarez, having the Druid and Eurydice under his orders, maintained an action with the enemy's squadron, more than triple his force, consisting of two seventy-fours cut down, two large frigates, and a corvette; and succeeded in extricating the Eurydice from their grasp.

Captain Saumarez soon after obtained the command of the ORION, and was under the orders of Lord Bridport in the action off L'Orient, when three ships of the line were captured. The ORION was one of the first ships which brought the enemy to action.

In a short time afterwards, Sir James was detached from the Channel Fleet to join Admiral Sir John Jervis (subsequently Earl St. Vincent), and had the honour to bear a distinguished part in the action of the 14th February, 1797; for which gallant service he received the strongest marks of the admiral's approbation, and was entrusted with the command of the advanced squadron off Cadiz. In this ship he accompanied Lord Nelson off Toulon, and was second in command in the glorious battle of the Nile, wherein he received a severe contusion on the side by a splinter, at almost the close of the conflict.

Having been ordered to Gibraltar with the captured ships, for the purpose of repair, Sir James Saumarez soon after returned to England, and a promotion of admirals taking

place, his majesty was pleased to confer upon him one of the colonelcies of marines, and he was at the same time appointed to the command of the *Cæsar*. During two successive winters, he was entrusted with the command of the squadron employed to watch the enemy's fleet in Brest, which arduous service he performed with so much vigilance, that not a single ship escaped from the port. Sir James Saumarez was promoted to the rank of rear-admiral on the 1st of January, 1801; and he continued with the Channel Fleet until the following June, when he was created a BARONET, and nominated to command a squadron appointed to watch an expedition preparing at Cadiz for the invasion of Portugal. Soon after his arrival there, the rear-admiral having obtained information that three French line of battle ships had anchored off Algeziras, he proceeded from his station to attack them. The action commenced on the following morning (6th July), and after a long and severe conflict, in which the squadron had to contend against the enemy's formidable batteries, as well as line of battle ships, his majesty's ship *Hannibal* having unfortunately grounded, and the enemy having succeeded in warping his ships on shore, Sir James was compelled to withdraw from the attack, and to repair to Gibraltar Mole to refit. The enemy, meantime, being joined by a reinforcement of six sail of the line from Cadiz, the utmost exertions were made by the rear-admiral in getting the squadron ready to renew the engagement; and the whole of the enemy's fleet having put to sea on the morning of the 12th July, the *Cæsar*, which had only the day before got a new mainmast, was warped out of Gibraltar Mole, and the squadron, consisting altogether of five sail of the line, proceeded in immediate pursuit. Bearing up through the Straits of Gibraltar, Sir James was fortunate enough to overtake the foe before midnight, to attack him, and to triumph. In this gallant action, which rendered the whole of the enemy's force in Cadiz subsequently useless, two Spanish three-deckers, mounting 120 guns each, took fire and blew up, and a French seventy-four was captured.

For this important service Sir James Saumarez obtained the order of the Bath, the unanimous thanks of both houses of parliament, with a pension of £1200 per annum, and the freedom of the city of London, accompanied by a splendid sword. On the eve of the late war, he hoisted his flag at the Nore, and a strong force was placed under his orders, to guard against an expected in-

vasion, menaced by the enemy. In this station he was replaced by Lord Keith, and appointed to command upon that of Guernsey and Jersey, then threatened with an immediate attack from the ports of St. Malo and Granville.

In December, 1806, Sir James Saumarez was promoted to the rank of vice-admiral, and nominated second in command in the Channel Fleet, under the earl of St. Vincent; his lordship being absent on Admiralty leave, the vice-admiral was employed in watching the enemy's fleet, until the following August, when, upon the appointment of Lord Gardner to the command of the Channel Fleet, he resumed his former station.

In March, 1808, Sir James was nominated to the command of the fleet destined for the Baltic; where by his able arrangements the extensive and highly important trade in that quarter was protected under extraordinary difficulties, and his firm and conciliatory conduct towards the court of Sweden and the Northern states, tended to detach Russia from her alliance with France, and to unite with Great Britain in the common cause of Europe. Previously to his removal from that station, in November, 1812, he was presented with a magnificent sword, set in diamonds, by his majesty the king of Sweden, in testimony of the services he had rendered to that monarch's dominions. Upon the subsequent visit of the emperor of Russia and the king of Prussia to England, Admiral Saumarez was honoured with their majesties' personal thanks, and he received those of the emperor of Austria through his excellency Prince Metternich, for the benefit the common cause of Europe had derived from his services while in the northern seas. Sir James Saumarez was appointed commander-in-chief on the Plymouth station on the 24th March, 1824, and continued there until replaced by Admiral, the Earl of Northesk, after the usual period of service.

### Lineage.

The family of SAUMAREZ, originally de Saumarez, is of Norman extraction and of great antiquity in the Island of Guernsey. By an act EDWARD II. anno 1313, and one of EDWARD III. in the year 1331, it appears that Le Seigneur de Saumarez was appointed hereditary captain (or chatelain) of the Castle of Jerbourg, within the limits of that Feif.

MATTHEW DE SAUMAREZ of Guernsey, m. Anne Durell, and had issue,

MATTHEW.

Phillip, capt. R.N. } These gallant officers  
Thomas, capt. R.N. } sailed with Lord An-  
son, in his expedition in to the South Seas.

The elder was made captain of the *Galleon*, captured upon that occasion. He gloriously fell commanding the *Nottingham* 74, in the memorable engagement of Lord Hawke, 14th October, 1747.\*

The younger was commander of the *Antelope* of 50 guns, and captured the *Belle-queux* of 64 guns, in the British channel.

The eldest son,

MATTHEW DE SAUMAREZ, M. Carteville, daughter of James le Marchant, likewise of an eminent Guernsey family, and left with other issue, JAMES, created BARON DE SAUMAREZ as above.

Thomas, (Sir) a lieutenant-general in the army, m. Harriett, daughter of William Brock, esq.

Richard, F.R.S., and F.S.A.



\* The remains of Captain Philip de Saumarez were interred with naval honors at Plymouth, where a monument was erected to his memory, with the following inscription:

Sacred to the memory of Philip de Saumarez, esq.; one of the few whose lives ought rather to be measured by their actions than their days. From sixteen to thirty-seven years of age he served in the navy, and was often surrounded with dangers and difficulties unparalleled, always approving himself an able, active, and gallant officer. He went out a lieutenant on board his Majesty's ship the *Centurion*, under the auspicious conduct of Commodore Anson, in his expedition to the South Sea. He was commanding officer of the same ship, when she was driven from her moorings at the Isle Tinion, in the year 1746; being captain of the *Nottingham*, a 60 gun ship, he then alone attacked and took the *Mars*, a French ship of 64 guns. In the first engagement of the following year, when Admiral Anson defeated a squadron of French men-of-war and Indians, he had an honorable share, and in the second under Admiral Hawke, when the enemy, after a long and obstinate resistance, were again defeated in pursuing two ships that were making their escape, he gloriously but unfortunately fell. He was the son of Matthew de Saumarez of the Island of Guernsey, esq. by Anne Durell, of the Island of Jersey, his wife. He was born November 17th 1710, killed 14th October, 1747, and buried in the old church at Plymouth, with all the honors due to his distinguished merits. This monument is erected out of gratitude and affection by his brothers and sisters.

*Arms*—Arg. on a chevron gules between three leopards' faces, sa. as many castles, triple towered, or.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a falcon affrontant, wings expanded, proper.

*Supporters*—Dexter, a unicorn ar. the tail cowarded, gorged with a naval crown, az. and charged on the shoulder with a castle, triple-towered of the last; Sinister, a greyhound, ar. collared, gr. charged on the shoulder with an anchor, erect, sa. encircled with a wreath of laurels vert.

*Motto*—In Deo spero.

*Seat*—Saumarez, Guernsey.

DESMOND, EARL OF, Viscount Callan, and Baron Fielding in the peerage of Ireland.

See Earl of Denbigh.

DES VŒUX SIR CHARLES, baronet, of India Ville, in the Queen's county; b. 5th September, 1779; m. in June, 1801, Christina, daughter of the late Richard Hurd, esq. of Rawdon, in the county of York, and has issue,

1. CHARLES, b. 29th April, 1802.
2. Henry-William, b. 10th December, 1806; lieutenant in the 17th foot.
3. Jane-Mary-Anne.
4. Louisa-Harriett.
5. Caroline, m. in May, 1831, to William Miligan, esq. late captain in the second regiment of life guards.
6. Christiana-Augusta.
7. Charlotte-Sarah.
8. Georgiana-Mary.

Sir Charles s. to the title, as second baronet, at the decease of his father in August, 1814.

#### Lineage.

PRESIDENT DE BACQUENCOURT, of the parliament of Rome, had two sons; the second of whom,

ANTHONY VINCHON DE BACQUENCOURT, assumed the surname of *Des Vœux*, and took up his abode in Ireland, having incurred the displeasure of his family, by abandoning their religious faith, that of the Church of Rome. He was subsequently distinguished by his polemical works. M. Des Vœux m. Charlotte, daughter of James Desaiin, esq. and dying in 1780, left (with a younger son, and a daughter),

1. CHARLES DES VŒUX, esq. of India Ville, in the Queen's County, who amassed a considerable fortune in India, and upon his return had a seat in the parliament of Ireland. Mr. Des Vœux m. in 1778, Mary-Anne, third daughter of the Very Rev. Arthur Champagné, Dean of Clonmacnoise (sister of Jane, Countess of Uxbridge, and Harriett, Lady Burrowes, and granddaughter maternally of George, Earl of Granard,) by whom he had issue,

CHARLES, present baronet.

Arthur, b. in 1782.

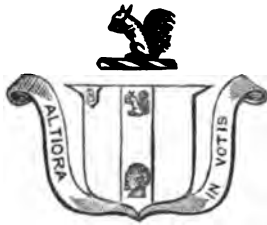
Henry, in holy orders, b. in 1786, m. first, 1st December, 1812, Frances, only daughter and heiress of Daniel Dalrymple, esq. of Barrow, in the county of Derby, who d. in 1827, leaving issue; and, secondly, in 1828, Fanny-Elizabeth, eldest daughter of George Hutton, esq. of Carlton, Notts.

Benfield, captain in the third regiment of foot-guards.

Charlotte, m. in August, 1812, to the Honorable Harry-George Grey, a general officer in the army, and colonel of the thirteenth regiment of light dragoons, second son of Charles, first Earl Grey.

Mr. Des Voeux was created a BARONET OF IRELAND on the 1st September, 1787, and dying in 1814, was s. by his eldest son, CHARLES.

*Creation*—1st September, 1787.



*Arms*—Gu., on a pale or, a squirrel, sejant, in chief, and a moor's head, couped in base, ppr.  
*Crest*—On a wreath, a squirrel, sejant ppr.  
*Motto*—Altiora in votis.  
*Town Residence*—51, Harley Street.  
*Seat*—India Ville, Queen's County.

DE TABLEY, BARON, (George Leicester,) of Tabley House, in the county palatine of Chester, and a baronet of Ireland; b. 28th October, 1811; s. to the honors, as second baron, at the decease of his father, in June, 1827.

### Lineage.

THE LEICESTERS or LEYCESTERS, (as formerly written,) are of very great antiquity in the county of Chester, and were possessed of lands there in the time of King John. The village of Nether Tabley, manor and mansion, came to them with Margaret Dutton, daughter of Jeffrey Dutton, of Dutton, in the county of Chester, A.D. 1272, as appears in the history and antiquities of Cheshire, by Sir Peter Leicester, baronet. "Jeffrey Dutton, (says Sir Peter,) son of Adam Dutton De Dutton, gave Nether Tabley to his daughter Margaret, and her heirs, about the end of the reign of Henry III. This Margaret first married Robert de Denbigh, and had no issue; afterwards, she married Nicolas De Leicester, by whom she had issue, and to whose succeeding progeny the manor of Nether Tabley

still belongeth. He was afterwards Sir Nicholas Leicester, knight, so styled in 1292, and was seenechal to Henry Lacy, Earl of Lincoln, Constable of Cheshire. His son, Roger's son and heir, Nicholas, died in 1349; and his son, John Leicester, who served in the wars of France, under John of Gaunt, in 1373 and 1380, built the old Manor Hall of Nether Tabley."

WILLIAM LEICESTER, esq. of Nether Tabley, son and heir of the above-mentioned John, is the first that we find styled "De Tabley:" but this may be in consequence of the statute of additions passed in the first year of Henry V.; for, previously to the enactment of that law, few were written either of the place or with the title of esquire. Certain it is, that this William lived at his Manor-House of Nether Tabley, which his father, John, had recently erected, and which continues the seat of the family to the present period. He m. twice, but had issue by his wife, Agnes, sister of Sir John-Piers Dutton, knight, only. He d. in 1428, and was s. by his eldest son,

JOHN LEICESTER, esq. of Nether Tabley, who d. in 1496, and was s. by his eldest son,

THOMAS LEICESTER, esq. of Nether Tabley; whose great great grandson,

1. PETER LEICESTER, esq. the celebrated antiquarian and historian of Cheshire, eldest son of Peter Leicester, esq. by Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Randle Mainwaring, the elder, of Over Peover, b. 3rd March, 1612, was created a baronet 10th August, 1660. Sir Peter m. Elizabeth, youngest daughter of Gilbert, Lord Gerard, of Gerard's Bromley, in the county of Stafford; and, dying in 1678, was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR ROBERT, b. 11th September, 1643; d. in 1684; and was s. by his second, but eldest surviving son,

3. SIR FRANCIS, M.P. for Newton, in the county of Lancaster. This gentleman married Frances, daughter and heiress of Joshua Wilson, esq. of Colton, in the county of York, by whom he left at his decease (when the baronetcy expired,) an only daughter and heiress,

MERIEL, b. in 1705; m. first to Fleetwood Leigh, esq. of Bank, who d. in 1725, without issue; and, secondly, to Sir John Byrne, bart. of Timogue, in Ireland, (which Sir John was the third baronet, the dignity of BARONET OF IRELAND having been conferred, 17th May, 1671, upon his grandfather, George Byrne, esq. of Timogue, in the Queen's County,) by whom, with several daughters, she left an only son,

4. SIR PETER BYRNE (and, by assumption, in 1744, pursuant to the will of his grandfather, Sir Francis) LEICESTER. This gentleman m. Catharine, youngest daughter and co-heiress (with her sisters, Dorothy, the wife of Edward Wilson, esq. of Dallam Tower, and Barbara, the wife of Edward Parker, esq. of Browholme, in the county of York,) of Sir William Fleming, bart. of Rydall, in the county of Westmorland, by whom he had surviving issue,

**JOHN FLEMING**, his successor, and first Baron De Tabley.

**Henry-Augusta**, *m.* Letitia, Smyth, daughter of Nicholas-Owen-Smyth Owen, esq. of Condovery, Salop, and *d.* in 1816, leaving issue, an only surviving son, Charles.

**Charles**, *m.* first Mary, daughter of Philip Egerton, of Oulton, esq.; and, secondly, Louisa-Harriett, daughter of Smyth Owen, esq. of Condovery, and *d.* in 1815, leaving, with other issue,

**Frederick**, in holy orders, *m.* in 1828, Georgiana, relict of John, first Lord de Tabley.

**Catharine**, *m.* first, to the Rev. Christopher Atkinson, of Thorp-Arch, in the county of York; and, secondly, to the Rev. Thomas Jee, vicar of Thaxted, Essex.

**Sir Peter-Byrne Leicester** *d.* 12th February, 1770, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**S. SIR JOHN FLEMING**, *b.* 4th April, 1702, who was elevated to the peerage, as **BARON DE TABLEY**, of *Tabley House*, 16th July, 1826. He *m.* 10th November, 1810, Georgiana-Maria, youngest daughter of Lieutenant-colonel Cottin, and had issue,

**GEORGE**, his successor.

**Henry**, *b.* 4th July, 1813, an officer in the army. His lordship, who had been distinguished as a munificent patron of the fine arts, and supporter of native artists, died, deeply lamented, in June, 1827. Lord de Tabley was colonel of the King's regiment of Cheshire yeomanry.

*Creations*—Baronet, 17th May, 1671. Baron, 16th July, 1826.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, as a fesse between three fleurs-de-lis or, second and third, gu. a chevron between three sinister gauntlets all within a bordure arg.

*Crest*—A swan's neck, coupée, ar. guttée-de-sang.

*Supporters*—**Dexter**, a bay horse, caparisoned, ppr. collared and chained or. supporting a standard of the King's regiment of Cheshire yeomanry, viz. gu. fringed and charged with the letters **K. R.** in or; **Sinister**, a swan ar. guttée-de-sang, charged on the body with five fleurs-de-lis, in saltire, ar.

*Motto*—Pro rege et patria.

*Seat*—Tabley House, Cheshire.

**DE VERE-HUNT, SIR AUBREY**, baronet, of Curragh, in the county of Limerick; *b.* 20th of August, 1788; *m.* 12th May, 1807, Mary, eldest daughter of Stephen-Edward Rice, esq. of Mount Trenchard, in the county of Limerick, and Catharine, sole heiress of Thomas Spring, esq. of Ballycrispin, in the county of Kerry, by whom he has issue,

**VERE-EDMOND DE VERE**, *b.* 12th October, 1808.

**Stephen-Edward de Vere**, *b.* 20th July, 1812. **Aubrey-Thomas de Vere**, *b.* 10th January, 1814.

**William-Cecil de Vere**, *b.* 20th April, 1823.

**Francis-Horatio de Vere**, *b.* 12th October, 1828.

**Elinor-Jane-Alicia-Lucy de Vere**.

**Mary-Theodosia-Cecil de Vere**.

**Catherine-Louisa de Vere**.

**Sir Aubrey** *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the decease of his father, 11th of August, 1818. Lady Hunt is sister of Thomas-Spring Rice, esq. M.P. for the city of Limerick, secretary to the treasury, whose family, originally from Wales, is of ancient standing in the county of Kerry, which shire they represented repeatedly in parliament, but espousing the cause of the country, they have been amongst the heaviest sufferers, by confiscation. **Sir Stephen Rice**, a member of this family, lord-chief-baron, under King James II. lost a considerable property, and every thing in short, save honor and the reputation of his great abilities, in support of his royal and unfortunate master.

### Lineage.

**VERE HUNT**, esq. arrived in Ireland as an officer in the Cromwellian army, and settled, in the year 1637, at Curragh, in the county of Limerick, and Glangoote, in the county of Tipperary. **Mr. Hunt** was grandson of **Henry Hunt**, esq. of Gosfield, in the county of Essex, (who had served the office of high-sheriff for that county), by **Jane de Vere**, daughter of the Hon. **Aubrey de Vere**, second son of **John**, Earl of Oxford, (ob. 1539,) by **Bridget**, daughter of **Sir Anthony Gibbon**, of Lynn, in the county of Norfolk. **Mr. Hunt** was appointed in 1637 and 1660, one of the commissioners of the county of Limerick, for raising the supplies then demanded for the public service. He *d.* at Curragh, at an advanced age, leaving two sons, **John** and **Henry**.

**JOHN HUNT**, esq. the elder son, *m.* first, **Miss Hicks**, daughter of the Rev. **Mr. Hicks**, rector of Kilcooley, by whom he had four sons and four daughters; and, secondly, **Miss Bods**, by whom he had three sons. He *d.* at the advanced age of 103, in 1736, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

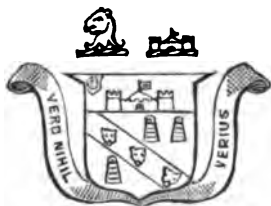
**THE REV. VERE HUNT**, who *m.* in 1712, **Constantia**, eldest daughter of **Sir William Piers**, bart. of Tristernagh, in the county of Westmeath,

and granddaughter (maternally) of William Fitzmaurice, Lord Kerry; by whom he had four sons, and dying in 1737, was *s.* by the eldest,

**VERE HUNT**, esq. of Curragh. This gentleman *m.* first, Miss Chadwick, who *d.* without issue; and, secondly, 29th May, 1760, Anne, second daughter of Edmund Browne, esq. of New Grove, in the county of Clare, by whom he had two sons and a daughter, and was *s.* at his decease by his elder son,

1. **VERE HUNT**, esq. of Curragh, who was created a **BARONET OF IRELAND** 4th December, 1784. He *m.* 4th March previously, Elinor, only daughter of the Right Hon. and Right Rev. William Cecil, Lord Glentworth, Lord Bishop of Limerick, and sister of the present Earl of Limerick; by whom (who *d.* 25th December, 1830,) he had an only son **AUBREY**, the present baronet. Sir Vere was of the military profession, and raised and commanded three regiments of infantry, the 135th of the line, a levy, and the county of Limerick Fencibles. He was returned to the Irish parliament in 1797. He *d.* 11th August, 1818.

*Creation*—4th December, 1784.



**Arms**—Az. on a bend, between three water-bougets or, three leopards' faces gu. on a chief of the last, a castle of two towers, ar. connected by an embattled curtain pierced, with a portcullised gateway, and displaying over a pyramidal roof, the union flag, proper (this is the real representation of the castle of Limerick, which the baronet bears under the king's patent of augmentation.) On a canton azure a harp, or. stringed arg.

**Crest**—A leopard's head erased, proper, and the castle of Limerick as in the chief.

**Motto**—Vero nihil verus.

**Seats**—Curragh, county of Limerick; Glan-goole, county of Tipperary.

**DEVESCI, VISCOUNT**, (John Vesey,) of Abbey-Leix, in the Queen's county, and Baron Knapton, in the peerage of Ireland, and a baronet of the same part of the United Kingdom; lord-lieutenant of the Queen's county: *b.* 15th of February, 1771; *m.* 25th August, 1800, Frances-Lettitia, daughter of the late Right Honorable William Brownlow, by whom he has issue,

**THOMAS**, *b.* 21st September, 1803.

**William-John**, *b.* 10th August, 1806. Catherine.

His lordship *s.* to the honors, as second viscount, upon the demise of his father, 13th October, 1804.

### Lineage.

This, and the illustrious family of De Burg, Marquesses and Earls of Clanricarde, deduce their descent from a common progenitor, namely,

**JOHN**, Earl of Comyn and Baron of Tomaburgh, in Normandy, son of Baldwin II. founder of the house of Blois, in France. From the eldest son of this Earl John descended the house of Clanricarde; and from the younger,

**EUSTACE DE BURK**, Baron of Tomaburgh, that of which we are now to treat. This Eustace had two sons, Charles and John, both companions in arms of the Conqueror. The elder son,

Charles, built the castle of Knareborough, in Yorkshire, and was *s.* by his brother,

**JOHN**, who *m.* Magdalen, aunt of King Stephen, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**EUSTACE FITZ-JOHN**, feudal Lord of Knareborough, who *m.* Beatrix, daughter and sole heir of Yvo de Vesci, by Alda, only daughter and heiress of William Tyson, Lord of Alnwick, and was *s.* by his elder son,

**WILLIAM**, who assumed the name and arms of Vesci, and had a grant from Henry II. of Alnwick Castle. He was sheriff of Northumberland during the greater part of that reign, and was a principal commander in the battle fought near Alnwick, wherein the Scottish army sustained a total overthrow. He *m.* Burga, daughter of Robert Stutevill, Lord of Knareborough, and dying in 1184, was *s.* by his elder son,

**EUSTACE DE VESCI**, one of the twenty-five barons appointed to enforce the observance of **MAGNA CHARTA**. This distinguished feudal lord *m.* Margaret, daughter of William, King of Scotland, and dying about 1216, was *s.* by his son,

**WILLIAM DE VESCI**, who first espoused Isabel, daughter of William Longespee, Earl of Salisbury, and secondly, Agnes, eldest daughter of William Ferrers, Earl of Derby, and in right of the latter, had assigned to him a share of those lands in Ireland, belonging to William Marschal, Earl of Pembroke. He *d.* in 1253, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**JOHN DE VESCI**, who was summoned to parliament as **BARON VESCI**, 24th December, 1264. His lordship *d.* *s. p.* in 1289, and was *s.* by his brother,

**WILLIAM DE VESCI**, who was summoned to parliament in 1295, and was one of the competitors for the crown of Scotland, temp. Edward I. This nobleman was justice in eyre, for all the royal forests beyond Trent, and one of the justices itinerant, touching the pleas of the forest, governor of Scarborough Castle, and lord-justice of Ireland, where he was Lord of Kildare. His lordship *d.* in 1297, leaving an only daughter, Isabel, *m.* to Gilbert de Aton, Lord of Aton, in Yorkshire; and the male line of the family was continued by his brother,

**THOMAS DE VESCI**, who settled in Newland,

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Cumberland, where the family continued until his descendant,

WILLIAM VESKY, having the misfortune to kill his antagonist in a duel, fled into Scotland, whence he removed to Ireland, in the reign of Elizabeth. He m. a daughter of the family of Ker, of Cesford, and was s. by his only son,

THE REV. THOMAS VESKY, Archdeacon of Armagh, whose son and heir,

THE REV. JOHN VESKY, D.D. was consecrated Archbishop of Tuam. This learned prelate, who was three times one of the lords justices of Ireland, left (with other children)

THOMAS.

Agmondisham, a privy-counsellor in Ireland, who left, at his decease, two daughters, co-heiresses.

John, in holy orders; whose granddaughter, Catherine, wife of the Right Hon. James Fitzgerald, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, as *Baroness Fitzgerald and Vesey*. (See that dignity.)

His grace was s. by his eldest son,

1. THOMAS VESKY, esq. who was created a BARONET OF IRELAND 28th September, 1698. This gentleman, subsequently taking holy orders, was consecrated Bishop of Killaloe in 1713, and translated to the see of Ossory in the following year. His lordship m. Mary, only surviving daughter and heiress of Denny Muschamp, esq. of Horsley, in the county of Surrey, muster-master-general of Ireland, and his wife, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Doctor Michael Boyle, Archbishop of Armagh, by whom he had issue, JOHN DENNY, his successor, and two daughters, the elder m. to Cæsar Colelough, esq. of Duffrey Hall, M.P. for the county of Wexford; the younger, first to William Handcock, esq. of Willsbrook, in the county of Westmeath, and secondly, to Agmondisham Vesey, of Lucan. He d. in 1730, and was s. by his son,

2. SIR JOHN DENNY, who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 10th April, 1750, by the title of *Baron Knapton*. His lordship m. in 1732, Elizabeth, daughter of William Brownlow, esq. of Lurgan, M.P. for the county of Armagh, by whom he had surviving issue, one son and three daughters. He d. 25th July, 1761, and was s. by his son,

THOMAS, second baron, who was created, 22nd June, 1776, *Viscount DE VESCI, of Abbey Leix*. His lordship m. 13th September, 1760, Selina-Elizabeth, eldest daughter and co-heiress of the Right Hon. Sir Arthur Brooke, bart. of Colebrook, in the county of Fermanagh, by whom he had issue,

JOHN, the present viscount.

Arthur, in holy orders, b. in 1773; m. Miss Johnstone, and has issue.

Charles, b. in 1761.

Elizabeth.

Selina, m. to Andrew Nugent, esq.

He d. 13th October, 1804.

(*Creations*—Baronet, 28th September, 1698. Baron, 10th April, 1750. Viscount, 22nd June, 1776.

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*Arms*—Or, on a cross sa. a patriarchal cross of the field.

*Crest*—A hand in armour, holding a laurel branch, all ppr.

*Supporters*—Two savages with clubs over their shoulders, ppr. crined and habited about the middle or.

*Motto*—Sub hoc signo vinces.

*Town Residence*—Merrion-square, Dublin.

*Seat*—Abbey-Leix, Queen's County.

DEVON, EARL OF, (William Courtenay,) Viscount Courtenay, of Powderham Castle, in the county of Devon, and a baronet; b. 30th July, 1768, inherited the viscounty and baronetcy at the decease of his father, 14th December, 1788, and established his right to the earldom, 15th March, 1831.

### Lineage.

The COURTENAYS, one of the most illustrious races amongst the English nobility, deduce their paternal descent from ATHON, who sprang himself from PHARAMOND, founder of the French monarchy, in 420, and common patriarch of all the kings of France. This ATHON,\* having fortified, during the reign of ROBERT the 1<sup>st</sup>, the town of COURTENAY, in the Isle of France,

\* ATHON DE COURTENAY left a son and heir, JOCELYNE DE COURTENAY, who m. first, Hildegarde, daughter of Gaupide, Count of Gastinois, and had a daughter,

Hodierne, m. to Jeffery, second Count of Joigny.

He espoused, secondly, about the year 1065, Isabel, daughter of Guy, Lord of Montleher, and had three sons,

MILO, ancestor of the English Courtenays.

Joceline, one of the most eminent princes of the crusade, patriarch of the Counts of Edessa, and Kings of Jerusalem.

Jeffery, likewise a distinguished soldier of the Cross, fell in conflict with the Infidel, in 1136.

The eldest son,

MILO DE COURTENAY, espoused, about the year 1095, Ermangarde, only daughter of Renaud (or Reginald), the second Count of Nevers (by his

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thence assumed his surname. But as the power of the Courtenays in England principally arose from the great alliances formed by the first members of the family who settled here, we shall pass at once to their maternal pedigree.

wife, Hadewise, daughter of ROBERT the Wise, King of France), and had three sons, viz.

William, who died in the Holy Land.  
Joceline, of whom nothing is known.  
Reginald.

Milo de Courtenay founded, in 1124, the Abbey of Fontain-Jean, for Cistercian monks, and was buried there in 1127. His youngest son,

REGINALD DE COURTENAY, set out for Palestine with LEWIS VII. of France, in 1147, but returned before that prince to his native country; and, upon the death of his elder brothers, succeeded to the paternal inheritance. In a contest between the monarch and his royal consort, ELEANOR, heiress of Aquitain, Poitiers, &c. who had accompanied him to the Holy Land, arising from the king's suspicion of the lady's fidelity, Reginald de Courtenay was amongst those who vindicated the queen's honor, and he subsequently came into England with Henry II. who had espoused that lady after she had been divorced from the French king. The great power of Courtenay in his native country is singularly shown in a letter from Thebaud, Count or Earl, of Champagne, to Sugerus, abbot of St. Denis, governor of the realm during the king's absence, written after Reginald's return from the Holy Land.—“This is to let you know, that Renaud de Courtenay hath done great injury to the king, and to you who are the guardian of the realm; for he hath seized on certain royal merchants that are the king's subjects, who have discharged their toll at Orleans and Lens, and satisfied for all the customs and duties that are paid in the king's territories, and moreover hath stripped them of all their goods: it is therefore necessary that you order him in the king's name, and in yours, that they be set at liberty, and that all that belongs to them be restored to them again; but in case he should refuse to obey this order, and you should be driven to *march an army* against him to compel him thereto, let me know it, and I will send you aid, that you may be able to bring him to obedience.” How this affair terminated is not recorded, but the SUBJECT must be a potent one indeed, who required *an army* to reduce him to submission. This Reginald de Courtenay *m.* while in France, a sister of Guy de Donjon, one of the most famous knights of the age, and had two daughters, viz.

ELIZABETH, *m.* to Peter, youngest son of LEWIS the Grass, King of France; and from this union (Peter having taken the name of Courtenay) sprang the illustrious branch of Courtenay in France, of which were the Emperors of Constantinople.  
— *m.* to Avelon, Lord of Seligny.

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GODFREY, Earl of Ewe and Brion, natural son of RICHARD, 1st Duke of Normandy, was father of

GILBERT, Earl of Brion, who had two sons, Richard, ancestor of the house of Clare; and  
BALDWIN DE BRIONIS, who, for the distinguished part he had in the CONQUEST, obtained from KING WILLIAM, the BARONY OF OAKHAMPTON; the custody of the county of Devon, and the government of the castle of Exeter, in fee. He *m.* Albreda, daughter of Richard, surnamed *Gas*, Count of Avranches, and had, with other issue,

RICHARD, surnamed DE REDVERS.  
Robert, governor of Brione.

Emma, *m.* first to William Avenal, and, secondly, to William de Abrincis; by the latter of whom she had issue,

ROBERT DE ABRINCIS, who, upon the resignation of his uncle, Richard de Redvers, obtained a grant of the barony of Oakhampton, the office of hereditary sheriff of Devon, and the governorship of Exeter Castle. He *m.* a daughter of Godwyn Dole, and left an only daughter and heiress,

MAUD DE ABRINCIS, who *m.* first, — Deincourt, by whom she had a daughter,

HAWISE,\* who *m.* Sir Reginald de Courtenay.

Maud espoused, secondly, Robert Fitz-Edith, natural son of KING HENRY I., and had another daughter,

Matilda, *m.* to William de Courtenay.

RICHARD DE ABRINCIS, surnamed DE REDVERS, having succeeded his father, was created by Henry I. EARL OF DEVON, and resigned the barony of Oakhampton, the shrievalty of Devon, and the custody of the castle of Devon, to his nephew,

ROBERT DE ABRINCIS, from whom that dignity, and those high offices, passed to the husband of his granddaughter, HAWISE, as above,

SIR REGINALD DE COURTENAY, who was *s.* by his eldest son,

ROBERT DE COURTENAY, as feudal Baron of Oakhampton, Viscount of Devonshire, and governor of the castle of Exeter. This Robert, in 1214, was made governor of Bridgnorth, in Shropshire, and the following year sheriff of Oxfordshire, and governor of the castle of Oxford, when the king (John) committed to him the coinage of tin in Devonshire and Cornwall. In the 4th year of Henry III. his lordship gave the king a palfrey for permission to hold a yearly fair in his manor of Oakhampton, on the vigil and

\* Much confusion exists regarding the identity of the heiress who became, through the influence of Henry II. the wife of Sir Reginald de Courtenay. Some authorities make her the daughter and heiress of Robert de Abrincis, while others call her, as above, his granddaughter.



feast-day of St. James the Apostle, which fair still continues to be holden there. In the 16th year of the same prince, most of the castles and counties of England being resumed by the crown, the Courtenays were deprived of the honor and profit of the viscounty of Devon, and government of the castle of Exeter, after those had been enjoyed nearly two hundred years by themselves and their ancestors; and Robert de Courtenay was thus despoiled of all his honors, save the simple barony of Oakhampton. He m. Mary, youngest daughter of William de Redvers, surnamed *Vernon*, sixth Earl of Devon, and dying 26th July, 1242, was s. by his elder son,

JOHN DE COURTENAY, as feudal Baron of Oakhampton, who m. Isabel, daughter of Hugh de Vere, Earl of Oxford, lord-high-chamberlain of England, and dying in 1273, was s. by his only son,

HUGH DE COURTENAY, Baron of Oakhampton. This feudal lord m. Eleanor, daughter of Hugh de Spencer, the elder, Earl of Winchester, and was s. by his elder son,

HUGH DE COURTENAY, Baron of Oakhampton. This nobleman having distinguished himself in the Scottish wars of Edward I. was one of three hundred persons of eminence knighted by that monarch at Westminster. In the reign of Edward II. he was created a knight banneret; and was fifteen times summoned to especial treaties in parliament, as a baron, within the first eight years of Edward III.; and twice in the ninth of the same monarch, by the name of *Hugh de Courtenay*, EARL OF DEVONSHIRE, being the last earl in order, as having been that year only restored to the dignity, in right of his great-grandmother, Mary, daughter of William de Redvers, Earl of Devon. His lordship m. Agnes, sister of the Lord St. John, of Basing, and was s. at his decease, in 1340, by his eldest son,

HUGH DE COURTENAY, second Earl of Devon, who had married in 1325, Margaret, daughter of Humphrey Bohun, Earl of Hereford and Essex (lord-high-constable of England, and his wife, the Lady Elizabeth Plantagenet, daughter of King Edward the First), by whom he had (with nine daughters) eight sons, viz.

1. Hugh, commonly called *Hugh Courtenay le Fitz*, one of the gallant soldiers of the martial reign of Edward III., a participator in the glories of CRESSY, and an original Knight of the Garter. He was summoned to parliament, as BARON COURTENAY, 8th January, 1371. His lordship m. Elizabeth, daughter of Guy Brian, lord of Tor-Brian, in Devonshire, and sister of the famous Guy, Lord Brian, K.G., standard-bearer to the king at Cressy, and dying in the lifetime of his father, left an only son,

Hugh, who m. Matilda, daughter of Thomas Holland, Earl of Kent, by Joan Plantagenet, his wife, the celebrated FAIR MAID OF KENT, granddaughter of King Edward I. (and mother, by the Black Prince, of Richard II). Hugh Courtenay d. in 1377, a few years after

his father, and before his grandfather, leaving no issue. His widow espoused Walteran, Earl of St. Paul.

2. Thomas, M.P. for Devonshire, died before his father.

3. EDWARD, of Godlington (who d. also before his father) m. Emeline, daughter and heir of Sir John D'Auney, knt. and had issue, EDWARD, successor to his grandfather as third Earl.

Hugh (Sir) of Haccomb, m. first Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Cogan, and widow of Sir Falk Fitzwarine, but had no issue. He espoused secondly, Philippa, daughter and co-heiress of Sir William Arcodekene, and had an only daughter,

Joane, m. first to Nicholas, Lord Carew, and secondly to Sir Robert Vere.

Sir Hugh Courtenay m. thirdly Maud, daughter of Sir John Beaumont, of Sherwell, in Dorsetshire, by whom he had (with a daughter, Margaret, m. to Sir Theobald Grenvill, knt.) a son and heir,

HUGH (Sir) of Boconnock, who fell at Tewkesbury, leaving (with four daughters)

EDWARD, who was created in 1485, *Baron Oakhampton*, and EARL OF DEVON.

4. William, Archbishop of Canterbury in 1361, d. in 1396.
5. John, M.P. for Devonshire, temp. Richard II.
6. PHILIP (Sir) of Powderham Castle, of whom hereafter, as ancestor of the present Earl of Devon.
7. Peter (Sir) K.G. standard-bearer to KING EDWARD III., Constable of Windsor Castle, Governor of Calais, and Chamberlain to RICHARD II. d. unmarried in 1400.
8. Humphry.

Hugh, second Earl of Devon, died in 1377, and was s. by his grandson,

EDWARD, third Earl of Devon, commonly called the *Blind Earl*. This nobleman served in the beginning of the reign of RICHARD II. as a naval officer, under JOHN of Gaunt, and THOMAS of Woodstock respectively, and was appointed in the 7th of the same monarch, Admiral of all the King's Fleet, from the mouth of the Thames westward. In the next year, being then EARL MARSHAL, his lordship was retained to serve the king in his Scottish wars. He m. Maud, daughter of Thomas, Lord Camois, and dying 8th December, 1410, was s. by his only surviving son,

HUGH, fourth Earl of Devon, K.B., who m. Anne, daughter of Richard, Lord Talbot, and sister of the renowned Earl of Shrewsbury, and dying in 1422, was s. by his son,

THOMAS, fifth Earl of Devon. This nobleman commenced his military career at the age of sixteen, and was engaged for several years in the

French wars of HENRY VI. with whom he sided upon the breaking out of the unhappy conflict between the houses of York and Lancaster; and the Courtenays ever after adhered, with *desperate* fidelity, to the RED ROSE. In 1448 a dispute regarding precedence arose between the Earls of Devon and Arundel, which was decided by parliament in favor of the latter lord, owing to his feudal possession of Arundel Castle. The Earl of Devon died 3rd February, 1458, in the Abbey of Abingdon, upon his route to London, as a mediator, with other noblemen, between the king and the Duke of York. He m. Lady Margaret Beaufort, second daughter of John, Marquess of Somerset, and was s. by his eldest son,

THOMAS, sixth Earl of Devon. This nobleman, inheriting the political principles, with the honors of his deceased Father, was a strenuous upholder of the Lancastrian interests, and falling into the hands of the Yorkists at Towtonfield, he was beheaded at York, by order of EDWARD IV. in April, 1462. His lordship was subsequently attainted, and the honors of the house thus became eclipsed: but his next brother,

HUGH COURTENAY (seventh earl, but for the attainer) finding favor with the new king, had restoration of some part of the estates. Engaging, however, in the Lancastrian quarrel with the zeal of his predecessors, he was himself attainted, 4th May, 1466, before the king and justices at Sarum, and beheaded, with the Lord Hungerford, on the same day.

(The greater part of the Courtenay estates having been conferred upon Humphrey Stafford, Baron Stafford of Southwiche, that nobleman was created Earl of Devon in 1469; but falling under the axe as a traitor in the August following, the dignity expired.)

Upon the demise of *Hugh Courtenay*, his only surviving brother,

JOHN COURTENAY, assumed the EARLDOM OF DEVON, and the Lancastrian interest prevailing in 1470, by the expulsion of KING EDWARD, his lordship was restored to the honors and possessions of his family by the parliament that replaced the crown upon the head of HENRY VI. The subsequent defeat, however, of Richard Nevill, the *Stout* EARL OF WARWICK, at Barnet-Field, 14th April, 1471, again placed the fortunes of the house of Devon in jeopardy; and the Earl, joining Margaret of Anjou, fell sword in hand at Tewkesbury, 14th May following, at the head of Margaret's rear-guard. Thus the three brothers sealed with their blood their bond of fidelity to the house of Lancaster, and with them expired the senior branch of the ancient and illustrious house of Courtenay. The last earl was buried at Tewkesbury, and being attainted the *honors and estates* of DEVON became again forfeited.

This branch being thus extinguished, we proceed to that founded by

SIR HUGH COURTENAY of Haccomb, brother of EDWARD, third Earl, (revert to issue of Hugh, second Earl). This gentleman's only son,

SIR HUGH COURTENAY, Knt. was of Baconnock, in Cornwall, and M.P. for that shire. He

m. Margaret, daughter and co-heir of Thomas Carminow (the last heir male of that ancient family, whose other daughter and co-heir was married to Sir Thomas Carew, of Mohun's Aulrey), and had issue,

EDWARD (Sir), his successor.

Walter (Sir), d. unmarried.

Elizabeth, m. to John Tretharffe, and had a son,

THOMAS TRETHARFFE, who left two daughters,

Elizabeth, m. to John Vivian.

Margaret, m. to Edward Courtenay, esq., of Larrock.

Maud, m. to John Arundel, of Talkern.

Isabel, m. to William Mohun.

Florence, m. to John Trelawney.

Sir Hugh, faithful to the *red rose*, fell with his noble kinsman, the Earl of Devon, at Tewkesbury; and his eldest son,

SIR EDWARD COURTENAY, being involved, with his brother, in the conspiracy of Henry Stafford, Duke of Buckingham, in favor of Henry, Earl of Richmond, was forced to fly into Brittany upon the failure of the plot and the decapitation of the Duke. Participating subsequently in the victory of BOSWORTH, he was elevated to the peerage by KING HENRY VII. (26th October, 1485), as EARL OF DEVON, and he obtained grants at the same time of the greater part of the estates, manors, &c., which had belonged to the late Thomas Courtenay, Earl of Devon. His lordship espoused Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Philip Courtenay of Molland, and had an only son,

William (Sir), K. B. who m. the Lady Katherine Plantagenet, daughter of KING EDWARD IV. In the year 1502, Sir William was arrested with Lord William de la Pole, Sir James Tyrrel, and Sir John Windham, and accused of holding a traitorous correspondence with Edmund de la Pole, Earl of Suffolk, then a refugee at the court of his aunt Margaret, Duchess of Burgundy, and he was attainted in 1504. Tyrrel and Wynham were beheaded on Tower-hill, while Courtenay was doomed to incarceration during the king's reign.

The earl d. in 1509, and HENRY VIII. ascending the throne in the same year, that monarch immediately released

SIR WILLIAM COURTENAY, and took him into his most gracious favour; but he died in three years afterwards, before he had either letters patent, or a formal restoration of the earldom. He was buried, however, "with the honors of an earl," at the especial command of the king. By the Lady Catherine Plantagenet he left an only son,

EDWARD COURTENAY, who being restored in blood and honors, became second Earl of Devon of the new creation. In 1522, his lordship obtained a grant of Caledon, in Cornwall, and of "a fair mansion" situate in the parish of St. Lawrence

Poultry, in the city of London, forfeited by the attainder of Edward Stafford, Duke of Buckingham; and was advanced by letters patent, dated 18th June, 1525, to the dignity of MARQUESS OF EXETER. For some years this nobleman enjoyed the favor of the fickle HENRY, but he fell at length a victim to that monarch's jealousy of the House of POLE. He was committed to the Tower with Henry Pole, Lord Montacute, and Sir Edward Nevill, for conspiring to place Reginald Pole, Dean of Exeter upon the throne, and was beheaded with Sir Edward Nevill, 9th January, 1539. Upon the subsequent attainder of the Marquess ALL HIS HONORS EXPIRED, and the king annexed to the Duchy of Cornwall the lands in that county which thus came to the crown. His lordship *m. first*, Elizabeth Grey, daughter and heiress of John, Viscount Lisle, but had no issue. He espoused secondly, Gertrude, daughter of William Blount, Lord Mountjoy, by whom he left an only child,

EDWARD COURTENAY, who, though but twelve years of age at the death of his father, was committed prisoner to the Tower, and detained there during the remainder of KING HENRY's reign, and that of EDWARD VI.; but upon the accession of QUEEN MARY he was released, and a patent dated at Richmond, 3rd September, 1553, was issued, creating him EARL OF DEVON. The words of this patent, though unusual, appear to have been adapted to the particular circumstances of the case.—"In consideration," it is said, "of the nobility of his birth, and his proximity in blood to the queen, she was pleased to create him Earl of Devon, with all pre-eminences, honors, &c., thereunto belonging, to hold the title and dignity of Earl of Devon, with the said honors and pre-eminences thereunto belonging to the aforesaid EDWARD, and HIS HEIRS MALE FOR EVER;" and the patent proceeds thus, "And further of our more abundant grace we will, and by these presents do grant to the aforesaid now Earl, that HE AND HIS HEIRS MALE may have, hold, enjoy, and possess in all parliaments and other places, the same pre-eminence as any of the ancestors of the said Earl, being hereafter Earls of Devon, hath held or enjoyed." In the October following he was fully restored in blood; but as the attainder of his father was never reversed, he did not succeed to the Earldom of Devon created in the 1st HENRY VIII., nor to the Earldom created in the 3rd HENRY VIII., neither did he to the Marquisate of Exeter. His lordship had some command in suppressing Wyatt's rebellion, and yet was afterwards, with the Princess ELIZABETH, accused of being accessory thereto, and sent with her highness to the Tower. He was subsequently confined in Potheringhay Castle, but released through the interposition of PHILIP of Spain, upon that monarch's marriage with the queen; the Lady Elizabeth being liberated through the same influence. His lordship after this obtained the queen's permission to go abroad, and died at Padua, not without suspicion of poison, 4th October, 1566. He died unmarried, and his

estates reverted to the issue of his great aunts, the four daughters of Sir Hugh Courtenay of Baconnock, and sisters of Edward, first earl. At his lordship's decease, the EARLDOM OF DEVON was considered to have become EXTINCT, and it remained dormant for no less than two hundred and sixty-five years. It was, however, re-established in another branch of the family as HEIRS MALE of the deceased lord, (to which we shall now proceed) by the decision of parliament, 15th March, 1831. It is clear, however, that the Courtenays themselves never once previously thought of the earldom's being in existence, or they would not have accepted a baronetcy and a viscounty.

The existing branch of the Courtenays was founded by

SIR PHILIP COURTENAY, of Powderham Castle, (refer to issue of Hugh de Courtenay, second of the original Earls of Devon,) who received the honor of knighthood from Edward, the Black Prince, with his brothers, Hugh and Peter, the day before the battle of Navaret, in Spain, and was constituted in 1383 lord-lieutenant of Ireland for ten years. Sir Philip *m. Anne*, daughter of Sir Thomas Wake, by whom he left three sons and two daughters, and was succeeded at his decease, in the 7th Henry IV. by his eldest son,

RICHARD COURTENAY, Lord Bishop of Norwich. This prelate was one of the ambassadors sent by Henry V. to the King of France, to demand the Crown of that Kingdom as his right by descent, and to denounce war in the event of non-compliance; he *d.* 1415, and was *s.* in his estates by his nephew,

SIR PHILIP COURTENAY, *knt.* who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Walter, Lord Hungerford, and acquired by the alliance the manor of Molland Botreaux, in Devonshire. He had issue, besides two daughters, seven sons, viz.

WILLIAM, his successor.

Philip, (Sir) of Molland.

PETER, BISHOP OF WINCHESTER. This prelate was one of the great persons who invited Henry, Earl of Richmond (Henry VII.) to make an effort for the Crown, and aided him in his subsequent proceedings.

Edmund, (Sir) of Deviock.

Walter, (Sir).

John, (Sir) knight-banneret.

Humphrey.

Sir Philip was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM COURTENAY, of Powderham Castle, high-sheriff of Devon, in 1483. He *m.* Margaret, daughter of William, Lord Bonville, and dying in 1485, was *s.* by his son,

SIR WILLIAM COURTENAY, who *m.* Cicely, daughter of Sir John Cheney, of Pincourt, and dying in 1512, was *s.* by his son,

SIR WILLIAM COURTENAY, surnamed the Great. This gentleman *m. first*, Margaret, daughter of Sir Richard Edgcombe, of Cultele, by whom he had four sons and a daughter. He espoused secondly, Mary, daughter of Sir John Gainesford,

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and had several other children. He *d.* in 1535, and was *s.* by his grandson,

SIR WILLIAM COURTENAY, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of John Powlet, Marquess of Winchester, and had an only son, WILLIAM. Sir William was killed at the storming of St. Quintin, in 1557, and was *s.* by his son,

SIR WILLIAM COURTENAY, *knt.* high-sheriff of Devonshire, in 1581, who, in 1585, was one of those persons who undertook to send over settlers for the better planting of Ireland, and thus laid the foundation of the prodigious estate in that kingdom enjoyed by his posterity. Sir William *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Henry, Earl of Rutland, and dying in 1636, was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

FRANCIS COURTENAY, *esq.* of Powderham Castle, who was *s.* in 1636 by his eldest son, (by Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Edward Seymour, *bart.* of Bury Pomeroy.)

1. WILLIAM COURTENAY, *esq.* of Powderham Castle, *b.* in 1628, who was created a baronet in 1644; but disdaining the title, he never took out his patent, and was not therefore inserted in the list of baronets; he was always, however, so styled in the commissions sent him by the king. He *m.* Margaret, daughter of Sir William Waller, *knt.* the celebrated parliamentary general, and dying in 1702, was *s.* by his grandson,

2. SIR WILLIAM, *M.P.* for the county of Devon, who *m.* in 1704, Anne, daughter of James, Earl of Abington, by Eleanor, his first wife, daughter and co-heir of Sir Henry Lee, of Ditchley, and had with other issue,

WILLIAM, his successor.

Henry-Reginald, *M.P.* *m.* Catherine, daughter of Allen, first Earl Bathurst, and had (with an elder son, William, who *d. s. p.*)

Henry-Reginald, Lord Bishop of Exeter, who *d.* in 1803, leaving by his wife, Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas, second Earl of Effingham,

1. WILLIAM, clerk-assistant of the parliament; heir presumptive to the baronetcy and earldom. Mr. Courtenay *m.* 1804, Lady Henrietta Leslie, daughter of Sir Lucas Pepys, *bart.* and Jane-Elizabeth, Countess of Rothes, by whom he has surviving issue,

WILLIAM REGINALD, *b.* in 1807, *m.* in December, 1830, Lady Elizabeth Portescue, daughter of Earl Portescue.

Henry-Hugh, *b.* in 1811.

Charles, *b.* 31st March, 1816.

11. Thomas-Peregrine, *M.P.* *b.* 31st May, 1782, *m.* 5th April, 1805, Anne, daughter of Mayow-Wynell Mayow, *esq.* of Sydenham, in Kent, and has issue,

1. Thomas-Peregrine, *b.* 24th February, 1810.

2. Reginald.

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2. George.

4. Francis.

5. Edward.

6. Richard.

7. Henry.

8. Joceline.

9. Anne.

10. Elizabeth.

11. Mary.

12. Catherine.

13. Caroline.

111. Elizabeth, formerly maid of honor to Queen Charlotte.

1v. Catherine, *m.* to the Rev. Edward Berens.

v. Anne, *d. unm.*

vi. Frances-Charlotte, *m.* to the Rev. Edward Bouverie.

Sir William *d.* in 1736, and was *s.* by his third but eldest surviving son,

3. SIR WILLIAM, who was created 9th May, 1702, a peer of Great Britain, by the title of VISCOUNT COURTENAY, of Powderham Castle, in the county of Devon. His lordship *m.* Frances, daughter of Heneage, second Earl of Aylesford, by whom he had several children. He *d.* (in ten days after being elevated to the peerage,) 16th May, 1762, and was *s.* by his only son,

WILLIAM, second viscount; *b.* 30th October, 1742; *m.* 7th May, 1762, Frances, daughter of Thomas Clack, *esq.* of Wallingford, by whom he had issue,

WILLIAM, now Earl of Devon.

Frances, *m.* in 1779, to Sir John Honeywood, *bart.* and *d.* in 1806.

Charlotte, *m.* to Thomas Gifford, *esq.* of Chillington, in Staffordshire, who *d.* in 1823.

Elizabeth, *m.* to Lord Charles Somerset, and *d.* in 1815.

Lucy, *m.* to John, present Earl of Lisburn, and *d.* in 1831.

Harriet, *m.* to George, present Lord Carteret.

Anne, *m.* to George, present Earl of Mountnorris.

Caroline-Eustacia, *m.* to Colonel Charles Morland, who *d.* in 1828.

Matilda-Jane, *m.* to John Lock, *esq.*

Sophia, *m.* to Lieutenant-Colonel Foy, who *d.* in 1817.

Louisa-Angusta, *m.* to Lord Edward Somerset, and *d.* in 1823.

His lordship was the fifteenth inheritor of Powderham Castle; the sixteenth in succession from Hugh, Earl of Devonshire, and Margaret, his wife, granddaughter of King Edward I.; and the twenty-first from Reginald de Courtenay, who came into England with Henry II. He *d.* 14th December, 1786.

(*Creations*—Earldom, 3rd September, 1853. Baronet, 1644. Viscount, 9th May, 1762.



**Arms**—Quarterly, first and fourth, or, three torteaux, for COURTENAY; second and third, or, a lion rampant, az. for REDYKERS, (the old Earls of Devonshire).

**Crest**—A dolphin, naient, embowed, ppr.

**Supporters**—Two boars ar. bristled, tusked, and unguled, or.

**Motto**—Ubi lapsus? Quid feci?

**Seat**—Powderham Castle, Devonshire.

**DEVONSHIRE, DUKE OF**, (William-Spencer Cavendish, D.C.L.) Marquess of Hartington, Earl of Devonshire, Baron Cavendish of Hardwicke, and Baron Clifford of Lanesborough, a knight of the most noble order of the Garter, and lord-chamberlain of the household; b. 21st May, 1790; s. to the honors as sixth duke, upon the demise of his father, 29th July, 1811. His grace was nominated ambassador extraordinary, in 1826, from his Britannic Majesty, to assist at the coronation of the Emperor Nicholas, of Russia. The Duke of Devonshire is lord-lieutenant and custos-rotulorum of the county of Derby.

### Lineage.

The illustrious family of Cavendish, of which, in the last century, two branches attained dukedoms, laid the foundation of its greatness, originally, on the share of Abbey lands, obtained, at the dissolution of the monasteries, by Sir William Cavendish, who had been gentleman-usher to Cardinal Wolsey, and d. in 1537; and, subsequently, by the abilities and the good fortune of Elizabeth, his widow, who remarried George, Earl of Shrewsbury, and d. in 1607, aged eighty-seven. But though from thence arose the exalted rank and extensive possessions enjoyed at present by the Cavendishes, be it not supposed that their remote ancestors were obscure. Whether the first of the name who enjoyed the lordship of Cavendish, in Suffolk, was, or was not, the son of a member of the baronial family of Gernon, whom genealogists have stated to have owned that estate, it is clearly ascertained that

SIR JOHN CAVENDISH, who acquired the lordship of Cavendish-Overhall, by his marriage with Alice, daughter and heiress of John de Odyngwelles, was chief-justice of the court-of-

king's-bench in 1366, 1373, and 1377. In the 4th Richard II. his lordship was elected chancellor of the University of Cambridge, and was next year commissioned with Robert de Hales, Treasurer of England, to suppress the insurrection raised in the City of York; in which year the mob having risen to the number of 50,000, made it a point particularly in the county of Suffolk, to plunder and murder the lawyers, and being incensed in a more than ordinary degree against the chief-justice Cavendish, his son John having killed the notorious Wat Tyler, they seized upon and dragged him with Sir John of Cambridge, Prior of Bury, into the market place of that town, and there caused both to be beheaded. The younger son of the judge,

SIR JOHN CAVENDISH, esq. of the body to King Richard II. is said to have been the person who actually slew *Wat Tyler*. "For William Walworth, mayor of London, having arrested him, he furiously struck the mayor with his dagger, but being armed hurt him not; whereupon the mayor, drawing his baselard, grievously wounded Wat in the neck; in which conflict an esquire of the king's house, called John Cavendish, drew his sword, and wounded him twice or thrice even unto death. For which service Cavendish was knighted in Smithfield, and had a grant of £40 per annum from the king." The great-grandson of this Sir John Cavendish,

WILLIAM CAVENDISH, gentleman usher to Cardinal Wolsey, and the faithful attendant of that celebrated churchman through all fortunes, so faithful indeed, that after the death of the Cardinal, King Henry retained him in his own service, especially upon the grounds of his attachment to his late fallen master. In 1530, Mr. Cavendish was appointed one of the commissioners for visiting and taking the surrenders of divers religious houses, and in that year the prior and convent of Sheen surrendered their monastery to him. He had subsequently grants from the crown, received the honor of knighthood, and was appointed treasurer of the chamber to the king: an office which he filled in the ensuing reigns of Edward VI. and Queen Mary, when he was sworn of the privy-council. Sir William m. first Margaret, daughter of Edmund Bostock, esq. of Whalcroft in Cheshire, by whom he had four surviving daughters. He espoused secondly Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Conyngeby, esq. and had two daughters. He m. thirdly, ELIZABETH, daughter of John Hardwick, of Hardwick, in the county of Derby, and widow of Richard Barley, esq. of Barley, in the same shire, whose large estates she inherited under settlement. By this eminent woman he had a large family, of which

HENRY, M.P. for the county of Derby, was of Tutbury priory, in Staffordshire. He m. Grace, third daughter of George, Earl of Shrewsbury, but d. s. p. in 1616.

WILLIAM, succeeded to the estates at the decease of his brother.

Charles, (Sir) of Welbeck Abbey, in the county of Nottingham, *m.* for his second wife, Catherine, daughter and co-heir of Cuthbert, Lord Ogle, who became BARONess OGLE. Sir Charles was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, (Sir) who succeeded his mother as Baron Ogle, and was afterwards created (with minor dignities) Marquess and DUKE OF NEWCASTLE, under which latter title he acquired so much renown, as a cavalier-general, during the civil wars, and was commonly styled the *loyal Duke of Newcastle*. His grace *d.* in 1676, and was *s.* by his only son,

HENRY, second Duke of Newcastle, who *d.* in 1691, without male issue, when all his honors save the Barony of Ogle, became extinct. His grace left five daughters, the third of whom, lady Margaret, *m.* John Holles, Earl of Clare, afterwards Duke of Newcastle.

Sir William Cavendish had considerable grants of forfeited church lands in the reign of Edward VI. He died in the fourth year of the succeeding reign, having sometime before commenced the erection of Chatsworth. Henry Cavendish, Sir William's eldest son, dying as stated above issueless, we pass to the second son,

SIR WILLIAM CAVENDISH, K.B. who eventually inherited the whole estate: and through his celebrated mother, possessed three of the most splendid seats ever raised by one hand within the same county (erected by her), namely CHATSWORTH, HARDWICK, and OLDGOTES. Sir William was elevated to the peerage as *Baron Cavendish, of Hardwicke*, 4th May, 1695, and advanced to an earldom, as *Earl of Devonshire*, 2nd August, 1618. His lordship *m.* first, Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Henry Kighley, esq. of Kighley, in the county of York, by whom he had surviving issue one son and a daughter; he espoused secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Edward Boughton, esq. of Causton, in the county of Warwick, widow of Sir Richard Wortley, by whom he had one son; he *d.* 3rd March, 1625, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, second earl, who *m.* Christian, daughter of Edward, Lord Bruce, of Kinloss, and dying in 1628, was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, third earl. This nobleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of William, Earl of Salisbury, by whom he had a daughter, and his successor, (in 1684,)

WILLIAM, fourth earl, who was created, 12th May, 1694, *Marquess of Hartington*, and DUKE OF DEVONSHIRE, and installed a knight of the most noble order of the Garter. His grace *m.* Mary, second daughter of James, Duke of Ormonde, and dying 18th August, 1707, was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, second duke, K.G. His grace *m.* Rachel, daughter of William, Lord Russell, and

sister of Wriothesley, Duke of Bedford, and dying 4th June, 1729, was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, K.G. third duke; lord steward of the household; *b.* 1698; *m.* in 1718, Catherine, only daughter and heiress of John Hoskins, esq., by whom he had four sons and three daughters.

His grace was constituted lord-lieutenant of Ireland in 1737, and continued in that government until 1744. He *d.* 5th December, 1755, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, K.G. fourth duke; *b.* in 1720; who had been called to the house of peers, (13th June, 1751,) in the father's barony of Cavendish. His grace *m.* 28th March, 1748, Charlotte, Baroness Clifford, of Lanesborough, only daughter and heiress of Richard, Earl of Burlington and Cork; (by which union the barony of Clifford, created by writ of Charles I., in 1023, came into the Cavendish family,) and had issue,

WILLIAM, his successor.

Richard, *d.* unmarried in 1781.

GEORGE-AUGUST-HENRY, created Earl of Burlington. (See that Title.)

Dorothy, *m.* in 1766, to the Duke of Portland, and *d.* in 1794.

His grace, who was lord-lieutenant of Ireland in 1755, *d.* on the 2nd October, 1764, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, fifth duke, K.G., who inherited the barony of Clifford, of Lanesborough from his mother; *b.* 14th December, 1748; *m.* first, 6th June, 1774, Georgiana, daughter of John, Earl Spencer, by whom he had WILLIAM-SPENCER, the present duke, and two daughters; the elder, Georgiana, *m.* George, present Earl of Carlisle; and the younger, Henrietta-Elizabeth, *m.* Viscount Granville. Her grace dying in 1806, the duke *m.* again, 10th October, 1809, Elizabeth, daughter of Frederick-Augustus, fourth Earl of Bristol, by whom he had no child. His grace *d.* 29th July, 1811, and the duchess 30th March, 1824.

*Creations*—Baron, 4th May, 1695. Baron Clifford in 1623. Earl, 2nd August, 1618. Marquess and Duke, 12th May, 1694.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, *sa.* three stags' heads, cabossed, *ar.* for CAVENDISH; second, per bend, embattled, *ar.* and *gu.* for BOYLE; third chequy, *ar.* and *az.* a fesse *gu.* for CLIFFORD.

*Crest*—A snake, nowed, ppr.

*Supporters*—Two stags ppr. attired or, each gorged with a garland of roses, ar. and az. barbed ppr.

*Motto*—Cavendo tutus.

*Town Residence*—Devonshire House, Piccadilly.

*Seats*—Chiswick, Middlesex; Chatsworth House, and Hardwicke Hall, Derbyshire; Lonsborough, and Bolton Abbey, Yorkshire; and Lisamore Castle, Ireland.

DICK, SIR WILLIAM, baronet of Braid, North Britain; m. 26th April, 1821, Caroline, daughter of John Kingston, esq. of Rickmansworth, in the county of Herts, and widow of lieutenant-colonel Alexander Fraser, of the 76th regiment, by whom he has one daughter.

This gentleman established, in 1821, his right to this ancient baronetcy before a respectable jury of the magistrates of the Canonsgate, Edinburgh, who unanimously served him heir to the title.

### Lineage.

This is the parent stock of the house of Dick, whence the Baronets of Prestonfield descend.

1. SIR WILLIAM DICK, knt. (see Dick of Prestonfield, for an account of this gentleman, who was grandfather of the first baronet of that creation) was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* in 1646, with remainder to his heirs male whatsoever. Sir William suffered so severely during the usurpation, that, from a state of considerable opulence, he was reduced with his family to very indigent circumstances. He repaired, in consequence, to London, to demand the repayment of a very large sum of money which he had advanced to the government, and was there thrown into prison. He d. at Westminster, 19th December, 1656. Sir William had m. Miss Morrison, and appears to have been succeeded by (the son of his eldest son, John, who had predeceased him,) his grandson,

WILLIAM DICK; but it does not appear that this gentleman ever assumed the title. He m. Miss Elizabeth Duncan, and was s. by his eldest son,

WILLIAM DICK, esq. who was appointed town-major and deputy-governor of New York, and d. s. p. in 1733, when his great nephew,

ROBERT DICK, esq. of Frackasfeld, became representative of the family, and heir to its honors. This gentleman petitioned parliament, during the administration of Sir Robert Walpole, for compensation for the immense sums due to the family, but, owing to the death of the minister who had espoused his interest, the application proved abortive, and it has never since been renewed by his successors. Mr. Dick m. Miss Dixon, aunt of Lady Harris, of Belmont, Kent, and was s. by his elder son,

CHARLES DICK, esq. who, settling in England, m. Miss Montgomery, and had issue,

3 A

1. WILLIAM, present baronet.

2. Page-Keble.

3. Andrew.

Mr. Dick d. in 1820, and was s. by his eldest son.

*Creation*—1646.



*Arms*—Ar. a fesse az. between two mullets, in chief, and a crescent in base gu.

*Crest*—A stag's head, erased ppr. attired or.

*Supporters*—Two stags ppr. attired and unguled or.

*Motto*—over the crest, Virtute; underneath, Publica salus mea merces.

DICK, SIR ROBERT-KEITH, baronet, of Prestonfield, in the county of Mid-Lothian; and baronet of Caprington, in the county of Air, b. 14th April, 1773; inherited the baronetcy of Prestonfield, as seventh baronet, at the decease of his brother, 14th December, 1812, and succeeded to the baronetcy of Caprington, as sixth baronet, upon the demise of his cousin-german, Sir William Cunningham, in January, 1829. Sir Robert m. 15th May, 1807, Harriet, third daughter of Thomas Hammer, esq. of Stapleton, in the county of Gloucester, by whom he has issue,

WILLIAM-HAMMER, b. 22nd October, 1808; late a lieutenant in the king's dragoon guards.

Alexander-Thomas, b. 2nd July, 1810; in the Hon. East India Company's civil service at Bengal.

Henry-Lindsay, b. 17th September, 1811; in the Hon. East India Company's civil service at Bengal.

Robert-Keith, b. 16th November, 1815.

James-Edward, b. 20th February, 1819.

Mary-Ann.

Margaret-Pringle.

Elizabeth-Emily.

### Lineage.

The surname of Dick is of great antiquity in North Britain, and it is supposed to have had the same origin as the Van Dyke (or lord of the Dykes) in the Low Countries.

WILLIAM DE DYCK was alderman or first magistrate of Edinburgh, 1206, before the institution

of the office of lord-provost, and from him descended

JAMES DICK, who was designated, in a charter under the great-seal, dated January, 1530, merchant-burgess of Arbroath: this James left a son,

ALEXANDER DICK, who resided chiefly upon his landed property in the Orkneys; and after the reformation, being a person of knowledge and learning, was appointed provost of the cathedral church of Orkney. This gentleman *d.* in 1580, and was *s.* by his only son,

JOHN DICK, a merchant of great eminence, who was *s.* by an only son,

SIR WILLIAM DICK. This gentleman, adopting from his youth the profession of commerce, became one of the most eminent bankers in Scotland, and acquired considerable wealth, even before the decease of his father, which appears by his advancing to the king six thousand pounds sterling, to defray the household expenses, when his majesty held a parliament in Scotland, in 1618. In 1628, he farmed the customs on wine, at six thousand and two hundred and twenty pounds sterling, and the crown rents in Orkney, at three thousand pounds sterling, per annum, and afterwards the excise. Mr. Dick was elected lord-provost of Edinburgh in 1638 and in 1639, and after receiving the honor of knighthood in 1646, was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*. Sir William was fined by the parliamentarians as a malignant, in no less a sum than sixty-four thousand nine hundred and thirty-four pounds, and afterwards coming to London to demand payment of monies he had previously advanced upon government security, he was thrown into prison by the Usurper Cromwell, and *d.* at Westminster, 19th December, 1655, when the baronetcy passed to his grandson, but was not, we believe, assumed by that gentleman, (see Dick of Braid.) The fourth son of Sir William,

ALEXANDER DICK, had already received from his father, in patrimony, the lands of Heugh, near North Berwick, and was *s.* at his decease by his only son,

1. JAMES DICK, a merchant of great eminence and wealth in Edinburgh, who, having purchased the lands of Priestfield or Prestonfield, was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* 2nd March, 1677, under the title of Sir James Dick, of Prestonfield. Sir James came from London in 1682, with the Duke of York, and was with his royal highness in the Gloucester, man-of-war, when that vessel struck upon a sand-bank. He was one of the few who took to the lung-boat, (the prince and Mr. Churchill, afterwards the great Duke of Marlborough, effecting their safety in another boat,) and so saved his life; whilst several persons of the first rank, who remained in the ship, perished. Of this disaster, the following extract of a letter, dated 9th May, 1682, from Sir James to his correspondent in London, gives some interesting particulars:—"At seven o'clock in the morning of Sunday last, the man-of-war called the Gloucester, Sir John Berry captain, where his highness was, and a great retinue of noblemen and

gentlemen, whereof I was one; the said ship did strike in pieces, and did wholly sink upon the bank of sand called the Lemon and Oar, about some twelve leagues from Yarmouth. This was occasioned by the wrong calculation and ignorance of a pilot, which put us all in such consternation that we knew not what to do, the duke, and the whole that were with him, being all in bed when she struck; the helm of the said ship having broke, and the man being killed by the force thereof, at the first stroke. When the duke had got his clothes on, he inquired how things stood, she being sunk nine feet of water in the hold, and the sea coming in at the gun-ports; and all the seamen and passengers were not at command, every man studying his own safety, forced the duke to go out at the large window of the cabin, where his little boat was ordered quietly to attend him, lest the passengers and seamen should have thronged so in upon him as to drown the boat; which was accordingly so conveyed, as that none but Earl Winton, and the president of the session, (Sir George Gordon, of Haddo, afterwards Earl of Aberdeen,) with two of his bed-chamber men (one of these was John Churchill,) went with him, but were forced to draw their swords to hold people off. We, seeing his highness gone, did cause tackle out, with great difficulty, the ship's boat, wherein the Earl of Perth got in, and then I went, by jumping off the shrouds, into the boat; the Earl of Middleton, immediately after me, did jump into the same, upon my shoulders; withal there came the Laird of Touch, with several others, besides the seamen that were to row.

• • • • •  
Among them that were left, were my Lord Roxburgh, and Laird Hopetoun, and Mr. Littledale, Roxburgh's servant, and Dr. Levingston, the president of the session's man; all being at the place where I jumped, would not follow, since it seems they concluded more safety to stay in the vessel, than to expose themselves to any other hazard; all which persons, in an instant, were washed off, and all drowned. There perished in this disaster above two hundred persons."

In the same year that he had this miraculous escape, Sir James was elected lord-provost of Edinburgh, and again in 1683. He *m.* Anne, daughter of William Paterson, esq. of Drumure, in the county of Fife, by whom he had several children, but none to attain maturity, save one, Janet, who married Sir William Cunningham, bart. of Caprington. Sir James, being thus deprived of male issue, made an entail of his estates of Prestonfield and Corstorphine, in 1689, "to himself and the heirs male of his body; which failing, to the second and younger sons, successively, of his daughter, Janet, by the said Sir William Cunningham," &c. &c. He also got a baronet of Nova Scotia's patent from Queen Anne, 22nd March, 1707, the dignity to go according to the entail of his estate. Sir James *d.* in 1728, and was *s.* in his estates by his aforesaid daughter, to whom *s.*, and to the baronetcy, her son,



2. **SIR ALEXANDER DICK**, (paternally Cunningham) of Prestonfield. This gentleman, previously to the decease of his brother, had studied medicine, and practised with great repute in the county of Pembroke, as Doctor Alexander Cunningham. In the year 1756, he was unanimously chosen president of the royal college of Edinburgh; and, for seven years afterwards successively, had the same high honor conferred upon him; at his retirement, the fellows, as a testimony of the sense which they had entertained of his eminent services, hung up a portrait of the ex-president in their hall, a mark of distinction never previously bestowed upon any member whatsoever. Sir Alexander *m.* first, in 1736, his cousin, Janet, daughter of Alexander Dick, *esq.* by whom he had three daughters; and, secondly, in 1762, Mary, eldest daughter of David Butler, *esq.* of the county of Pembroke, by whom he had three sons,

WILLIAM, his successor.  
John, who *s.* his nephew.  
Robert-Keith, present baronet.

besides four daughters. Sir Alexander *d.* in the eighty-second year of his age, 10th November, 1785, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

4. **SIR WILLIAM**, who *m.* Miss Johanna Douglas, heiress of Garwalford, in the county of Peebles, by whom he left one son and three daughters; the latter, on the decease of their cousin, Sir William Cunningham, of Caprington, in 1820, inherited that estate. The baronet *d.* 19th November, 1796, and was *s.* by his son,

5. **SIR ALEXANDER**; at whose decease, unmarried, 2nd June, 1808, the title reverted to his uncle,

6. **SIR JOHN**, who *d.* in December, 1812, and was *s.* by his brother, ROBERT-KEITH, the present baronet.

*Creations*—First patent, 2nd March, 1677; patent of entail, 22nd March, 1707.



*Arms*—Erm., a fesse az. between two mullets in chief, and a hart's head, erased in base, attired with ten tynes, gu.

*Supporters*—On a compartment below the shield whereon are the words "via puta virtus," are placed, for supporters, two white horses at liberty, maned and hooved, or.

*Crest*—A ship in distress, in a sea, ppr.

*Motto*—At spes infracta.

*Seat*—Prestonfield, in the shire of Mid-Lothian.

#### FAMILY OF CUNNINGHAM OF CAPRINGTON.

This family is of very great antiquity in North Britain. According to Camden, the Cunninghames came originally into Scotland, from England, with King Malcolm Canmore; and he is probably correct, for we find them settled in the shire of Ayr very soon after the time of that monarch. Frederick Van Bussan, a learned Norwegian, who wrote an account of the origin of several Scottish families, says, that one Malcolm, son of Friskin, assisted Malcolm, Prince of Scotland, (afterwards King Malcolm Canmore,) to make his escape from the tyranny of Macbeth, who had murdered his father, Duncan; and, being hotly pursued, he took shelter in a barn, where Malcolm concealed the prince, by forking straw over him. The prince eventually made his escape into England, still attended by his faithful Malcolm. Prince Malcolm was no sooner in possession of his kingdom, after his victory over Macbeth, than he rewarded his preserver by the Thanedom of Cunnyngame, from which his posterity assumed their surnames, and took a sheaf of fork for their arms, with "Over, fork, over," for their motto.

ROBERT DE CUNINGHAME, of Kilmaurs (eldest son of Warnebold de Cuninghame, de Kilmaurs, in the county of Ayr) espoused, in 1162, RICHENDA, only daughter of Sir Humphrey de Berkeley, of Gairtully, in Scotland, and was *s.* by his son,

SIR ROBERT DE CUNINGHAME, of Kilmaurs, whose grandson,

HENRY DE CUNINGHAME, of Kilmaurs, *m.* Riddele, heiress of Glengarnock, and dying in 1263, was *s.* by his son,

SIR WILLIAM CUNINGHAME, of Kilmaurs, who *d.* in 1275, and was *s.* by his son,

EDWARD CUNINGHAME, of Kilmaurs, who *d.* in 1285, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

GILBERT CUNINGHAME, of Kilmaurs, who was *s.* in 1292, by his son,

SIR ROBERT CUNINGHAME, of Kilmaurs, who swore fealty to King EDWARD I.; but, declaring afterwards for ROBERT BRUCE, had a charter from that monarch of the superiority of the lands of Lambrachtoun and Grugere, in Cuninghame, to be holden of the king as Alan la Suche, and William de Fereres held the same. He *d.* in 1330, and was *s.* by his elder son,

SIR WILLIAM CUNINGHAME, of Kilmaurs, who had by his first wife,

WILLIAM (Sir), continuator of the line of Kilmaurs, and grandfather of ALEXANDER CUNNINGHAM, of Kilmaurs, who was created EARL OF GLENCAIRN, in May, 1488, and fell the next month at Bannockburn.

Thomas, of whom presently.

Sir William espoused secondly, ELKANOR BRUCE, Countess of Carrick, and was created in her

right, EARL OF CARRICK; by this lady he appears to have had no issue, and upon his lordship's decease, the earldom of Carrick reverted to the crown. His second son,

THOMAS CUNINGHAM, was of Braidhead, and dying in 1385, was s. by his son,

ADAM CUNINGHAM, who m. — daughter of Sir Duncan Wallace, and heiress of Caprington, and dying in 1431, was s. by his son,

SIR ADAM CUNINGHAM, of Caprington, who m. Isabella, daughter of Malcolm Crawford, and dying in 1500, was s. by his son,

JOHN CUNINGHAM, of Caprington, who espoused Annabella daughter of Sir Matthew Campbell, of Loudon, and was s. by

WILLIAM CUNINGHAM, of Caprington and Broomhill, who m. — daughter of Sir William Hamilton, of Sanguhar, and d. in 1590. His second son,

JOHN CUNINGHAM, of Broomhill, m. Eleanor, daughter of Andrew M'Adam, of Waterhead, and was s. by his son,

WILLIAM CUNINGHAM, of Broomhill, who espoused first, Janet, daughter of Patrick Leslie, Lord Lindores, by whom he had fifteen children in nine years, (the first, single; four times, twins; and thrice, three at each birth;) only three daughters, however, survived. He m. secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of William Sinclair, of Ratter, (great-grandfather of William, tenth Earl of Caithness,) and thirteenth in descent from King ROBERT BRUCE. This William Cunningham was one of the commissioners for the covenanters in 1639. He was s. at his decease by his son,

1. SIR JOHN CUNNINGHAM of Lambrughton and Caprington, who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* 19th September, 1699. This gentleman, a very eminent lawyer, was appointed to plead against the Duke of Lauderdale, before King Charles II. in council, and succeeded in establishing the mis-government of that nobleman. Sir John m. Margaret, daughter of William Murray, of Polmaise and Touchadam, in the county of Stirling; by whom he had two sons and a daughter. He d. in 1684, and was s. by his elder son,

2. SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman m. Janet, only daughter and heiress of Sir James Dick, baronet, of Prestonfield, by whom he had six sons and four daughters. (The title and estate of Prestonfield devolved upon the third son, ALEXANDER, as in the above pedigree of the Dicks.) Sir William d. in 1740, and was s. by his eldest son,

3. SIR JOHN. This gentleman, who was esteemed one of the most learned and polished personages of the period in which he lived, spent most of his time in literary retirement at his castle of Caprington, (a seat which is said to have belonged to the great Sir William Wallace, and was even then considered ancient). He is said to have read over, once every year, for the last thirty years of his life, Homer and Ariosto; he was blessed with constant good health, and his faculties continued unimpaired to the last. Sitting at supper, at Caprington, 30th November, 1777, with his usual cheerfulness, he was seized

with a fit of apoplexy, fell back in his chair, and calmly expired, in the 82nd year of his age. Sir John m. in 1740, Lady Elisabeth Montgomery, eldest daughter of Alexander, ninth Earl of Eglington, and had two sons,

WILLIAM, his successor.

Alexander, an officer in the army, d. unmarried.

He was s. by his elder son,

4. SIR WILLIAM, b. 19th December, 1752; m. 19th November, 1799, Mrs. Graeme, and died without issue, when the baronetcy devolved upon his cousin, the present Sir ROBERT-KNITH DICK, of Prestonfield, the descendant of Alexander Cunningham, third son of Sir William, the second baronet, who assumed the surname of DICK upon inheriting the title and estate of Prestonfield. Owing to certain restrictions in the entail of Prestonfield, the baronet is obliged to retain solely the surname of DICK, otherwise he would add that of CUNINGHAM, (originally KUNIGHAM,) and he contemplates doing so by the aid of parliament.

Creation—19th September, 1699.



Arms—Ar. a sheaf-fork sa. within a bordure erm.

Crest—A dexter hand holding a plumb-rule, ppr.

Motto—Over, fork, over.

DICKSON, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Hardingham, in the county of Norfolk; commander R.N.; b. 10th June, 1798; s. to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 17th June, 1827.

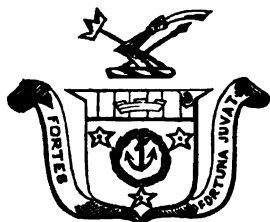
### Lineage.

1. ADMIRAL ARCHIBALD DICKSON, R.N. third son of Archibald Dickson, esq. of Hardingham, in the county of Norfolk, was created a baronet 21st September, 1802, in consideration of his professional services, with remainder, in case of failure of male issue, to his nephew, Archibald-Collingwood Dickson, esq. son of Admiral William Dickson, by Jane, daughter of Alexander Collingwood, esq. of Unthank, in the county of Northumberland; and dying without issue, in 1803, the title devolved, accordingly, upon his aforesaid nephew,

2. SIR ARCHIBALD-COLLINGWOOD, admiral of the red, b. 30th June, 1773; m. 17th August, 1797,

Harriett, daughter of Admiral Bourmaster, of Tichfield, in the county of Hants, by whom he had an only son, WILLIAM, present baronet, and three daughters. Sir Archibald d. 17th June, 1827.

*Creation*—21st September, 1802.



*Arms*—An anchor erect, encircled with an oak wreath vert, between three mullets pierced or, on a chief pale of seven of the last, and gu. a mural crown ar.

*Crest*—Over an armed arm, brandishing a falchion ppr. a trident and spear in saltier or.

*Motto*—Fortes fortuna juvat.

DIGBY, EARL, (Edward Digby, D.C.L.) Viscount Colleshill, and Baron Digby, in the peerage of England; Lord Digby, Baron of Geashill, in the King's county, in the peerage of Ireland; lord-lieutenant and custos-rotulorum of the county of Dorset, and of the town of Poole, and of the county thereof; b. 6th January, 1773; s. to the title, as second earl, upon the demise of his father, 25th September, 1793.

### Lineage.

The original surname of this ancient family is said to have been Tilton, assumed from their residence at Tilton, in the county of Leicester, and the alteration is supposed to have taken place in 1256, when that abode was abandoned for Digby, in the county of Lincoln.

In nearly two centuries afterwards, A.D. 1434, we find

EVERARD DIGBY, esq. filling the office of high-sheriff of the county of Rutland, and representing that shire in parliament. This Everard fell at the battle of Towton, in 1440, fighting under the banners of the unfortunate Henry VI. He m. Jaqueta, daughter and co-heir of Sir John Ellys, of Devonshire, and left (with one daughter) seven sons, of whom the two eldest were

Everard (Sir), Lord of Tilton and Drystoke, ancestor of the celebrated SIR KNEVEL DIGBY, knt. one of the most faithful adherents of the royal cause in the civil war, and an exile in consequence, during Cromwell's usurpation. This ornament of Eng-

land, as he has been styled, wrote several learned books; was a great benefactor to the Bodleian library, by presenting it, in 1633, a large collection of MSS.; recovered the reputation of his family, and rendered it famous throughout the Christian world. He returned to England in 1661; was appointed one of the council on the first settlement of the Royal Society, and died, at his house in Covent Garden, 11th June, 1665. He m. Venetia, daughter and co-heir of Sir Edward Stanley, K. B. of Tonge Castle, in the county of Salop, and left two sons and a daughter.

Simon, of Colleshill.

The second son,

SIR SIMON DIGBY, knight, of Colleshill, in the county of Warwick, having contributed mainly, with his six valiant brothers, to the Earl of Richmond's success at Bosworth, was rewarded, after the accession of that personage, as Henry VII., with large grants of lands, and lucrative public employments. Sir Simon m. Alice, daughter and heir of John Walleys, esq. of East Radston, in the county of Devon, and dying in 1519, was s. by his elder son,

REGINALD DIGBY, esq. of Colleshill, in the county of Warwick, who m. Anne, daughter and co-heir of John Danvers, esq. of Calthorpe, in the county of Oxford, and was s. by his son,

JOHN DIGBY, esq. This gentleman m. Anne, eldest daughter of Sir George Throgmorton, and was s. by his son,

SIR GEORGE DIGBY, who espoused Abigail, daughter of Sir Arthur Henningham, of Kettering, in Norfolk, knight-banneret, and had, with other issue,

ROBERT, his successor.

George, who was elevated to the peerage, in 1617, as *Baron Digby, of Sherborne*, and created in 1622, *EARL OF BRISTOL*. His lordship was an eminent statesman, temp. James I., and a staunch adherent of the unhappy King Charles, whom he attended at Edgehill; at the termination of the contest, the earl was obliged to withdraw into France, having had his estates confiscated, where he d. in 1652. His lordship's honors expired with his grandson, John, third earl, in 1698. (See *Burke's Extinct and Dormant Peerage*.)

The elder son,

SIR ROBERT DIGBY, knight, who received that honor from Robert, Earl of Essex, at Dublin, in 1596, represented the borough of Athy in parliament, in 1613, and was called to the privy-council. He m. Lettice, daughter and heiress of Gerald, Lord Offaley, and granddaughter of Gerald, eleventh Earl of Kildare. This lady was created *BARONESS OF OFFALEY* for life, and brought into the Digby family the Barony of Geashill, in the King's county. Sir Robert d. 24th May, 1618, and was s. by his eldest son,

ROBERT DIGBY, who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 29th July, 1690, as *Baron Digby, of Geashill, in the King's county*. His lordship

## DIG

*m.* Lady Sarah Boyle, daughter of Richard, first Earl of Cork, and was *s.* in 1642, by his son, KILDARE, second baron; whose two elder sons, ROBERT, third baron, } succeeded in turn to and } the barony, and both SIMON, fourth baron, } dying without issue, a younger brother,

WILLIAM, fifth baron, inherited in 1637. This nobleman *m.* Jane, daughter of Edward, Earl of Gainsborough, by whom he had (with eight other children, all of whom died young)

Edward, who *m.* Charlotte, daughter of Sir Stephen Fox, and, predeceasing his father, left issue,

EDWARD, } sixth and seventh barons.  
HENRY, }

Robert, admiral R.N. *m.* Eleanor daughter of Andrew Elliot, esq. and *d.* in 1814.

William, L.L.D. dean of Durham, *m.* Charlotte, daughter of Joseph Cox, esq. and, dying in 1788, left, with daughters,

HENRY, *Vice-admiral*, *m.* Jane-Elizabeth, Viscountess dowager Andover, and has issue,

EDWARD-ST-VINCENT.  
Kenelm-Henry.

Jane-Elizabeth, *m.* in 1824, to Lord Ellenborough, which marriage was dissolved, by act of parliament, in 1830.

George, captain R.N. *m.* in 1821, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John B. Walsh, and *d.* in 1829, leaving issue.

Robert Digby, the second son of Lord Digby, and his lordship's eldest daughter, Mary, lie interred at Sherborne; in which is a black marble tablet, fixed in the wall, on which the following lines by Pope are inscribed:

"Go, fair example of untainted youth,  
Of modest reason, and pacific truth;  
Go, just of worth, in every thought sincere,  
Who knew no wish but what the world might hear.

Of gentlest manners, unaffected mind,  
Lover of peace, and friend of human kind;  
Composed in sufferings, and in joys sedate,  
Good without noise, without pretensions great;  
Go, live, for heaven's eternal year is thine;  
Go, and exalt thy moral to divine.  
And thou, too close attendant on his doom,  
Blest maid, has hasten'd to the silent tomb;  
Steer the same course, to the same quiet shore,  
Not parted long, and now to part no more.  
Yet take these tears, mortality's relief,  
And, till we share your joys, forgive our grief;  
These little rites, a stone and verse, receive,  
'Tis all a father, all a friend, can give."

His lordship *d.* 29th November, 1752, and was *s.* by his grandson,

EDWARD, sixth baron. This nobleman *d.* unmarried, 30th November, 1757, when the honors devolved upon his brother,

HENRY, seventh baron, who was created a peer of Great Britain, 13th August, 1765, as *Baron Digby, of Sherborne*, and advanced, 30th Oc-

tober, 1790, to the dignities of *Viscount Coleshill, in the county of Warwick*, and *EARL DIGBY, in the county of Lincoln*. His lordship *m.* first, in 1763, Elizabeth, daughter of the Honorable Charles Fielding, son of Basil, fourth Earl of Denbigh, by whom he had no surviving issue; and, secondly, Mary, daughter and heiress of John Knowles, esq. of Canterbury, and had EDWARD, present earl.

Robert, in holy orders, *b.* 10th April, 1775, *d.* in 1830.

Charlotte-Maria, *m.* to William Wingfield, esq. and *d.* in 1807.

His lordship *d.* in 1793.

*Creations*—Baron (Irish, 29th July, 1620.) Baron, 13th August, 1765. Earl, &c. 30th October, 1790.



*Arms*—Az., a fleur-de-lis ar.

*Crest*—An ostrich, ar., holding in the beak a horse-shoe or.

*Supporters*—Two monkeys ppr. environed about the middle, and lined or.

*Motto*—Deo, non fortuna.

*Town Residence*—35, Lower Brook-street, Grosvenor-square.

*Seats*—Coleshill, Warwickshire; Sherborne Castle, Dorsetshire; and Geashill, King's county, Ireland.

DILLON, VISCOUNT, (Henry-Augustus Dillon-Lee,) of Costello Gallen, in the county of Sligo, in the peerage of Ireland; a colonel in the army; *b.* 28th October, 1777; *m.* in 1807, Henrietta, eldest daughter of the late Dominick-Geoffrey Browne, esq. M.P. by whom he has issue,

CHARLES-HENRY.

Arthur-Edmund, *b.* in 1812.

Theobald, an officer in the army.

Constantine-Augustus, *b.* 14th Sept. 1813.

Henrietta-Maria, *m.* in 1826, to Edward-John Stanley, esq. eldest son of Sir John Stanley,

bart. and had issue.  
Helena-Matilda.

His lordship *s.* to the title, as thirteenth viscount, upon the demise of his father, 9th November, 1813.

### Lineage.

SIR THEOBALD DILLON, knt. of Costello-Gallen, in the county of Mayo, descended from Sir Max-

rice Dillon, who was son of Gerald Dillon, of Drumrany, the ancestor of the Earls of Roscommon, was created **VISCOUNT DILLON**, of Costello-Galen, 16th March, 1621-2. His lordship *m.* Eleanora, daughter of Sir Edward Tuite, *knt.*, of Tuitestown, in the county of Westmeath, and widow of William Tuite, of Monilea, and had, with other issue,

**CHRISTOPHER** (Sir), of Bealalahin, in the county of Mayo, who *m.* in 1664, Lady Jane Dillon, eldest daughter of James, first Earl of Roscommon, and dying before his father, left seven sons and five daughters.

**LUCAS** (Sir) of Lough-Glyn, in the county of Roscommon, who *m.* Jane, daughter of John Moore, *esq.* of Brees, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**ROBERT**, who *m.* Rose, eldest daughter of John Dillon, of Streamstown, and left a son,

**THEOBALD**, who succeeded as seventh **VISCOUNT**.

The viscount *d.* at an advanced period of life, in 1624, leaving so numerous a progeny, that he assembled, at one time, in his house at Killenfaghny, above a hundred of his descendants. He was *s.* by his grandson,

**LUCAS**, second viscount, who *m.* in 1625, when but fifteen years of age, the Lady Mary MacDonnell, second daughter of Randal, first Earl of Antrim, by whom he left at his decease, in 1629, an only son, his successor,

**THEOBALD**, third viscount, who *d.* in infancy, in 1630, when the title reverted to his uncle,

**THOMAS**, fourth viscount. His lordship *m.* Frances, daughter of Nicholas White, *esq.* of Leixlip, and was *s.* at his decease by his eldest surviving son,

**THOMAS**, fifth viscount, who *m.* Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir John Burke, *knt.*, of Derymac-laghty, in the county of Galway, by whom he left no issue. His lordship *d.* in 1674, when the title reverted to his kinsman,

**LUCAS**, sixth viscount, great-grandson of the first lord, being eldest son of Theobald Dillon, third son of his lordship's eldest son, Sir Christopher Dillon, *knt.* This nobleman dying without issue, in 1682, the title devolved upon

**THEOBALD DILLON**, *esq.* of Kilmore, as seventh viscount, (refer to Sir Lucas Dillon, second son of first viscount). This nobleman, being an officer in the army, attached himself to the falling fortunes of King James II., and was outlawed in 1690. His lordship *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir Henry Talbot, of Temple-Oge, in the county of Dublin, and had, with other issue,

**HENRY**, his successor.

Arthur, who went into the French military service, and commanded an Irish regiment. In 1765, he was made a marshal of Camp, was Governor of Toulon, and distinguishing himself in the field, was advanced to the rank of lieutenant-general. He *m.* Christiana, daughter of Ralph Sheldon, *esq.*, and had, besides daughters,

Charles, } tenth and eleventh viscounts.  
Henry, }

James, knight of Malta, colonel of Dillon's regiment, and fell at its head at Fontenoy.

Edward, who succeeded his brother in the command of DILLON's regiment.

Arthur, in holy orders, Archbishop of Narbonne, Commander of the Order of the Holy Ghost, Primate of the Gauls, and President of the states of Languedoc.

After the decease of his lordship the outlawry was reversed in favour of his son and successor,

**HENRY**, eighth viscount, who *m.* Frances, second daughter of George, Count Hamilton, and was *s.* at his decease, in 1713, by his son,

**RICHARD**, ninth viscount. This nobleman *m.* Lady Bridget Burke, second daughter of John, ninth Earl of Clanricarde, by whom he left, at his decease, in 1757, an only daughter, Frances, who *m.* her cousin-german, and his lordship's successor,

**CHARLES**, tenth viscount (refer to Arthur, son of Thomas, seventh viscount). His lordship *d.* without issue, in 1741, and was *s.* by his brother,

**HENRY**, eleventh viscount. This nobleman was a colonel in the French service, but having retired and returned home, he *m.* 26th of October, 1745, Charlotte Lee, eldest daughter, and eventually, sole heiress of George-Henry, second Earl of Lichfield, by whom he had issue,

**CHARLES**, his successor.

Arthur, a general in the French service, who was guillotined, 13th April, 1794. This officer was father, by his second wife, — daughter of — Girardine, and widow of Count de le Touche, of Madame Bertrand, so celebrated for her devotion to the Emperor Napoleon.

**Henry**, lieutenant-colonel, *b.* in 1739, *m.* Frances, dau. of Dominick-Henry Trant, *esq.*, which lady *d.* in 1828.

**Frances**, *m.* to Sir William Jerminham, and *d.* in 1825.

**Laura**.

**Charlotte**, *m.* to Valentine, first Earl of Kenmare, and *d.* in 1782.

His lordship *d.* 3rd November, 1787, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**CHARLES**, *b.* in 1745, who conformed to the established church in 1767, and claimed and was allowed the viscounty, as twelfth viscount, by the Irish house of lords, in 1788. His lordship *m.* Henrietta-Maria, only daughter of Constantine-John, Lord Mulgrave, by whom he has issue, **HENRY-AUGUSTUS**, present peer, and a daughter, **Frances-Charlotte**, who *m.* Sir Thomas Webb, baronet, and *d.* in 1819. His lordship *d.* in 1813.

*Creation*—16th March, 1621-2.

*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, *ar.* a fesse, betw. three crescents *sa.* for **LEE**; second and third, *ar.* a lion rampant *gu.*, debased by a fess *az.* between three crescents of the second for **DILLON**.

## DIL



*Crest*—First, out of a ducal coronet or, a pillar ar. thereon a falcon az. for *LKE*; second, a demilion, rampant, gu. holding between the paws an estoile ar. for *DILLON*.

*Supporters*—Two angels ppr. vested ar. wings elevated, the *Dexter* with a sash over the shoulder az. each holding in the exterior hand a palm branch, also ppr.

*Motto*—*Dum spiro spero*.

*Seats*—Loughlyn Castle, Mayo; and Ditchley Hall, Oxfordshire.

**DILLON, SIR CHARLES-DRAKE**, baronet, of Lismullen, in the county of Meath; *s.* to this title, as second baronet, and also to a barony of the Holy Roman Empire, upon the demise of his father, in 1805; *m.* first, Charlotte, daughter of John Hamilton, esq. by whom (who *d.* in 1793) he had no issue; and, secondly, in October, 1828, Sarah, relict of the late Rev. John C. Miller, rector of Milton, Northamptonshire.

### Lineage.

1. **JOHN DILLON**, esq. M.P. (only son of Arthur Dillon, esq. descended from a common ancestor with the Lords Roscommon and Dillon, by Elizabeth, daughter of Dr. Ralph Lambert, Bishop of Meath), was created a baronet 31st July, 1801; he *m.* Millicent, daughter of Roger Drake, esq. of Fernhill, Berkshire, by whom he had issue,

1. **CHARLES DRAKE**, present baronet.

2. Arthur-Richard, lieutenant-general in the army, *m.* in 1814, Letitia-Elizabeth, second daughter of the late W. Knox, esq.

3. William-Ralph. 4. Robert.

5. Elizabeth, *m.* to Richard Mills, esq.

6. Anne-Grace. 7. Millicent.

Sir John Dillon had the honor of a free barony of the Holy Roman Empire conferred upon him, in 1782, by his imperial majesty, Joseph II. with reversion to his male and female descendants.

*Creation*—31st July, 1801.

*Arms*—First and fourth, ar. a lion rampant gu. debruised by a fess az. between three crescents of the second; second and third, ar. a lion passant between three crescents gu.

*Crest*—First, on a chapeau gu. turned up erm. a falcon rising ar. beaked, legged, and belled or; second, a demi-lion rampant gu.

## DIN



*Motto*—*Auxilium ab alto*.

*Seat*—Lismullen, county of Meath, Ireland.

**DINORBEN, BARON**, (William-Lewis Hughes,) of Kinmel Park, in the county of Denbigh; *b.* in 1767, *m.* 8th March, 1804, Charlotte-Margaret, daughter of Ralph William Grey, esq. of Backworth, in the county of Northumberland, and has had issue,

Edward, *b.* 5th Nov. 1806, and *d.* in 1814.

WILLIAM-LEWIS, *b.* 9th November, 1821.

Charlotte-Mary, *b.* 23rd June, 1805, *m.* 27th May, 1828, Richard, now Sir Richard, Bulkeley-Williams Bulkeley, bart. of Baron Hill, in the Isle of Anglesey, and *d.* 11th May, 1829.

Mary-Martha.

Frances-Margaret.

Louisa, *d.* in infancy.

Caroline-Anne.

Emily.

Augusta.

This nobleman obtained his peerage, by letters patent, dated in September, 1831, to himself, and the heirs male of his body.

### Lineage.

The Rev. Edward Hughes, of Kinmel Park (son of Hugh Hughes, of Llinoig), *m.* Mary, youngest daughter and co-heir of Robert Lewis, of Llysdullas, in the county of Anglesey, and left at his decease, in 1815,

WILLIAM-LEWIS, now Lord Dinorben.

Hugh-Robert, of Beach Hill, in the county of Chester, married, and has issue.

James, lieutenant-colonel of the 18th hussars, and a Companion of the Bath.

Margaret, *m.* to Owen Williams, esq. of Temple House, Bucks, M.P. for Marlow, and *d.* in 1821.

Anne, *m.* to Sir Robert Williams, bart. of Penryn, in the county of Caernarvon, who *d.* 1st December, 1830.

Elizabeth, *d.* in 1810, unmarried.

Martha, *m.* first to Kenrick, Lloyd, esq. brother of the present Lord Mostyn; and, secondly, in 1829, to Sir Henry Wyatt, lieutenant-colonel in the 2nd guards.

Mary-Hester.

*Creation*—September, 1831.



*Arms*—Gu. two lions passant, between three roses, per pale arg.

*Crest*—Out of a crown vallery, a demi-lion rampant, arg. holding in his fore paws a pike-head ppr.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, an ancient Briton, supporting in his dexter hand a pike: SINISTER, a dragon, vert, charged on the shoulder with a rose ar.

*Town Residence*—South Audley-street.

*Seat*—Kimmel Park, Denbighshire.

**DIXIE, SIR WILLOUGHBY-WOLSTAN**, baronet, of Bosworth-House, in the county of Leicester; *b.* in October, 1816; *s.* to the title, as eighth baronet, at the decease of his father, in October, 1827.

#### Lineage.

SIR WOLSTAN DIXIE, *knt.* (descended from Walston Dixie, of Chatworth, in the county of Huntingdon, living in the reign of Edward III.,) seated himself at Bosworth, in Leicestershire, in the reign of Queen Elizabeth; which estate was presented to him by his great uncle, Sir Wolstan Dixie, Lord Mayor of London. He *m.* Frances, daughter of Sir Thomas Beaumont, knight of Stoughton, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

1. **SIR WOLSTAN DIXIE, *knt.*** who so zealously espoused the royal cause at the breaking out of the rebellion in 1641, that he was presented by the king with a warrant for a baronet's patent, but through the confusion of the times, it was not taken until after the restoration, 4th July, 1660; in which year he was sheriff of the county of Leicester. Sir Wolstan *m.* first, Barbara, daughter and heiress of Sir Henry Beaumont, bart. of Gracedieu, in Leicestershire, and relict of John Harpur, esq. by whom he had thirteen children; he espoused secondly, Frances, daughter of Edward Heslirrig, esq. of Thedingworth, Leicestershire, sole heiress of her brother, and widow of Walter Chetwynd, esq. of Grindon, in the county of Warwick. He died in 1692, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR BEAUMONT**, who *m.* Mary, sister and heiress of Sir William Willoughby, bart. of Willoughby, in the county of Nottingham, by whom he had seven sons and five daughters, and was *s.* in 1692, by the eldest,

3. **SIR WOLSTAN**, who *m.* Rebecca, daughter of

3 B

Sir Richard Atkins, baronet of Clapham, Surrey, and was *s.* 22nd February, 1730-40, by his eldest son,

4. **SIR WOLSTAN**. This gentleman *m.* first Miss Freer, daughter of Governor Freer, by whom he had WOLSTAN his successor, and two daughters. He espoused secondly, Theodosia, only daughter of Henry Wright, esq. of Mobberley, in Cheshire, and had six children. He *m.* thirdly, Margaret, daughter of William Cross, of Scarborough, gentleman. Sir Wolstan *d.* in 1766, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

5. **SIR WOLSTAN**, who *d.* unmarried, in 1806, when the title devolved upon his first-cousin,

6. **SIR BEAUMONT-JOSEPH**, who *d.* unmarried, 20th July, 1814, and was *s.* by his brother,

7. **SIR WILLIAM-WILLOUGHBY-WOLSTAN**, *m.* 21st November 1815, Bella-Anna, daughter of the Rev. Thomas Adnutt, Rector of Croft, Leicestershire, by whom (who *d.* in 1821) he had issue,

1. WILLOUGHBY-WOLSTAN, present baronet.

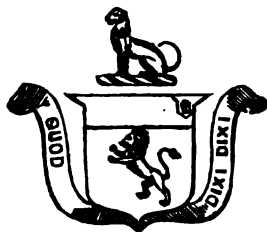
2. Beaumont.

3. Eleanor-Frances.

4. Juliana-Mary.

Sir William *d.* in 1827.

*Creation*—4th July, 1660.



*Arms*—Az., a lion rampant or, a chief of the last.

*Crest*—On a wreath, an ounce sejant ppr. ducally gorged or.

*Motto*—Quod dixi dixi.

*Seat*—Bosworth House, Leicestershire.

**DODSWORTH, SIR EDWARD**, baronet, of Newland Park, in the county of York; *b.* 13th August, 1768; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, in 1789; *m.* in September, 1804, Susan, youngest daughter of Henry Dawkins, esq. of Standlynch, in the county of Wilts, by whom (who *d.* 12th March, 1830) he has no issue. Sir Edward, whose surname was Smith, assumed, by royal permission, in 1821, that of Dodsworth only.

#### Lineage.

1. **JOHN-SYLVESTER SMITH**, esq. (son of John Smith, esq. of Newland Park, by Anne, daughter of Christopher Horton, esq. of Westerton) was created a baronet 10th December, 1783. Sir John *m.* in 1761, Henrietta-Maria, daughter of John

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## DOL

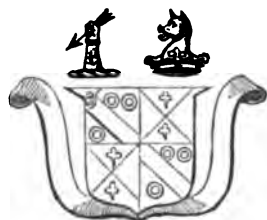
Dodsworth, esq. of Thornton Wattas, in the county of York, by whom he had issue,

1. EDWARD, the present baronet.
2. George, in holy orders.
3. Charles.

And four daughters.

Sir John *d.* in 1789.

*Creation*—10th December, 1783.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, ar. a bend between three annulets, sa. for DODSWORTH. Second and third, per saltier ar. and sa., two trefoils slipped in pale gu. for SMITH.

*Crests*—First, DODSWORTH, a cubit arm in chain mail, or. the hand ppr., grasping a broken tilting spear of the first. Second, SMITH, out of a ducal coronet, or, a boar's head couped at the neck as.

*Seat*—Thornton Hall, Yorkshire.

**DOLBEN, SIR JOHN-ENGLISH**, baronet, of Finedon, in the county of Northampton; *b.* in 1750, *m.* in 1779, Hannah, daughter of William Hallet, esq. of Cannons, in the county of Middlesex, by whom he has had issue,

William-Somersset, who *m.* Frances, daughter of Captain Walter Saunders, and *d.* in 1817, leaving issue.

1. Anne-Juliana.
2. Frances.

Juliana.

Charlotte, *m.* in 1806, to the Rev. Samuel Woodfield Paul.

Louisa.

Sir John *s.* to the title, as fourth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 20th March, 1814.

### Lineage.

This ancient family is descended from that of D'Albini, Earls of Sussex and Barons Dutton, temp. Henry II. The present genealogy reaches to the reign of Edward IV., at which time they had large possessions in Caernarvonshire and Denbighshire, and were connected by marriage with some of the first families in the principality. In the line of descent they stand thus, *Hugh D'Albini, Humphrey Dalbin, John Dalbin, William Dolben*; this last was rector of Stanwick in Northamptonshire and nominated Bishop of Rochester, but died before consecration. He was first cousin to David Doublen or Dolben, rector of Hackney and Bishop of Bangor.

JOHN DOLBEN, archbishop of York, prior to

## DOM

entering into holy orders, was a military officer, and distinguished himself upon active service during the civil wars, under the royal banner, particularly at the defence of York, where he was severely wounded. He was lord-high-almoner and clerk of the closet to Charles II., and during the prohibition of the Liturgy was accustomed to read it in a house opposite All Souls College, of which a memorial is preserved in a fine painting by Sir Peter Lily, at Finedon, a copy of which hangs in the hall of Christ Church, Oxford. His grace *m.* Mary, niece of archbishop Sheldon, and was *s.* by his son,

1. GILBERT DOLBEN, M.P. for Peterborough, who, having been nominated one of the justices of the court of common-pleas in Ireland, was created a baronet 1st April, 1704. Sir Gilbert *m.* Anne, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Tanfield Mulso, esq. of an ancient and wealthy family in Northamptonshire. He *d.* in 1722, (two years after his retirement from the bench,) and was *s.* by his only son,

2. THE REVEREND SIR JOHN, D.D. prebendary of Durham, who *m.* Elizabeth, second daughter of William, Lord Digby, by whom he had surviving issue, three daughters, and an only son, his successor, at his decease, 20th November, 1756,

3. SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman, who represented the University of Oxford for more than thirty years in parliament, *m.* twice, but had issue only by his first marriage, with Judith, daughter and sole heiress of Somerset English, esq. namely, JOHN-ENGLISH, the present baronet, and a daughter, Julia, who *d.* in 1804. Sir William *d.* in 1814.

*Creation*—1st April, 1704.



*Arms*—Sa., a helmet close between three pheons ar.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a griffin sejant.

*Seat*—Thingdon, otherwise Finedon, Northamptonshire.

**DOMVILLE, SIR COMPTON**, baronet, of Templeogue, and Santry House, both in the county of Dublin, so created 22nd May, 1815; *m.* first, Elizabeth-Frances, daughter of the Honorable and Right Rev. Charles (Lindsay,) Lord Bishop of Kildare, and cousin of the present Lord Balcarras; by whom (who *d.* in 1812) he has a son, COMPTON-CHARLES, *b.* in 1812; Sir Compton



## DOM

ton m. secondly, Helena-Sarah, daughter of Frederick Trench, esq. of Heywood, in the Queen's county; and has another son, b. 28th February, 1821. Sir Compton Domville is *custos-rotulorum* of the county of Dublin, and M.P. for Plympton.

### Lineage.

Of the family of Domville were two branches in the county of Chester. The ELDER seated at Oxtou, from the period of the conquest to its termination in females, who carried the estate through the families of Troutbeck and Hulse, into that of the Earls of Shrewsbury. The younger of Limme Hall, of which

GILBERT DOMVILLE, esq. (second son of William Domville, esq. of Limme Hall,) removed to Ireland in the beginning of the reign of James I., and was clerk of the Crown and Hanaper there, and M.P. for the county of Kildare, having for his colleague the ancestor of the Welleseley family. Mr. Domville m. Margaret, daughter of Thomas Jones, archbishop of Dublin, LORD CHANCELLOR OF IRELAND, and was father of

SIR WILLIAM DOMVILLE, attorney-general for Ireland, M. P. for the county of Dublin, and a privy councillor. This gentleman m. Miss Lake, daughter of Sir Thomas Lake, of Cannons, in the county of Middlesex, secretary-of-state to James I. and had issue,

William (Sir), M. P. for the county of Dublin.

And

SIR THOMAS DOMVILLE, of Templeogue, who was created a baronet in 1686, and was clerk of the Crown and Hanaper. This gentleman m. first, the daughter of his cousin Sir Launcelot Lake, by whom he had a daughter, m. to Barry, third Lord Santry. He espoused, secondly, the Hon. — daughter of Arthur Cole, Lord Ranelagh, but had no issue. Sir Thomas m. thirdly, Anne, daughter of the Hon. Sir Charles Compton, second son of Spencer, second Earl of Northampton, by whom he had

COMPTON, his successor.

— m. to Christopher Pocklington, esq. admiral R.N. (only son of John Pocklington, esq. M.P. for the county of Huntingdon, by Elizabeth, only daughter of Sir Thomas Hatton, bart. of Long Stanton, in the county of Cambridge,) by whom she had (with four daughters,)

CHARLES, of whom presently.

Sir Thomas was s. by his son,

SIR COMPTON DOMVILLE, clerk of the crown and Hanaper, and a privy councillor, who represented the county of Dublin in parliament for forty-four years. At the decease of this gentleman in 1708, the baronetcy expired, and his estates devolved upon his nephew,

CHARLES POCKLINGTON, esq. sometime M.P. for the county of Dublin, who assumed, pursuant to the will of his uncle, the surname and arms of Domville only. He m. Margaret, daughter of — Sheppard, esq. and had, with seven daughters,

## DOM

COMPTON, created a baronet (the present Sir Compton Domville).

Henry-Barry.

William.

Christopher.

Creation—22nd May, 1815.



Arms—Az., a lion rampant ar. collared gu.

Crest—A lion's head erased, ducally crowned.

Seats—Templeogue and Santry House, in the county of Dublin.

DOMVILLE, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of St. Albans, Herts; b. 26th December, 1742; m. 26th May, 1769, Sally, daughter of Archibald Finney, esq. by whom (who d. 29th September, 1793) he has issue,

1. WILLIAM, b. 22nd March, 1774; m. in 1807, Maria, daughter of the late Isaac Solly, esq. of Walthamstow, by whom he has JAMES-GRAHAM, and other children.
2. Eleanor.
3. Elizabeth.

This gentleman served the office of sheriff of London in the year 1804–5, was chosen alderman 1st February, 1806, and placed in the civic chair in 1813–14: during the period of his mayoralty, Mr. Alderman Domville presided at a banquet given by the citizens of London, at their Guildhall, to his Royal Highness the Prince Regent, and the Sovereigns of Russia and Prussia, accompanied by several personages of the highest rank. In consequence of which, and as a mark of the prince's favor towards the city of London, the lord-mayor was created a baronet by royal warrant, dated 8th July, 1814.



## DON

*Arms*—As. a lion rampant, ar., supporting a sword erect, representing the sword of the city of London ppr.; on a chief of honorable augmentation of the second, three oriental crowns, two and one, the points alternately radiated or, encircled by two branches of olive, also ppr.

*Crest*—Out of a mural crown gu. a demi-lion issuant ar. supporting between the paws an escutcheon as. charged with three crowns, as in the arms.

*Motto*—Pax alma redit.

*Seat*—St. Albans, Herts.

DON, SIR ALEXANDER, baronet, of Newton, in the county of Berwick; s. to the title, as sixth baronet, at the decease of his father, 11th of April, 1826, is m. and has issue.

### Lineage.

1. ALEXANDER DON, esq. of Newton, was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* 2nd June, 1667. Sir Alexander m. Miss Isabel Smith, by whom he had three sons and four daughters, and was s. at his decease by his eldest son,

2. SIR JAMES, who was s. by his son,

3. SIR ALEXANDER, to whom s. his eldest son,

4. SIR ALEXANDER. This gentleman m. Mary, daughter of John Murray, esq. and had two sons and two daughters. He d. 2nd September, 1776, and was s. by his second and only surviving son,

5. SIR ALEXANDER, who m. Lady Elizabeth Cunningham, eldest daughter of William, thirteenth Earl of Glencairn, and had an only son, ALEXANDER, present baronet.

And two daughters, Elizabeth and Mary; whose melancholy fate is thus recorded:—

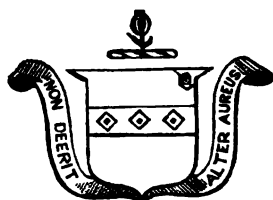
"June 22nd, 1795.—The two Misses Don, daughters of Sir Alexander Don, baronet, accompanied by Miss Agnes Wilson, and Miss Jesse Ramsay, went for a walk by the bridge to the Island in the water of Eden. On their return home, apprehensive of being too late for dinner, they resolved to cross the water at the nearest ford, although considerably swelled by the rains, rather than go round by the bridge. Miss Don and Miss Wilson got safely through; but Miss M. Don, in following, was carried down by the current, when Miss Ramsay rushed in to her assistance, but without effect. This is all that Miss Ramsay recollected; nor could she even tell how she herself was afterwards saved, for Miss Don and Miss Wilson, there is no doubt, ran in to their aid, and both shared the unfortunate fate of the younger Miss Don. The distracted state of Miss Ramsay, upon getting out of the water, and missing her companions, prevented any discovery of the fatal accident, till, going to cross the Eden bridge, she saw the body of Miss M. Don floating down the river, and immediately gave the alarm, but alas! too late."

Sir Alexander d. in April, 1826.

*Creation*—2nd June, 1667.

*Arms*—Vert, on a fesse ar. three masicles sa.

## DON



*Crest*—A pomegranate ppr.

*Motto*—Non deerit alter aureus.

*Seat*—Newton, Berwickshire.

DONCASTER, EARL OF, (Walter-Francis Scott-Douglas,) and Baron Tyndale, in the county of Northumberland.

See Duke of Buccleuch and Queensbury.

DONEGAL, MARQUESS AND EARL OF, (George-Augustus Chichester, K.P.) Earl of Belfast, Viscount Chichester, and Baron of Belfast, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Fisherwick, of Fisherwick, in the county of Stafford, in the peerage of Great Britain; b. 13th August, 1769; m. 8th August, 1795, Anna, daughter of the late Sir Edward May, baronet, by whom he has issue,

GEORGE-HAMILTON, *Earl of Belfast*, M.P. for the county of Antrim; b. 10th February, 1797; m. in December 1823, Harriet-Anne, eldest daughter of Richard, first Earl of Glengall, and has a son, FREDERICK-RICHARD, *Viscount Chichester*, b. 26th November, 1827.

Edward, b. 11th June, 1790; m. in 1821, Amelia-Diana, daughter of Henry-Dean Grady, esq. and has a son, b. 27th June, 1822.

Arthur, b. 30th Sept. 1808, an officer in the army.

Hamilton-Francis, b. 9th March, 1816, lieutenant of the 7th foot.

John, b. in November, 1811.

Stephen-Algernon, b. 26th Dec. 1814.

His lordship, who is lord-lieutenant of the county of Donegal, and president of the Belfast Academical Institution, s. to the honors, as second marquess, upon the demise of his father, 5th January, 1799.

### Lineage.

The surname of the house of Donegal was anciently written Cirencester, and the family appears to have been one of the most eminent in the county of Devon; quartering, according to Sir William Pole, in his MS. survey of Devonshire, the arms of the Raleighs, the Beaumonts, the Willingtons, and many other noble families. The first of the family settled in Ireland was

SIR ARTHUR CHICHESTER, kn. a distinguished military officer, (second son of Sir John Chichester, knight, high-sheriff of Devonshire in 1552

and 1578, and M.P. for the same county in 1553 and 1562, by Gertrude, daughter of Sir William Courtenay, knight, of Powderham Castle, in the county of Devon.) In 1595, Sir Arthur commanded two hundred foot, at Carrickfergus; and the end of November, in the following year, being garrisoned at that place, laid all the country waste within a circumference of twenty miles. In 1603, he was sworn of the privy-council; and, in 1604, appointed lord-deputy of Ireland, in which year he established two new circuits, sending the first justices of assize into Connaught, and reviving the circuit of Munster, which had been discontinued for more than two hundred years, so that the circuits, which had previously been confined to the *English pale*, thenceforward included the whole kingdom, and with such effect, that, in a very short time, there were not found in all the Irish counties so many capital offenders, as in the six shires of the western circuit in England. Sir Arthur, in consideration of his eminent services, military and civil, obtained considerable grants of land in the province of Ulster, and was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 23rd February, 1612, by the title of *Baron Chichester, of Belfast*. His lordship continued in the government of Ireland for ten years successively, and was re-appointed, in July, 1613; in which year the harp of Ireland was first marshalled with the arms of England, and has since continued to be impressed upon the coin of the realm. In November, 1615, he retired from his high office, and was appointed, in 1616, lord-high-treasurer of Ireland. His lordship chiefly resided at Carrickfergus, where he erected, in 1618, a magnificent mansion, called Joymount. In 1622, he went ambassador to the Palatinate, and thence to treat of a peace with the emperor; during his residence at whose court, being besieged in the city of Mainchina, or Mainheim, by Count Tilly, he remonstrated upon the violation of the law of nations in besieging an ambassador; to which Tilly replying, that he noticed not his being an ambassador, his lordship thus answered the messenger—"Had my master sent me with as many hundred men as he hath sent me on fruitless messages, your general should have known that I had been a soldier as well as an ambassador." His lordship *m. Letitia*, daughter of Sir John Perrott, sometime lord deputy of Ireland, widow of Vaughan Blackham, esq. and *d.* in London, 19th February, 1624, when leaving no issue, the barony expired, while his large estates devolved upon his brother,

SIR EDWARD CHICHESTER, in whose favor the dignity was revived, with the additional honor of *Viscount Chichester, of Carrickfergus*, 1st of April, 1625. His lordship *m. first*, in 1603, Anne, daughter and heiress of John Coplestone, esq. of Eggesford, in the county of Devon, by whom he acquired a large estate, and had two sons and a daughter. He espoused secondly, Mary, daughter of — Denham, esq. of Wortham, in the same shire, but had no other issue. His lordship *d.* in 1648, and was *s.* by his elder son,

ARTHUR, M.P. for the county of Antrim, in

1630, who, in consideration of his eminent services against the rebels, when Colonel Chichester, and at the express solicitation of the Marquess of Ormonde, had been elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 30th March, 1647, as *EARL OF DONEGAL*, with limitation of the honor to the male descendants of his father. His lordship was one of the four hostages sent by the Marquess of Ormonde, in 1647, to the English parliament, as surety for the delivery of Dublin and other garrisons to their commissioners. After the Restoration, he was governor of Carrickfergus; and, in 1668, his lordship established a mathematical lecture in the university of Dublin. He *m. first*, Dorcas, daughter of John Hill, esq. of Honiley, in the county of Warwick, by whom he had an only daughter, Mary, who *m. John St. Leger*, esq. The earl *m. secondly*, Lady Mary Digby, daughter of John, first Earl of Bristol, by whom he had no surviving issue; and, thirdly, Letitia, only surviving daughter of Sir William Hickes, bart. of Rookholt, and left one surviving daughter, Anne, who *m. first*, John Butler, Earl Gowran; and, secondly, Francis Aungier, Earl of Longford, but had no issue. The Earl of Donegal *d.* 18th March, 1674, when his honors devolved, according to the limitation, upon his nephew,

SIR ARTHUR CHICHESTER, as second earl, (eldest son of the Hon. John Chichester, by Mary, youngest daughter of Roger Jones, Viscount Ranelagh.) His lordship *m. Jane*, daughter of John Itchingham, of Dunbrody, in the county of Wexford, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

ARTHUR, third earl. This nobleman, having distinguished himself in the military service of his own country, was appointed, by the Prince of Hesse, in 1704, major-general of the Spanish forces, and fell 10th April, 1706, at Fort Monjuich. His lordship's second lady (by the first Lady Barbara Boyle, he had no surviving issue) was Lady Catherine Forbes, daughter of Arthur, Earl of Granard, upon whom the following lines were written by Swift:

Unerring heaven, with bounteous hand,  
Has form'd a model for your land,  
Whom love endow'd with every grace,  
The glory of the Granard race;  
Now destin'd by the powers divine  
The blessing of another line.  
Then would you paint a matchless dame,  
Whom you'd consign to endless fame?  
Invoke not Cythera's aid,  
Nor borrow from the blue-eyed maid;  
Nor need you on the graces call;  
Take qualities from Donegal.

By this lady he had two sons and six daughters; three of the latter, Jane, Frances, and Henrietta, were unfortunately burnt to death in the house of Belfast, consumed by the carelessness of a servant. His lordship was *s.* by his elder son,

ARTHUR, fourth earl; upon whose demise without issue, in 1757, the honors devolved upon his nephew,

## DON

**ARTHUR**, fifth earl, (eldest son of the Hon. John Chichester, M.P. for Belfast in 1745, by Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir Richard Newdigate, bart. of Arbury, Warwickshire,) who was created a British peer, by the title of *Baron Fisherwick, of Fisherwick, in the county of Stafford*, 3rd of July, 1790, and advanced in the Irish peerage, 27th June, 1791, to the dignities of *Earl of Belfast* and *Marquess of Donegal*. His lordship *m.* first, in 1761, Anne, eldest daughter of James, Duke of Hamilton, by Elizabeth, daughter and heir of Edward Spencer, esq. of Rendlesham, in the county of Suffolk, and had issue,

**GEORGE-AUGUSTUS**, the present peer.

**Spencer-Stanley**, *b.* in 1775, *m.* in 1795, Harriet, daughter of John, Earl of Galloway, and *d.* in 1819, leaving

**ARTHUR**, created *Baron Templemore*, (see that dignity.)

**George**, *d.* in June, 1829.

**Anne**.

**Elizabeth**, *m.* to **W. Hanbury**, esq.

The marquess *m.* secondly, **Charlotte**, widow of **Thomas Moore**, esq. of Barn, in the county of Tipperary; and, thirdly, **Barbara**, daughter of the Reverend Doctor Godfrey, (who *d.* 28th Dec. 1829,) neither of which marriages, however, produced issue.

*Creations*—*Baron and Viscount*, 1st April, 1625. *Earl*, 30th March, 1647. *Earl and Marquess*, 27th June, 1791: (Irish honors.) *Baron*, (British,) 3rd July, 1790.



*Arms*—Quarterly, first and fourth, chequy, or and gu. a chief vair, for **CHICHESTER**; second and third, az. fretty ar. for **ITCHINGHAM**.

*Crest*—A stork ppr. wings expanded, holding in its beak a snake ar. head or.

*Supporters*—Two wolves gu. ducally gorged and chained or.

*Motto*—Invitum sequitur honor; or, Honor sequitur fugientem.

*Seats*—Ormeau and Hay Park, Downshire; and Fisherwick, Antrim.

**DONERAILE, VISCOUNT**, (**Hayes St. Leger**.) and **Baron Doneraile**, of **Doneraile**, in the county of Cork, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 9th May, 1786; *m.* in June, 1816, **Charlotte-Esther**, second daughter of **Francis**, first Earl of Bandon, and has issue,  
**HAYES**, *b.* 1st October, 1819.

## DON

His lordship *s.* to the honors, as third viscount, upon the demise of his father, 8th November, 1819.

### Lineage.

The ancient family of **St. Leger** is of French extraction, and derives its descent from

**SIR ROBERT SENT LEGER**, *knt.* as the name was then written, one of the companions in arms of **William the Conqueror**; and, according to a tradition in that family, the person who supported that prince with his arm, when he quitted the ship to land in **Sussex**. This **Sir Robert**, having overcome a pagan Dane, who inhabited the manor of **Ulcomb**, in **Kent**, fixed his abode there; and in that place his posterity flourished for many generations. The lineal descendant of **Sir Robert**,

**SIR ARTHUR ST. LEGER**, *knt.* went first into **Ireland** in 1537, being appointed by **Henry VIII.** one of the commissioners for letting the crown lands there, and, returning into **England**, was constituted lord-deputy of **Ireland** on the 7th July, 1540. In 1543, he was recalled to inform the king of his administration of affairs; which gave his highness such satisfaction, that he created him a knight-companion of the **Garter**, and sent him back lord-deputy, in which high office he continued until 1556, serving three sovereigns, when being recalled by **Queen Mary**, he retired to his estate in **Kent**, and *d.* there 12th March, 1559. This eminent person has been characterised "as a wise and wary gentleman, a valiant servitor in war, and a good justice in peace, properly learned, and having gravity interlaced with pleasantness." He *m.* **Agnes**, daughter of **Hugh Warham**, esq. of **Warham**, and was *s.* by his second, but eldest surviving son,

**SIR WARHAM ST. LEGER**, of **Ulcomb**, who was appointed chief governor of **Munster** in 1565, under the lord-deputy **Sidney**. In 1579, he was constituted knight-mareschal of the same province; and, in 1580, he caused **James of Desmond**, who was denominated a notorious rebel, to be hanged, under martial law, at **Cork**. He was killed, eventually, in battle (in single combat), by **Hugh Maguire**, Lord of **Fermanagh**, who fell himself at the same time. **Sir Warham m.** **Ursula**, youngest daughter of **George Nevil**, Lord **Abergavenny**, and was *s.* by his son,

**SIR WILLIAM ST. LEGER**, a privy-councillor, and lord-president of **Munster** in 1627. **Sir William** represented the city of **Cork** in parliament in 1630, and was appointed, in that year, serjeant-major-general of the army; he was subsequently employed against the rebels in **Ireland**, and dying about the year 1642, was *s.* by his son,

**SIR WILLIAM ST. LEGER**, *knt.* M.P. who fell at the battle of **Newbury** in 1644, and was *s.* by his brother,

**JOHN ST. LEGER**, esq. of **Doneraile**, in the county of **Cork**, who *m.* **Mary**, only daughter of **Arthur**, first Earl of **Donegal**, and was *s.* by his son,

**THE RIGHT HON. ARTHUR ST. LEGER**, of **Doneraile**, who was created, on the 23rd of June,

## DON

1703, *Baron Kilmaydon* and *VISCOUNT DONERAILE*. His lordship *m.* in 1699, Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of John Hayes, esq. of Winchelsea, by whom he had issue,

ARTHUR, his successor.

John, killed by Arthur Blennerhasset, esq. in a duel in 1719, and *d.* unmarried.

Hayes, who *s.* his nephew in the honors.

Elizabeth, *m.* to Richard Aldworth, esq. of Newmarket, in the county of Cork, M.P. grandson of Sir Richard Aldworth, knt. provost-mareschal of Munster, and had issue *St. Leger Aldworth*.

The viscount *d.* in July, 1737, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

ARTHUR, second viscount, who *m.* first, in 1707, the only child of Charles, Lord Mohun (who lost his life in a duel with the Duke of Hamilton), by whom he had an only son,

ARTHUR MOHUN.

His lordship espoused, secondly, Catherine-Sarah, daughter of Captain John Conyngham, but had no surviving issue. He *d.* 13th March, 1733-4, and was *s.* by his son,

ARTHUR-MOHUN, third viscount. This nobleman dying *s. p.* in 1757, the honors reverted to his uncle,

HAYES, fourth viscount, at whose decease, without issue, 25th April, 1767, the viscounty, &c. became extinct, while the estates devolved upon (the son of his sister) his nephew,

*St. Leger Aldworth*, esq. This gentleman represented the borough of Doneraile in parliament in 1740; and, upon succeeding to the estates of his maternal ancestors, assumed the surname and arms of "*St. Leger*." He was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 2nd July, 1776, as *Baron Doneraile, of Doneraile*, and created *VISCOUNT DONERAILE*, 22nd June, 1785. His lordship *m.* Mary, eldest daughter of Redmond Barry, esq. of Ballyclough, in the county of Cork, by whom he had (with daughters),

HAYES, his successor.

Richard, *b.* in 1756, *m.* first in 1779, Anne, eldest daughter of Charles Blakeney, esq. of Holywell, in the county of Roscommon, and has, with other children,

Richard, in holy orders; *m.* in 1824 Charlotte, second daughter of Sir John Frederick, bart. and has issue.

Mr. *St. Leger* espoused, secondly, in 1809, Elisa, only child of Daniel-Robert Bullen, esq. and has issue.

James, in holy orders, *b.* in 1757, *m.* in 1800, Catherine, youngest daughter of Thomas Williams, esq. by whom (who *d.* in 1821) he has issue,

1. William.
2. Charles.
3. Caroline.
4. Catherine.

The viscount *d.* 15th May, 1787, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

HAYES, second viscount, who *m.* in 1785, Charlotte, fourth daughter of James Bernard, esq. of Castle Bernard, and sister of Francis, first Earl of Bandon, by whom he had issue,

HAYES, present viscount.

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Charlotte, *m.* to Jonas Stawell, esq. of Kilbrittain, in the county of Cork.

Harriett, *m.* to Richard Smyth, esq. of Ballynatray, in the county of Waterford.

His lordship *d.* 8th November, 1819.

*Creations*—Baron, 2nd July, 1776. Viscount, 22nd June, 1785.



*Arms*—As. fretty ar. a chief or.

*Crest*—A griffin, passant, or.

*Supporters*—Two griffins or, wings elevated and indorsed fretty, as.

*Motto*—Haut et bon.

*Seat*—Doneraile House, in the county of Cork.

**DONOUGHMORE, EARL OF**, (John Hely-Hutchinson,) Viscount Suirdale, and Baron Donoughmore, of Knocklofty, in the peerage of Ireland; Lord Hutchinson, Baron of Alexandria and Knocklofty, and Viscount Hutchinson, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; a general officer in the army, colonel of the 18th regiment of foot, governor of Stirling Castle, and knight grand cross of the Bath; *b.* 15th May, 1757; created 5th December, 1801, *Baron Hutchinson, of Alexandria and Knocklofty*, in consideration of his military services in Egypt during that year, with an annual pension of £2000 attached to the barony; *s.* to the other honors, as second earl, upon the demise of his brother, 22nd August, 1825. His lordship is lord-lieutenant of the county of Tipperary.

### Lineage.

**THE RIGHT HON. JOHN HELY-HUTCHINSON**, (son of Francis Hely, esq. of Gertrough, by Miss Earbury,) an eminent lawyer and statesman of Ireland, *m.* 8th June, 1761, Christiansa, daughter of Lorenzo Nickson, esq. of Munny, in the county of Wicklow, and niece and heiress of Richard Hutchinson, esq. of Knocklofty, in the county of Tipperary; in consequence of which union he assumed the additional surname of "*Hutchinson*;" and had issue,

Richard-Hely, the late earl.

**JOHN-HELY**, present peer.

Francis-Hely, *b.* 26th October, 1759; *m.* Miss Nixon, and dying in 1823, left issue,

1. John-Hely, M.P. for the county of Tipperary, late captain in the grenadier guards, (distinguished by his generous

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participation in the escape of the French General Lavalette,) who m. first, Margaret, daughter of Luke Gardiner, first Viscount M'Joy, by whom (who d. in 1825) he has a son John and a daughter. Capt. Hutchinson espoused, secondly, 5th September, 1827, Barbara, second daughter of Colonel Reynell, of Castle Reynell, in the county of Westmeath, and niece to Sir George Montgomery, bart. by whom he has issue,

William, b. 1st September, 1829.

Catherine-Alicia, b. in June, 1828.

Captain Hutchinson is heir presumptive to all the honors of his uncle, except the "Barony of Hutchinson, of Alexandria."

2. Henry, lieutenant-colonel in the army, m. in 1825, Harriet, eldest daughter of William Wrightson, esq. and widow of the Hon. Frederick-Silvester-North Douglas, and has issue.

3. Coote, captain R.N. 4. Richard.

5. Anne, m. to the very Rev. Dean Burgh.

6. Catherine-Henrietta-Hely, m. in July, 1814, to Thomas Bernard, esq. of Castle Bernard, M.P. for the King's County, and colonel of its militia, by whom she has issue,

Thomas, b. in September, 1816.

Francis, b. in December, 1818.

John-Scrope, b. in May, 1820.

Richard-Wellealey, b. in March, 1822.

Frances.

Margaret.

7. Louisa, m. to Francis, eldest son of the Rev. Sir Samuel-Syngé Hutchinson, bt.

8. Charlotte, m. in 1831, to the Rev. Mr. Wolfe, of Forenaughts, in the county of Kildare.

Augustus-Abraham-Hely, b. 20th March, 1766, a commissioner of the customs; m. Catharine-Maria, daughter of the late John Burke, esq. of Clongowna, in the county of Tipperary, and widow of John A. Jones, esq. by whom (who d. in 1824) he has three surviving children,

1. William-Jones, R.N. 2. Christopher.

3. Christiana-Sophia-Frances.

Christopher-Hely, b. 5th April, 1767, M.P. for the city of Cork; m. first, Anne, daughter of Sir James Bond, baronet, by whom he left one son, John; and, secondly, Anne, daughter of the late Very Rev. Dean Crosbie, of Limerick, sister of the present Lord Brandon, and widow of Charles-Brydges Woodcock, esq. by whom he left

1. Henry, in holy orders, m. in 1830, a daughter of the Rev. Mr. Marriott.

2. Edward. 3. Isabella.

4. Emma, m. 13th July, 1831, to Samuel Barton, esq.

Mr. Christopher Hutchinson d. in 1826, deeply lamented by his friends, his constituents, and the public at large. He had ever maintained the highest reputation for

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fearless patriotism and incorruptible political integrity.

Lorenzo-Hely, b. 20th October, 1768, in holy orders; m. Miss Blake, and d. in 1823; of whose issue, four daughters survive; the eldest m. to the very Reverend the Dean of Ross.

Christiana, d. in 1825, unmarried.

Mary, m. to Thomas Smith, esq. barrister-at-law; d. in 1831, leaving (with two daughters),

Hely-Hutchinson, in holy orders, who d. —

Prudence, } both deceased unmarried.  
Margaret, }

Mr. Hutchinson, who was called to the bar in 1748; returned to the Irish parliament in 1759, for Lanesborough, and for the city of Cork in 1761; appointed prime serjeant in 1762; provost of Trinity College, Dublin, in 1764; and secretary-of-state for Ireland, and keeper of the privy seal, in 1777; obtained a peerage for his lady,

CHRISTIANA, as *Baroness Donoughmore, of Knocklofty, in the county of Tipperary*, 16th October, 1783. Her ladyship d. 24th June, 1788, and was s. in the barony by her eldest son,

RICHARD-HELY, b. 29th January, 1756; advanced to a viscounty, as *Viscount Suhrdale*, 7th November, 1797; and created *Earl of Donoughmore*, 29th December, 1800, with special remainder to the male descendants of his mother, the late Baroness Donoughmore. His lordship, who had previously a seat in the house of lords, as one of the representative peers of Ireland, being elected at the Union, was enrolled amongst the peers of the empire, as *Viscount Hutchinson, of Knocklofty*, 14th July, 1831, with a similar remaindership. Lord Donoughmore was a lieutenant-general in the army, governor of the county of Tipperary, and lord-treasurer's remembrancer in the court of exchequer in Ireland. His lordship d. unmarried, 22nd August, 1825, when all his honors devolved, according to the limitation, upon his brother, Lord Hutchinson.

*Options*—Baron, 16th October, 1783. Viscount, 7th November, 1797. Earl, 29th December, 1800; (Irish honors.) Baron, 5th Dec. 1801. Viscount, 14th July, 1821; (United Kingdom.)



*Arms*—First and fourth per pale, gu. and az, a lion rampant, betw. eight cross-croissants ar; second, ar. a fesse between three stags' heads erased in chief, and a demi-lion rampant in base ar. third az. a garb between three stags' heads erased ar.

## DOR

**Crest**—A cockatrice, wings expanded, az. comb, wattle, and members or.

**Supporters**—Two cockatrices or, collared sa. combed and wattled gu.

**Seats**—Knocklofty, Clonmell; and Palmerstown, Dublin.

**Note**.—The Right Hon. John-Hely Hutchinson, the founder of the honors of the family, shortly before his decease, was offered, should he be disposed to retire from the fatigues of office, an earldom for himself, besides other beneficial arrangements for his family, and he had actually chosen the title of "O'Hely," when his death, in 1794, terminated, prematurely, the affair.

**DORCHESTER, BARON**, (Guy-Carleton,) of Dorchester, in the county of Oxford; *b.* 25th October, 1811; inherited the title, as third baron, at the decease of his cousin, 3rd June, 1826.

### Lineage.

GENERAL SIR GUY CARLETON, K.B. (son of Christopher Carleton, esq. of Newry, by Catherine, daughter of Henry Ball, esq.) was, in consideration of his eminent services during the first American war, elevated to the peerage, 21st August, 1786, as **BARON DORCHESTER, of Dorchester, in the county of Oxford**, having previously obtained a pension of £1800 per annum for his own life, and the lives of his lady and two eldest sons. His lordship *m.* 22nd May, 1772, Maria, daughter of Thomas, second Earl of Effingham, by whom he had issue,

Christopher, lieutenant-colonel in the army, who *d.* in 1806, leaving issue by Priscilla-Martha, daughter of William Belford, esq. (who, with her daughter Maria, was lost at sea in 1813.)

**ARTHUR-HENRY**, second baron.

George, lieutenant-colonel in the army, killed at Bergen-op-Zoom in 1814, leaving issue by Henrietta, daughter of Henry King, esq. of Askhall Hall,

1. GUY, present peer.
2. Maria, *m.* in 1825, to Rev. J. King.
3. Henrietta.

4. Georgiana, *m.* in 1831 to R. King, esq. Richard, in holy orders, *b.* in 1792, *m.* in 1820, Frances-Louisa, second daughter of Eusebius Horton, esq. of Catton Hall, in the county of Derby, and has issue, Dudley-William.

Maria-Louisa.

Maria, *m.* in 1810, to Lord Bolton.

Frances, *m.* in 1802, to the Rev. John Orde, and *d.* in 1812.

His lordship *d.* 10th November, 1806, and was *s.* by his grandson,

**ARTHUR-HENRY**, second baron, *b.* 20th February, 1805; *d.* 3rd June, 1826, when the barony descended to his cousin, GUY, the present peer.

**Creation**—21st August, 1786.

3 C

## DOR



**Arms**—Erm., on a bend sa. three pheons ar.

**Crest**—A dexter arm, embowed, holding an arrow ppr. the arm naked to the elbow, the shirt folded above it ar. and vested above gu.

**Supporters**—Two beavers ppr. the **Dexter** gorged with a mural coronet; the **Sinister** with a naval coronet, both or.

**Motto**—Quondam his vicimus armis.

**Seats**—Esholt, Yorkshire; and Stallings, Berks.

**DORMER, BARON**, (Joseph-Thaddeus Dormer,) of Wenge, in the county of Buckingham, and a baronet; *b.* at Gran, in Hungary, 1st June, 1790; *s.* to the title, as eleventh baron, upon the demise of his first-cousin, 9th December, 1826; *m.* 8th May, 1829, Elizabeth-Anna, eldest daughter of Sir Henry Tichborne, baronet of Tichborne, in the county of Hants, and has issue,

**JOHN-BAPTIST-JOSEPH**, *b.* 22nd May, 1830.

His lordship is an officer of rank in the Austrian service.

### Lineage.

**GEFFERY DORMER**, of West Wiccombe, in the county of Buckingham, *m.* Eleanor, daughter and heiress of Thomas Dorre, alias Chobbe, and was *s.* by his son,

**GEFFERY DORMER**, of West Wiccombe, who *m.* Judith, daughter of Robert Badlington, Lord of the manor of Thame, and was *s.* by his son,

**GEFFERY DORMER**, of West Wiccombe, and in right of his mother, of the manor of Thame, in Oxfordshire. This Geffery increased his estate considerably by marriage with Ursula, daughter and heir of Bartholomew Collingridge, the heir-general of Arundel. He had, with other issue, **WILLIAM**, his successor.

**Michael (Sir)**, sheriff of London in 1329, and lord-mayor in 1541.

Geffery Dormer was *s.* by his eldest son,

**WILLIAM DORMER**, of West Wiccombe, who *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir John Launcelyn, a French knight, and was *s.* by his only son,

**SIR ROBERT DORMER**, *knt.* high-sheriff of the counties of Bedford and Buckingham, thrice, during the reign of Henry VIII. This gentleman, upon the dissolution of the monasteries, obtained a grant in fee to himself, and Jane, his wife, (daughter of John Newdigate, esq. of Harfield, in

the county of Middlesex, serjeant-at-law,) of the manor of Wenge, in the county of Bucks, part of the possessions of the abbey of St. Albans. He *d.* in 1552, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM DORMER, K.B., M.P. for the county of Buckingham, in the sixth year of Edward VI. This gentleman had license, in the third year of Philip and Mary, to retain thirty men, besides his menial servants; those so retained wearing only his livery, and attending on special occasions. Sir William *m.* first, Mary, daughter of Sir William Sidney, by whom he had two daughters, *vis.* Anne, *m.* to Sir William Hungerford, and Jane, maid of honor to Queen Mary; *m.* to Don Gomez Suarez, Count of Feria. Sir William Dormer espoused secondly, Dorothy, daughter of Anthony Catesby, esq. of Whiston, in the county of Northampton, and had three sons and three daughters. He *d.* 17th May, 1575, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR ROBERT DORMER, *knt.* who was created a baronet 16th June, 1615, and elevated to the peerage by the title of *Baron Dormer, of Wenge*, 30th of the same month, in the same year. His lordship *m.* the Hon. Elizabeth Browne, daughter of Anthony, Viscount Montagu, and had (with daughters),

WILLIAM, who *m.* Alice, daughter of Sir Richard Molineaux, of Sefton, in the county of Lancaster, *bart.* and dying before his father, left

ROBERT.

Elizabeth, *m.* to Edward Somerset, Marquess of Worcester.

Anthony, of Grove Park, in the county of Warwick, *m.* Margaret, daughter of Sir Anthony Terringham, of Terringham, in the county of Bucks, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

Robert, *m.* Anne, daughter of Rowland Eyre, esq. of Hasop, in the county of Derby, and had, with other issue,

ROWLAND, who *s.* as fourth baron.

Robert, of Peterley, in the county of Bucks, *m.* Mary, daughter of Edward Banester, esq. of Ilsworth, in the county of Southampton, by whom he had, besides daughters, four sons, the youngest of whom,

CHARLES, continued the line, and marrying Mary, daughter of — Cellier, esq. was father of

CHARLES, who *s.* as fifth Lord Dormer.

His lordship *d.* in 1616, and was *s.* by his grandson,

ROBERT, second baron, who was created *Viscount Ascot* and *EARL OF CARNARVON*, 2nd of August, 1628. His lordship, who took up arms in the royal cause, was killed at the battle of Newbury, 30th September, 1643, and was *s.* by his only son, (by Anna-Sophia, daughter of Philip, Earl of Pembroke and Montgomery,)

CHARLES, second earl, who *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of Arthur, Lord Capel, by whom he had three surviving daughters, *vis.*

Elizabeth, *m.* to Philip, second Earl of Chesterfield.

Isabella, *m.* to Charles Coote, Earl of Mount-rath.

Anna-Sophia.

His lordship espoused secondly, Mary, daughter of Montagu Bertie, Earl of Lindsey, but had no issue. He *d.* 20th November, 1709, when the earldom and viscounty expired; but the barony and baronetcy descended to his kinsman,

ROWLAND, fourth baron, (refer to the Hon. Anthony Dormer, of Grove Park, in the county of Warwick, second son of the first lord). This nobleman *d.* unmarried, in 1712, when the honors devolved upon his cousin,

CHARLES, fifth baron, (refer to the Hon. Robert Dormer, of Peterley, in the county of Bucks). His lordship *m.* first, Catherine, daughter of Edmund Fettiplace, esq. of Suncombe, in the county of Oxford, by whom he had two sons; and, secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Richard Biddulph, esq. by whom he had a large family. He *d.* 2nd July, 1723, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

CHARLES, sixth baron, who *d.* unmarried, 7th May, 1761, when the honors devolved upon his brother,

JOHN, seventh baron, who *m.* in 1719, Mary, daughter of Sir Cecil Bishopp, *bart.* of Parham, by whom he had issue,

CHARLES, his successor.

John, of the Austrian service, who *m.* Elizabeth, second daughter of Gabriel, Count Buttlar, of the kingdom of Hungary, and dying in 1793, left

JOSEPH-THADDEUS, present peer.

Elizabeth, *m.* to Baron O'Brien, general in the Austrian service, and *d.* in 1805.

James, *m.* Mary, daughter of Patrick Parcel, esq. of Cadiz, and had issue.

Elizabeth, *m.* to George, fifteenth Earl of Shrewsbury.

His lordship *d.* 7th October, 1785, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

CHARLES, eighth baron. This nobleman *m.* first, Mary Talbot, sister to George, fifteenth Earl of Shrewsbury, by whom he had one son, Charles; and secondly, the widow of General Mordaunt, by whom he had

JOHN-EVELYN-PIERREFONT.

Anne, *m.* to E. T. Gould, esq. of Mansfield Woodhouse, Notts.

Elizabeth-Lucy, *m.* Henry-Berkeley Portman, esq. of Bryanstone, in the county of Dorset, who *d.* in 1803.

Frances, *m.* to Robert Knight, esq. of Barrels, in the county of Warwick.

His lordship *d.* 29th March, 1804, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

CHARLES, ninth baron, who *d.* unmarried, 2nd April, 1819, when the peerage devolved upon his half-brother,

JOHN-EVELYN-PIERREFONT, tenth baron. His lordship *m.* 6th November, 1793, Elizabeth, daughter of William-John, fifth Marquess of Lothian,



by whom (who *d.* in 1832,) he had no issue. This nobleman, having conformed to the church of England, took his seat in the house of lords. His lordship dying in 1826, the honors devolved upon his kinsman, COLONEL DORMER, present peer; (refer to issue of the seventh baron.)

*Creations*—Baronet, 10th June, 1615. Baron, 30th June, 1615.



*Arms*—As, ten billets, four, three, two, and one, or, on a chief of the second, a demi-lion rampant, issuant, sa.

*Crest*—A right-hand glove, ppr. surmounted by a falcon ar.

*Supporters*—Two falcons, the DEXTER ppr. armed, membered, and belled or, the SINISTER ar. armed, &c., as the dexter.

*Motto*—Cio che Dio vuole io voglio.

*Seats*—Beterley Lodge, Bucks; and Grove Park, near Warwick.

**DORSET, DUKE OF**, (Charles Sackville-Germain,) Earl of Dorset and Middlesex, Viscount Sackville, Baron Buckhurst, Baron Cranfield, and Baron Bolebroke, K.G.; *b.* 27th August, 1767; *s.* to the viscount of Sackville, and barony of Bolebroke, at the demise of his father, (the once celebrated Lord George Germain,) 26th August, 1785; and to the dukedom and other hereditary honors of his family upon the death of his cousin, 14th February, 1815. His grace is the fifth duke.

### Lineage.

The Sackvilles, or Saukevilles, as the name was originally written, have been persons of considerable power, wealth, and influence, ever since the Conquest; and the house of Dorset can trace its foundation to

SIR ROBERT DE SAUKEVILLE, knight, third son of Herbrand de Salkavilla, one of the chieftains in the army of the Conqueror. From this Robert descended

JOHN SACKVILLE, esq. sheriff of the counties of Sussex and Surrey, in the 19th, 32nd, and 38th Henry VIII., and M.P. for East Greenwich, in 4th and 5th Philip and Mary, (being the only return ever made by Greenwich). This John *m.* Anne, second daughter of Sir William Boleyn,

knight, and aunt of Queen Anne Boleyn, and had a numerous family; of which the eldest son,

SIR RICHARD SACKVILLE, knight, was member of the privy-council, in the reigns of Mary and Elizabeth; chancellor of the court of augmentations in the former, and under treasurer of the exchequer in the latter; M.P. for the county of Kent, and, subsequently, for the county of Surrey. Sir Richard *m.* Winefrede, daughter of Sir John Bruges, lord-mayor of the city of London; and, dying in 1556, was *s.* by his eldest son,

THOMAS SACKVILLE, esq. who was knighted in the presence of Queen Elizabeth, by the Duke of Norfolk, 8th June, 1567; and, on the same day created a peer of the realm, as *Baron Buckhurst, of Buckhurst, in the county of Sussex*. In 1594, his lordship was appointed *LORD-HIGH-TREASURER* of England; and, on the 13th March, 1603-4, was advanced to the dignity of *EARL OF DORSET*. Of this nobleman Warton says, "At both universities, (he had been a student of Oxford and Cambridge,) he became celebrated as a Latin and English poet; and he carried his love of poetry, which he seems to have almost solely cultivated, to the inner temple. It was now fashionable for every young man of fortune, before he began his travels, or was admitted into parliament, to be initiated in the study of the law. But instead of pursuing a science, which could not be his profession, and which was unaccommodated to the bias of his genius, he betrayed his predilection to a more pleasing species of literature, by composing the tragedy of 'Gorboduck;' which tragedy was exhibited in the great hall of the Inner Temple, by the students of that society, as part of the entertainments of a grand Christmas festival; and, afterwards, before Queen Elizabeth, at Whitehall, 18th January, 1561." At the trial of the unhappy Earl of Essex, this nobleman, then Lord Buckhurst, officiated as lord-high-steward of England. His lordship *m.* Cecile, daughter of Sir John Baker, knt. of Sisinghurst; and, dying suddenly, at the council-table at Whitehall, 19th April, 1608, was *s.* by his eldest son,

ROBERT, second earl, who enjoyed the family honors but a few months, and, dying 25th February, 1608-9, was *s.* by his eldest son, by Margaret, daughter of Thomas, Duke of Norfolk,

RICHARD, third earl. His lordship *m.* Lady Anne Clifford, daughter and sole heiress of George, Earl of Cumberland, by whom he had two daughters,

Margaret, *m.* to John, Earl of Thanet.

Isabella, *m.* to James, Earl of Northampton.

He *d.* in 1634, when the honors devolved upon his brother,

EDWARD, fourth earl, K.G., who *m.* Mary, daughter and heiress of Sir George Curzon, of Croxhall, in the county of Derby; by whom he had issue two sons. His lordship, before he attained the title, was concerned in a fatal duel, which is thus mentioned by Lord Clarendon:—"He entered into a fatal quarrel, upon a subject very unwarrantable, with a young nobleman of

## DOR

Scotland, the Lord Bruce, upon which they both transported themselves into Flanders, and attended only by two chirurgiens, placed at a distance, and under an obligation not to stir, but at the fall of one of them; they fought under the walls of Antwerp, where the Lord Bruce fell dead upon the place; and Sir Edward Sackville (for so he was then called,) being likewise hurt, retired into the next monastery, which was at hand." This nobleman, for several years after the accession of King Charles I., was a leading member of the government, and the murder of his royal master preyed so severely upon him, that he never afterwards stirred out of his house. He *d.* in 1632, and was *s.* by his elder, and only surviving, son,

RICHARD, fifth earl, who *m.* Lady Frances Cranfield, eldest daughter of Lionel, Earl of Middlesex, and, eventually, sole heiress of her brother, Lionel, third Earl of Middlesex; by whom he had several children. His lordship *d.* in 1677, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

CHARLES, K. G. sixth earl; who was pre-eminently distinguished as an anacreontic poet. This nobleman succeeding also, in right of his mother, to the estates of the Earl of Middlesex, had been created, 4th April, 1675, *Baron Cranfield, of Cranfield, in the county of Bedford, and Earl of Middlesex*. His lordship's second wife was Mary, daughter of James Compton, Earl of Northampton; by whom, besides a daughter, he had his successor,

LIONEL-CRANFIELD, K. G. seventh earl; *b.* 18th January, 1686; created *Duke of Dorset*, 13th June, 1720. His grace *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Lieutenant-general Colyear, and niece of David, Earl of Portmore, by whom he had issue,

CHARLES, his successor.

John-Philip, *m.* in 1744, Frances, daughter of John, Earl Gower, and, dying in 1765, left

JOHN-FREDERICK, who succeeded as third duke.

Mary, *m.* to Sackville, eighth Earl of Thanet.

GEORGE, *b.* 26th January, 1715-16, assumed by act of parliament, 16th February, 1770, the surname of "GERMAINE," pursuant to the wills of Sir John and Lady Elizabeth Germaine, of Drayton, in the county of Northampton. This nobleman was subsequently distinguished as a soldier and a statesman, under the designation of "Lord George Germaine." In the former character less fortunate, however, than he was in the latter; having incurred the displeasure of the commander-in-chief, Ferdinand, Prince of Brunswick, at the battle of Minden; and being censured by a court-martial, held at his own request, upon returning to England. His lordship was endowed with extraordinary talents, and filled, subsequently to this unpleasant affair, some of the highest offices in administration. He was elevated to the peerage 11th February, 1782, as *Baron Bolebroke*,

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and *Viscount Sackville*. He *m.* Diana, second daughter and co-heiress of John Sambrooke, esq. by whom he had

CHARLES, present duke.

George, *b.* 7th December, 1770; *m.* in 1814, Miss Pearce, and has two daughters.

Diana, *m.* in 1777, to John, second Earl of Glandone, and *d.* in 1814.

Elizabeth, *m.* in 1781, to Henry-Arthur Herbert, esq.

His lordship *d.* 26th August, 1785.

Besides these sons, the Duke of Dorset had three daughters. His grace *d.* 10th October, 1765, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

CHARLES, second duke, who *m.* Grace, daughter and sole heir of Richard Boyle, Viscount Shannon, but dying without issue, 6th January, 1760, the family honors devolved upon his nephew,

JOHN-FREDERICK, third duke. His grace was lord-lieutenant and custos-rotulorum of the county of Kent and city of Canterbury, and vice-admiral of the coasts of the said county; and, in 1783, ambassador to the court of France. He *m.* in 1790, Arabella-Diana, daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Cope, baronet, and, dying in 1799, was *s.* by his only son,

GEORGE-JOHN-FREDERICK, fourth duke; *b.* 15th November, 1793; killed by a fall from his horse, while hunting near Dublin, 14th February, 1813, being on a visit, at the time, to his mother, who had married Charles, Earl Whitworth, then lord-lieutenant of Ireland. Dying a bachelor, the family honors devolved upon his cousin, Charles, Viscount Sackville, the present duke; (refer to Lord George, third son of first duke.)

*Creations*—Baron Backhurst, 9th June, 1567. Earl of Dorset, 13th March, 1603-4. Baron Cranfield and Earl of Middlesex, 4th April, 1675. Duke of Dorset, 13th June, 1720. Viscount Sackville, &c. 11th February, 1782.



*Arms*—Quarterly, or and gu. over all, a bend vair.

*Crest*—Out of a coronet, composed of eight fleurs-de-lis or, an estoile of the like number of points ar.

*Supporters*—Two leopards ar.

*Motto*—Aut nunquam tentes, aut perforce.

*Town Residence*—Harley-street.

*Seat*—Drayton House, Northamptonshire.

**DOUGLAS, BARON,** (Archibald Douglas,) of Douglas Castle, in the county of Lanark, lord-lieutenant and hereditary sheriff of the county of Forfar; *b.* 25th March, 1773; *s.* to the title, as second baron, at the decease of his father, 26th of December, 1827.

### Lineage.

**SIR JOHN STEWART**, baronet, of Grandtully, (brother and successor of Sir George Stewart, of Balcaskie, who inherited the estate of Grandtully, and second son of Sir Thomas Stewart, of Balcaskie, created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* 2nd January, 1683,) *m.* for his second wife,

**THE LADY JANE DOUGLAS**, only daughter of James, second Marquess of Douglas, by whom he had two sons, (twins) Sholto the younger, who *d.* in infancy, and

**ARCHIBALD STEWART**. This gentleman, upon the demise of his uncle, Archibald, Duke of Douglas, without issue, 21st July, 1761, (when the dukedom expired,) was returned heir of line and provision to that noblemen; but the Duke of Hamilton, who had inherited his grace's marquessate of Douglas, disputing the return, on the ground of Mr. Stewart's birth being surreptitious, and the Scotch courts determining in favour of Hamilton, an appeal was, however, made to the house of lords, which reversed the Scottish judgment, 27th February, 1769. This suit (known so well by the name of the "Douglas cause") made a noise all over Europe, and is one of the most extraordinary ever litigated. Mr. Stewart, becoming thus entitled to the estates, assumed the surname and arms of "DOUGLAS," and was elevated to the peerage as **BARON DOUGLAS, of Douglas Castle**, 9th July, 1790. His lordship *m.* first, 1st June, 1771. Lucy, only daughter of William, second Duke of Montrose, by whom (who *d.* 13th February, 1780) he has issue,

**ARCHIBALD**, present peer.

Charles, *b.* 26th October, 1775, M.P.

Jane-Margaret, *m.* in 1804, to Henry-James, Lord Montagu.

Lord Douglas *m.* secondly, 13th May, 1783, Frances, posthumous daughter of Francis, Earl of Dalkeith, and sister of Henry, third Duke of Buccleuch, by whom he had

James, in holy orders, *b.* 9th July, 1787; *m.*

18th May, 1813, Wilhelmina, second daughter of General the late Honorable James Murray.

George, captain R. N. *b.* 2nd August, 1788.

Caroline-Lucy, *m.* Vice Admiral Sir George Scot.

Frances-Elizabeth, *m.* in 1826, to William Moray-Stirling, esq. of Ardoch, N.B.

Mary-Sidney, *m.* in 1821, to Robert Douglas, esq.

His lordship *d.* 26th December, 1827.

*Creation*—9th July, 1790.

**Arms**—Quarterly, first and fourth, *az.* a lion rampant, *ar.* crowned with an imperial crown or, for the **EARLDOM OF GALLOWAY**; second, or,

a lion rampant, *gu.* surmounted by a bend *sa.* for **LORD ABERNETHY**; third *ar.* three piles *gu.* for **WISHART**, of Brechin; fourth, or, a fesse, chequy, *az.* and *ar.* surmounted by a bend *gu.* charged with three buckles of the first, for **STEWART of Bonkle**: over all, upon an escutcheon *ar.* a man's heart *gu.* ensigned with an imperial crown *ppr.* on a chief *az.* three stars of the first, the paternal coat of **DOUGLAS**.



*Crest*—A salamander vert, in fire *ppr.*

*Supporters*—**Dexter**, a savage man, wreathed about the middle with a laurel, and resting upon his shoulder a club, all *ppr.*; **Sinister**, an antelope, *ppr.* both within park pales, also *ppr.*

*Motto*—*Jamais arriere.*

*Seats*—Douglas and Bothwell Castles, Lanarkshire; and Amesbury, Wilts.

**DOUGLAS, SIR KENNETH**, baronet, of Glenbervie, in the county of Kincardine, so created 30th September, 1831; *m.* 18th December, 1804, Rachel, only child and heiress of Robert Andrews, of Hythe, in the county of Kent, esq., and has had issue,

**ROBERT**, capt. in the army, *b.* 25th April, 1807.

Kenneth, lieutenant 58th regiment; *b.* 14th July, 1809, and *d.* at Ceylon in 1830.

Alexander-Douglas, an officer in the army, *b.* 22nd December, 1811.

Edward, *b.* 14th March, 1815.

Lynedoch, *b.* 28th October, 1818.

Donald, *b.* 7th July, 1821.

Rachel.

### Lineage.

If a long line of illustrious ancestors, distinguished by the highest titles of honor, and connected with the most august houses in Europe, can add importance to a name, there is not one in the empire more dignified than that of Douglas. The family has been connected with the first nobles of Scotland, England, and France; and it has intermarried no less than eleven times with the royal houses of Scotland, and once with that of England. The traditional, but probably fabulous, account of the origin of the house, is, that about the year 770, in the reign of Solvathius, king of the Scots, one Donald Bene, of the Western Isles, having invaded the Scottish territory, and routed the royal army, a man of rank and figure came seasonably, with his friends and followers, to the king's assistance, who then renewed the conflict, and obtained a complete

victory over the invader. The king, being desirous of seeing the person who accomplished for him so important a service, that individual was pointed out to the monarch, by his colour, or complexion, in these words of the old Gaelic, or Celtic language, *Sholto du Glas*; in English, "Behold the black or swarthy-coloured man;" from which, the story goes, he was named *Sholto the Douglas*. The king rewarded this hero with grants of lands in the county of Lanark, which were denominated Douglas; and hence the family surname. This Sholto is said to have left two sons;—Hugh, ancestor of the Douglasses, in Scotland; and William, progenitor of the *Scotti Douglassii*, in Italy.

THE HONORABLE SIR WILLIAM DOUGLAS, of Glenbervie, second son of Archibald, fifth, and commonly called the great, Earl of Angus, obtained from his father, in patrimony, the lands and barony of Braidwood, in Lanarkshire, about the year 1510; and by his marriage with Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Sir John Auchinleck, of Auchinleck, in the county of Ayr, acquired the lands and barony of Glenbervie, in the shire of Kincardine; which became, subsequently, the principal seat of the family; and in consequence of this marriage, Sir William and his posterity have ever since continued to quarter the arms of Auchinleck with their own. Sir William, with his brother, the Hon. George Douglas, fell at the fatal battle of Flodden Field, in 1513, and left an only son,

SIR ARCHIBALD DOUGLAS, knt.; whose eldest son, SIR WILLIAM DOUGLAS, knt. of Glenbervie, obtained a charter from King James V. in 1591, confirming all the ancient privileges of the family of Douglas, namely—*The first vote in council, or parliament; to be the king's hereditary lieutenant; to have the leading of the van of the army in the day of battle; and to carry the crown at coronations*; to himself and his heirs male. All these were again confirmed by a charter under the great-seal, in 1602. Sir William, upon the demise of Archibald, the eighth Earl of Angus, without male issue, succeeded to the earldom as heir male, and became the ninth earl. His lordship m. Giles, daughter of Sir Robert Graham, of Morphy, by whom he had six sons and daughters; and at his decease, bequeathed to his second son,

THE HONORABLE SIR ROBERT DOUGLAS, the lands of Glenbervie; which Sir Robert was s. at his decease by his eldest son,

WILLIAM DOUGLAS, of Glenbervie, who was created one of the original *Baronets of Nova Scotia*, with a grant of sixteen thousand acres of land in that colony, 30th May, 1625. Sir William m. Janet, daughter of Alexander Irvine, esq. of Drum, and was succeeded at his decease by his only son,

SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman m. Anne, daughter and heiress of James Douglas, of Stoney-path and Airdit, with whom he acquired an accession of property. He d. in the reign of King Charles II. and was s. by his only son,

SIR ROBERT, a general-officer in the army,

and colonel of the Scotch royals, which he commanded at the battle of Steenkirk, in 1692, where he fell; and dying without male issue, the title devolved upon his cousin,

THE REV. SIR ROBERT DOUGLAS, D.D. and rector of Stepeny. Sir Robert d. in 1750, and was s. by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman, who was a lawyer of great eminence and learning, was chosen, in the year 1728, provost of the city of St. Andrews, and was annually re-elected, for nineteen years. He m. Elizabeth, daughter of John Douglas, esq. of Garvald, and d. without issue in July, 1764, when the title devolved upon his brother,

SIR ROBERT, (author of the *Peerage of Scotland*), who m. thrice, but had issue by his second wife only, Margaret, eldest daughter of Sir James Mac Donald, bart. of Mac Donald,

ALEXANDER, a physician of great eminence, his successor, with whom the baronetcy expired.

Janet, m. to Kenneth Mackenzie, of Kilcoy, in the county of Ross, esq., and had, with other issue,

KENNETH, who assumed, by sign manual, 19th October, 1831, the name and arms of Douglas, and was created a baronet as above.

Creation—30th September, 1831.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, ar. a heart, gu. regally crowned or, on a chief az. three mullets of the field; second and third, ar. a cross, counter-embattled, sa.

*Crest*—A salamander in flames, ppr.

*Supporters*—Dexter, a savage, wreathed about the head and waist with laurel, and holding a baton, erect, ppr.; Sinister, a stag ppr. attired and unguled or.

*Motto*—Jamais arriere.

DOUGLAS, SIR HOWARD, baronet, of Carr, in the county of Perth, K.C.S. C.B. and F.R.S.; a major-general in the army; m. in 1799, Anne, eldest daughter of James Dundas, esq. and has issue,

- |                  |                       |
|------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. CHARLES.      | 2. James Dundas.      |
| 3. Robert-Percy. | 4. William-Frederick. |
- And four daughters.

Sir Howard s. to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his brother, 24th May, 1809.

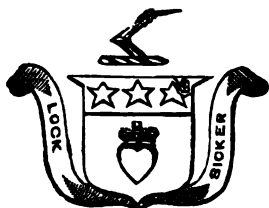
## DOU

### Lineage.

1. CHARLES DOUGLAS, esq. descended lineally from James, sixth Earl of Morton, (the Douglasses of Lochleven,) an eminent and distinguished naval commander, was created a baronet 23rd January, 1777, for the important service he had rendered at the head of his squadron, in 1776, by forcing a passage up the river St. Lawrence, and relieving Quebec, then closely invested by the Americans. After a series of other gallant exploits, this brave officer *d.* 10th March, 1789, and was *s.* by his son, (by Jane, daughter of John Baillie, esq.)

2. SIR WILLIAM HENRY, vice-admiral of the blue. This gentleman dying unmarried, in May, 1809, the title devolved upon his brother, Major-general DOUGLAS, the present baronet.

*Creation*—23rd January, 1777.



*Arms*—Ar., a man's heart ensigned with a regal crown, both ppr. on a chief az. three mullets of the first.

*Crest*—An armed arm embowed, holding in the hand a dagger, all ppr.

*Motto*—Lock sicker.

*Seat*—Carr, Perthshire.

DOUGLAS-SCOTT, SIR JOHN-JAMES, baronet, of Springwood Park, in the county of Roxburgh; *b.* 18th July, 1792; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 4th June, 1821; *m.* 15th August, 1822, Hannah-Charlotte, only daughter and heiress of Henry Scott, esq. of Belford, in the county of Roxburgh; in consequence of which union he assumed, by royal permission, the name and arms of Scott, in addition to those of Douglas. Sir John has issue,

GEORGE HENRY, *b.* 19th June, 1825.

Catherine-Elizabeth-Isabella, *b.* 23rd March, 1824.

### Lineage.

1. SIR JAMES DOUGLAS, (descended from Andrew Douglas, of Friarshaw,) a naval officer of rank, received the honor of knighthood in 1759, upon bearing home the despatches, announcing the surrender of Quebec, and was created a baronet, as a reward for his subsequent gallant professional services, on the 10th June, 1786. Sir James *m.* first, Helen, daughter of Thomas Brisbane, esq. of Brisbane; and, secondly, Helen, daughter of John, Earl of Glasgow; but had

## DOV

issue by his first wife only. He *d.* in 1787, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR GEORGE, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of David, Earl of Glasgow, by whom he left an only son,

JOHN-JAMES, the present baronet.

Sir George *d.* 4th June, 1821.

*Creation*—10th June, 1766.



*Arms*—Ar., first and fourth, a human heart, imperially crowned ppr. on a chief az. three mullets, all within a bordure engrailed of the first; second and third, or, on a bend az.; a star of six points between two crescents of the first, a canton erm.

*Crests*—First, an armed arm embowed, holding in the hand a dagger all ppr., and, second, a lion's head erased, in the mouth a thistle ppr.

*Supporters*—On each side a Pegasus.

*Mottoes*—Doe or die, (for Douglas.) Pro patria, (for Scott).

*Seat*—Springwood Park, Roxburghshire.

DOVER, BARON, (George-James-Welbore Agar-Ellis, F.R.S. and F.S.A.) of Dover, in the county of Kent, so created by letters patent, dated 16th June, 1831; *b.* 14th January, 1797; *m.* 7th March, 1822; Lady Georgiana Howard, second daughter of George, sixth Earl of Carlisle, and has issue,

HENRY, *b.* 25th February, 1825.

Leopold-George-Frederick, *b.* 13th May, 1829, to whom H. R. H. Prince LEOPOLD, now King of BELGIUM, stood godfather in person.

George-Victor, *b.* 21st April, 1830, to whom Her R. H. the DUCHESS OF KENT stood godmother in person.

Lucia-Caroline-Elizabeth, *b.* 9th Jan. 1827.

Caroline-Anne-Harriet, *b.* 12th March, 1828.

— (a daughter) *b.* 5th January, 1832.

### Lineage.

This nobleman is the only son of the present Welbore, VISCOUNT CLIFDEN, in Ireland, and BARON MENDIP, in England.

*Creation*—16th June, 1831.

*Arms*—Quarterly: first and fourth, or, on a cross sa. five crescents ar. for ELLIS; second and third, az. a lion rampant, or, for AGAR.

*Crest*—A demi-lion rampant, or.

*Supporters*—Two greyhounds sa. collared or.

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the **Dexter** charged on the body with three crescents in pale; and the **Sinister** with as many crosses, recarcelée, disjoined, &c.



*Motto*—Non hac sine numine.

*Town Residence*—Dover-House, Whitehall.

*Seat*—Roehampton, Surrey.

**DOWNE, VISCOUNT**, (John-Christopher Burton-Dawney,) of the county of Downe, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Dawney, of Cowick, in the county of York, in the peerage of Great Britain; a baronet of England, and colonel of the second West York militia; *b.* 15th November, 1764; *s.* to the Irish peerage, as fifth viscount, and to the baronetcy, upon the demise of his father, 21st December, 1780, and acquired the British barony, by patent creation, dated 28th May, 1796; *m.* 31st December, 1815, Louisa, daughter of George Welstead, esq. of Apsey, by whom he has no issue. His lordship has assumed his maternal name of BURTON, before his paternal one of DAWNEY.

### Lineage.

SIR PAINE DAWNEY, of Dawney Castle in Normandy, came into England with William the Conqueror, and from him descended

SIR NICHOLAS DAWNEY, who had summons to parliament, 1st Edward III., among the barons of England, but not afterwards, owing to his absence in the holy war against the infidels; whence he brought a very rich and curious medal, now in the possession of the family. This gallant soldier of the cross *d.* 7th Edward III., leaving two sons,

**THOMAS.**

John, of Madfordferry, in the county of Somerset, who was made a knight-banneret, by King Edward III., at the battle of Cressy. Sir John left an only daughter and heiress, EMME, who *m.* EDWARD COURTENEY, son and heir apparent of Hugh, second Earl of Devon.

The elder son,

THOMAS DAWNEY, *m.* Elizabeth daughter and heir of John Newton, esq. of Snaith, in the county of York, and settled at Estrick, in that shire; and from this union lineally descended

SIR GUYDO DAWNEY, knt., who was seated at Cowick, in the county of York, temp. Henry

## DOW

VII. and Henry VIII., and *d.* there, in 1522. He *m.* Joan, sister and heir of John Darell, of Sezay, and was *s.* by his son,

SIR JOHN DAWNEY, knt. of Cowick, sheriff of Yorkshire, in the 35th Henry VIII. This gentleman *m.* Dorothy, daughter of Richard, Lord Latimer, and dying 2nd March, 1553, was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS DAWNEY, knt. of Sezay and Cowick, who *m.* Edith, eldest daughter of George, Lord D'Arcie, of Aston, and was *s.* at his decease, 3rd September, 1566, by his elder son,

SIR JOHN DAWNEY, knt. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Marmaduke Tunstall, knt. of Thurland, in the county of Lancaster, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS DAWNEY, of Cowick, who *m.* Faith, daughter and heir of Sir Richard Ledgiard, of Rysom, by whom he had five sons and four daughters. The eldest son,

JOHN DAWNEY, esq. *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Richard Hulton, one of the justices of the court of King's Bench, and had two sons, the elder of whom,

1. CHRISTOPHER DAWNEY, esq. of Cowick, was created a baronet by King Charles I. 19th May, 1642, with remainder to his brother. Sir Christopher dying without issue, the title devolved, according to the limitation, upon that gentleman.

2. SIR JOHN DAWNEY, of Cowick, M.P. for the county of York in 1660, who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, in the dignity of VISCOUNT DOWNE, 10th February, 1680. His lordship sat in King James's Irish Parliament in 1689. He *m.* Miss Ramsden, of Yorkshire, and, dying in 1695, was *s.* by his only son,

HENRY, second viscount, M.P. for the county of York, in the reigns of William III. Queen Anne, and George I. His lordship *m.* Mildred, daughter of William Godfrey, esq. of Thunick, in the county of Lincoln, and, dying in 1741, was *s.* by (the eldest son of his eldest son, the Honourable John Dawney, who *d.* in 1730, by Charlotte-Louisa, daughter of Robert Pleydell, esq. of Ampney-Crucis, in the county of Gloucester,) his grandson,

HENRY PLEYDELL, third viscount, F.R.S.; *b.* 9th April, 1727; M.P. for the county of York, in 1740 and 1751; lord of the bed-chamber to his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, and lieutenant-colonel of the 28th regiment of foot, which he commanded at the battle of Minden, in 1759. Commanding the same regiment at the battle of Camper, near Wesel, 16th October, 1760, his lordship received a mortal wound, of which he *d.* 9th December ensuing, when the honors devolved upon his brother,

JOHN, fourth viscount; *b.* 9th April, 1738. His lordship *m.* in 1763, Laura, only daughter and heiress of William Burton, esq. of Laffenham, in the county of Rutland, (by his wife, Elizabeth, daughter of George Pitt, esq. of Strathfieldsay, in the county of Hants,) by whom he had issue,

JOHN-CRISTOPHER, present peer.

William-Henry, in holy orders; *b.* 26th August, 1773; *m.* 6th June, 1811, Lydia, only

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daughter of the late John Heathcote, esq. and has issue,

WILLIAM-HENRY, *b.* 15th May, 1812.  
Lydia-Frances.

Payan.

Marmaduke, *b.* 27th July, 1777; assumed the surname and arms of LANGLEY, in 1824.

Thomas, *b.* 30th May, 1779, in holy orders.

The viscount *d.* 21st December, 1780.

*Creations*—Baronet, 19th May, 1642. Viscount, 19th February, 1680. Baron, (British,) 28th May, 1796.



*Arms*—Ar., on a bend, cottised, sa. three annulets of the field.

*Crest*—A demi-Saracen, in armour, couped at the thighs, and wreathed about the temples ppr. holding in the dexter hand a ring or, stoned az. and in the sinister a lion's gamb, erased, or, armed gu.

*Supporters*—Two lions or, gorged with a fesse, cottised, sa. charged with three annulets or, ducally crowned of the last.

*Motto*—Timet pudorem.

*Town Residence*—11, Charles-street, Berkeley-square.

*Seats*—Cowick Hall, Dawney Lodge, and Danby Castle, all in the county of York.

**DOWNES, BARON,** (Ulysses Burgh, K.C.B. K.T.S. and S.A.) of Aghanville, in the King's county, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 15th August, 1788; *m.* 20th June, 1815, Maria, only daughter and heiress of Walter Bagenal, esq. late M.P. for the county of Carlow, and has issue,

Anne, *b.* 18th December, 1818.

Charlotte, *b.* 27th January, 1826.

His lordship *s.* to the dignity, as second baron, upon the demise of his cousin, 2nd March, 1826. Lord Downes is a colonel in the army, captain in the grenadier guards, and aide-de-camp to the king.

### Lineage.

#### FAMILY OF DOWNES.

The family of Downes, from which the present peer is maternally descended, and through which he has inherited the peerage, appears to have

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## DOW

been of considerable antiquity in the county of Suffolk, its progenitors having been seated there so far back as the fourteenth century. From this root branches subsequently spread into Norfolk and Northampton; in the latter of which shires we find

DIVE DOWNES seated; and dying there in 1620, he was *s.* by an only son,

THE REV. LEWIS DOWNES, who was rector of Thornby, in that county, and was father of

DIVE DOWNES. This gentleman, having finished his education at Trinity College, Dublin, took holy orders, was made Archdeacon of Dublin in 1690, and consecrated Bishop of Cork and Ross in 1699. His lordship *m.* four times. By his first and second wives he had no issue; by the third, (Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Beecher, esq. of the county of Cork,) he had one daughter, Elizabeth; and by the fourth, (Catherine, sister of Robert, nineteenth Earl of Kildare,) he left a son,

ROBERT,

And a posthumous daughter,

Anne, who *m.* Thomas Burgh, esq. of Bert, in the county of Kildare, and had, with other children,

Thomas Burgh, esq. who *m.* Anne, only daughter of David Aigoine, esq. and *d.* in 1810, leaving

ULYSSES, present Lord Downes.

The bishop was succeeded at his decease by his only son,

ROBERT DOWNES, esq. of Donnybrooke, M.P. for the county of Kildare, who *m.* in 1737, Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Twigg, esq. of Donnybrooke, by whom he had issue,

Dive, in holy orders, LL.D. who *d.* unmarried in 1798.

And

WILLIAM DOWNES, esq. who was called to the bar in 1766; elevated to the bench in 1792, and constituted in 1803, upon the death of Lord Kilwarden, lord-chief-justice of the court of king's bench, and sworn of his Majesty's most honorable privy-council in Ireland. His lordship retired from the judicial seat in 1822; when he was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, (10th December, in the same year,) by the title of **BARON DOWNES**, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his cousin, Sir Ulysses Burgh, upon whom, at the decease of his lordship, 2nd March, 1826, the dignity devolved. Lord Downes was vice-chancellor of the university of Dublin.

#### FAMILY OF BURGH.

This family claims a common progenitor with the great and illustrious house of Clanricarde, namely,

ADELME DE BURGH, one of whose grandsons,

SIR WILLIAM DE BURGO, living in 1291, espoused Finola, daughter of Donagh O'Kelly (chief of the family of O'Kelly), and from that marriage lineally descended

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## DOW

EDMUND BURKE, of Dromkeen, in the county of Limerick, father of

*The Right Rev. ULISSES BURGH*, of Dromkeen, Lord Bishop of Ardagh, who *m.* Mary, daughter of William Kingmill, esq. and had issue,

1. RICKARD, in holy orders, who succeeded at Dromkeen.
2. William, of whom presently.
3. Thomas, of Old Town, in the county of Kildare, engineer and surveyor-general; *m.* Mary, daughter of William Smith, Lord Bishop of Kilmore, and *d.* about the year 1730. He had, with other issue,

Thomas, of Old Town, whose grandson, *The Very Rev. JOHN THOMAS BURGH*, Dean of Cloyne, *m.* Anne-Louisa, daughter of the late *Hon. Francis-Hely Hutchinson*.

John, Vicar of Donamere, in the county of Monaghan.

Mary, *m.* to Thomas Burgh, esq. of Dromkeen.

Elizabeth, *m.* to Ignatius Hussey, esq. barrister-at-law, and had a son,

WALTER HUSSEY, who assumed the additional surname of BURGH. This gentleman was distinguished as one of the most eloquent advocates at the Irish bar, under the well-known name of HUSSEY-BURGH. He was afterwards LORD CHIEF BARON of the court of exchequer in Ireland. He *m.* Anne, daughter of Thomas Burgh, esq. of Bert, and dying 29th October, 1783, left John of Dromkeen, in holy orders.

Elizabeth, *m.* to Archdeacon Hill.  
Catherine, *m.* to Sir J. M'Carty, baronet.

Mary, *m.* to Richard Griffiths, esq. of Millicent.

Anne, *m.* to B. M'Carthy, esq. barrister-at-law.

4. Dorothy, *m.* to Anthony Foster, chief-baron of the exchequer.

5. Catherine, *m.* to the Rev. Alexander Alcock, of Ferns, in the county of Wexford.

The second son,

WILLIAM BURGH, esq. of Bert, in the county of Kildare, *m.* in 1693, Margaret, daughter of Thomas Parnell, esq. of Congleton, in Cheshire, and dying about the year 1744, was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

THOMAS BURGH, esq. of Bert, who *m.* Anne, daughter of *The Right Rev. DIVE DOWNES*, Bishop of Cork and Ross (as in the lineage of the family of Downes), and had issue,

Robert.

WILLIAM, LL.D. his successor.

Thomas, comptroller-general and commissioner of the revenue in Ireland.

Robert, of the East India Company's service, *m.* Anne, daughter of Hugh Hick-

## DOW

man, esq. of Fenloe, in the county of Clare, and left two daughters,

1. Mary, *m.* to the Rev. John Hussey Burgh, of Dromkeen.

2. Catherine, *m.* to Alexander Hamilton, esq.

Margaretta-Emilia, *m.* to the Right Hon. John Foster, and created BARONESS ORIEL.

Anne, *m.* to the celebrated HUSSEY BURGH, lord-chief-baron of the exchequer.

Dorothy, *m.* to John Rochford, esq.

Mr. Burgh's will bears date 15th November, 1754, and he was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM BURGH, LL.D. who *m.* Mary, daughter and heir of George Warburton, esq. of Firmount, in the county of Kildare, but died issueless, when the estates devolved upon his brother.

THOMAS BURGH, esq. who *m.* Anne, only daughter of David Aigoin, esq. and left issue,

ULISSES, present LORD DOWNES.

Anne, *m.* to Nath. Sneyd, esq.

Mary, *m.* to John-Stanton Rochford, esq., of Clogrenan, in the county of Carlow.

Elizabeth.

Charlotte.

Mr. Burgh *d.* in 1810.

Creation—10th December, 1822.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, or, a cross gu. for BURGH; second and third, ar. three pales, wavy, gu. for DOWNES.

*Crests*—First, BURGH, a cat-a-mountain, sejant, ppr. collared and chain reflexed over the back or. Second, DOWNES, a wolf's head, erased, ppr. charged on the neck with a mullet or.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a lion, guardant, ppr. ducally gorged and chained, and charged on the shoulder with a portcullis, or; SINISTER, a knight, in complete armour, his right hand supporting a spear, on his left arm a shield of the arms of BURGH.

*Motto*—A cruce salus.

*Town Residence*—87, Pall-mall.

*Seat*—Bert, county of Kildare.

DOWNSHIRE, MARQUESS OF, (Arthur-Blundell Sandys-Trumbull-Hill, K.P. and D.C.L.) Earl and Viscount of Hillsborough, Viscount Kilwarlin, and Baron Hill, of Kilwarlin, in the peerage of Ire-



land; Earl of Hillsborough, Viscount Fairford, and Baron Harwich, in the peerage of England; hereditary constable of Hillsborough Fort; and lord-lieutenant of the county of Down; *b.* 8th October, 1788; *s.* to the honors, as third marquess, upon the demise of his father, 7th September, 1801; *m.* 25th October, 1811, Maria, eldest daughter of Other, fifth Earl of Plymouth, and has issue,

ARTHUR-WILLS-BLUNDELL-SANDYS-TRUMBULL-WINDSOR, *Earl of Hillsborough*; *b.* 6th August, 1812.

William-Frederick-Arthur-Montagu, *b.* 10th July, 1816.

Arthur-Edwin, *b.* 4th November, 1819.

Charlotte-Augusta.

Mary-Penelope.

### Lineage.

This family is originally of Norman extraction, and was anciently called DE LA MONTAGNE. In the reign of King Edward III. its members were styled Hill, alias De la Montagne; but in succeeding ages they were known by the name of Hill only.

SIR MOYSES HILL, *knt.* (descended from the family of Hill, of Devonshire, two members of which were judges of England in the beginning of the fifteenth century, and one lord mayor of London, anno 1484) went over to Ireland, as a military officer, with the Earl of Essex, in 1573, to suppress O'Neill's rebellion; and was subsequently appointed governor of Oldfleet Castle, an important fortress at the period, as it protected the harbour of Larne from the invasion of the Scots. Sir Moyses represented the county of Antrim in parliament in 1613, and having distinguished himself during a long life, both as a soldier and a magistrate, died in February, 1629-30, and was *s.* by his elder son, PETER HILL, *esq.* but we pass to his younger son, ARTHUR, who eventually inherited the estates, upon the demise of Peter's only son, Francis Hill, *esq.* of Hill Hall, without male issue. The said

ARTHUR HILL, *esq.* of Hillsborough, was colonel of a regiment in the service of King Charles I. and he sat in parliament under the usurpation of Cromwell, as well as after the Restoration, when he was sworn of the privy council. He *m.* first, Anne, daughter of Sir Richard Bolton, LORD CHANCELLOR OF IRELAND, by whom he had, with other issue, Moyses, who *m.* his cousin Anne, eldest daughter of Francis Hill, *esq.* of Hill Hall, and left three daughters. The Right Hon. Arthur Hill espoused secondly, Mary, daughter of Sir William Parsons, one of the Lords Justices of Ireland, and had three other sons and a daughter. The elder of whom,

WILLIAM HILL, *esq.* succeeded to the estates at the decease of his half brother, Moyses, without male issue. This gentleman was of the privy council to King Charles II. and James II., and M.P. for the county of Downe. He *m.* first, Eleanor, daughter of Dr. Michael Boyle, Archbishop

of Armagh, LORD CHANCELLOR OF IRELAND, by whom he had an only son MICHAEL. Mr. Hill espoused secondly, Mary, eldest daughter of Sir Marcus Trevor, who was created Viscount Dunganon, in 1668, for his signal gallantry, in wounding Oliver Cromwell, at Marston Moor, and had two other sons. He *d.* in 1693, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

MICHAEL HILL, *esq.* of Hillsborough, a member of the privy council, and of the parliaments of England and Ireland. This gentleman *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir John Trevor, of Brinknall, in the county of Denbigh, master of the rolls, in England, speaker of the house of commons, and first lord commissioner of the great seal, and had (with a daughter) two sons, namely,

TREVOR, his heir.

Arthur, who, inheriting the estates of his maternal grandfather, assumed the name of TREVOR, and was created VISCOUNT DUNGANON (see that dignity).

Mr. Hill was *s.* by his elder son,

TREVOR HILL, *esq.* of Hillsborough, who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 21st August, 1717, as *Baron Hill, of Kilwarlin, and Viscount Hillsborough*, both in the county of Down. His lordship *m.* Mary, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Anthony Rowe, *esq.* of Moswell Hill, in the county of Middlesex, and dying 3rd May, 1742, was *s.* by his only surviving son,

WILLS, second viscount, L.L.D., who was created *Viscount Kilwarlin and Earl of Hillsborough*, by letters patent, dated 3rd October, 1751, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his uncle, Arthur Hill; and enrolled amongst the peers of Great Britain, 20th November, 1756, as *Baron Harwich, of Harwich, in the county of Essex*. His lordship was advanced to a British viscounty and earldom, 28th August, 1772, by the titles of *Viscount Fairford and Earl of Hillsborough*; and created an Irish marquess, as MARQUESS OF DOWNSHIRE, 19th August, 1789. His lordship was a privy-councillor in England and Ireland. In 1763 he was constituted first commissioner of trade and plantations; in 1776, he was appointed joint postmaster-general; and, in 1768, nominated secretary of state for the colonies, which post he resigned in 1772; in 1779, he was reappointed secretary, and became one of the leaders of the administration, which had to bear the unpopularity of the American war. His lordship was register of the high court of chancery in Ireland. He *m.* first, Margaretta, daughter of Robert Fitzgerald, Earl of Kildare, and sister of James, first Duke of Leinster, by whom he had two sons and three daughters; of whom survive, Mary-Amelia, Marchioness Dowager of Salisbury. His lordship espoused, secondly, Mary, Baroness Stawell, relict of the Right Hon. Henry Bilson Legge, son of the first Earl of Dartmouth, by whom he had no issue. The marquess *d.* in 1796, and was *s.* by his only surviving son,

ARTHUR, second marquess, *b.* 3rd March, 1753; *m.* in 1786, Mary, daughter of the Hon. Martin Sandys, and his wife, Mary, daughter of William

## DOY

Trumbull, esq. of Easthamstead Park, Berks, by whom he had issue,

ARTHUR BLUNDELL, present marquess.

Arthur-Moyes-William, M.P. for the county of Down, a lieutenant-colonel in the army; b. 10th January, 1792.

Arthur-Marcus-Cecil, b. 28th January, 1796.

Arthur-Augustus-Edwin, b. 13th August, 1800. d. in July, 1831.

George-Augusta, b. 9th December, 1801.

Mary, d. 24th May, 1830.

The Marquess d. 7th September, 1801, and the marchioness having subsequently succeeded to the estates of her uncle, Edwin, second Lord Sandys, was created *Baroness Sandys of Ombersley*, in the peerage of England, 29th June, 1802, with remainder to her second, and junior sons, successively.

*Creations*.—Baron and Viscount, 21st August, 1717. Viscount and Earl, 3rd October, 1731. Marquess, 19th August, 1789 (in the peerage of Ireland). Baron, 20th November, 1758. Viscount and Earl, 28th August, 1772 (in Great Britain).



*Arms*.—First, sa. on a fesse ar. between three leopards, passant, guardant, or. spotted sa. as many escallopes gu.; second, party-per bend, sinister erm. and sa. a Non rampant, ar.; third, a cinquefoil ar.; fourth, a chevron between three trefoils slipped gu.

*Crest*.—A reindeer's head, coupéd, gu. attired and collared or.

*Supporters*.—DEXTER, a leopard or, spotted sa., ducally gorged and chained gu.; SINISTER, a reindeer gu. attired, unguled, or.

*Motto*.—Ne tentes aut perfice.

*Seats*.—Hillsborough, Downshire; North Aston, Oxfordshire; Timweston, Buckinghamshire; Hill Park, Kent; and Easthamstead Park, Berks.

DOYLE, SIR JOHN, G.C.B. and K.C., baronet, of the Island of Guernsey, so created 29th October, 1803. Sir John, who was b. in 1756, is a general officer in the army, colonel of the 87th foot, and governor of Charlemont.

### Lineage.

WILLIAM DOYLE, esq. of Clonmoy, in the county of Carlow, m. Jane, daughter of Howard Egan, esq. and left a son,

CHARLES DOYLE, esq. of Bramblestown, in the county of Kilkenny, who m. Elizabeth, daugh-

## DOY

ter of the Rev. Nicholas Milley, of Johnville, in the county of Kilkenny, and left at his decease, in 1769.

William, barrister-at-law, king's-counsel, and master-in-chancery in Ireland. This gentleman m. twice, and left issue by his second wife, an Italian lady, Cecilia Salvagni.

Charles, R. N.

Nicholas-Milley, in holy orders, left two sons,

Charles.

John-Milley (Sir), lieutenant-col. in the army, and M.P. for the county of Carlow.

JOHN, created a baronet as above.

Welbore-Ellis, a major-general in the army, colonel of the 53rd regiment, and commander-in-chief in the Island of Ceylon, where he d. in 1797, leaving (with other children)

FRANCIS-HASTINGS, created a baronet in 1828.

Catherine, m. to the Rev. Thomas Bushe.

*Creation*.—29th October, 1803.



*Arms*.—Ar., three stags' heads erased, gu. within a bordure compony, or and az.; on a canton, sa., a palm branch, in bend, sinister, under it the word "EGYPT."

*Crests*.—First, an Arab on horseback, at full speed, in the act of throwing the djirid, all ppr.; second, out of an eastern crown or, a stag's head, gu., attired of the first, charged on the neck with a star, issuing from a moon in crescent, ar.

*Supporters*.—DEXTER, a light-infantry man of the 87th regiment, leaning on his musket, bayonet fixed; SINISTER, a dragoon of the 13th regiment, holding in his exterior hand the tricoloured flag, thereon the word "LYBIA."

*Motto*.—Fortitudine vincit.

*Town Residence*.—Somerset-street, Portman-square.

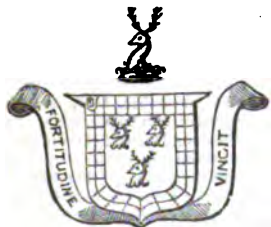
DOYLE, SIR FRANCIS-HASTINGS, baronet, a colonel in the army, deputy-chairman of the board of excise, and deputy-lieutenant of the Tower of London; b. in 1783, m. in June, 1804, Diana-Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the late Sir William-Mordaunt Milner, baronet, by whom (who d. in January, 1828) he has had issue,

1. FRANCIS-HASTINGS-CHARLES.

2. Diana-Emma.

3. Frances-Mary, d. 23rd April, 1831.
4. Emily-Josephine.
5. Selini.

Colonel Doyle, who is eldest son of the late Major-General Welbore-Ellis Doyle, and nephew of General Sir John Doyle, baronet, was created a baronet 18th February, 1828.



*Arms*—Ar., three bucks' heads erased, ppr., within a bordure compony, or and az.  
*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet, or, a buck's head, as in the arms.  
*Motto*—Fortitudine vincit.  
*Town Residence*—10, Wimpole-street.

**D'OYLEY, SIR CHARLES**, baronet, of Shottisham, in the county of Norfolk; *s.* to the title, as seventh baronet, upon the demise of his father, in 1818; *m.* Miss Greer. Sir Charles is collector of the customs at Calcutta.

#### Lineage.

This family is of very great antiquity both in England and France, and the pedigree states that the D'Oyls were Lords of OLGH or OYLY in Normandy, long before the time of Duke William, under whose banner they came into England.

Passing over several eminent persons, we come to

**HENRY D'OYLEY**, esq. of Shipdam, in the county of Norfolk, M.P. for Bucks, temp. Elizabeth, who *m.* Anne, daughter and eventually sole heiress of Edmund White, esq. of Shottisham, and was *s.* by his son,

**EDMUND D'OYLEY**, esq. of Pondhall and Shottisham. This gentleman *m.* Catherine, daughter of Sir Henry Nevil, knt. of Billingbere, in the county of Berks, and had issue,

**HENRY (Sir)**, his successor.

William, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of the Rev. Richard Stokes, Archdeacon of Norwich, and had with other issue,

**WILLIAM**, of whom hereafter as representative of the family.

**Mr. D'Oyley** was *s.* by his eldest son,

**SIR HENRY D'OYLEY**, knt. who *m.* Susan, daughter of Lionel Talmach, esq. of Helmingham, in Suffolk, and was *s.* by his only son,

**EDMUND D'OYLEY**, esq. This gentleman *m.*

Bridget, daughter of John Coke, esq. of Holkham, and dying in Sept. 1636, left an only daughter and heiress,

**SUSAN D'OYLEY**, at whose decease *s. p.* the estates of Pondhall, Topsfield and Cossford, in Suffolk, Shottisham, &c. in Norfolk, devolved upon her cousin and heir at law,

1. **SIR WILLIAM D'OYLEY**, knt. who being amongst the most zealous in the convention parliament, for the restoration of the royal family, was created a baronet 29th July, 1663. He *m.* Margaret, daughter of — Randall, esq. of Fulham, in the county of Norfolk, and was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,

2. **SIR WILLIAM**, one of the tellers of the exchequer, who was knighted in the life-time of his father. This gentleman *m.* Miss Hadley, sister of the first lady of Arthur, Earl of Torrington, by whom he had five sons. He was *s.* in 1680, by the eldest,

3. **SIR EDMUND**, who *m.* Dorothy, eldest daughter of Philip Bedingsfield, esq. of Ditchingham, in Norfolk, and dying in 1760, was *s.* by his eldest son,

4. **SIR EDMUND**. This gentleman *d.* unmarried in 1763, when the title devolved upon,

5. **THE REVEREND SIR HADLEY**, grandson of the second baronet, through his third son, Hadley D'Oyley, esq. by Elizabeth, daughter of — Yallop, esq. This gentleman *m.* Henrietta, daughter of the Rev. Henry Osborne, Vicar of Thaxted, in Essex, by whom he had two sons and five daughters. He *d.* in 1765, and was *s.* by his elder son,

6. **SIR JOHN HADLEY**, senior merchant on the Bengal establishment, and collector of Calcutta; *m.* in 1780, Diana, daughter of William Rochford, esq. widow of William Coats, esq. of Calcutta, and niece of Robert, first Earl of Belvidere, in Ireland, by whom he had issue,

**CHARLES**, the present baronet.

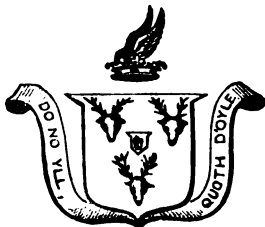
**John-Hadley**, *m.* in 1819, to Charlotte, daughter of G. N. Thompson, esq. of Penton Lodge, in the county of Hants.

**Maynard**, *m.* to Walter Farquhar, esq. (deceased.), son of the late Sir Walter Farquhar, bart.

**Harriet**, *m.* to George Baring, esq. son of the late Sir F. Baring, bart.

Sir John died at Calcutta, in January, 1818.

*Creation*—29th July, 1663.



*Arms*—Gu. three bucks' heads cabossed ar.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, two eagles' wings indorsed and erect sa. besantée.

*Motto*—Do no yll, quoth D'Oyle.

*Seat*—D'Oyley, Hampshire.

**DRAKE, SIR FRANCIS-HENRY**, baronet, of Buckland, in the county of Devon; *b.* in August, 1756; *m.* Anne-Frances, daughter of Thomas Maltby, esq. (of the same family as Doctor Maltby, Bishop of Chichester) *s.* to the title, as sixth baronet, at the decease of his uncle, 24th February, 1794.

#### Lineage.

This family was founded by the celebrated **SIR FRANCIS DRAKE**, one of the most eminent of the naval heroes who immortalized the reign of **ELIZABETH**. Born of humble parents, near Tavistock, in 1545, Drake attained the height he eventually achieved by his own enterprising spirit and transcendent merit alone. He was the son of an honest sailor named Edmund Drake, and the eldest of twelve brethren. He had the good fortune, however, of being allied to Sir John Hawkins, and was brought up at the expense, and under the care of that gallant seaman. When eighteen years of age, he appears to have held the situation of purser of a ship trading to Biscay, and at twenty, he made a voyage to Guinea. The next year he had the honor of being appointed captain of the *Judith*, and in that capacity was in the harbour of St. Juan d'Ulloa, in the Gulph of Mexico, where he behaved most gallantly in the glorious actions under Sir John Hawkins, and returned to England rich in reputation, but in nothing else. At this period he announced his intention of making reprisals upon the King of Spain, and no sooner proclaimed the project than hundreds volunteered to embark in it. In 1570 he made his first expedition with two ships, the *DRAGON* and the *SWAN*; and the next year in the *SWAN* alone, wherein he returned safe, if not rich. And having now means sufficient to perform greater matters, he laid before the public the plan of a more important design against his enemies. This he put into execution 24th March, 1572; on which day he sailed from Plymouth, himself in the *PASCHA*, of seventy tons burthen, and his brother, John Drake, in the *SWAN*, of twenty-five tons, their whole strength consisting of no more than seventy-three men and boys. With this inconsiderable force he attacked, on the 22nd July, the town of *NOMBRE DE DIOS*, and took it in a few hours by storm. Here, however, he obtained but little plunder, and was obliged eventually to retire to his ships, being severely wounded in the action. His next attempt was upon *VERA CRUZ*, which he carried and pillaged, and in returning to his vessels fortunately fell in with a string of mules laden with plate, of which he took possession. From this successful expedition he came back to England in August, 1573. He subsequently served as a volunteer in Ireland, under Walter, Earl

of Essex; and upon his return, was introduced by Sir Christopher Hatton to **QUEEN ELIZABETH**, when her majesty immediately took him under her protection: and he was enabled by her royal favor to undertake, and accomplish, within three years his celebrated voyage round the world. This famous expedition, consisting of the *PILICAN*, commanded by Drake himself; the *ELIZABETH*, Captain John Winter; the *MARYGOLD*, a bark of thirty tons, Captain John Thomas; the *SWAN*, a fly-boat of fifty tons, Captain John Chester; and the *CHRISTOPHER*, a pinnace of fifteen tons, Captain Thomas Moon, sailed from Plymouth, 15th November, 1577, and returned to the same port 3rd November, 1580. In a few months after leaving England, Drake committed what has been termed in *gentle* language, "the least commendable action of his life," but to which a much more severe description might with justice be applied. Having arrived at *PORT ST. JULIAN*, on the 18th June, he took up his abode there for two months, while he made the necessary provision for passing the Straits of Magellan. Here it was, that, on a sudden, having conducted the persons engaged in the service to a desert island, lying in the bay, he called a kind of council of war, or rather court-martial, where he exposed his commission, by which the queen had granted him the power of life and death, which was delivered with this remarkable expression from her majesty's own mouth: "We do account, that he, Drake, who strikes at thee, does strike at us." He then laid open with great eloquence (for, though his education was but indifferent, he had a wonderful flow of speech,) the cause of the assembly; he proceeded next to charge Mr. John Doughty, who had been second in command during the whole voyage, when Drake was present, and first, in his absence, with plotting the destruction of the undertaking, and the murder of its chief. He said, that he had the first notice of this gentleman's bad intentions before he left England; but that he had hoped his behaviour towards him would have extinguished such disposition, if there had been any truth in the information. He then appealed to the whole assembly, and to the accused himself, for his own conduct: he next exposed the practices of the prisoner, and supported his accusation by papers under Doughty's own hand, to which the accused added a full and free confession. After this, the captain, or as in the language of those times, he is called, the general, quitted the place, telling the assembly he expected that they should pass a verdict upon the accused, for he would be no judge in his own cause. Camden says that Doughty was tried by a jury, but other accounts affirm that the whole forty persons of which the court was composed adjudged him to death, and gave this in writing under their hands and seals, leaving the time and manner of it to the general. Upon this, Captain Drake having maturely weighed the whole matter, presented three points to Mr. Doughty's choice: first, to be executed upon the island where they were; next, to be set ashore

on the main land ; or lastly, to be sent home to abide the justice of his country. The prisoner desired that he might have until the next day to come to a determination, which was allowed him ; and then giving his reasons for rejecting the two last, he declared that he made the first his choice ; and having received the sacrament with the general, from the hands of Mr. Francis Fletcher, chaplain to the fleet, and made a full confession, his head was cut off with an axe by the provost-marshal, 2nd July, 1578. It is a very remarkable fact, that the same island had been the scene of a precisely similar affair fifty-eight years before, when Magellan caused John de Carthagena, who was joined in commission with him by the King of Spain, to be hanged under a charge of the same description ; and hence it was called the island of True Justice. Of this very questionable proceeding upon the part of Drake, Camden says, " Some, who pretending to understand things better than others, gave out that Drake had in charge from Leicester, to take off Doughty upon any pretence whatever, because he had reported that the Earl of Essex was made away with by the cunning practices of that earl." In this voyage Drake completely surrounded the globe ; but his great success, and the immense wealth he brought home, caused many to characterize the expedition as piratical, and as not only a direct violation of all our treaties with Spain, but likewise of our old league with the House of Burgundy. Her majesty, however, set the question at rest, and raised the gallant and enterprising seaman above the power of his foes ; for proceeding to Deptford, 4th April, 1581, she went on board Captain Drake's ship, where, after dinner, she conferred upon him the honor of knighthood, and ordered, at the same time, the preservation of the vessel,\* that it might remain a monument of Sir Francis's and his country's glory.

\* It is observed by Camden, that when the Queen went to dine on board this celebrated ship (the *GOLDEN HIND*), there was such a concourse of people, that the wooden bridge over which they passed broke, and upwards of one hundred persons fell into the river ; by which accident, however, nobody was hurt ; as if, he adds, the ship had been built under some lucky constellation. Upon this occasion, the following verses, made by the scholars of Winchester college, were nailed to the main-mast.

" Plus ultra, Herculeis inscribas, Drace, columnis,  
Et magno, dicas, Hercule major ero."

" Drace, pererrati quem novit terminus orbis,  
Quemque simul mundi vidit uterque Polus ;  
Si taceant homines, facient te sidera notum.  
Sol nescit comitis non memor esse sui."

The ship remained for many years an object of public admiration at Deptford, but her timbers falling at length into decay, it was found necessary to break her up, when a chair made out of her planks was presented by John Davies, esq.

In 1588, when the Spanish armada menaced the shores of England, Sir Francis Drake was appointed vice-admiral, under Charles, Lord Howard of Effingham, and had the good fortune to capture the great galleon, commanded by Don Pedro de Valdes, the reputed projector of the enterprise, by which himself and his crew divided 55000 ducats of gold. As Drake's prior expedition to the West Indies in 1585, when he took the cities of St. Jago, St. Domingo, Carthagena, and St. Augustin, forms one of the causes of complaint of the court of Spain, we shall give the very curious Latin verses presented to Queen Elizabeth by the Spanish ambassador, setting forth the terms, upon which her majesty might avert the threatened invasion of her territories.

Te veto ne pergas bello defendere Belgas :  
Quæ Dracus eripuit, nunc restituentur oportet :  
Quas pater evertit jubeo te condere cellas :  
Religio Pape fac restituantur ad unguem.

Thus translated by Dr. Fuller.

These to you are our commands :  
Send no help to the Netherlands :  
Of the treasure took by Drake,  
Restitution you must make ;  
And those abbies build anew,  
Which your father overthrew :  
If for any peace you hope,  
In all points restore the pope.

To which the queen extemporaneously replied,  
Ad Græcas, bone rex, fient mandata calendas.  
Worthy king, know, this your will,  
At latter lammas we'll fulfill.

to the University of Oxford, upon which the poet COWLEY made the following verses :

To this great ship which round the world has run,  
And match'd in race the chariot of the sun ;  
This Pythagorean ship (for it may claim,  
Without presumption, so deserved a name),  
By knowledge once, and transformation now,  
In her new shape, this sacred port allow.  
Drake and his ship could not have wish'd from  
A happier station, or more blest estate. [Fate  
For lo ! a seat of endless rest is given  
To her in Oxford, and to him in heaven.



CHAIR

Presented to the University of Oxford.

Sir Francis Drake *m.* Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Sir George Sydenham, of Combe-Sydenham, in the county of Devon, but had no issue. He died of a fever, occasioned by disappointment and anxiety (in consequence of the failure of an expedition which he had projected in conjunction with Sir John Hawkins) 28th January, 1586, on board his own ship, near the town of Nombre de Dios. His widow espoused William Courtenay, esq. of Powderham castle. He was *s.* by his nephew and godson,

1. FRANCIS DRAKE, esq. who was created a baronet, 2nd August, 1622, and he subsequently represented the county of Devon in parliament. Sir Francis *m.* first, Jane, daughter of Sir Amias Bamfylde, knight of Poltmore, in the same shire, but had no surviving issue. He espoused secondly, Joan, daugh. of Sir William Strode, knt. and had FRANCIS, his successor.

Thomas, *m.* — daughter of — Grimes, esq. and had

FRANCIS, who inherited as third baronet. — of Joybridge.

Joseph.

He was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR FRANCIS, M.P. This gentleman *m.* Dorothy, daughter of — Pym, esq. of Brymore, in the county of Somerset, but dying without issue, was *s.* by his nephew,

3. SIR FRANCIS, M.P. for Tavistock, temp. CHARLES II., who *m.* first, Dorothy, daughter of Sir John Bamfylde, bart. of Poltmore. Secondly, Anne, daughter and co-heir of Thomas Boon, esq. of Mount Boon, in the county of Devon, but had no issue. Sir Francis espoused thirdly, — daughter of Sir Henry Pollexfen, knt. lord chief justice of the court of common-pleas, and had a son, FRANCIS-HENRY, his successor, and a daughter, who *m.* Thomas Martin, esq. one of the Welsh Judges. He was *s.* by his son,

4. SIR FRANCIS-HENRY, M.P. for Tavistock. This gentleman *m.* Anne, daughter of Samuel Heathcote, esq. of Hursley, Hants, and sister of Sir William Heathcote, bart. by whom he had issue,

FRANCIS-HENRY, his successor.

Francis-William, who *m.* first, Grace-America, daughter of Colonel Samuel Gledhill, governor of Placentia, in Newfoundland, and left one surviving son,

FRANCIS-HENRY, present baronet.

Mr. Drake espoused secondly, Elizabeth, sister of Sir Thomas Heathcote, bart. and had two daughters, Mariana and Sophia.

FRANCIS-SAMUEL, rear admiral in Rodney's fleet, in the West Indies, and created a baronet in consequence of the glorious victory, 12th April, 1782. Sir Francis-Samuel, *m.* first, Miss Elizabeth Hayman, of Kent, and secondly, — daughter of George Onslow, esq. M.P. but died in 1780, leaving no issue, when his title became extinct.

Anne-Pollexfen, *m.* to the GENERAL ELLIOTT, so celebrated by his gallant defence of Gibraltar, and created in 1787 BARON HEATHFIELD, by whom she had issue,

FRANCIS-AUGUSTUS ELLIOTT, who succeeded his father as second Lord Heathfield, and his uncle, Sir Francis Henry Drake, in the estates of that family. His lordship *d. s.p.* in 1813, when the barony expired, but his fortune devolved upon his nephew, the present SIR THOMAS-TRAYTON-FULLER-ELLIOTT DRAKE, bart.

ANNE-ELLIOTT, who *m.* John-Trayton Fuller, esq. of Brightling, and had issue,

THOMAS-TRAYTON-FULLER, who inherited the Elliott and Drake estates, and assumed thereupon the additional surnames of ELLIOTT and DRAKE. He was created a baronet in 1821.

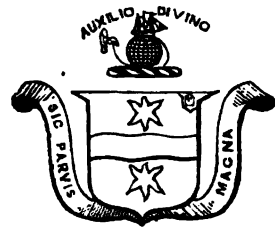
William-Stephen, } of the royal navy  
Rose-Henry, } in remainder to  
their brother's title.

Sophia, *m.* to the Rev. John Pugh, and *d. s.p.*

The baronet was *s.* by his eldest son,

5. SIR FRANCIS-HENRY, who was appointed in 1731 ranger and master of Dartmouth Forest, and the next year made clerk-comptroller of the board of green cloth. He *d.* unmarried 22nd February, 1794, when his estates passed to his nephew, Francis-Augustus Elliott, Lord Heathfield, and the baronetcy to his own nephew, FRANCIS-HENRY DRAKE, esq. present BARONET.

Creation—2nd August, 1622.



Arms—Sa, a fesse wavy, between two pole stars, ar.

Crest—On a helmet a ship under ruff, drawn round a globe with a cable rope by a hand out of the clouds.

Mottoes—Over the Crest, auxilio divino.

Under the Crest, Sic parvis magna.

Residence—Cheltenham.

DRAKE-ELLIOTT-FULLER, SIR THOMAS-TRAYTON, baronet, of Nutwell Court, in the county of Devon, so created 22nd July, 1821; *b.* 8th February, 1783; *m.* 5th August, 1819, Eleanor, only daughter of James Halford, esq. of Laleham, in the county of Middlesex. Sir Thomas is a field-officer in the army.

**Lineage.**

The paternal family of this baronet, Fuller, appears to have been settled in the county of Sussex since the close of the sixteenth century, and to have enjoyed considerable respectability there: but as his honors are derivable from the distinguished families of Drake and Elliott, our attention shall be more particularly directed to those.

The first person of any note of the name of Drake was the celebrated

SIR FRANCIS DRAKE, knt. one of the most gallant naval heroes of the reign of Elizabeth, (see SIR FRANCIS DRAKE, OF BUCKLAND, bart.) who *d.* 29th January, 1596, and was *s.* in his estates by his nephew and godson,

FRANCIS DRAKE, esq. of Buckland, in the county of Devon, who was created a baronet 2nd August, 1632: from this gentleman we pass to

SIR FRANCIS-HENRY DRAKE, the fourth baronet, who was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR FRANCIS-HENRY DRAKE, fifth baronet, at whose decease, 22nd February, 1794, the baronetcy devolved upon his nephew, the present Sir Francis-Henry Drake, of Buckland; while the estates passed to another nephew, Lord Heathfield, son of his sister,

ANNE-POLLEXFEN DRAKE, who espoused the celebrated and gallant George Elliott, created, in 1787, Baron Heathfield, of Gibraltar, for his memorable defence of that garrison; and had issue,

FRANCIS-AUGUSTUS, second Lord Heathfield, who inherited the Drake estates at the decease of his uncle. His lordship *d.* in 1813, *s. p.* when the barony expired, and his fortune devolved upon his nephew, Thomas-Trayton Fuller, esq.

Anne.

The daughter, the Hon. ANNE ELLIOTT, m. Thomas-Trayton Fuller, esq. of Brightling, in Sussex, and had issue,

THOMAS-TRAYTON FULLER.

William-Stephen Fuller, } officers of rank in  
Rose-Henry Fuller, } the army.

Upon the decease of Francis, second Lord Heathfield, his estates passed to the eldest of those gentlemen,

THOMAS-TRAYTON FULLER, esq. who thereupon assumed, by royal permission, the additional surnames of Elliott and Drake; and being created a baronet, 22nd July, 1821, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his brothers, became the present

SIR THOMAS-TRAYTON FULLER-ELLIOTT-DRAKE.

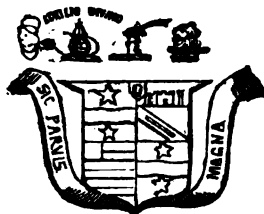
*Creation*—22nd July, 1821.

*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, *az.* a fesse wavy, between two estoiles, *ar.* for DRAKE. Second *gu.* on a bend, or, a baton, *az.* on a chief the arms of Gibraltar, *vis. az.* between two pillars, a castle, *ar.* from the gate a golden key pendent, the words "*plus ultra*," inscribed under, for ELLIOTT. Third, *ar.* three barrulets, and a canton, *gu.* for FULLER.

*Crests*—First, DRAKE, a ship under ruff, drawn

3 E

round a terrestrial globe with a cable rope by a hand out of the clouds, and on an escroll the words "*auxilio divino*." Second, ELLIOTT, a dexter hand in armour, couped above the wrist, grasping a cimeter, all *ppr.* the wrist charged with a key, *sa.* Third, FULLER, out of a ducal coronet, *gu.* a lion's head, *ar.*



*Mottos*—Fortiter et recte. Sic parvis magna. Per ardua.

*Seats*—Nutwell Court; Buckland Abbey; and Sheafhayn House, all in the county of Devon.

DROGHEDA, MARQUESS OF, (Charles Moore,) Earl of Drogheda, Viscount Moore of Drogheda, and Baron Moore, of Mellefont, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Moore, of Moore Place, in the county of Kent, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; *b.* 23rd August, 1770; *s.* to the honors, as second marquess, upon the demise of his father, 22nd December, 1821.

**Lineage.**

From two brothers,

SIR EDWARD } MOORE, knights, (younger des-  
and } cendants of the Moores of Moore  
SIR THOMAS } Place, in the county of Kent,) who went over to Ireland, as soldiers of fortune, in the reign of Elizabeth, sprang the house of Drogheda, and the extinct house of Charleville.

SIR EDWARD MOORE, the elder brother, obtained, for his services, from the queen, a lease of the dissolved abbey of Mellefont, with its appurtenances, in the county of Louth, which he made the principal place of his abode; and it so continued of his descendants, until they removed to Moore Abbey, in the county of Kildare, the seat of the Viscount Loftus, of Ely, which devolved upon the Earl of Drogheda. Sir Edward m. Mildred, daughter and co-heir of Nicholas Clifford, esq. of Chart, in the county of Kent, and was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,

SIR GARRET MOORE, knt. of Mellefont, M.P. for the borough of Dungarvon, in 1613, who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, by the title of Baron Moore, of Mellefont, 30th July, 1616, and created Viscount Moore, of Drogheda, 7th of February, 1621. His lordship m. Mary, daughter of Sir Henry Colley, knt. of Castle Carbery, in the county of Kildare, and dying 9th November, 1627, was *s.* by his eldest surviving son.

## DRO

**CHARLES**, second viscount. This nobleman was killed at Portlester, county of Meath, in the service of King Charles I. 16th August, 1643: in which he had previously distinguished himself as a gallant and enterprising officer. He m. Alice, youngest daughter of Sir Adam Loftus, Viscount Ely, and was s. by his eldest son,

**HENRY**, third viscount, who was advanced to an earldom, as *Earl of Drogheda*, 14th June, 1661. His lordship m. Alice, fifth daughter of William, Lord Spencer, of Wormleighton, by Lady Penelope Wriothesley, daughter of Henry, Earl of Southampton, and dying in 1675, was s. by his eldest son,

**CHARLES**, second earl, who m. in 1660, Lady Letitia-Isabella Robartes, eldest daughter of John, Earl of Radnor, lord-lieutenant of Ireland; but dying in 1679, without surviving issue, the honors devolved upon his brother,

**HENRY**, third earl, who had assumed the name of Hamilton, upon inheriting the estates of his brother-in-law, Henry Hamilton,\* Earl of Clanbrassil. His lordship m. in 1675, Mary, daughter of Sir John Cole, baronet, of Newland, near Dublin, and sister of Arthur, Baron Ranelagh, by whom he had issue, Charles, Lord Moore, who d. in May, 1714, leaving several children by his wife, Jane, only daughter and heiress of Arthur, third Viscount Loftus, of Ely. The earl d. 7th June, 1714, and was s. by his grandson,

**HENRY**, fourth earl, who inherited the Loftus estates upon the decease of his maternal grandfather in November, 1725; but dying s. p. in May, 1727, those, and the family honors and estates, devolved upon his brother,

**EDWARD**, fifth earl. This nobleman m. first, in 1727, Lady Sarah Ponsonby, daughter of Brabazon, Earl of Besborough, by whom he had (with a daughter, Sarah, who m. William Pole, of Ballyfin, esq.)

**CHARLES**, his successor.

Ponsonby, m. to Catherine, daughter of Frederick Trench, esq. and had issue,

1. Henry, in holy orders, m. Lucie, daughter of Dr. Currie, and has issue.
2. Ponsonby, m. Barbara, daughter of J. Maconchie, esq. and has issue.
3. Robert, m. Elisabeth, daughter of the Rev. R. Warren, and has issue.
4. Charles, in holy orders, m. Agnes, daughter of Dr. Cleghorn, and has issue.
5. Frederick.
6. Catherine, m. to R. M. Reynell, esq.

Edward, in holy orders, drowned in 1758.

His lordship espoused secondly, in 1737, Bridget

\* This nobleman devised, in 1674, all his real estates to his wife, Alice (Moore), and her heirs, which her ladyship bequeathed to her brother, the Earl of Drogheda, who, after an expensive law suit, sold his interest therein, by deeds dated 18th February, 1679, for £2400, to Sir Hans Hamilton, bart. and James Hamilton, esq. of Bangor.

## DRO

Southwell, niece of Thomas, Lord Southwell, by whom he had two sons,

William, b. 11th December, 1742, and d. in 1762.

Robert, b. 12th December, 1743; m. first, Margaret, daughter of James Stephenson, esq. by whom (who d. —) he had issue,

Sarah-Frances-Henrietta, m. 18th June, 1766, to William Trench, esq. brother of Lord Ashtown.

Mr. Moore espoused secondly, Maria-Josepha, daughter of Daniel Falconer, esq. and died in 1831.

The earl, and his son, the Honorable and Reverend Edward Moore, were lost in their passage to Dublin, 28th October, 1758. He was s. by his eldest son,

**CHARLES**, K.P., sixth earl, who was created 27th June, 1791, *MARQUESS OF DROGHEDA, in Ireland*, and enrolled amongst the peers of the empire, 17th January, 1801, as *Baron Moore, of Moore Place, in the county of Kent*. His lordship, who was born in 1730, m. 15th February, 1766, Lady Anne-Seymour, daughter of Francis, first Marquess of Hertford, by whom he had issue,

**CHARLES**, present marquess.

Henry-Seymour, m. in 1824, Mary, second daughter of Sir Henry Parnell, bart., and d. in 1825, leaving a son,

**HENRY-FRANCIS-SEYMOUR**, b. 14th Aug.

1825, heir-presumptive to the honors.

Elizabath-Emily, m. to George-Frederick, late Earl of Westmeath.

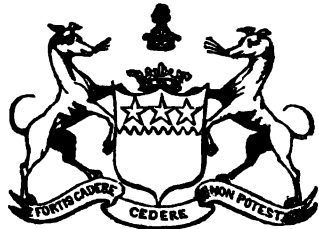
Mary, m. to Alexander Stewart, esq. only brother of Robert, first Marquess of Londonderry.

Gertrude.

Frances, m. in 1860, to the Right Hon. John Ormsby Vandeleur, who d. 28th November, 1828.

The marquess d. 22nd December, 1821.

*Creations*—Baron, 20th July, 1616. Viscount, 7th February, 1621. Earl, 14th June, 1661. Marquess, 27th June, 1794.—Irish honors. Baron, (United Kingdom) January, 1801.



*Arms*—Az. on a chief, indented, or, three mullets, pierced, gu.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, a moor's head, ppr. wreathed about the temples, ar. and as.

*Supporters*—Two greyhounds ar.

*Motto*—Fors cadere, cedere non potest.

*Seat*—Moore Abbey, Ireland.



## DRY

**DRYDEN, THE REVEREND SIR HENRY**, baronet, of Canons-Ashby, in the county of Northampton; *b.* 6th July, 1787; *m.* 30th July, 1817, Elizabeth, third daughter of the late Rev. Julius Hutchinson, of Woodhall Park, Herts, and of Owthorpe, Notts, (of whose family Colonel John Hutchinson, of Owthorpe, governor of Nottingham Castle, for the parliament, was a distinguished, although unfortunate, member;) by whom he has issue,

**HENRY-EDWARD-LEIGH**, *b.* 17th August, 1818.  
**Alfred-Erasmus**, *b.* 14th October, 1821.  
**Elizabeth-Matilda**.

Sir Henry *s.* to the title, as third baronet, at the decease of his brother, 29th September, 1818.

### Lineage.

The family of Dryden, of which the celebrated John Dryden the poet was a member, (and whose third son, Erasmus-Henry Dryden, inherited as fifth baronet,) obtained a baronetcy on the 16th November, 1619, which continued for more than a century, when it ceased with Sir John Dryden, the poet's grand-nephew, who *d.* without issue, when his estates devolved upon his niece,

**ELIZABETH-DRYDEN**, who *m.* 14th June, 1781.

1. **JOHN TURNER**, esq. (brother of Sir Gregory Page Turner, baronet) who by royal permission assumed the surname and arms of "Dryden" only, 16th December, 1791; and was created a baronet on the 11th April, 1795. Sir John served the office of high-sheriff of the county of Northampton in 1792, and received the honor of knighthood in the following year. He *d.* 16th April, 1797, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR JOHN EDWARD**, who *d.* unmarried, 29th September, 1818, when the title devolved upon his brother, the present baronet.

*Creation*—11th April, 1795.



*Arms*—Az., a lion rampant, and in chief a sphere between two estoiles, or.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a demi-lion, sustaining in the right paw a sphere, as in the arms.

*Seat*—Canons-Ashby, Northamptonshire.

\*.\* For a more ample detail of the Dryden family, see correcting sheet.

## DRU

**DRUMMOND-WALKER, SIR FRANCIS**, baronet, of Hawthornden, in the county of Mid-Lothian, *m.* Margaret-Anne, only surviving child of Sir John Forbes-Drummond, baronet, and has issue, James, lieutenant in the grenadier guards.  
Francis.  
John-Forbes.  
Richard-Hay.  
Mary.  
Jane.

Sir Francis succeeded to the title, as second baronet, at the decease of his father-in-law, 23rd May, 1829.

### Lineage.

This family is of great antiquity in the county of Mid-Lothian, there being in possession of the present baronet a charter from the crown of the Barony of Hawthornden, dated 1338, in favor of Sir Lawrence Abernethy, ancestor of the present proprietor. The estate was acquired from the family of Abernethy, of Sattam, by Sir John Drummond, gentleman-usher to King James VI. of Scotland. This Sir John Drummond (father of the celebrated William Drummond, the poet) was son of Sir Robert Drummond, of Carnock, in Stirlingshire, which estate they possessed for some centuries, and from this house of Carnock was also descended the famous Queen Annabella Drummond, mother of James I.

**ROBERT FORBES**, esq. of Corse, in the county of Banff, *m.* Anne, daughter of John Abernethy, esq. of Coskie, and sister of Dr. William Abernethy-Drummond, and was father of

1. **JOHN FORBES**, esq., who *m.* Mary, daughter of—Ogilvie, M.D. and heiress by special settlement of her cousin, Mrs. Barbara Drummond, who *d. s. p.* in 1789, wife of the abovementioned Doctor William-Abernethy Drummond, and only daughter and heiress of William Drummond, esq. of Hawthornden, upon which occasion Mr. Forbes assumed the additional surname and arms of **DRUMMOND**, of this marriage there was an only surviving daughter,

**MARGARET-ANNE**, who *m.* Francis, eldest son of the late James Walker, esq. of Daley, in the county of Mid-Lothian, a scion of the noble families of Lauderdale and Tweeddale, which Francis, thereupon, assumed the surname and arms of **DRUMMOND**.

Mr. Forbes-Drummond was created a baronet 19th December, 1827, with remainder to his son-in-law abovementioned, Sir John, who was a commander in the Royal Navy, *d.* 28th May, 1829, and was *s.* according to the limitation by the present baronet.

*Creation*—19th December, 1827.

*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, or, three bars wavy within a bordure gu. for **DRUMMOND**; second and third az., three bears' heads couped close ar. muzzled gu. for **FORBES**.

*Crest*—A demi-pegasus ar. winged, or,

*Supporters*—Two naked men wreathed about

## DUC

the loins and over the exterior shoulder of each, a club all ppr.



*Motto*—Hos gloria reddat honores.  
*Seat*—Hawthornden, Mid-Lothian.

**DUCIE, BARON**, (Thomas-Reynolds-Morton, F.S.A.) of Tortworth, in the county of Gloucester; b. 31st August, 1776; m. 5th December, 1797, Frances, only daughter of Henry, first Earl of Carnarvon, by whom (who d. in 1830) he has issue,

1. HENRY-GEORGE-FRANCIS, b. 8th May, 1802; m. in June, 1826, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of John, second Lord Sherborne, and has a son, b. in 1829.
2. Augustus-Henry, b. 24th June, 1804.
3. Percy, b. 18th June, 1806, a military officer.
4. Mary-Elizabeth-Kitty, m. to George, present Earl of Denbigh.
5. Julia, m. to James-Houghton Langston, esq. of Sarsden, in the county of Oxford, M.P.
6. Charlotte. 7. Emily. 8. Catherine.

His lordship s. to the dignity, as fourth baron, upon the demise of his father, 20th August, 1808.

### Lineage.

SIR ROBERT DUCIE, knight, descended from a Norman family of distinction, having served the office of sheriff of London in 1620, and being subsequently chosen alderman, was created a baronet 28th November, 1629. In two years afterwards (1631) he was elected to the civic chair. Sir Robert accumulated immense wealth; and, although he lost more than £20,000. by King Charles I., whose banker he had been before the breaking out of the rebellion, he is said to have died worth £400,000. He was s. at his decease by his eldest son,

2. SIR RICHARD, who d. unmarried, in 1656, and was s. by his brother,

3. SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, as *Viccount Downe*, and made one of the knights of the bath, at the coronation of King Charles II. His lordship m. Frances, daughter of Francis, Lord Seymour, of Troubridge, but dying without issue, the title ceased, while the estates descended to the only daughter of his younger brother, Robert,

ELIZABETH DUCIE, who m. Edward Moreton, esq. of Moreton and Engleton, in Staffordshire, by whom she had issue,

## DUC

MATTHEW-DUCIE MORETON, who was created, 24th June, 1720, *Lord Ducie, Baron of Moreton*, in the county of Stafford. His lordship m. Arabella, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Prestwich, baronet, by whom he had issue,

MATTHEW, his successor.

Charles, who left an only daughter, Anne, m. to Mark Dyer, esq.

Elizabeth, who left, by her second husband, Francis Reynolds, esq. of Strangways,

Thomas, } who succeeded in turn to the Francis, } barony of Ducie, of Tortworth.

Mary, m. to Thomas Leigh, esq. of Adlington, and d. in 1818.

Arabella-Penelope, m. to John Bettsworth, and d. in 1806.

Penelope, m. to Thomas Stourton, esq.

Lord Ducie d. 2nd May, 1735, and was s. by his elder son,

MATTHEW, second baron, who was created BARON DUCIE, of Tortworth, in the county of Gloucester, 23rd April, 1763, with remainder to his nephews, Thomas and Francis Reynolds. His lordship d. unmarried, 27th December, 1770, when the barony of Ducie, of Moreton, expired, and that of Tortworth devolved upon his senior nephew,

THOMAS REYNOLDS, esq. (mentioned above.) His lordship assumed, in 1771, the surname and arms of "Moreton." He m. in 1774, Margaret, daughter of Sir John Ramsden, of Byram, in the county of York, bart. but dying without issue, in 1785, the barony devolved upon his brother,

FRANCIS REYNOLDS, esq. captain R.N. as third baron, who also assumed the name of "Moreton." His lordship m. first, in 1774, Mary, daughter of Thomas Purvis, esq. of Shepton Mallet, in the county of Somerset, by whom he had issue,

THOMAS, present baron.

Augustus-John-Francis, b. 10th July, 1777, formerly lieutenant-colonel in the first regiment of foot-guards.

His lordship m. secondly, in 1791, Sarah, widow of Robert Child, esq., of Osterley, and daughter of Paul Joddrell, esq., by whom he had no issue. He d. in August, 1808.

*Creation*—23rd April, 1763.



*Arms*—Ar. a chev. gu. between three square buckles sa.

*Crest*—A demi-moor-cock, displayed ppr. comb and wattles gu.

*Supporters*—Two unicorns ar. armed, maned,

## DUC

and unguled or, each gorged with a ducal coronet, per pale, of the second and gu.

*Motto*—Perseverando.

*Town Residence*—36, Dover-street, Piccadilly.

*Seats*—Tortworth, and Woodchester Park, Gloucestershire.

**DUCKETT, SIR GEORGE**, baronet, of Hartham House, Wilts; b. 17th July, 1777; m. 17th July, 1810, Miss Isabella Floyd, of Shrewsbury, by whom he has issue,

*GEORGE-FLOYD*, b. 27th March, 1811.

*Isabella*, b. 8th June, 1812.

Sir George inherited the title, as second baronet, at the decease of his father, 22nd December, 1822. Sir George Duckett is lieutenant-colonel of the West Essex militia.

### Lineage.

1. **GEORGE JACKSON**, esq. M.P. judge-advocate to the royal navy, having m. for his second wife Grace, daughter and heiress of Gwyn Goldstone, esq. of London, merchant, by Grace, daughter and co-heiress of George Duckett, esq. of Hartham House, Wilts, the representative of a very ancient family, founded by Richard Duckett, a judge in the 9th Henry III. (1224), who acted as such for the counties of Cambridge, Huntingdon, Bedford, (of which he was archdeacon,) Buckingham, &c. assumed the name and arms of Duckett, and was created a baronet 21st June, 1791. Sir George, by his first marriage, with his first cousin, Miss Ward, had three sons, all of whom died in infancy, and three daughters; and, by his second, an only son, *GEORGE*, his successor, the present baronet. Captain Cooke, the great navigator, in order to perpetuate his friendship with Sir George (then Mr. Jackson,) gave the name of "Port Jackson" to the principal harbour in New South Wales.

*Creation*—21st June, 1791.

*Arms*—Az. a fesse ermineo between three shelldrakes ppr.

*Crest*—A shelldrake, as in the arms, charged on the breast with a saltier gu.

*Motto*—Malo patri quam fodari.

of Jackson.



*Arms*—Sa., a saltier, arg.

*Crest*—A garb of lavender, vert.

*Supporters*—Two falcons.

*Motto*—Je veux le droit.

*Seat*—Roydon, Essex.

of Duckett.

## DUD

**DUCKWORTH, SIR JOHN-THOMAS-BULLER**, baronet, of Topsham, in the county of Devon; b. 17th March, 1807; s. to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 1st September, 1817.

### Lineage.

1. **JOHN-THOMAS DUCKWORTH**, esq. (son of the Rev. Henry Duckworth, A.M. one of the minor canons of Windsor,) a distinguished naval officer, having attained the rank of admiral of the white, and the grand cross of the Bath, was created a baronet, 2nd November, 1813. He m. twice; first, Anne, only daughter and heiress of John Wallis, esq. by whom he had an only son, who fell at the battle of Albuera, and a daughter, Sarah-Jane, m. to Sir Richard King, bart. Sir John m. secondly, Susannah-Catherine, daughter of Dr. William Buller, lord-bishop of Exeter, by whom he had issue,

*JOHN-THOMAS*, present baronet.

*Sir John d.* in 1817.

*Creations*—2nd November, 1813.



*Arms*—Ar., on a chev. az. between two ducks ppr. in chief, and a naval crown of the second in base; a bomb fired between two estoiles or; on a chief wavy also az. the word *St. DOMINGO* within a branch of laurel, entwined with another of oak, gold.

*Crest*—A tower, the battlements partly demolished; from the top flames issuant, ppr., on the sinister side a sea-lion erect az. the paws pressing against the tower.

*Supporters*—*DEXTER*, a human figure holding in the exterior hand a sword erect ppr. pommel and hilt, or, around the head a halo composed of seventeen estoiles of the last; across the dexter shoulder a belt az., pendent, under the feet the hide of an ox ppr.: *SINISTER*, a British sailor habited ppr. holding in the exterior hand a flag-staff, thereon a flag of rear-admiral of the white, ppr. inscribed with the word "*Minorca*," in letters of gold.

*Motto*—Disciplina, fide, perseverantia.

*Seat*—Topsham, Devon.

**DUDLEY, EARL OF**, (John-William Ward, F.R.S.) of Dudley Castle, in the county of Stafford, Viscount Dudley and Ward; Viscount Ednam, of Ednam, in the county of Roxburgh; and Baron Ward, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick;

recorder of Kidderminster; *b.* 9th August, 1781; *s.* to the viscounty of Dudley and Ward, as fourth viscount, upon the demise of his father, 25th April, 1823, and obtained the earldom, &c. by patent of creation, dated 24th September, 1827.

### Lineage.

The family of Ward is of great antiquity, and has been seated, for many centuries, in the county of Norfolk.

WILLIAM WARD, sixth son of Edward Ward, esq. of Bixley, in that shire, was a wealthy goldsmith in London, and jeweller to the Queen of King Charles I. Having a very ample fortune, he resided at Heal, in Staffordshire; and, in his life-time, Edward Sutton, Lord Dudley, bestowed Frances, his granddaughter and heiress, upon

HUMBLE WARD, esq. the said William Ward's son and heir; which Frances, upon the demise of her grandfather, Lord Dudley, in 1643, succeeded to that barony, (created by writ of summons, 25th February, 1342, sixteenth Edward III.) and became

FRANCES, BARONESS DUDLEY, when her husband, Humble Ward, above-mentioned, was knighted, and subsequently, 23rd March, 1644, elevated to the peerage, as

HUMBLE, BARON WARD, of Birmingham, his lordship had issue,

EDWARD, his successor.

William, who *m.* Anne, daughter and sole heir of Thomas Parkes, esq. of Willingsworth, in the county of Stafford, (by Rebecca his wife, who was heir to the Bodleys) Mr. Ward thus acquiring the seat of Willingsworth, took up his abode there, and was *s.* by his only son,

WILLIAM, M.P. for the county of Stafford, in the reigns of Queen Anne and George I., *m.* Mary, daughter of the Hon. John Grey, of Enfield, and dying in 1730, left (besides daughters) two sons, *viz.*

JOHN, of whom hereafter, as first

VISCOUNT DUDLEY AND WARD.

William, in holy orders.

Lord Ward *d.* 4th Oct. 1670, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

EDWARD, second Baron Ward, who, at the demise of his mother, in 1701, succeeded also to the barony of Dudley, as eleventh baron, and became LORD DUDLEY AND WARD. His lordship *m.* Frances, daughter of Sir William Brereton, bart. of Haudford, in the county of Chester, and sole heiress of her brother Sir Thomas, and had with other issue,

WILLIAM, who *m.* Frances, daughter of Thomas Dilke, esq. of Maxstock Castle, in the county of Warwick, and had issue,

EDWARD, who *s.* his grandfather.

William, who inherited at the decease of his nephew.

Frances, *m.* to William Lea, esq. of Hales-Owen-Grange, Salop, and had issue,

FERDINANDO-DUDLEY-LEA, who *s.* to the BARONY OF DUDLEY.

Anne, *m.* to W. Smith, esq.

Frances, *m.* Walter Woodcock, esq.

Mary, *m.* to Dr. Hervey.

Catherine, *m.* to Thomas Jardon, esq.

Elizabeth, *m.* to the Rev. B. Briscoe.

His lordship was *s.* by his grandson,

EDWARD, as twelfth Baron Dudley, and third Baron Ward. This nobleman *m.* Diana, daughter of Thomas Howard, esq. of Ashstead, Surrey; and dying in his minority, in 1704, was *s.* by his posthumous son,

EDWARD, thirteenth and fourth baron, who *d.* unmarried in 1731, when the family honors reverted to his uncle,

WILLIAM, fourteenth and fifth baron; at whose decease, unmarried, in 1746, the old BARONY OF DUDLEY devolved upon his nephew, FERDINANDO DUDLEY LEA, esq. (refer to Frances, granddaughter of Edward, second Baron Ward) at whose decease unmarried, in 1751, it fell into abeyance between his sisters, as it still continues amongst their representatives, while the BARONY OF WARD passed to the Lord Dudley and Wards, kinsman, (revert to William, son of first Lord Ward.)

JOHN WARD, esq. of Sedgley Park, Staffordshire, as sixth baron. His lordship was advanced to a viscounty, by letters patent, dated 23rd April, 1763, as VISCOUNT DUDLEY AND WARD, of *Dudley*. He *m.* first, Anna-Maria, daughter of Charles Bouchier, esq. of the city of Dublin, by whom he had one son,

JOHN, his successor;

and, secondly, Mary, daughter and heiress of John Carver, esq. by whom he had another surviving son, WILLIAM. His lordship *d.* in 1774, and was *s.* by his elder son,

JOHN, second viscount, LL.D. who *d.* without issue, in 1788, when the honors devolved upon his half-brother,

WILLIAM, third viscount, *b.* 21st January, 1750, *m.* 1st August, 1780, Julia, second daughter of Godfrey Bosville, esq. of Gunthwaite, Yorkshire, by whom he had an only son,

JOHN-WILLIAM, the present peer.

His lordship was distinguished by the purest and most munificent benevolence of character. He *d.* 25th April, 1823.

Creations—Baron, 23rd March, 1643–4. Viscount, 23rd April, 1763. Earl and Viscount, 24th September, 1827.



## DUK

**Arms**—Chequy, or and az. a bend erm.  
**Crests**—First, out of a ducal coronet or, a lion's head az.; second, a lion, sejant, guardant, az.  
**Supporters**—Two angels, ppr. hair and wings, or, under robes sanguine, uppermost az.  
**Motto**—Comme je fus.  
**Town Residence**—Park-lane.  
**Seats**—Hempley Hall, Dudley Castle, and Sedgley Park, all in the county of Stafford.

**DUKINFIELD, SIR JOHN-LLOYD**, baronet, of Dukinfield Hall, in the county of Chester; b. 3rd February, 1785; s. to the title, as sixth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 20th October, 1824.

### Lineage.

The surname of this family is of Saxon origin, and its earliest known ancestor is

**ROBERT**, father of Hammond, Lord of Dokenfield. From this person descended, through a long line of distinguished individuals,

**ROBERT DUNKENFELD**, esq. who was a colonel in the parliamentary army, during the unfortunate times of King Charles I. In 1640, Colonel Dunkenfield was appointed governor of Chester, being in the same year appointed high-sheriff of the county, by the committees of the state, calling themselves "*Custodes libertatis Anglie*," after they had beheaded the king. He m. Martha, daughter of Sir Miles Fleetwood, knt. and was s. by his eldest son,

1. **ROBERT DUKENFELD**, esq. who must have pursued a different course from his father, or have stood aloof entirely from the civil dissensions of the time, for we find him elevated to the dignity of a baronet on the 16th of June, 1685. Sir Robert m. twice, and was father of twenty-four children. By his first marriage with Jane, daughter of Sir Thomas Estcourt, knt. of Cherestoc Pinkney, Wilts., he had six sons and four daughters, of whom

**CHARLES**, s. to the title.

John, of Bristol, merchant, m. Miss Andrews, daughter of Captain Andrews, and was father of

**SAMUEL**, who s. as fourth baronet.

By his second marriage with Susannah, daughter of Robert Thompson esq. Sir Robert had fourteen children, of whom **NATHANIEL**, m. Margaret, daughter of Mr. Thomas Jolly, of Worcester, and left a son,

**NATHANIEL**, who s. as fifth baronet.

Sir Robert d. in 1729, and was s. by his second and eldest surviving son,

2. **SIR CHARLES**, who was s. by his only surviving son (by Sarah, daughter and heiress of Hewitt Parker, esq. of Mobberly, in the county of Chester, and niece of Sir Samuel Daniel, knt.),

3. **SIR WILLIAM**. This gentleman inherited the estates of his great uncle, Sir Samuel Daniel, of Over Tabley, in the county of Chester, and assumed, by act of parliament, the surname of "**DANIEL**." He m. Penelope, daughter of John Vernon, esq. of Hilton, in the county of Stafford, by whom he had an only daughter, Henrietta.

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Dying thus, without issue, the title reverted to his cousin,

4. **SIR SAMUEL** (refer to John, son of first baronet), who d. without issue, 12th May, 1768, when the title devolved upon his cousin,

5. **SIR NATHANIEL** (refer to Nathaniel, son of first baronet, by his second wife). This gentleman m. in 1783, Katharine, sister of John Warde, of Squerries, in the county of Kent, esq. by whom (who d. in 1823) he had issue,

**JOHN LLOYD**, present baronet.

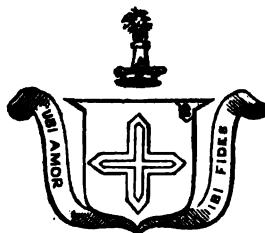
Henry-Robert, in holy orders, b. in 1791.

Charles-Egerton, b. in 1792, in the military service of the East India Company.

Catharine.

Sir Nathaniel d. in 1824.

**Creation**—16th June, 1685.



**Arms**—Ar., a cross alaisée voided sa.

**Crest**—Out of a ducal coronet or, a dexter arm erect vested gu. cuff ar. in the hand ppr. the erect sun in splendour.

**Motto**—Vbi amor ibi fides.

**Seat**—Stanlake house, Berkshire.

**DUFFERIN, AND CLANEBOYE, BARON**, (James-Stevenson Blackwood,) of Ballyleidy, and Kilyleagh, in the county of Downe, in the peerage of Ireland, and a baronet; colonel of the North Downshire militia; b. 8th July, 1755; m. in 1801, Anne-Dorothea, only daughter of John, first Baron Oriel, by whom he has no issue. His lordship s. to the baronetcy at the decease of his father, in 1799; and to the barony upon the demise of his mother, 8th February, 1807.

Lord Dufferin is one of the representative peers of Ireland.

### Lineage.

This family is of Scottish origin, and derives its descent from

**JOHN BLACKWOOD**, esq. a gentleman of respectable lineage in the county of Fife, who emigrated to Ireland some time towards the close of the seventeenth century, and, having acquired considerable property, settled in the county of Downe. Of the Scottish family of Blackwood, the celebrated Adam Blackwood, privy-counsellor to the unfortunate Mary Stuart, was a distinguished member. Faithfully and zealously attached to his unhappy mistress, this eminent per-

son published, in 1867, his "Martyrdom of Mary Stuart, Queen of Scotland," written with all that bitterness of resentment which such an act of flagrant injustice could not but excite in a man of feeling and spirit, who was at once deprived of his mistress and his sovereign, his friend and his benefactress. Having quitted his native country, in disgust, for France, he became and continued for many years in the station of a counsellor or senator of the presidential court, at Poitiers, where he died, in 1613, leaving ample proofs of his abilities as a civilian, a poet, and a divine, in his writings, which were collected and published at Paris, by Sebastian Cramoisy, in 1644.

From JOHN BLACKWOOD, who settled in the county of Downe, descended

1. ROBERT BLACKWOOD, esq. of Ballyleidy, in the same county, who was created a baronet on the 1st July, 1763. Sir Robert m. first, Joyce, sister of Joseph Leeson, first Earl of Miltown, by whom he had two sons and a daughter; and secondly, Grace, only daughter of Isaac Mac Cartney, esq. by whom he had several children. He was s. at his decease by his eldest son,

2. SIR JOHN, M.P. b. in 1721. This gentleman m. in 1751, Dorcas, eldest daughter and heiress of James Stevenson, esq. of Killyleagh, (see family of HAMILTON, at foot,) by whom he had issue,

Robert, d. unmarried in 1786.

JAMES STEVENSON, present lord.

John, in holy orders, b. 9th July, 1767, m.

Elisa, eldest daughter of Joseph Dupré, esq. and a relict of Colonel Brice, (was previously married, but had no issue.)

Hans, b. in 1756, m. first, Mehetabel-Hester, second daughter and co-heiress of Sir Robert Temple, bart., by whom (who d. in 1788) he has issue,

Price, R.N. b. 8th May, 1794, m. 4th July, 1825, Helen-Selina, eldest daughter of the late Thomas Sheridan, esq.

Henrietta, m. to W. S. Hamilton, esq.

Mr. Hans Blackwood espoused, secondly, Elizabeth, eldest daughter and co-heir of William Frindlay, esq. and has William.

Marianna.

Price, m. twice, and d. s. p. in 1816.

Leeson, d. in 1804.

Henry (created a baronet: see Sir Henry Blackwood.)

Anne, m. first, to the Very Rev. Jon Ryder, Dean of Lismore, who d. in 1796; and, secondly, to the Rev. James Jones.

Sophia, m. to James Green.

Dorcas, m. to Colonel P. V. Venault de Charmilly, and d. in 1816.

Catherine, m. to Sir George Dallas, bart.

Sir John Blackwood d. 27th February, 1799, and was s. by his second, but eldest surviving, son,

3. SIR JAMES STEVENSON, who inherited the peerage (and is the present baron,) at the decease of his mother, 18th February, 1806.

Dorcas, created *Baroness Dufferin and Clanboye*, 30th July, 1806, with remainder to her lady-

ship's male issue by her deceased husband, Sir John Blackwood.

*Creations*—Baronet, 1st July, 1763. Baron, 30th July, 1806.



*Arms*—First and fourth, ar., a saltier on a chief of the last, three olive leaves of the first.

*Crest*—The sun rising from clouds, all ppr.

*Supporters*—Dexter, a lion gu. armed and langued az.; Sinister, an heraldic tiger erm. both gorged with a collar, flossy er.

*Motto*—Per vias rectas.

*Town Residence*—13, Cavendish-square.

*Seat*—Ballyleidy House, Downshire, Ireland.

#### FAMILY OF HAMILTON.

Of which the *extinct* Viscounts Clanboye and Earls of Clanbrassil.

REV. HANS HAMILTON, vicar of Dunlop, in Scotland, said to have descended from a common ancestor with the Duke of Hamilton, m. Margaret-Denham, daughter of the Laird of Wettsels, and had, with other issue,

JAMES, (Sir) of Killyleagh and Bangor, serjeant-at-law, and privy-councillor to King JAMES I., who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland 4th May, 1628, as Viscount CLANBOYE. Of this personage, Dr. King, in his Essay on Men and Morals, takes the following notice: "During the reign of Queen ELIZABETH, James VI. of Scotland sent James Fullerton and James Hamilton, afterwards Lord Clanboye, to Ireland, to keep up a correspondence with the English nobility, and secure his interest there when the queen should die." His lordship m. Anne, dau. of Edward, Lord Brabazon, of Ardee, and dying in 1643, was s. by his son,

JAMES, second Viscount of Clanboye, who was advanced to the EARLDOM OF CLANBRASSIL, in the county of Armagh, by letters patent, dated 7th June, 1647. This nobleman made a will in 1650, in which was the following clause: "If it do happen that my sons decease without issue and heirs of their bodies lawfully begotten before my debts be satisfied, I do then appoint that my debts be first paid, and the remainder of my estate to be divided into five equal portions amongst the eldest sons or issue male of my five uncles as the land can be laid out in most just and equal di-

## DUF

visions." His lordship *m.* Lady Anne-Carey, eldest daughter of Henry, Earl of Monmouth, and had issue,

James, Lord Claneboye, who died before his father in 1666, *s. p.*

HENRY, who succeeded as third EARL OF CLANBRASSIL, and *d.* 12th June, 1675, issueless, when all the honours EXPIRED. He left a widow, Alice, daughter of Henry Moore, first Earl of Drogheda, who *m.* secondly, John, Lord Bergany.

Hans, *d. s. p.*

Jane, *d. unmarried.*

Archibald.

The second son of the vicar of Dunlop, brother of the first Lord Claneboye, and uncle of the first Earl of Clanbrasil,

ARCHIBALD HAMILTON, of Haleraig, in the county of Lanark, *m.* first, Rachel Carmichael, and had issue,

JOHN, who died before the failure of James, first Earl of Clanbrasil's issue, and his claim under that nobleman's will to one-fifth share of his estate, passed to his next brother. He left two daughters,

Jane, *m.* to William Hogg.

Rachel, *m.* to John Stevenson.

James, of Neilsbrook, in the county of Antrim. This gentleman inherited his own and his elder brother's share of the Earl of Clanbrasil's estate. He *m.* Agnes, daughter of — Kennedy of Colan, in Carrick, and had three daughters, *viz.*

Rose, *m.* to William Fairlie, and *d. s. p.*

Rachel, *d. unmarried.*

ANNE, eventually sole heiress of her father, *m.* Hans Stevenson, of Ballyrodt, and left a son,

JAMES STEVENSON, who *m.* Anne, daughter of Nicholas Price, esq., and left (with two younger daughters, who both *d. unmarried*),

DOMCAS, *m.* to Sir John Blackwood, as in the text, and created BARONESS DUFFERIN AND CLANEBOYE.

Gawen, of Killyleagh, in the county of Down, *m.* Jane, daughter of Archibald Hamilton, and dying in 1703, was *s.* by his son,

ARCHIBALD, of Killyleagh, who *m.* Mary, daughter of David Johnstone, of Tully, in the county of Monaghan, and dying in 1747, was *s.* by his son,

GAWEN, who *m.* Jane, only child of William Rowan, barrister-at-law, and widow of Tichborne Aston, of Beaulieu, and dying 9th April, 1805, was *s.* by his son,

ARCHIBALD, who assumed, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of his maternal grandfather, the additional surname of ROWAN, and is the present ARCHIBALD-HAMILTON.

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ROWAN, esq. of Killyleagh Castle, representative of the EARLS OF CLANBRASSIL and LORDS CLANEBOYE. Mr. Hamilton-Rowan was *b.* 12th May, 1752. He *m.* Sarah-Anne, daughter of Walter Dawson, esq. of Carrickmacross, in the county of Monaghan, and has  
GAWEN-WILLIAM.  
And other issue.

William, *d. s. p.*

Hugh, of Dublin, merchant.

Archibald Hamilton, of Haleraig, espoused secondly, Miss Simpson, by whom he left one daughter, JANE, *m.* to Archibald Edmonstone, of Braiden Island, in the county of Antrim.

DUFFUS, BARON, (Benjamin Dunbar,) in the county of Elgin, in the peerage of Scotland, and a baronet of Nova Scotia; *b.* 28th April, 1761; *m.* in 1785, Anne, eldest daughter of George Mackay, esq. of Bighouse, by whom he has issue,

GEORGE, *b.* 6th January, 1790.

Robert, *b.* 12th April, 1801.

Louisa, *m.* to Gordon Duff, esq. of Hatton.

Henrietta, *m.* to William Sinclair Wemyss, esq.

His lordship inherited the baronetcy at the decease of his father, in 1792, and the barony upon the demise of his kinsman, James Sutherland, Lord Duffus, in 1827. He is the sixth baron in succession, and the fifth in possession of the dignity.

### Lineage.

This is a branch of the noble house of Sutherland, Earls of Sutherland, springing from Kenneth, third Earl of Sutherland, who fell at the battle of Halidon-Hill, in 1333, and left two sons, William, inheritor of the earldom, and

NICHOL, who *m.* Mary, daughter and heiress of Reginald de Cheyne, and acquired by her the barony of Duffus, in the county of Elgin, when he added the arms of Cheyne to his paternal coat of Sutherland. From this marriage descended

SIR ALEXANDER SUTHERLAND, of Duffus, who was elevated to the peerage of Scotland 8th December, 1650, by the title of BARON DUFFUS. His lordship *m.* four times, and had issue by his third wife (only), Lady Margaret Stewart, daughter of James, fifth Earl of Moray. He *d.* in 1674, and was *s.* by his only son,

JAMES, second baron. His lordship *m.* Margaret, eldest daughter of Kenneth, third Earl of Seaforth, by whom he had three sons, Kenneth, his heir; Sir James Sutherland (who changed his name to Dunbar, upon marrying Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Sir William Dunbar, baronet, of Hempriggs, and is the immediate ancestor of the present peer), and William Suther-

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land of Roscommon. Lord Duffus *d.* in 1705, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

KENNETH, third baron. This nobleman, having adopted the naval profession, was appointed by Queen Anne to the command of a man-of-war; but being implicated in the rebellion of 1715, he was obliged to fly the country: taken prisoner, however, at Hamburg, his lordship was brought back, and incarcerated in the Tower of London, from which he was released by the Act of Grace, in 1717, and he then withdrew to the continent, where he served as a flag officer in the Russian fleet. He *m.* Charlotte, daughter of Erick de Sioblade, governor and admiral of Gottenburgh, by whom he had an only son,

ERICK, who presented a petition to the king in 1734, setting forth his deceased father's detention at Hamburg, when he was actually on his way to England, in order to surrender himself in the terms of the statute; and urging, that as he was only prevented from so doing by restraint, he could not be deemed attainted within the meaning of the act; and that, therefore, the dignity of *Baron Duffus* had, upon his father's demise, descended to him. The house of lords, however, upon taking the petition into consideration, resolved that he had no right to the barony of Duffus. This gentleman, who was an officer in the army, *m.* his first cousin, Elizabeth, third daughter of Sir James Dunbar, of Hempriggs, and was *s.* at his decease, in 1768, by his eldest son,

JAMES, *b.* 8th June, 1747, and restored to the honors of his family, by act of parliament, 26th May, 1826. His lordship dying unmarried, the title and estates devolved, at his decease, 30th January, 1827, upon his cousin, Sir Benjamin Dunbar, of Hempriggs, bart., the present baron, whose maternal lineage we shall now detail.

### DUNBAR, OF HEMPRIGGS.

There are few families so remotely or distinctly traced as that of Dunbar: by a genealogical tree, in the possession of the present lord, which his lordship politely submitted to the inspection of the author, the family of Dunbar is minutely laid down for no less a period than nine hundred and seventy-five years; but it is not requisite here to trace further back than the last heritable-sheriff of Murray,

LODOWICK DUNBAR, from whose seven sons every family of the name extant took its rise. This person, the undoubted chief, was succeeded, for some time, by the lineal descendants of his eldest son; but the male issue failing there, the chiefship and head of the family reverted to the descendant of the sheriff's second son, Dunbar, of Kilbuich, and became vested in

WILLIAM DUNBAR, of Hempriggs, who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* about the year 1698. This gentleman *m.* Margaret, daughter of Alexander Sinclair, of Lathorn, by whom he had one son, Benjamin, (who *d.* without issue, in the lifetime of his father) and a daughter, Elizabeth, upon whom, and her second husband, Sir William entailed his estates after the death of his son.

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He *d.* in 1711, when the title reverted to his brother, and with it the chiefship; but the male line again failing with that gentleman's son, Sir Patrick, the title and chiefship reverted to another branch of the family, while the estates of Sir William, according to the deed of entail, devolved upon his daughter,

ELIZABETH, and her second husband (her first husband was Sir William Gordon, bart., of Gordonstown,)

1. THE HON. JAMES SUTHERLAND, second son of James, second Lord Duffus, who assumed the surname and arms of Dunbar, and being created a baronet in 1706, became Sir James Dunbar, of Hempriggs. The issue of Sir James's marriage were two sons and four daughters. His second son, James, was killed at Carthage; and the elder,

2. SIR WILLIAM, succeeded to the title and estates. This gentleman *m.* first, in 1744, Elizabeth, daughter of Alexander Dunbar, esq., of Westfield, by whom he had but one daughter that attained maturity, and who *m.* Captain Thomas Dunbar, of Grange Hill. He *m.* secondly, Jane, daughter of David Sinclair, of Southdun. By these two marriages, Sir William had no less than twenty-three children, not one of whom, except the lady mentioned above, lived to maturity. He *m.* thirdly, Henrietta, daughter of Hugh Rose, esq., of Kilravock, by whom he left, at his decease in 1792, an only surviving daughter, Elizabeth, and an only surviving son,

3. SIR BENJAMIN, now *Lord Duffus*.

*Creations*—Baron, 8th December, 1630. Baronet, 1706.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, gu. a lion rampant, within a bordure of the last, charged with eight roses of the first, for DUNBAR; second and third, or, three cushions, pendent, losenge-wise, within a double tressure, flory, counter-flory, gu. for RANDOLPH, all within a bordure gu. *Crest*—A sword and key, in saltier, ppr.

*Supporters*—Dexter, a lion, rampant; Sinister, a savage holding a club over his shoulder, and wreathed round the head and loins with leaves, both ppr.

*Motto*—Sub spe.

*Seats*—Hempriggs Castle, and Achergill Tower, both in Caithness-shire.

DUMBLANE, VISCOUNT, created 2nd July, 1673.

See Duke of Leeds.



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**DUMFRIES, EARL OF.**  
See Marquess of Bute.

**DUNALLEY, BARON, (Henry Prittie,)** of Kilboy, in the county of Tipperary, in the peerage of Ireland, and one of the representative lords; *b.* 3rd March, 1775; *s.* to the title, as second baron, at the decease of his father, 3rd January, 1801; *m.* first, 19th July, 1802, Maria, only daughter of Dominick Trant, esq. of Dunkettle, in the county of Cork, and niece of John Fitzgibbon, first Earl of Clare, by whom (who *d.* in 1819) he had no issue. His lordship *m.* secondly, 10th February, 1826, Emily Maude, daughter of Cornwallis, first Viscount Hawarden.

### Lineage.

The founder of this noble family in Ireland was COLONEL HENRY PRITTIE, who, for his loyalty and eminent services to the crown, during the civil wars, had a grant or confirmation, from King Charles the Second, of Dunalley Castle, and other estates, in the county of Tipperary. The grandson of this gentleman,

HENRY PRITTIE, esq. sustained a siege of twenty-one days in his Castle of Dunalley, against the disbanded soldiers of the royal army, (James the Second's,) after the battle of the Boyne; but the besiegers at length entering, Mr. Prittie was flung headlong from the top of the castle, but miraculously escaped unhurt. Mr. Prittie's son,

HENRY PRITTIE, esq. of Dunalley, M.P. for the county of Tipperary, *m.* Deborah, daughter of Dr. O'Neale, archdeacon of Leoghlin, and relict of John Bayley, esq. of Desborough, and was succeeded at his decease by his only son,

HENRY PRITTIE, esq. of Dunalley; who *m.* in 1766, Catherine, second daughter and co-heir of Francis Sadlier, esq. of Sopewell Hall, in the county of Tipperary, relict of John Bury, esq. and mother by him of Charles-William, present Lord Charleville, by whom he had issue, HENRY, present peer.

Francis-Aldborough, *m.* first, Martha, only daughter of Cook Otway, esq. of Castle Otway, in the county of Tipperary, and widow of George Harpole, esq. of Strule Castle, in the Queen's county, by whom he had a daughter, Martha, who *m.* in 1827, the Hon. and Very Rev. Robt. Maude, Dean of Clogher. Mr. Prittie espoused secondly, Elizabeth, only daughter of the late Rt. Hon. George Ponsonby, some time lord-chancellor of Ireland, by whom he has

1. Henry, *b.* in January, 1807.
2. George, *b.* in 1808.
3. Francis, *b.* in 1811, an officer in the army.
4. Mary.
5. Catherine, *m.* in Nov. 1830, to Lieutenant-colonel William Maberly, M.P.
6. Fanny.

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Catherine, *m.* to Henry-Cole Bowen, esq. of Bowen's Court, in the county of Cork.

Deborah, *m.* to Samuel Perry, esq. of Woodroof, in the county of Tipperary, and *d.* 8th June, 1829.

Mary, *m.* to Michael Cox, esq. of Castle-town.

Martha, *m.* to Lorenzo Jephson, esq. of Wilmar, in the county of Tipperary.

Elizabeth, *m.* to Colonel Bernard, of Castle Bernard, M.P. for the King's county, and *d.* without issue, in 1802.

Mr. Prittie was returned to parliament for the county of Tipperary, about the year 1768; and elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 30th July, 1800, by the title of BARON DUNALLEY, of Kilboy, in the same shire. His lordship *d.* 3rd of January, 1801.

Creation—30th July, 1800.



*Arms*—Per pale, or, and az. three wolves' heads, erased, counterchanged.

*Crest*—A wolf's head, erased, ar.

*Supporters*—*Dexter*, a man in complete armour, holding in the exterior hand a spear, all ppr.; *Sinister*, a stag ppr. armed, hoofed, gorged, and chained or.

*Motto*—In omnia paratus.

*Seats*—Kilboy, or Dunalley Castle, in the county of Tipperary.

**DUNBAR, SIR WILLIAM-ROWE**, baronet, of Mochrum, in the shire of Wigton; *b.* 19th October, 1776; *m.* 24th August, 1798, Miss Copland, only child of William Copland, esq. of Colleston, in the county of Dumfries, by whom (who *d.* in 1807) he has no surviving issue. Sir William *s.* to the title, as sixth baronet, at the decease of his father in 1811. He was formerly a captain in the 21st regiment of Light Dragoons.

### Lineage.

The Scots' charters preserved in Durham, and the registers of Kelso, leave us no room to doubt that the Earls of Dunbar and March were descended of Gospatrick, Earl of Northumberland. After Northumberland (one of the seven Saxon Kingdoms of England) became a province, the earls thereof were only official and provincial,

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and not hereditary, and they were often changed at the pleasure of the sovereign.

**THE HON. JOHN DUNBAR**, second son of Patrick, Earl of March, and his countess, only daughter and heiress of Thomas Randolph, Earl of Murray, was created, in 1372, Earl of Murray. His lordship *m.* Marian, daughter of King Robert III. and from this union lineally descended

1. **JAMES DUNBAR**, esq. who had a charter under the great seal, of the lands and barony of Mochrum, and was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, 20th March, 1694. Sir James *m.* first, Isabel, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Nicholson, of Carnock, and granddaughter (maternally) of Alexander, second Earl of Linlithgow, with whom he got the lands of Plean, in the county of Sterling, and by whom he had two sons and three daughters. He *m.* secondly, Jane, daughter of ——— Kennedy, esq. of Minunchen, by whom he had one daughter. Sir James *d.* in 1718, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR GEORGE**. This gentleman was a captain in the royal regiment of Scots' Dragoons, and served in Queen Anne's wars, with great reputation, under the Duke of Marlborough. He *m.* Janet, daughter of Sir John Young, of Lenie, by whom he had four sons and two daughters. Sir George *d.* in 1747, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

3. **SIR JAMES**, who studied law, and became an advocate at the Scottish bar. He *m.* Jacobina, youngest daughter and co-heiress of John Hamilton, esq. clerk to the signet, and was *s.* in 1781 by his only son,

4. **SIR GEORGE**; at whose decease, without male issue, 15th October, 1799, the title devolved upon his cousin,

5. **SIR GEORGE**, (grandson of Sir George, the second baronet, and son of Thomas Dunbar, esq. of Liverpool, merchant.) This gentleman *m.* in 1775, Jane, daughter and co-heiress of William Rowe, esq. of Liverpool, by whom (who *d.* 28th December, 1830,) he had issue,

1. **WILLIAM ROWE**, present baronet.
2. Thomas, *d.* in 1831.
3. James.
4. Jessy.
5. Jane.
6. Louisa.

Sir George *d.* in 1811.

*Creation*—20th March, 1694.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, gu. a lion rampant, or. within a bordure of the first, charged with eight roses of the first, for DUNBAR; second

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and third, or, three cushions, with a double treasure, flory, counterflory, gu.

*Crest*—A horse's head, bridled, a dexter hand, couped, fesseways, ppr. holding the bridle.

*Supporters*—Two lions, arjant, gardant, each holding, in his exterior paw, a rose ppr. slipped vert.

*Mottos*—In promptu—and—Sub spe.

*Residence*—Edinburgh.

**DUNBAR, SIR JAMES**, baronet, of Durn, in the county of Banff; inherited the title, as fourth baronet, at the decease of his father, Sir William.

### Lineage.

This family is descended from Patrick, tenth Earl of March, who *m.* Lady Agnes, only daughter and sole heiress of Thomas Randolph, Earl of Murray.

1. **WILLIAM DUNBAR**, esq. of Durn, the eighth in lineal descent from James, fifth Earl of Murray, was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* in 1697. Sir William *m.* Janet Browdie, daughter of the Dean of Aldearn, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR JAMES**. This gentleman *m.* Margaret, daughter of Sir James Baird, of Archmadden, by whom he had two sons, and was *s.* by the elder,

3. **SIR WILLIAM**, who *m.* first, Clementina, daughter of Sir James Grant, of Grant, by whom he had three sons; and, secondly, Miss Jane Bartlet, of Banff, by whom he had no male issue. He was *s.* at his decease by his only surviving son,

**JAMES**, present baronet.

*Creation*—1697.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first, gu. a lion rampant, or. within a bordure of the first, charged with eight roses of the first, for DUNBAR; second, and third, or, three cushions, with a double treasure, flory, counterflory, gu. and fourth, as first; all within a bordure, nebulee quartered az. and gu.

*Crest*—Two sprigs of laurel, in saltier, ppr.

*Motto*—Spes dabit auxilium.

**DUNBAR, SIR JAMES**, knight and baronet, of Both, in the county of Nairn, captain in the royal navy; *m.* 2nd February,

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1814, Helen, daughter of James Coull, esq. of Ashgrove, in the county of Elgin, by whom he has issue. Sir James was created a baronet 19th September, 1814.

### Lineage.

This gentleman descends, like the Dunbars, baronets of Nova Scotia, from John Dunbar, Earl of Murray. He is son of Alexander Dunbar, esq. of Boath, by Jane, daughter of Alexander Burnett, esq. of Kemney.

*Creation*—19th September, 1814.



*Arms*—Gu. a lion rampant, ar., within a bordure of the last, charged with eight roses, of the first.

*Crest*—A dexter hand paume, reaching to two earls' coronets tied together.

*Motto*—Sub spe.

*Seat*—Boath, county of Nairn.

**DUNBOYNE, BARON OF**, (James Butler,) in the county of Meath, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 25th July, 1780; *m.* 17th August, 1799, Eleanor, daughter of David O'Connell, esq. of Cork, by whom (who *d.* 15th March, 1817) he has issue,

THEOBALD-FITZWALTER, *b.* 11th February, 1806.

St. John, *b.* 24th June, 1806.

Henry, *b.* 29th August, 1809.

James, *b.* 8th November, 1810.

Edward, *b.* 29th October, 1811.

Charles-Lennox, *b.* 29th November, 1813.

Rosalinda-Eleanor, *m.* in June, 1819, to John Marshall, captain in the army.

His lordship assumed the dignity, upon the decease, in 1800, of John, commonly called twelfth Lord Dunboyne, and was confirmed therein by the reversal of the outlawries which had affected the barony, in the court of king's bench of Ireland, in Michaelmas term, 1827, by virtue of a royal warrant, dated at Windsor, 26th Oct. in that year, authorising and requiring the attorney-general for Ireland to fiat writs of error, for the examination of the records and process of the outlawries, to confess the errors therein, and to consent to the several thereof.

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### Lineage.

Amongst the most eminent of the Anglo-Norman families in Ireland is that of BUTLER; at its head stands the illustrious house of ORMOND, while it boasts, beside, no less than four extant earldoms, and the barony of which we are now about to treat.

THOMAS LE BOTTILLER, third son of Theobald, (from whom the whole of the illustrious race sprang, and who flourished temp. King Henry III.) *m.* Sinolda le Petit, daughter and heiress of William, feudal Lord of Dunboyne, and from this union descended

SIR EDMUND BUTLER, knt. who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 11th June, 1541, by the title of BARON OF DUNBOYNE, in the county of Meath. His lordship *d.* in 1566, and was *s.* by his son,

JAMES, second baron. This nobleman *m.* first, Margaret, daughter and heiress of Barnaby Fitzpatrick, Lord of Upper Ossory, by whom he had two sons,

JOHN, who *d.* in the lifetime of the baron, anno 1602, leaving a son, Edmond.

Pierce, whose grandson and heir, PIERCE, *s.* as fifth lord.

His lordship *m.* secondly Margaret, daughter of Donogh O'Brien, Earl of Thomond, by whom he had, with several other children,

James, of Grellagh, in the county of Tipperary; whose line ceased in the third generation.

Edward, of Clare, in the county of Tipperary, *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Mr. Alderman Nicholas Dobbin, of the city of Waterford; the great-grandson of which marriage,

James Butler, esq. of Cragnagowra, in the county of Clare, *d.* in 1784, leaving an only son,

JAMES, present LORD DUNBOYNE.

James, second baron, was *s.* at his decease, in 1694, by his grandson, mentioned above,

EDMOND, third baron, who *d.* in 1641, and was *s.* by his son,

JAMES, fourth baron. This nobleman, having been implicated in rebellion, was outlawed, and dying, *s. p.* was *s.* by his cousin,

PIERCE, fifth baron, (refer to second son of second lord) who was likewise outlawed, and dying 3rd May, 1690, was *s.* by his only son,

JAMES; (who, but for the outlawries, would have been) sixth baron. He *d.* in 1701, and was *s.* by his elder son,

PIERCE, who assumed the title as seventh baron, and dying, *s. p.* was *s.* by his brother,

EDMOND, (called by courtesy), eighth baron. His lordship had four sons,

James, } successive nominal barons.

Pierce, }

John, in holy orders, nominal twelfth baron.

Edmond, *d. s. p.* in 1783.

His lordship *d.* in 1732, and was *s.* by the eldest, JAMES, nominal, ninth baron; at whose de-

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cease, *s.p.* in 1768, the barony devolved upon his brother,

**PERCE, still by courtesy only**, tenth baron. His lordship *d.* in 1786, and was *s.* by his only son,

**PERCE-EDMOND, nominal**, eleventh baron; at whose decease, unmarried, the dignity, yet unacknowledged, reverted to his uncle,

**THE REV. AND HON. JOHN-BUTLER, D.D.** and Roman Catholic bishop of Cork. His lordship, upon inheriting, renounced the doctrines of the church of Rome, and married. He had no issue, however, and upon his decease, in 1800, James Butler, esq. (refer to the younger children of the second baron,) assumed the title, and having established his lineal right, had the outlawries reversed, as already stated, by special interference of the crown.

*Creation*—11th June, 1541.



*Arms*—Or, a chief indented az., three escallop shells in bend counterchanged.

*Crest*—On a wreath, in a ducal coronet, or, a plume of five ostrich feathers, therefrom a demihawk rising ar.

*Supporters*—**Dexter**, a lion, rampant gardant ar.; **Sinister**, a horse, rampant, mane sa. tail and hoofs or.

*Motto*—Timor Domini fons vite.

**DUNDAS, BARON**, (Laurence Dundas, D.C.L. and F.S.A.) of Aske, in the county of York, and a baronet; lord-lieutenant, and vice-admiral, of Orkney and Shetland; and an alderman of the city of York; *b.* 10th April, 1766; *m.* 21st April, 1794, Harriot, third daughter of General John Hale, (of the family of Hale, of King's Walden, Hertfordshire,) by Mary, daughter of William Chaloner, esq. of Gisborough, in the county of York, by whom he has issue,

**THOMAS**, *b.* 5th April, 1795, M.P.; *m.* 6th Sept. 1823, Sophia-Jane, youngest daughter of Sir Hedworth Williamson, bart. John-Charles, M.P. *b.* 21st Aug. 1808.

**Margaret-Bruce**, *m.* in 1816, to her cousin, Henry-Walker Yeoman, esq. of Woodlands, and has issue.

**Harriot-Frances**, *m.* in 1825, to Lieutenant-colonel Henry Lane.

**Charlotte-Jane**.

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His lordship inherited the honors, as second baron, at the decease of his father, 14th June, 1820.

### Lineage.

This family springs from the same original source as the Dundases, Viscounts Melville.

**THOMAS DUNDAS**, grandson and heir of Sir John Dundas, of Fingask, *m.* Betha, daughter of John Baillie, of Castlecary, in the county of Stirling, and had issue,

**THOMAS, M.P.** for Orkney and Zetland, who succeeded at Fingask,

and

1. **LAURENCE DUNDAS, esq.** of Kerse, commissary-general and contractor to the army, from 1748 to 1750, who was created a baronet 16th Nov. 1762, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his brother, Thomas Dundas, esq. of Fingask. Sir Laurence *m.* Margaret, daughter of Alexander Bruce, esq. of Kennet, by whom he had an only son,

2. **SIR THOMAS**, who *s.* to the title in 1781, and was elevated to the peerage as **BARON DUNDAS, of Aske, in the county of York**, 13th August, 1794. His lordship *m.* 24th May, 1764, Lady Charlotte Wentworth, second daughter of William, third Earl Fitzwilliam, by whom he had issue,

**LAURENCE**, present peer,

**Charles-Laurence**, *m.* in 1797, Lady Caroline Beauclerk, and *d.* in 1810, leaving issue,

1. Frederick, *b.* in 1802.

2. Caroline-Margaret.

3. Catherine-Elizabeth.

4. Charlotte-Amelia.

**William**, *b.* in 1777, an officer in the army, *d.* in 1796.

**Thomas-Laurence**, in holy orders, *m.* in 1816, Mary-Jane, eldest daughter of the Rev. James Bousquet, and has issue,

1. Thomas-James. 2. Robert-Bruce.

3. Charlotte. 4. Margaret.

5. Louisa. 6. Anne.

**George-Humeage-Laurence**, rear-admiral in the royal navy, and a lord of the admiralty, *b.* in 1778.

**Robert-Laurence (Sir)**, major-general in the army, K.C.B. M.P., *b.* in 1780.

**Margaret**, *m.* in 1794, to Archibald Spiers, esq.

**Charlotte**, *m.* in 1806, to the Rev. William Wharton.

**Frances-Laura**, *m.* to Robert Chaloner, esq. Mary, *m.* to Viscount Milton, and *d.* 1st November, 1830.

**Isabella**, *m.* to John-Charles Ramsden, esq. M.P.

He *d.* 14th June, 1820.

*Creations*—Baronet, 16th Nov. 1762. Baron, 13th Aug. 1794.

*Arms*—Ar., a lion, rampant, within a double tressure, flory, counterflory, gu.

*Crest*—A lion's head, affrontée, struggling through an oak bush, all ppr. fructed or, crowned with an antique crown of the last.

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*Supporters*—Two lions ppr. crowned with antique crowns or, each gorged with a chaplet of oak leaves vert, fructed gold, a shield pendent to each, the first ar. a saltier and chief gu. on a canton of the field, a lion, rampant sa. for BRUCE; the second lozengy, ar. and gu. for FITZWILLIAM.

*Motto*—*Essayez.*

*Town Residence*—17, Hertford-street, May-fair.

*Seats*—Aske, Richmond, and Mark Hall, Gisborough, both in Yorkshire; and Kerse House, Falkirk, Scotland.

**DUNDAS, SIR WILLIAM**, baronet, of Richmond, in the county of Surrey, and Llanelly, in the county of Caermarthen; *b.* 10th December, 1777; inherited the title, as second baronet, at the decease of his father, 10th January, 1826.

### Lineage.

1. **DAVID DUNDAS**, esq. (grandson of Ralph Dundas, esq. of Manour, by Helen, daughter of Sir Thomas Burnet, physician to King Charles II.) one of the medical attendants of his majesty King George III., was created a baronet 22nd of May, 1815. Sir David *m.* Isabella, daughter of William Robertson, esq. of Richmond, by whom he had issue,

1. **WILLIAM**, present baronet.

2. **James-Fullerton**, lieut.-colonel of the Bengal artillery.

3. **John-Burnet**, R.N. *m.* 30th December, 1828, Caroline, third daughter of the Rev. J. Jeffreys.

4. **Mary**. 5. **Elizabeth**.

6. **Margaret**. 7. **Isabella**.

Sir David *d.* 10th Jan. 1826.

*Creation*—22nd May, 1815.



*Arms*—Ar. a lion rampant gu. holding between the paws a human heart of the last.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a dexter arm erect, couped

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below the elbow, holding in the hand ppr. a mullet az.

*Motto*—*Essayez.*

*Seats*—Richmond, Surrey, and Llanelly, Caermarthenshire.

**DUNDAS, SIR ROBERT**, baronet, of Beechwood, in the county of Mid Lothian; *b.* 30th July, 1761; *m.* in 1798, Matilda, daughter of the late Honorable Archibald Cockburn, one of the barons of the court of exchequer in Scotland, by whom he has issue,

1. **DAVID**.

2. **Jane**, *m.* to Robert Wigham, esq. of Lockpatrick.

3. **Elizabeth**.

4. **Matilda**.

5. **Margaret**.

6. **Charlotte**, *m.* 12th April, 1830, to Allan E. Lockart, jun., esq. of Bothwick Brae, and Cleghorn.

7. **Robina**.

8. **Henrietta**.

This gentleman, a descendant from a common ancestor with the noble families of Dundas, Viscounts Melville, and Dundas, Barons Dundas, was created a baronet 24th July, 1821. Sir Robert is one of the principal clerks of the court of session in Scotland. He is eldest son of the Rev. Robert Dundas, by Elizabeth, daughter of the Rev. Thomas Turnbull.



*Arms*—Ar. a lion rampant gu. within a bordure erm.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a lion's face in a bush ppr.

*Motto*—*Essayez.*

**DUNDONALD, EARL OF**, (Thomas Cochrane,) in the county of Ayr, Baron Cochrane, of Renfrew, in the peerage of Scotland, and a baronet of Nova Scotia; *b.* 14th December, 1775; *m.* Katherine Corbet, daughter of Thomas Barnes, esq. of Essex, by whom he has issue,

**THOMAS-BARNES, Lord Cochrane**, *b.* 18th April, 1814.

**Horatio-Bernard**, *b.* 8th March, 1818.

**Arthur-Auckland**, *b.* 24th September, 1824.

**Elizabeth-Catherine**.

Lord Dundonald, a gallant and highly distinguished naval officer, *s.* to the title, as tenth earl, upon the demise of his father, 1st July, 1831.

### Lineage.

This family, which derived its surname originally from the barony of Cochrane, in the county of Renfrew, is of great antiquity in North Britain; and under the name of Blair, was of baronial rank many centuries previously to its attaining the honor of the peerage.

WARDEN DE COCHRANE, in the reign of Alexander III. was witness to the grant made by Dungal, the son of Swaine, to Walter Cumming, Earl of Monteith, of sundry lands in the county of Argyll; and his successor,

WILLIAM DE COCHRANE, performed homage to King Edward I. From this person descended

WILLIAM DE COCHRANE, who erected, from the foundation, the ancient seat of Cochrane, and ornamented it with extensive plantations. This gentleman left by his wife, Margaret, daughter of Sir Robert Montgomery, of Skelmorlie, in the county of Ayr, an only daughter,

ELIZABETH COCHRANE, who *m.* Alexander, younger son of John Blair, of that ilk, which

ALEXANDER BLAIR assumed the surname and arms of Cochrane. Of this marriage there were seven sons and three daughters. The eldest son,

SIR JOHN COCHRANE, a colonel in the army of King Charles I. dying without issue, was *s.* by his brother,

SIR WILLIAM COCHRANE, of Cowdon, knight, who was elevated to the peerage, 27th December, 1647, as *Baron Cochrane of Dundonald*; and advanced, 12th May, 1660, to the dignity of EARL OF DUNDONALD; being at the same time created *Lord Cochrane of Fettesley and Ochiltree*, with remainder, in default of male issue, to the eldest of his heirs female, without division, who should bear or assume the name and arms of Cochrane, and in failure, to his heirs general. His lordship *m.* Eupheme, daughter of Sir William Scott, of Ardross, in the county of Fife, by whom he had (with a daughter, Grisel, *m.* to George, tenth Lord Ross)

WILLIAM, *Lord Cochrane*, who *m.* Lady Catherine Kennedy, second daughter of John, sixth Earl of Cassilis, and dying before his father, left with other children, JOHN, successor to the honors.

John (Sir), of Ochiltree. This gentleman being implicated in the Rye-House plot, was compelled to seek an asylum in Holland during the remainder of the reign of Charles II.; but afterwards invading Scotland (1683) under Argyll, his estates were confiscated, and being made prisoner with his son, John, was ignominiously conducted by the hangman, bound and bare-headed, to the tolbooth of Edinburgh. His life was however spared, and his lands were restored to him after the revolution. Sir John *m.* Margaret, daughter of Sir William Strickland, of Boynton, in the

county of York, (one of Cromwell's lords of parliament) and was *s.* by his elder son, WILLIAM COCHRANE, of Ochiltree, who *m.* Lady Mary Bruce, eldest daughter of Alexander, second Earl of Kincardine, and heir to her brother, Alexander, third earl, by whom he had nine sons and four daughters. He was *s.* at his decease by his second and eldest surviving son,

CHARLES COCHRANE, of Ochiltree, and after the decease of his mother, of Culross. This gentleman *d.* unmarried in 1732, and was *s.* by his brother,

JAMES COCHRANE, who *m.* Miss Margaret Hankison, and dying in 1756, left two daughters, when the estates passed to his brother,

THOMAS COCHRANE, of whom hereafter as eighth EARL OF DUNDONALD.

The earl *d.* in 1686, and was *s.* by his grandson, JOHN, second earl, who *m.* in 1684, Susannah, second daughter of William and Anne, Duke and Duchess of Hamilton, and dying in 1690, was *s.* by his elder son,

WILLIAM, third earl. His lordship *d.* unmarried, 19th November, 1763, when the honors devolved upon his brother,

JOHN, fourth earl, one of the representative peers in 1713, and colonel of the 4th regiment of horse-guards. His lordship *m.* first, Anne, second daughter of Charles, first Earl of Dunmore, by whom he had

WILLIAM, his successor.

Anne, *m.* to James, fifth Duke of Hamilton.

Susan, *m.* to Charles, sixth Earl of Strathmore.

Catherine, *m.* to Alexander, sixth Earl of Galloway.

His lordship *m.* secondly, Mary, daughter of Peregrine, second Duke of Leeds, and Duchess Dowager of Beaufort, but had no issue. He *d.* in 1720, and was *s.* by his only son,

WILLIAM, fifth earl. This nobleman *d.* unmarried, 27th January, 1735, when his unentailed property descended to his nephew, James, Duke of Hamilton, and the peerage and entailed estates to his cousin,

THOMAS COCHRANE, esq. of Kilmarnock, as sixth earl, great-grandson of the first lord, (through the second son of his son, Lord Cochrane, William, who *m.* Grisel, third daughter of James, second Marquess of Montrose.) This nobleman *m.* Katharine, second daughter of Lord Basil Hamilton, of Baldoon, (sixth son of William and Anne, Duke and Duchess of Hamilton,) by whom he had two sons and two daughters. His lordship *d.* 26th May, 1737, and was *s.* by his elder son,

WILLIAM, seventh earl, a military officer, who fell at the siege of Louisburgh, in America, in 1756, and dying unmarried, the honors reverted to

THOMAS COCHRANE, esq. of Culross and Ochiltree, as eighth earl, (refer to Sir John Cochrane,

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of Ochiltree, second son of the first lord.) His lordship *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of James Ker, esq. of Morristoun, in the county of Berwick, by whom he had two children, who *d.* unmarried, and in early life: he espoused, secondly, Jane, eldest daughter of Archibald Stuart, esq. of Torrence, Lanarkshire, by whom (who *d.* in 1806) he had issue,

**ARCHIBALD**, his successor.

Charles, a major in the army, and aide-de-camp to Lord Cornwallis in the first American war, in which he fell, anno 1781. He had *m.* Catherine, daughter of Major Pitcairn.

John, deputy-commissary; *m.* Miss Birch, and *d. s. p.* 1801.

James-Atholl, in holy orders; *m.* Miss Smithson, and *d.* in 1823.

Basil, *m.* Mrs. Lawry, and *d.* in 1826.

Alexander-Forrester (Sir), admiral of the white, and G.C.B.; *m.* Maria, daughter of David Shaw, esq. and widow of Captain Sir Jacob Wheate, R.N. by whom he has issue, Thomas-John (Sir), captain R.N. Governor of Newfoundland, *m.* Matilda, daughter of Lieutenant-General Sir Charles Ross, by whom (who *d.* in 1819) he has issue.

Charles.

Andrew-Coutts.

Anna-Maria, *m.* to Sir Edward Trowbridge, bart.

Jane, *m.* to Captain W. H. Bruce, R.N.

George-Augustus-Frederick, lieutenant-colonel in the army.

Andrew-James, *b.* in 1767; *m.* first, Georgiana, daughter of James, third Earl of Hopetoun, when he assumed the additional surname of "JOHNSTONE," and secondly, Amelia, widow of Monsieur Reymond Godet, of Martinique, and only child and heiress of the late Baron de Clugny, governor of Guadaloupe. By his first lady, Mr. Cochrane-Johnstone has one surviving daughter, Elizabeth, present Lady Napier.

The earl *d.* in 1778, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**ARCHIBALD**, ninth earl, *b.* 1st January, 1748.

His lordship *m.* first, 17th October, 1774, Anne, second daughter of Captain James Gilchrist, R.N. by whom (who *d.* in 1784) he had issue,

**THOMAS**, present earl.

Basil, lieutenant-colonel of the 36th foot, *d.* in 1816.

William-Erskine, a field officer in the army. Archibald, a captain in the R.N. *m.* 11th

January, 1812, Hannah-Jane, daughter of Arthur Mowbray, esq. of Ruzburn, in the county of Durham, and left issue at his de-

cease, 6th August, 1829,

Robert-Alexander, *b.* 1816.

Basil-Edward-Arthur, *b.* in 1817.

Archibald-Hamilton, *b.* in 1819.

Arthur-Mowbray, *b.* in 1826.

Anna-Jane.

Caroline-Elizabeth.

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Eliza-Stewart.

Louisa-Katherine.

The earl *m.* secondly, in 1786, Isabella, widow of John Mayne, esq. and daughter of Samuel Raymond, esq. by whom (who *d.* in 1806) he had no issue. His lordship espoused, thirdly, in 1819, Anna-Maria, eldest daughter of Francis Plowden, esq. by whom (who *d.* in 1822) he had an only daughter,

Dorothy, *b.* in 1820.

In 1764 his lordship was cornet in the 3rd regiment of dragoons, but soon afterwards exchanged the military for the naval service of his country. The earl's long life was principally devoted to scientific objects, chiefly with the view of benefiting the commercial and manufacturing interests. He *d.* 1st July, 1831.

*Creations*—Baron, 27th December, 1647. Earl, 12th May, 1609.



*Arms*—Ar. a chev. gu. between three boars' heads, erased, az.

*Crest*—A horse, passant, ar.

*Supporters*—Two greyhounds ar. collared and leashed gu.

*Motto*—Virtute et labore.

*Town Residence*—Hanover Lodge, Regent's Park.

*Seat*—Cullross Abbey, Perthshire.

**DUNGANNON, VISCOUNT**, (Arthur Hill-Trevor,) of Dungannon, in the county of Tyrone, and Baron Hill, of Olderfleet, in the county of Antrim, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 2nd October, 1763; *s.* to the honors, as second viscount, upon the demise of his grandfather, 30th January, 1771; *m.* 30th July, 1795, Charlotte, eldest surviving daughter of Charles, first Lord Southampton, by whom he has issue,

**ARTHUR HILL**, *b.* 9th November, 1798, M.P.; *m.* 10th November, 1821, Sophia, daughter of George-D'Arcy Irvine, esq.

### Lineage.

This family, and the noble house of Hill, Marquesses of Downshire, have had a common progenitor, in

**MICHAEL HILL**, esq. of Hillsborough, in the county of Downe, who *m.* Anne, only daughter of Sir John Trevor, knt. of Brynkinalt, in the

county of Denbigh, speaker of the English house of commons, and subsequently first lord commissioner of the great seal; by whom he had two sons, Trevor, created *Viscount Hillsborough*, founder of the house of Downshire, and

ARTHUR, M.P. for the county of Downe in 1737, who inherited the estates of his maternal grandfather, Sir John Trevor, in 1702; upon which occasion he assumed the additional surname of Trevor, and was created, 27th April, 1766, *Baron Hill* and *VISCOUNT DUNCANNON*. His lordship *m.* first, Anne, third daughter and co-heiress of the Right Honorable Joseph Deane, chief-baron of the court of exchequer in Ireland, by whom he had no issue; and secondly, in 1737, Anne, daughter and heiress of Edmund Francis Stafford, esq. of Brownstown, in the county of Meath, by whom he had issue,

Arthur, M.P. who *m.* Letitia, eldest daughter of Hervey, first Viscount Mountnorris, and left at his decease, in 1770, an only son,

ARTHUR, present peer.

Anne, *b.* 23rd June, 1742, *m.* to Garret, first Earl of Mornington.

Prudence, *b.* 17th March, 1745, *m.* in 1765, to Charles-Powell Leslie, esq.

The viscount *d.* in 1771, and was *s.* by his grandson.

(Creation—27th April, 1765.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, party per bend, sinister, erm. and ermine, a lion rampant, or, for Trevor; second and third, *sa.* on a fesse *ar.* betw. three leopards, passant, guardant, or, three escallops *gu.* for Hill.

*Crest*—A wivern *sa.*

*Supporters*—Two lions ermine, ducally gorged or.

*Motto*—Quid verum atque decens.

*Town Residence*—3, Grafton-street, Bond-street.

*Seats*—Brynkalnalt, Denbighshire.

**DUNMORE, EARL OF,** (George Murray,) Viscount Fincastle, and Baron Murray, of Blair, Moulin, and Tullymott, in the peerage of Scotland; *b.* 30th April, 1762; *m.* 4th August, 1803, his first-cousin, Susan, third daughter of Archibald, Duke of Hamilton and Brandon, by whom he has issue,

ALEXANDER EDWARD, *Viscount Fincastle*, *b.* 1st June, 1804; a military officer.

Charles-Augustus, *b.* 22nd November, 1806.

Henry-Anthony, R.N. *b.* 10th January, 1810. His lordship *s.* to the honors, as fifth earl, upon the demise of his father, in 1809.

### Lineage.

This family is a branch of the ducal house of Atholl, springing from John, first Marquess of Atholl, and his wife Amelia-Sophia, daughter of James, seventh Earl of Derby, through their second son,

LORD CHARLES MURRAY, master of the horse to Queen Mary, who was elevated to the peerage of Scotland, 10th August, 1686, in the dignities of *Lord Murray of Blair, Moulin, and Tullymott, Viscount Fincastle, and EARL OF DUNMORE*. His lordship *m.* Katharine, daughter of Robert Watts, esq. of the county of Hereford, and had issue, James, (who died unmarried in his father's lifetime,) John and William, who successively became peers; with three more sons, and three daughters. The earl *d.* in 1716, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

JOHN, second earl, one of the representative peers in 1713, and colonel of the third regiment of foot-guards, a general officer in the army, and governor of Plymouth. His lordship *d.* unmarried in 1752, when the honors devolved upon his brother,

WILLIAM, third earl. This nobleman *m.* Catherine, daughter of his uncle, Lord William Murray, (who became Lord Nairne, by marrying the heiress of that family;) by whom he had three sons and three daughters. His lordship having been involved in the rebellion of 1745, was arraigned, at the court held at Southwark, for high treason, in 1746, and pleaded guilty, but obtained his majesty's most gracious pardon. He *d.* in December, 1756, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN, fourth earl, one of the representative peers from 1761 to 1784. His lordship *m.* in 1759, Lady Charlotte Stewart, daughter of Alexander, sixth Earl of Galloway, by whom he had issue,

GEORGE, *Viscount Fincastle*, present earl.

Alexander, lieutenant-colonel in the army, *m.* in 1811, Deborah, daughter of R. Hunt, esq. and has

Augustus-Charles, *b.* in 1815, and other issue.

John, R.N. *d.* in 1805.

Granville-Levison-Keith, in the civil service at Madras; *m.* first, Wemyss, daughter of Sir J. Dalrymple, bart. and secondly, Mrs. Thursley, by the latter of whom he has issue,

1. John Henry. 2. Samuel Hood.

3. Augusta.

Catherine, *m.* to the Hon. Edward Bouverie, and *d.* in 1803.

Augusta, assumed by royal permission, in 1806, the surname of *DUNMORE*, in place of that of "MURRAY," to mark her descent from that ancient family. Her ladyship espoused at Rome, 4th April, 1783, PRINCE AUGUSTUS-FREDERICK, DUKE OF SASSAX, and was remarried to his Royal Highness in the following December (the 5th) at St.



George's church, Hanover-square, and had issue,

AUGUSTUS (Sir), a colonel } who bear the  
in the army, *d.* in 1794, } surname of  
Augusta, } D'ESTR.

This marriage was dissolved by the prerogative court, without any reflection upon her ladyship's honor, in August, 1794; and her ladyship *d.* 5th March, 1836.

Susan, *m.* first, in 1789, to Joseph Thorpe, esq.; secondly, to John Drew, esq.; and, thirdly, in 1809, to the Rev. A. E. Douglas. Her ladyship *d.* in 1826.

Virginia.

The earl, who had been successively governor of New York, governor of Virginia, and captain-general of the Bahama Islands, *d.* in March, 1800.

*Creation*—16th August, 1686.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first, az. three mullets ar. within a double tressure, fory, counterfory, or, for MURRAY; second, or, a fesse chequy, ar. and az. for STUART; third, paly of six, or and sa. for STRABOLOGI; fourth, ar. on a bend az. three stags' heads cabossed for STANLEY; fifth, gu. three legs in armour, spurred and garnished or, conjoined in triangle, at the thigh, for the ISLE OF MAN; sixth, gu. two lions passant in pale ar. for STRANGE.

*Crest*—A demi-savage, wreathed about the head and loins with oak, holding in the dexter hand a sword erect, ppr. pommel and hilt or, and in the sinister a key of the last.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a savage wreathed as the crest, his feet in fetters, and the chain over his right arm; SINISTER, a lion gu. gorged with a collar az. charged with three mullets ar.

*Motto*—Furth fortune and fill the fetters.

*Seats*—Dunmore Park, in the county of Stirling; and Glenfinart, Argyleshire.

**DUNRAVEN, AND MOUNTEARL, EARL OF**, (Windham-Henry Wyndham-Quin,) Viscount Mountearl and Adare, and Baron Adare, of Adare, in the county of Limerick, in the peerage of Ireland, and a baronet; *b.* 24th September, 1782; *m.* 27th December, 1810, Caroline, daughter and sole heiress of Thomas Wyndham, esq. of

Dunraven Castle, in the county of Glamorgan, (in consequence of which marriage, the assumption, in 1815, of the surname of Wyndham, in addition to and before that of Quin;) by whom he has issue,

EDWIN-RICHARD-WINDHAM, *Viscount Adare*, *b.* 10th May, 1812.

— a son, *b.* 2nd November, 1829.

Anna-Maria-Charlotte-Wyndham, *b.* in 1814.

His lordship inherited the honors, as second earl, at the decease of his father, 24th August, 1824. Lord Dunraven is *custos-rotulorum* of the county of Limerick.

### Lineage.

This is one of the very few families in the Irish peerage which claims a national descent. The surname is derived from "Con Cead Cah," or Con of the hundred battles, monarch of Ireland in the second century; whose grandson was called QUIN, that is, the descendant of CON, when he wielded the sceptre in 254.

JAMES QUIN, of Kilmallock, in the county of Limerick, whose brother, John Quin, a Dominican friar, was Bishop of Limerick in 1321, had a son,

DONOGH QUIN, *m.* Miss Nash, of Ballinacaherah, whose son,

DONOGH QUIN, *m.* the heiress of the family of O'Riordan, which had been settled for more than five centuries in the county of Limerick; and his grandson,

VALENTINE QUIN, esq. of Adare, in the county of Limerick, *m.* Mary, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Henry Windenham, esq. of the Court, in the same county, and was *s.* at his decease, in 1744, by his eldest son,

WINDHAM QUIN, esq. of Adare; who *m.* in 1748, Frances, daughter of Richard Dawson, esq. of Dawson's Grove, and dying in 1789, was *s.* by his eldest son,

I. VALENTINE-RICHARD QUIN, esq. who was created a baronet of Great Britain, 24th March, 1781, and elevated to the peerage, 31st July, 1800, as *Baron Adare*. His lordship was advanced to a viscounty, 22nd January, 1816, as *Viscount Mountearl*; and created *Viscount Adare*, and *EARL OF DUNRAVEN AND MOUNTEARL*, 22nd January, 1822. The earl *m.* first, in 1777, Frances, daughter of Stephen, first Earl of Ilchester, by whom he had issue,

WINDHAM-HENRY, the present peer.

Richard-George, *b.* in 1789; *m.* in 1813, Emily, second daughter of Sir John Smith, bart. of Sydling, in the county of Dorset.

Harriett, *m.* in 1804, to Sir William-Payne Galloway, bart. who *d.* 10th April, 1831.

His lordship *m.* secondly, Mrs. Blennerhasset, widow of Colonel Blennerhasset, by whom (who *d.* 8th November, 1821) he had no child. He *d.* 24th August, 1824.

*Creations*—Baronet, 24th March, 1781. Baron, 31st July, 1800. Viscount, 22nd January, 1816. Earl, &c. 22nd January, 1822.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, vert, a pegasus passant, ar. a chief or, for QUIN; second and third, a chev. between three lions' heads, erased, or, for WYNDHAM.

*Crests*—QUIN, a wolf's head, couped, ar. WYNDHAM, a lion's head erased, within a fetterlock and chain or.

*Supporters*—Two ravens ppr. wings indorsed, collared and lined ar.

*Motto*—Quod sursum volo videre.

*Seats*—Dunraven Castle, Glamorganshire; and Adare Abbey, Limerick.

**DUNSANY, BARON**, (Edward-Wadding-Plunket,) of Dunsany Castle, in the county of Meath, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 7th April, 1775; *m.* in 1803, Charlotte-Louisa, youngest daughter of Nicholas, first Lord Cloncurry, by whom he has issue,

RANDALL, *b.* in 1804.

Edward, *b.* in 1806.

— (a son), *b.* 1808.

Emily.

Her ladyship dying in 1818, Lord Dunsany *m.* secondly, in 1823, Eliza, eldest daughter of George, seventh Lord Kinnaird. His lordship *s.* to the dignity, as fourteenth baron, upon the demise of his father, 4th April, 1821.

### Lineage.

This and the noble house of Fingal claim a common ancestor in

SIR CHRISTOPHER PLUNKET, knight, who was deputy-governor of Ireland, under Sir Thomas Stanley, lord-deputy, in 1432, and, subsequently, under Richard, Duke of York. Sir Richard *m.* Joan, daughter and sole heiress of Sir Lucas Cusack, knight, Lord of Killeen and Dunsany, by whom he had, with other children, John, who inherited the lordship of Killeen, and

CHRISTOPHER, that of Dunsany, of which he was created baron, by writ, 17th Henry VI. His lordship *m.* Anne, daughter and heiress of Richard Fitzgerald, of Ballysonan, in the county of Kildare, younger son of Maurice, third Earl of Kildare, by whom he had four sons, and was *s.* by the eldest.

RICHARD, second baron, who *m.* Joan, daughter of Sir Rowland-Fitz-Eustace, lord-treasurer of Ireland, in 1471, and lord-high-chancellor in 1474; and was *s.* by his only son,

JOHN, third baron, K.G. His lordship *m.* Catherine, daughter of Hussey, feudal baron of Galtrim, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

EDWARD, fourth baron. This nobleman was slain by the rebel O'Connor, in 1521, and was *s.* by his son (by Anne, daughter and heir of Philip Birmingham),

ROBERT, fifth baron, who was one of the peers of the parliament, held at Dublin, in 1541, when he was ranked, immediately after his kinsman, Lord Killeen. His lordship *m.* first, Eleanor, youngest daughter of Sir William Darcy, of Platten, knight, vice-treasurer of Ireland, by whom he had four sons and nine daughters. He espoused, secondly, Genet, daughter of William Sarsfield, alderman of Dublin, and widow of Mr. Alderman Shillensford, by whom he had two other sons. He was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

CHRISTOPHER, sixth baron. This nobleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Christopher Barnewall, knight, of Crickstown, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

PATRICK, seventh baron, who *m.* Mary, eleventh daughter of Sir Christopher Barnewall, knight, of Turvey, and was *s.* by his only son,

CHRISTOPHER, eighth baron. This nobleman *m.* Maud, daughter of Henry Babington, esq. of Dethick, in the county of Derby, and, dying in 1603, was *s.* by his only son,

PATRICK, ninth baron, who received a patent of confirmation, from King James I., of the several castles of Dunsany, Corbally, &c. His lordship was subsequently summoned to parliament, 1st Charles I., and suffered considerably in the cause of that unfortunate prince. A short time before the year 1541, the lords-justices had supplied the lords of the pale with arms, but suddenly recalled them, which occasioned much discontent among the Roman Catholic lords, who, having assembled, appointed Lord Dunsany to assure the justices of their attachment and loyalty, and of their readiness to co-operate in every measure that could be conducive to the peace of the country. The lords-justices, however, took no further notice of this proffered service, than by confining his lordship in the castle of Dublin, where he remained for several years; but, on the restoration of King Charles II., he again took his seat in the house of lords, and continued to sit until 1666. His lordship *m.* Jane, daughter of Sir Thomas Henegage, of Haynton, in the county of Lincoln, and was *s.* at his decease by his grandson,

CHRISTOPHER, tenth baron, (son of the Honorable Christopher Plunket, by Catherine, fourth daughter of Randal, first Earl of Antrim,) at whose decease, unmarried, the barony devolved upon his brother,

RANDALL, eleventh baron. This nobleman adhering to the falling fortunes of his legitimate sovereign, King James II., was outlawed in 1691, but being included in the treaty of Limerick, his estates were restored; neglecting, however, the forms necessary to re-establish himself in the privileges of the peerage, neither his

## DUN

lordship nor his immediate descendants had a seat in the house of lords. He *m.* twice, and had issue only by his second wife, (Bridget, sole daughter of Richard Fleming, second son of the last Baron of Slane.) His lordship *d.* in 1736, and was *s.* by his only son,

EDWARD, twelfth baron. This nobleman conformed to the established religion, but took no step to confirm the barony, and his right to a seat in the house of peers. His lordship *m.* Mary, eldest daughter of Francis Alen, esq. of St. Wolstan's, in the county of Kildare, M. P. for that shire, and dying in 1781, was *s.* by his only son,

RANDALL, thirteenth baron, who claimed, in 1791, and was allowed, his seat in parliament. His lordship *m.* first, Margaret, widow of Edward Mandeville, of Ballydine, county of Tipperary, and daughter of Edward Archdeacon, esq. of the county of Kilkenny, by whom he had issue,

EDWARD WADDING, present peer.

Randall, *b.* 5th April, 1780.

Margaret, *m.* to Thomas, eleventh Lord Louth, and *d.* in 1831.

Rose.

Anna-Maria, *m.* first to Philip Roche, esq. by whom she has issue; and secondly, 2nd July, 1822, to Captain Ryder Burton, R. N., son of the late bishop of Killala.

The baron *m.* secondly, Emma, sister of Sir Drummond Smith, bart. of Tring Park, Herts, by whom he had no child. He *d.* in 1821.

*Creation*—17th year of Henry VI. (1439.)



*Arms*—Sa., a bend ar., in the sinister chief point a castle of the last.

*Crest*—A horse, passant, ar.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a pegasus, per fesse, or and ar.; SINISTER, an antelope ar. collared, chained, armed, and hoofed or.

*Motto*—Festina lente.

*Seat*—Dunsany Castle, in the county of Meath, Ireland.

DUNTZE, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Rockbere House, in the county of Devon; *b.* 1st October, 1806; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 21st June, 1830.

## DUR

### Lineage.

1. JOHN DUNTZE, esq. an eminent merchant of Exeter, and M. P. for Tiverton, was created a baronet 8th November, 1774; he *d.* in February, 1795, leaving a large family, and was *s.* by the eldest son,

2. SIR JOHN. This gentleman *m.* in 1804, Dorothea, daughter of Sir Thomas Carew, bart. of Tiverton Castle, Devonshire, by whom (who *d.* 4th November, 1806,) he had an only son, the present baronet. He *d.* 21st June, 1830.

*Creation*—8th November, 1774.



*Arms*—Ar., a pascal lamb passant or.

*Crest*—A mullet between two eagles' wings.

*Seat*—Payford, Devonshire.

DURHAM, BARON, (John George Lambton,) of the city of Durham, and of Lambton Castle, in the county palatine of Durham; *b.* 12th April, 1792; *m.* first, in January, 1812, Miss H. Cholmondeley, by whom (who *d.* in July, 1815) he has issue,

Frances Charlotte, *b.* 16th October, 1812.

Georgiana-Sarah-Elizabeth, *b.* 2nd March, 1814.

and, secondly, 9th December, 1816, Louisa-Elizabeth, daughter of Charles, present Earl Grey, and has had issue,

Charles-William, *b.* 16th January, 1818, and *d.* 24th December, 1831.

GEORGE-FREDERICK-DARCY, *b.* 5th September, 1828.

Mary-Louisa, *b.* 8th May, 1819.

Emily-Augusta, *b.* 17th May, 1823.

Alice-Anne-Caroline, *b.* 16th April, 1831.

Mr. Lambton, representative in parliament for the county of Durham, whose family had sustained the highest rank for centuries amongst the commoners of England, was elevated to the peerage, in the above dignity, — January, 1828. Lord Durham is lord-privy-seal.

### Lineage.

In Surtee's History of the County of Durham the following passage occurs:—"No earlier owners of Lambton are on record than the ancient and honorable family, which style bears the local

## DUR

name. The regular pedigree can only be traced from the twelfth century, many of the family records being destroyed in the civil wars; but the previous residence of the family is well proved by attestations of charters and incidental evidence, from a period very nearly approaching the Norman conquest."

ROBERT DE LAMSTON, feudal lord of Lambton Castle, in the county of Durham, died in 1350; and from him lineally descended (the eighth in succession)

JOHN LAMSTON, esq. of Lambton, *b.* in 1505. This gentleman *m.* Agnes, daughter and co-heiress (with her sisters, Isabella, wife of Richard Conyers, esq. of Horden, in Durham, and Margaret, wife of Thomas Trollop, esq. of Thornly,) of Roger Lumley, esq. of Ludworth, niece of Richard, Lord Lumley, and great-granddaughter of King Edward IV. (through his natural daughter, Elizabeth Plantagenet, wife of Thomas Lumley, eldest son of George, Lord Lumley). Mr. Lambton *d.* in 1552, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

ROBERT LAMSTON, esq. of Lambton, who *m.* Frances, daughter of Sir Ralph Eure, *knt.* (by Margery, daughter of Sir Ralph Bowes, *knt.*) sister of William, Lord Eure, and ninth in descent, (through the families of Clifford, Lord Clifford, Percy, Earl of Northumberland, and Mortimer, Earl of March,) from Lionel, Duke of Clarence, second son of King Edward III. Mr. Lambton *d.* in 1583, and was *s.* by his son,

RALPH LAMSTON, esq. of Lambton, who *m.* in 1587, Eleanor, daughter of Thomas Tempest, esq. of Stanley, and dying in 1593, was *s.* by his son,

WILLIAM LAMSTON, esq. of Lambton, colonel of infantry, in the service of King Charles I. who received the honor of knighthood in 1614. Sir William *m.* first, Jane, third daughter and co-heiress of Sir Nicholas Curwen of Workington, in the county of Cumberland, and had issue, HENRY, and two daughters. Lady Lambton dying in 1688, Sir William *m.* secondly, Catherine, daughter of Sir Henry Widdrington, *knt.* of Widdrington, in the county of Northumberland; and had, with other issue,

William, who fell in the royal cause.

Thomas (Sir), colonel of the horse of the bishopric of Durham, and governor of the Leeward Islands, *d.* in 1602.

Colonel Sir William Lambton fell at Marston Moor, 2nd July, 1644, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

HENRY LAMSTON, esq. of Lambton, who *m.* in 1635, Mary, daughter of Sir Alexander Davison, *knt.* of Blakeston, and had (with four daughters,)

William, *b.* in 1640, M.P. for the county of Durham in seventeen parliaments; *d.* unmarried, in 1724.

Henry, *b.* 1642, barrister-at-law and attorney-general to the bishop of Durham; *d.* unmarried, in 1709.

John, *b.* in 1653; *d.* unmarried, in 1722.

RALPH.

## DUR

Mr. Lambton *d.* in 1693; and we pass to his youngest son, the continuator of the line,

RALPH LAMSTON, esq. This gentleman *m.* in 1696, Dorothy, daughter and co-heiress of John Hedworth, esq. of Harraton, (heir general and representative of the family of D'Arcy of Harraton, and Herrington,) by whom he left at his decease, in 1717, (with four daughters,)

Henry, M.P. for the city of Durham, who *s.* to the estates of his uncle William, but *d.* unmarried, in 1761.

Hedworth, a major-general in the army, *d.* unmarried, in 1774.

William, who *s.* his brother, Henry, and *d.* unmarried, in 1774.

And a younger son,

JOHN LAMSTON, esq. who *s.* to the estates of his brother William, and became of Lambton Castle. This gentleman was a major-general in the army, and colonel of the 68th foot. He represented Durham in six parliaments. General Lambton *m.* in September, 1763, Susan, daughter of Thomas, Earl of Strathmore, by whom he had issue,

WILLIAM-HENRY, *b.* 16th November, 1764.

Ralph John, M.P. for Durham.

Jane-Dorothy.

Susan-Mary-Anne, *m.* in 1790, to John Whar-ton, esq. M.P.

He *d.* in 1794, and was *s.* by his elder son,

WILLIAM-HENRY-LAMSTON, esq. of Lambton, M.P. for the city of Durham; *m.* 10th June, 1791, Anne-Barbara-Frances, daughter of George Bussey, fourth Earl of Jersey, and had surviving issue,

JOHN-GEORGE, now LORD DURHAM.

William-Henry, *b.* 27th of March, 1793; *m.* in January, 1824, Henrietta, second daughter of Cuthbert Ellison, esq. M.P. and has issue.

Hedworth, *b.* 20th March, 1797.

Frances-Susan, *m.* first, the Hon. Henry-Frederick Howard, who fell at Waterloo; and, secondly, to the Hon. Henry-Frederick-Compton Cavendish, M. P.

Mr. Lambton *d.* 30th November, 1797, and his widow *m.* the Hon. Charles-William Wyndham.

Creation—January, 1828.



Arms—Quarterly, first, *sa.* a fesse, between three lambs passant, *ar.* for LAMSTON; second *ar.* a fesse gu. between three popinjays, vert, collared

## DUR

of the second for LUMLEY; ar. an inescutcheon sa. within an orle of cinquefoils gu. for HEDWORTH; fourth, ar. three cinquefoils gu. for D'ARCY.

*Crests*—First, LAMSTON, a ram's head cabossed, ar. attired, sa.; second, HEDWORTH, a woman's head affrontée, couped at the breast, ppr. hair flowing, or, wreathed about the temples with a garland of cinquefoils gu. pierced of the second; third, D'ARCY, out of a ducal coronet, or. an antelope's head issuant, winged, ar. attired and barbed of the first.

*Supporters*—Two lions, the DEXTER gu. the SINISTER az. each ducally gorged and supporting a staff, or. therefrom banners of the second, the dexter banner charged with a cross, patonce, and the sinister with a lion, passant, guardant, of the third.

*Motto*—Le jour viendra.

*Town Residence*—13, Cleveland Row, St. James's.

*Seats*—Lambton Castle, Durham; Cope Hill, Wimbledon.

**DURRANT, SIR THOMAS-HENRY-ESTRIDGE**, baronet, of Scottow, in the county of Norfolk; b. 4th May, 1807; s. to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, in June, 1829.

### Lineage.

The Durrants have flourished in the counties of Rutland and Derby, from the time of the Conquest, and have intermarried with the most eminent families in those shires, as will appear upon referring to the history of the former county, where the pedigree is to be found.

WILLIAM DURRANT, who migrated to Norfolk, in the sixteenth century, m. his cousin Margaret, and by her had issue,

THOMAS.

Susannah, m. Sir Randal Ward, of Bexley Park, in the county of Norfolk.

Mr. Durrant was s. by his son,

1. THOMAS DURRANT, esq. who was created a baronet 10th December, 1783. Sir Thomas married Susannah, eldest daughter of Hambleton Custance, esq. of Weston Longueville, and had issue,

THOMAS, his successor.

William, b. 14th January, 1779.

Susannah, m. Samuel Swinfen, esq. of Swinfen, in the county of Stafford.

The baronet d. in 1790, and was s. by his son,

2. SIR THOMAS, who m. Sarah, daughter of J. Steinbergen, esq., and had issue,

THOMAS-HENRY-ESTRIDGE, the present baronet.

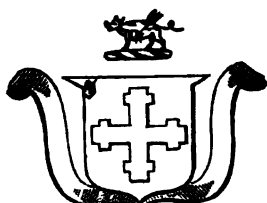
Emily, b. 1st March, 1803; m. 18th June, 1821, the Rev. Lovick Cooper, rector of Ingoldsthorpe, &c. in the county of Norfolk.

Sir Thomas d. June, 1829, and was s. by his son, Sir Thomas-Henry-Estridge, present baronet.

*Creation*—10th December, 1783.

*Arms*—Erm., a cross crosslet sa.

## DYE



*Crest*—A boar ar. bristled, armed, and langued or, pierced in the side with an arrow.

*Seat*—Scottow, county of Norfolk.

**DYER, SIR THOMAS-RICHARD-SWINNERTON**, baronet, of Tottenham, in the county of Middlesex; lieutenant-general in the army; s. to the title, as fifth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 21st March, 1801; m. Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of the late James Standerwicke, esq. of Ovington House, in the county of Hants, by whom he has no issue.

### Lineage.

1. WILLIAM DYER, esq. of an ancient Wiltshire family, barrister-at-law, was created a baronet the 6th July, 1678. Sir William m. Thomasine, only daughter and heiress of Thomas Swinnerton, esq. of Stanwey Hall, in the county of Essex, (which Thomas was third son, and eventually heir, of Alderman Sir Sohn Swinnerton, of the city of London,) by whom he had several children; and dying in 1680, was s. by his eldest son,

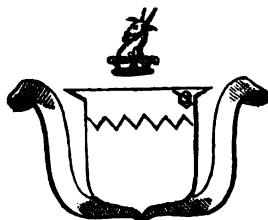
2. SIR JOHN-SWINNERTON. This gentleman m. Elizabeth, daughter of Rowland Johnson, esq. of Gray's Inn, by whom he had five sons and four daughters. He d. 17th May, 1701, and was s. by his second but eldest surviving son,

3. SIR SWINNERTON, at whose decease, 4th March, 1735-6, leaving an only daughter, Anne, who m. Paul Whitehead, esq. the title devolved upon his brother,

4. SIR JOHN-SWINNERTON, who was s. in 1780 by his eldest son,

5. SIR JOHN-SWINNERTON. This gentleman, who was a colonel in the army, and one of the grooms of the bed-chamber to his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, m. Miss Vicary, by whom he had THOMAS-RICHARD, the present baronet, and a daughter, Eleanor. He d. in 1801.

*Creation*—6th July, 1678.



*Arms*—Or, a chief indented gu.  
*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, a goat's head  
 sa., armed of the first.  
*Town Residence*—Clarges-street, Piccadilly.  
*Seat*—Ovington House, near Alresford, Hants.

DYKE, SIR PERCEVAL-HART, baronet, of Horeham, in the county of Sussex; s. to the title, as fifth baronet, upon the demise of his brother, 22nd November, 1831; m. Anne, daughter of Robert Jenner, esq. of Chislehurst, and has issue.

#### Inheritance.

1. THOMAS DYKE, esq. son and heir of Sir Thomas Dyke, knt. of Horeham, by Catherine, daughter of Sir John Bramston, knt. of Skreens in Kent, lord-chief-justice of the court of king's bench, was created a baronet 3rd March, 1676-7. Sir Thomas represented the county of Sussex in parliament in 1685. He m. Philadelphia, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Nutt, knt. of Mays, in the county of Sussex, and was s. at his decease, in 1706, by his only surviving son.

2. SIR THOMAS, who removed from the ancient family seat at Horeham, to Lullingstone Castle, in Kent, having m. Anne, relict of John Bluet, esq. of Holcombe Regis, and daughter and heiress of Sir Perceval Hart, of the said Lullingstone. Sir Thomas was s. at his decease, in 1758, by his only surviving son.

3. SIR JOHN DIXON. This gentleman m. Philadelphia, daughter of George Home, esq. of East Grimstead, by whom he had issue,

THOMAS, his successor.

PERCEVAL-HART, present baronet.

George-Hart, lieutenant-colonel in the guards, m. Louisa, third daughter of Sir William Lemon, baronet.

Philadelphia, m. to the Honorable Beaumont Hotham, eldest son of Beaumont, second Lord Hotham, who d. in 1790, leaving a son, Beaumont, now Lord Hotham.

Anne, m. to Colonel Heneage Twysden, who d. s. p. in 1826.

Harriet, m. to Charles Milner, esq. of Preston Hall, in the county of Kent.

Sir John d. in 1810, and was s. by his eldest son.

4. SIR THOMAS; at whose decease unmarried, 22nd November, 1831, the title devolved upon his brother PERCEVAL-HART, the present baronet.

*Creation*—3rd March, 1676.



*Arms*—Or, three cinquefoils sa.

*Crest*—A cubit arm in armour, ppr. garnished or, holding a cinquefoil slipped sa.

*Seat*—Lullingstone Castle, Kent.

DYNEVOR, BARON, (George-Talbot-Rice,) of Dynevor, in the county of Carmarthen, lord-lieutenant and custos-rotulorum of the same county, and colonel of its militia; b. 8th October, 1765; s. to the dignity, as third baron, upon the demise of his mother, 14th March, 1793; m. 20th October, 1794, Frances, daughter of Thomas, first Viscount Sidney, and has issue,

1. GEORGE-RICE, b. 5th August, 1795; m. in 1824, Frances, eldest daughter of Lord Charles Fitzroy, by whom he has issue,  
 Frances-Amelia.

Caroline-Elizabeth-Anne.

This gentleman, having assumed the additional surname of Trevor, is now the Hon. George-Rice Rice-Trevor.

2. Frances.

3. Cecil.

4. Harriet-Lucy.

5. Caroline-Mary.

6. Katherine-Sarah.

7. Maria-Elizabeth.

#### Inheritance.

An illuminated pedigree of the family of Rice, drawn and attested by Ralph Brooke, York herald, in the year 1660, and continued to the present time by different hands, is now in possession of Lord Dynevor, by which it appears that the founder of the house,

URYAN RICE, Lord of Kidwelly, Caranllow, and Yskenen, in South Wales, m. Margaret La Faye, daughter of Gorlois, Duke of Cornwall. From this union, through a long line of eminent ancestors, descended

GRIFFITH RICE, esq. of Newton, M. P. for the county of Carmarthen, in the last parliament of King William's reign, and the four first of the reign of Queen Anne. This gentleman m. Katherine, daughter and co-heiress of Philip Hoby, esq. of Neath Abbey, of Glamorgan, and dying in 1729, was s. by his grandson.

GEORGE RICE, esq. of Newton, (son of Edward Rice, esq. M. P. for Carmarthen, by Lucy, daughter of John-Morley Trevor, esq. of Glynd, in the county of Sussex.) This gentleman represented the county of Carmarthen in parliament. He m. Cecil, only child of

WILLIAM TALBOT, second baron and first Earl Talbot, who having no surviving male issue, was created BARON DYNEVOR, of Dynevor, 17th October, 1760, with remainder to his said only daughter, Lady Cecil Rice, (by Mary, daughter and heiress of Adam de Cardonel, esq.) His lordship d. 27th of April, 1782, and the barony, according to the limitation, descended to her ladyship.

CECIL, who, in 1787, assumed the name and

arms of De Cardonnel, in pursuance of the testamentary injunction of her mother. Her ladyship had issue by the said George Rice, esq.

GEORGE-TALBOT, present peer, (who resumed his paternal name of Rice in 1817.)

Edward, in holy orders, D.D., dean of Gloucester, and precentor of York, b. 19th November, 1776, m. in 1800, Charlotte, second daughter of the late General Lascelles, and has with other issue,

Francis, in holy orders, m. in January, 1830, Harriet, daughter of the late D. R. Baker, esq.

Henrietta-Cecilia, m. in 1788, to Magens-Dorrien Magens, esq. and d. 17th Dec. 1829.

Maria, m. Admiral Markham, and d. in 1810.

The baroness d. 14th March, 1793.

*Creation*—17th October, 1780.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth ar. a chevron between three crow's sa. for RICE. Second gu. a lion rampant within a bordure engr. or, for TALBOT. Third, ar. two chev. between three trefoils slipped vert.

*Crest*—A crow ppr.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a griffin, coward, per fesse, ar. and or. charged on the breast with a trefoil, slipped vert; SINISTER, a talbot ar. charged on the ear with an erm. spot.

*Motto*—Nihil alienum.

*Town Residence*—34, Dover-street.

*Seats*—Barrington Park, Oxfordshire; and Dynevor Castle, Llandilo, South Wales. The latter is now a picturesque ruin, overhanging a woody precipice in a corner of the park in which the modern mansion is situated. Camden says, "It was the royal seat of the princes of South Wales, whilst they flourished."

DYSART, COUNTESS OF, (Louisa Tollemache,) of the county of Fife, and Baroness Huntingtower, of the county of Perth; m. in 1765, John Manners, esq. of Grantham Grange, in the county of Lincoln, eldest son of Lord William Manners, and grandson of John, Duke of Rutland; by whom (who d. in 1792) she has issue,

WILLIAM, Lord Huntingtower, who has assumed the surname of Tollemache only, (created a baronet, 5th January, 1793;) m. in 1790, Catherine, daughter of Francis Grey, esq. of Lehen, in the county of Cork, and has issue,

3 H

1. Lionel-William, b. in 1794, m. Miss Toome, and has a son, WILLIAM-LIONEL-FELIX, b. in 1820.

2. Felix, b. in 1796, m. Miss Grey, only child of James Grey, esq. and has issue.

3. Arthur, b. in 1797, m. — daughter of — Shepherd, esq. and has a son, Arthur, b. in 1821.

4. Hugh-Francis, m. Matilda, daughter of J. Hume, esq. of Kensington, and has issue.

5. Frederick. 6. Algernon-Grey.

7. Louisa, m. to Joseph Burke, esq., brother of Sir John Burke, bart. of Glinck.

8. Catherine-Camilla, m. to G. Sinclair, esq. M.P.

9. Emily. 10. Catherine. 11. Laura. John, m. in 1806, Mary, Duchess of Roxburghe, relict of William, fourth duke, and daughter of Benjamin Bechenoe, esq.

Charles, m. first, in 1797, Francis Hay, niece of George, second Marquess of Tweedale, by whom (who d. in 1801,) he has two sons;

1. Arthur. 2. Wilbraham-Francis, R.N. and secondly, in 1803, Gertrude-Florinda, daughter of the Hon. William Gardiner, son of Luke, Viscount Mountjoy, by whom he has issue,

1. Charles. 2. George. 3. Lionel.

4. William. 5. Henry. 6. Louisa.

7. Maria.

Laura, m. in 1806, to John Dalrymple, seventh Earl of Stair; which marriage was dissolved in 1809, in consequence of a previous contract in Scotland, on the part of the earl, with Miss Gordon, daughter of Charles Gordon, esq. which contract was dissolved by the lords of Session, at Edinburgh, in 1820.

The countess had three elder daughters, viz. Catherine-Sophia, m. in 1793, to Sir Gilbert Heathcote, bart., of Normanton Park, in the county of Rutland, and d. 28th May, 1825, leaving three sons.

Maria-Catherine, m. to James Duff, fourth Earl of Fife, and d. 20th December, 1806.

Louisa-Grace, m. to Aubrey, sixth Duke of St. Albans, and d. 19th of February, 1816, three hours after her only son Aubrey, seventh Duke of St. Albans.

The Countess of Dysart s. to the honors of her family at the decease of her brother, Wilbraham, Earl of Dysart, 9th March, 1821; and obtained, 30th of the same month, royal permission, for herself and her daughter, Lady Laura, in consideration of her ladyship being the heir and representative of the ancient house of "Tollemache," to adopt the surname and arms of that family, instead of those of her deceased husband. In April, 1821, her ladyship's sons, John and Charles, obtained a similar license.

### Lineage.

The very ancient family of Tollemache claims

Saxon descent, and the name is said to be a corruption of the Saxon word "tollmacc," tolling of the bell. The Tollemaches have flourished with the greatest honor, in an uninterrupted male succession, in the county of Suffolk, since the first arrival of the Saxons in England, a period of more than thirteen centuries.

TOLLEMACHE, Lord of Bentley, in Suffolk, and Stoke-Tollemache, in the county of Oxford, lived in the sixth century, and upon the old manor house at Bentley may still be seen the following inscription,

"Before the Normans into England came,  
Bentley was my seat, and Tollemache was my name."

HUGH DE TOLLEMACHE subscribed the charter, *sens date* (about the reign of King Stephen) made by John de St. John to Eve, the first abbess of Godstow, in Oxfordshire. This Hugh, in his old age, assumed the cowl at Gloucester, and bestowed upon that monastery a moiety of the town of Hampton, which his son, Peter, confirmed, in the time of the Abbot Hamblin. The descendant of this Peter,

SIR HUGH DE TOLLEMACHE, in the 25th of Edward I. held of the crown the manor of Bentley, and the fourth part of the village of Akerton, by knight's service. In the 29th of the same monarch,

WILLIAM and JOHN TOLLEMACHE had summons to attend the king at Berwick-upon-Tweed, previous to his expedition into Scotland. This John took the black cross, and his arms are now remaining in the minster at York.

SIR LIONEL TOLLEMACHE, of Bentley, flourished in the reigns of Henry VI. and Edward IV., and was a personage of great influence and authority. He *m.* the heiress of Helmingham, in Suffolk, and by that alliance acquired the inheritance. His son, John, was father of

LIONEL TOLLEMACHE, who was sheriff of Norfolk and Suffolk in 1512; and in 1546, obtained from King Henry VIII. grants of the manor of Wanaden, with the rectory thereof; the manor and rectory of Le Church Hey; the manors of Bury-Hall Willows and Overhall, to hold of the crown by knight's service. This gentleman was *s.* by his son,

SIR LIONEL TOLLEMACHE, of Helmingham, high-sheriff of Norfolk and Suffolk, in 1567. In 1561, Queen Elizabeth honoured Helmingham with her presence, and remained there from the 14th to the 18th of August, inclusive, being most hospitably and sumptuously entertained. During her majesty's visit she stood sponsor to Sir Lionel's son, and presented the child's mother with her lute, which is still preserved in the family. Lady Tollemache was daughter of Richard, Lord Wentworth, of Nettlehead. Sir Lionel was *s.* by his son,

SIR LIONEL TOLLEMACHE, knt. high-sheriff of Norfolk and Suffolk in 1593, who *m.* the daughter of Sir Ambrose Jermyn, of Rushbrook, and was *s.* by his son,

1. SIR LIONEL TOLLEMACHE, knt. high-sheriff of Norfolk and Suffolk in 1609, who was created a baronet upon the institution of that dignity, in

1611. Sir Lionel served the office of sheriff of Suffolk a second time in 1617. He *m.* Catherine, daughter of Thomas, Lord Cromwell, and granddaughter, maternally, of John, Marquess of Winchester, and was *s.* by his son,

2. SIR LIONEL. This gentleman had previously received the honor of knighthood. He was one of the burgesses of Oxford, in the reigns of James I. and Charles I. Sir Lionel *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of John, Lord Stanhope, of Harrington, and was *s.* by his son,

3. SIR LIONEL, who *m.* Lady Elizabeth Murray, eldest daughter and heiress of William Murray, first Earl of Dysart, and Lord Huntingtower (so created 3rd August, 1643, with remainder to his heirs male and female). This Lord Dysart was descended from William Murray, Lord of Tullibardine, and Huntingtower (living in the twelfth century, from whose eldest son the Duke of Athol derives). His Lordship *m.* Catherine Bruce, of the family of Robert Bruce, King of Scotland, and was *s.* at his decease by his eldest daughter, Lady Elizabeth Tollemache, who then became

ELIZABETH, Countess of Dysart, and obtained. 5th December, 1676, from King Charles II. a confirmation of her honors, with a clause in the charter, allowing her ladyship to nominate any of her issue she pleased as her heir. The countess, after the decease of Sir Lionel Tollemache, (who *d.* in 1608), *m.* 17th February, 1671-2, John, Duke of Lauderdale, K.G. his majesty's commissioner for Scotland; by this marriage, her grace had no issue, but by her first she had three surviving sons and two daughters, viz.

LIONEL, her successor.

Thomas, a military officer of great eminence, who distinguished himself in the wars between James and William, in Ireland, and died of a wound received, as commander-in-chief of the expedition against Brest, in 1694.

William, an officer in the royal navy, who had the misfortune to kill the Hon. William Carnegie, in a duel at Paris, in 1681. Elizabeth, *m.* to Archibald, first Duke of Argyll.

Catherine, *m.* first, to Lord Down: and, secondly, to John, 15th Earl of Sutherland. The Duchess of Lauderdale *d.* 24th August, 1697, and was *s.* in her own honors by her eldest son,

4. SIR LIONEL TOLLEMACHE, Lord Huntingtower, M.P. for Oxford, in 1678 and 1683, who then became second Earl of Dysart. His lordship represented the county of Suffolk, from 1698, until he ceased to be an English commoner, by the passing of the Act of Union with Scotland. He had declined an English barony, upon the accession of Queen Anne. His lordship *m.* in 1680, Grace, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Wulbram, bart. and, dying in 1727, was *s.* by his grandson,

LIONEL, third earl, (only surviving child of Lionel, Lord Huntingtower, who *d.* in 1712, by Henrietta Cavendish, daughter of the Duke of Devonshire.) His lordship was created a knight



of the Thistle in 1743. He *m.* in 1729, Lady Grace Carteret, eldest daughter of John, first Earl of Granville, (lord-lieutenant of Ireland, and afterwards secretary-of-state to his Majesty King George II.) by whom he had fifteen children, of which the following survived infancy:

LIONEL, his successor.

Wilbraham, fifth earl.

George, an officer in the royal navy; killed, in the sixteenth year of his age, by a fall from the mast-head of the "Modest," man-of-war.

John, a captain in the royal navy, killed, in the twenty-fifth year of his age, at New York, in a duel, by Lord Muncaster. He had *m.* Bridget, daughter of Robert, first Earl of Northington, and relict of the Honorable George-Fox Lane, and left an only son, Lionel-Robert, who entered the first regiment of foot-guards, and was killed, in his nineteenth year, by the bursting of a shell, before Valenciennes.

William, an officer in the royal navy, lost, in the twenty-sixth year of his age, in the "Repulse" frigate, in a hurricane.

LOUISA, present countess.

Jane, *m.* to John D. Halliday, esq. of the Leasowes, in the county of Salop, by whom she had four children; John, the eldest, an admiral in the R.N. *m.* Lady Elizabeth Stratford, daughter of John, Earl of Aldborough.

His lordship *d.* in 1770, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

LIONEL, fourth earl, who married first, Charlotte, daughter of the Honorable Sir Edward Walpole, K.B. sister of H. R. H. the Duchess of Gloucester, and granddaughter of Robert, first Earl of Orford, who *d.* without issue, 5th September, 1788; and, secondly, Magdalene, daughter of David Lewis, esq. of Malvern-Hall, in the county of Warwick. His lordship *d.* 22nd Feb. 1790, and, leaving no child, the honors devolved upon his brother,

WILBRAHAM, fifth earl, lord-high-steward of Ipswich. His lordship *m.* Anna, daughter of David Lewis, esq. of Malvern-Hall, by whom he had no issue. He *d.* 9th March, 1821, when the peerage devolved upon his only surviving sister, LOUISA, present Countess of Dysart.

*Creations*—By patent, dated at Oxford, 3rd Aug. 1643; and, by new patent, with the former precedence, dated at Whitehall, 5th Dec. 1670.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, *ar.* a fret *sa.* for TOLLEMACHE; second and third, *az.* an imperial crown or, between three mullets *ar.* within a double tressure, *flory*, counterfory, of the second, for MURRAY.

*Supporters*—Two antelopes *ppr.* attired and unguled or.

*Seats*—Helmingham Park, Suffolk, an edifice of great antiquity, surrounded by a moat and draw-bridges. The church, which adjoins the park, contains many splendid memorials of the Tollemache family. — Ham House, Surrey, a splendid palace, near town, in which tradition says, the Cabel administration used to hold its meetings.

EAST, THE HONORABLE SIR EDWARD-HYDE, knight and baronet, of Calcutta, F.R.S.; *b.* 9th September, 1764; *m.* 23rd December, 1786, Jane-Isabella, third daughter of Joseph-Chaplain Hankey, esq. of East Bergholt, Suffolk, by whom he has issue,

JAMES BULLER, of Adlestrop House, in the county of Oxford, M.P. *b.* 1st February, 1789; *m.* 27th June, 1823, Caroline-Eliza, second daughter of James-Henry Leigh, of Stoneley Abbey, in the county of Warwick.

Anne-Eliza, *m.* in 1813, to James-William Croft, esq. of Greenham Lodge, Berks.

Mr. East having been appointed chief-justice of the supreme court of judicature at Calcutta, received the honor of knighthood, at Carlton-House, 26th February, 1813, and was created a baronet 25th April, 1823.

### Lineage.

The elder branch of this family emigrated from Kent in the reign of King James I. and was amongst the earliest settlers in the county of Armagh. One of its descendants, holding the rank of captain in the army, joined the adventurers under Penn and Venables, for the conquest of the island of Jamaica; and, with other officers engaged in that enterprize, obtained, soon after the restoration, a grant, under patent from the crown, of a considerable estate in that island; which property has remained ever since in the family, having come by lineal descent to the present Sir Edward East. The noted "*Hortus es-tensis*," of which Bryan Edwards, in his History of Jamaica, has given a catalogue, was founded by a member of the East family, and was purchased some years since of the baronet, by the assembly of Jamaica, for a public horticultural institution.

FRANCIS EAST, esq. of Jamaica, *b.* in 1678; *m.* in 1722, Sarah, daughter of — Hinton, esq. by whom he had two sons and three daughters. The younger son,

EDWARD EAST, esq. of Whitehall, in Lignanea, Jamaica, *m.* first, in October, 1761, Amy, daughter of James Hall, esq. of St. Andrew's, Jamaica, by whom he had, with other issue,

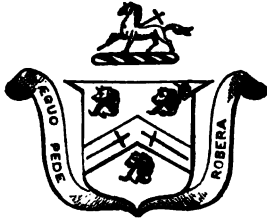
EDWARD-HYDE, created a baronet as above.

Amy-Anne, m. to Patrick Lynch, esq. of Jamaica.

Mr. East m. secondly, in 1774, Mary, daughter of James Wilkins, esq. and had a son and two daughters, viz.

Martha.

Mary, m. to Colonel Daniels.  
Creation—25th April, 1823.



*Arms*—Sa., on a chev. or, between three horses' heads erased ar., two pilgrims' cross staves, of the second, long crosses chevron-wise, sa. their heads towards the centre of the field.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a horse arm. supporting with the dexter fore-leg a cross, as in the arms.

*Motto*—Æquo pole robera.

*Town Residence*—12, Stratford-place.

**ECHLIN, SIR HENRY**, baronet, of Clonagh, in the county of Kildare, inherited the title, as fifth baronet, at the decease of his father.

#### Lineage.

THE REVEREND HENRY ECHLIN, removed from the county of Stafford into Ireland about the period of the reformation, and was consecrated Bishop of Down and Connor, 4th March, 1613. His lordship was barbarously murdered at Balruddery, in his route to Dublin, 17th July, 1635, and his widow and family immediately withdrew into England. His eldest son, however,

ROBERT ECHLIN, esq. returned to Ireland, and settled in the county of Down. The second son of this gentleman,

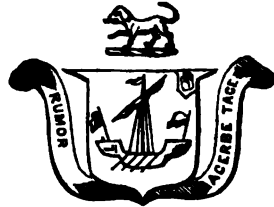
1. **SIR HENRY ECHLIN**, knt. second baron of the court of Exchequer in Ireland, was created a baronet of that kingdom 17th October, 1721. Sir Henry m. Agnes, daughter of the Rev. William Mussett, of Belfast, by whom he had two sons and a daughter. Robert, the eldest son, represented the borough of Newry in parliament in 1695. He m. Penelope, daughter of Sir Maurice Eustace, knt. and sister of Lord-chancellor Eustace, by whom he had two sons, ROBERT, successor to the baronetcy, and Henry, a colonel in the army. Mr. Echlin d. in 1709, and at the death of Sir Henry, his son,

2. Sir Robert, succeeded to the title. This gentleman m. in 1727, Elizabeth, one of the daughters and co-heiresses of William Bellingham, esq. but leaving an only daughter, at his decease in 1757, the title devolved upon his nephew,

3. **SIR HENRY**, who d. suddenly in 1790, when the baronetcy reverted to his cousin,

4. **SIR JAMES**, grandson of Doctor Henry Echlin, vicar of St. Catherine's, Dublin. This gentleman m. Jane, daughter of Chambre Echlin, esq. by whom he had several children.

Creation—17th October, 1721.



*Arms*—Or, an antique galley, with sails furled, sa. forked, pennon gu.;

*Crest*—A talbot, passant, ppr.

*Motto*—Rumor acerbe tace.

**EDEN-JOHNSON, SIR ROBERT**, baronet, of West Auckland, in the county of Durham; b. 25th October, 1774; s. to the title, as fifth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 23rd August, 1812. Sir Robert assumed the additional surname of Johnson, in virtue of a royal license, granted in 1811, and in compliance with the request of the late Mrs. Dorothea Johnson, widow of Peter Johnson, esq. many years recorder of York, whose estates he inherited in 1810.

#### Lineage.

This family was resident in the county of Durham for some generations prior to the close of the fourteenth century. There is no record of its genealogy, however, before the year 1413, when by inquisition of Langly, Bishop of Durham, it appears that

ROBERT DE EDEN died, seised of three messuages and ten oxgangs of land, in Preston-ot-Tees, held of the bishop, *in capite*, by knight's service. His descendant,

JOHN EDEN, esq. of Belsis, in Durham, m. Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of William Lambton, esq. of Lambton, and was s. by his son,

ROBERT EDEN, esq. of West Auckland, living in 1665, who m. Jane, daughter and co-heir of John Hutton, esq. of Hinwick, and was s. by his son,

JOHN EDEN, esq. who m. Margery, daughter of Welbury, esq. of Castle Eden, and dying about the year 1623, was s. by his son,

ROBERT EDEN, esq. of West Auckland, and Windleston. This gentleman m. first, Anne, daughter and co-heir of Matthew Bee, esq. of Ninebanks, in Northumberland, by whom he had two sons and a daughter. He espoused, secondly, Dorothy, daughter of Sir William Wray, of Bemish, and had another son and daughter. He was s. by his eldest son,

JOHN AUCLAND, esq. who m. Catherine, dau. of Sir Thomas Laton, knt. of Laton, in the county of York, and dying in 1675, was s. by his eldest son,

## EDE

1. ROBERT EDEN, esq. of West Auckland, who was created a baronet 13th November, 1672. Sir Robert represented the county of Durham, for several years, in parliament. He m. Margaret, daughter and heiress of John Lambton, esq. of the city of Durham, by whom he had eight sons and six daughters. He d. in 1720, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR JOHN, M.P. for the county of Durham, who m. —, dau. of Mark Shafto, esq. of Whitworth, and dying in 1738, was s. by his only son,

3. SIR ROBERT. This gentleman m. Mary, youngest daughter of William Davison, esq. by whom he had, with three daughters,

JOHN, his successor.

Robert, created a baronet in 1776 (see Sir William Eden).

William, elevated to the peerage as Baron Auckland (see that dignity).

Thomas; m. Mariana, daughter of Arthur Jones, esq. and had issue,

1. Thomas, m. Frances, daughter of Hon. John Rodney, and has issue.

2. John, major in the army.

3. Arthur, m. Frances, daughter of John Thompson, esq. and has issue.

4. Henry, captain R.N.

5. Robert, H.E.I.C.S., m. Frances, dau. of Rowland-Egerton Warburton, esq. and has issue.

6. Mary-Anne, m. first, to John Spalding, esq. and secondly, to Henry Lord Brougham.

7. Dora, m. to vice-admiral Sir Graham Moore, K.C.B.

8. Dulcebella-Maria.

Frederick, created LORD HENLEY, (see that dignity.)

Of the former, the second was created a baronet in 1776 (see Sir William Eden); the third was elevated to the peerage of Ireland first, and, subsequently, to that of England, as *Baron Auckland*; and the fifth, Frederick-Morton, was created a peer of Ireland, by the title of *Baron Henly, of Chardstock*. Sir Robert d. in 1755, and was s. by his eldest son,

4. SIR JOHN, who m. twice: by the first marriage, with Catherine, daughter of John Thompson, esq. of Kirby Hall, in the county of York, he had no issue; but by the second, with Dorothea, only daughter and heiress of Peter Johnson, esq. recorder of York, he had the following, viz.

ROBERT, present baronet.

Morton-John, who has assumed the surname of DAVISON, b. 30th June, 1778.

Maria, m. first, to Frederick-William, sixth Earl of Athlone; and secondly, in 1821, to Sir William Johnstone Hope, G.C.B.

Catherine, m. in 1803, to Robert-Eden-Duncombe Shafto, esq.

Emmeline, m. in 1809, to Thomas Northmore, esq.

Eleanor, m. in 1813, to the Rev. T. F. Wilson. Harriet, m. in 1816, to Robert-Kaye Greville, esq.

## EDE

Sir John d. in 1812, and was s. by his eldest son, the present baronet.

*Creation*—13th November, 1672.



*Arms*—Gu., on a chev. ar. between three garbs or, banded vert, as many escallopes sa.

*Crest*—A dexter arm in armour embowed, couped at the shoulder ppr. the hand grasping a garb, bend-wise as in the arms.

*Motto*—Si sit prudentia.

*Seat*—Windlestone, Durham.

EDEN, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Truir, in the county of Durham; b. 31st of January, 1803; s. to the title, as fourth baronet, upon the demise of his brother, 24th December, 1814. Sir William is custos-brevium of the court of common-pleas.

### Lineage.

This is a branch of the family of Eden (baronets) of West Auckland, founded by

1. ROBERT EDEN, esq. (second son of Sir Robert Eden, third baronet, of West Auckland), who, being governor of the province of Maryland, was created a baronet 19th September, 1776. Sir Robert m. Miss Calvert, sister to the last Viscount Baltimore, (a dignity which expired in 1774), by whom he had issue,

FREDERICK-MORTON, his successor.

William, a lieutenant-general and member of the board of general officers.

Catherine, m. first, to John Holland, esq.; and, secondly, to George Simpson, esq.

He d. in 1786, and was s. by his elder son,

2. SIR FREDERICK-MORTON, who m. in 1792, Anne, daughter and heiress of James-Paul Smith, esq. of New Bond-street, by whom (who d. in 1808,) he had issue,

FREDERICK, his successor.

WILLIAM, present baronet.

Robert, b. 2nd September, 1804; m. 27th September, 1827, Emma, third daughter of Sir James-Allan Park, one of the judges of the court of common-pleas.

George-Morton, b. 10th May, 1806, an officer in the army.

Charles, b. 3rd July, 1806.

Marianne, m. in 1812, to Francis-Mallet Spong, esq.

Caroline, m. in 1821, to Captain Hyde Parker, R.N.

Sir Frederick d. in November, 1800, and was s. by his eldest son,

3. **SIR FREDERICK.** This gentleman, an officer in the army, fell at New Orleans 24th December, 1814, and dying unmarried, the title devolved upon his brother, **WILLIAM**, the present baronet. *Creation*—19th September, 1776.



*Arms*—Same as Eden of West Auckland.  
*Motto*—*Si sit prudentia.*

**EDMONSTONE, SIR ARCHIBALD**, baronet, of Duntreath, in the county of Stirling; *b.* 12th March, 1795; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 1st April, 1821.

#### *Lineage.*

The family of Edmonstone is of great antiquity in North Britain.

**SIR JOHN EDMONSTONE**, *knt.* had several charters of lands, temp. David II., A.D. 1300; and from him descended

**SIR WILLIAM EDMONSTONE**, *knt.* of Culloden, the first of the family of Dunreath, who *m.* (having obtained a papal dispensation) his first cousin, Mary, Countess dowager of Angus, (to whom he was fourth husband), daughter of Robert III., King of Scotland. *Sir William d.* in 1460, and was *s.* by his son,

**WILLIAM**, of Culloden and Dunreath, who was nominated one of the lords of session, by King James III. in 1461, and *d.* the following year. From this eminent person, we pass to his lineal descendant,

**SIR JAMES EDMONSTONE**, *knt.* who was constituted, in 1578, justice-deputy, under the Earl of Argyll, the justice-general. This gentleman, with others, was indicted for high-treason, and convicted, but pardoned, although his accomplices suffered. From Sir James descended, in a direct line,

1. **ARCHIBALD EDMONSTONE**, *esq.* (eldest son of Archibald Edmonstone, *esq.* by Anne, daughter of the Hon. John Campbell, of Mammore, granddaughter of Archibald, Earl of Argyll, and niece of Archibald, first Duke of Argyll), who was created a baronet 3rd May, 1774. *Sir Archibald* represented the county of Dumfries for several years in parliament. He *m.* first, Susanna-Mary, only daughter of Roger Harenc, *esq.* by whom he had several children: and, secondly, Hester, daughter of Sir Gilbert Heathcote, *bart.* but had no issue. He *d.* in 1807, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

2. **SIR CHARLES.** This gentleman *m.* first, in 1704, Emma, fifth daughter of Richard-William Bootle, *esq.* and sister of Lord Skelmersdale, by whom (who *d.* in 1797) he had **ARCHIBALD**, the present baronet, and a daughter. *Sir Charles m.* secondly, in December, 1804, Louisa, youngest daughter of Beaumont, Lord Hotham, by whom he left,

1. William, *b.* in 1810.
2. Charles-Henry, *b.* in 1812.
3. George, *b.* in 1816.
4. Frederick-Neil, *b.* in 1818.
5. Louisa-Henrietta, *m.* 16th December, 1829, to J. Kingston, *esq.* of Clairmont, Dezerara.
6. Amelia-Frances.

He *d.* in April, 1821.

*Creation*—3rd May, 1774.



*Arms*—Or, three crescents within a double treasure floyr counterfory gu.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, a swan's head and neck ppr.

*Supporters*—Two lions rampant gu.

*Motto*—*Virtus auget honorem.*

*Seats*—Colzium, and Duntreath, in the county of Stirling.

**EDWARDES, SIR HENRY**, baronet, of Shrewsbury; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 23rd February, 1816; *m.* 19th June, 1828, Louisa-Mary-Anne, only daughter of John-Thomas Hope, *esq.* of Netley, in the county of Salop, and has a son and heir,  
Henry-Hope.

#### *Lineage.*

This very ancient Welsh family traces its descent to princes and nobles, who flourished long before the Norman Conquest of England. The baronetcy was conferred upon

1. **SIR THOMAS EDWARDES**, *knt.* 21st March, 1644-5, but the patent being lost during the civil wars, a new one, bearing date 22nd April, 1678, and granting precedence from the original creation, was conferred upon his eldest son,

2. **SIR FRANCIS**, a colonel of foot in the service of William III. He *m.* Eleanor, daughter of Sir George Warburton, *bart.* of Arley, in the county of Chester, and dying in Ireland, in 1699, was *s.* by his only son,

3. **SIR FRANCIS.** This gentleman *m.* Eleanor,

daughter of — Harvey, esq. by whom he had a daughter, Eleanor, who *m.* the fifth baronet, and a son, his successor.

4. SIR FRANCIS, who *m.* twice, but leaving only a daughter, Hester, by his second marriage, (who *m.* Viscount Malpas, and was mother of George-James, third Earl of Cholmondeley), the title reverted to his cousin and brother-in-law.

5. SIR HENRY, (grandson of the first baronet, through his second son, Thomas, by Anne, daughter and co-heiress of John Haynes, esq.) by his lady, Eleanor, daughter of Sir Francis Edwardes; this gentleman had seven children. He *d.* in 1767, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

6. SIR THOMAS, who *m.* Anne, only daughter and heiress of John Barrett, esq. of Ealing, in the county of Middlesex, by whom he had an only daughter, Helen-Esmer-Mary, who *m.* John-Thomas Hope, esq. Dying thus without male issue, in 1790, the title reverted to

7. THE REVEREND SIR THOMAS, (great-grandson of the first baronet, through his fifth son, Jonathan, and son of the Rev. Thomas Edwardes, vicar of Cherbury, county of Salop, by Martha, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Matthews, esq.) This gentleman *m.* Juliana, only surviving daughter of John Thomas, esq. of Aston, Montgomeryshire, by whom he had two sons, and dying in 1797, was *s.* by the elder,

8. THE REVEREND SIR JOHN-THOMAS CHOLMONDELEY, rector of Frodesley-Salop. This gentleman *m.* Frances, daughter of John Gask, esq. of London, by whom he had issue,

1. HENRY, present baronet.

2. Benjamin, in holy orders; *m.* in 1817, Anna-Sophia, daughter of J. H. Hall, esq. of London.

3. Juliana. 4. Charlotte.

Sir John *d.* 23rd February, 1816.

*Creation*—21st March, 1644-5.



*Arms*—Gu. a chev. engr. between three tigers' heads erased ar.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a man's head within a profile helmet ppr. garnished, or.

*Seat*—Cholmondeley Frodesaley, in the county of Salop.

EGERTON-GREY, SIR PHILIP-DE-MALPAS, baronet, of Egerton and Oulton Park, in the county of Chester; *b.* 13th November, 1806; *s.* to the title, as tenth baronet, at the decease of his father, 13th December, 1829.

# Lineage.

The family of Egerton, one of the most ancient and distinguished in the county of Chester, was founded by

WILLIAM LE BELWARD, feudal Lord of Malpas, who *m.* Beatrix, daughter of Hugh Kilvillic, fifth earl palatine of Chester, and left three sons,

DAVID (surnamed Le Clerc, from being secretary to the Earl of Chester.)

Robert, who assumed the surname of CALMUNDELEI, from the lordship of that name, and is the ancestor of the noble houses of CHOLMONDELEY and Delamere.

Richard, who had a grant of one-eighth part of Dochintone.

William le Belward was *s.* by eldest son,

DAVID LE CLERC, who, after the earldom of Chester was annexed to the crown, was sheriff of that shire, (36 Henry III.,) he was also a justice of the county, and held three knights' fees therein. This powerful baron *m.* Margaret, daughter and heiress of Ralph Ap-Enyon, and granddaughter maternally of the aforesaid Hugh, Earl of Chester, and thus became possessed of the whole barony of Malpas, a moiety by descent, and a moiety in right of his wife. Of this marriage there were four sons, the second of whom,

PHILIP, surnamed Cough, (or the red,) having obtained the manor of Egerton, near Malpas, from Wion de Egerton, and taking up his abode there, assumed, according to the custom of the age, the surname of "EGERTON," and from him directly descended (the sixth or seventh in lineal succession,)

PHILIP EGERTON, esq. of Egerton, who *m.* Margery, daughter of William Mainwaring, esq. and dying 13th Edward IV. left two sons,

JOHN, his successor.

Ralph (Sir), whose son, Sir Ralph, left a natural son, THOMAS EGERTON, who, becoming lord chancellor of England, was created *Viscount Brackley*, and from him descended the noble house of Bridgewater.

Mr. Egerton was *s.* by his elder son,

JOHN EGERTON, esq. of Egerton, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Hugh Done, esq. of Oulton, in the county of Chester, and granddaughter maternally of James Tucket, Lord Audley, and dying in the first year of Richard III. was *s.* by his only son,

PHILIP EGERTON, esq. of Egerton and Oulton. This gentleman *m.* Joan, daughter and co-heiress of Gilbert Smith, esq. of Cuerdley, in the county of Lancaster, and widow of Richard Winnington, esq. and dying in 1534, was *s.* by his only son,

SIR PHILIP EGERTON, knt. who *m.* Eleanor, daughter of Sir Randle Brereton, knt. of Malpas, and was *s.* in 1563, by his son,

JOHN EGERTON, esq. who *d.* in 1590, and was *s.* by his son,

SIR JOHN EGERTON, knt. *b.* in 1551; *m.* Margaret, daughter of Sir Rowland Stanley, of Hooton, knt. by whom he had several children; and dying in 1614, was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

1. SIR ROWLAND EGERTON, knt. of Egerton

and Oulton, who was created a baronet, 5th April, 1617. He m. Bridget, daughter of Arthur, Lord Grey de Wilton, and sister and co-heiress of Thomas, Lord Grey de Wilton, (which Thomas was attainted in 1604, when the dignity ceased,) by whom he had (with four other sons, who d. issueless)

JOHN, his successor.

Philip (Sir), who inherited the estate at OULTON. This gentleman was knighted by King Charles II. for his loyalty during the rebellion. He m. Catherine, daughter and sole heir of Piers Conway, esq. of Hendre, in the county of Flint, and had issue, JOHN, his successor.

Philip, in holy orders, and D.D. m. Frances, daughter of — Offley, esq. and grand-niece maternally of Mrs. Jane Lane, afterwards Lady Fisher, to whom Charles II. was indebted for his safety after the defeat at Worcester. Dr. Egerton left, with other issue,

PHILIP, who s. his uncle.

Sir Philip was s. by his elder son,

JOHN EGERTON, esq. of Oulton, who d. s. p. and was s. by his nephew,

PHILIP EGERTON, esq. of Oulton, who m. Frances, daughter and co-heir of Sir Griffith Jefferies, knt. of Acton, but having no issue, was s. by his nephew,

PHILIP EGERTON, esq. only surviving son of John Egerton, esq. of Broxton, by Elizabeth, daughter and heir of William Brock, esq. of Upton. Mr. Egerton m. Mary, daughter and heir of Sir Francis Haskins-Eyles Styles, bart. and had issue,

1. JOHN EGERTON, esq. of Oulton, of whom hereafter as EIGHTH BARONET.

2. PHILIP, in holy orders, successor to his brother.

3. William, of Greenford-Lodge, m. and has issue.

4. Charles-Bulkeley, Lieutenant in the army, m. Charlotte, only daughter of the late admiral Sir Thomas Trowbridge, bart. and has issue.

5. Francis, Lieutenant R.N. d. in the West Indies.

6. Thomas, major in the army.

7. Rowland, in holy orders, m. Emma, daughter and co-heiress of John Croxton, esq. of Narley Bank, Cheshire, and niece of Sir Peter Warburton, bart. The Rev. gentleman assumed the name of WARBURTON in 1813.

8. David, d. unm. in 1809.

9. Richard, Lieutenant-colonel in the army.

10. Elizabeth, m. to Sir John Delves Broughton, bart.

11. Mary, m. to Charles Leicester, esq. of Stanthorn Hill, Cheshire.

12. Frances, m. to Thomas Tarleton, esq. of Bolesworth Castle, Cheshire.

13. Sibilla, m. to Randle Wilbraham, esq. of Rode, in Cheshire.

Sir Rowland d. in 1646, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR JOHN. This gentleman m. Anne, daughter of George Wintour, esq. of Derham, in the county of Gloucester; and dying in 1674, was s. by his only surviving son,

3. SIR JOHN, who m. first, Elizabeth, sister and sole heiress of Edward Holland, esq. of Heaton, in Lancashire, by whom he had eight children. He espoused, secondly, Anne, daughter and heir of Francis Wolferstan, esq. of Statfold, in the county of Stafford. He d. in 1729, and was s. by his eldest son,

4. SIR HOLLAND. This gentleman m. Eleanor, youngest daughter of Sir Roger Cave, bart. and dying in a year after his father, was s. by his son,

5. SIR EDWARD, who d. unmarried in 1744, and was s. by his brother,

6. SIR THOMAS-GREY. This gentleman m. in 1749, Catherine, daughter of the Rev. Mr. Copley, by whom he had two sons. He d. in 1786, and was s. by his only surviving son,

7. SIR THOMAS, who m. in 1769, Eleanor, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Ralph Asheton, of Middleton, bart. by whom he had two sons and three daughters; of which, one daughter alone, Eleanor, consort of Robert, Earl Grosvenor, survived. Sir Thomas was elevated to the peerage, 15th May, 1784, as *Baron Grey de Wilton*; and created, 26th June, 1801, *Viscount Grey de Wilton* and *Earl of Wilton*; with reversion, in default of male issue, to the Hon. Thomas Grosvenor, second son of his daughter, Eleanor, Countess Grosvenor, and to all her ladyship's younger sons, by Earl Grosvenor, successively, in the event of failure of male descendants upon the part of the elder. His lordship d. 23rd September, 1814, when the barony of Grey de Wilton expired. The viscounty and earldom descended, according to the patent, and the baronetcy reverted to his kinsman,

8. JOHN EGERTON, esq. of Oulton. (Refers to descendants of Sir Philip Egerton, son of Sir Rowland, first baronet). Sir John Egerton m. Maria, daughter and sole heir of Thomas-Scott Jackson, esq. one of the directors of the Bank of England, but dying without issue, 24th May, 1835, the title devolved upon his brother,

9. THE REV. PHILIP, of Egerton and Oulton, rector of Tarporley, and the higher mediety of Malpas, who m. 14th September, 1804, Rebecca, daughter of James Dupré, esq. of Wilton Park, by whom (who d. in 1836) he had issue,

1. PHILIP, present baronet.

2. Charles-Dupré. 3. John-Francis.  
4. William-Henry. 5. Richard-Caledon.  
6. Mary-Anne-Elizabeth. 7. Eglantine.  
8. Fanny-Sarah. 9. Rebecca-Catherine.

Sir Philip assumed by sign-manual, in 1825, the additional surname of GRAY, and the arms of GRAY DE WILTON. He d. in 1829.

*Creation*—5th April, 1617.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, ar., a lion rampant gu. between three pheons sa. second and third, Barry of six ar. as.

*Crest*—First, on a wreath three broad arrows, two in saltier, and one in pale or, pheoned and feathered sa. banded with a ribbon gu. second, on a hand a falcon rising.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a lion ar. SINISTER, a wivern or.

*Motto*—Virtuti non armis fido.

*Town Residence*—4, Grafen-street, Bond-street.

*Seat*—Oulton Park, Cheshire.

EGLINTOUN, EARL OF, (Archibald-William Montgomerie,) and Lord Montgomerie, in the peerage of Scotland; Baron Ardrossan, of Ardrossan, in the county of Ayr, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; b. 29th September, 1812; s. to the honors, as fifteenth earl, upon the demise of his grandfather, 14th December, 1819.

### Lineage.

Eglintoun is the name of a lordship and castle in the county of Ayr, whence its owner assumed a surname, temp. King Malcolm.

BRYCE DE EGLINTOUN, son and heir of Eglin, Lord of Eglintoun, acquired certain lands, from the community of the village of Irving, and from him descended, in an unbroken succession,

SIR HUGH EGLINTOUN, of Eglintoun, who was judiciary of Lothian, anno 1361. He m. Giles, daughter of Walter, lord-high-steward of Scotland, and sister of King Robert III. but having no male heir, his possessions devolved upon an only daughter, Elizabeth, who married

SIR JOHN MONTGOMERIE, (lineal descendant of Roger de Montgomerie, kinsman of William, Duke of Normandy, and commander of the first body of the Duke's army at the battle of Hastings, whose son, Philip de Montgomerie, settled in Scotland, temp. Henry I. and obtained a fair inheritance in the county of Renfrew;) which Sir John Montgomerie took a distinguished part in the battle of Otterburn, anno 1388, wherein

James, Earl of Douglas, was slain, and, in that conflict, made prisoner of Henry Percy, the renowned Hotspur; for whose ransom he compelled Lord Percy to build the castle of Punning, in the lordship of Eaglesham. Sir John Montgomerie had three sons; Alexander, (the youngest,) Sir Hugh, who fell in the fight of Otterburn, and whose death is thus recorded in the old ballad of Chevy Chase,

He had a bow bent in his hand,  
Made of a trusty tree,  
An arrow of a cloath-yard long  
Unto the head drew he.

Against Sir Hugh Montgomerie,  
So right his shaft he set,  
The gray-goose wing that was therein,  
In his heart-blood was wet.

and

SIR JOHN MONTGOMERIE, who s. to the estates. This Sir John was one of the hostages sent into England, in 1423, for the ransom of King James I. He m. Agnes, daughter of Sir Robert Maxwell, of Caerlaverock, and was s. by his son,

SIR ALEXANDER, who was elevated to the peerage of Scotland, 31st January, 1448-9, as *Lord Montgomerie*. His lordship m. Margaret, second daughter of Sir Thomas Boyd, of Kilmarnock, and dying in 1481, was s. by his grandson,

ALEXANDER, second baron, (son of Alexander Master, of Montgomerie, by Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir Adam Hepburn, of Hales.) This nobleman m. Catherine, daughter of Gilbert, Lord Kennedy, and was s. by his eldest son,

HUGH, third baron, who was created EARL OF EGLINTON, 20th January, 1507-8. This nobleman, after the fall of King James IV. at Flodden, was one of the peers who met in parliament, at Stirling, 19th September, 1513, when the coronation of James V. was fixed for the 21st, and he was nominated one of the Queen Dowager's councillors. He was afterwards appointed justice-general of the northern parts of Scotland, until the new king should attain his full age of twenty-five. His lordship m. Lady Helen Campbell, third daughter of Colin, first Earl of Argyll, and had a numerous family. He d. in 1548, and was s. by his grandson,

HUGH, second earl (son of John, Master of Montgomerie, by Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Archibald Edmonstoun, of Duntreath). This nobleman m. Mariota Seytoun, mistress of Borthwick, sister of George, Lord Seytoun, and was s. in 1546 by his only son,

HUGH, third earl, who m. first, Lady Jean Hamilton, youngest daughter of James, Earl of Arran, Duke of Chatelherault, but as the parties were within the fourth degree of consanguinity, and a papal dispensation not having been obtained, the marriage was dissolved in 1562; and his lordship espoused secondly, Margaret, daughter of Sir John Drummond, of Innerpeffry, and had two sons and two daughters. The earl was engaged on the side of Queen Mary, at the battle of Langside, (13th May, 1568,) for which the parliament held by the Regent Moray, in the August

following, declared that he had committed treason; but the pronouncement of the sentence was superseded. His lordship continued long a zealous partisan of Queen Mary, but at last (in April, 1571) submitted to the authority of King James VI. and was sent to Doune Castle. He was soon however released; appeared in the parliament at Stirling, in September in that year, and *d.* in 1585, when he was *s.* by his eldest son,

HUGH, fourth earl, who was assassinated, the following year, by the lairds of Robertland and Aiket, and others, of the name of Cunningham, between whom and the Montgomeries a feud, carried on with much rapine and bloodshed, had subsisted for a long series of years, and which arose from Hugh, third Lord Montgomerie, having obtained a charter of the offices of ballie of Cunningham, and chamberlain of the town of Irvine, in 1498. The earl *m.* Egidia, eldest daugh. of Robert, 4th Lord Boyd, and was *s.* by his only child,

HUGH, fifth earl. This nobleman *m.* his cousin, Margaret, daughter of the Hon. Robert Montgomerie, of Griffen, second son of Hugh, the third earl; but having no issue, his lordship obtained, 28th November, 1611, a charter, settling the earldom upon the younger sons (Alexander, Thomas, and John Seton) of his aunt, Margaret, by Robert, first Earl of Winton, which falling, to his heirs male whatsoever bearing the name and arms of Montgomerie. The earl *d.* in 1612, and was *s.* by his cousin,

ALEXANDER SETON, as sixth earl, who assumed the name of Montgomerie. His lordship *m.* Anne, eldest daugh. of Alexander Livingstone, first Earl of Linlithgow, by whom he had, with other issue,

HUGH, his successor.

Henry (Sir), of Griffen.

Alexander (colonel).

James, of Coylefield, in Ayrshire, a colonel in the army, *m.* the only daughter of Æneas, Lord Macdonnell, and dying in 1675, was *s.* by his elder son,

ALEXANDER, who was *s.* by his brother,

HUGH. This gentleman *m.* first, Jean, second daughter of Sir William Primrose, bart. and had three daughters. Mr. Montgomerie espoused secondly, Katherine Arbuckle, relict of Hamilton, of Letham, a lady of singular beauty, by whom he had, with two daughters, a son, his successor.

ALEXANDER, who *m.* Lillias, daughter of Sir Robert Montgomerie, bart. of Skelmorley, by whom he had, with several other children,

HUGH, of whom hereafter as TWELFTH EARL OF EGLINTOUN.

Alexander, of Annick Lodge, *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Dr. Taylor, and left issue, at his demise, in 1802,

1. WILLIAM, *m.* Susanna, daughter of John Anderson, esq. by whom he has issue.

2. Alexander, captain R.N.

3. Hugh, *m.* Miss Romney, daughter of Lieut.-general Romney.

4. Elizabeth, *m.* to David Boyle, esq. (now lord-justice-clerk,) and left issue at her decease.

5. Hamilla, *m.* to Alexander Hamilton, esq.

6. Charlotte, *m.* to Rev. T. Prector.

7. Frances.

Archibald, *m.* Miss Chantry, by whom he had surviving issue at his demise, in 1831, two sons, William and Edmund.

The earl, who had the popular appellation of *Gray Steel*, on account of his intrepid bearing, took an active part against the crown in the unhappy times of King Charles I. and fought on the parliament side at Marston Moor. Subsequently he attached himself to King Charles II., and, falling into the hands of the enemy, in 1651, remained in confinement at Berwick from that time until the Restoration. He *d.* in 1661, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

HUGH, seventh earl. This nobleman took the royal side during the civil wars; and was opposed to his father at Marston Moor. His lordship *m.* first, Lady Anne Hamilton, daughter of James, second Marquess of Hamilton, by whom he had a daughter. He espoused secondly, Lady Mary Lesly, second daughter of John, sixth Earl of Rothes, and had two sons and five daughters. He *d.* in 1669, and was *s.* by his elder son,

ALEXANDER, eighth earl, who *m.* Elizabeth, eldest daughter of William, Earl of Dumfries. His lordship *d.* in 1701, and was *s.* by his son,

ALEXANDER, ninth earl, and one of the representative peers, a privy-counsellor to King William, and a commissioner of the treasury. His lordship *m.* thrice: by his first lady, Margaret, daughter of William, Lord Cochrane, he had four surviving daughters; by his second, Anne, daughter of George, Earl of Aberdeen, he had an only daughter; and by his third, Susannah, daughter of Sir Archibald Kennedy, bart. he had three sons and seven daughters. He *d.* in 1729, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

ALEXANDER, tenth earl, who was killed by one Campbell, an exciseman, whom his lordship found trespassing upon his lands, and insisted he should deliver up a fowling-piece, with which he was armed; in the dispute the earl was mortally wounded, and died within a few hours. Campbell was tried and convicted, at Edinburgh, of the murder, but escaped a public execution by hanging himself in prison. His lordship *d.* 23th October, 1769, and was *s.* by his brother,

ARCHIBALD, eleventh earl, a military officer of rank, and one of the representative peers. This nobleman *m.* twice, but having two daughters only by his second marriage, with Frances, only daughter of Sir William Twysden, baronet, the honors reverted, at his decease, in 1796, (while a large proportion of the estates devolved upon his eldest and surviving daughter, Lady Mary,) to his kinsman,

HUGH MONTGOMERIE, esq. as twelfth earl, (refer to James, of Coylefield, son of Alexander, sixth



earl). This nobleman was enrolled amongst the peers of the empire, as Baron Ardrossan, 18th February, 1806, and honored with the Thistle. His lordship *m.* Eleanora, daughter of John Hamilton, esq. of Bowertreehill, in the county of Ayr, by whom he had issue,

**ARCHIBALD**, Lord Montgomerie, a major-general in the army; *m.* Mary, elder daughter and eventual heiress of Archibald, eleventh Earl of Eglinton, by whom he left issue, **ARCHIBALD**, the present peer. His lordship *d.* at Alicant, in 1814.

**Roger**, R.N. *d.* in 1799.

**Jane**, *m.* in 1828, to Archibald Hamilton, esq.

**Lillias**, *m.* first, in 1786, to R. D. Macqueen, esq. of Braxfield; and, secondly, in 1817, to R. A. Oswald, esq.

The earl *d.* in December, 1819.

**Creations**—Baron, 31st January, 1448–9. Earl, 20th January, 1507–8. New patent, 28th November, 1611, (Scottish honors.) Baron, (United Kingdom,) in February, 1806.



**Arms**—Quarterly; first and fourth, *az.* three fleurs-de-lis, for MONTGOMERY; second and third, *gu.* three rings or, gemmed *az.* for EGLINTON; all within a bordure or, charged with a double treasure, *flory*, counterflory, *gu.* for SERON.

**Crest**—A female figure *ppr.* anciently attired *az.* holding in her right hand an anchor or, and in the left, the head of a savage, couped, of the first.

**Supporters**—Two dragons, vert, vomiting fire *ppr.*

**Motto**—Gardez bien.

**Seats**—Eglinton Castle; Skelmorlie Castle, and Collisfield House, in the county of Ayr; Polmoor Lodge, Renfrewshire.

**EGMONT, EARL OF**, (John Perceval,) Viscount Perceval, of Kanturk; Baron Perceval, of Burton, in the peerage of Ireland; Lord Lovel and Holland, of Enmore, in the county of Somerset, in the peerage of England, and a baronet of Ireland; *b.* 13th August, 1767; *m.* 10th March, 1792, Bridget, only daughter of lieutenant-colonel Wynn, and niece of Thomas, first Baron Newborough, by whom (who *d.* 24th January, 1826) he has an only son,

**CHARLES-JAMES**, Viscount Perceval, *m.* in 1828, Louisa-Maria, youngest daughter of the Count d'Orselet, and has a son and heir, *b.* 1st April, 1829.

His lordship *s.* to the honors, as fourth earl, upon the demise of his father, 25th Feb. 1822.

### Lineage.

The first member of this family who settled in Ireland was

**RICHARD PERCEVAL**, (eldest son of George Perceval, esq. Lord of Tykenham and Rolleston, by Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Edward Bampfylde, of Poltimore, in the county of Devon.) The life of this ultimately successful person was chequered and eventful, in no ordinary degree. He was *b.* in 1556, and educated at St. Paul's school, then the most celebrated seminary in England, whence he was sent to Lincoln's Inn, to acquire some general idea of the laws, esteemed, in those days, an accomplishment of the highest description. In both, his progress was brilliant, but his conduct dissipated and disorderly, so much so, indeed, that he incurred the displeasure of his father, who, upon his marriage with Joan, daughter of Henry Young, esq. of Buchorn Weston, in the county of Dorset, entirely abandoned him, observing, that as he had ruined himself by his riots, he might recover himself by his wits. Thus unnaturally cast off, Mr. Perceval found means, by the credit of his reversionary estates, and the assistance of his friends, to maintain himself several years; during which time, he had three sons and two daughters: but at length, through a failure of resources, and the increasing expenses of his family, he was obliged to quit the kingdom, and travelled into Spain, where he remained about four years. Being then informed of his wife's decease, he returned to England, hoping, now that the principal cause of his father's displeasure had been removed, he might again recover his good opinion; but that hope proving delusive, his relations, and particularly Roger Cave, esq. of Stamford, who had married the Lord Treasurer Burghley's sister, engaged on his side, and, by that gentleman's means, he contracted an acquaintance with Lord Burghley, who, being pleased with his talents, and moved by his misfortunes, and having endeavoured, in vain, to procure a reconciliation with his father, determined to promote his fortune by employing him in the management of those state affairs which required the greatest trust and secrecy. Thus he continued till the year 1566, when, whilst the court of Spain was meditating the armada, an English ship succeeded in taking, from a Spanish vessel, letters from the Low Countries, which, by intimations from abroad, were known to contain the secret. Those letters being brought to Lord Burghley, were laid by his lordship before Queen Elizabeth, in council; but the contents being in cipher, the lord-treasurer proposed that the papers should be entrusted to this Richard Perceval, who returned the next day after they were placed in his hands, to her majesty in person, deciphered, translated, and fairly transcribed, in Spanish, Latin, and English. This was the first certain intelligence of the Spanish design, and Perceval

was admitted instantly into the queen's favor, and, from that moment, his road to honor and fortune was open and unimpeded. Having subsequently filled the office of secretary of the court of wards in England, for several years, he was nominated, in 1616, registrar of the court of wards in Ireland, where, after obtaining considerable landed property, he *d.* in 1620, and was *s.* by his son, (by his second wife, Alice, daughter of John Sherman, esq. of Ottry St. Mary's, in the county of Devon.)

SIR PHILIP PERCEVAL, *knt.* a very distinguished statesman, who, having been actively employed in the government of Ireland for a series of years, obtained grants of forfeited lands there, to the extent of one hundred and one thousand statute acres. He *m.* Catherine, granddaughter of Sir William Usher, clerk of the council, and daughter of Arthur Usher, esq. by his wife Judith, daughter of Sir Robert Newcomen, of Moystown, in the county of Longford, and dying 10th Nov. 1647, was *s.* by his eldest son,

1. SIR JOHN PERCEVAL, *knt.* who was created a BARONET OF IRELAND 9th of September, 1661, by patent, containing this remarkable clause, that "the eldest son, or grandson, shall exist a baronet, after the age of twenty-one years, at the same time with the father, or grandfather." He *m.* Catherine, daughter of Robert Southwell, esq. of Kingsale, by whom he had four sons and two daughters, Philip, Robert, John, Charles, Catherine, and Helen. Sir John *d.* at the age of thirty-six, 1st November, 1665, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR PHILIP, who *d.* unmarried, 11th September, 1680, when the title devolved upon his brother, the third son of the first baronet, (the second son, Robert, having been assassinated, 5th June, 1677, in the Strand, London, by some unknown assassin, who was never discovered.)

3. SIR JOHN. This gentleman *d.* 29th of April, 1686, of a contagious distemper caught from the prisoners at the assizes of Cork, where he had been officiating as foreman of the grand jury. He left three sons and two daughters by his lady, Catherine, daughter of Sir Edward Dering, bart. of Surenden, Kent, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

4. SIR EDWARD, who *d.* in his ninth year, in 1691, when the title devolved upon his brother,

5. SIR JOHN, who, after becoming a privy-counsellor of Ireland, and sitting for several years in the Irish house of commons, was elevated to the peerage of that kingdom, by patent, dated 21st April, 1715, as *Baron Perceval, of Burton, in the county of Cork*, with limitation to the heirs male of his father; and 25th February, 1723, his lordship was created *Viscount Perceval, of Kanturk*, also in the county of Cork, with the annual fee of twenty marks, payable out of the exchequer, attached, to support the honor. In 1733, the viscount obtained a charter to colonise the province of Georgia, in America, and being nominated president thereof, was advanced to an earldom in the peerage of Ireland, by patent, dated, 6th November, 1733, as *Earl of Egmont*. His lordship *m.* in 1710,

Catharine, eldest daughter\* of Sir Philip Parker A'Morley, baronet, of Erwardon, in the county of Suffolk, by whom he had surviving issue, one son and two daughters. The earl *d.* 1st May, 1746, and was *s.* by his son,

JOHN, second earl, *b.* 24th February, 1716-17; *m.* Catharine, second daughter of James, fifth Earl of Salisbury, by whom he had with other issue,

JOHN-JAMES, his successor.

Edward, *b.* 10th April, 1744, *m.* in 1775, Sarah, daughter of John Howarth, esq. by whom (who *d.* in 1806) he left issue at his decease, in 1834.

Catherine, *m.* Thomas, first Lord Newborough, and *d.* in 1792.

Her ladyship dying 16th of August, 1782, the earl *m.* secondly, 26th January, 1756, Catharine-Compton, (third daughter of the Honorable Charles Compton,) who was created a peeress of Ireland 16th May, 1770, as *Baroness Arden, of Lohort Castle*, with remainder to her ladyship's heirs male; by whom he had CHARLES-GEORGE, (who *s.* to the barony of Arden,) and other children, (see Lord Arden.) The Earl of Egmont having filled some high offices about the court, and being sworn of the privy-council, was enrolled amongst the peers of England, 7th May, 1762, by the title of *Lord Lovel, and Holland, of Emore, in the county of Somerset*. His lordship *d.* 30th December, 1772, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN-JAMES, third earl. His lordship *m.* Isabella, only daughter and heiress of Lord Nassau Paulet, third son of Charles, second Duke of Bolton, by whom he left an only son, JOHN, the present peer. His lordship *d.* 25th Feb. 1832.

*Creations*—Baronet, 9th September, 1661. Baron, 21st April, 1715. Viscount, 25th February, 1722. Earl, 6th November, 1733. (Irish honors.) Baron, (England,) 7th May, 1762.



\* This lady's brother, Sir Philip Parker A'Morley Long, baronet, who *d.* in 1740, was the last male heir of the Lords Morley, a barony (created by summons to William de Morle, in the 28th of Edward I.) which came into the family by the marriage of Sir William Parker, *knt.* standard bearer to King Richard III. with Alice, Baroness of Morley, daughter of William Lovell, Lord Morley, second son of William, Lord Lovell, of Tichmerch, Baron of Lovell and Holland, &c. (see *Burke's Extinct Peerage.*)

*Arms*—Quarterly, first and fourth, az., on a chief, indented gu. three crosses, pattée, of the field, second and third, barry nebulé of six, or and gu.

*Crest*—A thistle erect, leaved, ppr.

*Supporters*—*Dexter*, an antelope ar. attired and unguled or, ducally gorged and chained of the last; *Sinister*, a stag sa. attired and unguled or, ducally gorged and chained of the last, each holding in the mouth a thistle ppr.

*Mottoes*—Over the crest, "Yvery;" under the shield, "Sub cruce candida."

*Seats*—Enmore Castle, Somersetshire; Erwarton, Suffolk; Sundon House, Herts; and Kantark Castle, in the county of Cork.

**EGREMONT, EARL OF**, (George-O'Brien Wyndham, F.R.S., and F.S.A.), Baron Cockermouth, both in the county of Cumberland, and a baronet; b. 18th December, 1751; s. to the honors as third earl, upon the demise of his father, 21st August, 1763. His lordship is lord-lieutenant and custos-rotulorum and vice-admiral of the county of Sussex.

### Lineage.

This noble family deduces its descent from *Athwardus*, an eminent Saxon, of the county of Norfolk, who, being possessed of an estate there, in Wyndham, (subsequently called Wyndham,) assumed, soon after the Norman Conquest, the surname of Wyndham. From this person lineally descended

**SIR JOHN WYNDHAM**, who was in the battle of Stoke, anno 1487, against the Earl of Lincoln, Lambert Simnel, and their adherents, and was knighted immediately after the victory; but being afterwards engaged in the interests of the house of York, he was condemned for high-treason, and beheaded with Sir James Tyrrell, Lieutenant of Guisnes Castle, 17th Henry VII. Sir John Wyndham m. first, Margaret, daughter of John Howard, Duke of Norfolk, by whom he had **THOMAS**, his successor, and other children. He espoused, secondly, Eleanor, daughter of Norman Washbourne, esq., of Washbourne, in the county of Worcester, and widow of Sir Richard Scrope. Sir John was s. by his eldest son,

**SIR THOMAS WYNDHAM**, of Felbrigg, who m. first, Eleanor, daughter and co-heir of Sir Richard Scrope, knight, of Upsale, in the county of York, by whom he had, with three daughters,

**EDMUND** (Sir), of Felbrigg. This gentleman obtained from Henry VIII., with whom he was a favorite, large grants out of the confiscated church lands. He m. Susan, daughter of Sir Roger Townsend, of Raynham, Norfolk, and was s. by his son,

**FRANCIS** (Sir), barrister-at-law, who was made one of the judges of the court of common-pleas, 21st Elizabeth. His lordship, and his two brothers, dying without issue, Felbrigg, and other

estates, devolved upon the heirs of their uncle, **JOHN**, of whom presently.

**John** (Sir), of Somersetshire.

Sir Thomas espoused, secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Henry Wentworth, of Nettlestead, K.B., and relict of Sir Roger Darcy, by whom he had one son, Sir Thomas Wyndham, an eminent naval officer. The line of the eldest son of Sir Thomas failing, as above, we proceed with the second son,

**SIR JOHN WYNDHAM**, who m. Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of John Sydenham, esq., of Orchard, in the county of Somerset, and thus acquired that estate, which now retains the name of *Orchard-Wyndham*, Sir John had, with other issue,

**JOHN**, who m. Florence, daughter of John, and sister and co-heir of Nicholas Wadham, esq., of Merfield, in the county of Somerset, by whom he left at his decease, before his father, an only son,

**JOHN**.

**Edmund**, of Kentsford, grandfather of Col. **FRANCIS WYNDHAM**, who was created a baronet for his devotion to the royal cause during the civil wars.

Sir John Wyndham was s. by his grandson,

**SIR JOHN WYNDHAM**, who m. Joan, daughter of Henry Portman, esq., of Orchard, and had a large family, of which the eldest son,

**JOHN WYNDHAM**, esq. m. Catharine, daughter and co-heir of Robert Hopton, esq., of Witham, in the county of Somerset, and sister and co-heir of her brother, Ralph, Lord Hopton, and was s. by his eldest son,

1. **WILLIAM WYNDHAM**, esq., who was created a baronet 9th September, 1661. This gentleman m. Frances, daughter of Anthony Hungerford, esq., of Fayrly Castle, and dying in 1688, was s. by his eldest surviving son,

2. **SIR EDWARD**, who m. Catharine, daughter of Sir William-Levison Gower, baronet, and sister of John, Lord Gower, by whom he had a son and a daughter, and was s. by the former,

3. **SIR WILLIAM**. This gentleman filled, in the reign of Queen Anne, the high offices of master of the buck-hounds, secretary-at-war, and chancellor of the exchequer, and was sworn of her majesty's privy-council. He m. twice; and, by his first lady, Catherine, second daughter of his grace, Charles, Duke of Somerset, had two sons and two daughters. His second son, inheriting the estate of his uncle, Henry, Earl of Thomond, bore the surname and arms of O'Brien, and was created *Earl of Thomond, in Ireland*. Of Sir William's second marriage, with Maria-Catharina, daughter of M. Peter D'Jong, of the province of Utrecht, in Holland, and relict of William, Marquess of Blandford, there was no issue. Sir William Wyndham, who had a high reputation for eloquence, and was esteemed a most polished gentleman, is thus transmitted to posterity by Pope:—

"How can I Pult'ney, Chesterfield, forget,  
While Roman spirit charms, and attic wit!

Or Wyndham, just to freedom and the throne,  
The master of our passions, and his own."

He d. 17th June, 1740, after a few days' illness, and was s. by his eldest son,

4. **SIR CHARLES**, who also succeeded, upon the demise of his uncle, Algernon, Duke of Somerset, without male issue, 7th February, 1750, to the *Barony of Cockermouth*, and *EARLDOM OF BORMONT*, his grace having obtained these dignities by patent, dated 3rd October, 1740, with remainder to the sons of his sister, Lady Catherine Wyndham. His lordship m. Alicia-Maria, daughter of George, second Lord Carpenter, by whom he had issue,

**GEORGE-O'BRIEN**, present peer.

**Percy-Charles**, b. 3rd September, 1757.

**Charles-William**, b. 8th October, 1760; m. in 1801, Lady Anne-Barbara-Frances Lambton, second daughter of George Bussey, fourth Earl of Jersey, widow of William-Henry Lambton, esq., and mother of the present Lord Durham, Mr. Wyndham d. 8th July, 1828.

**William-Frederick**, b. 6th April, 1763; m. first, in 1784, Frances, daugh. of Frederick, Lord Baltimore, by whom he had issue,

**GEORGE-FRANCIS**, captain R. N. b. in 1786; m. in 1820, Jane, third daughter of the Rev. William Roberts.

**Frances**, m. to William Miller, esq.

**Laura**, m. to the Rev. Charles Boutbee. Mr. Wyndham, espoused, secondly, Julia de Smorzewska, Countess de Spyterki, and d. in 1828.

**Elizabeth**, m. to Henry, first Earl of Carnarvon, and d. in 1826.

**Frances**, m. to Charles, first Earl Romney, and d. in 1795.

His lordship d. 21st August, 1763.

*Creations*—Baronet, 9th September, 1661. Earl, &c. 3rd October, 1749.



*Arms*—Az., a chev., between three lions' heads, erased or.

*Crest*—A lion's head, erased, or, within a fetterlock of the last, the bow compony countercompony, of the first and az.

*Supporters*—**DEXTER**, a lion, rampant, az. winged or; **SINISTER**, a griffin ar. guttée-de-sang.  
*Motto*—Au bon droit.

*Town Residence*—4, Grosvenor-place.

*Seats*—Petworth, Orchard Wyndham, and Witham, in the county of Sussex; Cockermouth

Castle, Cumberland; and Wresl Castle, Yorkshire.

**ELDON, EARL OF**, (John Scott, D.C.L., F.R.S., and F.S.A.), Viscount Encombe, of Encombe, in the county of Dorset, and Baron Eldon, of Eldon, in the county of Durham; b. 4th June, 1751; m. Elizabeth, daughter of Aubone Surtees, esq. of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, by whom (who d. 28th June, 1831) he has had issue,

**JOHN**, m. in 1804, Henrietta-Elizabeth, only daughter of Sir Matthew-White Ridley, bart. (who m. secondly, William Farrar, esq.) and left at his decease, in December, 1805, an only son,

**JOHN, Viscount Encombe**, M. P. b. in 1805; m. 1st October, 1831, Louisa, second daughter of Charles, present Lord Faversham.

**William-Henry**, b. 25th February, 1795, M. P. for Newport, Isle of Wight.

**Elizabeth**, m. in 1817, to George-Stanley Repton, esq.

**Frances-Jane**, m. in 1820, to the Reverend Edward Banks, prebendary of Gloucester and Norwich.

This distinguished and highly-gifted personage owes his elevation to the same source whence the illustrious names of Bacon, Hyde, Somers, York, Murray, Erskine, and others, almost innumerable, have sprung into importance,—the profession of the law; and no matter what difference may exist regarding his lordship's political course, it is admitted, with one accord, that his name will go down to posterity amongst the most eminent of his legal predecessors. He was called to the bar in 1776; and, having obtained a silk gown, was appointed solicitor-general in 1788, when he received the honor of knighthood. In 1793, Sir John Scott succeeded Sir Archibald Macdonald in the attorney-generalship; and, in 1799, he was elevated to the bench and the peerage; to the former, as lord-chief-justice of the court of common-pleas, and, to the latter, (18th July, 1799,) in the dignity of *Baron Eldon, of Eldon, in the county of Durham*. In 1799, his lordship was appointed lord high chancellor of England; in which exalted station he continued, with the interruption of fourteen months only, (from the 7th of February, 1806, to the 1st of April, 1807,) until 1827, when he resigned the seals. On the 7th of July, 1821, his lordship was advanced to the dignities of *Viscount Encombe* and *EARL OF ELDON*.

#### Lineage.

**WILLIAM SCOTT**, esq. a merchant of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, whose widow d. in 1800, at the ad-

## ELF

vanced age of ninety-two, left at his decease in 1776, three sons,

Henry, who s. to his father's business.

William, now Lord Stowell, (see that dignity), and

JOHN, present Earl of Eldon.

*Creations*—Baron, 18th July, 1790. Earl, &c. 7th July, 1821.



*Arms*—Ar., three lions' heads, erased, gu. two and one, between the upper ones an anchor sa. on a chief, wavy, az. a portcullis, with chains or, a mullet for difference.

*Crest*—A lion's head, erased, gu. charged on the neck with a portcullis, chained, or, a mullet for difference.

*Supporters*—Two lions, guardant, ppr. a portcullis, pendent by a chain from the neck or, to which is affixed a shield ar. charged with a chaplet of laurel vert.

*Motto*—Sed sine labe decus.

*Town Residence*—1, Hamilton-place, Piccadilly.

*Seat*—Encombe House, near Wareham, Dorsetshire.

**ELFORD, SIR WILLIAM**, baronet, of Bickham, in the county of Devon, F.R.S.; m. first, Mary, daughter of the Reverend John Davis, of Plympton, by whom (who d. in 1817) he had issue,

Jonathan, m. in 1810, Charlotte, only daughter and heiress of John Wynne, esq. of Abercynlleth, in the county of Denbigh, and d. s. p. 11th March, 1823.

Grace-Chard.

Sir William m. secondly, Mrs. Walrond, relict of Colonel Walrond, and daughter and co-heiress of Humphrey Hall, esq. of Manadon, Devonshire. This gentleman, who is eldest son of the late Reverend Lancelot Elford, by Grace, daughter of Alexander Wills, of Kingsbridge, in the county of Devon, was created a baronet 26th November, 1800. Sir William is recorder of Plymouth.

*Arms*—Per pale ar. and az. a lion rampant gu.

*Crest*—A demi-lion rampant erased, ducally crowned.

## ELG



*Motto*—Difficilia quae pulchra.

*Seat*—Bickham, near Plymouth.

**ELGIN, AND KINCARDINE, EARL OF**, (Thomas Bruce, K.G.) Baron Bruce, of Kinloss, and of Torry, in the peerage of Scotland, a lieutenant-general in the army; b. 20th July, 1766; s. to the honors, upon the demise of his brother, 15th July, 1771; m. 11th March, 1799, Mary, only child of William-Hamilton Nisbet, esq. of Dirleton, in the county of Haddington, by whom he had issue,

GEORGE-CHARLES-CONSTANTINE, *Lord Bruce*, b. 5th April, 1800.

Mary, m. 29th January, 1828, to Robert Adam Dundas, esq. M.P.

Matilda-Harriet.

Lucy, m. 14th March, 1828, to John Grant, esq.

His lordship's marriage being dissolved by act of parliament, in 1808, he m. secondly, 21st of September, 1810, Elizabeth, youngest daughter of James-Townshend Oswald, esq. by whom he has

James, b. 20th July, 1811.

Frederick-William-Adolphus, b. 14th of April, 1814.

And two other sons, and a daughter.

His lordship is known as the collector of some splendid Grecian antiquities, which he procured during his residence as ambassador-extraordinary in Turkey, and which are now deposited in the national museum, under the denomination of the "Elgin marbles." He is the sixth Earl of Elgin, and eleventh Earl of Kincardine, and one of the representative peers of Scotland.

### Lineage.

This noble family claims descent from the royal house of Bruce, and that claim is generally admitted.

SIR DAVID BRUCE, of Clackmannan, m. Jane, daughter of Sir Patrick Blackadder of Tulliallan, in the county of Perth, and had, with other issue,

JOHN, who died before his father, leaving a son,

SIR ROBERT BRUCE, of Clackmannan.

And

EDWARD BRUCE, of Blairhall, who m. Alison, daughter of William Reid of Aikenhead, sister of Robert, Bishop of Orkney, president of the court-of-session, from 1543, to his death in France, where he was one of the commissioners to witness the nuptials of Queen Mary with the Dauphin, 1566, and supposed to have been poisoned. Mr. Bruce had issue, ROBERT, of Blairhall; Edward; Sir George of Carnock,\* and William. The second son,

EDWARD BRUCE, of Kinloss, was appointed a lord of session in 1597, and accredited by King James VI., in 1600, with the Earl of Mar, to the court of Elisabeth, to congratulate her majesty upon the suppression of Essex's rebellion. He then placed the affairs of his royal master in such a train with Secretary Cecil, as to pave the way to the peaceable succession of the Scottish monarch to the English throne. Upon his re-

\* SIR GEORGE BRUCE, of Carnock, settled at Culross, where he established extensive and flourishing coal works. He also carried on the manufacture of salt to a great extent, and was engaged in a considerable foreign trade. The coal was wrought to a distance under the sea, and was shipped at a moor under the sea-mark. King James VI. visiting Sir George Bruce, and expressing a desire to inspect the coal works, was conducted through them to the moor, to his Majesty's no small dismay at finding himself in the midst of the sea; he was conducted back, however, in a pinnace, and sumptuously entertained by Sir George, at the Abbey of Culross. By those spirited commercial exertions, Sir George Bruce accumulated great wealth. He was M.P. for Culross, and one of the commissioners appointed by the parliament of Scotland to treat of a union with England in 1604. Sir George m. Margaret, daughter of Archibald Primrose, of Burnbrae, and had with other issue,

GEORGE, his successor.

Robert, of Broomhall, one of the lords of session in 1649, m. Helen, daughter of Sir James Skene, of Curriehill, and was s. by his only son,

ALEXANDER (Sir), of Broomhall, of whom presently, as FOURTH EARL OF KINCARDINE.

Sir George Bruce d. 6th May, 1635, and was s. by his eldest son,

GEORGE BRUCE, esq. of Carnock, who m. Mary, daughter of Sir John Preston, bart. of Valleyfield, and was s. by his elder son,

SIR EDWARD BRUCE, of Carnock, who was elevated to the peerage of Scotland, 30th December, 1647, in the dignities of *Lord Bruce of Torry*, and EARL OF KINCARDINE, and dying without issue, in 1692, the honors being to heirs general, devolved upon his brother,

ALEXANDER, second earl. This nobleman took a prominent part in Scottish affairs after the restoration, and the government of Scotland was

turn, he was created a peer of Scotland, 2nd February, 1691-2, as *Baron Bruce of Kinloss*, in the county of Elgin, accompanying King James into England, on his accession, he was sworn of the new monarch's privy-council, and constituted master-of-the-rolls for life, when he resigned the office of lord-of-session. His lordship m. Magdalen, daughter of Sir Alexander Clerk, of Balbirnie, in Fife, and had issue two sons and one daughter, Christian, with whom James I. gave 10,000*l.* with his own hands, as a marriage portion, to William Cavendish, Earl of Devonshire. The earl d. in 1610, and was s. by his elder son,

EDWARD, second baron, K.B. His lordship did not, however, long enjoy his honors, being killed in a duel, in 1613, by Sir Edward Sackville, afterwards Earl of Dorset. Dying unmarried, the barony devolved upon his brother,

THOMAS, third baron, who was advanced to an earldom, 21st June, 1633, as EARL OF ELGIN,

placed, anno 1667, in the hands of his lordship, the Earl of Tweeddale, and Sir Robert Murray. Lord Kincardine was appointed an extraordinary lord of session in 1667, and continued in that office until his decease, 9th July, 1690. He m. in 1659, Varonica, daughter of Corneille Van Arson Van Sommelsdyck, Lord of Sommelsdyck and Spyke in Holland, and was s. by his only surviving son,

ALEXANDER, third earl. The late lord having died deeply involved in debt, the estate was brought to a judicial sale, by order of the court of session, and purchased in 1700, by Colonel John Erskine, son of David, Lord Cardross. The Earl of Kincardine was an eccentric character, and had the misfortune of losing his sight some years before his death, which happened in November, 1765, unmarried: when a competition arose for the honors between his lordship's sister, Lady Mary Cochrane, and Sir Alexander Bruce, of Broomhall, which terminated in favor of the latter (refer to second son of Sir George Bruce, of Carnock) who succeeded as,

ALEXANDER, fourth earl. This nobleman m. Christian, daughter of Robert Bruce of Blairhall, and was s. by his eldest son,

ROBERT, fifth earl, who d. without issue, and was s. by his brother,

ALEXANDER, sixth earl. This nobleman dying without male issue, the honors devolved upon his brother,

THOMAS, seventh earl, who m. Rachel daughter of Robert Pauncefoot, esq. of the county of Hereford, and was s. by his elder son,

WILLIAM, eighth earl. This nobleman m. in 1726, Janet Robertson, noticed by Hamilton of Bangour, amongst the first beauties of his time, daughter of James Robertson, esq. one of the principal clerks of session, and dying 8th September, 1740, was s. by his eldest son,

CHARLES, ninth Earl of Kincardine, who succeeded as fifth EARL OF ELGIN, and thus united the two dignities, as stated above.

with remainder to his heirs male for ever, bearing the name and arms of Bruce, and created an English peer 13th July, 1640, as *Baron Bruce, of Whorlton, in the county of York*. His lordship *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir Robert Chichester, *knt.* of Raleigh, in the county of Devon, and dying in 1663, was *s.* by his only son,

ROBERT, second earl, who, for his loyalty, to the Charles's, was created, 18th March, 1663-4, *Baron Bruce, of Skelton, in the county of York; Viscount Bruce, of Amphilhill, in the county of Bedford, and Earl of Aylesbury*. His lordship *m.* Diana, daughter of Henry, first Earl of Stamford, by whom he had eight sons and nine daughters. He *d.* in 1685, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

THOMAS, third Earl of Elgin, and second Earl of Aylesbury. This nobleman *m.* twice, and had surviving issue, by his first countess, (Elizabeth, daughter of Henry, Lord Beauchamp, and heiress of her brother, William, Duke of Somerset), a son and daughter; and, by his second, Charlotte, Countess of Sannu, in Brabant, an only daughter. He *d.* in 1741, and was *s.* by his son,

CHARLES, fourth Earl of Elgin, and third Earl of Aylesbury, who had been called to the upper house in the life-time of his father, by writ, (1711,) as *Lord Bruce, of Whorlton*. In April, 1746, his lordship obtained a new patent, creating him *Baron Bruce, of Tottenham, in the county of Wilts*, with remainder to his nephew, Thomas-Bruce Brudenell, the youngest son of his sister, Lady Elizabeth, by George, Earl of Cardigan. The Earl *m.* thrice, but leaving no surviving male issue, (although he had two sons by his first wife, Lady Anne Saville, eldest daughter and co-heiress of William, Marquess of Halifax, and had, besides, two daughters, Mary, *m.* to Henry Bridges, Duke of Chandos; and Elizabeth, *m.* to the Honorable Benjamin Bathurst, son of Allan, Lord Bathurst,) the earldom of Aylesbury, the viscounty of Bruce, of Amphilhill, and the barony of Bruce, of Skelton, as well as that of Bruce, of Whorlton, became extinct at his decease, 10th February, 1747. The barony of Bruce, of Tottenham, devolved upon his nephew, the Honorable Thomas-Bruce Brudenell, already mentioned; and the Scottish honors reverted to his heir general,

CHARLES BRUCE, ninth Earl of Kincardine, (see note, for Earldom of Kincardine), who then assumed the joint title of Earl of Elgin and Kincardine. His lordship *m.* in 1750, Martha, only child of Thomas White, *esq.* a banker in London; by whom he had with other issue,

WILLIAM-ROBERT, } successive earls.  
THOMAS, }

Charles-Andrew, who *d.* in 1810, leaving issue by his second wife, Charlotte-Sophia, daughter of — Dashwood, *esq.*

Charles-Dashwood, *b.* in 1802.

Brudenell, *b.* in 1804.

Louisa.

Charlotte, *m.* in 1799, to Vice-admiral Sir  
3 K

Philip Charles Durham, K.C.B., and *d.* in 1816.

The Countess of Elgin filled, with great credit to herself, the important station of governess to her royal highness the deeply-deplored Princess Charlotte of Wales. Her Ladyship *d.* in 1810; the earl in 1771, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM-ROBERT, who *d.* in a few months after his father, when the honors devolved upon his brother, THOMAS, the present peer.

Creations—Baron Bruce, of Kinloss, 2nd February, 1602. Earl of Elgin, 21st June, 1633. Baron Bruce, of Torroay, and Earl of Kincardine, 20th December, 1647.



Arms—Or, a saltire and chief gu. for BRUCE OF ANNANDALE; on a canton ar. a lion rampant, az. armed and langued of the second, for BRUCE OF SKELTON.

Crest—A lion, passant, gu.

Supporters—Two savages, ppr. wreathed about the temples and loins with laurel vert.

Motto—Fuimus.

Seats—Archerfield House, and Broomhall, in the county of Fife.

ELIBANK, BARON, (Alexander-Oliphant Murray,) of Elibank, in the county of Selkirk, in the peerage of Scotland, and a baronet; *b.* 23rd May, 1804; *s.* to the honors, as ninth baronet, at the decease of his father, 9th April, 1830.

#### Lineage.

PATRICK MURRAY, *esq.* son of Sir Gideon Murray, treasurer depute, and a lord of session, in 1613, (third son of Andrew Murray, of Blackbarony,) was created a baronet, 16th May, 1628, and elevated to the peerage 18th March, 1643, as BARON ELIBANK, of *Eltrick Forest, in the county of Selkirk*, with remainder to his heirs male whatsoever. His lordship was keeper of the King's Castle of Caerlaverock, and in 1647, he was one of the six peers who opposed the delivering up of King Charles I. to the parliament of England. He *m.* four times, and dying in 1650, was *s.* by his eldest son (by his second wife, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir James Dundas, of Arnistoun),

PATRICK, second baron, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of John, first Earl of Traquair, and was *s.* at his decease, in 1661, by his son.

ALEXANDER, third baron. This nobleman *m.*

Anne, daughter of Alexander Burnet, Archbishop of Glasgow, and widow of Alexander, seventh Earl of Elphinstone, and dying in 1667, was *s.* by his son,

ALEXANDER, fourth baron, who *m.* in 1668, Elizabeth, daughter of George Stirling, surgeon, of Edinburgh, and M.P. for that city, by whom he had, with other issue,

PATRICK, } successive barons.  
GEORGE, }

Gideon, D.D. Prebendary of Durham, *m.* in 1746, Elizabeth, only daughter of General David Montolieu, Baron de St. Hypolite, and had two sons,

ALEXANDER, who *s.* as seventh baron.

David, *m.* in 1783, Elizabeth, fifth daughter and co-heir of the Hon. Thomas Harley, and dying in 1794, left

DAVID, in holy orders, *m.* in 1828, Frances, daughter of John Portal, and has issue.

Elizabeth, *m.* in 1810, to Captain William-Henry Shirreff, R.N.

Maria-Clara, *m.* in 1810, to Edward Hungerford Lechmere, esq.

Louisa, *m.* to Sir John-Chandos Roade, bart. and *d.* in 1821.

Alexander, an officer in the army, who incurred the resentment of the Honorable House of Commons, for his conduct at the Westminster election, in 1760;<sup>a</sup> and, refusing to solicit the forgiveness of the house, he was committed to Newgate, and closely confined during the whole session of 1761. At the prorogation of parliament, Mr. Murray was of course liberated, and proceeded, accompanied by Lord Carpenter, and Sir George Vandepuit, in his coach, and the sheriffs of London in a chariot, preceded by a great concourse of people from Newgate to Lord Elibank's house in Henrietta-street, a standard being carried before him, inscribed, "Murray and liberty." He was afterwards obliged, however, to withdraw into France, to escape the further vengeance of the House, but was recalled from exile by letter under the privy seal, in April, 1771, and *d.* unmarried, in 1777.

James who attained the rank of general in the army, and acquired high reputation as a commanding officer in Canada, of which he was appointed governor in 1763. General Murray was subsequently distin-

guished by his gallant, though unsuccessful, defence of Minorca in 1781, against the Duc de Crillon, at the head of a large Spanish and French force. Crillon, despairing of success, endeavoured to corrupt the gallant Scot, and at once proposed to him ONE MILLION STERLING for the surrender of the fortress. Indignant at the attempt, Gen. Murray immediately addressed the following letter to his grace:—

"Fort St. Philip, 16th October, 1781.

"When your brave ancestor was desired by his sovereign to assassinate the Duke de Guise, he returned the answer which you should have done, when you were charged to assassinate the character of a man whose birth is as illustrious as your own, or that of the Duc de Guise. I can have no further communication with you but in arms. If you have any humanity, pray send clothing for your unfortunate prisoners in my possession; leave it at a distance, to be taken up for them, because I will admit of no contact for the future, but such as is hostile to the most inveterate degree." To this the duke replied:—"Your letter restores each of us to our places; it confirms me in the high opinion I have always had of you. I accept your last proposal with pleasure."

He *m.* twice, but left issue only by his second wife (Anne, daughter of Abraham Witham, esq.)

1. James-Patrick, C.B. a major-general in the army, *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of E. Rushworth, esq., and has six sons and six daughters.
2. Cordella, *m.* to Rev. Henry Hodges.
3. Williamina, *m.* to James, third son of Lord Douglas.
4. Anne-Harriet.

General Murray *d.* in 1794.

His lordship *d.* in 1785, and was *s.* by his eldest son, PATRICK, fifth baron, who *d.* without issue, in 1778, when the honors devolved upon his brother, GEORGE, sixth baron. His lordship having entered the royal navy early in life, accompanied Lord Anson in his circumnavigatory voyage, and attained the rank of admiral. He *m.* Isabella, daughter of George Mackenzie, Earl of Cromartie, (attainted in 1746,) by whom he had two daughters, Maria, who *m.* Edward Hay, esq. Isabella.

These ladies assumed the additional surname of *Mackenzie*. His lordship dying thus without male issue, in 1785, the honors devolved upon his nephew,

ALEXANDER, seventh baron, (refer to Dr. Gideon Murray, third son of fourth baron.) His lordship *m.* first, Mary-Clara Montolieu, daughter of Lewis-Charles, Baron de St. Hypolite, by whom he had issue,

ALEXANDER, his successor.

George, *b.* 10th October, 1787, auditor of the exchequer in Scotland.

<sup>a</sup> At the great contest for Westminster, in 1760, Mr. Murray took an active part in favor of the antiministerial candidate. Peter Legh, high-bailiff of Westminster, preferred to the house of commons a complaint, 28th January, 1761, that Mr. Murray, on the 15th of the previous May, encouraged a mob to proceed to acts of violence against him; and to break down the doors of the vestry, saying, with imprecations, "will nobody knock the dog down, will nobody kill the dog."



Elizabeth, m. to William Buchanan, esq. of Ardoch.

Mary, m. 12th July, 1830, Augustus Frederick Lindley, esq.

Lord Elibank espoused secondly, Miss Stewart, by whom he had a son and daughter. His lordship was an officer in the third regiment of foot guards, and lord-lieut. of the county of Peebles. He d. in 1820, and was s. by his eldest son,

ALEXANDER, eighth baron, who m. 8th March, 1803, Janet, daughter and heiress of John Oliphant, of Bachilton, in the county of Perth, styled Lord Oliphant, by whom he has, with other issue,

ALEXANDER-OLIPHANT, present peer.

John, b. 3rd July, 1808.

Janet, m. 6th April, 1829, to John Stewart, esq.

Clara-Mary.

Maria, d. in 1833.

Charlotte.

His lordship d. 9th April, 1830.

*Creations*—Baronet, 16th May, 1728. Baron, 18th March, 1643.



*Arms*—Az., a martlet or, between three mullets ar. within a double tressure flory, counter flory, of the second.

*Crest*—A lion rampant, guardant, gu. holding between the paws a Lochabar axe ppr.

*Supporters*—Two horses ar. bridled gu.

*Motto*—Virtute fideque.

*Seats*—Ballencrieff, in the county of Haddington; and Darnhall, in the county of Peebles.

**ELIOTT, SIR WILLIAM-FRANCIS**, baronet, of Stobs, in the county of Roxburgh, inherited the title, as seventh baronet, at the decease of his father, in May, 1812; m. 22nd March, 1826, Miss Boswell, only daughter of the late Sir Alexander Boswell, baronet, and has issue.

#### Lineage.

GILBERT ELIOT, of Stobs, commonly called "Gibby wi' the gouden gartins," m. Margaret, daughter of Walter Scott, second Baron of Harden, called "Meggy Handy," by whom he had six sons,

1. WILLIAM, his heir. 2. Gilbert, of Craigend.

3. Archibald, of Middlestead.

4. Gavin, of Grange. 5. John, of Godestree.

6. James, of Redheugh.

And was s. at his decease by his eldest son,

WILLIAM ELIOTT, esq. to whom s. his eldest son,

1. GILBERT ELIOTT, esq. of Stobs, who was created a knight banneret, and afterwards a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, 3rd September, 1666. Sir Gilbert m. first, Isabella, second daughter of James, master of Cranston, and granddaughter (maternally) of Francis Stewart, first (of that surname) Earl of Bothwell, by whom he had an only son, William; and, secondly, Magdaline, daughter of Sir Thomas Nicholson, baronet, of Lasswade, by whom he had two sons and a daughter. Sir Gilbert was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR WILLIAM, who d. in 1694, and was s. by his eldest son,

3. SIR GILBERT. This gentleman m. Eleanor, daughter of William Elliott, esq. of Wells; by whom he had eight sons, the youngest of whom, GEORGE-AUGUSTUS, the celebrated General Elliott, was created Lord Heathfield, for his gallant defence of Gibraltar, in 1787. (See *Burke's Extinct and Dormant Peerage*.)

Sir Gilbert d. in 1764, and was s. by his eldest son,

4. SIR JOHN, who d. in 1767, and was s. by his son,

5. SIR FRANCIS. This gentleman m. Miss Dixon, and dying in 1791, was s. by his eldest son,

6. SIR WILLIAM, who m. in 1790, Mary, daughter of John Russell, esq. of Roseburn, by whom he had WILLIAM-FRANCIS, present baronet, with several other sons and two daughters. Sir William d. in 1813.

*Creation*—3rd September, 1666.



*Arms*—Gu. on a bend, engr. or, a baton az.

*Crest*—A dexter arm holding a cutlass ppr.

*Supporters*—On the DEXTER, a ram; and, on the SINISTER, a goat, both ppr.

*Motto*—Peradventure.

*Seat*—Stobs House, Roxburghshire.

**ELLENBOROUGH, BARON**, (Edward Law,) of Ellenborough, in the county of Cumberland; s. to the dignity, as second baron, at the decease of his father, 13th December, 1818; m. first, in December, 1813, Octavia-Catherine, youngest daughter of Robert, first Marquess of Londonderry, and niece of Marquess Camden, by whom, (who d. 5th March, 1819,) he had no issue. His lordship m. secondly, 15th September, 1824, Jane-Elizabeth, only daughter of Admiral

Digby, (which marriage was dissolved by act of parliament, in 1830,) and has no surviving issue. Lord Ellenborough holds the patent place of joint-chief-clerk of the pleas in the court of king's-bench.

### Lineage.

THE RIGHT REV. EDMUND LAW, Lord Bishop of Carlisle, (so consecrated in 1768), descended from a family which had long been seated at Askham, in the county of Westmorland; m. Mary, daughter of John Christian, esq. of Unerig, in the county of Cumberland, and had, with other issue,

JOHN, in holy orders; consecrated bishop of Clonfert in 1782; translated to Killala in 1787; and to Elphin in 1795; m. Anne, relict of Dr. Tomlinson, and d. in 1810, leaving issue.

Ewen, m. Henrietta, eldest daughter of his grace, William, (Markham) Archbishop of York, and had issue. He d. 24th April, 1829.

EDWARD, of whom presently.

Thomas, m. Anne, daughter of ——— Curtis, esq. of South Carolina.

George-Henry, D.D. consecrated Bishop of Chester in 1812, and translated to Bath and Wells in 1824; m. Jane, eldest daughter of General Adeane, who d. in 1826, leaving issue.

Mary, m. to the Rev. James-Stephen Lushington, prebendary of Carlisle.

Johanna, m. to Sir Thomas Rumbold, bart. and d. in 1823.

His lordship d. in his eighty-fifth year, 14th August, 1780. His third son,

EDWARD LAW, b. in 1750, being brought up to the profession of the law, soon attained eminence and celebrity. Having obtained a silk gown, Mr. Law was raised to the attorney-generalship in 1801, when he received the customary honor of knighthood; and, in the following year, Sir Edward succeeded Lord Kenyon, as lord-chief-justice of the court of king's-bench; when, (April 10th, 1802), he was elevated to the peerage, by the title of *BARON ELLENBOROUGH, of Ellenborough, in the county of Cumberland*. His lordship m. in 1780, Anne, daughter of George-Philip Towry, esq. a captain in the royal navy, by whom he had issue,

EDWARD, present peer.

Charles-Ewen, barrister-at-law, common-serjeant of the city of London; m. Elizabeth-Sophia, daughter of Sir Edw. Nightingale, baronet, of Kneeworth, in the county of Cambridge, and has issue,

1. EDWARD, b. in 1819.

2. Charles-Edmund, b. in 1820.

3. Henry-Towry, b. in 1830.

4. Anne. 5. Mary. 6. Elizabeth.

7. Selina. 8. Frederica. 9. Emily.

10. Gertrude.

John, b. 17th March, 1798.

Henry-Spencer, b. 10th May, 1802, custos-brevium of the king's-bench.

William-Towry, b. 10th June, 1809; m. 15th March, 1831, Hon. Augusta Graves.

Mary-Frederica, m. 10th July, 1827, to Thomas Dyneley, esq. major royal engineers.

Elizabeth-Susan.

Anne.

Frederic-Selina, m. 8th August, 1829, to Captain Ramsden, third son of Sir John Ramsden, bart.

Frances-Henrietta.

His lordship d. 13th December, 1818.

Creation—10th April, 1802.



*Arms*—Erm., on a bend engr. between two cocks gu. three mullets pierced, or.

*Crest*—A cock gu. chained round the neck, and charged on the breast with a mitre or.

*Supporters*—Two eagles' wings elevated sa. the DEXTER chained round the neck, and pendent therefrom, on the breast, a mitre, or; the SINISTER with a like chain, and pendent therefrom a covered cup, of the second.

*Motto*—Compositum jus fasque animi.

*Town Residence*—22, Grosvenor-place.

*Seat*—Roehampton, Surrey.

ELPHINSTONE, BARON, (John Elphinstone,) of Elphinstone, in the county of Stirling, in the peerage of Scotland; b. 23rd June, 1807; s. to the title, as thirteenth baron, upon the demise of his father, 21st May, 1813. His lordship is an officer in the horse-guards.

### Lineage.

The first of this family is said to have been a German, who, in the reign of Robert I. marrying Margaret, daughter of Sir Christopher Seton, ancestor of the Earl of Winton, by Lady Christian, his wife, sister to the said King Robert, had the lands of Lothian with the lady, to which, after his own name, he gave the designation of *Elvinton*.

SIR ALEXANDER ELPHINSTONE, knt. was raised to the peerage of Scotland, in 1509, by the title of *BARON ELPHINSTONE, of Elphinstone, in the county of Stirling*. He fell at Flodden-field, in four years afterwards, and was s. by his only son (by his wife, Elizabeth Barlow, maid of honor to Margaret, queen of James IV.),

ALEXANDER, second baron, who was amongst

the slain at the battle of Pinkie, in 1547. His lordship *m.* Catherine, eldest daughter of Robert, eleventh Lord Erskine, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

ROBERT, third baron. His lordship *m.* Margaret, daughter of Sir John Drummond, and had three sons and a daughter. James, the youngest son, was created Lord Balmerino, and the baron was *s.* at his decease by the eldest,

ALEXANDER, fourth baron. This nobleman filled the high office of lord-treasurer of Scotland. He *m.* Jean, eldest daughter of William, sixth Lord Livingston, and dying in 1648, was *s.* by his elder son,

ALEXANDER, fifth baron, who *d.* in 1649, leaving by his wife, Elizabeth, fourth daughter of Patrick, third Lord Drummond, an only daughter, Lillias, who *m.* her father's nephew and successor,

ALEXANDER, sixth baron. His lordship *d.* in 1654, and left two sons, who became successive barons: the elder,

ALEXANDER, seventh baron, *s.* his father, and *d.* without issue in 1660, when the younger,

JOHN, inherited, as eighth baron. This nobleman *m.* Isabel, daughter of Charles, third Earl of Lauderdale by whom he had four sons and three daughters, and was *s.* at his decease by the eldest surviving son,

CHARLES, ninth baron, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Primrose, of Carrington, bart. ancestor of the Earls of Rosebery, by whom he had four sons and two daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1737, and was *s.* by his third and eldest surviving son,

CHARLES, tenth baron. This nobleman *m.* Clementina, daughter and sole heiress of John, sixth Earl of Wigtoun, by whom he had, with other issue,

JOHN, his successor.

William, an East India director, and previously commander of an Indiaman, *m.* in 1774, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of William Fullerton, of Carstairs, in the county of Lanark, heiress to her uncle, John Fullerton, of Carberry; upon which occasion he assumed the additional surname of FULLERTON, before that of ELPHINSTONE; and had, with two daughters,

John.

William-George-Keith, a colonel in the army, and aide-de-camp to the king. James-Drummond, a lieutenant-colonel in the army; *m.* first, in 1820, Diana-Maria, only daughter of Charles Clavering, esq. who *d.* in 1821; and, secondly, Anna-Maria, only child of Sir Edward Buller, bart. when he assumed the additional surname of BULLER. He has issue by the last lady.

George-Keith (Sir), a naval officer of high reputation, who was elevated to the peerage of England and Ireland, as LORD KEITH.

Lord Elphinstone *d.* in 1781, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN, eleventh baron, one of the representative peers in 1784 and 1790, and lieutenant-governor

of Edinburgh Castle. His lordship *m.* Anne, daughter of James, third Lord Ruthven, by whom he had surviving issue,

1. JOHN, his successor.

2. Charles, vice-admiral in the navy, who assumed, upon inheriting the estates of the Wigtoun family, the additional surname of FLEMING, *m.* and has issue.

3. Mounstuart.

4. Anne-Stuart.

5. Elizabeth.

6. Keith, *m.* to David Erskine, esq.

His lordship *d.* 19th August, 1794, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN, twelfth baron, a lieutenant-general in the army, and a colonel of the 26th foot; *m.* in 1806, Lady Carmichael, relict of Sir John Gibson-Carmichael, bart. and youngest daughter of Cornelius Elliot, esq. of Woollee, Roxburghshire, by whom he had an only son, JOHN, the present peer. His lordship was lord-lieutenant of Dumbartonshire, and a representative peer in 1803 and 1806. He *d.* in 1813.

*Creation*—1509.



*Arms*—Ar., a chev. sa. between three boars' heads, erased, gu.

*Crest*—A demi-lady from the girdle, richly attired in vestments ar. and gu. holding in her dexter hand a tower of the first, masoned sa.; in her sinister hand a branch of laurel ppr.

*Supporters*—Two savages, wreathed about the head and loins with laurel, each holding in the exterior hand a club, all ppr.

*Motto*—Cause caused it.

*Seat*—Cumbernauld House, Dumbartonshire.

ELPHINSTONE, SIR HOWARD, baronet, of Sowerby, in the county of Cumberland, an officer of rank in the army, C.B. and colonel of the royal engineers; *b.* 4th March, 1773; *m.* in 1803, Frances, eldest daughter of John Warburton, esq. by whom he has issue,

1. HOWARD, *b.* 9th June, 1804, *m.* 30th September, 1820, Eliza-Julia, youngest daughter of Edward J. Curteis, esq. M.P. and has issue,

HOWARD-WARBURTON, *d.* 26th July, 1830.

2. Frances.

3. Harriet.

4. Louisa.

Colonel Elphinstone was created a baronet, 1st April, 1815.

**Lineage.**

JOHN ELPHINSTONE, esq. captain R.N., and lieutenant-general and commander of the Russian fleet in 1709 (descended from the Hon. John Elphinstone, of Babington, son of Alexander, fourth Lord Elphinstone, and brother of James, first Lord Balmarino); m. Amelia, only daughter of John Warburton, esq. Somerset herald, and had, with several other children,

1. Samuel, who d. in 1787, leaving a son, ALEXANDER, captain R.N. heir to the barony of Balmerino, were the attainder removed, m. and has issue.
  2. Thomas, m. Miss Isabella Jones, and d. in 1821.
  3. HOWARD, created a baronet as above.
  4. Philip, d. in 1822.
  5. Molyneux-Rowley, d. in 1815.
  6. Anna, m. to Sir F. Hartwell, bart. and d. in 1809.
  7. Jane, m. to the Hon. Champion Dymock.
  8. Catherine, m. to — Roe, esq.
- General Elphinstone d. in 1783.



*Arms*—Ar., gutté de sang, on a chev. embattled sa. between three boars' heads erased gu. two swords ppr., pommels and hilt or.

*Crest*—On a wreath, out of a mural crown gu. a demi-woman affronté, habited, in her dexter hand a sword erect ppr., pommel and hilt or; in the sinister an olive branch vert.

*Motto*—Semper paratus.

*Town Residence*—13, Norfolk-street, Park-lane.  
*Seat*—Ore Place, Hastings, Sussex.

ELPHINSTONE-HORN-DALRYMPLE, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Horn and Logie Elphinstone, in the county of Aberdeen, so created 16th June, 1828; m. in 1800, Graeme, daughter of David Hepburn, esq. a colonel in the army, and has had issue,

1. DAVID-ROBERT, b. 14th February, 1804.
2. James, b. in 1805.
3. Hew-Drummond, b. in 1807.
4. Francis-Anstruther, b. in 1813.
5. Stair, b. in 1815.
6. Charles, b. in 1817.
7. John-Hamilton, b. in 1819.
8. Ernest-George, b. in 1820.
9. George-Angustus-Frederick, b. in 1826.
10. Elizabeth-Magdalene, d. 20th Dec. 1831.
11. Mary-Frances, m. 17th August, 1830, to

Patrick Boyle, esq. son of the Right Hon. the Lord Justice Clerk.

12. Louisa-Sarah.
13. Frances-Anstruther.
14. Henrietta-Maria.

**Lineage.**

This is a branch of the noble house of Dalrymple, Viscounts and Earls of Stair, springing from

THE HON. SIR HUGH DALRYMPLE, of North Berwick, (third son of James, first Viscount Stair, see that dignity,) who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, in 1798, (see Dalrymple Hamilton, bart.) and in the same year appointed lord-president of the court of session, an office which had remained vacant from the decease of his father in 1695. Sir Hugh was M.P. for North Berwick, and a commissioner to accomplish the treaty of union. His lordship's third son, (but second that had reached maturity)

HUGH-DALRYMPLE, esq. of Drummore, b. 30th November, 1690; admitted a member of the faculty of advocates in 1716, was appointed a lord of session in 1726, and of judiciary in 1743, under the titular designation of Lord Drummore. His lordship m. Anne Horn, heiress of Horn and Westhall, in Aberdeenshire, by whom he had twelve children; and dying in June, 1755, was s. by his eldest surviving son,

ROBERT DALRYMPLE, esq. of Horn and Westhall, a general-officer in the army, and colonel of the 53rd regiment of foot; who assumed his maternal surname of "HORN." Mr. Dalrymple-Horn m. 9th July, 1754, Mary, daughter and heiress of Sir James Elphinstone, of Logie, and thence assuming *that* (additional) surname, became "DALRYMPLE-HORN-ELPHINSTONE." He d. in 1794, leaving several daughters, and one surviving son, ROBERT, created a baronet as above.

*Creation*—10th June, 1828.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, or, on a saltier az., between a mullet in chief and two water bougets in the danks sa., nine lozenges of the field, for DALRYMPLE; second and third, or, three hunting horns gu., on an escutcheon of pretence over all ar., on a chev. sa. between three boars' heads gu., a mitre or. all within a bordure of the third.

*Crest*—Two stag's horns erect, per fesse, or and sa.

*Motto*—Moneo et munio.

*Seats*—Horn and Logie, Aberdeenshire.

## ELT

**ELTON, THE REV. SIR ABRAHAM**, baronet, of Clevedon Court, in the county of Somerset, M.A.; m. in November, 1776, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Alderman Sir John Durbin, knt. an eminent merchant of Bristol, by whom he has issue,

CHARLES-ABRAHAM, lieutenant-colonel of the second Somerset local militia; b. 31st October, 1778; m. in 1804, Sarah, eldest daughter of Joseph Smith, esq. and has issue.

William, a major in the dragoon guards, b. in January, 1785.

Henry, captain in the royal navy; m. in 1816, Mary, daughter of Sir F. Ford, and widow of P. Touchet, esq. and has issue.

Julia-Maria, m. in 1807, to Henry Hallam, esq. barrister-at-law.

His lady dying in April, 1822, Sir Abraham m. secondly, in March, 1823, Mary, eldest daughter of the late William Stewart, esq. of Castle Stewart. The reverend gentleman succeeded to the baronetcy upon the demise of his father, in 1790, and is the fifth baronet.

### Lineage.

1. ABRAHAM ELTON, esq. mayor of Bristol, in 1710, and member of parliament for that city, was created a baronet 31st October, 1717; he m. Mary, daughter of Robert Jefferies, esq. of Pilegreen, in the county of Gloucester, and had three sons. Sir Abraham d. 9th February, 1727-8, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR ABRAHAM, M.P. for the city of Bristol, and alderman and mayor of the same, who d. in 1742, and was s. by his eldest son,

3. SIR ABRAHAM, an alderman and mayor of the city of Bristol. This gentleman dying unmarried, in 1761, the title devolved upon his brother,

4. SIR ABRAHAM-ISAAC, town-clerk of Bristol. This gentleman m. 20th December, 1747, Elizabeth, daughter of James Read, esq. by whom he had

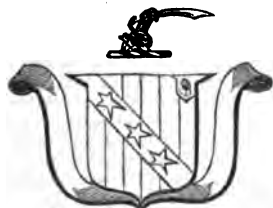
ABRAHAM, the present baronet.

Mary, m. to Oldfield Bowles, esq. of North Aston, in the county of Oxford.

Sarah, m. to the Rev. Hector Munro.

Sir Abraham d. in 1790.

*Creation*—31st October, 1717.



*Arms*—Paly of six gu. and or, on a bend sa. three mullets of the second.

*Crest*—On a wreath, an arm embowed in ar-

## ELY

mour ppr. holding in the gauntlet a cimeter, ar. pommel and hilt or, tied round the arm with a scarf vert.

*Seat*—Clevedon Court, near Bristol.

**ELY, MARQUESS AND EARL OF**, (John Loftus, K.P. and D.C.L.) in the county of Wicklow; Viscount Loftus, of Ely; and Baron Loftus, of Loftus Hall, in the county of Wexford, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Loftus, of Long Loftus, in the county of York, in the peerage of the United Kingdom, and a baronet; b. 15th February, 1770; s. to the honors as second marquess, upon the demise of his father, 22nd March, 1806; m. 22nd May, 1810, Anna-Maria, eldest dau. of Sir Henry-Watkin Dashwood, bart. by whom he has issue,

1. JOHN-HENRY, Viscount Loftus, b. 19th January, 1814.

2. George-William, b. 11th May, 1815.

3. Adam, b. 13th May, 1816.

4. Augustus-William-Frederick, b. 4th October, 1817.

5. Henry-Yorke-Astley, b. 9th April, 1822.

6. Charlotte-Elizabeth, m. in January, 1831, to W. T. Egerton, esq. eldest son of W. Egerton, esq. of Tatton Park, in the county of Chester.

7. Anna-Maria.

8. Elizabeth-Caroline.

9. Catherine-Henrietta.

The marquess is a privy-counsellor in Ireland; custos-rotulorum of the county of Wexford, and colonel of its militia.

### Lineage.

This very ancient Yorkshire family, whose surname was originally written "LOTHOUSE," is said to have been of consideration in that county since the time of Alfred.

EDWARD LOFTUS of Swineshead, in the county of York, left two sons, viz.

1. ROBERT, whose second son,

ADAM LOFTUS, an eminent lawyer, was appointed LORD CHANCELLOR OF IRELAND, in 1619, and created in 1622, Viscount LOFTUS of ELY, a dignity which expired with his lordship's grandson, ARTHUR, third viscount, who d. in 1725, without male issue, when his Monasterevan estate passed to his only daughter Jane's son, (by Charles, Lord Moore,) Henry, fourth Earl of Drogheda.

2. Adam.

The younger son,

THE REV. ADAM LOFTHOUSE, accompanied, as private chaplain, the viceroys, Thomas, Earl of Sussex, into Ireland, and was consecrated Archbishop of Armagh, 20th January, 1562-3. In August, 1567, his grace was translated to the see of Dublin, and in six years afterwards (1573) we find him lord keeper of the great seal. In 1578, he was constituted LORD HIGH CHANCELLOR OF

## ELY

IRELAND, and he continued to hold the seals until his decease. His grace having a principal share in the foundation of Trinity College, Dublin, was appointed, by charter, its first provost, which he resigned in 1594. He m. Jane, eldest daughter of Adam Purdon, esq. of Lurgan-race, in the county of Louth, by whom he had five sons and seven daughters, of the former two only left issue, namely, the eldest son and the fourth. The latter, SIR THOMAS LOFTUS, knt. was constable of the Castle of Wicklow, and had the estates of Killyan and Clonard granted to him He m. Ellen, daughter of Robert Hartpole, esq. of Shrute, in the Queen's county, and was great-great-grandfather of the late *General WILLIAM LOFTUS*,\* Lieutenant of the Tower of London, and colonel of the 2nd dragoon guards, who d. in 1831. The archbishop d. 5th April, 1603, and was s. by his eldest son,

SIR DUDLEY LOFTUS, of Rathfarnham, who m. Anne, daughter of Sir Henry Bagenal, of Newry, and had with other issue,

ADAM (Sir), whose grandson,

\* The late *General WILLIAM LOFTUS*, who at one time was a member of the English and Irish parliaments, was b. in 1752. He m. first Margaret, dau. and co-heir of M. King, esq. of Lesson Hall, in the county of Dublin, and had issue,

1. Henry, colonel in the army, and captain in the Coldstream Guards, d. in 1823.

2. WILLIAM-FRANCIS, colonel in the army, m. in 1819, Margaret-Harriet, daughter of Archdeacon Langrishe, and has issue, William-James.

Henry.

Mary-Harriet.

Elizabeth.

3. Mary-Anne, m. to Major Henry Duke Loftus, and d. s. p. in 1811.

4. Harriet, m. to Thomas Burke Ricketts, esq. of Combe-house, Herts, and has issue.

General Loftus espoused secondly, in 1790, Lady Eliz. Townshend, only surviving daughter of George, first Marquess Townshend, by whom (who d. in 1811,) he had five sons and four daughters, viz.

George-Colby, of Wolland, m. in 1821, Catherine, only daughter and heiress of John Frayer, of Wolland-House, Dorsetshire.

Arthur, M.A. and Rector of Finchham, Norfolk.

Charles, an officer in the army, m. Jane, daughter of Colonel John Dixon, and has issue.

Ferrers, captain in the first guards.

Frederick, captain in the army.

Charlotte, m. to Lord Charles-Vere Townshend.

Elizabeth-Georgiana.

Anne-Harriet-Margaret, d. in 1825.

Jane-Perceval-Compton.

General Loftus, who claimed to be the elder branch of the Loftus family, died at an advanced age, in 1831.

## ELY

ADAM LOFTUS, of Rathfarnham, was created in 1685, *Baron of Rathfarnham, and Viscount Lishburne*. His lordship m. Lucia, daughter and co-heir of George Brydges, sixth Lord Chandos, by whom he had an only daughter and heiress, Lucia, who m. Thomas, Lord Wharton, and carried the estates into that family, which her son Philip, Duke of Wharton, sold to William Conolly, esq. speaker of the house of commons in Ireland, for £62,000. The viscount commanded a regiment for KING WILLIAM, at the siege of Limerick, and fell there, when his honors expired.

Nicholas, of Fethard, of whose line we are about to treat.

The second son of Sir Dudley Loftus,

NICHOLAS LOFTUS, of Fethard, joint clerk of the pells and of the treasury in Ireland, m. in 1622, Margaret, daughter and heir of Thomas Chetham, esq. of Nuthurst, in Lancashire, and Hacketstown, in the county of Dublin, and dying in 1666, was s. by his eldest surviving son,

SIR NICHOLAS LOFTUS, of Fethard, who m. first, Susan, daughter of Thomas Adderley, esq. of Innishannon, in the county of Cork, by whom he had one surviving daughter, Margaret, m. to Thomas Mildmay, esq. of Lisburn; Sir Nicholas espoused secondly, Eleanor, third daughter of Sir Edmund Butler, bart. of Garryhaddon, in the county of Carlow, and had several children, of whom the sons died all issueless; when the estates descended to his brother,

HENRY LOFTUS, esq. of Loftus Hall, who m. first, Anny, daughter of John Gorges, esq. of Coleraine, and had three daughters. He espoused secondly, Anne, daughter and heiress of Henry Crewkern, of Exeter, and widow of Oliver Keating, esq. of Ballynunny, by whom he had two sons, and dying in 1716, was s. by his elder son,

NICHOLAS LOFTUS, esq. M.P. for the county of Wexford, who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, as *Baron Loftus, of Loftus Hall*, 3th October, 1751. His lordship was sworn of his Majesty's privy-council, in 1763, nominated governor of the county of Wexford, and advanced to a viscounty, as *Viscount Loftus, of Ely*, 19th July, 1766. He m. first, Anne, second daughter of William, Lord Viscount Duncannon, by whom alone he had issue. He d. 31st December, 1763, and was s. by his elder son,

NICHOLAS, second viscount, who was advanced to the dignity of *Earl of Ely*, 23rd October, 1766. His lordship m. in 1736, Mary, eldest daughter and heiress of Sir Gustavus Hume, baronet, of the county of Fermanagh; and dying 31st of October, 1766, was s. by his only son,

NICHOLAS, second earl, who d. unmarried, in 1760, when the earldom expired, but the viscounty and barony reverted to his uncle,

The HON. HENRY LOFTUS, as fourth viscount; b. in Nov. 1709, advanced to an earldom, as

*Earl of Ely*, 5th Dec. 1771, and installed a knight of St. Patrick in 1783. His lordship *m.* twice, but dying *s. p.* 8th May, 1783, the honors all expired, while his lordship's estates devolved upon (the son of his sister, the Hon. Elizabeth Tottenham) his nephew,

RIGHT HON. CHARLES TOTTENHAM, who then assumed the surname and arms of Loftus, and was created in two years afterwards, 28th June, 1785, *Baron Loftus, of Loftus Hall*. On the 22nd December, 1789, his lordship was advanced to a viscounty, as *Viscount Loftus, of Ely*; on the 15th February, 1794, he was created *Earl of Ely*; on the 29th December, 1800, *MARQUESS OF ELY*, and a peer of the united kingdom, as *Baron Loftus, of Long Loftus, in the county of York*, 19th Jan. 1801. His lordship *m.* 23rd June, 1766, Jane, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Robert Myhill, esq. of Killarney, by whom he had two sons,

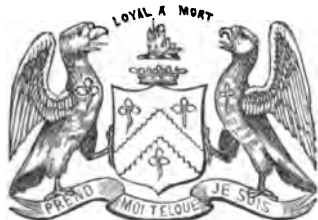
JOHN, present peer.

Robert, in holy orders, Lord Bp. of Clogher, *m.* in 1807, Alicia.

The marquess *d.* 22nd March, 1806. His lordship was a privy-counsellor, a knight of St. Patrick, joint postmaster-general in Ireland, and governor of the county of Wexford.

*Note*—Charles Tottenham, esq. of Tottenham Green, in the county of Wexford, M.P. for the town of New Ross, grandfather of the first and late marquess. This gentleman was well known by the name of "Tottenham in his boots," a designation thus acquired: braving the inconveniences of a severe fit of gout and bad weather, Mr. Tottenham rode post from the county of Wexford, and arriving in *his boots* at the critical moment, when the question, whether any redundancy in the Irish treasury should continue there, or be transmitted to England, was under discussion, in the house of commons, gave the casting vote in favor of his country. In memory of this patriotic conduct, a portrait of the honorable member was soon afterwards engraved, in the attitude of ascending the steps of the parliament house in his travelling dress.

*Creations*—Baron, 28th June, 1785. Viscount, 22nd December, 1789. Earl, 15th February, 1794. Marquess, 29th December, 1800: (Irish honors.) Baron, (United Kingdom,) 19th January, 1801.



*Arms*—Sa., a chev. engr. erm. between three trefoils, slipped, ar.

*Crest*—A boar's head, couped and erect, ar. langued gu.

*Supporters*—Two eagles, wings expanded, ar.

3 L

beaked and legged or, each charged on the breast with a trefoil, slipped, vert.

*Mottos*—Prend moi tel que je suis. Around the crest, Loyal & mort.

*Seats*—Rathfarnham Castle, near Dublin; Ely Castle, in the county of Fermanagh; and Loftus Hall, Wexfordshire.

ENNISKILLEN, EARL OF, (John-Willoughby Cole, K.P.) Viscount Enniskillen, and Baron Mountflorencia, in the peerage of Ireland, and one of the representative lords; Baron Grinstead, of Grinstead, in the county of Wilts, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; *b.* 23rd March, 1768; *s.* to the Irish honors, as second earl, upon the demise of his father, 22nd May, 1803; and obtained the English barony, by patent of creation, 11th August, 1816. His lordship *m.* 15th October, 1805, Charlotte, fourth daughter of Henry, first Earl of Uxbridge, by whom (who *d.* 26th January, 1817) he has surviving issue,

WILLIAM-WILLOUGHBY, *Viscount Cole*, M.P. for the county of Fermanagh, *b.* 25th Jan. 1807.

Henry-Arthur, *b.* 14th February, 1809, an officer of dragoons, and aid-de-camp to the lord-lieutenant of Ireland.

John, *b.* 8th June, 1813.

Lord Enniskillen is *custos-rotulorum* and lord-lieutenant of the county of Fermanagh.

### Lineage.

By a deed of William the Conqueror, extant, it appears that the Coles were of the rank of barons, and were residents in the county of Hants in that monarch's reign. The first of the family, however, who settled in Ireland, was

SIR WILLIAM COLE, *knt.* who fixed his abode early in the reign of King James I., in the county of Fermanagh, and becoming an undertaker in the northern plantation, had an assignment, in 1611, of one thousand acres of escheated lands, in the county wherein he resided; to which in 1612, were added three hundred and twenty acres in the same shire; eighty whereof were assigned for the town of Enniskillen, and that town was then incorporated by charter, consisting of a provost and twelve burgesses, Sir William Cole being the first provost. Sir William raised a regiment, which he commanded against the rebels, in 1643, with important success. He *m.* twice: first, Susannah, daughter and heiress of John Croft, esq. of Lancaster, by whom he had two daughters; and, secondly, Catharine, daughter of Sir Laurence Parsons, of Birr, second baron of the Irish exchequer, by whom he left, at his decease, in 1653, two sons,

MICHAEL, his successor.

John, of Newland, in the county of Dublin, M.P. for Fermanaghshire, who was created a baronet in 1660. Sir John *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of John Chichester, esq. of Dunganon, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR ARTHUR, who was elevated to the peerage in 1715, as *Baron Ranelagh*, of *Ranelagh*, but dying without issue, in 1754, the honors became EXTINCT.

The elder son,

SIR MICHAEL COLE, *knt. M.P.* for Enniskillen, *m.* Alice, daughter of Chidley Coote, *esq.* of Killester, and was *s.* by his only surviving child,

SIR MICHAEL COLE, *knt.* This gentleman *m.* in 1671, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Cole, baronet, and dying in 1710, was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN COLE, *esq.* of Florence Court, *M.P.* for Enniskillen, who *m.* Florence, only daughter of Sir Bouchier Wrey, baronet, of Trebitch, in Cornwall, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN COLE, *esq. M.P.* for Enniskillen, who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland 8th September, 1760, as *Baron Mountfloreance*, of *Florence Court*. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Hugh-Willoughby Montgomery, *esq.* of Carrow, in the county of Fermanagh, and had with several daughters,

WILLIAM, his successor.

Arthur *m.* Letitia, daughter and heiress of Claudius-Hamilton, *esq.* and left, at his decease, three daughters,

1. Isabella, *m.* to James Hamilton, *esq.*
2. Letitia, *m.* to Major Stafford.
3. Elizabeth, *m.* to Henry Slade, *esq.*

He *d.* 30th Nov. 1767, and was *s.* by his elder son, WILLIAM-WILLOUGHBY, second baron, who was created *Viscount Enniskillen* 29th July, 1776, and *Earl of ENNISKILLIN* 18th August, 1789. His lordship *m.* 3rd November, 1763, Anne, daughter of Galbraith-Lowry Corry, *esq.* of Ahenis, in the county of Tyrone, and sister of Armar Corry, *Earl of Belmore*, by whom he had

JOHN-WILLOUGHBY, present peer.

Galbraith-Lowry, *K.C.B.* a general in the army, colonel of the 27th foot, and governor of Gravesend and Tilbury, and of the island of Mauritius. Sir Lowry Cole received the repeated thanks of both houses of parliament, for his eminent and gallant services during the Peninsular war. He *m.* in 1815, Lady Frances Harris, second daughter of James, first *Earl of Malmesbury*, and has issue,

Arthur-Lowry, *b.* in 1817.

Florence-Mary-Georgiana.

Louisa-Catherine.

William-Montgomery, dean of Waterford, *b.* in 1773, *d.* in 1864.

Arthur-Henry, *b.* 28th June, 1780, *M.P.* for Enniskillen.

Henry.

Sarah, *m.* in 1790, to Owen Wynne, *esq. M.P.* Elizabeth-Anne, *m.* in 1788, to Colonel Richard Magennis, and *d.* in 1807.

Anne.

Florence, *m.* in 1797, to B. Townley Balfour, *esq.* of Townley Hall, in the county of Louth.

Henrietta-Frances, *m.* in 1805, to Thomas-Philip, present Lord Grantham.

The earl *d.* 22nd May, 1863.

*Creations*—Baron, 8th September, 1766. Viscount, 29th July, 1776. Earl, 18th August, 1789: (Irish honors.) Baron, (United Kingdom,) 11th August, 1816.



*Arms*—Ar., a bull, passant, sa. armed and unguled or, within a bordure of the second, charged with eight bezants; on a canton sa. a harp or, stringed of the field.

*Crest*—A demi-dragon vert, langued gu. holding in the dexter claw a dart ppr. and in the sinister an escutcheon or.

*Supporters*—Two dragons, regardant, vert, each holding a dart and escutcheon, as crest.

*Motto*—Deum cole, regem serva.

*Seat*—Florence Court, in the county of Fermanagh.

ERNE, EARL OF, (Abraham Creighton,) Viscount Erne, and Baron Erne, of Crum Castle, in the county of Fermanagh, in the peerage of Ireland; *s.* to the honors, as second earl, upon the demise of his father, 15th September, 1828.

#### Lineage.

This family is descended from a branch of the Creightons, Viscounts Frenndraught, in North Britain, which title ceased with Lewis, the fifth viscount, about the year 1690.

JOHN CREIGHTON, of Crum Castle, in the county of Fermanagh, *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir Gerald Irvine, of Castle Irvine, in the same shire, and was *s.* by his son,

ABRAHAM CREIGHTON, *esq. M.P.* for the county of Fermanagh, who commanded a regiment of foot at the battle of Aghrim, in 1692. Colonel Creighton *m.* Mary, daughter of the Right Rev. James Spotiswood, Bishop of Clogher, and was *s.* at his decease, in 1705, by his only surviving son,

DAVID CREIGHTON, *esq.* celebrated for his gallant defence, in 1689, of the family seat of Crum Castle, against a large body of the royal army, (King James's). Having repulsed the assailants, young Creighton made a sally, at the instant that a corps of Enniskilleners was approaching to the relief of the castle, which movement placed the besiegers between two fires, and caused dreadful slaughter. The enemy attempting to accomplish his retreat across an arm of Lough Erne, near Crum Castle, that spot became the scene of such carnage, that it has ever since borne the name of the "Bloody Pass." This gentleman represented Enniskillen in parlia-



ment, and attaining the rank of major-general in the army, was appointed governor of the royal hospital of Kilmalmainham. He m. in 1700, Catharine, second daughter of Richard Southwell, esq. of Castle Mattress, in the county of Limerick, sister of the first Lord Southwell, and dying in 1738, was s. by his only son,

ABRAHAM CREIGHTON, esq. who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 15th July, 1768, as *Baron Erne, of Crum Castle*. His lordship m. twice, but had issue (only) by his first lady, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Lord-Chief-Justice Rogerson, of the court of king's bench, and was s. at his decease, 10th June, 1772, by his elder surviving son,

JOHN, second baron, who was advanced to the dignity of *Viscount Erne* 6th January, 1781, and created *EARL OF ERNE* 18th August, 1789. His lordship m. first, in 1761, Catharine, second daughter of the Right Rev. Robert Howard, D. D. Lord Bishop of Elphin, and sister of Viscount Wicklow, by whom (who d. in June, 1765) he had issue,

ABRAHAM, present peer.

JOHN, lieutenant-colonel in the army, and governor of Hurst Castle, m. in 1797, Jane, second daughter of Walter Weldon, esq. and has issue,

1. John.

2. Henry, an officer in the army.

3. Samuel.

4. Catherine, m. in 1825, to the Rev. Francis Sanderson.

5. Helen. 6. Charlotte. 7. Mary.

Elizabeth, m. in 1763, to James King, esq. and d. in 1794.

Catherine.

The earl m. secondly, in July, 1776, Lady Mary Hervey, eldest daughter of the Right Hon. and Right Rev. Frederick-Augustus, Earl of Bristol, and Bishop of Derry, and had an only daughter, Elizabeth-Caroline-Mary, m. in 1799, James-Archibald, Lord Wharnccliffe.

His lordship d. 15th September, 1828.

*Creations*—Baron, 15th July, 1768. Viscount, 6th January, 1781. Earl, 18th August, 1789.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, ar. a lion, rampant, as.; second and third, ar. on a chev. sa. between three sprigs of laurel vert, as many boars' heads or.

*Crest*—A dragon's head, couped, vert, emitting fire from the mouth and ears ppr.

*Supporters*—Two lions, as. each crowned with an earl's coronet ppr.

*Motto*—God send grace.

*Seat*—Crum Castle, in the county of Fermanagh.

ERROL, EARL OF, (William-George Hay-Carr,) and Baron Hay, of Slaines, in the peerage of Scotland, one of the representative lords; Baron Kilmarnock, of Kilmarnock, in the county of Ayr, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; hereditary lord-high-constable of Scotland, and a lord of his majesty's bed-chamber; b. 21st February, 1801; s. to the honors upon the demise of his father, 26th January, 1819; m. 4th December, 1820, Miss Elizabeth Fitzclarence, by whom he has issue,

William, *Lord Hay*, b. 3rd May, 1823.

Adelaide-Augusta, b. 29th October, 1821.

—(daughter), b. in 1829.

His lordship is the twenty-first high-constable, and sixteenth earl.

### Lineage.

The traditional origin of the noble house of Hay is thus related:—In the reign of Kenneth III. anno 960, the Danes, who had invaded Scotland, having prevailed, at the battle of Luncarty, near Perth, were pursuing the flying Scots, from the field, when a countryman and his two sons appeared in a narrow pass, through which the vanquished were hurrying, and impeded for a moment their flight. "What," said the rustic, "had you rather be slaughtered by your merciless foes, than die honorably in the field; come, rally, rally!" and he headed the fugitives, brandishing his ploughshare, and crying out, that help was at hand: the Danes, believing that a fresh army was falling upon them, fled in confusion, and the Scots thus recovered the laurel which they had lost, and freed their country from servitude. The battle being won, the old man, afterwards known by the name of Hay, was brought to the king, who, assembling a parliament at Soone, gave to the said Hay and his sons, as a just reward for their valour, so much land on the river Fay, in the district of Gowrie, as a falcon from a man's hand flew over till it settled; which being six miles in length, was afterwards called Errol; and the king being desirous to elevate Hay and his sons from their humble rank in life, to the order of nobility, his majesty assigned them a coat of arms, which was, argent, three escutcheons, gules, to intimate that the father and two sons had been the three fortunate shields of Scotland. So much for tradition. But the incontrovertible fact is, that the noble houses of Tweeddale and Errol claim a common progenitor in

WILLIAM DE HAYE, who obtained a grant of the lands of Errol, from William the Lion, and was king's butler in that monarch's reign. From this William descended

SIR GILBERT DE HAYE, Lord of Errol, who, adhering to King Robert I. obtained from that

prince, a grant of divers crown lands, and was created by charter, dated 12th November, 1315, HIGH CONSTABLE OF SCOTLAND, to himself and his heirs for ever. The great-great-grand-son and lineal descendant of the constable,

WILLIAM HAY, of Errol, Constable of Scotland, was elevated to the peerage 17th March, 1432-3, as EARL OF ERROL. His lordship *m.* Beatrix Douglas, dau. of James, third Lord Dalkeith, and dying in 1346, was *s.* by his elder son,

NICHOLAS, second earl, who *d.* without issue in 1470, when the honors devolved upon his brother,

WILLIAM, third earl. This nobleman *m.* first, Lady Isabel Gordon, daughter of George, second Earl of Huntley, by whom he had

WILLIAM, his successor.

Thomas, who *m.* Margaret Logy, heiress of Logie-Almond, in Perthshire, and was subsequently designated therefrom. He had a son,

GEORGE, who *s.* as sixth earl.

John, of Broganleash.

Beatrix, *m.* to Alexander Keith, son and heir of Sir William Keith, of Innerugie.

His lordship espoused, secondly, Lady Elizabeth Lealy, eldest daughter of George, first Earl of Rothes, and had a daughter, Mariana, *m.* to David, seventh Earl of Crawford. He *m.* thirdly, Margaret, daughter of (Andrew) Ker, of Auld-tounburn, and relict of Sir James Sandilands. He *d.* in 1306, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, fourth earl, who *m.* Elizabeth, youngest daughter of William, first Lord Ruthven, and falling at Flodden-field, 9th September, 1513, was *s.* by his only son,

WILLIAM, fifth earl, who *m.* Lady Helen Stewart, only daughter of John, third Earl of Lennox, and left at his decease an only daughter,

Jean, who *m.* Andrew, seventh Earl of Errol. His lordship dying thus without male issue, the honors devolved upon his cousin (refer to Thomas, second son of third earl).

GEORGE HAY, of Logie-Almond, as sixth earl. This nobleman *m.* first, Margaret, daughter of Alexander Robertson, of Strowan, by Lady Isabel Stewart, niece of King James II. by whom he had four sons and a daughter. His lordship espoused, secondly, Helen, daughter of Walter Bruce, of Pitcullen, and had another daughter. He was *s.* by his eldest son,

ANDREW, seventh earl, who *m.* first, Lady Jean Hay, only surviving child of William, fifth Earl of Errol, and had three sons and a daughter. His lordship espoused, secondly, Lady Agnes Sinclair, daughter of George, fourth Earl of Caithness, and had another son,

GEORGE (Sir), of Killour, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Patrick Cheyne, of Easlemont, and had a son,

ANDREW (Sir), of Killour. This gentleman *m.* Margaret, sister of George, first Lord Kinnaird, and left a son,

SIR JOHN HAY, of Killour, who *s.* as eleventh EARL OF ERROL.

The earl *d.* in 1585, and was *s.* by his eldest son, FRANCIS, eighth earl, who *m.* thrice; but had

issue by his third countess, Lady Elizabeth Douglas, youngest daughter of William, Earl of Morton (only). His lordship *d.* in 1631, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, ninth earl. This nobleman, who acted as HIGH CONSTABLE of Scotland at the coronation of King Charles I., lived in manner so splendid, that he was obliged to dispose of his ancient paternal lordship of Errol, granted to his ancestors by King William the Lion, and the lands thereunto annexed. He *m.* Lady Anne Lyon, only daughter of Patrick, first Earl of Kinghorn, and dying in 1636, was *s.* by his only son,

GEORGE, tenth earl, who *d. s. p.* in 1674, when the honors passed, under an especial settlement, to his kinsman (refer to George, youngest son of Andrew, seventh earl),

SIR JOHN HAY, of Killour, as eleventh earl. His lordship *m.* Lady Anne Drummond, only daughter of James, third Earl of Perth, by whom he had three sons and two daughters. He *d.* in 1704, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

CHARLES, twelfth earl, who *d.* unmarried in 1717, when the honors devolved upon his elder sister, MARY, as Countess of Errol. Her ladyship *m.* Alexander Falconer, second son of Sir David Falconer, of Newton, lord-president of session in 1683; but dying without issue in 1758, the honors devolved upon (the son of her niece, Anne, \* relict of the unfortunate William, Earl of Kilmarnock, who was beheaded and attainted in 1746, when the earldom of Kilmarnock ceased. Her ladyship *d.* in 1747), her grand-nephew,

JAMES, Lord Boyd, as thirteenth earl. This nobleman officiated as Constable of Scotland at the coronation of King George III. in 1761, and neglecting by accident to pull off his cap, when the king entered, he apologised for his negligence in the most respectful manner; but his majesty

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\* LADY MARGARET HAY, younger daughter of John, eleventh Earl of Errol, *m.* James, fifth Earl of Linlithgow, and fourth Earl of Calendar (attainted for his accession to the rebellion of 1715), and had a son, who died young, and an only daughter,

LADY ANNE LIVINGSTONE, who obtained a lease of her father's forfeited estate for fifty-nine years, at the rent of £872 15s. Her ladyship *m.* William, fourth Earl of Kilmarnock, who, engaging in the rebellion of 1745, was attainted of high treason, and executed on Tower-hill, 18th August, 1746. The countess *d.* 14th September, 1747, leaving three sons,

JAMES, who *s.* as thirteenth EARL OF ERROL, as in the text.

Charles-Boyd, who, being involved in the rebellion of 1745, made his escape to France, and continued on the continent for twenty years. He returned, however, and resided at Slains Castle. He *d.* at Edinburgh in 1782, leaving a son and daughter.

William Boyd, an officer in the royal navy, on board Commodore Barnet's ship at the time of his father's execution.

entreated him to be covered, for he looked on his presence at the solemnity as a very particular honor. His lordship *m.* first, in 1746, Rebecca, daughter of Alexander Lockhart, esq., a lord of session, by the title of Lord Covington, by whom he had one daughter only, Mary, *m.* to General John Soot, of Balcomie. His lordship espoused, secondly, in 1762, Isabella, daughter of Sir William Carr, bart. of Etal, county of Northumberland, by whom he had, with other daughters, who *d.* unmarried,

1. GEORGE, } successive earls.
2. WILLIAM, }
3. James, accidentally drowned in 1797.
4. Charlotte, *m.* to Rev. W. H. Carr, and *d.* in 1800.
5. Augusta, *m.* to the Earl of Glasgow.
6. Margaret, *m.* to Charles Cameron, esq.
7. Maria-Elizabeth, *m.* to Rev. George Moore, and *d.* in 1804.
8. Flaminia, *m.* to George Moore, esq. and *d.* in 1821.

The earl *d.* 3rd June, 1778, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

GEORGE, fourteenth earl, one of the representative peers. His lordship *m.* in 1790, Elizabeth-Jemima, daughter of Joseph Blake, esq. of Ard-fry, in the county of Galway, but dying without issue in 1798, the honors devolved upon his brother,

WILLIAM, fifteenth earl, *b.* 12th March, 1772; assumed, 28th March, 1795, by royal permission, the surname and arms of Carr, in obedience to the testamentary injunction of his maternal grandfather, Sir William Carr, bart. His lordship *m.* thrice: by his first lady, Jane, daughter of Matthew Bell, esq. he had an only daughter, Dulcibella-Jane, *m.* to the Rev. C. W. Wodehouse; by his second, Alicia, youngest daughter of Samuel Eliot, esq. of Antigua, he had eight children: James, Lord Hay, killed at Waterloo, 18th June, 1815.

WILLIAM-GEORGE, present earl.

Samuel, *b.* 9th January, 1807, a captain in the army.

Isabella, *m.* in 1800, to Lieutenant-colonel Wemyss.

Harriett-Jemima, *m.* to Daniel Gurney, esq. of North Runcion, in the county of Norfolk.

Sophia.

Caroline-Augusta, *m.* to John Morant, esq. of Brokkehurst, Hants.

Emma, *m.* in 1826, to Captain J. Wemyss, R.N. M.P.

His lordship *m.* thirdly, Harriett Somerville, sister of Lord Somerville, by whom he left Somerville, *b.* in 1817.

Fanny, *b.* in 1818.

Margaret, (posthumous) *b.* in 1819.

The earl was appointed knight-marshal of Scotland in 1805, and, in 1806, chosen a representative peer: he was, for several years, lord-high-commissioner to the church of Scotland, and colonel of the Aberdeen militia. He died in 1819.

*Crestions*—High Constable, 12th November, 1315. As Constable of Scotland, the Earl of Errol is by birth the first subject in the king-

dom, after the blood royal; and, as such, hath a right to take place of every hereditary honor. Earl, 17th March, 1452.



*Arms*—Ar. three escutcheons, gu.

*Crest*—A falcon, rising, ppr.

*Supporters*—Two men, in country habits, each holding an ox-yoke over his shoulder.

*Motto*—*Serva jugum.*

*Seat*—Slaines Castle, Aberdeenshire.

ERSKINE, BARON, (David-Montagu Erskine,) of Restormel Castle, in the county of Cornwall; minister-plenipotentiary to the court of Bavaria; *m.* in 1800, Fanny, daughter of General Cadwallader, of Philadelphia, and has issue,

THOMAS-AMERICUS, *m.* 12th May, 1830, Louisa, relict of the late Thomas Legh, esq. of Adlington House, Cheshire.

John-Cadwallader, *m.* 30th April, 1829, Margaret, youngest daughter of the late John Martyn, esq.

David.

Edward-Morris.

James-Stuart.

Frances, *m.* in 1824, to Gabriel Shawe, esq. Mary.

Sevilla, *m.* 23rd December, 1830, to Henry Francis Howard, esq. second son of Henry Howard, of Corby, esq.

Stewarts, *m.* 26th October, 1828, to Yeats Brown, esq.

Elizabeth.

Harriett.

Jane-Plumer.

His lordship *s.* to the dignity, as second baron, upon the demise of his father, 17th November, 1823.

### Lineage.

THE HONORABLE THOMAS ERSKINE, third son of Henry-David, fifth Earl of Buchan (see that dignity), having served both in the army and navy, devoted, at length, his talents to the bar, to which he was called in 1778. Gifted with the most powerful eloquence, Mr. Erskine attained, at once, the summit of his profession as an advocate; in which capacity he continued until the year 1806, when he was appointed LORD-HIGH-CHANCELLOR OF GREAT BRITAIN, and elevated to the peerage 8th April, in the same year, as BARON ERSKINE, of Restormel Castle. His lordship

m. 29th May, 1770, Frances, daughter of Daniel Moore, esq. M.P. by whom he had issue,

DAVID-MONTAGU, present peer.

Henry-David, in holy orders: m. in 1813, Harriet, third daughter of John, first Earl of Portarlington, by whom (who d. in 1837) he has three daughters.

THOMAS, *Chief Justice of the Court of Bankruptcy*, m. in 1814, Henrietta-Eliza, only daughter of Henry Trail, esq. and has issue. Esme-Stewart, lieutenant-colonel in the army, m. in 1809, Eliza-Bland, daughter of Lieutenant-colonel Smith, and had issue. Colonel Erskine was deputy-adjutant-general in the memorable battle of Waterloo, where he lost an arm. He d. in 1817.

Frances, m. in 1802, to the Rev. Dr. Holland. Elizabeth, m. in 1798, to David Erskine, esq. and d. in 1800.

Margaret.

Mary, m. in 1805, to David Morris, esq. who d. in 1815.

He m. secondly, Miss Sarah Buck, by whom he also left issue. The success of this eminent lawyer is probably the most remarkable upon record, as to promptitude: for almost immediately after he was called to the bar he was fortunate enough to find an opportunity for the display of his extraordinary powers. Captain Baillie, who had been removed from the superintendence of Greenwich Hospital, by the Earl of Sandwich, was proceeded against by that nobleman, for the publication of a libel, and the Attorney General, having to move the court of king's bench for his lordship upon the subject, Mr. Erskine was retained by Captain Baillie, to oppose the motion. Upon which he displayed so much eloquence and spirit, that he received, when leaving the court, no less than thirty retainers from attorneys who happened to be present. But of all Erskine's cases, those which raised the advocate's reputation the highest were his splendid defences of Lord George Gordon, and of Admiral Keppel. He was likewise distinguished in an eminent degree for the prisoners in the memorable state prosecutions against JOHN HORNE TOOKE, Hardy, &c. His lordship d. in 1823.

*Creation*—Baron, 8th April, 1806.



*Arms*—Az. three garbs or.

*Crest*—A dexter arm, embowed, couped below the elbow, the hand grasping a club, all ppr.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a stork, holding in the

beak a snake, both ppr.; SINISTER, a griffin, gu. charged on the breast with a mullet or.

*Motto*—Trial by Jury.

*Seat*—Rosamont, Ayrshire.

ERSKINE, SIR JOHN-DRUMMOND, baronet, of Torrie, in the county of Fife; b. 5th April, 1776; succeeded to the title, as sixth baronet, upon the demise of his brother, 3rd March, 1825.

### Lineage.

This a branch of the noble house of Erskine, Earls of Mar; the first baronet (created 28th July, 1791),

1. SIR WILLIAM ERSKINE, being directly descended from John, Earl of Mar, high-treasurer of Scotland, through his second son, Henry Erskine, Lord Cardross. Sir William, having attained high reputation as a military officer, was first honoured with knighthood, and then the baronetcy, for his gallant professional services. He was a lieutenant-general in the army, and colonel of the 26th regiment of foot. Sir William m. twice; and by his second wife, Frances, daughter of James Moray, esq. of Abercainery, and granddaughter, maternally, of Alexander, Earl of Eglinton, he had (with two other daughters)

WILLIAM, his successor.

JAMES, third baronet.

JOHN-DRUMMOND, present baronet.

Elizabeth, m. 29th April, 1806, James Moray, esq.

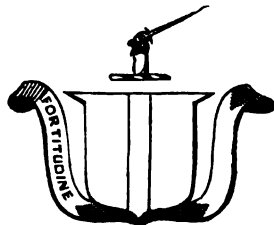
Magdalene.

He d. in 1795, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR WILLIAM, who, also adopting the profession of arms, attained the rank of lieutenant-general of cavalry, and being actively engaged in the peninsular war, fell a victim to the fatigues of the campaign, a violent fever, terminating his gallant career, at Brozas, 13th February, 1813. Dying unmarried, the title devolved upon his brother,

3. SIR JAMES, a lieutenant-general in the army, who m. Louisa, third daughter of the late Earl of Uxbridge, but dying s. p. in 1825, the title devolved upon his brother, JOHN-DRUMMOND, the present baronet, an officer in the civil service of the honourable East India Company.

*Creation*—28th July, 1791.



*Arms*—Ar., a pale sa.

*Crest*—A cubit arm erect, the hand grasping a sword, all ppr. pommel and hilt or.

*Motto*—Fortitudine.

*Seat*—Torrie, Fifeshire.

**ERSKINE, SIR DAVID**, baronet, of Cambo, in the county of Fife; *b.* 16th February, 1792; so created 27th August, 1821; *m.* in 1821, Jane-Silence, daughter and heiress of the Rev. Hugh Williams, of Conway, by whom he has issue,

THOMAS, *b.* 23rd July, 1824.

A son, *b.* 24th September, 1828.

Harriet, *b.* 23rd September, 1828.

— (a daughter,) *b.* 4th March, 1830.

There was an ancient baronetcy in the family, which merged in the earldom of Kellie, when Sir Charles Erskine, of Cambo, *s.* to that peerage, as eighth earl, upon the demise of Archibald, seventh earl, in 1797. The present baronet is grandson of the late Earl of Kellie.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, gu. a regal crown, within a double tressure, flory counter-flory, or; second and third, ar. a pale, sa. within a bordure wavy erm.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a garb fessewise or, thereon a cock ppr. wings expanded, charged with a bend wavy sinister az.

*Motto*—Veillant et vaillant.

*Seats*—Cambo House, Fifeshire; and Conway, North Wales.

**ESMONDE, SIR THOMAS**, baronet, of Ballynastra, in the county of Wexford; *b.* 10th December, 1786; *s.* to the title, as eighth baronet, upon the demise of his uncle, 19th December, 1803; *m.* but has no issue.

### Lineage.

This family is of very ancient establishment in the county of Wexford, where we find John Esmond was consecrated Bishop of Ferns, about the middle of the fourteenth century. This prelate was soon afterwards deprived of his see, by Pope Clement VI., but he did not submit to

the papal mandate without considerable opposition, nor before the temporal authorities were obliged to come in aid of the spiritual. He was, however, appointed to another see in 1356, in which he *d.* 4th April, 1362.

The immediate founder of the present house, JOHN ESMONDE, esq., of Johnstown, in the county of Wexford, *m.* Isabel, daughter of Thomas Rosseter, esq. of Rathmacknee Castle, and left a son,

LAWRENCE ESMONDE, esq. of Johnstown. This gentleman *m.* Eleanor, daughter of Walter Walsh de Montilleus, by whom he had two sons, and was *s.* by the elder,

WILLIAM ESMONDE, esq. whose son,

SIR LAURENCE ESMONDE, was elevated to the peerage, as Lord Esmonde. His lordship *m.* Miss O'Flaherty, by whom he had one son, THOMAS, of whom presently, but taking advantage of some informality, he married, in the lifetime of the lady, Miss Ellice Butler. He died, however, without any issue of the second marriage. when the peerage ceased, but his estates passed, by will, to his above-mentioned son,

1. THOMAS ESMONDE, esq., who settled at Ballytronan, in the county of Wexford, and was created a BARONET OF IRELAND, 28th January 1628. This gentleman *m.* Ellice, daughter of Sir John Fitzgerald, of Dromand, in the county of Waterford, knight, and relict of Thomas, fourth Baron Caher; by whom he had issue,

LAWRENCE, his successor.

Patrick.

James, of Ballynastra, from whom the present baronet derives.

Edward.

And four daughters.

Sir Thomas was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR LAURENCE ESMONDE, of Clonegall, in the county of Carlow. Sir Lawrence *d.* in 1688, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

3. THE RIGHT HON. SIR LAWRENCE, who was *s.* by an only son,

4. SIR LAWRENCE; at whose decease, unmarried, the title reverted to his uncle,

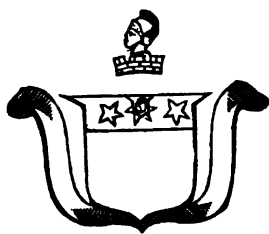
5. SIR JOHN. This gentleman *d.* 30th June, 1758, and, leaving daughters only, the title devolved upon his brother,

6. SIR WALTER, who *d.* without male issue in 1766, when the baronetcy reverted to his cousin,

7. SIR THOMAS, of Ballynastra, (great-grandson of James Esmonde, esq., third son of Sir Thomas, the first baronet,) eldest son of James Esmonde, esq. by Ellis, only daughter and heiress of James Whyte, esq. of Pembrokestown, in the county of Wexford. This gentleman *m.* twice: but dying without issue, 19th December, 1803, the title devolved upon his nephew, THOMAS, the present baronet, who is eldest son of the late John Esmonde, esq. by Hellen, daughter and co-heiress of Bartholomew O'Callan, esq. of Osbertstown, in the county of Kildare.

*Creation*—28th January, 1628.

*Arms*—Erm. on a chief gu. three mullets: ar.



*Crest*—Out of a mural coronet gu. a head, in profile, wearing a helmet, all ppr.  
*Seat*—Ballynastra, Wexfordshire.

ESSEX, EARL OF, (George Capell-Coningsby, F.S.A. and D.C.L.) Viscount Malden, of the county of Essex, and Baron Capell, of Hadham, in the county of Hertford; recorder and high-steward of Leominster; *b.* 13th November, 1757; *m.* 6th June, 1786, Sarah, daughter of Henry Bazett, esq. and relict of Edward Stephenson, esq. by whom he has no issue. His lordship *s.* to the honors, as fifth earl, at the decease of his father, 5th March, 1799, and assumed the surname and arms of CONINGSBY upon inheriting the estates of his grandmother, the Countess of Coningsby.

#### Lineage.

The founder of this noble family,

SIR WILLIAM CAPEL, *knt.* alderman of London, and lord-mayor in 1503, attracting by the immense wealth he had acquired, the notice of Empson and Dudley, the well-known extortioners of Henry VII. was fined £1000, to which he submitted; but to a second imposition of £2000, in some years afterwards, under the pretence that, during his mayoralty, he had not duly punished a party brought before him for coining, he demurred, and was committed to the Tower; where he remained until the death of the king. Sir William *m.* Margaret, daughter of Sir Thomas Arundel, *knt.* of Lanherne, in Cornwall, and dying in 1515, was *s.* by his only son,

SIR GILES CAPEL, *knt.* (of Raineshall, in Essex,) so created for his valor at the sieges of Teroven and Tournay, and the action which ensued at Guineagate, commonly called the Battle of Spurs. Sir Giles waited on the king, (Henry VIII.) in 1520, in the expedition into France, where he and others challenged all gentlemen there in feats of arms, for four days; he was constituted sheriff of the counties of Hertford and Essex, in the 20th of King Henry VIII. This gallant person married twice, and left issue, by Isabel, daughter and heir of Sir Thomas Newton, his second wife (only). He was *s.* by his elder son,

SIR HENRY CAPEL, of Raineshall, who was *s.* by his brother,

SIR EDWARD CAPEL, of Raineshall. This gentleman *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir William Pelham, and was *s.* by his elder son,

SIR ARTHUR CAPEL, who was constituted sheriff of Hertfordshire, in 1592, and became famous for his great hospitality. He *m.* Margaret, daughter of John, Lord Grey of Pirgo, and was *s.* by his grandson,

ARTHUR CAPEL, esq. (only son of Sir Henry Capel, by Theodosia, sister of Edward, Lord Montagu.) This gentleman represented the county of Hertford, in the Long parliament, and was elevated to the peerage, 6th August, 1641, as *Baron Capel, of Hadham*. Attaching himself zealously, at the breaking out of the civil war, to the cause of the king, he fell a victim to his loyalty, and was beheaded, in Old Palace Yard, 9th March, 1648-9. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and sole heiress of Sir Charles Morrison, of Cashibury, in the county of Herts, *knt.*, by whom he had (with other children)

ARTHUR, his successor.

Henry, (Sir) K.B. lord-lieutenant of Ireland, created *Baron Capel, of Tockersbury*, in 1692, a dignity that expired with his lordship in 1696.

The baron was *s.* by his eldest son,

ARTHUR, second baron, who was created *Viscount Malden*, and EARL OF THE COUNTY OF ESSEX, 20th April, 1661. This nobleman filled, from 1672 to 1677, the elevated situation of viceroy of Ireland, and, after his recall, the important office of first lord-commissioner of the treasury. He was subsequently accused, with the celebrated Lord Russell, of the *Fanatic Plot*, and being committed to the Tower, was found there, 13th July, 1683, with his throat cut. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Algernon Percy, tenth Earl of Northumberland, by whom he had several children, but only one son and a daughter who reached maturity; by the former of whom,

ALGERNON, second earl, he was succeeded. This nobleman was an officer in the army, and served in Flanders, under King William. In the reign of Queen Anne, he was constable of the Tower of London, lieutenant-general in the army, and colonel of the fourth regiment of dragoons. His lordship *m.* Mary, daughter of William, first Earl of Portland, and dying 10th January, 1709-10, was *s.* by his only son,

WILLIAM, third earl, who *m.* in 1718, Lady Jane Hyde, eldest surviving daughter of Henry, Earl of Clarendon, by whom he had four daughters. The countess dying in 1724, his lordship *m.* secondly, 3rd February, 1726, Elizabeth, daughter of Wriothesley, second Duke of Bedford, and had to live to maturity, a son and two daughters. He *d.* 8th January, 1743, and was *s.* by his son,

WILLIAM-ANNE, fourth earl, *b.* 7th of October, 1732; *m.* first, in 1754, Frances, daughter and co-heir of Sir Charles Hanbury Williams, K.B. and granddaughter, maternally, of Thomas, Earl

## EVE

of Coningsby; by whom (who *d.* in 1759,) he had issue,

GEORGE, the present peer.

Elizabeth *m.* to John, third Lord Monson.

His lordship *m.* secondly, in March, 1767, Harriet, daughter of Colonel Bladen, by whom (who *d.* in 1821,) he had

John-Thomas, *b.* 2nd March, 1769; *m.* in 1792, Caroline, eldest daughter of Henry, first Earl of Uxbridge, and *d.* in 1819, leaving issue,

ARTHUR-ALGERNON, *b.* 27th January, 1803, *m.* 14th July, 1825, Lady Caroline Jeanetta Beauclerk, third daughter of William, eighth Duke of St. Albans, and has issue,

1. Arthur de Vere.

2. Reginald.

3. Adela.

Algernon-Henry, *b.* in 1807, lieut. R. N. Horatio, *b.* in 1808.

Adolphus, *b.* in 1813.

Harriet-Jane, *m.* in 1817, to David-Oskeden Parry-Oskeden, esq. and *d.* in 1819. Georgiana, *m.* first, in 1821, to Ralph Smith, esq.

Maria, *m.* in 1821, to the Marquess Marius d'Espinasse de Fontanelle.

Jane.

Louisa.

Mary.

Amelia.

Thomas-Edward, Lieutenant-general; *b.* 24th March, 1770.

William-Robert, in holy orders; *b.* 28th April, 1775; *m.* in 1803, Miss Salter, and has issue.

1. William, *m.* in 1831, Jane-Anne, daughter of Thomas Clutterbuck, esq.

2. Henry.

3. Edward.

4. Jane, *m.* to T. T. Clarke, esq.

5. Louisa, *m.* in 1831, to the Rev. James Clutterbuck.

6. Georgina, *m.* in 1829, to the Rev. N. Wodehouse.

7. Isabella.

Thomas-Bladen, rear-admiral of the Blue; *b.* 25th of August, 1776; *m.* in 1816, Harriet-Catherine, daughter of Francis-George Smyth, esq.

The earl *d.* 5th March, 1799.

Creations—Baron, 6th of August, 1641. Earl and Viscount, 20th April, 1661.



Arms—Quarterly; first and fourth, gu. a lion  
3 M

## EVE

rampant, between three cross-crosslets, fitchée, or, for CAPPEL; second and third, gu. three conies, sejant, ar. for CONINGSBY.

Crests—CAPPEL, a demi-lion, rampant, or, holding in the dexter paw a cross-crosslet, fitchée, gu. CONINGSBY, a cony, sejant, ar.

Supporters—Two lions or, ducally crowned gu.

Motto—Fide et fortitudine.

Town Residence—9, Belgrave-square.

Seat—Cashiobury Park, Watford, Herts.

EVELYN, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Wotton Place, in the county of Surrey; *b.* in 1757; *s.* to the title, as fourth baronet, upon the demise of his cousin, 1st April, 1812. He had been declared, many years before, by an inquisition, to be laboring under insanity.

### Lineage.

This family flourished originally in the county of Salop, at a place now called Evelyn, but formerly written Avelyn and Ivelyn. From Shropshire it removed to Long Ditton, in Surrey; thence to Harrow-on-the-Hill, in the county of Middlesex, temp. Henry IV.; and to Kingston, in Surrey, in the reign of Henry VIII.

GEORGE EVELYN, esq. the founder of this branch of the Evelyns, in Surrey, was the first person to bring the art of making gunpowder to perfection in England; and, for the convenience of his works in the neighbourhood, purchased the estate at Wotton. This gentleman left, at his decease, six sons and two daughters. Thomas, the eldest son, was father of Edward, of Long Ditton, who was created a baronet in 1662, but dying without issue in 1692, the dignity expired. John, the second son, was father of John, of Gadstone, who was created a baronet in 1690, but dying without issue, the honor ceased. He (John, the second son) was also father of

GEORGE EVELYN, esq. who *d.* in 1663, and was *s.* by his only surviving son,

RICHARD EVELYN, esq. who *m.* Eleanor, only daughter and heiress of John Stanfield, esq. of Lewes, in the county of Sussex, and dying in 1640, was *s.* by his eldest son,

GEORGE EVELYN, esq. M.P. for the county of Surrey; at whose decease, unmarried, in 1608, the estates devolved upon his brother,

JOHN EVELYN, esq. the elegant and distinguished author of "Silva," and other celebrated literary works. Mr. Evelyn visiting, in 1647, the French capital, and being recommended to Sir Richard Browne, bart. the king's minister there, *m.* the only daughter of that gentleman, and, in her right, became possessed of Saye's Court, near Deptford, in Kent. After the Restoration, Mr. Evelyn was most graciously received at court, and upon the establishment of the royal society, about the close of the year 1662, he was appointed one of the first fellows and council thereof. In 1699, he was honored with the degree of Doctor of Civil Laws, by the University of Oxford. After the Revolution, he was treasurer of Greenwich Hospital, and, though far advanced in years, wrote some pieces, and translated others,

which will confer imperishable fame upon himself and his country. The period of this learned person's life and labours terminated almost together; as he died soon after he had prepared the fourth edition of his "*Silva*" for the press, in the eighty-sixth year of his age, 27th February, 1705-6. Bishop Burnet styles him, a most ingenious and virtuous gentleman; and informs us, that he was not satisfied to have advanced the knowledge of this age, by his most useful labours, about planting and divers other ways; but he was ready to contribute every thing in his power to perfect other men's endeavours. Mr. Evelyn was s. by his only surviving grandson,

1. JOHN EVELYN, esq. who was created a baronet 6th August, 1713. Sir John was one of the commissioners of customs, and a fellow of the royal society. He m. in 1705, Anne, daughter of Edward Boscawen, esq. and had, with other issue, JOHN, his successor.

Charles, whose son,

Charles, m. Philadelphia, daughter of Fortunatus Wright, esq. of Liverpool, and had issue,

JOHN, present baronet.

Charles, d. in the East Indies.

Hugh, b. 31st January, 1769.

Susanna, m. to John Fortunatus Wright, esq. and has issue.

Martha-Boscawen, m. to Nicholas Vincent, esq. and left issue, at her decease, in 1794,

1. Nicholas. 2. Hugh.

Phillips, m. to Daniel-Francis Houghton, esq. and has issue,

Charles-Evelyn-Daniel.

Frederick-Hugh-Evelyn.

Phillips.

Frances-Louisa, m. to Rev. John Griffith.

Sir John d. 14th July, 1763, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR JOHN, who m. Mary, daughter of Hugh, first Viscount Palmouth, by whom he had a son and two daughters. He d. in 1767, and was s. by his son,

3. SIR FREDERICK; at whose decease s. p. in 1812, the title devolved upon his cousin, JOHN EVELYN, esq. the present baronet (refer to issue of CHARLES, second son of first baronet).

Creation—6th August, 1713.



Arms—As., a griffin passant and a chief or.

Crest—A griffin passant or, beak and forelegs az. ducally gorged of the last.

Seat—Wotton Place, Surrey.

EVERY, SIR HENRY, baronet, of Egginton, in the county of Derby; b. in June, 1777; s. to the title as ninth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 28th December, 1785; m. 22nd December, 1798, Penelope, daughter of Sir John-Parker Mosley, baronet, of Rolleston, by whom (who d. in 1812,) he has issue,

HENRY, b. 20th November, 1799; m. in 1826, Maria-Charlotte, daughter of the late Very Reverend Charles Talbot, Dean of Salisbury, and his wife, Lady Elizabeth Somerset, daughter of Henry, fifth Duke of Beaufort. Mr. Every is an officer in the life-guards, and a widower since August, 1827. Edward, b. 28th May, 1801.

John, b. 6th September, 1802.

Frederick-Simon, b. 5th June, 1804.

Penelope, b. 3rd March, 1806.

### Lineage.

This family was originally of Somersetshire; and enjoyed, in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, considerable possessions in the vicinity of Chard. The first lineal ancestor of the present baronet, we find upon record, is

JOHN EVERY, of Chaffcombe, in the county of Somerset, who held the office of serjeant-at-arms to Queen Elizabeth, and was patron of the rectory and parsonage of Chardstock, the impropriation of which he bequeathed to his eldest son,

JOHN EVERY, who inherited in 1639. This John was of St. Mary Magdalen college, Oxford, and took the degree of master of arts. He m. Elizabeth, sister of William Lambert, esq. of Oxford, and continued to reside in that city until his decease, in 1613, when he was s. in the rectory and parsonage of Chardstock, with other considerable property, by his only son,

1. SIMON EVERY, esq. who was created a baronet 20th May, 1611, and subsequently distinguished himself by his steady adhesion to the royal cause. He m. Anne, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Henry Leigh, of Egginton, in the county of Derby, knight, and removed his place of residence to that seat: by this lady he had four sons and a daughter. Sir Simon was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR HENRY. This gentleman m. Vere, daughter of Sir Henry Herbert, knight, master of the revels to King Charles I., by whom he had six sons and five daughters: of the former, the eldest, third, and fifth, succeeded, in turn, to the baronetcy. He d. 29th September, 1700, and was s. by his eldest son,

3. SIR HENRY, who m. twice, but d. without issue, in 1709, when the title devolved upon his brother,

4. SIR JOHN. This gentleman was a distinguished naval officer, during the reign of William III. He m. twice, but dying without surviving issue, 1st July, 1729, his brother,

5. THE REV. SIR SIMON, s. to the title. This gentleman m. Mary, eldest daughter of the Rev. Joshua Clark, rector of Somerby, in the county of Lincoln, and prebendary of that diocese, and



was succeeded at his decease, in January, 1753, by his eldest son,

6. **SIR HENRY**, who *d.* without issue, in 1755, when the title devolved upon his brother,

7. **THE REV. SIR JOHN**, who also *d.* without issue, in 1779, when the baronetcy reverted to

8. **SIR EDWARD**, the fourth in descent from Francis, third son of the first baronet. This gentleman *m.* Mary, daughter of Edward Mosley, esq. of Mosley, in the county of Derby, and widow of William Elliott, esq. and likewise of Joseph Bird, esq., by whom he had issue,

**HENRY**, present baronet.

**John**, *m.* in 1813, Miss Osborne, daughter of William Osborne, esq. of Old Park, county of Kent.

**Sophia-Anne**, *m.* in 1804, to Sir Oswald Mosley, bart.

**Frances**, *m.* to Major Miller, of the royal horse-guards, blue, and *d.* in 1824.

**Sir Edward** rebuilt the family mansion at Egginton. He served the office of high-sheriff of Derbyshire in 1783, and *d.* in two years afterwards.

*Creation*—20th May, 1641.



*Arms*—Or, four chevronels gu.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a demi-unicorn couped ppr.

*Motto*—Sum cuique.

*Seat*—Egginton, Derbyshire.

**EXETER, MARQUESS AND EARL OF**, (Brownlow Cecil), and Baron of Burghley, in the county of Northampton; a knight of the garter, joint hereditary grand-almoner to the king in fee, lord-lieutenant of the county of Rutland, and recorder of the borough of Stamford; *b.* 2nd July, 1795; *s.* to the honors as second marquess, upon the demise of his father, 1st May, 1804; *m.* 12th May, 1824, Isabella, daughter of William-Stephen Poyntz, esq. of Cowdray, in the county of Sussex, and has issue,

**WILLIAM-ALLEYNE**, *Lord Burghley*, *b.* 30th April, 1825.

**Brownlow-Thomas-Montague**, *b.* 27th February, 1827.

His lordship officiated as grand almoner at the coronation of His Majesty King George IV.

### Lineage.

The surname of this noble family has been spelt at different periods Sitsilt, Sicell, Seycil, Cyssel, and Cecil.

**WILLIAM CECIL**, *b.* at Bourne, in Lincolnshire, 18th September, 1520, (son and heir of Richard Cyssel, an officer of the court, in attendance upon King Henry VIII. particularly at the celebrated interview between that monarch and Francis, King of France, upon the Field of the Cloth of Gold,) having attracted the attention and attained the subsequent favor of his sovereign, by a successful disputation with two intemperate chaplains of O'Neale, the Irish chieftain, on the power of the Roman Pontiff, the king granted him a reversion of the office of custos-brevium; and from that period, he resolved to pursue a political, rather than a forensic course, which latter he had originally intended to adopt, having entered himself at Gray's Inn in 1541. In the reign of Edward VI. Mr. Cecil was appointed secretary of state, when he received the honor of knighthood, and was sworn of the privy-council. Under the rule of Mary, although a zealous reformist previously, Sir William, with the tact of the renowned churchman of Bray, doffed his protestant mantle, and conformed to the ancient faith: *outwardly*, saith his recent biographer, Dr. Nares, but certainly so far as engaging a Romish domestic chaplain, humbling himself at the confessional, and kneeling before the altar of the Real Presence, constitute such a conformation. This outward demonstration proved not to have been assumed in vain, for we find the wily politician enjoying again the sunshine of royal favor, and actually nominated, with Lord Paget and Sir Edward Hastings, to conduct Cardinal Pole, then invested with a legate commission, into England. In this reign Cecil represented the county of Lincoln in parliament. Immediately upon the accession of Elizabeth, however, (once more a staunch denouncer of popish errors,) the star of his fortune arose, and few statesmen have been guided through a more brilliant course. His first official employment was the resumption of the secretary-of-stateship, and in that, so sensible was his royal mistress of his important services, that she elevated him to the peerage, by the title of *Baron Burghley*, in 1571, although at this period his private fortune does not appear to have been much advanced, for, by a letter written by himself, just after his elevation, he says, "that he is the poorest lord in England." A conspiracy was soon afterwards discovered against his life, and the two assassins, Barney and Matter, declared, at their execution, that they were instigated by the Spanish ambassador; for which, and other offences, his excellency was ordered to depart the kingdom. As a consolation for these perils, the secretary was honored with the order of the Garter, in June, 1573; and in the September following, at the decease of the Marquess of Winchester, appointed *Lord High Treasurer*. His lordship *m.* first, in 1561, Mary, sister of Sir John Cheke, tutor to King Edward VI. by whom he had an only son,

**THOMAS**, his successor,

His first lady dying after a short period, he *m.* secondly, in 1546, Mildred, daughter of Sir An-

thony Coke, *knt.* of Giddy Hall, in the county of Essex, by whom he had surviving issue.

ROBERT, who was created Earl of Salisbury. (See Marquess of Salisbury.)

Anne, Countess of Oxford.

Elizabeth, *m.* to William, eldest son of Lord Wentworth.

The last memorable act of the lord-treasurer's life was an attempt to bring about a peace with Spain, in which he was vehemently opposed by Essex, then in the fire of youth. The young soldier becoming heated in the debate, the venerable minister was induced to pull out a prayer-book and point to the words, "Men of blood shall not live out half their lives." Burghley has been universally condemned for his participation in the destruction of the unhappy Mary of Scotland—and justly. The whole reign of Mary, of England, darkly as it has been depicted, is not stained with a more atrocious deed than the murder of that interesting, lovely, and unfortunate woman. Of the manner of living adopted by this eminent person, we are informed, that suitable to his rank and the custom of the times, he kept up an extraordinary degree of splendour in his houses and gardens, and every thing belonging to him. He had four places of residence; his lodgings at court; his house in the Strand; his family seat at Burghley; and his own favorite seat at Theobalds. At his house in London, he had four score persons in family, exclusively of those who attended him at court. His expenses there, as we have it from a person who lived many years in his family, were £30 a-week in his absence, and between £40 and £50 when present. At Theobalds he had thirty persons in his family; and besides a constant allowance in charity, he directed £10 a-week to be laid out in keeping the poor at work in his gardens, &c. The expenses of his stables were a thousand marks a-year. He kept a standing table for gentlemen, and two other tables for persons of meaner condition, which were always served alike, whether he were in or out of town. Twelve times he entertained the queen at his house for several weeks together, at the expense of two or three thousand pounds each visit. At his decease he left about £4000 a-year in land, £11,000 in money, and in valuable effects, about £14,000. His lordship *d.* 4th August, 1598, and was *s.* by his elder son,

THOMAS, second baron, who was created *Earl of Exeter*, 4th May, 1605, and installed a knight of the Garter. His lordship *m.* first, Dorothy, daughter and co-heir of John Nevill, Lord Latimer, and had (besides daughters)

WILLIAM, his successor.

Richard (Sir), of Wakerley, in the county of Northampton, M.P. *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Anthony Cope, *knt.* and bart. of Hanwell, in the county of Oxford, and had issue,

DAVID, who succeeded as THIRD EARL.

Elizabeth, *m.* to John Havers, esq. of Stockerston, in the county of Leicester.

Edward (Sir), created *Viscount Wimbledon*, but dying *s. p.* in 1638, the dignity expired.

Christopher, drowned in Germany.

Thomas, *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir Robert Lee, Lord Mayor of London.

The earl espoused, secondly, Frances, daughter of William Bridges, fourth Lord Chandos, and widow of Sir Thomas Smith, master of requests to King James I. by whom he had an only daughter, Anne. His lordship *d.* in 1622, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, second earl, K.G. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Edward Manners, Earl of Rutland, by whom (who *d.* in 1601) he had a son,

WILLIAM, who, in right of his mother, became LORD ROOS; he *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Thomas Lake, of Cannons, in the county of Middlesex, but *d. s. p.* in 1618.

The earl espoused, secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Drury, *knt.* of Halstede, and had three daughters, his co-heirs, viz:

Elizabeth, *m.* to Sir Thomas Howard, K.B., afterwards Earl of Berkshire.

Diana, *m.* first, to Henry Vere, Earl of Oxford, and secondly, to Thomas Bruce, Earl of Elgin.

Anne, *m.* to Henry Lord Grey, of Groby, afterwards Earl of Stamford.

His lordship *d.* in 1646, when his honors devolved upon his nephew,

DAVID, third earl, (son of Sir Richard Cecil, of Wakerley) who was *s.* in 1643, by his son,

JOHN, fourth earl, who was *s.* in 1686, by his only surviving son,

JOHN, fifth earl. This nobleman *m.* Anne, only daughter of William, Earl of Devonshire, and widow of Charles, Lord Rich, and dying in 1700, was *s.* by his son,

JOHN, sixth earl. His lordship *m.* twice, and had issue (only) by his second marriage, with Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Brownlow, bart. of Belton, in the county of Lincoln. He was *s.* in 1721, by his eldest son,

JOHN, seventh earl, who *d.* unmarried in 1722, when the honors devolved upon his brother,

BROWNLOW, eighth earl. This nobleman *m.* in 1725, Hannah-Sophia, daughter and heiress of Thomas Chambers, esq. of Derby, by whom he had several children, and was *s.* in 1754, by his eldest son,

BROWNLOW, ninth earl, who *m.* in 1740, Letitia, daughter and heir of the Hon. Horatio Townshend, but dying in 1793, without issue, the honors reverted to his nephew,

HENRY, tenth earl, (only son of the Hon. Thomas-Chambers Cecil, M.P. for the county of Rutland, by his wife, Charlotte Gornier.) His lordship was elevated to a marquissate, as MARQUESS OF EXETER, 4th February, 1801. He *m.* thrice: by his first marriage, with Emma, only daughter and heiress of Thomas Vernon, esq. of Hanbury, in the county of Worcester, (from whom he was divorced) he had no surviving issue; by his second, with Miss Sarah Hoggins, he had

BROWNLOW, present peer.

Thomas, b. 1st January, 1797, M.P. for Stamford, a major of dragoons.

## EXM

Sophia, m. in 1818, to the Right Hon. Henry-Manvers Pierrepont, and d. in 1823.

and by his third, which took place in 1800, with Elizabeth, Duchess Dowager of Hamilton, daughter of Peter Burrell, esq. he had no children. His lordship d. 1st May, 1804.

*Creations*—Baron, 25th February, 1570—1. Earl, 4th May, 1605. Marquess, 4th February, 1801.



*Arms*—Barry of ten, ar. and az. over all six escutcheons, three, two, and one, sa. each charged with a lion rampant of the first.

*Vest*—On a chapeau gu. turned up erm. a garb or, supported by two lions, the dexter ar., the sinister az.

*Supporters*—Two lions erm.

*Motto*—Cor unum, via una.

*Seat*—Burghley, Northamptonshire.

**EXMOUTH, VISCOUNT,** (Edward Pellew, D.C.L.) Baron Exmouth, of Cannonteign, in the county of Devon; a baronet, and knight grand cross of the Bath, K.C.S., K.F.M., and K.W.; b. 19th April, 1759, m. in 1783, Susannah, daughter of James Frowd, esq. by whom he has had issue,

**POWNALL-BASTARD**, captain R.N., b. 1st of July, 1786; m. first, in 1808, Eliza-Harriet, eldest daughter of Sir George-Hilary Barlow, baronet, by which marriage, which was dissolved in 1820, he has issue,

**EDWARD**, b. 14th February, 1811.

**Percy-Taylor**, b. 15th April, 1814.

**Juliana-Sarah**, b. 3rd April, 1816.

Captain Pellew espoused secondly, in 1822, Georgiana-Janet, eldest daughter of Mungo Dick, esq. and has

**Pownall-Fleetwood**, b. 29th July, 1823.

— (a son) b. in 1836.

**Caroline-Emma**, and another daughter.

— (a daughter) b. in 1827.

**Fleetwood-Broughton-Reynolds**, C.B. captain R.N., b. 12th December, 1789; m. in 1816, Harriet, daughter of the late Sir Godfrey Webster, bart. and Elizabeth, present Lady Holland, and has a daughter, **Harriet-Bettina-Frances**.

**George**, in holy orders, prebendary of Canterbury; b. 3rd April, 1793; m. in 1820, Frances, second daughter of Henry, Viscount Sidmouth, and has issue.

**Edward**, in holy orders; b. 3rd November, 1790; m. in 1826, Marianne, daughter of the late Stephen Winthrop, esq. M.D.

## EXM

**Emma-Mary**, m. in 1803, to Admiral Sir Lawrence-William Halsted, K.C.B.

**Julia**, m. 11th January, 1810, to Richard Harward, esq. captain R.N., and d. in 1831.

Mr. Pellew, having entered early into the naval service of his country, soon became a distinguished member of that gallant profession, and won his way to fame and fortune. On the 29th June, 1793, he received the honor of knighthood, for his heroic conduct in capturing the Cleopatra, French frigate: on the 5th March, 1796, he was created a baronet, and, having risen to the rank of admiral of the blue, was elevated to the peerage, 1st June, 1814, as **Baron Exmouth, of Cannonteign, in the county of Devon**. His lordship was advanced to a Viscount, by the title of **VISCOUNT EXMOUTH**, 21st September, 1816, for his gallantry, in bombarding and destroying the fleet and arsenal of Algiers, during that year. Lord Exmouth is the second son of Samuel Pellew, esq. by Constance, daughter of Edward Langford, esq. The third son of the said Samuel, Sir Israel Pellew, K.C.B. is also a distinguished naval officer, having commanded the Conqueror at the battle of Trafalgar, and subsequently attained the rank of vice-admiral of the red, and is now admiral of the red. The Viscount is now admiral of the white.

*Creations*—Baronet, 5th March, 1796. Baron, 1st June, 1814. Viscount, 21st September, 1816.



*Arms*—Gu. a lion, passant, guardant, in chief two chaplets of laurel or, on a chief augmentation, wavy, a representation of Algiers, with a British man-of-war before it, all ppr.

*Vest*—Upon waves of the sea, the wreck of the Dutton, East Indiaman, upon a rocky shore, off Plymouth garrison. all ppr.

*Supporters*—**Dexter**, a lion rampant, guardant, or, navally crowned az. resting the dexter paw upon a decrescent ar.; **Sinister**, a male figure, representing slavery, trowsers ar. striped az. the upper part of the body naked, holding in the dexter hand broken chains ppr. the sinister arm elevated, and holding a cross or.

*Mottoes*—Over the crest—Deo adjuvante—Under the shield—Algiers.

*Seat*—Trevery, Cornwall.

**FAGG, THE REVEREND SIR JOHN**, baronet, of Wiston, in the county of Sussex; *s.* to the title, as seventh baronet, upon the demise of his father, in 1822.

### Lineage.

1. **JOHN FAGG**, esq. of Wiston and Mystole, (son of John Fagg, esq. of Rye, by Miss Cobb, daughter and heiress of Clement Cobb, esq. of Canterbury,) was created a baronet 11th December, 1660, for his loyalty to Charles I., and his efforts in furtherance of the Restoration. Sir John *m.* Mary, daughter of Robert Morley, esq. of Glynd, in Sussex, and was *s.* at his decease in 1700, by his eldest son,

2. **SIR ROBERT**, who *d.* in 1715, leaving an only son,

3. **SIR ROBERT**. This gentleman *m.* Christian, daughter of Sir Cecil Bishopp, bart. and was *s.* in 1736, by his only son,

4. **SIR ROBERT**; who, having no issue, devised his estates in Kent and Sussex, at his decease in 1740, to his sister Elizabeth, (who had *m.* Sir George-Matthew Goring, baronet;) while the title reverted to his cousin,

5. **SIR WILLIAM**, (great-grandson of the first baronet, through his second son, Charles.) This gentleman *m.* — daughter of — Le Grand, esq. of Canterbury, and dying in 1791, was *s.* by his only son,

6. **THE REVEREND SIR JOHN**, who *m.* in Aug. 1799, Anne, only daughter and heiress of Daniel Newman, esq. of Canterbury, barrister-at-law, by whom he had issue,

1. **JOHN**, present baronet.

2. **John-William-Thomas**, *m.* in 1824, Frances, youngest daughter of William Carter, esq. M.D. of Canterbury.

3. **John-Charles**.

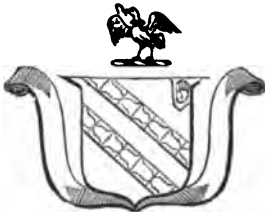
4. **Augusta**.

5. **Lucy**.

6. **Jemima**.

Sir John *d.* 23rd September, 1822.

Creation—11th December, 1660.



*Arms*—Gu., two bends vair.

*Crest*—On a wreath, an ostrich, wings expanded, ar. beaked, legged, and ducally gorged, or, holding in the beak a horse-shoe ppr.

*Seat*—Mystole, Kent.

**FAIRFAX OF CAMERON, BARON**, (The Rev. Bryan Fairfax,) in the peerage of

Scotland; *s.* to the dignity, as eighth baron, upon the demise of his cousin, 15th July, 1793; *m.* Miss Carey, by whom he has several children; but his lordship being a resident of America, their names, &c. could not be ascertained.

### Lineage.

**RICHARD FAIRFAX**, of Walton, living temp. Henry VI., *m.* Eustace, daughter and heiress of John Carthorp, and had with other issue,

**WILLIAM**, of Walton, whose direct descendant (fifth in succession),

**SIR THOMAS FAIRFAX**, of Walton, was created in 1629, *Viscount Fairfax*, of Emeley, in the county of Tipperary, in the peerage of Ireland, a dignity that expired with Charles-Gregory, Viscount Fairfax, in 1772.

**SIR GUY FAIRFAX**, of Steeton, who having served the office of attorney-general, was appointed one of the justices of the court of king's bench, 20th September, 1478. This learned person *m.* Margaret, daughter of Sir William Ryther, of Ryther, and was *s.* at Steeton Castle, in the county of York, which he had erected, by his eldest son,

**SIR WILLIAM**, one of the justices of the common-pleas, in the reign of Henry VIII. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir Robert Manners, knt. ancestor of the Duke of Rutland, and was *s.* at his decease by his only son,

**SIR WILLIAM**, who was high-sheriff of the county of York, in the 20th and 31st of Henry VIII. He *m.* Isabel, daughter and heiress of John Thwaites, esq. of Denton Castle, Yorkshire, by whom he acquired that seat, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

**SIR THOMAS FAIRFAX**, of Denton, who served the office of Sheriff for the county of York, in 1571. Crawford mentions that this gentleman was with the Duke of Bourbon at the sacking of Rome, and that his father being highly offended therewith, settled Steeton on his youngest son, Gabriel. Sir Thomas *m.* Dorothy, daughter of George Gale, esq. of Asham Grange, and had, besides two daughters,

**THOMAS**, his successor.

Edward, of Newhall, a poet, the translator of Tasso's Godfrey of Boulogne, into English verse, and author of a treatise on Demonology. He *d.* in 1633.

**Charles (Sir)**, colonel in the army, killed at the siege of Ostend.

Sir Thomas was *s.* by his eldest son,

**SIR THOMAS FAIRFAX**, knt. of Denton Castle, who was created a peer of Scotland, 18th October, 1627, as **BARON FAIRFAX OF CAMERON**. His lordship *m.* in 1582, Ellen, daughter of Robert Ashe, esq. and was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,

**FREDINANDO**, second baron. This nobleman, at the beginning of the civil war, was the parliamentary general for York, and became emi-

nently distinguished. After defeating the Earl of Newcastle, in 1642, Lord Byron, in 1643, and Colonel Bellasis, whom he took prisoner, in April, 1644, at Selby, he had the chief command at the battle of Marston Moor, in the July of the same year, and there, defeating the royal army under Prince Rupert, he took possession of the city of York, as governor. His lordship *m.* Lady Mary Sheffield, daughter of Edmund, first Earl of Mulgrave, by whom he had three sons and six daughters, and was *s.* at his decease, in 1647, by his eldest son and companion in arms.

THOMAS, third baron, who had distinguished himself as a republican military leader, under the name of "Sir Thomas Fairfax." He was a participator in the victory obtained by his father at Selby, and he commanded the right wing of the parliamentarians at Marston Moor. In the thirty-fourth year of his age, he was appointed general-in-chief of the parliament's armies, and soon after routed the king at Naseby, retook Leicester, beat Colonel Goring, took Bridgewater, Dartmouth, Bristol, defeated Lord Hopton, forced the Prince of Wales to retire into France, and then, reducing the entire of the west, drove the king from Oxford, in May, 1646; in which year he was made governor of the Tower of London. After succeeding to the barony, he reduced Colchester, but he took no part in the subsequent proceedings of the Independents, and was entirely free of any participation in the death of the king. In 1650, he resigned the command of the army to Cromwell, and, nine years afterwards, his lordship, coalescing with Monk, assisted zealously in restoring the monarchy, and was one of the commissioners deputed, upon that occasion, to the king. Soon after this event, Lord Fairfax represented the county of York in parliament; but he passed the latter end of his life in rural retirement. His lordship *m.* Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Horatio Vere, Lord Vere of Tilbury, by whom he had an only child, Mary, who *m.* George Villiers, second Duke of Buckingham. He *d.* in 1671, when the barony devolved upon his cousin,

HENRY, fourth baron, grandson of the first lord, through his second son, the Honorable and Reverend Henry Fairfax, of Oglethorpe, in the county of York, by Mary, daughter of Sir Henry Cholmley. This nobleman *m.* Frances, daughter and heiress of Sir Robert Barwick, of Tolston, Yorkshire, by whom he left two sons,

THOMAS, his successor.

Henry, of Tolston, in the county of York, *m.* Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Richard Harrison, esq. and had, with other issue,

Henry, who *d. s. p.* in 1750.

WILLIAM, who settled in New England, whence he removed to Virginia, and became manager of his cousin, Lord Fairfax's estates there. He *m.* twice, and had three sons. The youngest but survivor,

BRYAN, a clergyman, succeeded as eighth and present baron.

His lordship *d.* in 1685, and was *s.* by the elder, THOMAS, fifth baron, colonel in the guards, and M.P. for the county of York, which seat he was obliged to relinquish at the Union, upon ceasing to be a commoner in England. His lordship *m.* Catharine, daughter and heiress of Thomas, Lord Colepepper, by whom he had

THOMAS, his successor.

Henry-Colepepper, died unmarried, in 1734. Robert, who *s.* as seventh lord.

Margaret, *m.* to the Rev. David Wilkins, D.D. prebendary of Canterbury.

Frances, *m.* to Denny Martin, esq. and dying in 1791, left issue,

DENNY MARTIN, in holy orders, who inherited at the decease of his uncle, Robert, seventh Lord, Leeds Castle, and the other estates in Kent, when he assumed the name of FAIRFAX. He *d. s. p.*

PHILIP MARTIN, lieutenant-general in the army, who inherited from his brother, Leeds Castle, and assumed the name of FAIRFAX.

The baron was *s.* in 1710, by his eldest son,

THOMAS, sixth baron. This nobleman inherited from his mother a splendid fortune, consisting of several manors in Kent, estates in the Isle of Wight, and a tract of land in Virginia, called the Northernneck, comprised within the boundaries of the rivers Potomack and Rappahanock, containing by estimation, 5,700,000 acres. From his father, he inherited Denton Hall, and other property in Yorkshire; but he was obliged by his mother and grandmother to dispose of those, in order to redeem the Colepepper manors. His lordship had a commission in the horse-guards, but visiting his American estates about the year 1739, he was so captivated with the soil, climate, and beauties of Virginia, that he resolved to spend the remainder of his life there; and he soon after erected two mansions, Belvoir and Greenway Court: where he continued ever afterwards to reside in a state of baronial hospitality. His dress was plain and simple, his manners modest and unaffected, and his style of living magnificent. Such was his generosity, that he gave up his English estates to his brother Robert, and the surplus of his American income was distributed amongst his poor neighbours. His principal amusement was hunting; and after the chase he was wont to invite the whole field to partake his hospitality. He had been educated in revolutionary principles, and had imbibed high notions of liberty. He was lieutenant and custos-rotulorum of Frederick county, and presided at the provincial courts at Winchester, where, during the session, he kept an open table. His lordship *d.* unmarried, at Greenway Court, in 1782, when the title devolved upon his only surviving brother,

ROBERT, seventh baron. This nobleman *m.* twice, but *d.* without issue, in 1793, when his

## FAL

Kentish property devolved upon his nephew, the Rev. Denny Martin, and the barony was claimed by the Rev. Bryan Fairfax (refer to Henry, second son of fourth lord), to whom it was confirmed by parliament, in 1800. His lordship is the present peer

*Creation*—18th October, 1627.



*Arms*—Or, three bars, gemells, gu. surmounted of a lion, rampant, sa.

*Crest*—A lion, passant, guardant, sa.

*Supporters*—Dexter, a lion, guardant, sa.; sinister, a bay horse.

*Motto*—Fare—Fac.

*Seats*—Belvoir and Greenway-Court, Virginia, United States of America.

**FALKINER, SIR RIGGS**, baronet, of Anne-mount, in the county of Cork; *b.* in 1789; inherited the title, as third baronet, at the decease of his father, in 1825.

### Lineage.

1. **RIGGS FALKINER**, esq. of Anne-mount, in the county of Cork, eldest son of Caleb Falkiner, esq. of Cork, merchant, by a daughter of — Riggs, esq. was created a **BARONET OF IRELAND** 24th August, 1777. Sir Riggs *m.* Mary, daughter of — Barker, esq. and, dying in 1797, was *s.* by his only surviving son,

2. **SIR SAMUEL**. This gentleman *m.* Sarah, daughter of Charles Leslie, M.D. and granddaughter of the Very Rev. Dean Leslie, by whom he had issue,

RIGGS, present baronet.

Charles.

Samuel.

John.

Sir Samuel *d.* in 1825.

*Creation*—24th August, 1777.



## FAL

*Arms*—Or, three falcons, close, ppr. belled gu. a mullet for difference.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a falcon's lure ppr. between two wings az.

*Motto*—Fortuna favente.

*Seat*—Anne-mount, in the county of Cork.

**FALKLAND, VISCOUNT**, (Lucius Carey,) of Falkland, in the county of Fife; *b.* 5th November, 1803; *s.* to the dignity, as ninth Viscount, upon the demise of his father, 2nd March, 1809; *m.* 27th December, 1830, Miss Amelia Fitz-Clarence, and has issue,

A SON AND HEIR, *b.* 24th November, 1831.

### Lineage.

**SIR HENRY CAREY**, K.B. (only son of Sir Edward Carey, knt. of Berkhamstead, Herts, master of the jewel office to Queen Elizabeth and King James I. by Catherine, daughter of Sir Henry Knevet, knt. and widow of Henry, Lord Paget) was elevated to the peerage of Scotland 10th November, 1620, as **VISCOUNT FALKLAND**. His lordship was constituted **LORD LIEUTENANT OF IRELAND** in 1622, and continued in office for seven years. He *m.* Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Sir Laurance Tanfield, chief-baron of the exchequer, and had two sons and a daughter. Amongst the papers of the viscount, who was a man of letters, was found, and printed in 1690, "The History of the most unfortunate Prince, King Edward II., with choice political observations on him, and his unhappy favorites, Gaveston and Spencer." His lordship is remarkable for an invention to prevent the counterfeit of his signature—that of artfully concealing within the writing the successive years of his age. He *d.* in 1633, and was *s.* by his elder son,

**HENRY**, second viscount. This eminent person was born at Burford, about the year 1610, and carried by his father into Ireland, when that nobleman was appointed lord-deputy in 1622, where he received part of his education at Trinity College, Dublin; he was afterwards of St. John's College, Cambridge. At the age of nineteen, he inherited the fortune of his maternal grandfather, and thus became possessed of a landed estate of about £2000 per annum, with considerable personal property. His lordship, after the decease of his father, retired to his seat at Great Tew, and devoted himself entirely to literature. Previously to the breaking out of the civil wars, he was member of parliament for Newport, and a strenuous opponent of the court; but so soon as actual rebellion commenced, he as strenuously supported the royal cause. He attended the king at Edgehill, at Oxford, and at the siege of Gloucester. But a view of the calamities brought upon his country, and the still greater impending evils, entirely broke down his lordship's spirits, and though no military man, he sought death as a relief, in the field of

battle. Frequently, when sitting amongst his friends, after a long silence and deep sighs, he would cry out with a shrill voice "FRACK," declaring himself incapable of living in such a state of perpetual grief and anxiety. This extreme uneasiness seems to have hurried him on to destruction. Putting himself into the first rank of Lord Byron's regiment, at Newbury, 20th September, 1643, he received a musket-shot wound, and falling from his horse, his body was not found until the next morning. "Thus Falkland died, the generous and the just." Lord Clarendon, speaking of Falkland, says, that he was a person of such prodigious parts, of learning and knowledge, and of that inimitable sweetness and delight in conversation, and of so flowing and obliging a humanity and goodness to mankind, and of that primitive simplicity and integrity of life, that if there were no other brand upon the odious and accursed civil war, than that single loss, it must be most infamous to all posterity.

"War, civil war, was raging, like a flood,  
England lay weltering in her own heart's blood;  
Brother with brother waged unnatural strife,  
Sever'd were all the charities of life;  
Two passions—*virtues* they assumed to be—  
Virtues they were—romantic loyalty,  
And stern, unyielding patriotism, possess'd  
Divided empire in the nation's breast,  
As though two hearts should in one body reign,  
And urge conflicting streams from vein to vein;  
On either side the noblest spirits fought,  
And highest deeds on either side were wrought;  
Hampden in battle yesterday hath bled,  
To-morrow Falkland joins the immortal dead;  
The one for freedom perish'd—not in vain;  
The other falls—a courtier without stain."<sup>\*</sup>

His lordship at one time filled the office of secretary-of-state to King Charles I. He *m.* Letitia, daughter of Richard Morrison, esq. of Tooley Park, in the county of Leicester, and was *s.* by his only son,

HENRY, third viscount. His lordship represented, after the restoration, Arundel in parliament, and was nominated lord-lieutenant of the county of Oxford. He was committed to the Tower during the usurpation, upon suspicion of being concerned in Sir George Booth's rising for the restoration of King Charles II. Lord Falkland was author of the "Marriage Night," a comedy. He espoused Margaret, daughter of Anthony Hungerford, esq. and dying in 1663, was *s.* by his only son,

ANTHONY, fourth viscount. This nobleman filled some high official situations, during the reigns of Charles II. and William III. but incurred the displeasure of the house of commons, which resolved, 17th January, 1693-4, that Viscount Falkland, one of its members, by begging and receiving £2000 from his majesty, contrary to the ordinary method of issuing and bestowing

<sup>\*</sup> From a poem by James Montgomery, in the METROPOLITAN.

the king's money, was guilty of a high misdemeanor and breach of trust, and that he be committed to the Tower. His lordship *m.* Rebecca, daughter of Sir Rowland Lytton, of Knebworth, Herts, and dying in 1694, was *s.* by his son,

LUCIUS-HENRY, fifth viscount, who *m.* first, Dorothy, daughter of Francis Molineux, esq. by whom he had two sons and a daughter; and, secondly, Laura, daughter of Arthur Dillon, and sister of the Viscounts (Charles and Henry) Dillon, and of Arthur, Archbishop of Narbonne, by whom he had an only daughter, who married Lieutenant-general Comte de Rothe. His lordship *d.* in 1730, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

LUCIUS-CHARLES, sixth viscount. This nobleman *m.* first, in 1734, Jane, daughter and heiress of Richard Butler, esq. of London, and widow of James, Viscount Villiers, by whom he had (with four daughters)

LUCIUS FERDINAND, lieutenant-colonel of the 89th foot, *m.* Anne, daughter of Colonel Charles Leith, and dying before his father (1780) left two sons, successive viscounts, and four daughters.

The viscount espoused, secondly, Sarah, Duchess Dowager of Suffolk, and daughter of Thomas Inwen, esq. of Southwark. He *d.* in 1785, and was *s.* by his elder grandson,

HENRY-THOMAS, seventh viscount, who *d.* unmarried, in 1796, when the dignity devolved upon his brother,

CHARLES-JOHN, eighth viscount, capt. R. N. His lordship *m.* in 1802, Miss Auton, by whom he had issue,

LUCIUS, the present viscount.

Plantagenet-Pierrepont, R. N. *b.* 8th September, 1806.

Byron-Charles-Ferdinand-Plantagenet, R. N. *b.* 5th October, 1808.

The viscount was mortally wounded, in a duel, by A. Powell, esq. 28th February, 1809, and *d.* in two days afterwards.

Creation—10th November, 1620.



Arms—Quarterly; first and fourth, ar. on a bend, sa. three roses of the field, barbed and seeded, ppr. for CARRY; second, ar. a fess, between six annulets, gu. for LUCAS; third, France and England quarterly, within a bordure, compoy, ar. and az.

Crest—A swan ppr.

*Supporters*—*DEXTER*, a unicorn, ar. armed, maned, tufted, and hooved, or; *SINISTER*, a lion, gardant, ppr. ducally crowned and gorged with a plain collar, or.

*Motto*—*In utroque fidelis.*

*Seat*—*Worley Hall, Berks.*

**FALMOUTH, EARL OF**, (Edward Boscawen,) Viscount Falmouth, and Baron Boscawen-Rose, in the county of Cornwall; b. 10th May, 1787; s. to the viscounty and barony, upon the demise of his father, 8th February, 1808; and was created Earl of Falmouth, in July, 1821. His lordship m. 27th August, 1810, Anne-Frances, daughter of Henry Bankes, esq. of Kingston Hall, Dorsetshire, by whom he has an only son,

GEORGE-HENRY BOSCAWEN-ROSE, *Lord Boscawen Rose*, b. 8th July, 1811.

The earl is recorder of Christ-church and Truro.

### Lineage.

This is a very ancient family, deriving its surname from the lordship and manor of Boscawen-Rose, in the county of Cornwall, of which it has been in possession since the reign of John.

JOHN DE BOSCAWEN, who s. to that inheritance in 1334, m. Johan, daughter and heir of John de Tregothnan, of Tregothnan, with whom he acquired that estate, and dying in 1357, was s. by his elder son,

JOHN DE BOSCAWEN, who espoused Johan, daughter and heiress of Otho de Abalanda; from this John we pass to his lineal descendant,

HUGH BOSCAWEN, of Tregothnan, who paid a fine of four marks for not attending the coronation of Queen Mary, 1st October, 1553. He m. Philippa, daughter and co-heir of Nicholas Carminow, esq. of Carminow, and had a large family. The third son of which,

NICHOLAS BOSCAWEN, eventually continued the line. This gentleman m. Alice, daughter and co-heir of John Trevanion, esq. of Trevanion, and dying in 1626, was s. by his only son,

HUGH BOSCAWEN, esq. of Tregothnan, M.P. for the county of Cornwall, who m. Margaret, daughter of Robert Rolfe, esq. of Heanton-Satchville, Devon, and had eight sons and three daughters, of which the eldest son,

NICHOLAS BOSCAWEN, esq. succeeded his father. This gentleman joined the parliamentary army, with a regiment of horse raised from amongst his own tenantry. He d. s. p. when the estates devolved upon his next brother,

HUGH BOSCAWEN, esq. who m. Margaret, daughter and co-heir of Theophilus Clinton, Earl of Lincoln, by whom he had eight sons, who all died issueless, and two daughters, the younger of whom,

BRIDGET, m. to Hugh Fortescue, esq. of Filleigh, in Devonshire, became eventually sole heiress.

The male line of the elder sons drawing thus to a close, we proceed with the fifth son (continuator of the family),

EDWARD BOSCAWEN, esq. member of the restoration parliament. This gentleman m. Jael, daughter of Sir Francis Godolphin, K.B. and dying in 1685, was s. by his eldest son,

HUGH BOSCAWEN, esq. warden of the stannaries, who was made comptroller of the household, and sworn of the privy-council, in 1714, upon the accession of King George I. and elevated to the peerage, 13th of June, 1720, as *Baron of Boscawen-Rose*, and *Viscount Falmouth*. His lordship m. 23rd April, 1706, Charlotte, elder daughter and co-heiress of Charles Godfrey, esq. and niece, maternally, of the celebrated Duke of Marlborough, by whom he had eight sons and ten daughters. He d. 25th October, 1734, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

HUGH, second viscount, a general officer in the army, and captain of the yeomen of the guard. His lordship m. 6th May, 1736, Hannah-Catharina-Maria, widow of Richard Russell, esq., and daughter of Thomas Smith, esq. of Worplesdon, in the county of Surrey; but dying without issue, 4th February, 1782, the honors reverted to his nephew,

GEORGE-EVELYN, third viscount, (son of the distinguished Admiral Boscawen, who received, 6th December, 1758, the thanks of the house of commons, for his eminent services in North America, by Frances, daughter of William-Evelyn Glanville, esq. of St. Clare, in the county of Kent.) His lordship m. in 1764, Elizabeth-Anne, only daughter and heiress of John Crewe, esq. of Bolesworth Castle, county of Chester, by whom he had issue,

EDWARD, his successor, now *Earl of Falmouth*.

John-Evelyn, in holy orders, prebendary of Canterbury, b. 11th April, 1790; m. in May, 1814, Catherine-Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Arthur Annesley, esq. of Bletchington Park, in the county of Oxford, and has issue.

Elizabeth, m. to Lord Arthur Somerset, who d. in 1816, leaving issue.

Anne-Evelyn, m. in 1810, to the Right Hon. Sir George Warrender, bart.

The viscount d. 8th February, 1808.

*Creations*—Viscount and Baron, 13th June, 1720. Earl, 14th July, 1821.





## FAR

*Arms*—Erm., a rose gu. barbed and seeded ppr.

*Crest*—A falcon, close, ppr. belled or.

*Supporters*—Two sea-lions, erect on their tails, ar. guttée de larmes.

*Motto*—Patience passe science.

*Town Residence*—Falmouth House, St. James's-square.

*Seats*—Woolhampton House, near Newbury, Berks; and Tregothnan, near Truro, Cornwall.

**FARMER, SIR GEORGE-RICHARD**, baronet, of Mount Pleasant, in the county of Sussex; *b.* 28th December, 1788; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 26th May, 1814; *m.* in May, 1825, Irene, daughter of George-Farmer Ellis, esq. of Youghall, in the county of Cork, and has an only daughter, Irene, *b.* 6th December, 1825.

### Lineage.

CAPTAIN FARMER, (of a family of that name seated at Youghall, in the county of Cork,) while commanding H.M.S. Quebec, off Ushant, came up with, and closely engaged *La Surveillante*, a French frigate of greatly superior force. The contest on both sides was desperate, and Captain Farmer displayed such gallantry and intrepidity, that he continued the engagement until his own ship accidentally taking fire, was blown into the air, together with her brave captain and most of the crew.

This officer's eldest son,

1. **GEORGE-WILLIAM FARMER**, esq. was created a baronet, in remuneration for the meritorious services of his father, 26th Oct. 1779. He *m.* 17th Oct. 1786, Sophia, third daughter of Richard Kenrick, of Nautcluyd, in the county of Denbigh, esq. and had issue,

**GEORGE-RICHARD**, present baronet.

Sophia-Anne.

Louisa, *m.* to the Rev. Robert Myddelton, of Gwammag, in the county of Denbigh.

Emily, *d.* unmarried.

Sir George *d.* in consequence of a fall from his gig, 26th May, 1814.

*Creation*—26th October, 1779.



*Arms*—Arg. a fesse sable between three lions' heads erased, gules.

## FAR

*Crest*—A leopard, passant, guardant proper.

*Seat*—Clairville, Sussex.

**FARNABY, SIR CHARLES-FRANCIS**, baronet, of Wickham Court, in the county of Kent; *b.* in 1787; *s.* to the title, as fifth baronet, upon the demise of his father, in 1802; *m.* in December, 1810, Eliza, youngest daughter of Thomas Morland, esq. of Court-lodge, in the county of Kent.

### Lineage.

1. **CHARLES FARNABY**, esq. (descended from Thomas Farnaby, the celebrated classic annotator, who suffered incarceration in Newgate, and, subsequently, at Ely House, in Holborn, in 1643, for his attachment to the royal cause) received the honor of knighthood, in 1716, and was created a baronet 31st July, 1726. Sir Charles *d.* in 1741, and was *s.* by his only son,

2. **SIR THOMAS**. This gentleman *m.* Mary, daughter and co-heiress of the Rev. Dr. Montague Lloyd, by whom he had three sons and one daughter. He *d.* in 1766, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

3. **SIR CHARLES**, who assumed the name of Radcliffe, upon marrying Penelope, widow of Mr. Charleton, a London merchant, and sister and heiress of John Radcliffe, esq. of Hitchin Priory, by whom he had no issue. He *d.* in 1782, when the title devolved upon his brother,

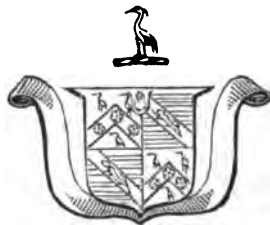
4. **SIR JOHN**, who *m.* Mary, only daughter and heiress of Samuel Lennard, esq. and granddaughter of Sir Samuel Lennard, baronet, of Wickham Court, Kent, by whom he had surviving issue,

**CHARLES-FRANCIS**, present baronet.

Penelope-Anne.

Sir John Farnaby, who was lieutenant-colonel of the second regiment of life-guards, *d.* in 1802.

*Creation*—21st July, 1726.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, az. on a chev. or, between three storks ar. as many roses gu. barbed vert; second and third, ar. three bars gemel gu. on a bend or, a lion passant of the second.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a stork, as in the arms.

*Seat*—Wickham Court, Bromley, Kent.

**FARNBOROUGH, BARON**, (Charles Long; G. C. B., F. R. S., and F. S. A.,) of Bromley Hill Place, in the county of Kent; *b.* in 1760; *m.* 28th May, 1793, Amelia, eldest daughter of Sir Abraham Hume, baronet. This nobleman, who was joint-secretary of the treasury, in 1800, one of the lords of the treasury, in 1804, and, subsequently, paymaster-general of the forces, obtained his peerage, by patent of creation, 8th July, 1826. His lordship is a trustee of the British and Hunterian museums, president of the committee for inspection of national monuments, and a director of Greenwich Hospital.

### Lineage.

**SAMUEL LONG**, esq. having accompanied the expedition, under Penn and Venables, which conquered Jamaica, in 1665, as secretary to Cromwell's commissioners, settled there; became colonel of horse, chief-justice, speaker of the house of assembly, and one of the council of the island. Colonel Long *d.* in 1683, and was *s.* by his only son,

**CHARLES LONG**, esq. of Longville, Jamaica, a member of council, and colonel of horse, in the island. This gentleman, coming to England, settled at Saxmundham, in the county of Suffolk, and was returned to parliament, for Dunwich, in 1716. He *m.* first, in 1699, Amy, eldest daughter of Sir Nicholas Lawes, knt. governor of Jamaica, by whom he had one son and one daughter; and, secondly, Jane, only daughter and heiress of Sir William Beeston, knt. governor of Jamaica, and relict of Sir James Modyford, bart. by whom he had three sons and five daughters. Colonel Long *d.* in 1723, and was *s.* at Saxmundham, by the eldest son of his second marriage, Charles Long, esq. who *m.* Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Dudley North, esq. while the second son,

**BEESTON LONG**, esq. settled at Marshilton, in the county of Surrey, and marrying Susanna, daughter and heiress of Abraham Cropp, esq. of Richmond, left issue, at his decease,

Samuel, *m.* Lady Jane Maitland, daughter of James, seventh Earl of Lauderdale, and *d.* in 1807, leaving

Samuel, lieutenant-colonel of the 1st foot guards, who *m.* first, in 1825, Louisa-Emily, third daughter of Edward Lord Stanley, by whom (who *d.* the year of her marriage,) he has no issue. He espoused secondly Sydney, daughter of Arthur Atherley, esq.

Charles-Maitland, *b.* in 1803.

Mary.

Beeston, a director, and sometime governor, of the Bank of England; *m.* Frances-Louisa, eldest daughter of Sir R. Neeve, bart. and *d.* in 1820, leaving issue.

William, D.C.L. in holy orders, Canon of Windsor.

CHARLES, created *Lord Farnborough*, as above.

Sarah, *m.* 23rd April, 1774, to the late Sir George-William Prescott, bart. and *d.* in 1817.

Jane, *m.* 20th December, 1786, to her cousin, Charles Long, esq.

Susannah, *m.* to the Reverend George Chamberlain, of Ensham House, in the county of Hants, and *d.* in 1815.

*Creation*—8th July, 1826.



*Arms*—Sa., a lion passant, ar. holding in the dexter paw, a cross-crosslet, fitchée, or; on a chief of the second, three cross-crosslets of the field.

*Crest*—Out of a five-leaved ducal coronet or, a lion's head ar. guttée-de-sang.

*Supporters*—Two lions, regardant, ar. guttée-de-sang, ducally gorged or, thereto pendant an escutcheon sa. charged with a cross-crosslet ar.

*Motto*—Ingenuus suscipit artes.

*Town Residence*—Whitehall Gardens.

*Seat*—Bromley-Hill Place, Kent.

**FARNHAM, BARON**, (John-Maxwell Barry,) of Farnham, in the county of Cavan, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 18th January, 1767; *s.* to the dignity, as fifth baron, upon the demise of his first cousin, John-James, late Earl of Farnham, 23rd of July, 1825; *m.* 4th July, 1789, Juliana-Lucy, eldest daughter of Arthur, first Earl of Mountnorris, by whom he has no issue. His lordship is a representative peer for Ireland, colonel of the Cavan militia, and a trustee of the linen manufacture.

### Lineage.

**THE REV. ROBERT MAXWELL**, second son of John Maxwell, esq. of Calderwood, in Scotland, went over into Ireland, in the latter end of the reign of Queen Elisabeth, by order of King James VI., in order to secure an interest for his majesty in that kingdom. Mr. Maxwell was appointed dean of Armagh, which deanery, with other considerable church livings, he held till his decease. He *m.* Isabella Seaton, of the very ancient house of Seaton, in Scotland, by whom he had three sons and a daughter. His eldest son,

ROBERT MAXWELL, took holy orders, and obtained the degree of doctor in divinity, from the

university of Dublin. Previously to the rebellion in 1641, Doctor Maxwell was rector of Tynam, in the diocese of Armagh, and archdeacon of Down. In 1643, he was consecrated bishop of Kilmore; and, in 1661, the episcopal see of Ardagh was granted to him, to hold in commendam with that of Kilmore. His lordship *m.* Margaret, daughter of the Right Reverend Henry Echlin, lord-bishop of Down and Connor, by whom he had, with five daughters, four sons, *vis.*

JOHN, who built the house of Farnham, and resided there; *d.* in 1713, without issue.

JAMES, of Fellows-hall, in the county of Armagh, *m.* Jane, daughter of his uncle, Henry Maxwell, *esq.*, of Finibrogue, and left, with three daughters, a son,

ROBERT, who *s.* to the estates of his uncle, John.

HENRY, of College hall, in the county of Armagh, in holy orders, rector of Derry-moose, in the diocese of Armagh, and prebendary of Tynan, *m.* Anne, daughter of — Stewart, *esq.* of the county of Donegal, and had issue,

JOHN, who *s.* his cousin, ROBERT, in the estates.

Robert, captain of horse, of Fellow's Hall, *m.* Grace, eldest daughter of the Rev. John Leavens, and had issue,

Jane, *m.* to the Right Honorable Henry Maxwell, of Finnebrogue,

The Bishop of Kilmore died in 1673, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN MAXWELL, *esq.*, of Farnham, who *d.* without issue, in 1713, and was *s.* by his nephew, *The Reverend*

ROBERT MAXWELL, D.D. This gentleman *d.* *s. p.* in 1737, and was *s.* by his cousin,

JOHN MAXWELL, *esq.* who represented the county of Cavan in parliament, from the year 1727 until elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 6th May, 1756, by the title of *Baron Farnham, of Farnham, in the county of Cavan.* His lordship *m.* in 1719, Judith, daughter and heiress of James Barry, *esq.*, of Newton Barry, in the county of Wexford, by whom he had issue,

ROBERT, } successive peers.  
BARRY, }

HENRY, in holy orders, D.D., consecrated bishop of Dromore, 10th March, 1765, and translated to the see of Meath in the next year. His lordship *m.* Margaret, only daughter of the Right Honorable Anthony Foster, chief-baron of the Exchequer, in Ireland, and sister of the late Lord Oriel, by whom he had surviving issue,

John, who had assumed the additional surname of BARRY, and inherited the *Barony of Farnham*, at the decease of John James, second earl.

Henry, in holy orders, *m.* Lady Anne Butler, daughter of Henry-Thomas, second Earl of Carrick, and has issue,

HENRY, M.P., *m.* 3rd December, 1828, Anna-Frances, youngest daughter

of Thomas, twenty-second Lord Le De Spencer.

Somerset-Richard, *b.* in 1803.

John-Barry, *b.* in 1807.

Edward-William, *b.* in 1812.

James-Pierce, *b.* in 1813.

Richard-Thomas, *b.* in 1815.

Robert-Thomas, *b.* in 1817.

William-George, *b.* in 1821.

Sarah-Juliana, *m.* in 1828, to Alexander Saunderson, *esq.*

Harriet-Margaret, *m.* to Edward, present Lord Bangor.

Anne.

The Bishop of Meath *d.* in 1796.

Lord Farnham *d.* 6th August, 1759, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

ROBERT, second baron, who was created *Viscount*, in 1761, and *EARL OF FARNHAM*, in 1763. His lordship *m.* first, in 1759, Henrietta, countess dowager of Stafford, and sole daughter and heiress of Philip Cantillon, *esq.*, by whom he had one daughter,

Henrietta, who *m.* in 1780, the Right Hon. Dennis Daly, of Dunsandale, in the county of Galway.

His lordship *m.* secondly, in 1771, Sarah, only daughter of Pole Cosby, *esq.* of Strabally Hall, in the Queen's county, and sister of Lord Sydney, but leaving no male issue at his decease, 11th November, 1779, the honors conferred upon himself expired, while the barony devolved upon his brother,

BARRY, third baron, who obtained a viscounty and earldom, as *Viscount Farnham*, in 1789, and *Earl of Farnham*, 30th June, 1788. His lordship *m.* first, in 1751, Margaret, second daughter and co-heiress of Robert King, *esq.*, of Drewstown, in the county of Meath, by whom he had a son and two daughters. He *m.* secondly, in 1771, Grace, daughter of Arthur Burdet, *esq.*, by whom he had two daughters. He died in 1806, and was *s.* by his only son,

JOHN-JAMES, second earl. His lordship *m.* Grace, only daughter of Thomas Cuffe, *esq.*, of Grange, in the county of Kilkenny; but dying without issue, 23rd July, 1823, the viscounty and earldom expired, while the barony reverted to his kinsman,

JOHN MAXWELL-BARRY, (refer to Henry, third son of first lord,) the present peer.

*Creation*—6th May, 1756.



*Arms*—Ar., a saltier sa., on a chief of the first, three pallets of the second.

*Crest*—A buck's head, erased, ppr.

*Supporters*—Two bucks ppr.

*Motto*—Je suis prêt.

*Seats*—Farnham, county of Cavan; and Newtown Barry, county of Wexford.

**FARQUHAR, SIR THOMAS-HARVIE**, baronet, of Cadogan House, in the county of Middlesex; *b.* 27th June, 1775; *m.* 11th July, 1809, Sybella, daughter and heiress of the Rev. Morton Rockliffe, of Woodford, Essex, by whom he has issue,

WALTER-ROCKLIFFE, *b.* 4th June, 1810.

Harvie-Morton, *b.* 7th November, 1816.

Trevor-Graham, *b.* 5th August, 1826.

Caroline-Eliza.

Anne-Sybella-Martha.

Barbarina-Sophia.

Maria.

Sir Thomas *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, in March, 1819.

### Lineage.

This family is descended from the ancient stock of Gilmerscroft, in North Britain.

**SIR ROBERT FARQUHAR**, of Lentuck, in the county of Aberdeen, knight-banneret, was provost of Aberdeen in 1661. The great-great-grandson of this gentleman,

1. **WALTER FARQUHAR**, esq. having attained the highest eminence in the medical profession, was created a baronet, 1st March, 1796, and was appointed physician to his late majesty, when Prince Regent. Sir Walter *m.* Anne, fourth daughter of Thomas Stephenson, esq. of Barbadoes, by whom he had issue,

THOMAS-HARVIE, present baronet.

Robert-Townshend, created a baronet (see that title).

Walter, *m.* in 1805, Miss Doyley, daughter of Sir J. H. Doyley, bart. and *d.* in 1813.

Catherine, *m.* to Gilbert Mathison, esq. of Jamaica.

Anne, *m.* to the late Rev. James Hook, D.D., F.S.A., prebendary of Winchester.

Charity-Græme, *m.* to the Rev. Anthony Hamilton.

Elizabeth-Margaret.

Sir Walter *d.* 25th March, 1819.

*Creation*—1st March, 1796.

*Arms*—Ar., a lion rampant sa. armed and langued gu. between two sinister hands, couped



and apaumée in chief of the last, and a crescent in base az.

*Crest*—An eagle rising ppr.

*Motto*—Mente manuque.

*Town Residence*—St. James's-street.

*Seat*—Greenwood Lodge, Roehampton, Surrey.

**FARQUHAR-TOWNSHEND, SIR WALTER-MINTO**, baronet, of the Mauritius, *b.* in October, 1809; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, at the decease of his father, 16th March, 1830.

### Lineage.

1 **ROBERT-TOWNSHEND FARQUHAR**, esq., second son of the late Sir Walter Farquhar, bart. having filled the office of governor and commander-in-chief of the Mauritius, was created a baronet, 21st August, 1821; Sir Robert assumed the additional surname of "TOWNSHEND," by sign manual in 1824. He *m.* in January, 1809, Maria-Francis-Gealip, second daughter of Joseph-Francis-Louis Latour, esq. of Madras, by whom he left, at his decease in 1830,

WALTER-MINTO, present baronet.

Sir Robert Farquhar was one of the directors of the East India Company.

*Creation*—21st August, 1821.

*Arms*—Same as those of Sir Thomas-Harvie Farquhar, baronet.

*Motto*—Mente manuque.

*Town Residence*—Richmond-terrace, Whitehall.

**FARRINGTON, SIR HENRY-MATURIN**, baronet, of Blackheath, in the county of Kent; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his nephew, in 1828; *m.* first Miss Clarissa Claringbold, but had no issue; secondly Laura Maria, daughter of Charles Bromley, esq. of Madras, by whom (who *d.* in 1808) he has an only daughter Laura Maria; and thirdly Jane, daughter of Roger Curry, esq. by whom he has issue;

1. HENRY-ANTHONY.
2. Edward-Holmes.
3. Jane.
4. Mary.
5. Margaret.

Sir Henry is a field officer in the army, and Captain of the Royal Artillery.

### Lineage.

1. **ANTHONY FARRINGTON**, esq. (son of colonel Charles Farrington, of the artillery,) entered early into the army, and having attained the rank of a general officer, with the command of the first battalion of royal artillery, was created a baronet 2nd December, 1818. Sir Anthony *m.* in 1766, Elizabeth, daughter of Alexander Colden, esq. of New York, by whom he had issue,

Charles-Colden, a captain in the 33rd foot; *m.* Caroline, daughter of Philip Boland, esq. of Cork, and left issue, at his decease,

CHARLES-HENRY, second baronet.

HENRY-MATURIN, present baronet.

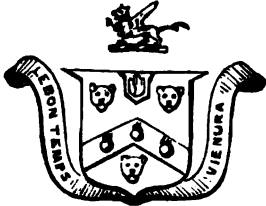
Harriet, m. to Lieutenant-general Walter Cliffe.

Elizabeth, m. to Captain Gilbert, R.N.  
Mary-Sophia.

Sir Anthony d. 3rd November, 1823, and was s. by his grandson,

2. SIR CHARLES HENRY, b. 20th April, 1794. This gentleman, who was a captain in the 51st regiment of foot, dying unmarried in 1838, the title devolved upon his uncle, Sir Henry Martin, present baronet.

*Creation*—2nd December, 1818.



*Arms*—Erm. on a chev. gu. between three leopards' faces sa. as many bombs or, fired ppr.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a dragon, wings elevated, tail nowed, vert, besantée, gorged with a mural crown ar. and chain reflexed over the back or, charged on the body with two galtraps fesseways of the last.

*Motto*—Le bon temps viendra.

FERGUSSON, SIR JAMES, baronet, of Kilkerran, in the county of Ayr; b. 20th October, 1765; m. first, 8th November, 1799, Jean, second daughter of Sir David Dalrymple, baronet, of Hailes, by whom (who d. 6th May, 1803,) he had issue,

1. CHARLES, b. 20th August, 1800, m. in 1820, Helen, second daughter of the Right Hon. David Boyle, lord-justice-clerk.
2. Helen.
3. Anne.

Sir James m. secondly, in December, 1804, Henrietta, second daughter of Admiral Lord Viscount Duncan, by whom he has

1. Adam-Duncan, b. 8th August, 1806, R.N.
2. George, b. 22nd August, 1810.
3. James-Alexander-Duncan, b. 30th July, 1812.
4. Robert-Duncan, b. 16th September, 1813.
5. Henry-Duncan, b. 13th September, 1810.
6. Hew-Hamilton, b. 6th December, 1817.
7. Robert-Dundas, b. 23rd September, 1819.
8. Frederick-William-Brown, b. 30th March, 1826.
9. Henrietta-Dundas.
10. Jane-Hamilton.
11. Catherine.
12. Eleanor-Dalrymple.
13. Mary-Jemima.

Sir James s. to the title, as fourth baronet, upon the demise of his uncle, Sir Adam, 23rd September, 1813.

### Lineage.

SIR JOHN FERGUSON, knight, of Kilkerran, was possessed of extensive properties in the shires of Ayr and Galloway; but having, by his adherence to the cause of Charles I., contracted large debts, the lands of Kilkerran were alienated, and the family suffered a considerable reverse of fortune, until retrieved by

1. JOHN FERGUSON, (son of Simeon Fergusson, of Anchinwin, the youngest son of the above-mentioned Sir John) who having acquired great reputation, and its accompaniment, opulence, as an advocate, advanced the necessary funds for clearing the estate of Kilkerran; and all right and title thereto being relinquished in his favor, by the elder branches of the family, he became designated "of Kilkerran," and was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* in 1703. Sir John m. Jean, daughter of James Whiteford, esq. of Dinduff, and was s. at his decease in 1729, by his eldest son,

2. SIR JAMES. This gentleman, who, like his father, pursued, with high reputation, the profession of the law, was nominated, in 1749, a judge, both of the court-of-session, and court-of-justiciary, under the titular designation of *Lord Kilkerran*. His lordship m. Jean, only child of James, Lord Maitland, and granddaughter of John, Earl of Lauderdale, and his wife, Lady Margaret Cunningham, (eldest daughter of the last Earl of Glencairn,) by whom he had nine sons and five daughters. Of the former, four attained maturity, viz.

1. ADAM, his successor.
2. Charles, merchant in London.
3. James, who d. upon his estates, in the Island of Tobago.
4. George, lord-of-session and justiciary, under the title of *Lord Hermand*.

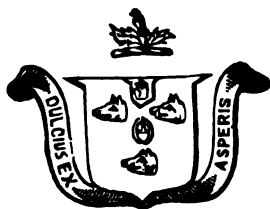
Sir James, who represented Sutherland in parliament, was s. at his decease, 20th January, 1789, by his eldest surviving son,

SIR ADAM, LL.D. who represented the county of Ayr for eighteen years in parliament, and the city of Edinburgh for four—in all, from 1774 to 1796. Upon the death of John, Earl of Glencairn, in 1796, Sir Adam Fergusson preferred a claim before the house of lords, to the honors of that noble family, as lineal descendant of, and heir-general to Alexander, created Earl of Glencairn, in 1488, and to Alexander, Earl of Glencairn, who d. in 1670, through the latter nobleman's eldest daughter, (Sir Adam's great-grand-mother,) Lady Margaret Cunningham, wife of John, Earl of Lauderdale, and mother of James, Lord Maitland; but the lords decided "that, although Sir Adam Fergusson has shown himself to be heir-general to Alexander, Earl of Glencairn, who d. in 1670, he hath not made out the right of such heir to the dignity of Earl of Glencairn." Sir Adam dying in 1813, without issue, the title devolved upon his nephew, JAMES, the present baronet.

*Creation*—1703.

*Arms*—Az. a buckle ar. between three boars' heads, couped, or.

## FER



*Crest*—A bee upon a thistle.

*Motto*—Dulcius ex asperis.

*Residence*—8, Charlotte-square, Edinburgh.

*Seat*—Kilkerran, Ayrshire.

**FERGUSON, SIR ROBERT**, baronet, of the city of Londonderry; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, at the decease of his father, in 1811.

### Lineage.

1. **ANDREW FERGUSON**, esq. of Londonderry, was created a baronet 7th October, 1801. Sir Andrew *m.* Eliza, daughter of Robert Alexander, esq. of Broomhall, in the county of Londonderry, and had issue,

**ROBERT**, the present baronet.

Anne, *m.* to — Blacker, esq.

Jane, *m.* to Hugh Montgomery, of Benvarren, county Antrim.

Eliza.

Sir Andrew *d.* in 1811.

*Creation*—7th October, 1801.

*Arms*—Aa. an arming buckle ar., between three boars' heads or, langued gu.

*Crest*—On a thistle, leaved and flowered ppr. a bee or.

*Motto*—Dulcius ex asperis.

See Engraving to Sir James Fergusson, of Kilkerran.

*Residence*—Londonderry.

**FERRARD, VISCOUNT**, (Thomas-Henry Skeffington-Foster), and Baron Oriel, of Collon, in the county of Louth, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Oriel, of Ferrard, in the county of Louth, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; *m.* 20th November, 1810, Harriet, Viscountess Massareene, and Baroness Loughneagh, in her own right; in consequence of which union, his lordship assumed the Viscountess's surname of Skeffington, and the arms of her ladyship's family. By this lady (who *d.* 15th January, 1831), he has, with six other children,

**JOHN**, who *s.* his mother, as **LORD MASSAREENE**, *b.* 26th November, 1812.

Chichester, *b.* in January, 1815.

## FER

His lordship *s.* to the Irish honors, upon the demise of his mother, Margaretta-Foster, a viscountess and baroness in her own right, 20th January, 1824, and to the barony of the United Kingdom, at the decease of his father, on the 23rd August, 1828. Lord Ferrard is a trustee of the linen manufacture, and colonel of the Louth militia.

### Lineage.

**MARGARET-AMELIA BURGH**, (daugh. of Thomas Burgh, esq. of Bert, in the county of Kildar, M.P. during the whole of the reign of George II. by Anne, daughter of Doctor Dive Downes, Lord Bishop of Cork), *m.* in 1764, the Right Hon. John Foster, last speaker of the house of commons of Ireland, by whom she left issue,

**THOMAS-HENRY**, the present viscount.

Anna-Dorothea, *m.* to Lord Dufferin.

Her ladyship was elevated to the peerage of Ireland 5th June, 1790, as *Baroness Oriel, of Collon, in the county of Louth*; and advanced to a viscounty, 7th November, 1797, by the title of *VISCOUNTESS FERRARD*. She *d.* in 1834. Her ladyship's husband,

**THE RIGHT HON. JOHN FOSTER**, (eldest son of Lord-chief-baron Foster, of the court of exchequer in Ireland, by Elizabeth, youngest daughter of William Burgh, esq. of Dublin), was created a peer of the United Kingdom 17th July, 1821, by the title of *Baron Oriel, of Ferrard, in the county of Louth*. His lordship *d.* 23rd Aug. 1828, and was *s.* by his only son, who had already *s.* to the *VISCOUNTY OF FERRARD, &c.* The late Lord Oriel had one brother, the Right Rev. William Foster, D.D., lord bishop of Clogher, who *m.* Catharine-Letitia, daughter of the Rev. Dr. Leslie, by whom he had (with other children)

The Hon. John-Leslie Foster, one of the barons of the court of exchequer in Ireland.

The bishop *d.* in 1796. He had also one sister, Margaretta, the wife of the Right Rev. Henry Maxwell, lord bishop of Meath. She *d.* in 1792.

*Creations*—Baron, 5th June, 1790. Viscount, 7th November, 1797. (Irish honors.) Baron of the United kingdom, 17th July, 1821.



*Arms*—Quarterly, first and fourth, ar., three bulls' heads, erased, sa. armed, or, for **SKIFFINGTON**.

TON; second and third, az. a chev. erm. between three chaplets or, for CLOWORTHY.

*Crest*—A mermaid, with comb and mirror, all ppr.

*Supporters*—Two huntsmen, habited ppr., the DEXTER holding in his exterior hand a bow, the SINISTER an arrow.

*Motto*—Renascentur.

*Seats*—Oriol Temple, in the county of Louth; and Antrim Castle, in the county of Antrim.

**FERRERS, EARL**, (Washington Shirley,) Viscount Tamworth, and a baronet; *b.* 13th November, 1760; *m.* first, 24th July, 1781, Frances, only daughter of the Reverend William Ward, and cousin of the Earl of Dudley, by whom, (who *d.* 4th March, 1812,) he has had issue,

Robert William, *Viscount Tamworth*, *b.* in 1783; *m.* Anne, daughter of Richard Weston, esq. and left at his decease, 3rd February, 1830,

1. WASHINGTON-SEWALLIS, *Viscount Tamworth*, *b.* 3rd January, 1823.

2. Robert-Devereux, *b.* 14th Dec. 1825.

Frances.

His lordship *s.* to the honors, as eighth earl, upon the demise of his brother, 2nd May, 1827, and espoused, secondly, 29th September, 1829, Miss Sarah Davey.

### Lineage.

The very ancient and honourable family of Shirley has had the good fortune to have been illustrated by an historical narrative, compiled by a distinguished member of its own house. Sir Thomas Shirley, of Botolph's Bridge, in the county of Huntingdon, composed three distinct MS. histories of the Shirleys, all of which are preserved in the British Museum.

SIR RALPH DE SHIRLEY, in the seventh year of Edward I. held the manor of Eatendon, in the county of Warwick, of Edmund, Earl of Lancaster, the king's brother, by the service of two knight's fees. In the 28th of the same reign, he had the custodies of the counties of Salop and Stafford, with the castle of Shrewsbury committed to his charge, and was sheriff of the counties of Derby and Nottingham, in the 27th, 28th, and 30th of the same king. In the 3rd Edward II. he was constituted one of the justices of the county of Warwick for the gaol delivery, and in two years afterwards was elected to parliament for that county. He *m.* Margaret, daughter and co-heiress of Walter de Waldesheif, of Fuirfield, in the county of Derby, cup-bearer to Edward II.; and, dying in 1327, was *s.* by his son,

SIR THOMAS SHIRLEY, knt. M.P. for the county of Warwick in the 14th year of Edward III. This Sir Thomas is said to be "the great founder of the family of Shirleys, famous in his time for his valour, and for the many services, &c. rendered to the kings of England against the French."

He *m.* Isabel, granddaughter of Ralph, Lord Basset, of Drayton, and eventually heiress of her brother, Ralph, the last Lord Basset, of that line (since whose decease that barony has been in abeyance,—see *Burke's Extinct Peerage*), and, dying in 1362, was *s.* by his son,

SIR HUGH SHIRLEY, knt. who succeeded also to the estates of his uncle, Lord Basset, of Drayton. This gentleman was made grand falconer to King Henry IV. in 1400, and he was killed fighting on the side of the same monarch, at the battle of Shrewsbury, being one of those who was habited as the king, and taken for him by the opposite party. He *m.* Beatrix, sister and heir of John de Braose, of West Neston, in the county of Sussex, and was *s.* by his son,

SIR RALPH SHIRLEY, who was one of the chief commanders under King Henry V. at the battle of Agincourt, and took a distinguished part in the subsequent French wars of the same monarch. He *m.* Joan, daughter and heir of Thomas Basset, of Brailsford, in the county of Derby, and was *s.* by his only son,

RALPH SHIRLEY, constable of Melbourn Castle, and of the Castle in the Peak of Derbyshire, *m.* first, Margaret, daughter and sole heir of John de Staunton, of Staunton Harold, in the county of Leicester, by whom he had an only son, JOHN, his successor. He espoused, secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Blount, knt. and sister of Walter Blount, Lord Mountjoy, by whom he had Ralph Shirley, esquire of the body to King Henry VII. He *m.* thirdly, Lucia, daughter of Sir John Aston, of Atherton, widow of Sir John Byron, and of Sir Barton Entwissel. He was *s.* by his elder son,

JOHN SHIRLEY, who *m.* Eleanor daughter of Sir Hugh Willoughby, of Wollaton, in the county of Notts, and dying in 1485, was *s.* by his son,

SIR RALPH SHIRLEY, who was made a knight-banneret, for the valour he had displayed at the battle of Stoke, 16th June, 1487. He *m.* four times, and had issue by his second wife, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of Thomas Walsh, esq. of Wanley, in the county of Leicester, an only daughter Anne, heir to her mother, *m.* to Sir Thomas Pultney, of Mialerton, in the county of Leicester; and by his last wife, Jane, daughter of Sir Robert Sheffield, knt., an only son, his successor in 1517,

FRANCIS SHIRLEY, esq. sheriff of the counties of Warwick and Leicester, in the 4th year of Philip and Mary. This gentleman *m.* Dorothy, daughter of Sir John Gifford, of Chillington, in the county of Stafford, and widow of John Congreve, esq. He *d.* in 1571, and was *s.* by his grandson,

1. GEORGE SHIRLEY, esq. of Staunton Harold, (son of John Shirley, esq. and his wife Jane, only daughter and heiress of Thomas Lovett, esq. of Astwell, in the county of Northampton,) who was created a baronet at the first institution of that dignity, 22nd May, 1611, being the fourth in order of precedence. Sir George *m.* Frances, daughter of Henry, Lord Berkeley, by Katherine, daughter of the famous Henry Howard, Earl of

Surrey; and dying 27th April, 1632, was s. by his eldest surviving son,

2. **SIR HENRY**. This gentleman m. in 1615, Dorothy, youngest daughter of Queen Elizabeth's accomplished but unfortunate favorite, Robert, Earl of Essex, and one of the co-heiresses of her brother, Robert, Earl of Essex, the celebrated parliamentary general (by this alliance the Earls of Ferrers quarter the arms of France and England with their own; the Earl of Essex having descended, maternally, from Richard Plantagenet, Earl of Cambridge, grandson of King Edward III.). Sir Henry d. in 1632, and was s. by his eldest son,

3. **SIR CHARLES**, then in his ninth year. This gentleman d. unmarried, in 1646, when the title devolved upon his brother,

4. **SIR ROBERT**, who was committed to the Tower by the Usurper Cromwell, and there ended his life in captivity, not, however, without suspicion of poison, leaving two sons and two daughters, by his wife, Catherine, daughter of Humphrey Okeover, of Okeover, in the county of Stafford, esq.; the elder of whom,

5. **SIR SEYMOUR**, s. to the title, and m. Diana, daughter of Robert, Earl of Aylesbury, by whom he left an only son, who s. as sixth baronet, but survived his father a short period, when the title reverted to

7. **SIR ROBERT** (Sir Seymour's brother), who had been previously knighted. This gentleman being grandson and heir of Lady Dorothy Devereux, the younger of the two sisters and heiresses of Robert Devereux, last Earl of Essex, of that family, and the issue of the elder sister becoming extinct, his Majesty King Charles II. was graciously pleased, 14th December, 1677, to terminate the abeyance of the ancient baronies of Ferrers of Chartley, Bourchier, and Lovaine, in his favour; these baronies being so situated since the decease of the abovementioned Robert, last Earl of Essex. Sir Robert Shirley became thus *Lord Ferrers of Chartley, &c.* His lordship was of the privy councils of King William and Queen Anne, and was created, by the latter sovereign, 3rd September, 1711, *Viscount Tamworth*, and **EARL FERRERS**. He d. 25th December, 1717, having had issue by his first wife, Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Laurence Washington, esq. of Carenden, in the county of Wilts, ten sons and seven daughters; and by his second, Selina, daughter of George Finch, esq. of the city of London, five sons and five daughters. His lordship's eldest son, Robert, died in 1699, leaving issue (by his second wife, Anne, daughter of Sir Humphrey Ferrers, knt. of Tamworth Castle, and heiress of her grandfather, John de Ferrers, which John was the last heir male of the Barons Ferrers, of Groby), Robert, who d. in 1714, and a daughter, Elizabeth, who m. James, fifth Earl of Northampton, and succeeded, as heiress of her brother, to the baronies of Ferrers of Chartley, Bourchier, and Lovaine; while the higher dignities of earl and viscount descended to the earl's second son,

WASHINGTON, as second earl. His lordship m.

Mary, daughter of Sir Richard Levings, bart. one of the judges of the king's bench, in Ireland, and left, at his decease, 14th April, 1729, three daughters, his co-heirs, viz.

Elizabeth, m. in 1725, to John Gascoigne Nightingale, of Enfield, in the county of Middlesex, and had issue,

1. Washington, d. unmarried in 1754.

2. Elizabeth, m. to Wilmot, fourth Earl of Lisburne.

Selina, m. in 1728, to Theophilus, Earl of Huntingdon.

Mary, m. to Thomas Needham, Viscount Kilmorey.

The earl dying thus without male issue, the honors devolved upon his brother,

HENRY, third earl. This nobleman d. unmarried, in 1745, when the prerogative reverted to his nephew,

LAURENCE, fourth earl, son and heir of the Hon. Laurence Shirley, tenth son of Robert, first Earl of Ferrers, by Anne, fourth daughter of Sir Walter Clarges, bart. of Aston, Herts. His lordship m. 16th September, 1752, Mary, youngest daughter of Amos Meredith, esq. son and heir of Sir William Meredith, of Henbury, Cheshire, bart. from whom he separated without having had issue. Although not always bereaved of intellect, this nobleman frequently evinced strong symptoms of constitutional insanity; and, unfortunately, in one of the paroxysms of the malady, his lordship put to death his own confidential land-steward, an aged gentleman, of the name of Johnson, in January, 1760, for which offence he was condemned to suffer the utmost penalty of the law, and was executed accordingly at Tyburn, 5th May following. In consequence of this melancholy event, the family honors devolved upon his brother,

WASHINGTON, fifth earl, vice-admiral of the blue. His lordship d. without issue, 1st October, 1778, and was s. by his next brother,

ROBERT, sixth earl, who m. Catherine, daughter of Rowland Cotton, esq. of Etwell, in the county of Derby, and left issue,

ROBERT, his successor.

WASHINGTON, present earl.

His lordship d. 17th April, 1787, and was s. by his elder son,

ROBERT, seventh earl, F.S.A.; b. 21st September, 1756. This nobleman m. first, in 1778, Elizabeth, daughter of John Prentiss, esq. by whom he had an only son, Robert, Viscount Tamworth, who m. Sophia-Caroline, only daughter of Nathaniel, second Lord Scarsdale, and d. s. p. in 1824. The earl m. secondly, 26th September, 1799, Elizabeth, youngest daughter of the late Wrightson Mundy, esq. of Markeaton, in the county of Derby, but leaving no issue, the honors devolved, at his decease, in 1827, upon his brother, the present earl.

*Creations*.—Baronet, 22nd May, 1611. Earl and viscount, 3rd September, 1711.

*Arms*.—Quarterly; first and fourth, pale of six, or, and as a canton erm. for SHIRLEY; second and third, France and England, quarterly; within a bordure ar. for PLANTAGENET.



## FET



*Crest*—The bust of a Saracen's head, in profile, couped, ppr. wreathed about the temples or and az.

*Supporters*—*Dexter*, a talbot erm. eared and ducally gorged, gu. *Sinister*, a reindeer gu. billettée, or, attired az. ducally gorged of the second.

*Motto*—Honor virtutis præmium.

*Town Residence*—2, Harley-street.

*Seats*—Chartley Castle, near Lichfield, Staffordshire; Staunton Harold, near Ashby-de-la-Zouche; Rakedale, near Melton-Mowbray; Radcliffe on Wreke, near Leicester.

**FETHERSTON, SIR GEORGE-RALPH**, baronet, of Ardagh, in the county of Longford; *b.* 4th June, 1784; inherited the title, as third baronet, at the decease of his father, 19th July, 1819; *m.* 23rd October, 1821, Frances-Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the late Richard Solly, esq. of York-place, Portman-square.

### Lineage.

The supposed founder of this family,

**CUTHBERT FETHERSTON**, esq. of the ancient stock of the Fetherstons, of Hetherge-Cleugh, in the county of Durham, removed into Ireland after the battle of Worcester, in which Sir Thomas Fetherstonhaugh was made prisoner, and afterwards beheaded at Chester. The eldest son of this Cuthbert,

**CUTHBERT FETHERSTON**, esq. had three sons,

Cuthbert, ancestor of the Fetherstons of Bracklin, in the county of Westmeath.

Thomas (of whom hereafter).

Francis, ancestor of the Fetherstons of White-rock, in the county of Longford.

**THOMAS FETHERSTON**, esq. the second son, settled at Ardagh, in the county of Longford, and marrying Miss Sherlock, had four sons, the youngest of whom,

1. **RALPH FETHERSTON**, esq. of Ardagh, was created a **BARONET OF IRELAND**, 26th June, 1776. Sir Ralph *m.* first, Miss Achmuty, by whom he had an only daughter, Elizabeth, (who *m.* her cousin, Thomas Fetherston, esq. of Carrick.) The baronet *m.* secondly, Sarah, daughter of Godfrey Wills, esq. of Will's Grove, in the county of Roscommon, by whom he had three sons and four daughters. Sir Ralph *d.* in 1780, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR THOMAS**, who represented the county of

## FET

Longford for several years in parliament. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of George Boleyn Whiting, esq. of New Pass, in the county of Westmeath, by whom he had (with two other sons and six daughters)

1. **GEORGE-RALPH**, present baronet.

2. Godfrey.

3. John.

Sir Thomas *d.* 19th July, 1819.

*Creation*—26th June, 1776.



*Arms*—Gu., on a chev. betw. three ostrich's feathers ar. a martlet of the field.

*Crest*—An antelope stantant ar. armed or.

*Motto*—Valens et valens.

*Seat*—Ardagh House, in the county of Longford.

**FETHERSTONHAUGH, SIR HENRY**, baronet, of Fetherstonhaugh, in the county of Northumberland; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 24th May, 1774; *m.* 12th September, 1825, Miss Mary-Anne Bullock, of Orton.

### Lineage.

This family is of Saxon origin, and was seated at Fetherston, in Northumberland, before the Conquest; that part of the county having been allotted to its progenitor, a Saxon officer, for his gallant conduct against the Britons.

The surname is said to have been thus derived.—The house in which the family resided was formerly upon a hill, (where were two stones, called fether stones), and was moated round as a barrier against the Scots; but, upon being destroyed, a new edifice was erected in the holme or valley under the hill, which valley was locally denominated a haugh, and thence the appellation of "Fetherstonhaugh."

The family of Fetherstonhaugh was first raised to the dignity of baronet in 1660; but that honor expired with

**SIR HENRY FETHERSTONHAUGH**, who enjoined his heir at law, to obtain a revival of the same, which heir,

1. **MATTHEW FETHERSTONHAUGH**, esq. of Fetherstonhaugh Castle, in the county of Northumberland, was created a baronet 3rd January, 1747. Sir Matthew *m.* 24th December, 1746, Sarah, only daughter of Christopher Lethieullier, esq. of Belmont, in the county of Middlesex, by whom he left at his decease, in 1774, an only son, **HENRY**,

the present baronet. Sir Matthew was a member of parliament, and a fellow of the royal society.

*Creation*—3rd January, 1747.



*Arms*—Gu., on a chev. betw. three ostrich's feathers ar. a pellet.

*Crest*—An antelope statant ar. armed or.

*Supporters*—Two ostriches.

*Seats*—Harringbrook, Essex; Up-Park, Sussex; and Fetherstonhaugh Castle, Northumberland.

**FETTES, SIR WILLIAM**, baronet, of Comely Bank, in the county of Edinburgh; *b.* 25th June, 1750; *m.* Maria, daughter of Doctor John Malcolm, of Air. Mr. Fettes was created a baronet 13th June, 1804.



*Arms*—Or. a chev. between two mullets in chief, and in base, a cross crosslet, fitchée, gu.

*Crest*—A bee volant ppr.

*Supporters*—*Dexter*, a lion; *Sinister*, a stag, collared and chained or.

*Motto*—*Industria*.

*Seats*—Comely Bank, Edinburgh; and Whampfry, Dumfriesshire.

**FEVERSHAM, BARON**, (Charles Duncombe,) of Duncombe Park, in the county of York; *b.* 5th December, 1764; *m.* 24th September, 1795, Charlotte, only daughter of William, second Earl of Dartmouth, by whom he has had issue,

**WILLIAM**, M.P. *b.* 14th January, 1708; *m.* 18th December, 1823, Louisa, third daughter of George, eighth Earl of Galloway, and has issue, two sons and three daughters.

**Henry**, *b.* 25th August, 1800, in holy orders; *m.* 27th Sept. 1827, Lucy-Elizabeth, eldest

daughter of the Reverend Christopher Sykes.

**George**, *b.* 30th March, 1804; *d.* in 1826.

**Arthur**, *b.* 24th March, 1806, R.N.

**Adolphus**, *b.* 1809, *d.* 6th January, 1839.

**Augustus**, *b.* 1814.

**Octavius**, *b.* 1817.

**Charlotte**, *d.* in 1811.

**Frances**.

**Louisa**, *m.* 1st October, 1831, to Viscount Encombe.

This nobleman obtained his peerage by creation, 14th July, 1826.

### Lineage.

**ALEXANDER DUNCOMBE**, esq. of Drayton, in the county of Bucks, *m.* Miss Paulye, and had issue,

**Sir Charles Duncombe**, lord-mayor of London in 1708, who *d.* unmarried, in 1715.

**Anthony**, who *m.* Jane, eldest daughter and co-heiress of the Honorable Frederick Cornwallis, second son of Frederick, first Lord Cornwallis, and had an only son, **ANTHONY**, who was elevated to the peerage, by the title of *Lord Feversham, Baron of Douceton, in the county of Wills*, 23rd June, 1747; but dying without issue, in 1763, the dignity expired.

**Mary**, *m.* to Thomas Brown, esq. of the city of London, who, having inherited the fortune of Sir Charles Duncombe, assumed, with her husband, the surname of Duncombe, and left an only son,

**THOMAS DUNCOMBE**, esq. of Duncombe Park, high-sheriff of the county of York in 1728. This gentleman *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir Thomas Slingsby, of Scriven, bart. by whom he had three sons and two daughters, and dying in 1746, was *s.* by his eldest son,

**THOMAS DUNCOMBE**, esq. of Duncombe Park, who *m.* thrice; but leaving no male issue at his decease, in 1790, the estates devolved upon his next brother,

**CHARLES-SLINGSBY DUNCOMBE**, esq. of Duncombe Park. This gentleman *m.* Isabel, daughter of — Soleby, esq. of Helmsley, in the county of York, by whom he left at his decease, 11th September, 1803, (with several daughters,)

**CHARLES**, now Lord Feversham, **Thomas**, *m.* in 1795, Emma, eldest daughter of the late Right Reverend Doctor John Hinchcliffe, Lord Bishop of Peterborough, and has issue,

**Thomas-Slingsby**, M.P. for Hertford.

**Henry John**, in holy orders.

**Edward**, also in holy orders.

**George**.

**Emma**, *m.* to colonel Dawkins.

**Frances-Barbara**.

**Harriet**.

**Slingsby**, *m.* and has issue.

*Creation*—14th July, 1826.

*Arms*—Per chev. engr. gu. and ar. three talbots' heads, erased, counterchanged.



*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, a horse's hind leg sa. shoe ar.

*Supporters*—*Dexter*, an iron grey horse, gutty d'or, ducally gorged of the last. *Sinister*, a lion rampant, with a ducal coronet or, out of which a plume of feathers.

*Motto*—Deo, regi, patrie.

*Town Residence*—24, Arlington-street.

*Seats*—Duncombe Park, Yorkshire.

**FFOLKES, SIR WILLIAM-JOHN-HENRY-BROWNE**, baronet, of Hillington, in the county of Norfolk, M.P. for that shire; *b.* in 1786; *m.* 21st April, 1818, Charlotte, youngest daughter of Dominick-Geffrey Browne, esq. of Castle Mont-Garrett, in Ireland, by whom he has issue,

MARTIN-WILLIAM, *b.* 16th January, 1819.

William-John, *b.* 15th January, 1820.

Henry-Edward, *b.* 20th December, 1823.

Margaret-Charlotte, *b.* in 1825.

Sir William *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 11th December, 1821.

### Lineage.

Although this family has been for some generations settled at Hillington, in Norfolk, it is known to be of Staffordshire extraction, and to have been seated in that county so far back as the reign of Henry V. The first member, of whom there is any authentic record, is

WILLIAM FOLKES, as the name was anciently written, who was of eminence, in Staffordshire, A.D. 1436. From this William lineally descended

MARTIN FOLKES, esq. an eminent lawyer, who was appointed solicitor-general in 1695; and, in two years afterwards, attorney-general to Catherine, Queen-dowager of King Charles II. The grandson of this learned person,

1. MARTIN-BROWNE FOLKES, esq. F.R.S. (only son of Martin Folkes, esq. by Mary, only daughter of Sir William Browne, knt. M.D. of King's Lynn, in the county of Norfolk), was created a baronet, 3rd May, 1774. Sir Martin *m.* 28th December 1775, Fanny, daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Turner, bart. of Warham, in the county of Norfolk, by whom he had (with other issue deceased),

WILLIAM-JOHN, present baronet.

Fanny-Mary, *m.* to Gilbert Harvey West, esq. and *d.* in 1813.

Lucretia-Georgiana, *m.* in 1822, to Sir Edward West, recorder of Bombay.

Sir Martin *d.* 11th December, 1821.

*Creation*—3rd May, 1774.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, per pale, vert. and gu., a fleur-de-lis, ar.; second and third gu. a chev. between three lions' gambes erased and erect, all within a bordure or. on a chief of the last, an eagle displayed sa.

*Crest*—A dexter arm embowed, vested per pale, vert and gu. cuff erm. holding in the hand a spear ppr.

*Mottoes*—Qui sera sera, and—principiis obsta.

*Seats*—Hillington, and Congham Lodge, Norfolk.

**FFRENCH, BARON, (Charles Ffrench,)** of Castle Ffrench, in the county of Galway, in the peerage of Ireland, and a baronet; *b.* 9th April, 1786; *m.* 29th September, 1809, Maria, eldest daughter of John Browne, esq. of Moyne, in the county of Galway, by whom (who *d.* in July, 1827,) he has issue. His lordship *s.* to the honors, as second baron, upon the demise of his father, 9th December, 1814.

### Lineage.

1. CHARLES FFRENCH, esq. of Castle Ffrench, in the county of Galway, was created a baronet in 1779. Sir Charles *m.* Rose Dillon, eldest daughter of Pat. Dillon, esq. of Killeen, in the county of Roscommon, by whom he had issue,

THOMAS, his successor.

Catherine, *m.* first, to Anthony Brabason, esq. and, secondly, to Edmund Whitehead, esq.

Jane, *m.* to lieutenant-general Sir Gonville Bromhead, bart. who *d.* in 1823.

The baronet *d.* in 1784, and his widow,

DAME ROSE FFRENCH, was advanced to the peerage of Ireland, 14th February, 1798, by the title of BARONESS FFRENCH, of Castle Ffrench, with remainder to her issue, by her late husband, Sir Charles. Her ladyship *d.* 8th December, and was *s.* by her only son,

2. SIR THOMAS FFRENCH, who had inherited

the baronetcy upon the decease of his father. His lordship *m.* in 1785, Margaret, eldest daughter of Thomas Reddington, esq. of Kilconnan, in the county of Galway, by whom he had issue,

CHARLES, present baron.

Thomas, *b.* in January, 1790.

Martin, *b.* in April, 1793, *m.* 1st December, 1825, Margaret, daughter of Major Bodkin.

Nicholas, *b.* in February, 1796; a clergyman of the church of Rome.

Gonville, *b.* in May, 1797; *m.* Miss Kenny, and has issue.

Sarah, *m.* in 1810, to Edward J. Beytagh, esq. of Cappagh.

Rose, *m.* in 1810, to Francis-Blake Foster, esq. of Ashfield, in the county of Galway.

Margaret, *m.* to George Beytagh, esq. and *d.* in 1821.

His lordship *d.* in 1814.

*Creations*—Baronet, 1779. Baron, 14th February, 1798.



*Arms*—Erm. a chev. sa.

*Crest*—A dolphin, naiant, embowed, ppr.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, an eagle; SINISTER, a unicorn, holding in the mouth a rose-branch.

*Motto*—Malo mori quam fedari.

*Seat*—Castle Ffrench, in the county of Galway.

FIFE, EARL OF, (James Duff, K.T. G.C.H.) Viscount Macduff and Baron Braco, of Kilbride, in the county of Cavan, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Fife, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; lord-lieutenant of the county of Banff; *s.* to the Irish honors, as fourth earl, upon the demise of his father, 17th April, 1811, and obtained the barony of the empire by patent of creation, dated, 27th April, 1827. His lordship *m.* in 1799, Mary-Caroline, second daughter of John Manners, esq. and Louisa, Countess of Dysart, by whom (who *d.* 20th December, 1805,) he had no issue. The earl distinguished himself during the Peninsular war, having volunteered his services, and obtained the rank of major-general, in the Spanish patriotic army.

### Lineage.

WILLIAM DUFF, esq. (a descendant of Pyfe Macduff, who enjoyed considerable affluence and power, so far back as the ninth century, in the reign of Kenneth II. of Scotland, which Pyfe was father of the celebrated Macduff, the vanquisher of Macbeth,) was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, by the Queen Regent Caroline, as *Baron Braco, of Kilbride*, 28th July, 1735; and advanced to a viscounty and earldom, 20th April, 1750, by the titles of *Viscount Mac Duff*, and *EARL OF FIFE*. His lordship *m.* twice, and had issue (only) by his second wife, Jane, daughter of Sir James Grant, bart. of Grant, viz. seven sons, and as many daughters. He *d.* 30th September, 1763, and was *s.* by his second, and eldest surviving son,

JAMES, second earl, who was created a peer of Great Britain, 10th February, 1790, as *Baron Pyfe*. His lordship *m.* Lady Dorothea Sinclair, only child of Alexander, ninth Earl of Caithness, but dying without male issue, in 1809, that barony expired, while the other honors devolved upon his brother,

ALEXANDER, third earl. His lordship *m.* Mary, daughter of George Skene, esq. of Skene, by whom he had issue,

JAMES, the present earl.

Alexander, a lieutenant-general in the army, colonel of the 92nd foot; *m.* in 1812, Anne, youngest daughter of James Stein, esq. and has issue,

JAMES.

George.

Catherine.

Louisa.

Jane, *m.* in 1802, to Major A. F. Taylor.

Anne, *m.* in 1809, to Richard Wharton Duff, esq. of Orton, and *d.* 24th January, 1829.

Sarah, *m.* in 1807, to Daniel Collyer, esq. and *d.* in 1811.

His lordship *d.* in 1811.

*Creations*—Baron, 28th July, 1735. Earl, &c. 20th April, 1750, in Ireland. Baron (U. K.) 27th April, 1827.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, or, a lion rampant, gu. for MACDUFF; second and third, vert, a fesse, dancettée, erm. between a hart's head, cabossed, in chief, and two escallops in base or, for DUFF.

*Crests*—First, a horse in full gallop, ar. covered with a mantling gu., bestrewed with escutcheons or, each charged with a lion, rampant of the second, on his back a knight in complete armour, with his sword drawn, ppr. on his sinister arm a shield, charged as the escutcheons; on the helmet a wreath of the colours, thereon a demi-lion, rampant, gu. Second, a demi-lion, rampant, gu. holding in the dexter paw a broad-sword ppr. hilted and pommelled, or.

*Supporters*—Two savages wreathed, about the head and waist, with laurel, and holding in their exterior hands branches of trees over their shoulders, all ppr.

*Mottos*—Deo juvante.—Over the second crest —Deus juvat.—Under the shield—Virtute et operâ.

*Seats*—Duff House, and Balvenie Castle, Banffshire; Innes House, Moray; Mar Lodge, and Delgaty Castle, in the county of Aberdeen.

**FILMER, THE REVEREND SIR JOHN**, baronet, of East Sutton, in the county of Kent, M.A.; s. to the title, as seventh baronet, upon the demise of his father, 27th June, 1810; m. first in 1818, Charlotte, daughter of Joseph Portall, esq. of Freefolk, Hampshire, by whom, who d. the same year, he had no issue; he espoused secondly, in 1821, Miss Esther Stow. Sir John Filmer is Vicar of Abbott's Langley, in the county of Herts.

### Lineage.

**ROBERT FILMER**, esq., one of the prothonotaries of the common-pleas, in the reign of Elizabeth, purchased a considerable estate in East-Sutton. He m. Frances, daughter of Sir Robert Chester, knight, of Royston, Herts, and, dying in 1585, was s. by his eldest son,

**SIR EDWARD FILMER**, knight. This gentleman purchased the manor of East-Sutton, and removed to the manor-house there, from Little-Charlton, and kept his sheriffalty for the county of Kent, in the thirteenth year of Elizabeth. He m. Elizabeth, daughter of Richard Argol, esq. of East Sutton, and dying in 1629, was s. by his eldest son,

**SIR ROBERT FILMER**, knight. The mansion-house of this gentleman was plundered no less than ten times during the civil wars, and he suffered imprisonment in Leeds Castle, for his attachment to the royal cause. Sir Robert m. Anne, daughter and co-heiress of the Right Rev. Martin Heton, bishop of Ely, and dying in 1635, was s. by his eldest son,

**EDWARD FILMER**, esq., who was gentleman of the privy-chamber to King Charles I. and King Charles II. Dying unmarried, in 1660, the estates devolved upon his brother,

**1. ROBERT FILMER**, esq., barrister-at-law, who was created a baronet, 24th December, 1674. He m. Dorothy, daughter of Maurice Tuke, esq., of

Layer-Marney, in Essex. Sir Robert d. in 1675, and was s. by his eldest son,

**2. SIR ROBERT**, high-sheriff of the county of Kent in 1690. This gentleman m. Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Sir W. Beversham, knight, of Holbrook Hall, in the county of Suffolk, by whom he had nine children. He d. in 1720, and was s. by his son,

**3. SIR EDWARD**, who m. Mary, daughter of John Wallis, esq. of Soundess, in the county of Oxford, by whom he had eleven sons and nine daughters. He d. in 1755, and was s. by his eldest son,

**4. SIR JOHN**. This gentleman dying in 1797, without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

**5. SIR BEVERSHAM**, who d. also without issue, and was s. by his brother,

**6. THE REVEREND SIR EDMUND**, in 1805. This gentleman m. in 1756, Annabella-Christiana, eldest daughter of Sir John Honeywood, baronet, of Ervington, in the county of Kent, by whom he had issue,

**JOHN**, present baronet.

**William**, in holy orders, d. in 1830.

**Edmund**, captain in the army, m. in 1810, Miss Skene, and dying in 1810, left (with six daughters, of whom the eldest m. 8th June, 1810, Robert Sullivan, esq., of the Inner Temple, son of the late Sir Benjamin Sullivan,) one son, **EDMUND**.

**Robert**, d. in 1834, s. p.

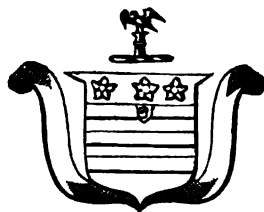
**Francis**, in holy orders, m. in August, 1806, Mary-Anne, second daughter of the Rev. Henry-Jackson Hoste.

**Mary**, m. to Sir John Chardin Musgrave, baronet, by whom (who d. in 1806) her ladyship is mother of the present Sir Christopher-John Musgrave, baronet.

**Anne**, m. in 1800, to William Lewis, esq.

**Sir Edmund d. in 1810.**

*Creation*—24th December, 1674.



*Arms*—Sa., three bars, or, in chief as many cinquefoils of the last.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a falcon, wings expanded, ppr. beaked and legged or, standing on a ruined castle of the last.

*Seat*—East Sutton Park, Kent.

**FINGALL, EARL OF**, (Arthur-James Plunkett, K.P.), Baron Killeen, of Killeen Castle, in the county of Meath, in the peer-

age of Ireland; and Baron Fingall, of Wolhampton Lodge, in the county of Berks, in that of the United Kingdom; *b.* 9th September, 1759; *m.* 18th December, 1785, Frances, only daughter of John Donellan, esq. of Bally-Donellan, in the county of Galway, by whom he has issue,

ARTHUR JAMES, *Lord Killeen*, M.P. for the county of Meath; *b.* at Geneva, 29th March, 1791; *m.* 11th Dec. 1817, Louisa, only daughter of Elias Corbally, esq. of Corbalton Hall, in the county of Meath, and has issue, ARTHUR JAMES, *b.* 23rd November, 1820, and a daughter.

Harriett, *m.* 11th September, 1817, to John Jones, jun. esq. of Llanarth Court, in the county of Monmouth.

His lordship *s.* to the Irish honors, as eighth baron, at the decease of his father, 21st August, 1793, and obtained the barony of the Empire by creation, 16th June, 1831.

### Lineage.

This noble family is of Danish origin, but its settlement in Ireland is so remote that nothing certain can be ascertained as to the precise period. So early as the eleventh century, we find

JOHN PLUNKET, from whom the Lord Dunsany derives, seated at Beaulieu, or Bewley, in the county of Meath, the constant residence of the elder branch of his descendants. The successor, at Bewley, in the beginning of the thirteenth century,

JOHN PLUNKET, living temp. Henry III. had two sons, John, ancestor of the Lords Louth, and RICHARD PLUNKET, of Rathreagan, in the county of Meath, who was grandfather of

SIR CHRISTOPHER PLUNKET, *knt.* This gentleman, as a recompense for the services he had rendered in the wars of Ireland, and an indemnity for the expenses he had incurred, had a grant of a sum of money from King Henry VI. in 1426; before which time he was sheriff of Meath, and in 1432, was deputy to Sir Thomas Stanley, *knt.* lord-lieutenant of Ireland. Sir Christopher *m.* in 1403, Joan, only daughter and heiress of Sir Lucas Cusack, *knt.* feudal Lord of Killeen, Dunsany, and Gerardston, in the county of Meath, and became in her right, proprietor of the feudal barony of Killeen. He *d.* in 1445, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN PLUNKET, second Lord of Killeen, who was *s.* by his son,

SIR CHRISTOPHER PLUNKET, third Lord of Killeen. This feudal lord *m.* twice: first, Genet, daughter of — Bellow, of Bellowstown, by whom he had two sons; the younger of whom, Broughton, fell at the battle of Stoke, in 1487, fighting for Lambert Simnell: Sir Christopher espoused, secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Wells, lord-chancellor of Ireland, by his wife, a daughter of Barnewell, of Crickston, by whom he had a daughter, who *m.* Nicholas,

sixteenth Baron of Howth. Sir Christopher *d.* in 1487, and was *s.* by his elder son,

EDMUND PLUNKET, fourth Lord of Killeen, who had summons to parliament in 1463, and subsequently, to the parliament which assembled at Castledermot, 28th August, 1496, but was then fined forty shillings for non-appearance. He attended the lord-deputy Kildare, in his expedition into Connaught, and commanded one of the wings of the bowmen, at the famous battle of Knocktough, fought against the Irish, 19th August, 1504. His lordship was *s.* at his decease, by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN PLUNKET, *knt.* fifth Lord of Killeen, who was sworn of the privy council to King Henry VIII. in 1529; from this personage, the lordship of Killeen passed uninterruptedly, through father and son, to

LUCAS, the tenth lord, styled *Lucas Merv.* This nobleman had a large grant of territory, in 1613, and was created EARL OF FINGAL, 29th September, 1628, King James I. precluding the honor by a most flattering letter, dated Westminster, 28th of June, in that year, beginning thus:—"That having received good testimonies of the virtuous and many good parts of his right trusty and well-beloved subject, the Lord Baron Killeen, being one of the *ancient nobility* of Ireland, his majesty was pleased," &c. &c. His lordship *m.* four times, and had issue by his second marriage with Susannah, fifth daughter of Edward, Lord Brabazon (only), of which,

CHRISTOPHER, the eldest son, succeeded to the honors.

George, the fourth son, a captain of foot, at the siege of Drogheda, in 1641, and afterwards colonel in the rebel army. He *m.* Cicely, daughter of Sir William Hill, of Allenston, in the county of Meath, and had JAMES, who *m.* first, Catherine, daughter of Edward Plunket, of Loughcrew, and niece of Oliver Plunket, titular primate of all Ireland, in 1681, by whom he had a daughter, Mary, *m.* to William O'Mara. He espoused, secondly, Mary, daughter of Robert Cusack, esq. of Jerriestown, in the county of Meath, and had with other issue, ROBERT, who *s.* as sixth earl.

His lordship *d.* in 1637, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

CHRISTOPHER, second earl. This nobleman, having been made prisoner at the battle of Rathmines, *d.* in the castle of Dublin fourteen days afterwards, A.D. 1640, and was *s.* by his son, (by Mabel, daughter of Nicholas, Viscount Kingsland.)

LUKE, third earl, who was restored to his estates and honors, by the court of claims, and was *s.* at his decease by his only son,

PETER, fourth earl. This nobleman was outlawed, by the name of Luke, in 1691, for his loyalty to his legitimate sovereign, King James II. but the outlawry was reversed in six years afterwards, A.D. 1697. His lordship *m.* Frances,

third daughter of Sir Edward Hales, bart. and dying 24th January, 1717, was s. by his only son.

**JUSTIN**, fifth earl, who d. without issue, in 1734, when the honors reverted to

**ROBERT**, sixth earl. (Refer to George, second son of Lucas, first earl). This nobleman was a captain in Berwick's regiment, in the service of France. He m. Mary, daughter of Roger Magenis, esq. and dying in 1738, was s. by his eldest son,

**ARTHUR-JAMES**, seventh earl, then in his seventh year. His lordship m. in 1755, Henrietta-Maria, only daughter and heiress of William Woolascot, esq. of Wolhampton, in the county of Berks, by whom he had issue,

**ARTHUR-JAMES**, present earl.

Luke, a captain in the Austrian service, killed at Alexandria in 1794.

Robert, b. 15th September, 1765, and d. unmarried in 1823.

William, b. in 1770; a colonel in the Austrian service; d. at Prague, in 1806.

Theresa, m. to the late James Dease, esq. of Turbotstown, in the county of Westmeath, and has with other children, Gerald Dease, esq. of Turbotstown.

His lordship d. 21st August, 1793.

**Creations**—Baron, 1181. Earl, 20th September, 1628. Baron of the United Kingdom, 1831.



**Arms**—Sa., a bend ar., in the sinister chief a tower, triple-towered of the second.

**Crest**—A horse, passant, ar.

**Supporters**—**Dexter**, a pegasus, per fesse, or and ar.; **Sinister**, an antelope ar. horned, unguled, ducally gorged, and chained or.

**Motto**—Festina lente.

**Town Residence**—Great Denmark-street, Dublin.

**Seat**—Killeen castle, in the county of Meath.

**FISHERWICK, BARON**, of the county of Stafford.

See Marquess of Donegal.

**FITZGERALD AND VESEY, BARON**, (William Vesey-Fitzgerald,) of Clare and Inchicronan, in the county of Clare, in the peerage of Ireland; s. to the title at the decease of his mother, 5th January, 1832.

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His lordship assumed, by sign manual, in 1815, the additional surname of **VESEY**, and is lord-lieutenant for the county of Clare.

### Lineage.

This lady is of the family of Vesey, Viscounts De Vesci.

**THE MOST REVEREND JOHN VESSEY**, Archbishop of Tuam, (great-grandfather of the first Viscount De Vesci, see that dignity,) d. 28th March, 1716; and, with other children, left

**THE REVEREND JOHN VESSEY**, (his grace's third son,) Archdeacon of Kilfenora, who m. Miss Shaw, daughter of Fielding Shaw, esq. and had issue three sons; the second of whom,

**THE REVEREND HENRY VESSEY**, m. Mary, daughter and co-heiress of George Gerry, esq. by whom he left, at his decease, in 1774, with two daughters,

**JOHN VESSEY**, esq. of Oranmore, in the county of Galway, who s. to the estates of his uncles, John and Agmondesham Vessey; and, dying unmarried, in 1779, bequeathed those estates to his two sisters, with an injunction that their heirs male should bear the surname and arms of Vessey. The younger of these ladies,

**CATHERINE VESSEY**, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, as Baroness Fitzgerald and Vessey, 27th June, 1826. She m. the Right Honorable James Fitzgerald one of his majesty's privy-council in Ireland, and formerly prime serjeant-at-law there. This gentleman held high situations in the government of his native country for several years, and until a legislative union between that kingdom and Great Britain was proposed by the minister; a measure which Mr. Fitzgerald, deeming prejudicial to the best interests of Ireland, exerted every nerve to oppose, and

"All his honors—all his trusts resigned,"

retiring, when opposition proved fruitless, into private life. Her ladyship left issue, at her decease, in January, 1832,

**WILLIAM**, present peer.

Henry, in holy orders, Dean of Kilmore, who assumed, in 1815, the additional surname of **VESEY**. He m. in 1825, Elizabeth, daughter of Standish O'Grady, esq. of Elton, in the county of Limerick, and has issue,

1. Mabella. 2. Letitia. 3. Elizabeth.

Mary-Geraldine, m. in 1860, to Sir Ross Mahon, baronet.

Letitia, m. in 1814, to John-Lealie Forster, esq. one of the barons of the exchequer in Ireland.

Catherine-Geraldine.

**Creation**—27th June, 1826.

**Arms**—See correcting sheet.

**Seat**—Inchicronan, in the county of Clare.

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**FITZGERALD, SIR JAMES**, baronet, of Castle Ishen, in the county of Cork, inherited the title at the decease of his father; *m.* 27th September, 1826, Augusta, second daughter of the late Vice-Admiral Sir Thomas Freemantle, and sister of the present Sir Thomas-Francis Freemantle, baronet, by whom he has issue. Sir James is the eighth baronet, in succession, but the third only in the enjoyment of the dignity.

### Lineage.

This ancient family descends from **GERALD FITZGERALD**, surnamed **M'Carell**, from whom also sprang the extinct house of Fitzgerald, Earls of Desmond. Thus—His son, **MAURICE**, was father of

**THOMAS FITZGERALD**, who had two sons, **MAURICE**, created **EARL OF DESMOND**, and **JOHN FITZGERALD**, of Callan, first Lord of Clenglish, whose son,

**JOHN MORE FITZGERALD**, was father of **GERALD FITZGERALD**, of Clenglish, whose son, **MAURICE FITZGERALD**, was ancestor of

**THOMAS FITZGERALD**, lord and owner of Clenglish, in the county of Limerick, who *m.* Mary, daughter of **Cormack M'Dermot M'Carthy**, esq. of Muskerry, in the county of Cork, and had issue,

**EDMUND**, his successor.

**Maurice.**

**Eleanor.**

**Eileen.**

**Mr. Fitzgerald d.** in 1635, and was *s.* by his elder son,

1. **SIR EDMUND FITZGERALD**, knight, of Clenglish, who was created a **BARONET OF IRELAND**, 8th February, 1644. Sir Edmund *m.* Honora, daughter of **James Fitzgerald**, grandson of **John**, eleventh Earl of Desmond, of that family, by whom he had an only son, **Maurice**. Sir Edmund, during the revolutionary times of the Commonwealth, burnt his castle of Clenglish, to prevent its falling into the hands of the rebels, and raised and maintained, at his own expense, a regiment of horse in support of the royal cause. After the Restoration, he presented a petition to **King Charles II.** praying to be reinstated in the property of which **Cromwell** had deprived him, but the act of settlement having passed, his petition was in vain. In consequence of the destruction of the castle of Clenglish, the baronet established himself at the castle of Ishen, in the county of Cork, which with considerable estates in that county, as well as in Kerry and Tipperary, are still in possession of the present baronet. Sir Edmund was *s.* at his decease by his son,

(2. **SIR MAURICE**, who, in consequence of the diminution of the family estates, never assumed the family dignity. This gentleman *m.* Lady Honora M'Carthy, daughter of the Earl of Clan-carty, and was *s.* by an only son,

(3. **SIR GARRETT**; who, actuated by the same motive as his father, declined assuming the title. He *m.* Catherine, fourth daughter of **Connor O'Brien**, second Viscount Clare, of that family, by whom he had an only son, his successor,

(4. **SIR JAMES**. This gentleman declined also assuming the title. He *m.* Emmy, daughter of **Thomas Fitzgerald**, knight, of Kerry, and was *s.* at his decease by his son,

(5. **SIR MAURICE**, who refused, likewise, the assumption of the title. Mr. Fitzgerald *m.* Helen, daughter of **Walter**, son of **Richard Butler**, esq. of Kilcash, by whom he had

**Richard.**

**Mary**, who *m.* thrice: first, in 1731, **Justin**, fifth Earl of Fingall; secondly, in 1735, **Valentine**, Viscount Kenmare; and thirdly, **Lord Bellew**.

**Maurice Fitzgerald** was *s.* at his decease by his only son,

6. **SIR RICHARD**, who resumed the family dignity, and had his right acknowledged, and confirmed by the college of arms in Ireland, 18th Nov. 1780. Sir Richard *m.* Johanna, only daughter and heiress of **James Trant**, esq. of Dingle, in the county of Kerry; by whom he had an only son, his successor,

7. **SIR JAMES**. This gentleman *m.* **Bridget-Anne**, daughter of **Robert Dalton**, esq. of **Thurnham Hall**, in the county of Lancaster, by his third wife, **Bridget More**, of **Barnborough Hall**, **Hal-denbury Park**, in **Yorkshire**, and who was the heiress and last lineal descendant of the celebrated chancellor, **Sir Thomas More**. **Sir James Fitzgerald** had issue,

**JAMES**, present baronet.

**Maria.**

**He d.** —.

*Creation*—8th February, 1644.



*Arms*—Erm., a saltier gu.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a boar, passant, gu. bristled and armed or.

*Motto*—Shannet a boo.

*Seat*—Castle Ishen, in the county of Cork.

**FITZGERALD-JUDKIN, SIR JOHN**, baronet, of Lisheen, in the county of Tipperary; *b.* in 1788; *s.* to the title, as second



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baronet, upon the demise of his father, in 1810; *m.* in 1816, Mrs. Moore, fifth daughter of E. Pennefather, esq. of Cashel, and has issue.

### Lineage.

ROBERT FITZGERALD, esq. second son of Thomas Fitzgerald, esq. M.P. for Youghall, by Helena, daughter and co-heiress of Christian Borr, esq. of Borr Mount, in the county of Wexford; *m.* for his second wife, Frances, daughter of John Judkin, esq. of Ballymore, in the county of Tipperary, and had issue two sons, the younger of whom,

1. THOMAS FITZGERALD, esq. of Lisheen, assumed the name of Judkin, in addition to, and before that of Fitzgerald, (in compliance with the testamentary injunction of his maternal uncle, John Judkin, esq. of Cashel,) and *m.* Elizabeth, second daughter of Joseph Capel, esq. by whom he had issue,

1. JOHN, present baronet.
2. Joseph-Capel.
3. Robert-Uniacks.

Mr. Judkin-Fitzgerald was created a baronet 5th August, 1801. He *d.* suddenly, 24th September, 1810.

*Creation*—5th August, 1801.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, erm. a saltier gu.; second and third, ar. a chev. gu. between three boars' heads sa. langued of the second.

*Crest*—A chevalier in complete armour, on horseback, at full speed, his sword drawn and beaver up, all ppr.

*Seat*—Lisheen, county of Tipperary.

FITZGERALD, SIR AUGUSTINE, baronet, of Newmarket-on-Fergus, in the county of Clare; *m.* Elizabeth, second daughter of Thomas Barton, esq. of Grove, in the county of Tipperary. Lieutenant-General Fitzgerald was created a baronet 5th January, 1821, with remainder, in default of male descendants, to his brother, William Fitzgerald, esq.

*Creation*—5th January, 1821.

*Arms*—Erm. a saltier gu.

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*Crest*—Same as Fitzgerald of Lisheen.

*Seat*—Newmarket-on-Fergus.

FITZGIBBON, BARON, of Sidbury, in the county of Devon, created 24th September, 1799.

See Earl of Clare.

FITZHERBERT, SIR HENRY, baronet, of Tissington Hall, in the county of Derby; *b.* 4th August, 1783; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his brother, 2nd April, 1798; *m.* 27th December, 1805, Agnes, daughter of the Rev. William Beresford, by whom he has issue,

WILLIAM, *b.* 2nd June, 1806.

Richard-Henry, *b.* 20th October, 1809, lieutenant in the rifle brigade.

Alleyne, *b.* 9th May, 1815.

Anthony, *b.* 10th May, 1818.

John-Knight, *b.* 27th March, 1820.

Selina, *b.* 22nd November, 1806; *m.* 12th

August, 1830, to Francis Wright, esq.

Harriet-Maria, *b.* 31st October, 1816.

Judith, *b.* 2nd June, 1821.

Frances-Rafella, *b.* 23rd November, 1823.

— (a daughter) *b.* 3rd September, 1828.

### Lineage.

The component parts of this eminent surname alone denote the antiquity of the family, which was founded by one of the companions of William the Conqueror, and has flourished in different branches, in the county of Derby, ever since the Norman conquest.

WILLIAM FITZHERBERT, esq. of Tissington, in the county of Derby, (an estate acquired by his progenitor, Nicholas Fitzherbert, of Upton, with his wife Cicely, daughter and co-heiress of Robert Frauncis, esq. of Foremark,) succeeded his uncle in 1606. He was a barrister of some eminence, and recorder of Derby, where he chiefly resided. He *m.* Rachel, daughter and, at length, heir of Thomas Bagshaw, esq. of Bakewell, and Ridge, in the county of Derby, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

WILLIAM FITZHERBERT, esq. of Tissington, M.P. who *m.* Mary, eldest daughter of Littleton-Points Meynill, esq. of Bradley, in the county of Derby, and had five sons (the younger of which, Alleyne,

was created Lord St. Helens,) and two daughters. Mr. Fitzherbert was *s.* by his eldest son,

1. WILLIAM FITZHERBERT, esq. of Tissington Hall, who was created a baronet 10th December, 1783. He *m.* 14th October, 1777, Sarah, only daughter of William Perrin, esq. of the island of Jamaica, by whom (who *d.* in 1795) he had two surviving sons, and one daughter, Charlotte. Sir William, who was recorder of the borough of Derby, *d.* 30th July, 1791, and was *s.* by his elder son,

2. SIR ANTHONY-PERRIN, who *d.* unmarried, in 1798, when the title devolved upon his brother, HENRY, the present baronet.

*Creation*—10th December, 1783.



*Arms*—Gu. three lions rampant or.

*Crest*—A cubit arm in armour erect, the hand appearing clenched within the gauntlet, all ppr.

*Seats*—Tissington Hall, near Ashbourne, Derbyshire; and West Farleigh, Kent.

\*. For a more minute account of this family, see the lineage of Lord St. Helens.

FITZWILLIAM, EARL, (William-Wentworth Fitzwilliam, D.C.L.) Viscount Milton, of Norborough, in the county of Northampton; and Lord Fitzwilliam, Baron of Milton, in the peerage of England; Earl Fitzwilliam, Viscount Milton, and Baron Fitzwilliam, of Lifford, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 30th May, 1748; *s.* to the honors as fourth earl, upon the demise of his father, 9th August, 1756; *m.* in 1770, Charlotte, youngest daughter of William, second Earl of Besborough, by whom he has an only son,

CHARLES-WILLIAM, *Viscount Milton*, M.P. for the county of Northampton; *b.* 4th of May, 1786; *m.* 8th July, 1806, Mary, daughter of Thomas, first Lord Dundas, by whom (who *d.* 1st November, 1830) he has issue,

1. William-Charles, *b.* 18th January, 1812.
2. William-Thomas-Spencer, *b.* 12th October, 1815.
3. George, *b.* 3rd May, 1817.
4. Charles-William, *b.* 18th September, 1826.
5. Charlotte.

6. Mary, *m.* 2nd May, 1831, to George Leonard Thompson, esq. of Sheriff Hutton Park.

7. Frances-Laura.

8. Anne.

9. Dorothy-Henrietta.

10. — (a daughter.)

The countess dying in 1822, the earl *m.* secondly, in 1823, Louisa, Lady-dowager Ponsonby, fourth daughter of Richard, Viscount Molesworth, but had no issue. Her ladyship *d.* in 1824. His lordship is high-steward of Hull, custos-rotulorum of the Soke of Peterborough, and recorder of Higham-Ferrers.

Earl Fitzwilliam was lord-lieutenant of Ireland, for a very short period in 1795, and to his ill-advised recall, the horrible events of the three subsequent years have been mainly attributed.

### Lineage.

In 1565, Hugh Fitz William, esq. of Sprotburgh, in the county of York, collected the records of his family, and from these records the following particulars are partly deduced.

SIR WILLIAM FITZ GODRIC, cousin to King Edward the Confessor, left a son and heir,

SIR WILLIAM FITZWILLIAM, who, being ambassador at the court of William, Duke of Normandy, attended that prince in his victorious expedition against England, as marshal of the army, A.D. 1066, and for his valor at the battle of Hastings, the Conqueror presented him with a scarf from his own arm. This Sir William was father of

SIR WILLIAM FITZWILLIAM, *knt.* who *m.* Eleanor, daughter and heiress of Sir John Elmley, of Elmley and Sprotburgh, by which marriage the Fitzwilliams obtained the lordships of Elmley and Sprotburgh, which continued with them until the reign of King Henry VIII., when those lordships were carried, by co-heiresses, into the families of Suthill and Copley. Sir William was *s.* by his son,

SIR WILLIAM FITZWILLIAM, Lord of Elmley and Sprotburgh, living in 1117, as appears from a grant made by him of a piece of the wood in Elmley to the monks of Pilsand. To this grant, in a round seal, is represented a man on horseback completely armed, and circumscribed, *S. Willm Fili Willm Dni de Emmalata*; and on the reverse, the arms of Fitzwilliam, viz. Lozenge. This Sir William, or one of his descendants, caused a cross to be set up in the high street of Sprotburgh, with these words engraven on brass:—

"Whoso is hungry, and list, will eate,  
Let him come to Sprotburgh to his meate;  
And for a night, and for a day,  
His horse shall have both corn and hay,  
And no man shall ask him where he goeth  
away."

Which cross was pulled down in 1520. From this Sir William we pass to his descendant,

SIR JOHN FITZWILLIAM, who founded, in 1372, the chantry of St. Edward, in the church of Sprotburgh; and, having m. Elizabeth, daughter of William, Lord Clinton, had three sons, the eldest of whom,

SIR WILLIAM FITZWILLIAM, m. Maud, daughter of Ralph, Lord Cromwell, of Tattershall, and co-heiress of the lord-treasurer Cromwell, by whom he had one son and two daughters, and was s. by the former,

SIR JOHN FITZWILLIAM, who m. Eleanor, daughter of Sir Henry Green, of Drayton, and had six sons and a daughter. The youngest son, JOHN FITZWILLIAM, esq. of Milton and Green's Norton, in Northamptonshire, m. Eleanor, daughter of William Villers, esq. of Brokesby, in the county of Leicester, by whom he had three sons and two daughters, and was s. by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM FITZWILLIAM, of Milton, of Gainspark, in the county of Essex; and also of the city of London, of which he was sheriff, in 1506, and subsequently alderman of Breadstreet Ward. He had been for some time in the train of Cardinal Wolsey, and retiring afterwards to his house at Milton, there gave his old master, the cardinal, in the hour of his disgrace, a kind reception; for which conduct, being brought to task by King Henry, he replied, that he had not acted in contemptuous disobedience of his Highness's orders, but in gratitude to the fallen minister, who had been his master, and partly the founder of his good fortune: at which answer the king was so pleased, that he immediately knighted Mr. Fitzwilliam, and made him one of his privy-council. Sir William m. first, Anne, daughter of Sir John Hawes, knt. of the City of London, and had William, his heir, with another son and daughter. He espoused, secondly, Mildred, daughter of Richard Sackville, of Buckhurst, in the county of Sussex, and had three sons and two daughters. He d. in 1534, and was s. by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM FITZWILLIAM, knt. who m. Anne, daughter of Sir Richard Sapcote, of Elton, in the county of Huntingdon, and was s. by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM FITZWILLIAM, who was lord-deputy and lord-justice of Ireland, from 1580 to 1594. This eminent person is thus noticed by Fuller in his *Worthies of England*:—"Sir William Fitzwilliam was five times lord-deputy of Ireland, a sufficient evidence of his honesty and ability, Queen Elizabeth never trusting twice, where she was once deceived, in a minister of state. And she also preserved him in the power of his place, that sending over Walter, Earl of Essex, to be governor of Ulster, the Earl was ordered to take his commission from the lord-deputy." Sir William m. Anne, daughter of Sir William Sidney, and aunt of the first Earl of Leicester, and dying in 1590, was s. by the elder of two sons,

SIR WILLIAM FITZWILLIAM, knt. of Milton

and Gains Park Hall, who m. Winifred, daughter of Sir Walter Mildmay, knt. chancellor of the exchequer, and under-treasurer of England, and dying in 1618, was s. by his elder son,

WILLIAM FITZWILLIAM, esq. of Milton and Gains Park Hall, who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, by letters patent, dated at Westminster, 1st of December, 1620, by the title of *Lord Fitzwilliam, of Lifford, in the county of Donegal*. His lordship m. Catherine, daughter of William Hyde, esq. of South Denchworth, in the county of Berks, and dying 6th January, 1643-4, was s. by his elder son,

WILLIAM, second lord, who m. Jane, daughter and co-heiress of Hugh Perry, esq. otherwise Hunter, alderman of London, and was s. in 1658, by his second and eldest surviving son,

WILLIAM, third lord; b. 29th of April, 1643; advanced to an Irish viscounty and earldom, 21st July, 1716, as *Viscount Milton, in the county of Westmeath*, and *EARL FITZWILLIAM, of the county of Tyrone*. His lordship m. Anne, daughter and sole heiress of Edmund Cremor, esq. of West Winch, in the county of Norfolk, by whom he had four sons and six daughters. He d. 28th December, 1719, and was s. by his third, but eldest surviving son,

JOHN, second earl, who m. Anne, daughter and sole heiress of John Stringer, esq. of Sutton-upon-Lound, in the county of Nottingham, and dying 28th of August, 1728, was succeeded by his only son,

WILLIAM, third earl. His lordship was enrolled amongst the peers of Great Britain, by King George II., 19th April, 1742, in the dignity of *Lord Fitzwilliam, Baron of Milton, in the county of Northampton*; and, advanced 6th September, 1746, to an English viscounty and earldom, as *Viscount Milton, and EARL FITZWILLIAM, of Norborough*, in the same county. He m. in 1744, Lady Anne Wentworth, eldest daughter of Thomas, Marquess of Rockingham, and sister and co-heir of Charles, second marquess, (see *Burke's Extinct and Dormant Peerage*), by whom (who d. 4th May, 1750) he had with other issue,

WILLIAM, present earl.

Charlotte, m. to Thomas, first Lord Dundas.  
Frances-Henrietta.

His lordship d. 9th of August, 1756.

*Creations*—Baron, 1st December, 1620, Viscount and Earl, 21st July, 1716; (Irish honors.) Baron, 19th April, 1742; Viscount and Earl, 6th of September, 1746; (British honors.)

*Arms*—First and fourth, lozengy, ar. and gu.; second and third, sa. a chevron between three leopards' heads, or.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, a triple plume of ostrich feathers ar.

*Supporters*—Two savage men, wreathed about the heads and waists with leaves vert, and in their exterior hands a tree, eradicated, the top broken, all ppr.



*Motto*—Appetitus rationi pareat.

*Town Residence*—4, Grosvenor-square.

*Seats*—Milton, near Peterborough, Northamptonshire; Wentworth House, near Rotherham, Yorkshire; and Malton, in the county of Wicklow.

FITZWILLIAM, VISCOUNT, (John Fitzwilliam, F.R.S.) of Merion, and Baron Fitzwilliam, of Thorncastle, both in the county of Dublin, in the peerage of Ireland; *s.* to the honors, as eighth viscount, upon the demise of his brother, 4th February, 1816.

#### Lineage.

This family, which is a branch of the ancient house of Fitzwilliam, Earls Fitzwilliam, in England, has been settled in Ireland since the reign of King John.

WILLIAM FITZWILLIAM, esq. was high-sheriff of the county of Meath, in 1381; which office he served by commission, dated at Cork, 13th January, in that year: and two days afterwards he was authorized to arrest, and in safe custody to keep, Richard White and Reginald Talbot, late sheriffs of Dublin, and Robert Lichteburgh, late escheator of Ireland, who were endeavouring to go beyond sea without rendering an account to the king in the exchequer, for several debts due to him in respect of their offices. In 1382, he was constituted constable of the castle of Wynglow, (Wicklow) with the annual fee of £20., and in three years afterwards, he was constituted keeper of the great seal of the exchequer, with liberty to name a deputy. In 1394 and 1397, he had the custody of the *Stains*, near Dublin, in order to preserve the water-course free and clean for the benefit of the city. From this William Fitzwilliam descended.

PHILIP FITZWILLIAM, who held, in 1463, the manor of Thorn Castle. He was *s.* by his son,

WILLIAM FITZWILLIAM, who *m.* Anne, only daughter of Thomas Cruise, esq., of the Naull, in the county of Dublin. The grandson of this marriage,

THOMAS FITZWILLIAM, esq., of Meryon, Bray and Baggottrath, in the county of Dublin, was sheriff of that shire 3rd of Henry VIII., (1511). He *m.* Eleanor, daughter of John Dowdall, esq., third son of Sir John Dowdall, of Newtown, and

co-heir to her mother, Margaret, daughter and heir of Sir John Jenico D'Artois, by whom he had three sons and two daughters. He *d.* in 1529, and was *s.* by his eldest son.

RICHARD FITZWILLIAM, esq., of Baggottrath, who, in 1527, was one of the gentlemen of the king's bedchamber. This Richard *m.* Catherine, daughter of Robert Bathe, esq., of Kepoke, in the county of Dublin, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS FITZWILLIAM, knight, of Meryon and Baggottrath, M.P. for the county of Dublin, who *m.* Genet, daughter of Patrick Finglas, of Westpalston, esq., chief baron of the exchequer, and, dying in 1592, was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR RICHARD FITZWILLIAM, who was constable of the castle of Wicklow, and lord-warden of the marches of Leinster, in the reign of Queen Elizabeth. He *d.* in 1595, and was *s.* by his son,

SIR THOMAS FITZWILLIAM, knight, of Meryon, in the county of Dublin, who was created 5th of August, 1629, *Baron Fitzwilliam, of Thorncastle*, and VISCOUNT FITZWILLIAM, of Meryon, in the peerage of Ireland. This nobleman repaired, the day after the breaking out of the rebellion in 1641, to Dublin, and waiting upon the lord-justices, made a tender of his best services to the crown; but, being a Roman Catholic, his offer was rejected, and he was compelled to go into England, where, with his two sons, he faithfully and zealously served King Charles I., who, in recompense, granted his lordship a privy-seal for a British earldom, dated at Oxford, 1st May, 1645, but the great seal not being then in the power of that unhappy monarch, the patent could not be legally perfected, and it eventually never was. His lordship *m.* Margaret, eldest daughter of Oliver, fourth Lord Louth, and was *s.* by his elder son,

OLIVER, second viscount. This nobleman was a military officer, and, being lieutenant-general, under the Marquess of Ormonde, achieved a victory at Roscommon, by which he gained the whole province of Connaught to the king's service. His lordship was created *Earl of Tyrconnel*, by Charles II., 20th April, 1663; but dying without issue, 11th April, 1667, that dignity expired, while the other honors devolved upon his brother,

WILLIAM, third viscount. His lordship was governor of Whitchurch, in Cheshire, during the civil wars, and lieutenant-general of that county. He *m.* a daughter of Thomas Luttrell, esq., of Luttrells-town, and was *s.* in 1680, by his only son,

THOMAS, fourth viscount. This nobleman was of the privy council to King James II., by whom he was appointed, in 1690, a commissioner of the treasury, having then the command of a regiment of horse in his majesty's service. After the revolution, (1695) his lordship appeared in the house of lords to take his seat, but bringing no writ of summons, he was not admitted; in a week afterwards, he reappeared and took the oath of fidelity, but being required to take the

other oaths, and to sign the declaration, his lordship declined doing so, and withdrew. In 1697, the Lord-Viscount Massareene reported, from the committee appointed to inspect the journals, &c., that the said Lord Fitzwilliam had been outlawed, but had reversed the same. He *m.* first, Mary, daughter of Sir Philip Stapleton, baronet, of Wigill, in the county of York, by whom he had RICHARD, his successor, and a daughter, Mary. His lordship espoused, secondly, Miss Pitt, sister of George Pitt, esq., of Strathfieldsea, and had another daughter, who *m.* George, Earl of Shrewsbury. He *d.* in 1704, and was *s.* by his son,

RICHARD, fifth viscount, who conformed to the established church, and took his seat in the Irish house of peers in 1710. His lordship *m.* Frances, only daughter of Sir John Shelley, baronet, by whom he had three sons and two daughters. The elder daughter, Mary, *m.* first, Henry, Earl of Pembroke, by whom she had an only son, HENRY, Earl of Pembroke; she espoused, secondly, North-Ludlow Bernard, esq. The viscount *d.* in 1743, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

RICHARD, sixth viscount, K.B., a privy-counsellor in Ireland, and vice-admiral of Leinster. His lordship *m.* in 1744, Catherine, daughter of Sir Matthew Decker, baronet, of Richmond, in the county of Surrey, by whom he had

RICHARD, his successor.

William, *m.* 25th August, 1782, Miss Eames, daughter and heiress of John Eames, esq., and *d.* in 1810, *s. p.*

JOHN, present peer.

Thomas, *m.* in 1780, Agnes, daughter and co-heir of Thomas Maclesfield, esq., by whom (who *d.* in 1817) he has no issue.

The viscount *d.* in 1776, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

RICHARD, seventh viscount, who *d.* unmarried, in 1816, when his principal estates passed to the Earl of Pembroke, while the honors devolved upon his brother, JOHN, the present peer.

*Creations*—5th August, 1629.



*Arms*—Lozengy, ar. and gu.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet gu. a double plume of five ostrich feathers ar.

*Supporters*—Two ostriches ar. each holding in the beak a horse-shoe or.

*Motto*—Deo adjuvante, non timendum.

*Residence*—Richmond Green, Surrey.

**FLEMING, THE REVEREND SIR RICHARD**, baronet, of Rydal, in the county of Westmorland, M.A.; *s.* to the title, as sixth baronet, upon the demise of his brother, in 1821; *m.* 6th September, 1825, Sarah, third daughter of the late W. B. Bradshaw, esq. of Alton Hall, in the county of Lancaster. Sir Richard is rector of Grassmere and Wildermere, in Cumberland.

### Lineage.

The founder of this very ancient and highly honorable family was

SIR MICHAEL LE FLEMING, knt. a kinsman of Baldwin, the fifth Earl of Flanders, who, being sent to assist William the Norman, Baldwin's brother-in-law, was some years afterwards employed by the successful monarch against the Scots upon the borders; for which, and other services, he obtained the castle of Gleston, the manor of Aldingham, and other lands in Furness, all in the county of Lancaster, together with the castle of Caernarvon, the lordship and manor of Beckermert, and other estates in Cumberland. From the second son of this Sir Michael,

SIR RICHARD LE FLEMING, lineally descended, through a long line of valiant and distinguished ancestors,

SIR DANIEL FLEMING, knt. of Rydal Hall, in the county of Cumberland, M.P. for Cockermouth in the latter end of the 17th century; for which borough, his election being contested, the contest cost him the sum of twenty pounds! Sir Daniel, who was a distinguished antiquarian, *m.* Barbara, eldest daughter of Sir Henry Fletcher, of Sutton, bart., and had, with other issue,

WILLIAM, } successive baronets.  
GEORGE, }

Michael, a distinguished soldier, major in the army, and M.P. for Westmorland, *m.* Miss Dorothy Benson, and left issue,

1. WILLIAM, who *s.* as third baronet.

2. Susan, *m.* to Michael Knott, of Rydal.

Roger, in holy orders, Vicar of Brigham, great grandfather of

1. DANIEL, fifth baronet.

2. RICHARD, present baronet.

Sir Daniel Fleming dying in 1700, was *s.* by his eldest son,

1. WILLIAM FLEMING, esq. of Rydal Hall, who represented the county of Westmorland in parliament from 1696 to 1707, and was created a baronet 4th October, 1706, with remainder, in default of male issue, to the male descendants of his father. Sir William *m.* Dorothy, daughter of Thomas Rowlandson, esq. of Kendal, by whom he had three daughters. Dying thus without male issue, in 1736, the title devolved upon his brother,

2. SIR GEORGE, in holy orders, and Lord Bishop of Carlisle, to which see he was appointed, 30th October, 1734. His lordship *m.* Catherine, daugh-

## FILE

ter of Robert Jefferson, esq. Leaving daughters only, however, at his decease in 1747, the title devolved upon his nephew and heir in tail,

3. **SIR WILLIAM**, (refer to issue of Sir Daniel Fleming, father of the first baronet). This gentleman, from his veneration for antiquity, being desirous of restoring the original orthography of the family name, by re-adopting the particle "le," incorporated it with his son's Christian name at the baptismal font; which son *s.* at his decease, in 1756, as

4. **SIR MICHAEL-LE FLEMING**, the twenty-third in succession from Sir Richard Le Fleming, the progenitor of the family. Sir Michael *m.* Diana, only daughter and heiress of Thomas, fourteenth Earl of Suffolk and Berkshire, by whom he had an only daughter and heiress, who *m.* his successor (in 1806).

5. **SIR DANIEL**, descended directly from the first baronet's brother, Roger. This gentleman dying without male issue, in 1821, the title devolved upon his brother, the Rev. Richard Fleming, the present baronet.

*Creation*—4th October, 1705.



*Arms*—Gu., a fret, ar.

*Crest*—A serpent, nowed, holding in his mouth a garland of olives and vines, all ppr.

*Motto*—Pax, copia, sapientia.

*Seat*—Rydal Hall, Westmorland.

**FLETCHER, SIR HENRY**, baronet, of Clea Hall, in the county of Cumberland; *b.* 18th September, 1807; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 10th August, 1821.

### Lineage.

1. **HENRY FLETCHER**, esq. sixth, but only surviving, son of John Fletcher, esq. of Clea Hall, by Isabella, daughter and co-heiress of John Senhouse, esq. of Netherall, in the county of Cumberland, having been engaged in the sea-service of the East India Company, and subsequently chosen a member of its court of direction, was created a baronet, 20th May, 1782. He *m.* in 1708, Catherine, daughter and sole heiress of Henry Lintot, esq. of Southwater, in the county of Sussex, by whom he had a son and daughter. Sir Henry represented the county of Cumberland in parliament for thirty-four years, from 1708 to 1802. He *d.* in 1807, and was *s.* by his son,

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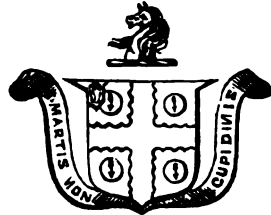
2. **SIR HENRY**, who *m.* in 1801, Frances-Sophia, daughter of Thomas Vaughan, esq. of Woodstone, in the county of Lincoln, by whom he had surviving issue,

**HENRY**, present baronet.

**John-Philip**, *b.* in 1815.

**Sir Henry d.** 10th August, 1821.

*Creation*—20th May, 1782.



*Arms*—Sa., a cross eng. ar. between four plates, each charged with an arrow sa.

*Crest*—A horse's head ar. charged with a trefoil gu.

*Motto*—Martis non cupidinis.

*Seat*—Ashley Park, Surrey.

**FLETCHER, SIR RICHARD-JOHN**, baronet, of Carrow, in the county of Cork; *b.* 3rd February, 1805; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, in 1813. Sir Richard is a captain in the army.

### Lineage.

1. **LIEUTENANT-COLONEL RICHARD FLETCHER**, of the royal engineers, son of the Rev. Richard Fletcher, having distinguished himself as chief engineer during the Peninsular war, was created a baronet 14th December, 1812. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of John Mudge, esq. M.D. of Plymouth, by whom he had issue,

1. **RICHARD-JOHN**, the present baronet.

2. **Charles-Orlando**.

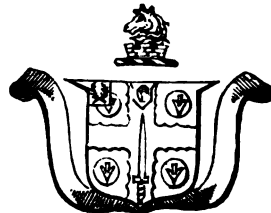
3. **Elizabeth-Mallock**.

4. **Harriet**.

5. **Jane-Mudge**.

**Sir Richard** terminated his gallant career before St. Sebastian, in August, 1813.

*Creation*—14th December, 1812.



## FLO

*Arms*—Sa., on a cross engr. erm. between four plates, each charged with a pheon, erect, az. a sword impale, ppr.; on a canton or, a wreath of laurel vert.

*Crest*—On a wreath out of a mural crown or, a horse's head erm. gorged with a wreath of laurel vert.

*Seat*—Carrow, in the county of Cork.

**FLOWER, SIR CHARLES**, baronet, of Lobb, in the county of Oxford; *b.* 18th February, 1763, *m.* Anne, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Joseph Squire, esq. of Portsmouth, by whom (who *d.* in 1803,) he has issue,

*JAMES*, *b.* 14th December, 1794; *m.* in 1816, Mary-Anne, eldest daughter of Sir Walter Stirling, bart.

*Anne Mary*.

*Elizabeth*, *m.* in August, 1800, to Thomas-Wildman Goodwyn, esq. by whom (who *d.* in 1830) she has a numerous family.

*Caroline*, *m.* in 1824, to C. J. Magnay, esq. who *d.* 12th August, 1829.

*Clariassa*.

*Maria*.

*Jemima*.

This gentleman, an opulent tradesman of London, having been chosen an alderman of that city in 1801, and having served the office of lord mayor in 1808, was created a baronet, 1st December, 1809.



*Arms*—Per pale, az. and gu. a unicorn statant or, on a chief erm. three gillyflowers ppr.; over the centre flower, a sword in bend dexter, also ppr. pommel and hilt or, surmounted saltierwise by a key of the last.

*Crest*—A demi-lion, per pale, ermine and ermines, gorged with a chain within a collar gemel or, in the dexter paw a gillyflower ppr.

*Supporters*—Dexter, a unicorn or, collared az. therefrom pendent an escutcheon erm. charged with a key erect of the first; Sinister, a stag ppr. collared az. therefrom pendent an escutcheon erm. charged with the city mace erect or.

*Motto*—Perseverando.

*Town Residence*—Bolton House, 67, Russell-square.

*Seats*—Lobb Farm, Oxfordshire; and Woodford, Essex.

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## FLU

**FLOYD, SIR HENRY**, baronet; *b.* 2nd September, 1793; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 10th January, 1818; *m.* 30th August, 1821, Mary, eldest daughter of William Murray, esq. of Bryanstone-square, and of Jamaica, by whom he has issue,

A son and heir, *b.* 20th March, 1826.

A son, *b.* 24th March, 1828.

A daughter, *b.* 3rd September, 1822.

Sir Henry is a lieutenant-colonel in the army.

### Lineage.

1. GENERAL JOHN FLOYD, colonel of the 8th regiment of dragoons, was created a baronet 30th March, 1816. Sir John *m.* in 1791, Rebecca, daughter of Charles Darke, esq. of Madras, by whom he had issue,

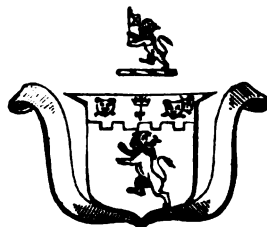
HENRY, present baronet.

Miranda, *m.* in 1815, to Lieutenant-general Fuller.

Julia, *m.* in 1820, to the Right Hon. Sir Robert Peel, bart.

The general *m.* secondly, in 1805, Lady Denny, relict of Sir Barry Denny, bart. of Tralee Castle, and daughter of Crosbie Morgell, esq. Sir John *d.* 10th January, 1818.

*Creation*—30th March, 1816.



*Arms*—Sa., a lion rampant regardant, ar. on a chief embattled or, a sword erect ppr. pommel and hilt of the third, enfiled with an eastern crown gu. between two tigers' faces also ppr.

*Crest*—A lion rampant regardant ar. murally crowned gu. bearing a flag representing the standard of Tippoo Sulatun, flowing to the sinister, ppr.

**FLUDYER, SIR SAMUEL-BRUDE-NELL**, baronet, of the city of London; *b.* 8th October, 1759; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 18th January, 1768; *m.* his cousin, Maria, daughter of Robert Weston, esq. by whom (who *d.* in 1818,) he has issue,

SAMUEL, *b.* in January, 1800.

Maria.

Caroline-Louisa, *m.* 13th November, 1826, to C. Derby, jun. esq.

### Lineage.

1. SAMUEL FLUDYER, esq. of Lee Place, in the

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county of Kent, (eldest son of Samuel Fludyer, esq. an eminent clothier of London,) being chosen alderman, and having served the office of sheriff of London, received the honor of knighthood 19th September, 1755, and was created a baronet 14th November, 1750. Sir Samuel was lord-mayor in 1761, and had the honor, during his mayoralty, of entertaining his Majesty King George III. and his royal consort at a civic feast. He m. twice; and by his second wife, Caroline, daughter of the Hon. James Brudenell, and granddaughter of the Earl of Cardigan, had issue,

SAMUEL BRUDENELL, the present baronet.

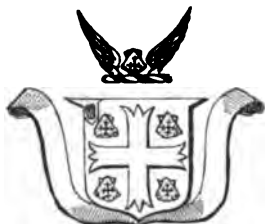
George, m. in 1792, Mary, daughter of John, ninth Earl of Westmorland, and had issue, Mary, m. to Arthur-George, Earl Onslow. Caroline, m. to Earl Brownlow, and d. in 1824.

Elizabeth, m. to the late Sir P. Musgrave, bart.

Katherine.

Sir Samuel d. 18th January, 1768.

*Creation*—14th November, 1750.



*Arms*—Sa., a cross patonce, between four escallops, ar. each charged with a similar cross of the field.

*Crest*—On a wreath, an escallop, as in the arms, between two wings elevated, ar.

*Town Residence*—16, Great Cumberland-place.

*Seat*—Felinstowe, near Harwich.

**FOLEY, BARON, (Thomas Foley,)** of Kidderminster, in the county of Worcester; b. 22nd December, 1780; s. to the dignity, as third baron, upon the demise of his father, 2nd July, 1793; m. in August, 1806, Cecilia-Olivia-Geraldine, fifth daughter of William-Robert, second duke of Leinster, by whom he has issue,

1. THOMAS-HENRY, b. 11th December, 1809, M.P.

2. Augustus-Frederick, an officer in the army.

3. St. George-Gerald.

4. Fitzgerald-Algernon-Charles.

5. Cecilia-Olivia.

6. Geraldine-Augusta.

7. Georgiana-Louisa.

8. Adelaide-Georgiana-Frederica.

His lordship is recorder of Droitwich.

### Lineage.

RICHARD FOLEY, of Stourbridge, being engaged

in the iron manufactory of that place, amassed a considerable fortune. He d. in 1657, leaving by his second wife, Alice, daughter of William Brindley, of Hyde, in the county of Stafford (with other issue),

THOMAS FOLEY, esq. of Whitley Court, in the county of Worcester, who m. Anne, daughter of John Browne, esq. of Spelmonden, in Kent, by the addition of whose great fortune to his paternal inheritance, he left at her decease a large landed property in several counties. He had (with two daughters) three sons, of whom,

THOMAS, became his successor.

Paul, of Stoke Edith Court, Herefordshire, was chosen SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS, 14th March, 1694-5, m. Mary, daughter of Alderman John Lane, of the city of London, and dying in 1696, left two sons, the elder of whom,

THOMAS, who was of Stoke Edith, m. Anne, daughter and sole heir of Essex Knight, esq. of Pawesley, in the county of Southampton, and dying in 1737, was s. by his son,

THOMAS, of Stoke Edith, who m. five wives, and was s. by the only son by his first wife, Hester, daughter and heiress of Thomas Andrews, esq. of London,

THOMAS FOLEY, of whom hereafter, as first LORD FOLEY, under the second creation.

Mr. Foley was succeeded by his eldest son,

THOMAS FOLEY, esq. of Whitley Court, M.P. for the county of Surrey. This gentleman m. Elizabeth, daughter of Edward Ashe, esq. of Heytesbury, in the county of Wilts, and was s. by his eldest son,

THOMAS FOLEY, esq. M.P. for the county of Worcester, who was elevated to the peerage 31st December, 1711, as *Baron Foley, of Kidderminster*. His lordship m. Mary, only daughter and heiress of Mr. Serjeant Strode, by whom he had four sons and two daughters. He d. 22nd January, 1732-3, and was s. by his only surviving son,

THOMAS, second baron, who d. unmarried, 8th January, 1766, when the barony EXPIRED, while the estates passed to his cousin,

THOMAS FOLEY, esq. of Whitley Court (refer to descendants of Paul Foley, esq. speaker of the house of commons), who was elevated to the peerage, as *BARON FOLEY, of Kidderminster*, 20th May, 1756. His lordship m. in 1740, Grace Granville, daughter and co-heiress of George, Lord Lansdowne, by whom he had three sons and two daughters, of whom

THOMAS, succeeded to the title.

Edward, m. first, Lady Anne Coventry, daughter of George-William, sixth Earl of Coventry, from whom he was divorced in 1787. Mr. Foley espoused, secondly, in 1790, Eliza-Maria, daughter and heiress of John Hodgetts, esq. and dying in 1803, left issue,

1. Edward-Thomas, M.P.



2. John-Hodgetts, who has assumed the surname of HODGETTS before that of FOLLY, and is M.P. for Droitwich. He m. in 1825, Charlotte, daughter of John Gage, esq. and has a son, b. in 1828.

3. Elizabeth-Maria, m. to Henry, present Viscount Gage.

4. Anna-Maria, m. to Sir Henry John Lambert, baronet.

Andrew, m. Elizabeth, daughter and heir of Boulter Tomlinson, esq., and dying in 1818, left four daughters,

1. Elizabeth. 2. Grace.

3. Harriet, m. in 1801, to Rev. Richard-Francis Onslow.

4. Anna-Maria, m. to Lieutenant John Lechmere, R. N.

Lord Foley d. 18th November, 1777, and was s. by his eldest son,

THOMAS, second baron, b. 7th July, 1742; m. in March, 1776, Henrietta, fourth daughter of William, second Earl of Harrington, by whom he left issue, THOMAS, the present peer, and an only daughter, Harriet, who m. Christopher-Bethell Codrington, esq. of Doddington Park. His lordship d. 2nd July, 1793.

*Creation*—20th May, 1766.



*Arms*—Ar., a fesse engr. between three cinquefoils sa. all within a bordure of the last.

*Crest*—A lion, rampant, ar. holding between the fore paws an escutcheon charged with the arms.

*Supporters*—Two lions ar., semée de cinquefoils sa.

*Motto*—Ut prosim.

*Town Residence*—16, Bruton-street.

*Seat*—Whitley Court, Worcestershire.

FORBES, LORD, (James-Ochoncar Forbes,) in the peerage of Scotland, one of the representative lords, and a baronet of Nova Scotia; b. 7th March, 1765; m. 2nd July, 1792, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Walter Hunter, esq. of Polmood, in the county of Peebles, by whom (who d. 1st October, 1830) he has issue,

JAMES, b. 9th April, 1796; lieutenant-colonel of the Coldstream-guards.

Walter, b. 29th May, 1798; m. 31st January, 1825, Horatia, daughter of Sir John-Gregory Shaw, bart. of the county of Kent, and has two sons.

John, b. 28th December, 1806.

Robert, b. 1st June, 1808; m. in March, 1828, Frances-Dorothy, second daughter of Thomas-Law Hodges, esq. of Hemsted, M.P. for the county of Kent, and has a son. Caroline-Elizabeth, m. to George Fairholme, esq. and has issue.

Charlotte-Elizabeth, m. in 1825, to Sir John Forbes, of Craigievar, and has issue.

Mary-Stewart.

Elizabeth-Jane.

Isabella Drummond.

His lordship, who is a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 21st regiment of foot, s. to the honors upon the demise of his father, 29th July, 1804, as premier baron of Scotland, and seventeenth in succession. Lord Forbes was constituted in 1826, his Majesty's high-commissioner to the general assembly of the church of Scotland.

### Lineage.

The surname of Forbes was assumed from the lands of Forbes, in the county of Aberdeen, granted by King Alexander II., about the middle of the thirteenth century, to the progenitor of this noble family.

JOHN DE FORBES, the first upon record, was a man of rank and importance in the reign of King William the Lion. He was father of

FERGUS DE FORBES, from whom all the Scottish families of the name have descended. The eldest son and successor of this Fergus,

ALEXANDER DE FORBES, a man of great personal valour, lost his life in defence of the Castle of Urquhart, in Murray, against Edward I. The fortress was taken by storm, after a gallant resistance, and the whole garrison put to the sword, none escaping, but the wife of the governor, who fled into Ireland, and there gave birth, soon afterwards, to a son,

ALEXANDER FORBES, who returned to Scotland, and, attaching himself to the fortunes of King Robert Bruce, obtained grants of lands equivalent to those of which his father had been despoiled. He fell at the battle of Duplin, in 1332, and was s. by his son,

SIR JOHN FORBES, knight, who lived, and was eminently distinguished, in the reigns of Kings Robert II. and III. He m. Elizabeth, daughter of—Kennedy, of Dunure, (an ancestor of the noble house of Cassilis) by whom he had four sons, viz.

Alexander (Sir), his ancestor, and first lord. William (Sir), ancestor of the Lords Pitaligo. John (Sir), ancestor of the Forbes's of Culloden, Watertoun and Foveran.

Alexander, the younger ancestor of the Forbes's of Brux, &c. &c.

Sir John d. in 1405, and was s. by his eldest son, SIR ALEXANDER DE FORBES. This gentleman, who was distinguished as a patriot, went to France to oppose the English, under King Henry V., and carried with him, in his train, one hundred horse and forty lances. He was

elevated to the peerage of Scotland, by King James II., prior to 1436, by the title of **BARON FORBES**. His lordship *m.* Lady Elizabeth Douglas, daughter of George, Earl of Angus, and granddaughter of King Robert II., and dying in 1448, was *s.* by his eldest son,

**JAMES**, second baron. This nobleman *m.* Lady Egidia Keith, daughter of William, the first Earl Marischal, by whom he had one daughter and three sons,

**WILLIAM**, his successor.

**Duncan**, of Corindie, ancestor of the Forbes's of Pitaligo, and other families of the name.

**Patrick**, of Corse, armour-bearer to King James III.; whose grandson, Sir Arthur Forbes, was progenitor of the Forbes's, Earls of Granard, in Ireland.

His lordship was *s.* at his decease (about 1460) by his eldest son,

**WILLIAM**, third baron, who *m.* Christian, daughter of Alexander, first Earl of Huntley, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**ALEXANDER**, fourth baron; at whose decease, without issue, the dignity devolved upon his brother,

**ARTHUR**, fifth baron, who, dying also issueless, was *s.* by his brother,

**JOHN**, sixth baron. This nobleman *m.* first, Catherine, daughter of John, Earl of Atholl, uterine brother of King James II., of Scotland, by whom he had one surviving daughter, Elizabeth, *m.* to John Grant, of Grant. His lordship *m.* secondly, Christian, daughter of Sir John Lundin, of Lundin, by whom he had (with two daughters)

**John**, Master of Forbes, who was convicted of high-treason, and executed at Edinburgh, 17th July, 1537, alleging his innocence as to the treason charged, but acknowledging, that he ought to die, for the murder of the Laird of Meldrum.

**William**, seventh baron.

Lord Forbes *m.* thirdly, Elizabeth, relict of Alexander, first Lord Elphinstone, and had a son and daughter. He *d.* in 1447, and was *s.* by his son,

**WILLIAM**, seventh baron. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Sir William Keith, of Innerugie, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**JOHN**, eighth baron, who was *s.* by his son,

**ARTHUR**, ninth baron, who *m.* Jean, second daughter of Alexander, fourth Lord Elphinstone, and was *s.* by his only surviving son,

**ALEXANDER**, tenth baron. This nobleman adopting the profession of arms, served with considerable renown, under Gustavus Adolphus, of Sweden, against the Imperials, and attained the rank of Lieutenant-general. Upon his return to Scotland, he was one of the commanders sent to Ireland, in 1643, for the purpose of suppressing the rebellion there. His lordship *m.* first, Anne, daughter of Sir John Forbes, of Pitaligo, by whom he had an only son, **WILLIAM**, his successor. He espoused, secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Robert Forbes, of Kires, in Fifeshire,

by whom he had several children. He was *s.* by his eldest son,

**WILLIAM**, eleventh baron, who was *s.* in 1691, by his eldest son,

**WILLIAM**, twelfth baron. This nobleman was of the privy-council of King William, and lieutenant-colonel of the horse-guards. His lordship *m.* Anne, daughter of James Brodie, esq. of Brodie; and dying in 1716, was *s.* by his eldest son,

**WILLIAM**, thirteenth baron, who *m.* in 1729, Dorothy, daughter of William Dale, esq. of Covent-Garden, Westminster. This lady lost a fortune of £20,000 by the South Sea bubble.

His lordship *d.* 1739, and was *s.* by his only son, **FRANCIS**, fourteenth baron; at whose decease, during minority, and without issue, in 1734, the dignity reverted to his uncle,

**JAMES**, fifteen baron. His lordship *m.* Mary, relict of John Forbes, esq., of Monimusk, and sister of Alexander Forbes, Lord Pitaligo; and, dying in 1761, was *s.* by his only son,

**JAMES**, sixteenth baron, who *m.* in 1769, Catherine, only daughter of Sir Robert Innes, bart. of Orton, and had issue,

**JAMES-OSCHONCAR**, present baron.

**Robert-Allaster-Cam**, captain R.N., *d.* in 1793.

**Andrew**, *d.* in 1806.

**William**, *d.* in 1792.

**Marjory**, *m.* first, to John M'Kenzie, Lord Macleod; and, secondly, (after his lordship's decease), to John, fourth Duke of Atholl.

**Mary-Elizabeth**, *m.* to Sir John Hay, bart. and *d.* in 1843.

His lordship was appointed deputy-governor of Fort William, in 1764, and *d.* there 20th July, 1804.

**Creations**—The barony of Forbes is the first on the union roll, and as such, takes rank before all the lords of parliament: the date of creation is not precisely ascertained; Lord Forbes is so designed, 1442. Baronet of Nova Scotia, 1628.



**Arms**—Ar. three bears' heads, couped ar. muzzled gu.

**Crest**—A stag's head, attired, ppr.

**Supporters**—Two greyhounds ar. collared gu.

**Motto**—Grace me guide.

**Seat**—Castle Forbes, Aberdeenshire.

**FORBES, SIR JOHN**, baronet, of Craigevar Castle, in the county of Aberdeen; b. 2nd July, 1785; s. to the title, as sixth baronet, at the decease of his father, 15th February, 1816; m. 15th September, 1825, Charlotte-Elizabeth, second daughter of the Right Hon. General Lord Forbes, by whom he has a son, b. 8th August, 1829, and two daughters.

### Lineage.

This is a branch of the noble house of Forbes, Lords Forbes, springing from

**THE HONORABLE PATRICK FORBES**, of Corse, (armour-bearer, by charter, dated 13th October, 1482, to King James III.) third son of James, second Lord Forbes, by Lady Egidia Keith, daughter of William, first Earl Marischal. This Patrick was father of

**DAVID FORBES**, esq. Laird of Corse, whose great-grandson,

**THE RIGHT REVEREND PATRICK FORBES**, of Corse, was, for seventeen years, Bishop of Aberdeen, and a distinguished ornament of the reformed church. His lordship d. in 1635, and his male line failing with his grand-children, the representation of the family reverted to the descendants of his brother,

**WILLIAM FORBES**, esq. This gentleman having realised a large fortune by commercial pursuits at Dantsic, purchased the unfinished castle of Craigyvar, from the family of Mortimer, and having completed the structure in a splendid manner, furnished it after the most sumptuous fashion of the period, A. D. 1626, and took his designation therefrom. The castle is seven stories high, and though not inhabited, is still kept in good repair. The name of Craigyvar, or in Gaelic, "Creg a Mhar," means the rock of Mer; and the place, from tradition, derives considerable interest. In its immediate vicinity are two or three long trenches on the top of the hill of Corse, supposed to be a camp or fortification of Macbeth; and near this, there are a great number of small tumuli, now overgrown with short heath, the last memorials of those who fell, "when Birninn wood came to Dunsinane." At a small distance from these, and upon the same hill, the spot is shown where Macduff killed Macbeth; and there is still a large cairn called Macbeth's, in which ancient arms were found some years ago. This William Forbes m. Margaret Udward, daughter of the lord-provost of Edinburgh, and was s. at his decease by his eldest son,

1. **WILLIAM FORBES**, esq. of Craigyvar, who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, 20th April, 1630. Sir William appears to have engaged on the side of the parliamentarians during the civil commotions. In 1641, he was appointed, by the republicans, one of the commissioners for planting kirks; in 1643, one of the committee of estates; in 1646, one of the commissioners for selling malignants' estates; and in 1647, sheriff of Aberdeen. He m. Bethia, daughter of Sir

Archibald Murray, of Blackbarony, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. **SIR JOHN**, who m. Margaret Young, daughter of the Laird of Aulbar, and was s. by his eldest son,

3. **SIR WILLIAM**, who was s. by his eldest son,

4. **SIR ARTHUR**. This gentleman m. first, Christian, eldest daughter of Provost Ross, of Aberdeen, by whom he had two daughters; and secondly, Margaret, daughter of — Strachan, esq. of Balgall, and relict of — Burnett, esq. of Elrick, by whom he had five sons and two daughters, and was s. at his decease by his second, and eldest surviving son,

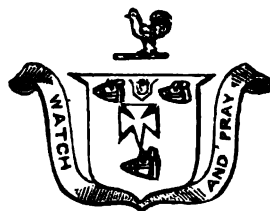
5. **SIR WILLIAM**, who m. the Hon. Sarah Sempill, eldest daughter of John, twelfth Lord Sempill, by whom he had with seven daughters, two sons,

**JOHN**, his successor.

**Hugh**.

Sir William d. 15th February, 1825, and was s. by his son, **JOHN**, the present baronet.

*Creation*—20th April, 1630.



*Arms*—As. a cross, pattée fitchée, between three bears' heads, couped, ar. muzzled aa.

*Crest*—A cock ppr.

*Motto*—Watch and pray.

*Seats*—Fintrag House; and Craigyvar Castle, N. B.

**FORBES, SIR JOHN-STUART**, baronet, of Pitsligo, in the county of Aberdeen; b. 25th September, 1804; s. to the title, as eighth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 24th October, 1828.

### Lineage.

This family, by the death of the attainted Lord Pitsligo's son, without issue, became, in right of the fourth baronet's second wife, the only descendant of that noble family. It is a branch of the noble house of Forbes, Lord Forbes springing from

**THE HON. DUNCAN FORBES**, of Corsindae, second son of James, second Lord Forbes who was s. by his son,

**WILLIAM FORBES**, esq. whose second son,

**DUNCAN FORBES**, esq. first of Monymusk, and afterwards of Pitsligo, m. Agnes, daughter of Baillie William Gray, of Aberdeen, and had issue, three sons and three daughters. He d. in 1687, and was s. by his eldest son,

**WILLIAM FORBES**, esq. This gentleman m. Lady Margaret Douglas, daughter of William, ninth

Earl of Angus, by whom he had five sons and three daughters. He *d.* previously to 1618, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

1. WILLIAM FORBES, esq. who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, by patent, dated 2nd of April, 1626, to himself and his heirs male whomsoever, of the lands, barony, and regality of Forbes, within the region of Nova Scotia, in North America. Sir William *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of — Wishart, esq. of Pittarrow, by whom he had three sons and three daughters, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR WILLIAM, who *m.* Jean, daughter of Sir Thomas Burnet, bart. of Leys, by whom he had one daughter, who *m.* George Rickart, of Auchan-cat, and an only son, his successor,

3. SIR JOHN. This gentleman *m.* first, Margaret, daughter of Robert, Viscount Arbutnott, by whom he had two sons and a daughter. He *m.* secondly, Barbara, daughter of Sir — Dalma-hoy, by whom he had two sons and three daughters. Sir John was *s.* by his eldest son,

4. SIR WILLIAM, who *m.* Lady Jean Keith, daughter of John, Earl of Kintore, by whom he had two sons and four daughters. John, the eldest son, *m.* Mary Forbes, daughter of John, Lord Pitaligo, and, dying before his father, left two sons; by the elder of whom Sir William was *s.* at his decease, namely,

5. SIR WILLIAM, who was *s.* at his decease in 1743, by his eldest surviving son,

6. SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman was a banker of great eminence in Edinburgh; and Sir Walter Scott says, in his notes to "Marmion," that "he was unequalled, perhaps, in the degree of individual affection entertained for him, by his friends, as well as in the general esteem and respect of Scotland at large." Sir William was indeed a person of more than ordinary accomplishments, of the most fascinating manners, and of considerable literary abilities, as his "Life of Beattie" sufficiently attests. He *m.* Miss Hay, daughter of Sir James Hay, of Hayston, baronet, and was *s.* at his decease in 1806, by his eldest son,

7. SIR WILLIAM, who *m.* in 1707, Miss Stuart, sole child and heiress of Sir John Stuart, baronet, of Fettercairn, whose name and arms are to be borne by his successors. By this lady he had a numerous family, and dying in 1828, was *s.* by his son,

JOHN-STUART, the present baronet.

*Creation*—2nd April, 1626.



*Arms*—First and fourth, GRAND-QUARTERS first and third *az.* on a chev. between three bears' heads, couped *ar.* muzzled *gu.* a heart of the last; second and fourth quarterly; first and fourth *az.* three bears' heads, couped *ar.* muzzled *gu.*; second and third, *az.* three cinquefoils *ar.* second and third GRAND-QUARTERS, or. a bend *gu.* surmounted of a fess chequy *az.* and *ar.*

*Crest*—First a heart between two wings expanded, second out of a baron's coronet a hand holding a cimeter all *ppr.* third a dexter arm grasping a sword.

*Supporters*—Two bears *sa.*

*Mottos*—Nec timide nec temere,—and Fax mentis honestæ gloria.

*Seats*—Pitaligo, Aberdeenshire; and Fettercairn, Kincardineshire.

FORBES, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Edinglassie, in the county of Aberdeen; *b.* 3rd April, 1773; *m.* 28th February, 1800, Elizabeth, daughter of John Cotgrave, esq. a major in the East India Company's service, by whom he has issue,

JOHN, M.P. *b.* 15th December, 1801, *m.* 3rd December, 1828, Mary Jane, eldest daughter of Henry Lennox Hunter, esq.

Charles, *b.* in 1803, Lieutenant 17th Lancers, *m.* 21st August, 1830, Caroline, second daughter of George Battye, esq., of Campden Hill.

George, *b.* in 1805.

James-Stewart, *b.* in 1813.

Katharine-Stewart.

This gentleman, formerly a merchant at Bombay, was created a baronet 4th November, 1823.

### Lineage.

This is a branch of the noble-house of Forbes, and said to be the parent stock, whence the baronets of Pitaligo have descended.

SIR JOHN FORBES, who obtained a charter of the barony of Pitaligo and Kynaldy, 10th October, 1476, *m.* Christian, daughter of Sir John Ogilvy, of Lintrethan, and left two sons,

Sir John, whose direct descendant, Alexander Forbes, was created *Lord Forbes*, of *Pitsligo*, 24th June, 1633, which honor expired under the attainder of Alexander, fourth lord, after the rebellion of 1745, and the line terminated with his lordship's son, John, master of Pitaligo, in 1781;

And

WILLIAM FORBES, of Dauch and New, whose junior descendant, (the senior branch terminated in Major Forbes, of New, in 1792,)

GEORGE FORBES, of Ballabeg, *m.* twice, and was *s.* by his son,

JOHN FORBES, esq., of Ballabeg, *b.* in 1707; *m.* Christian, daughter of the Rev. John Shepherd, of Logie Coldstone, and was *s.* by his son,

THE REVEREND JOHN FORBES, of Lochell, who *m.* Katharine, only daughter of Gordon Stewart, esq., of Irmeroury, by whom, with several other

## FOR

children, he had CHARLES, created a baronet as above.

*Creation*—14th November, 1823.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth az. three bears' heads, couped ar. muzzled gu. a crescent in the middle for difference, for FORBES; second and third, az. three cinquefoils ar., for FRASER.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a dexter arm embowed in armour ppr. garnished or, holding in the hand a highland broad-sword also ppr.

*Mottoes*—(Above the crest,) Nec timide nec temere. (Under the arms,) Altius ibunt, qui ad summa nitantur.

*Town Residence*—Fitzroy-square.

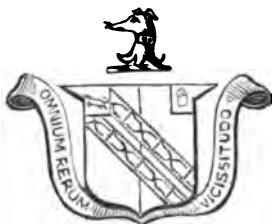
*Seat*—Edinglassie, Aberdeenshire.

FORD, SIR FRANCIS, baronet, of Ember Court, in the county of Surrey; b. 15th February, 1787; s. to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 7th June, 1801; m. in 1807, Eliza, only daughter of the late Henry Brady, esq. of Limerick, by whom he has two sons.

### Lineage.

1. FRANCIS FORD, esq., of Ember Court, a member of council, in Barbadoes, and member of the British parliament in 1790, was created a baronet, 22nd February, 1793. Sir Francis m. in 1785, Mary, eldest daughter of George Adams, esq., and niece of Thomas, Viscount Anson, by whom he had issue, FRANCIS, the present baronet, and eight other children. He d. in 1801.

*Creation*—22nd February, 1793.



*Arms*—Per pale gu. and or, two bends vair, on a canton of the second a greyhound courant, sa.

*Crest*—A greyhound's head sa. erased gu. muzzled or.

## FOR

*Motto*—Omnium rerum, vicissitudo.

*Seat*—Ember Court, Surrey.

FORESTER, BARON, (John-George-Weld Forester,) of Willey Park, in the county of Salop; b. 9th August, 1801; s. to the dignity, as second baron, at the decease of his father, 23rd May, 1828.

### Lineage.

SIR WILLIAM FORESTER, knight, of Dothill, m. Cecil, daughter of James, third Earl of Salisbury, and was s. by his son,

WILLIAM FORESTER, esq., who m. in 1714, Catherine, daughter of William Brooke, esq., and had issue,

BROOK FORESTER, esq., who m. in 1734, Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of George Weld, esq., of Willey Park, in the county of Salop, by whom he had two sons, George, (who d. unmarried, in 1811, and devised his fortune to his nephew, the late peer,) and

CECIL FORESTER, esq., who m. Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Robert Townsend, esq., by whom (who died at an advanced age, in 1825) he had

CECIL-WELD FORESTER, esq., who inherited the estates of his uncle, and was elevated to the peerage, as BARON FORESTER, of Willey Park, in the county of Salop, 17th July, 1821. His lordship m. 16th June, 1800, Katharine-Mary, second daughter of Charles, fourth Duke of Rutland, by whom (who d. in 1820) he had issue,

1. JOHN-GEORGE-WELD, present peer.
2. George-Cecil-Weld, b. in 1807, M.P., an officer in the horse-guards.
3. Charles-Robert-Weld, b. in 1811, cornet of the 12th lancers.
4. Orlando-Watkin-Weld, b. in 1813.
5. Emilius-John.
6. Henry-Townsend.
7. Anne-Elizabeth, m. in 1802, to the Earl of Chesterfield.
8. Elizabeth-Katherine, m. in 1822, to the Hon. Robert-John-Smith.
9. Isabella-Elizabeth-Annabella, m. 30th November, 1830, Hon. George Anson.
10. Henrietta-Maria.
11. Selina-Louisa.

The baron d. in 1828.

*Creation*—17th July, 1821.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, quarterly, per fesse, dancettée, ar. and sa. in the first and fourth quarters a bugle-horn of the last, garnished or, for FORRESTER; second and third, as. a fesse embattled between three crescents, two and one erm. for WELD.

*Crest*—Of FORRESTER, a talbot, passant ar. collared sa. and line reflexed or.

*Crest*—Of WELD, a wivern sa. guttée d'or, collared, and interior of the wings of the last; line reflexed over the back gu.

*Supporters*—Two talbots ar. collared sa. therefrom pendent a bugle-horn, as in the arms, line reflexed over the back, er.

*Motto*—Semper eadem.

*Seat*—Willey Park, Shropshire.

*Note*—One of this family, John Forester, esq., of Watling-street, in the county of Salop, had permission from King Henry VIII. to wear his hat in the royal presence. The grant is now in the possession of Lord Forester.

FORRESTER, BARON, of Corstorphin, in the peerage of Scotland. (See Earl of Verulam.)

FORTESCUE, EARL, (Hugh Fortescue, F.S.A. and D.C.L.) Viscount Ebrington, of the county of Gloucester, and Baron Fortescue, of Castle Hill, in the county of Devon; lord-lieutenant and custos-rotulorum of Devonshire; high-steward of Barnstaple, and South Molton; *b.* 12th March, 1753; *m.* 10th May, 1782, Hester, daughter of the Right Hon. George Grenville, by whom he has issue,

HUGH, Viscount Ebrington, *b.* 13th February, 1783; *m.* in 1817, Lady Susan Ryder, daughter of the Earl of Harrowby, by whom (who *d.* 30th July, 1827) he has issue,

1. HUGH, *b.* in 1818.
2. John.
3. Dudley.

Lord Ebrington is colonel of the East Devon militia, and M.P. for the county of Devon.

George-Matthew, *b.* 22nd May, 1791, M.P. John, *b.* 5th May, 1796, in holy orders.

Hester, *m.* to Lord King.

Catherine, *m.* in 1820, to the Hon. Newton Fellows.

Anne, *m.* in 1814, to George Wilbraham, esq. of Delamere Lodge, in the county of Chester, M.P.

Mary, *m.* in 1823, to James-Hamlyn Williams, esq.

Eleanor.

Elizabeth, *m.* 27th December, 1830, to Reginald Courtenay, esq. eldest son of William Courtenay, esq. clerk of the house of lords.

The earl *s.* to the barony of Fortescue, as third baron, at the demise of his father, 10th July, 1785, and was created Viscount Ebrington, and Earl Fortescue, 1st September, 1789.

### Lineage.

This noble family deduces its origin from Sir Richard le Forte, a distinguished soldier in the invading army of William the Conqueror, who protected his royal master, at the celebrated battle of Hastings, by bearing a strong shield before him; from which event, the French word "*escue*" (a shield) was added to the original surname of "*Forte*," and thus Fortescue produced. The son of this gallant warrior,

SIR ADAM FORTESCUE, knt. being also a commanding officer in the same conflict, obtained, from the successful monarch, a grant of Wimondston, or, as it is now written, Winston, in the county of Devon, of which he became lord. The descendant of this Sir Adam,

WILLIAM FORTESCUE, *m.* Elizabeth, sister and co-heir of Thomas Beauchamp, of Ryme, in the county of Dorset, and widow of Richard Branscomb, by whom he left two sons, WILLIAM, his successor at Winston, and

SIR JOHN FORTESCUE, one of the great soldiers of the martial reign of Henry V. This gallant person *m.* Joan, daughter and heir of Henry Norreis, and had with other issue, HENRY, lord-chief-justice of the common-pleas in Ireland, and

SIR JOHN FORTESCUE, knt. who being bred to the bar, was constituted LORD-CHIEF-JUSTICE OF ENGLAND in 1442, and is said to have been made lord chancellor by King Henry VI. after that monarch was forced to fly into Scotland. Sir John was esteemed a very eminent lawyer, and was the author of a celebrated treatise entitled "*De Laudibus Legum Angliæ*," in which he calls himself *Cancellarius Angliæ*. Sir John retired after the final overthrow of his royal master, Henry VI. to his seat at Ebrington, and died there, at the advanced age of ninety. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Miles Stapleton, and was *s.* by his son,

MARTIN FORTESCUE, esq. who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Richard Deynall, of Filleagh and Wear Gifford, in the county of Devon, by whom he obtained those estates, and had two sons; from the younger of whom, William, descended the Fortescues, who became Viscounts Clermont, in Ireland; and from the elder, JOHN FORTESCUE, esq. of Filleagh and Wear Gifford, descended, lineally.

HUGH FORTESCUE, esq. who *m.* Mary, daughter of Robert Rolle, esq. and dying in 1661, left, with other issue,

ARTHUR FORTESCUE, esq. whose eldest son, HUGH FORTESCUE, esq. of Filleagh and Wear Gifford, *m.* Bridget, only daughter and heiress of Hugh Boscawen, esq. of Tregothnam, in the county of Cornwall, and Margaret, his wife, fifth daughter, and eventually co-heiress, of Theophilus Clinton, Earl of Lincoln (whose eldest sister *m.* Robert Rolle, esq. of Heanton Sackville Court,

in the county of Devon). Mr. Fortescue *m.* secondly, Lucy, daughter of Matthew, first Lord Aylmer, and was *s.* at his decease by the eldest son of his first marriage,

SIR HUGH FORTESCUE, K.B., who was summoned to parliament 16th March, 1721, as *Lord Clinton*, in right of his maternal grandmother, the abovementioned Margaret, daughter and co-heiress of Theophilus, Earl of Lincoln, and Baron Clinton, and was created *Baron Fortescue, of Castle Hill, in the county of Devon*, 5th July, 1746, and *EARL OF LINCOLN*; the barony of Fortescue to revert, in default of male issue, to his half-brother, Matthew Fortescue, esq. The earl dying *s. p.* 3rd May, 1751, the earldom expired; the barony of Clinton passed to Margaret, only daughter and heiress of Samuel Rolle, esq. of Heanton Sackville Court, in the county of Devon, widow of Robert, second Earl of Orford, and granddaughter of Robert Rolle, mentioned above; while the barony of Fortescue devolved, according to the limitation, upon

MATTHEW FORTESCUE, esq. as second baron. His lordship *m.* 8th June, 1752, Anne, second daughter of John Campbell, esq. of Calder, North Britain, and of Stackpole Court, in the county of Pembroke, by whom (who *d.* in 1812) he had issue,

HUGH, present peer.

Matthew, captain R.N. *m.* first, in 1778, Henrietta, daughter of Colonel Archer, and has issue,

Matthew, *m.* in 1811, to Erskine, fourth daughter of James Christie, esq. and has issue.

William, in holy orders, *m.* Isabel, daughter of James Christie, esq. by whom (who *d.* in 1836) he has a son, Archer.

Captain Fortescue espoused, secondly, in 1795, Henrietta-Anne, only daughter of Sir Richard Hoare, bart. and widow of Sir Thomas Acland, bart. and has a son,

Henry, who *m.* 2nd November, 1824, Caroline, second daughter of the Right Hon. Sir Henry Russell, bart. and has a son, Francis-Henry.

Lucy, *m.* to the Rev. W. Harrington.

Sophia.

The baron *d.* in 1785.

*Creations*—Baron, 5th July, 1746. Viscount and Earl, 1st September, 1780.



3 R

*Arms*—First and fourth, *az.* a bend engr. *ar.* cottised or, for FORTESCUE; second and third, *ar.* six cross-crosslets fitchée *sa.* three, two and one, on a chief *az.* two mullets or, pierced gu. for CLINTON.

*Crest*—An heraldic tiger supporting with his fore paw a plain shield *ar.*

*Supporters*—Two greyhounds *ar.* each collared and lined gu.

*Motto*—Forte Scutum salus ducum.

*Town Residence*—17, Grosvenor-square.

*Seats*—Castle Hill, Devonshire; and Ebrington, Gloucestershire.

FOSTER, THE REVEREND SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Tullaghan, in the county of Monaghan; *m.* Dorcas, daughter of the Reverend Archdeacon House, of the county of Cork, by whom he has issue,

1. GEORGE. 2. Letitia-Anne.

3. Sophia-Maria.

Mr. Foster was created a BARONET OF IRELAND 15th January, 1794.

#### Lineage.

JOHN FOSTER, esq. a lieutenant-colonel in the royal army, went to Ireland with Lord Conway and Sir Thomas Rawdon; but, after the king's death, and the arrival of Cromwell in that kingdom, Colonel Foster joined the ranks of the usurper, and was rewarded by a grant of the great Tullaghan estate, A.D. 1660, which grant was confirmed by King Charles II., in 1666. He *d.* in 1676, and was *s.* by eldest son,

THE REV. JOHN FOSTER, who was *s.* in 1704, by his eldest son,

JOHN FOSTER, esq. to whom *s.* in 1738,

NICHOLAS FOSTER, esq. This gentleman *m.* Charlotte, daughter of John Foster, esq. of the county of Louth, and aunt of the Right Hon. John Foster, first Lord Oriel, by whom he had nine children, the third eldest of whom, the Rev. Thomas Foster, was created a BARONET OF IRELAND, as stated above, and *s.* to the estates of his family upon the demise of his elder brother, John, without male issue.

*Creation*—15th January, 1794.



*Arms*—*Sa.* a chev. erm. betw. three pheons ppr.

*Crest*—On a wreath, an arm embowed in armour, the hand bare, grasping the butt end of a broken spear, all ppr.

*Seat*—Tullaghan, in the county of Monaghan.

**FOSTER, RIGHT HONORABLE SIR AUGUSTUS JOHN**, baronet, of Stonehouse, in the county of Louth; b. in December, 1780; m. 18th March, 1815, Albinia Jane, daughter of the Hon. George Vere Hobart, second son of George, third Earl of Buckinghamshire, and has issue,

FREDERICK GEORGE.

Cavendish-Henry.

Vere-Hobart.

This gentleman, who is envoy-extraordinary and minister-plenipotentiary to the court of Sardinia, was created a baronet in September, 1831.

### Lineage.

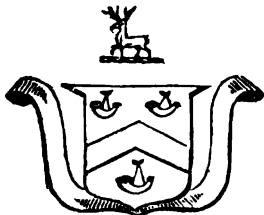
THE REV. THOMAS FOSTER, D.D. Rector of Dunleer, in the county of Louth, m. Dorothy, daughter of William Burgh, esq. of Birt, in the county of Kildare, and was s. by his son,

JOHN-THOMAS FOSTER, esq. of Dunleer, some time M.P., m. Lady Elisabeth Hervey, daughter of Frederick-Augustus, fourth Earl of Bristol and Bishop of Derry, by whom (who m. after his decease, William, fifth Duke of Devonshire) he had issue.

Frederick-Thomas, b. in 1777.

AUGUSTUS JOHN, created a BARONET as above. Mr. Foster d. in 1795.

Creation—September, 1831.



Arms—Ar. a chevron vert between three bugles sa. stringed gu.

Crest—A stag ppr.

Residence—Sardinia.

**FOULIS, SIR JAMES**, baronet, of Colinton, in the county of Edinburgh, (and lineal descendant of Sir John Foulis, baronet, of Ravelston, which latter dignity was forfeited by the second baronet, Sir Archibald Primrose, who was beheaded for high treason, in 1745, at Carlisle;) b. 9th September, 1770; m. in 1810, Agnes, eldest daughter of John Grier, esq. of Edinburgh, by whom he has issue,

1. WILLIAM, b. 27th July, 1812.

2. John. 3. Agnes. 4. Jane.

Sir James s. to the honors of the family upon the demise of his kinsman, Sir James Foulis, in 1825, and is the seventh baronet of Colinton.

### Lineage.

It is universally admitted, that the surname of Foulis is of Norman origin. The progenitor of the family came into England either at, or before the Conquest, and his armorial bearings being three leaves, called *Fewilles*, in the old Norman, it is certain that the name was either given to the family whilst residing in South Britain, or else assumed by the individual who first took up his abode in Scotland, in the reign of Malcolm Canmore, when surnames were for the first time adopted.

JAMES FOULIS, esq. of Colinton, living temp. Queen Mary, and James VI. of Scotland, m. Agnes Heriot, heiress of Lumphoy, and had issue four sons,

JAMES his successor.

George, progenitor of the Ravelston family.

David, progenitor of the English baronets,

Foulis, of Ingleby Manor, in the county of York.

John, of Leadhills; whose granddaughter,

Anne, heiress of Leadhills, m. Sir James

Hope, of Hopetoun, from whom the earls of Hopetoun descend.

This James Foulis was s. at his decease, by his eldest son,

SIR JAMES FOULIS, knt. This gentleman m. Mary, daughter of Sir John Lauder, of Hatton, and was s. by his only son,

1. ALEXANDER FOULIS, esq. who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, with remainder to his heirs male whatsoever, 7th June, 1634. Sir Alexander m. Elizabeth, daughter of Robert Hepburn, esq. of Ford, great-granddaughter of the Earl of Bothwell, and relict of the great sheriff of Bute; (by whom she had a son, the progenitor of the Marquess of Bute). By this lady, Sir Alexander had one daughter, who m. the first Earl of Hadington, and an only son, his successor,

2. SIR JAMES. This gentleman had the honor of knighthood conferred upon him during the lifetime of his father, and was actively engaged in the unfortunate warfare which ravaged Scotland, after the death of King Charles I. Having, along with others, attended a convention of the committee of estates, at Elliot, in Angus, he was betrayed into the hands of the English, and, with his companions, the Earls of Leven, Crawford, Marischall, Lord Ogilvy, and several gentlemen of rank, surprised on Thursday morning, 28th August, 1651, by a squadron of dragoons, commanded by Colonel Aldridge, who carried the whole party to Brugh, and consigned them thence in a vessel to London. After the restoration of the monarchy, Sir James was constituted, in 1661, one of the senators of the college of justice; and, in 1684, appointed lord-justice-clerk, which high offices he held under the titular designation of *Lord Colinton*. His lordship m. Barbara, daughter of Alexander Ainsley, esq. of Dolphington; by whom he had two sons. He d. 18th January, 1688, and was s. by the elder,

3. SIR JAMES, a lord of session, privy-councillor, and member of the last Scottish parliament, in



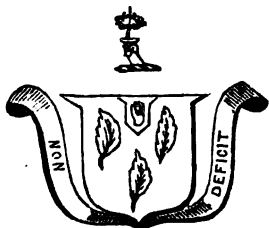
1706, at which time he joined the Duke of Hamilton and Atholl, and many others of the nobility and gentry, in their celebrated protest, made by Lord Errol, the earl marischal, respecting the most constitutional military defence of the house of legislature. He also joined in the protest which declared that an incorporating union of the two nations was inconsistent with the honor of Scotland. Sir James had, subsequently, a seat in the first British parliament. He m. Margaret, daughter of John Boyd, esq. dean of the guild of Edinburgh, descended of the family of Kilmarnock, by whom he had seven sons, of whom the second and fourth died without issue. Sir James d. in 1711, and was s. by his eldest son,

4. **SIR JAMES**; at whose decease, unmarried, in 1742, the title devolved upon his nephew,

5. **SIR JAMES**, eldest and only surviving son of Henry Foulis, esq. (third son of Sir James, the third baronet,) by Jean, daughter of James Foulis, esq. merchant, in Edinburgh, and niece of Sir John Foulis, of Ravelston, baronet, (so created in 1661.) This gentleman m. Miss Wightson, by whom he had two sons and three daughters, and was s. at his decease in January, 1791, by his only surviving son,

6. **SIR JAMES**. This gentleman m. twice: first, a Spanish lady; and, secondly, Miss Dallas; but having no issue, the title devolved upon his kinsman, **JAMES FOULIS**, esq. of Woodhall, the present baronet, great-great-grandson of Sir John Foulis, of Ravelston, baronet, which Sir John was cousin of the first baronet, of Colinton. The present Sir James represents, therefore, the house of Colinton, Woodhall, and Ravelston. The second baronet, of Ravelston, (who was son of the first baronet's eldest son, George-Primrose Foulis, esq. by whom the lands of Dunihace were inherited in right of his mother, Margaret, dowager of Sir Archibald Primrose, and mother of the first earl of Rosebery,) bore the designation of Sir Archibald Primrose, of Ravelston; which Sir Archibald m. his cousin, Lady Mary Primrose, daughter of the first Earl of Rosebery, and had an only son, Archibald, who d. in early life, issueless. Sir Archibald was involved in the rebellion of 1745, and beheaded at Carlisle, when his honors ceased.

*Creation*—7th June, 1634.



*Arms*—Ar. three bay-leaves, slipped, vert.  
*Crests*—A dexter hand, fesseways, couped at

the wrist, holding a sword in pale, sustaining a wreath of laurel, all ppr.

*Mottos*—(House of Colinton, "Mente manumque præsto." (House of Woodhall, "Non deficit." (House of Ravelston, "Thure et jure."

*Seat*—Woodhall, near Edinburgh.

**FOULIS, SIR WILLIAM**, baronet, of Ingleby Manor, in the county of York; b. in 1790; s. to the title, as eighth baronet, upon the demise of his father, in 1802; m. 11th May, 1825, Mary-Jane, second daughter of the late General Sir Charles Ross, bart., (and Lady Mary Ross, daughter of the second Duke of Leinster,) by whom he has issue,

Mary, b. 10th May, 1826.

### Lineage.

This is a branch of the house of Foulis, baronets of Nova Scotia, springing from

1. **SIR DAVID FOULIS**, (third son of James Foulis, esq. of Colinton, by Agnes Heriot,) who accompanied King James I. into England, and having obtained a grant of Ingleby, in Yorkshire, was created a baronet, 6th February, 1619. In the subsequent reign, however, he fell into disgrace; and for resisting, in 1632, the commission issued to compel gentlemen to compound for neglecting to receive the honor of knighthood, he was brought before the star-chamber, when he was deprived of his official employments, committed to the Fleet, and fined £8000. His son and heir was also sent to the Fleet, and fined £500. Sir David m. Cordelia, daughter of Mr. Serjeant Fleetwood, recorder of London in the reign of Elizabeth, and dying in 1642, was s. by his son,

2. **SIR HENRY**, who was s. by his eldest son,

3. **SIR DAVID**, M.P. This gentleman d. in 1664, and was s. by his third and eldest surviving son,

4. **SIR WILLIAM**, who was s. in 1741, by his only son,

5. **SIR WILLIAM**. This gentleman m. in 1721, Mildred, eldest daughter of Henry, second Viscount Downe, by whom he had four daughters, and his successor,

6. **SIR WILLIAM**, who m. in 1758, Hannah, only daughter of John Robinson, esq. of Buckton, in the county of York, and was s. in 1780, by his eldest son,

7. **SIR WILLIAM**. This gentleman m. in 1780, Mary-Anne, second daughter of Edmund Turner, esq. of Panton House, Lincolnshire, by whom he had issue,

**WILLIAM**, present baronet.

**Henry**.

**Hannah**, m. in 1815, to the Rev. D. R. Currier.

**Mary-Anne**, m. in 1822, to Sir Tatton Sykes, bart.

**Sophia**, m. 21st August, 1823, to Philip Duncombe-Fauncefort Duncombe, esq. and has issue.

Sir William was appointed high-sheriff of the county of York in 1801, and *d.* before the expiration of his sheriffalty, 5th September, 1802.  
*Creation*—6th February, 1619.



*Arms*—Ar. three laurel or bay-leaves, erect, vert.

*Crest*—Ar. a cross fitchée sa.

*Seat*—Ingleby Manor, Yorkshire.

**FOWKE, SIR FREDERICK-GUSTAVUS**, baronet, of Lowesby, in the county of Leicester; *b.* in January, 1782; *m.* in October, 1815, Mary-Anne, only daughter and heiress of the late Anthony Henderson, esq. M.P., by whom he has three sons and a daughter. This gentleman, who is the third and only surviving son of Sir Thomas Fowke, knt. groom of the bed-chamber to his Royal Highness Henry-Frederick, Duke of Cumberland, by Anne, second daughter and co-heiress of Sir Isaac Woollaston, bart. of Lowesby Hall, was created a baronet, 7th February, 1814.



*Arms*—Vert, a fleur-de-lis ar.

*Crest*—A dexter arm, embowed, habited vert, cuff ar. holding in the hand an arrow or, barbed and flighted of the second, point downwards.

*Seat*—Lowesby Hall, Leicestershire.

**FOXFORD, BARON**, of Stackpole Court, in the county of Clare, created 11th August, 1815.

See Earl of Limerick.

**FRANKFORT, DE MONTMORENCY, VISCOUNT**, (Lodge-Raymond De Montmorency,) and Baron Frankfort of Galmoye, in the county of Kilkenny, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 24th November, 1806;

*s.* to the honors, as second viscount, upon the demise of his father, 21st September, 1822. His lordship is an officer in the 10th hussars.

### Lineage.

The noble and ancient family of Morres, or Morris, descended from the ducal house of Montmorency, (of which this is a branch,) came into England with the Norman Conqueror, and having obtained a grant of lands in the principality of Wales, soon after settled in the Isle of Anglesey.

HERVEY DE MONTE MARISCOR, the nephew of Richard, Earl Strongbow, accompanied his uncle in the expedition to Ireland, and obtained considerable territorial grants in the counties of Wexford, Tipperary, and Kerry, some of which still remain in the possession of the family, but the greater part has been carried by intermarriages into the houses of Leinster and Ormonde. From this Hervey, descended

SIR JOHN MORRES, baronet, of Knockagh, in the county of Tipperary, whose grandson,

HERVEY MORRES, esq. settled in the county of Kilkenny, upon lands obtained from Cromwell, and through his influence with the usurper, (into whose service he had entered,) preserved the property of his elder brother from confiscation. After the Restoration, Mr. Morres had the Cromwellian grant confirmed by King Charles II., and erected into the manor of Castlemorres, with ample privileges attached. This gentleman *m.* thrice, and left, by his last wife, Frances, daughter of the Honorable Pierce Butler, (son of Lord Viscount Galmoye,) an only son,

FRANCIS MORRES, esq. who *m.* in 1766, Catherine, daughter and heiress of Sir William Evans, of Kilcreen, in the county of Kilkenny, and left, with two elder sons,

REDMOND MORRES, esq. barrister-at-law, and M.P. for the city of Dublin, who *m.* Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Francis Lodge, esq. of that city, by whom he had issue,

Lodge-Evans, of whom presently.

Redmond, in holy orders, *m.* Mary-Eyre, only daughter and heiress of Edward D'Alton, esq. of Deer Park, in the county of Clare, and had (with junior issue)

1. Raymond-Hervey, lieutenant-colonel of hussars, and M.P.; who left at his decease in 1827, by Letitia, daughter of the Rev. N. C. Proby, Hervey-Francis.

Redmond-Hervey, *m.* in 1830, Anne-Matilda, daughter of Henry Revell, esq.

And two daughters.

2. Edward-D'Alton, lieutenant R.N.; *m.* in 1802, Mary-Anne, only child of John Peat, esq. and has issue.

Eleanor, *m.* to Robert Browne, esq. and *d.* in 1819.

Francess, *m.* to Andrew Prior, esq.

Elizabeth, *m.* to E. Hutchinson, esq.

Mr. Morris, *d.* in 1784, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

LODGE-EVANS MORRIS, esq. who performed a distinguished part in the political arena of Ireland, from 1708, when first returned to parliament, until that country ceased to be an independent kingdom, in 1801. In 1795, Mr. Morris was nominated secretary to the lord-lieutenant, and sworn of the privy-council. Upon the 30th July, 1800, the right honorable gentleman was called to the upper house, by the title of *Baron Frankfort, of Galmoye*, and 22nd of January, 1816, advanced to a viscounty as *VISCOUNT FRANKFORT DE MONTMORENCY*, during which year his lordship obtained royal permission to adopt the ancient family surname of "*De Montmorency*," only. His lordship *m.* twice: first, Mary, daughter and sole heiress of Joseph Fade, esq. of Dublin, by whom he had no child; and, secondly, Catharine, daughter of Mr. George White, of Castle Bellingham, and had

1. LODGE-REYMOND, present peer.
2. Catharine-Penelope, *m.* to the Honorable Henry Montagu Brown.
3. Emilia-Elinor, *m.* to Richard-Wordsworth Cooper, esq.
4. Mary-Elizabeth.

His lordship *d.* 21st September, 1822.

*Creations*—Baron, 30th of July, 1800. Viscount, 22nd January, 1816.



*Arms*—Ar. a cross gu. between four eagles displayed sa.

*Crest*—A peacock in its pride ppr.

*Supporters*—Two angels ppr. hair and wings or, vested ar.

*Motto*—Dieu ayde.

*Town Residence*—Merrion-square, Dublin.

*Seats*—Frankfort, Kilkenny; and Maryville, Dublin.

FRANKLAND, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Thirkelby, in the county of York; M.P. *b.* 16th July, 1784; *m.* 30th November, 1815, Louisa-Anne, third daughter of the late Right Hon. and Right Rev. Lord George Murray, Bishop of St. David's, and has issue

Augusta-Louisa.  
Caroline-Agnes.  
Emily-Anne.  
Julia-Roberta.  
Rosaland-Alicia.

Sir Robert, *s.* to the title, as seventh baronet, at the decease of his father, 4th January, 1831.

### Lineage.

SIR HENRY FRANKLAND, knt. of Thirkelby, in the county of York, *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir Arthur Harris, knt. of Crekesey, in the county of Essex, and left a son,

1. SIR WILLIAM FRANKLAND, of Thirkelby, who had been created a baronet 24th December, 1660, prior to the decease of his father. Sir William *m.* Arabella, daughter of the Hon. Henry Bellasyse, eldest son of Thomas, Viscount Fauconberg, by whom he had (with a daughter)

THOMAS, his successor.

Henry, of Sowerby, *d.* unmarried.

John, in holy orders, vice-chancellor of the university of Cambridge, and dean of Ely. The baronet was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR THOMAS. This gentleman, upon marrying Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Russell, bart. by Frances, daughter of the usurper, Cromwell, obtained a considerable estate at Chiswick, by deed of gift from his uncle, Thomas, Earl Fauconberg, who had married Mary, another daughter of Cromwell's, and *d. s. p.* 31st December, 1700. The issue of this marriage were seven sons and three daughters, of whom

THOMAS, the eldest son, *s.* his father.

Henry, the fourth son, *d.* governor of Bengal, in 1738, leaving by Mary, daughter of Alexander Cross, esq. besides other children,

Charles-Henry, fourth baronet.

Thomas, fifth baronet.

Sir Thomas *d.* in 1726, and was *s.* by his son,

3. SIR THOMAS, M.P. This gentleman *m.* first, Dinah, daughter and heiress of Francis Topham, esq. of Agelthorpe, in the county of York, by whom he acquired a considerable fortune, and had two daughters, Betty, *m.* to John Morley-Trevor, esq. of Glinn Bourne, Sussex, M.P. and Dianah, *m.* to George-Henry Lee, Earl of Lichfield. Sir Thomas *m.* secondly, Sarah, daughter of Mr. Moseley, of the county of Worcester, but had no surviving issue. He *d.* in 1747, and was *s.* by his nephew,

4. SIR CHARLES-HENRY. This gentleman *d.* without issue in 1768, and was *s.* by his brother,

5. SIR THOMAS, a naval officer of high reputation, and admiral of the white. He *m.* in May, 1743, Sarah Rhett, granddaughter of the chief-justice of the province of South Carolina, by whom he had a numerous family. He *d.* 20th November, 1784, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

6. SIR THOMAS, *b.* in 1750; *m.* in 1775, Dorothy, daughter of William Smelt, esq. by whom (who *d.* in 1820) he had an only surviving child, ROBERT, present baronet. Sir Thomas *d.* 4th January, 1831.

*Creation*—24th December, 1660.

*Arms*—As. a dolphin, naiant, embowed, or, on a chief of the second, two saltiers, gu.



*Crest*—On a wreath, a dolphin ar. hauriant, and entwined round an anchor erect ppr.

*Motto*—Libera terra, liberque animus.

*Town Residence*—Cavendish-square.

*Seat*—Great Thirkelby Hall, North Riding, Yorkshire.

FRASER, SIR JAMES-JOHN, baronet, of Leadclune, in the county of Inverness; s. to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his brother, in 1827.

#### Lineage.

The founder of the family of Fraser is said to have been one Pierre, a Frenchman, (see Lord Saltoun,) who arrived in Scotland in the reign of King Achais, when the famous league was entered into with France. The posterity of this individual became Thanes of the Isle of Man, and afterwards settling in Tweeddale, generally adopted the surname of Fraser, when such designations came into use.

1. WILLIAM FRASER, esq. (directly descended from Hugh Fraser, first Lord Lovat, through Alexander, his second son,) was created a baronet 27th November, 1806. Sir William was in the naval service of the East India Company, and commanded two of their ships, viz. the Lord Mansfield in 1772, which was lost in coming out of the Bengal river in 1773; and the Earl of Mansfield, from 1777 to 1785. He m. Elizabeth, daughter of James Farquharson, esq. a merchant of London, by whom he had three sons and nine daughters, and dying 16th February, 1818, was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR WILLIAM, at whose decease unmarried, in India, 23rd December, 1827, where he held an official employment, the title devolved upon his only surviving brother, JAMES-JOHN, the present baronet.

*Creation*—27th November, 1806.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, az. a bend engr. ar. (for Fenton,) between three cinquefoils (or frasers) of the last, (for FRASER,); a dexter canton, gyronny of eight, or, and sa. (to show the descent of the family of FARRALINE, by marriage with the only daughter of GARTHEG, who was descended from the family of ARCYLL:) second and third, ar. three antique crowns gu.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a buck's head, erased, gu.

*Supporters*—Two stags ppr. attired and unguled or, collared az. pendent therefrom an ecutcheon, gyronny of eight or, and sa. each resting one foot on an anchor of the last.

*Motto*—Je suis prest.

*Seat*—Ray Lodge, Woodford.

FREDERICK, SIR RICHARD, baronet, of Burwood House, in the county of Surrey; b. 30th December, 1780; inherited the title, as sixth baronet, at the decease of his father, 16th January, 1825.

#### Lineage.

This family deduces its descent from

SIR JOHN FREDERICK, knight, a merchant of great opulence, who was elected lord-mayor of the city of London, in 1662. Sir John was president of Christ's Hospital, to which establishment he was a liberal benefactor, by rebuilding the hall after the fire of London, at the expense of £5000., and greatly promoting the formation of a mathematical school; for which very important services his picture was suspended in the great room of the hospital. This wealthy citizen was s. by his son,

THOMAS FREDERICK, esq., of Westminster, who m. Leonora, daughter and heiress of Charles Marescoe, esq., of London, merchant, and had issue,

JOHN, his successor.

Thomas (Sir), governor of Fort St. David, in the East Indies, who, dying in 1730, left, with other issue, by Mary, daughter of — Moncrief, esq., of Scotland,

John, who s. as fourth baronet.

Charles, K.B., surveyor-general of the ordnance, m. Lucy, daughter of Hugh, first Lord Falmouth, and had issue.

Marescoe, a general-officer in the army, m. Sarah, daughter of Robert Pickering, esq., and left two sons,

Thomas.

Robert, late lieutenant-colonel of the 55th regiment.

Mr. Frederick was s. by his elder son,

1. JOHN FREDERICK, esq., who was advanced to a baronetcy 10th June, 1723, with eventual remainder to his brother, Sir Thomas Frederick. Sir John m. Miss Kinnerdale, by whom he had two sons, and dying in 1763, was s. by the elder,

2. SIR JOHN, who d. unmarried, in 1757, when the title devolved upon his brother,

3. SIR THOMAS. This gentleman having only daughters, the title, at his decease, reverted to his kinsman,

## FRE

4. **SIR JOHN**, (refer to issue of Thomas Frederick, father of the first baronet,) who m. in 1741, Susannah, daughter of Sir Roger Hudson, of Sunbury, knight, and one of the co-heiresses of her brother, Vansittart Hudson, esq., by whom he had two sons and three daughters. Sir John d. 9th April, 1783, and was s. by his only surviving son,

5. **SIR JOHN**, b. 18th March, 1740; m. Mary, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Richard Garth, esq., of Morden, by whom (who d. in 1794) he had issue,

**JOHN**, lieutenant in the Coldstream regiment of foot-guards, who d. in consequence of a wound received on the landing at Aboukir Bay, in Egypt, and was buried on Nelson's Island.

**RICHARD**, present baronet, and lieutenant-colonel of the second regiment of Surrey militia.

**Thomas-Nathan**, lieutenant in the royal navy; m. Charlotte, daughter of Robert Berney, esq., of Anningley, in the county of Surrey, and d. in 1818.

**Christopher**, in holy orders.

**Edward-Henry**, an officer in the army.

**Roger**, an officer in the army.

**Susan-Elizabeth**.

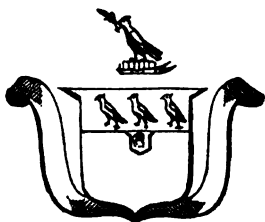
**Charlotte**, m. to the Rev. R. A. St. Leger, of Star Cross, near Exeter.

**Mary**, m. to James-Channess Fyler, esq., of Twickenham.

**Frances**, m. to Robert, second son of Robert Fellowes, esq., of Shottisham, in the county of Norfolk.

**Sir John Frederick**, who represented the county of Surrey for several years in parliament, d. 10th January, 1825.

*Creation*—10th June, 1723.



*Arms*—Or, on a chief, az., three doves, ar.

*Crest*—On a chapeau, az., turned up erm. a dove, as in the arms, holding in his beak an olive branch, ppr.

*Seat*—Burwood House, Surrey.

**FREELING, SIR FRANCIS**, baronet, of Ford and Hutchings, in the county of Sussex; b. 25th August, 1764; m. first, 24th April, 1787, Jane, daughter of Mr. Christian Karstadt, of London, by whom (who d. in 1796,) he has issue,

**GEORGE-HENRY**, assistant-secretary of the post-office, b. in 1780; m. in 1816, Jane,

## FRE

daughter of Robert Lang, esq. of Mbor Park, in the county of Surrey, and has issue.

**John-Clayton**, secretary to the board of excise, b. in 1794; m. in 1813, Mary, daughter of Edward Coxe, esq. of Hampstead, and has issue.

**Charlotte**, m. in 1821, to James-Hayward Markland, esq. barrister-at-law.

**Sir Francis** m. secondly, in 1800, Mary, daughter of Francis Newberry, esq. of Addiscombe, in the county of Surrey, by whom (who d. in 1804,) he has an only daughter, Mary-Martha; and, thirdly, in 1805, Emily-Henrietta, daughter of the late Rev. Sir Peter Rivers, bart. by whom he has

**Francis-Rivers**, b. 31st July, 1800.

**Charles-Rivers**, b. 2nd May, 1811.

**Frances-Emilia**.

This gentleman, who has filled the office of secretary to the general post-office for more than thirty years, obtained his baronetcy by patent of creation, dated 11th March, 1828.



*Arms*—Per fesse indented or and gu., three unicorn's heads, two and one, erased counter-changed.

*Crest*—A unicorn's head erased, per pale indented erm. and gu. armed, tufted, and crined or.

*Motto*—Nunquam nisi honorificissime.

*Seats*—Ford, and Hutchings, Surrey.

**FREEMANTLE, SIR THOMAS FRANCIS**, baronet, of Swanburne, in the county of Buckingham, so created, with eventual remaindership to the issue of his deceased father, 14th August, 1821; m. in 1824, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of General Sir George Nugent, bart., and has issue,

— (son) b. 30th January, 1830.

— (son) b. 12th December, 1831.

**Mary**.

**Eliza-Jane**.

**Sir Thomas** is a baron of the Austrian empire.

### Lineage.

**JOHN FREEMANTLE**, esq. of Aston Abbots, in the county of Bucks, m. Frances, daughter and co-heiress of John Edwards, esq. of Bristol, and

had four sons and three daughters. The third son,

SIR THOMAS-FRANCIS FREEMANTLE, an eminent naval officer, a participant in the triumphs of Copenhagen and Trafalgar, attained the rank of vice-admiral of the blue, and the grand cross of the Bath, with several foreign orders. Sir Thomas *m.* in 1798, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Richard Wynne, esq. of Falkingham, in the county of Lincoln, and had, with four daughters,

1. THOMAS-FRANCIS, created a baronet as above.
2. Charles-Howe, captain R.N.
3. William-Robert.
4. Stephen-Greville.

Admiral Freemantle was created by the Emperor Francis, 29th November, 1816, a baron of the Austrian empire; a dignity which his son, the baronet, obtained royal permission, 22nd January, 1822, to inherit.

*Creation*—14th August, 1821.



*Arms*—Vert, three barrulets, erm. in chief, two plates, over all a lion rampant gu. murally crowned or.

*Vest*—Out of a mural crown or. a demi-lion rampant gu. charged on the shoulder with a plate, and holding in the paws a standard, quarterly ar. and or, staff of the last.

*Supporters*—Two eagles sa.

*Seat*—Swanburne, Bucks.

**GAGE, VISCOUNT, (Henry-Hall Gage.)** of Castle Island, in the county of Kerry; Baron Gage, of Castlebar, in the county of Mayo, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Gage, of High Meadow, in the county of Gloucester, in the peerage of Great Britain, and a baronet; *b.* 14th December, 1791; *s.* to the honors, as fourth viscount, upon the demise of his father, 29th January, 1808; *m.* 8th March, 1813, Elizabeth-Maria, eldest daughter of the Hon. Edward Foley, by whom he has issue,

1. HENRY-EDWARD-HALL, *b.* 9th January, 1814.
2. William, *b.* 12th September, 1820.
3. Edward-Thomas, *b.* 28th December, 1825.
4. Elizabeth-Maria.
5. Anna-Maria.
6. Caroline-Harriet.

### Lineage.

The family of Gage, which is of Norman extraction, derives its descent from De Gaga, Gauge, or Gage, who accompanied William the Conqueror into England, and was rewarded with large grants of land in the forest of Dean, and the county of Gloucester; adjacent to which forest he fixed his abode, and erected a seat at Clerenwell, otherwise Clurewell; he also built a large mansion-house in the town of Cirencester, where he died, and was buried in the abbey there. The ancestor of the present Lord Gage,

JOHN GAGE, whose name is found in deeds temp. Henry IV., and who was lineally descended from the Norman, left a son,

JOHN GAGE, who *m.* Joan, daughter and co-heir of John Sudgrove, of Sudgrove, in the county of Gloucester. The son and successor of this John,

SIR JOHN GAGE, *knt.* made great additions to his estate, by purchases, and, further, by marrying Eleanor, daughter and heir of Thomas St. Clere, esq., lord of the manor of Aston Clinton, in the county of Bucks. The grandson of Sir John, another

SIR JOHN GAGE, *knt.* was a distinguished soldier and statesman, in the reigns of Henry VIII. Edward VI. and Queen Mary, and his services are thus detailed in an ancient MS. written by his third son, Robert Gage, of Haling, in the county of Surrey:

"Sir John Gage, *knt.* who was, after his father's death, in ward to W. Stafford, Duke of Buckingham: and after his marriage to my mother, daughter of Sir Richard Guldeford, was preferred by the said duke to King Henry the Eighth's service, and distinguishing himself at the siege of Trevon, was thereupon made captain of the castle of Calais (usually called Guynes), shortly after was sent for home, and knighted, and made of the privy-council, vice-chamberlain, and captain of the guards; few years after, for services done on the borders of Scotland, at his return, was made comptroller of the household, and chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster, in one day. In a few days after, he was made constable of the Tower of London, and, the next St. George's feast, knight of the most noble order of the Garter; at the winning of Bullogne (39th Henry VIII.) he was in joint commission with Charles, Duke of Suffolk, lord-lieutenant of his majesty's camp, and for sundry services there with Sir Anthony Brown, *knt.* master of the horse, was made general captain of the bands of horsemen. After the death of our sovereign lord, King Edward VI. at the coming of queen Mary, was made her lord-chamberlain. Thus, having served in all these rooms and offices, truly, faithfully, and painfully, from the first year of our sovereign lord, Henry VIII. of famous memory, unto the fifth year of Queen Mary, untouched with any reproach, or unfaithful service, at this time, being seventy-seven years of age, he ended his life, in favour with his prince, at his own house, at Firlie, in Sussex."

This eminent person *m.* Philippa, daughter of

Sir Richard Galdesford, K.G. and was s. by his eldest son,

SIR EDWARD GAGE, K.B. who m. Elizabeth, daughter of John Parker, esq. of Willingdon, in Sussex, and dying in 1608, was s. by his eldest son,

JOHN GAGE, esq. at whose decease, s. p. the estates, including no less than fifteen manors, devolved upon his nephew,

1. JOHN GAGE, esq. who was created a baronet 26th March, 1632. Sir John m. Penelope, widow of Sir George Trenchard, and daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Darcy, Earl Rivers, by Mary his wife, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Kitson, knt. of Hengrave, in the county of Suffolk, (see *Burke's Extinct and Dormant Peerage*), by whom he had four sons and five daughters:

John, the second son, died without issue.

Edward, succeeding to his mother's inheritance, at Hengrave, was created a baronet, and became the founder of the Gages, of Hengrave (see that title).

Henry, who m. Henrietta, daughter of Thomas, Lord Jermyn, of Rushbrook, and left a son, John Gage, esq. of Princethorpe, in the county of Norfolk, and a daughter, Mary, who took the veil.

Sir John Gage was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR THOMAS, of Fife, who m. Mary, eldest daughter and co-heir of John Chamberlain, esq. of Sherburn, in the county of Oxford, and had, (with three daughters),

THOMAS, } third and fourth baronets.  
JOHN, }

Joseph, who inherited Sherburn from his mother, whereby Sherburn Castle became the family seat, but was sold, with the estate appertaining, in 1716, to Thomas, Earl of Macclesfield. Mr. Joseph Gage m. Elizabeth, daughter of George Penraddock, esq. of Hampshire, and eventually heir to her brothers: by this lady he acquired a considerable fortune, and had issue,

1. THOMAS, who was created a peer of Ireland, by letters patent dated 14th September, 1730, as *Baron Gage, of Castlebar, and Viscount GAGE, of Castle Island*. In 1732, his lordship received the thanks of the house of commons, for detecting the fraudulent sale of the forfeited estates of Lord Derwentwater. In 1744, he became representative of the family, and inherited the baronetcy.

2. Joseph, who acquired an immense fortune by the Mississippi scheme, but lost it all upon that bubble's bursting. He subsequently retired into Spain, and engaging in the mines of that kingdom, again obtained wealth and honor. He became eventually a grandee of the first class, and commander-in-chief of the army in Lombardy. He

m. Lady Lucy Herbert, daughter of William, first Marquess of Powys.

3. Elizabeth, m. to John Weston, esq. of Sutton, in Surrey.

4. Anne, m. to Richard-Arundel Bealing, esq. of Langherne, in Cornwall.

Sir Thomas d. about the year 1666, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR THOMAS; at whose decease, unmarried, 22nd November, 1666, the title devolved upon his brother,

4. SIR JOHN, who m. first, Mary, daughter of Thomas Middlemore, esq. of Eggebaston, in Warwickshire, by whom he had two daughters, Mary, m. to Sir John Shelley, bart. and Bridget, m. to Thomas Bellasis, Viscount Fauconberg. Sir John Gage espoused, secondly, Mary, daughter of Sir William Stanley, bart. of Horton, and had three sons and an only daughter, Mary, m. to Lord Teynham, but died without issue. The baronet was s. at his decease by his eldest son,

5. SIR JOHN. This gentleman d. in January, 1709, and was s. by his brother,

6. SIR THOMAS, at whose decease, upon his travels, in 1713, the title and large estates devolved upon his only surviving brother,

7. SIR WILLIAM, who, conforming to the church of England, was elected to the last parliament of King George I., as representative of the town of Bedford, in Somerset, for which place he served until his decease. Sir William was installed a knight of the Bath, 17th July, 1723, and dying, unmarried, 23rd April, 1744, the estates devolved upon his sisters, Lady Shelly and Viscountess Fauconberg, while the title reverted to his kinsman,

THOMAS GAGE, Viscount GAGE, of *Castle Island, and Baron GAGE, of Castlebar*, and has since merged in the superior honors. His lordship m. first Benedicta-Maria-Theresa, only daughter and heiress of Benedict Hall, esq. of High Meadow, in the county of Gloucester, by whom he had issue,

WILLIAM-HALL, his successor.

Thomas, the celebrated General Gage, commander-in-chief of his Majesty's forces in North America, who m. Margaret, daughter of Peter Kemble, esq. president of the council of New Jersey, and, dying in 1788, left issue,

HENRY, who s. as third viscount.

John, b. in 1767, m. in 1793, Mary, only daughter and heir of John Milbank, esq., and has issue,

1. Thomas-Wentworth, in holy orders, m. in 1831, Mary-Elizabeth, dau. of the Marquess of Queensberry.

2. Mary, m. to Henry-Peter Delme, esq.

3. Charlotte-Margaret, m. to John-Hodgetts-Hodgetts Foley, esq. M.P.

4. Frances.

William-Hall, rear-admiral of the red, b. in 1779.

Maria-Theresa, m. to Sir James Crawford, bart.

Louisa-Elisabeth, m. to Sir James Henry Blake, bart.  
Harriet.

Charlotte-Margaret, m. to Rear-admiral Sir Charles Ogle, bart., and d. in 1814.  
Emily, m. to the Earl of Abingdon.

Theresa.

His lordship m. secondly, Mrs. Bond, relict of Henry Jermyn Bond, esq. of Bury St. Edmunds, by whom he had no child. He d. in 1754, and was s. by his elder son,

WILLIAM-HALL, second viscount, b. 1st of January, 1718; created a British peer 7th October, 1780, by the title of *Baron Gage, of Firle, in the county of Sussex*. His lordship m. in 1757, Elisabeth, sister of Sampson, Lord Eardley, by whom he had an only son, who died in infancy. The viscount, thus deprived of direct descendants, obtained, 1st November, 1790, another British peerage, as *Baron Gage of High Meadows, in the county of Gloucester*, with remainder to his heir presumptive, and nephew, Major-general Henry Gage, son of the American commander-in-chief. His lordship d. 11th October, 1791, when the barony of Gage, of Firle, became extinct, and the other honors devolved upon the above mentioned

Major-general HENRY GAGE, as third viscount, who m. in 1782, Susanna-Maria, only daughter and heiress of William Skinner, esq. by whom he had issue,

HENRY-HALL, the present peer.

Thomas-William, who m. in 1824, Arabella-Cecil, daughter of Thomas-William St. Quintin, esq. of Sampson Hall, in the county of York, and has a son, b. in 1828. His lordship d. 29th January, 1808.

*Creations*—Baronet, 26th March, 1622. Baron, (British) 1st November, 1790. Irish viscount, 14th September, 1720.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, gyronny of four, az. and ar. a saltier gu.; second and third, az. the sun in splendor, or.

*Crest*—A ram, passant, ar. armed and unguled or.

*Supporters*—Two greyhounds, tennée, each gorged with a coronet, composed of fleurs-de-lis, or.

*Motto*—Courage sans peur.

*Seats*—Firle Place, Lewes, Sussex; and Westbury House, Hants.

GAGE, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Hengrave, in the county of Suffolk; b. 5th Sep-

tember, 1810; s. to the title, as eighth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 27th December, 1820.

### Lineage.

This is a branch of the noble house of Gage, Viscounts Gage, springing from

1. EDWARD GAGE, esq. third son of Sir John Gage, of Firle, baronet, by Lady Penelope Darcy,\* daughter and co-heiress of Thomas, Earl Rivers, granddaughter maternally of Sir Thomas Kytson, of Hengrave, and widow of Sir George Trenchard, through whom he inherited the Hengrave estate. Mr. Gage was knighted at the coronation of King Charles II., and created a baronet 16th July, 1662. Sir Edward m. five times, and had issue by all his wives but the last; viz. by Mary, daughter of Sir William Hervey, he had a son, (his successor,) and two daughters; by Frances, daughter of Walter, Lord Aston, he had a son; by Miss Anne Watkins, he had a son; and by Lady Elizabeth Fielding, daughter of George, Earl of Desmond, he had four sons and two daughters. He d. in 1767, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR WILLIAM, who m. first, Mary-Charlotte, only daughter of Sir Thomas Bond, baronet, of Peckham, Surrey, by whom he had two sons and six daughters. He espoused secondly, Merelina Jermyn, daughter and co-heir of Thomas, Baron Jermyn, of St. Edmundsbury, also co-heir to Henry Jermyn, Earl of St. Albans, and to Henry Jermyn, Lord Jermyn, of Dover; and relict of Sir Thomas Spring, bart. of Pakenham, in Suffolk, by whom he had no child. Sir William d. 8th Feb. 1737, and was s. by his grandson,

3. SIR THOMAS, (eldest son of his eldest son, Thomas, who d. in 1716, by Delarivier, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Simond D'Ewes, bart. of Stowhall, Suffolk). This gentleman d. unmarried, in 1741, when the title devolved upon his brother,

4. SIR WILLIAM, who d. in 1767, without issue, when the title reverted to his cousin,

5. SIR THOMAS-ROOKWOOD, grandson of Sir William, (second baronet,) through his second son, John, by Elizabeth, only child and heiress of Thomas Rookwood, esq. of Coldham Hall, Suffolk. This gentleman m. in 1746, Lucy, daughter and heir of William Knight, esq. of Kingerby, Lincolnshire, by whom he had issue,

THOMAS, his successor.

\* Lady Penelope Darcy. This fair lady and wealthy heiress was wooed by three suitors at the same time, and the knights, as in chivalry bound, were disposed to contest the prize with targe and lance; but the lady herself forbade the battle, and menaced the disobedient knights with her eternal displeasure, promising jocularly that if they had but patience, she would have them all in their turns, and she actually fulfilled her promise, for she espoused first, Sir George Trenchard, of Wolverton, Dorsetshire; secondly, Sir John Gage, of Firle; and thirdly, Sir William Hervey, of Ickworth.



Lucy, m. to George Maxwell, of Munches, Dumfriesshire, esq.

Elizabeth, m. to Henry Darell, of Cale Hill, Kent, esq.

Mary, m. to John Dutton, of Thurnham Hall, Lancashire, esq.

He d. in 1795, and was s. by his only son,

6. SIR THOMAS, who m. first, in 1779, Charlotte, daughter of Thomas Fitzherbert, esq. of Swinerton, in Staffordshire, and had surviving issue.

THOMAS, his successor.

Robert, of Coldham, who assumed the surname of Rookwood; m. twice, and has surviving issue, by his second wife, Eliza, only child of General Count O'Donnel. William.

John, of Lincoln's Inn, barrister-at-law, who has compiled a history of Hengrave, and the Gage family, with portraits and views.

And, secondly, in 1796, Charlotte, daughter of John-Hook Campbell, esq., Lord Lyon of Scotland, cousin of John, Lord Cawdor, by whom he had two daughters. He d. in 1798, and was s. by his eldest son,

7. SIR THOMAS. This gentleman m. Mary-Anne, daughter of Valentine, Earl of Kenmare, by whom he had two sons, THOMAS, the present baronet, and Edward. Sir Thomas d. in 1836. Creation—15th July, 1662.

Arms—Gyronny of four, az. and ar. a saltier gu.

Crest—On a wreath, a ram passant ar. armed, or.

Seats—Hengrave Hall, Suffolk.

\* For ENGRAVING, see ARMS of Lord Gage, without the quartering and supporters.

**GALLOWAY, EARL OF,** (George Stewart,) and Lord Garlies, in the peerage of Scotland; Baron Stewart, of Garlies, in the peerage of Great Britain; K.T. admiral of the blue; b. 24th March, 1768; m. 18th April, 1797, Jane, second daughter of Henry, first Earl of Uxbridge, by whom he has issue,

RANDOLPH, Lord Garlies, M.P. lord-lieutenant of Wigtownshire, and the stewardry of Kircudbright, b. 16th September, 1806.

Keith, b. 3rd January, 1814.

Jane, m. to George, Marquess of Blandford. Caroline.

Louisa, m. in 1804, to the Honorable W. Duncombe, M.P. eldest son of Lord Feverham.

His lordship s. to the honors, as eighth earl, upon the demise of his father, 14th November, 1806.

### Lineage.

The first of this family upon record is

SIR WALTER STEWART, son of Sir James Stewart, of Bonkyl, and grandson of Alexander, high-steward of Scotland, (whose great-grandson, through his second son, James, also high-steward,

ascended the Scottish throne, in 1371,) which Sir Walter obtained the barony of *Garlies* from John Randolph, Earl of Moray, by charter, wherein the earl denominates Sir Walter his uncle. Sir Walter Stewart was father of

SIR JOHN STEWART, of Dalswinton, who according to Rymer, was made prisoner at the battle of Durham, in 1346. He was likewise one of the hostages for King David Bruce, in 1357. This Sir John left issue.

SIR WALTER STEWART, of Dalswinton, whose daughter and heiress,

MARION STEWART, espoused, 17th October, 1366.

SIR JOHN STEWART, son of Sir William Stewart, of Jedworth, sheriff of Teviotdale, (said to be of the house of Darnley,) and left two sons,

1. William.

2. John, Provost of Glasgow.

The elder son,

SIR WILLIAM STEWART, of Dalswinton and Garlies, obtained the estate of Minto, in 1429, after much opposition from the Turnbulls, the former possessors. He was living in the year 1479, and had issue,

ANDREW, who predeceased his father, s.p.

ALEXANDER, (Sir) his successor.

Thomas, (Sir) of Minto, ancestor of Lord Blantyre.

Walter, of Tonderghie.

Sir William was s. by his eldest surviving son,

SIR ALEXANDER STEWART, of Garlies, who was s. by his only surviving son,

SIR ALEXANDER STEWART, of Garlies, whose grandson,

SIR ALEXANDER STEWART, of Garlies, was one of the prisoners taken at the rout of Solway, in November, 1543; and appears to have been released in 1543, on giving his son and heir, ALEXANDER, as his hostage. He m. twice, and had issue by his second wife, Margaret, daughter and heiress of Patrick Dunbar, esq. of Clugston (only). Sir Alexander d. in 1590, and was s. by (the son of his son ALEXANDER by Catherine, second dau. of William, fourth Lord Herries, which Alexander was killed with the Regent Lennox, in 1571) his grandson,

SIR ALEXANDER STEWART, of Garlies, who m. Christian, daughter of Sir Wm. Douglas, of Drumlanrig, and was s. in 1596, by his eldest son,

SIR ALEXANDER STEWART, who after receiving the honor of knighthood, was elevated to the peerage 19th July, 1607, by the title of *Baron of Garlies*, and upon the 9th September, 1623, his lordship was advanced to the *EARLDOM OF THE COUNTY OF GALLOWAY*, when he was sworn of the privy-council to King James VI. He m. Grisel, daughter of Sir John Gordon, of Lochinvar, and dying in 1640, was s. by his only surviving son,

SIR JAMES STEWART, baronet, (so created in 1627) as second earl, who was served heir to his elder brother, Alexander, Lord Garlies, in 1643. His lordship d. in 1671, and was s. by his eldest son,

ALEXANDER, third earl. This nobleman m.

Mary, daughter of James, second Earl of Queensberry, by whom he had three sons. His lordship was *s.* by the eldest.

ALEXANDER, fourth earl, who *d.* unmarried, in 1604, when the honors devolved upon his brother,

JAMES, fifth earl, who *m.* Catherine, daughter of Alexander, ninth Earl of Eglintoun, and dying in 1746, was *s.* by his eldest son,

ALEXANDER, sixth earl. This nobleman *m.* first, Lady Anne Keith, by whom he left an only surviving child, Mary, *m.* to Kenneth, Lord Portrose, eldest son of the attainted Earl of Seaforth. Lord Galloway espoused secondly, Catherine, youngest daughter of John, fourth Earl of Dundonald, and had several children. Under the act of abolishing heritable jurisdictions, in 1747, the earl was allowed for the bailliary of regality of Wethorn, and stewardry of Garlies in full of his claim, £6000. He *d.* in 1773, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN, seventh earl, K.T., and one of the lords of the bedchamber to his majesty, King George III. His lordship *m.* first, in 1762, Charlotte-Mary, daughter of Francis, first Earl of Warwick, by whom he had a son, who *d.* in infancy; He espoused in 1764, Anne, daughter of Sir James Dashwood, baronet, by whom (who *d.* 8th January, 1830) he had sixteen children, of whom reached maturity,

GEORGE, present earl.

William, *b.* in 1772, a lieutenant-general in the army, G.C.B., *m.* in 1804, Frances, daughter of the Honorable John Douglas, and left issue, at his decease in 1827,

1. Horatio, *b.* in 1806.
2. Louisa, *m.* in October, 1829, to David Baillie, esq.

Charles-James, *b.* in 1775, in holy orders, D.D. and Bishop of Quebec.

Montgomery-Granville-John, *b.* in 1780; *m.* in 1801, Catherine, daughter of Patrick Honeyman, esq. and has issue,

1. Alexander, *b.* in 1808.
2. James.
3. Anne.
4. Susan, *m.* to the Rev. E. W. Sewell.
5. Mary.
6. Sophia.
7. Catherine.
8. Caroline.
9. Jane.
10. Harriot.

Edward-Richard, *b.* in 1782; *m.* in 1805, Lady Catherine Charteris, third daughter of Francis, Lord Elcho, and has several children.

James, C.B. lieutenant-colonel in the army, *b.* in 1783; *m.* Henrietta-Anne, second daughter of the Rev. Spencer Madan, D.D. and has issue.

Catherine, relict of Sir James Graham, baronet.

Susan, Duchess of Marlborough.

Anne-Harriet, relict of Lord Spencer Chichester.

Elisabeth-Euphemis, *m.* to William Philips Inge, esq.

Charlotte, relict of Sir Edward Crofton, baronet.

Caroline, *m.* in 1808, to the Hon. and Rev.

George Rushout, and *d.* in 1818.

Georgiana-Charlotte, *m.* to Honorable W. Bligh, and *d.* in 1869.

The Earl of Galloway was enrolled amongst the peers of Great Britain, as *Baron Stewart, of Garlies, in the county of Wigton*, 6th of June, 1796. His lordship *d.* in November, 1868.

*Creations*—Baron, 19th July, 1687. Earl, 6th September, 1688; Scottish honors. Baron, 6th June, 1796; Great Britain. Baronet, 1627.



*Arms*—Or, a fesse, chequy, ar. and az., surmounted of a bend, engr. gu. within a tressure, flory, counterflory, of the last.

*Crest*—A pelican ar. winged or, in her nest, feeding her young, ppr.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a savage, wreathed about the head and loins with laurel, holding a club over his dexter shoulder, all ppr. SINISTER, a lion, gu.

*Motto*—Virescit vulnere virtus.

*Seat*—Galloway House, Wigtownshire.

*Note*.—The Earl of Galloway claims the representation of the Darnley family, and Andrew Stewart, in his "Genealogical History of the Stuarts," admits, (while he argues against the probability,) that if it can be established, that Sir William Stewart, of Jedworth, was the brother of Sir John Stewart, of Darnley, then the Earl of Galloway must be undoubted heir male and representative of the Darnley family, after the death of Cardinal York.

GALLWEY-PAYNE, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 16th April, 1831.

### Lineage.

This family assumed its name from Payne, in Normandy, and settled in England at the Conquest.

RALPH PAYNE, distinguished for his attachment to Charles I. early joined the royal standard, and was present at the battle of Worcester. He left issue,

Abraham.

Charles, created a baronet 31st October, 1737.

Nathaniel, who left an only daughter, who *m.* William Woodley, esq. governor of the Leeward Islands.

**The eldest son.**

ABRAHAM PAYNE, esq. m. Anne, daughter of Ralph Willet, esq. and was s. by his son,

RALPH PAYNE, esq. This gentleman m. first, Alice, daughter and heiress of Francis Carlise, of Antigua, esq. and had issue,

RALPH, created, in 1795, BARON LAVINGTON, a dignity which expired with his lordship. John.

Elisabeth.

He espoused secondly, Miss Margaret Gallwey, by whom he had, with other issue,

Stephen, who assumed the same and arms of Gallwey.

John, rear-admiral of the red, appointed commander-in-chief of the squadron sent to conduct her late majesty Queen Caroline to England, and d. unmarried.

**WILLIAM.**

The youngest son.

1. WILLIAM PAYNE, esq. was created a baronet 8th December, 1812, and assumed by sign manual in 1814 the surname and arms of Gallwey, in compliance with the testamentary injunction of Tobias-Wall Gallwey, esq. of the Island of St. Christopher. Sir William, who was a lieutenant-general in the army, m. 19th November, 1804, Lady Harriet Quin, only daughter of Valentine Richard, Earl of Dunraven, by whom he had issue,

WILLIAM, present baronet.

Fanny.

Louisa.

Caroline.

Sir William d. 10th April, 1831.

*Creation*—8th December, 1812.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, per fesse, or. and gu. in chief, an eagle displayed, sa. in base a castle ppr. for GALLWEY; second and third gu. a fesse between two lions passant ar. for PAYNE.

*Crest of Gallwey*—A cat passant, guardant.

*Crest of Payne*—A lion's gamb erased, holding the lower part of a tilting lance in bend.

**GALMOYE, VISCOUNT OF,** (Garret Butler,) of the county of Kilkenny, in the peerage of Ireland.

Although this dignity still lies under attainder, yet, in the hope that justice though tardy is not the less sure, we again place it amongst the existing peerages. It is the only one of those iniquitous forfeitures of the time

of WILLIAM now remaining—*forfeitures incurred, be it remembered, by devoted loyalty and enthusiastic valour.*

**Opinion of His Majesty's Attorney-General and Solicitor-General for Ireland.**

"Upon the whole of this case, we are humbly of opinion that the said Garret Butler, the claimant of said title of Viscount of Galmoye, has well proved his right to the same, in case said attainer were out of the way, and that his Majesty may, if he shall be graciously pleased so to do, recommend the proper measures to be taken to reverse the attainer created by the said act of William III. in order that the said title, honor, or dignity of Viscount of Galmoye, of the kingdom of Ireland, may be revived in the person of the petitioner, the said Garret Butler, the more so as such attainer arose from the acts of Piers, the third viscount, who was not the lineal ancestor of the said claimant, he having, as before stated, shewn his right to the said title through the uncle of the said Piers.

"All which is humbly submitted to your Excellency, as the report of your Excellency's obedient and very humble servants.

(Signed)

H. JOY.

"Dublin, 19th June, 1828.

JOHN DONERTY."

**Lineage.**

THOMAS BUTLER, tenth Earl of Ormonde and Earl of Ossory, K.G. surnamed from the darkness of his complexion, the "BLACK EARL," left, at his decease, in 1614, a legitimate daughter and heiress, and had, beside, an illegitimate son,

PIERS FITZ-THOMAS BUTLER, in whose favor the earl executed a deed of conveyance in 1597, (when the said Piers had reached majority) of certain church lands, considerable in amount, which had been granted by Queen Elizabeth, in 1576, to James Butler, the earl's brother, and which reverted to his lordship at the decease of the said James's son, James, without issue. This Piers Fitz-Thomas m. Katherine, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Thomas, Lord Slane, by whom he had two sons, and dying in 1601, was s. by the elder,

SIR EDWARD BUTLER, knt. who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 10th May, 1646, as VISCOUNT OF GALMOYE, in the county of Kilkenny. His lordship m. Anne, daughter of Edmund, second Viscount Mountgarret, by whom he had two sons, viz.

1. PIERS, of Barrowmount, colonel of dragoons in the royal army, who fell at the battle of Woropster in 1656, leaving by Margaret, daughter of the first Lord Netterville,

EDWARD, who s. his grandfather.

Richard, d. in 1678, without male issue.

Edmund, of Killoshulan, in the county of Kilkenny, ancestor of the present family.

Frances, m. to Hervey Morres, grandfather of the first Viscount Mountmorres.

Eleanor, m. to William Grace, esq. of Ballylinch.

2. Thomas, whose only child, Anne, m. William Cook, esq. of Painstown.

The viscount d. in 1663, and was s. by his grandson,

EDWARD, second viscount, who m. Eleanor, Lady Aston, daughter of Sir Nicholas White, knight, of Leixlip, in the county of Kildare, by whom he had two sons, Piers and Richard, the younger of whom m. and had issue,

JAMES, who assumed the title as fourth viscount, and d. s. p. in 1770.

Sophia, m. William Hay, esq. of Nantes, ancestor of the Chevalier Hay, of the same place.

His lordship d. in 1667, and was s. by his elder son,

PIERS, third viscount, a distinguished commanding officer in the royal army (King James's) at the battle of the Boyne, who was outlawed, in consequence, 11th May, 1691, but being in the October following one of the commissioners for the surrender of Limerick, his lordship was included, of course, in the celebrated treaty of that city; following, however, the fortunes of his royal master (who had created him Earl of Newcastle) into France, he was despoiled of all his estates and attainted, in 1697, by the statute 9th William III. chap. 5th. His lordship, who had the rank of lieutenant-general in the French service, dying in 1740, without male issue, the viscounty was assumed, notwithstanding the attainder, by his nephew, and next male heir,

COLONEL JAMES BUTLER, of the Irish brigade in the French service, (eldest son of the deceased lord's only brother, the Honorable Richard Butler, of his majesty King James's body-guard,) as fourth viscount. His lordship d. s. p. in 1770, when the dignity was assumed by the illegitimate son of his youngest brother, Captain Francis Piers Butler of the Irish brigade, by Catherine-Julie de Vallory, (a lady whom Captain Butler eventually married, and acknowledging the said son, legitimated him according to the laws of France, but, indisputably, not according to the laws of England.)

PIERS-LOUIS-ANTOINE, as fifth viscount. This Piers dying issueless in 1826, it is of no importance whether he assumed, consistently with the English law of descent, the representation of the family, or not; but, while he lived, the branch which should have inherited the peerage did not urge their claim, owing to ignorance of the taint in the birth of the said Piers: but, upon his decease, the present claimant and next male heir to the (assumed) fourth viscount, Garret Butler, esq. of Garrendenny Castle, in the Queen's county, lost no time in asserting his right, upon which the law-officers of Ireland have come to the favorable conclusion specified above. We shall now deduce the line of the said GARRET.

EDMOND BUTLER, esq. of Killoshulan, in the county of Kilkenny, (youngest son of the Honorable Piers Butler, and brother of Edward, the second viscount,) a major in the army of King James II., m. Catharine, daughter of Sir

Nicholas Crisp, of Luddenham, in the county of Kent, and dying in 1691, left a son,

PIERS BUTLER, esq. major of dragoons in King James's army, comprehended within the articles of Limerick. This gentleman m. Domville, eldest daughter of Sir Robert Hartpole, kn. of Shrute, and granddaughter of Sir William Domville, his majesty King Charles the Second's attorney-general, by whom he had

EDMOND BUTLER, esq. captain of dragoons in the service of King George II., who conformed to the protestant faith in 1719. This gentleman served the office of high sheriff of the Queen's county, and of the county of Kilkenny. He m. Miss Anne Skellerin, of Skellebourn, of Chester, by whom he had several children, and was s. by his son,

PIERS BUTLER, esq. (who, but for the attainder, would have succeeded at the decease of the fourth Viscount Galmoye, in 1776, owing to the illegitimacy of the person who assumed the dignity as fifth viscount.) This gentleman m. Mary, only daughter of Theobald Mandeville, esq. of Ballydine, and was s. by his only son,

EDMOND-THEOBALD-MANDEVILLE BUTLER, esq. who m. Elizabeth, daughter of Garret Nevile, esq. and niece of Sir Robert-Adare Hodson, baronet, by whom he had four sons,

1. Piers-Theobald.

2. Garret, (present assumed Viscount Galmoye.)

3. William. 4. Tobias.

Mr. Butler d. in 1815, and was s. in his estates by his eldest son,

PIERS-THEOBALD BUTLER, esq. at whose decease, unmarried, in 1824, the estates and representation of the family devolved upon his next brother,

GARRET BUTLER, esq. who, upon the demise of the (illegitimate) fifth viscount, Piers-Louis-Antoine, in 1826, as already stated, adopted the proper measure to establish his undoubted right to the peerage.

Creation—16th May, 1646.



Arms—Quarterly, first or, a chief indented as within a bordure vert: second, gu. three covered cups or: third, ar. a lion rampant sa. on a chief gu. a swan, wings expanded of the first, between two annulets or: fourth, ermine, a saltier gu.

Crest—A falcon arising out of a plume of feathers, ar.

Supporters—DEXTER, a lion gu. SINISTER, a wolf ppr. both collared and chained or.

Motto—Comme je trouve.

**GALWAY, VISCOUNT,** (William-George Monckton-Arundell,) and Baron Killard, of the county of Clare, in the peerage of Ireland, *b.* 28th March, 1782: *m.* 4th June, 1804, Catherine-Elizabeth, only surviving daughter of George Handfield, esq. by whom he has had issue,

GEORGE-EDWARD-ARUNDEL-MONCTON, *b.* 1st March, 1805.

Charles-Gustavus, *b.* 11th May, 1806, a lieutenant in the 98th regiment, killed in a riot at Corfu, 9th August, 1831.

Augustus-William, *b.* 8th April, 1806, in the royal navy.

Edmund-Gambier, *b.* 21st December, 1809.

Frederick-Smyth, *b.* 31st May, 1811.

Horace-Manners, *b.* 8th May, 1824.

Elizabeth-Celia, *b.* 20th September, 1812.

———— (a daughter) *b.* 5th March, 1831.

His lordship *s.* to the honors, as fifth viscount, at the demise of his father, 23rd July, 1810.

### Lineage.

This noble family deduces its descent from **SIMON MONCKTON**, esq. of Monckton, in the county of York, which lordship his posterity enjoyed, until converted into a nunnery in 1328, and hence denominated Nun Monckton. From this Simon descended lineally

**ROBERT MONCKTON**, esq. who became possessed of the lordship of Cavil, in the county of York, by intermarriage with (the great-great-granddaughter of Sir John Cavil, knight, of Cavil,) Eleanor, eldest daughter and co-heiress of William Moston, esq. of Huncoot, in the county of Warwick. The great-grandson of this marriage,

**SIR PHILIP MONCKTON**, knight, of Cavil, *b.* in 1576; *m.* Margaret, daughter and co-heiress of Francis Sulton, esq. and was *s.* by his son,

**SIR FRANCIS MONCKTON**, knight, who *m.* Margaret, daughter and co-heir of Thomas Savile, of Northgatehead, in the county of York, and was *s.* by his son,

**SIR PHILIP MONCKTON**, knight, of Hotheroid, in the county of York. This gentleman suffered fine, imprisonment, and exile in the cause of King Charles I. He *m.* Anne, daughter and heiress of Robert Eyre, esq. of Highlow, in the Peak, and county of Derby, sheriff of that shire, in 1658, (which Anne was maternally descended from William de Ferrers, Earl Ferrers, Derby, and Nottingham,) and was *s.* by his elder son,

**ROBERT MONCKTON**, esq. an active promoter of the Revolution, and after the accession of King William, a commissioner of trade and plantations, and member of parliament. Mr. Monckton *m.* Theodosia, daughter and co-heiress of John Fontayne, esq. of Melton, by whom he left an only surviving son,

**JOHN MONCKTON**, esq. who was created a peer of Ireland, 17th July, 1737, as *Baron Killard, of the county of Clare, and VISCOUNT GALWAY*. In 1734, his lordship was appointed one of the commissioners of his majesty's revenue in Ireland,

and took his seat in the house of lords there, 4th October, 1737. He *m.* first, Elizabeth, daughter of John, Duke of Rutland, by whom he had three sons and one daughter; and secondly, in 1734, Jane, fourth daughter of Henry-Warner West-enra, esq. by whom he had, with other issue,

John, who *d.* in 1830, leaving a daughter,

Mary-Anne, *m.* to Sir George Pigot, bart.

Edward, *m.* Sophia, dau. of George, Lord Pigot, by whom he has eight sons and three daughters.

Mary, *m.* in 1786, to Edmund, seventh Earl of Cork and Orrery.

He *d.* in 1761, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**WILLIAM**, second viscount, who had been appointed, in 1748, receiver-general of his majesty's crown and fee-farm rents, in the counties of York, Westmorland, Durham, &c. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Joseph da Costa Villa-Real, esq. a lady of considerable fortune, by whom he had two surviving sons. He obtained a license in 1769, granting to himself, his eldest son, his heirs male, and all others in remainder, as they should come into possession of certain real estates, devised to them by the will of his lordship's aunt, Lady Frances Arundell, sister of John, Duke of Rutland, and widow of Richard Arundell, only brother of John, Lord Arundell, of Trerise, to take upon them and to use respectively, the surname of "Arundell," and to bear the arms of that family. The viscount *d.* in 1772, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**HENRY-WILLIAM**, third viscount, who *d.* unmarried, in 1774, when the honors devolved upon his brother,

**ROBERT-MONCKTON-ARUNDELL**, fourth viscount, K.B. and a privy-councillor. This nobleman *m.* first, in 1790, Elizabeth, daughter of Daniel Mathew, esq. of Felix Hall, Essex, by whom he had surviving issue,

**WILLIAM-GEORGE**, present viscount, who obtained a license, in 1836, permitting him thenceforward to discontinue the use of the surname of Arundell before his titles of honor, but allowing his successors in the peerage, notwithstanding, to use that designation, and to be called by the surname of Monckton-Arundell. The surname of the younger children of his lordship is Monckton alone.

Carleton-Thomas, captain in the army, *b.* 9th January, 1797, and *d.* 11th May, 1830.

Elizabeth-Mary.

Henrietta-Maria, *m.* in 1806, to Robert Pemberton Milnes, esq. of Frystone Hall, York-shire.

Frances-Jane.

His lordship *m.* secondly, in 1803, Mary-Bridget, relict of Peter-Auriol-Hay Drummond, esq. and only child of Pemberton Milnes, esq. of Wakefield, in the county of York, by whom he had no issue. He *d.* 23rd July, 1810.

*Creation*—17th July, 1737.

*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, sa. six swallows, three, two, and one, ar. for ARUNDELL; second and third, sa. on a chev. between three

martlets or, as many mullets of the field, for MONCKTON.



*Crest*—Of ARUNDELL, on a chapeau *az.* turned up *erm.* a swallow *ar.*

*Crest*—Of MONCKTON, on a wreath, a martlet or.

*Supporters*—Two unicorns *erm.* crined, armed, and unguled, and each gorged with an eastern diadem or.

*Motto*—Cruci dum spiro fido.

*Seat*—Scriby Hall, Nottinghamshire.

**GAMBIER, BARON,** (James Gambier,) of Iver, in the county of Buckingham; admiral of the fleet, and knight grand cross of the Bath; *b.* 13th October, 1756; *m.* in 1798, Louisa, second daughter of Daniel Matthew, esq. of Felix Hall, in the county of Essex, by whom he has no issue. His lordship being brought up to the naval profession, attained the rank of post-captain in 1778, and continuing to distinguish himself, particularly under Lord Howe, on the memorable 1st June, 1794, when he commanded the Defence, was appointed colonel of Marines. In March, 1795, he was nominated a lord of the admiralty, which office he retained until February, 1801, when he hoisted his flag on board the Neptune, as third in command of the Channel fleet. In April, 1802, he was appointed commander-in-chief of the fleet, and governor of Newfoundland. Thence he returned to the admiralty in 1804, was removed in 1806, and re-appointed in 1807, in which latter year he was nominated naval commander-in-chief of the expedition against Copenhagen, and upon its successful termination, was elevated to the peerage, by the title of **BARON GAMBIER, of Iver.**

### Lineage.

**NICHOLAS GAMBIER**, a native of Caen, in Normandy, settled in England about the year 1690, and dying in 1724, left several children, of whom the eldest son,

**JAMES GAMBIER**, was warden of the Fleet prison, and *m.* Mary, daughter of — Mead, by whom he had, with other issue,

**JOHN**, of whom presently.

**James**, admiral of the red.

The eldest son,

**JOHN GAMBIER**, esq. *b.* 15th June, 1723, was lieutenant-governor of the Bahama Islands, and dying in 1768, left issue by his wife Deborah, daughter of — Stiles, esq. of the Island of Bermuda,

**Samuel**, first commissioner of the navy, *m.*

Jane, fourth daughter of Daniel Matthew, esq. of Felix Hall, Essex, and dying in 1813, left, with six daughters,

1. Charles-Samuel.

2. Robert, Capt. R.N. *m.* Caroline, dau. of Major-general Browne, and has issue.

3. Edward-John.

4. George, Capt. R.N. 5. Frederick.

6. Samuel, *m.* in 1836, to Maria Rowlands, eldest daughter of Captain R. Money, R.N.

**JAMES**, created **LORD GAMBIER** as above.

**Mary**, *m.* to Samuel Pitchford, esq. who assumed the name of **CORNISH**, admiral of the red.

**Susan**, *m.* to Richard Sumner, esq. of Devonshire, and *d.* a widow in 1782.

**Harriet**, *m.* to the Rev. Lascelles Iremonger, pretendary of Westminster, *d.* in 1836.

**Margaret**, *m.* to William-Morton Pitt, esq.

*Creation*—3rd November, 1807.



*Arms*—Ermine, a fesse, wavy, *az.* between three starlings *az.* beaked and legged *gu.*

*Crest*—Out of a naval crown or, an eagle, displayed, ermine, charged on the breast with an anchor *sa.*

*Supporters*—**Dexter**, a sailor, habited *ppr.* supporting a cross calvary *gu.*; **Sinister**, a female figure, representing Hope, vested *ar.* soned *gu.* mantle *az.* fringed or, on her breast the sun in splendour, of the fourth; her sinister hand resting upon an anchor *sa.*

*Motto*—Fide non armis.

*Seat*—Iver, Buckinghamshire.

**GARDINER-SMITHE-WHALLEY**, **SIR JAMES**, baronet, of Roch-Court, in the county of Hants; *b.* 2nd September, 1785; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 21st August, 1805; *m.* in 1807, Frances, second daughter of the late Oswald Mosely, esq. of Bolesworth Castle, in the county of Chester, by whom he has issue,

1. **JAMES**, *b.* 5th September, 1812.

2. John-Brocas, b. 18th March, 1814.
3. ———, a son, b. 16th February, 1819.
4. Frances-Elizabeth. 5. Barbara.
6. Grace-Emily. 7. Mary-Anne.

### Lineage.

1. JOHN WHALLEY, esq. M.P. (eldest son of Doctor Robert Whalley, of Oxford, by Grace, only daughter and heiress of Doctor Bernard Gardiner, and his wife Grace, daughter and ultimately sole heiress of Sir Sebastian Smythe, knt. physician to his majesty King William III.) assumed the surname and arms of Gardiner, upon inheriting the estates of his kinsman, Sir William Gardiner, bart., of Roch-Court, (who d. without issue, in 1779, when that title expired,) and was created a baronet 28th December, 1782, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his brothers and their issue male. Sir John-Whalley Gardiner at the demise of his great-aunt, 27th June, 1787, m. Miss Smythe, (an heiress,) of Cuddesden, in the county of Oxford, and having also succeeded to her estates, took the surname of "Smythe," before that of Gardiner. Dying in 1797, without issue, the title and estates devolved upon his brother,

2. SIR JAMES, who also assumed the additional surnames. This gentleman m. in 1784, Elizabeth, second daughter of the Rev. Dr. Asheton, by whom he had one son, JAMES, the present baronet. He m. secondly, in 1789, Jane, eldest daughter of the Rev. Dr. Masters, of Croston, in the county of Lancaster, by whom he had (with four daughters,)

1. ROBERT, who succeeded to his father's estate of Clerk Hall, in the county of Lancaster.

2. John. 3. William.

Sir James d. 21st August, 1805.

Creation—28th December, 1782.



*Arms*—Or, on a chev. gu. between three griffins' heads erased, az. two lions counter-passant of the field, (quartering WHALLEY and SMYTHE.)

*Crest*—A saracen's head, couped at the shoulders, ppr. on the head, a cap or, wreathed about the temples gu. and az.

*Seat*—Roch Court, Hampstead.

GARDNER, BARON, (Alan-Legge Gardner,) in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Gardner, of Uttoxeter, in the county of Stafford, in the peerage of the United Kingdom, and a baronet of England; b. 29th

January, 1810; s. to the honors, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 27th December, 1815.

### Lineage.

WILLIAM GARDNER, esq. of Coleraine, who commanded a company, within the walls of Derry, during the celebrated siege of that city, left a son,

WILLIAM GARDNER, esq. lieutenant-colonel of the eleventh regiment of dragoons, who m. in 1729, Elizabeth, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Valentine Farrington, esq. of Preston, in the county of Lancaster, M.D., by whom, with eleven other children, he had

1. ALAN GARDNER, who entered into the royal navy in 1755, was appointed lieutenant of the *Bellona* in 1760, and raised to the rank of post-captain in 1766; in 1788, Captain Gardner was appointed commodore and commander-in-chief of his majesty's ships at Jamaica; in 1793, he was elected to parliament for the borough of Plymouth, and constituted in the same year one of the lords of the admiralty; in 1793, he was promoted to the rank of rear-admiral of the blue; and in the following year, made rear-admiral of the white, major-general of the marines, and presented with a gold chain, by the king in person, as a mark of the royal approbation of the rear-admiral's conduct in the memorable actions of the 29th May and 1st June, 1794, under Earl Howe. On the 4th July following, Rear-admiral Gardner was promoted to the rank of vice-admiral of the blue, and created a baronet on the 6th of the ensuing August. On the 3rd November, 1795, Sir Alan received the thanks of the house of commons for his conduct in the action off Port L'Orient, under Lord Bridport, where he was second in command; in 1796, he was returned to parliament for Westminster; and in 1799, advanced to the rank of admiral of the blue. Sir Alan Gardner was elevated to the peerage of Ireland 29th December, 1800, as BARON GARDNER. His lordship was re-elected for Westminster in 1802, and created a peer of the United Kingdom, by the title of BARON GARDNER, of Uttoxeter, in the county of Stafford, 15th November, 1806. His lordship m. Susannah-Hyde, only daughter and sole heiress of Francis Gale, esq. of Liguania, in the island of Jamaica, by whom he had issue,

ALAN, his successor.

Francis-Farrington, rear-admiral R.N. m. in 1819, Miss C. Stranbenzie, and d. in 1821, leaving issue,

1. FRANCIS-CHARLES, b. 25th March, 1810.
2. Stewart-William, b. in 1812.
3. Alan-Hyde, b. in 1814.
4. Catherine-Georgiana.
5. Susannah-Amelia.

William-Henry, colonel commanding Royal Artillery at Malta, b. 6th October, 1774; m. in 1805, Elizabeth-Lydia, daughter of Lieutenant-general Fyrrer, and has issue,

1. William. 2. Alan-Henry.
3. Edward-Cornwall. 4. Herbert.

## GAR

5. —, (a son.)
  6. Anne, m. in 1829, to T. L. Gooch, esq.
  7. Eliza, m. in 1830, to Lieutenant J. Buckner, of the rifle brigade.
  8. Susannah, m. in 1829, to John James, esq., of the 83th infantry.
  9. Mary. 10. Augusta.
- Herbert, b. in 1781; m. in 1804, Mary-Anne, youngest daughter of John Cornwall, esq. and has issue,
1. Marianne. 2. Sophia.
  3. Georgiana. 4. Eleanor.
- Edward.  
Samuel.

Susannah-Hall, widow of John Cornwall, esq. He d. in 1809, and was s. by his eldest son, ALAN-HYDE, second baron, K.C.B. and admiral in the royal navy. His lordship m. first, in 1796, Maria-Elizabeth, only daughter of Thomas Adelerley, esq. of Innishannon, in the county of Cork, and his wife, Margaretta (whose second husband was Robert, fourth Earl of Buckinghamshire); from which Maria-Elizabeth, Lord Gardner was divorced in 1805, and she remarried — Ladies, esq. His lordship espoused secondly, in 1800, Charlotte, third daughter of Robert, Lord Carrington, by whom he had ALAN-LEGGE, the present peer, and a daughter, Charlotte-Susannah. He d. in 1815.

*Creations*—Baronet, 6th August, 1794. Baron, (Ireland) 29th December, 1800. Baron, (United Kingdom) 15th November, 1806.



*Arms*—Ar. on a chevron gu. between three griffins' heads, erased az. an anchor, between two lions, passant, combatant, or.

*Crest*—A demi-griffin az. collared and lined, and supporting an anchor, erect, or.

*Supporters*—Two griffins as. murally gorged, or.

*Motto*—Valet anchora virtus.

*Seats*—Utttoxeter, Staffordshire; and Court Gardner, Bucks.

*Note*—Upon the demise of Alan-Hyde, second Lord Gardner, the honors were claimed by John-Fenton Gardner, esq. the son of his first and divorced lady; but after a long investigation, the house of lords decided against the claim, and declared his lordship's son by his second marriage (Alan-Legge, the present peer,) to be the rightful heir.

GARVAGH, BARON, (George Canning, F.R. and S.A.) of Garvagh, in the county of Londonderry, in the peerage of

## GAR

Ireland; b. 15th November, 1778, m. first, 13th July, 1803, Georgiana, fourth daughter of Robert, first Marquess of Londonderry, by whom (who d. 17th November, 1804,) he had no issue. His lordship espoused secondly, 9th July, 1824, Charlotte-Isabella, eldest daughter of Henry Bonham, esq. of Titniss Park, in the county of Berks, M.P. by whom he has issue,

CHARLES-HENRY-SPENCER-GEORGE, b. 18th March, 1826.

Emmeline-Rosabelle.

His lordship obtained his barony by creation, 28th October, 1818.

**Lineage.**

The family of Canning has been of distinction in England since the reign of Henry VI.; and the branch, of which the present peer is a member, removed into Ireland, in the reign of Elizabeth, when

GEORGE CANNING, esq. (a military officer, it is presumed) obtained a grant of the manor of Garvagh in the county of Londonderry, and settled there. This gentleman died about the year 1646, and was s. by his eldest son,

WILLIAM CANNING, esq. of Garvagh, to whom s. his son,

GEORGE CANNING, esq. of Garvagh, who was s. by his son,

GEORGE CANNING, esq. of Garvagh, lieutenant-colonel of the Londonderry militia. This gentleman m. Abigail, daughter of Robert Stratford, esq. M.P. for the county of Wicklow in 1662, and aunt of John, first Earl of Aldborough, by whom he left an only son,

STRATFORD CANNING, esq. of Garvagh, who m. Letitia, daughter and heiress of Obadiah Newburgh, esq. of Ballyhouse, in the county of Cavan, by whom he had issue,

George, of the Middle Temple. This gentleman, who was author of a volume of Poems, d. in 1771, (having incurred the displeasure of his father, and the penalty of disinheritance, by an improvident marriage) leaving an only child, then an infant,

GEORGE, who having passed through

Eton and Oxford, with more than ordinary éclat, entered early into public life, and became distinguished as a political writer, and one of the most eloquent parliamentary orators. Mr. Canning filled, for several years, some of the higher offices in the government, until eventually, sustained by his own transcendent talents and enlightened views alone, he reached the summit of a statesman's ambition, and became (in 1827) his Sovereign's PRIME MINISTER, (first lord of the treasury, and chancellor of the exchequer;) but scarcely had the hopes of the nation been raised by this most popular appointment, than it pleased Providence



to render those hopes delusive—the right honorable gentleman's death ensuing a few months after his elevation. See Viscountess Canning.

PAUL, who s. at Garvagh.

Stratford, a merchant of London, who left at his decease, in 1787, besides other children, the Right Hon. Sir Stratford Canning, G.C.B. and M.P., who m. in 1825, Elizabeth, daughter of James Alexander, of Somerhill, esq., M.P.

Mary, m. to the Rev. Henry Bernard, son of William, Lord Bishop of Londonderry.

Elizabeth, m. to Westby Perceval, esq.

Mr. Canning d. 13th September, 1775, and was s. by his second son,

PAUL CANNING, esq. of Garvagh. This gentleman m. Jane, daughter of Conway Spencer, esq. of the county of Antrim, and was s. at his decease, in 1780, by his only son, George, now Lord Garvagh.

*Creation*—28th October, 1818.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, ar. three moors' heads in profile, couped, ppr. wreathed about the temples; second gu. three spears' heads, erect in fesse, ar.; third, sa. a goat salient ar.

*Crest*—A demi-griffin az.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a griffin regardant, az. guttée d'or; SINISTER, an eagle regardant, sa.

*Motto*—Ne cede malis sed contra.

*Town Residence*—26, Portman-square.

*Seat*—Garvagh, county of Londonderry.

GEARY, SIR WILLIAM-RICHARD-POWLETT, baronet, of Oxenheath, in the county of Kent; b. 20th November, 1810; s. to the title, as third baronet, at the decease of his father, 6th August, 1825.

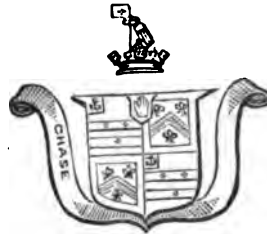
#### Lineage.

1. FRANCIS GEARY, son of William Geary, esq., of Cheddington, Bucks, entered, in 1727, as a volunteer, into the royal navy, under an admiralty order, which, according to the earlier usage of the service, was termed the king's letter, and attained the rank of captain in 1742, was appointed rear-admiral of the white in 1758, vice-admiral of the blue in 1762, vice-admiral of the red in 1770, admiral of the blue

in 1775, and admiral of the white in 1778. Admiral Geary was created a baronet 17th August, 1782. He m. Mary, only child of Philip Bartholomew, esq. by whom he had two sons and three daughters, and dying 7th February, 1796, was s. by his elder son,

2. SIR WILLIAM, who obtained the manor of Oxenheath, in the county of Kent, by gift from his uncle, Leonard Bartholomew, esq. Sir William m. 15th January, 1810, Mrs. Dering, relict of Edward Dering, esq. and daughter of Richard Neville, esq. of Furnace, in the county of Kildare, by whom he had issue, WILLIAM-RICHARD, present baronet, and another son. Sir William Geary represented the county of Kent in parliament in 1796 and in 1802. He was a magistrate and deputy-lieutenant of the county, and a director of Greenwich hospital. He d. 6th August, 1825.

*Creation*—17th August, 1782.



*Arms*—Quarterly: first and fourth gu. two bars or, charged with three mascles az. two and one, on a canton ar. an anchor sa.; second and third, ar. a chev. voided, between three fleurs-de-lis, within a bordure gu.

*Crest*—Out of a naval crown, a sinister hand and arm in naval uniform, supporting a flag ar. charged with a cross gu.

*Motto*—Chasse.

*Seat*—Oxenheath, Kent.

GEORGE, SIR RUPERT-DENNIS, of Park Place, Middlesex; b. 9th October, 1796; s. to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 25th January, 1823.

#### Lineage.

1. RUPERT GEORGE, esq. (third son of Dennis George, esq. of Clophook, in the Queen's county,) b. 16th June, 1749; m. in 1782, Margaret, daughter of Thomas, Cochran, esq. of the province of Halifax, by whom he left issue,

1. RUPERT-DENNIS, present baronet.
2. Charlotte, m. in 1820, to Richard Verity, esq.
3. Jane Harriet, m. to J. B. Brady, esq.
4. Frances-Wentworth.
5. Susan.

Mr. George, who was first commissioner of the transport board, was created a baronet 18th September, 1899. He *d.* in 1823.

*Creation*—18th September, 1809.



*Arms*—Ar. on a fesse engr. gu. between three falcons rising, az. beaked, legged, and belled or, as many bezants, each charged with a lion's head, erased sa. on a canton vert. a harp, of the fourth, stringed of the field.

*Crest*—A falcon as in the arms.

GERARD, SIR JOHN, of Bryn, in the county of Lancaster; *b.* 8th December, 1804; *s.* to the title, as twelfth baronet, upon the demise of his uncle, 2nd August, 1826; *m.* in 1827, Monica, daughter of Thomas-Strickland Standish, esq.

### Lineage.

This very ancient family descends from a common ancestor with the Dukes of Leinster, in Ireland, and the Earls of Plymouth, in England, namely:

OTHO, or OTHER, a rich and powerful lord, temp. King Alfred, descended from the Dukes of Tuscany. According to Sir William Dugdale, this Otho was a baron of England, in the sixteenth of King Edward the Confessor, and was father of

WALTER FITZOTHO, or FITZOTHER, who, at the general survey of the kingdom, in 1078, was castellan of Windsor, and appointed, by William the Conqueror, warden of the forests in Berkshire. This Walter left three sons:—Robert, the second son, was Baron of Eston, or Estaines, in Essex, which barony continued with his descendants until purchased by Sir Henry Maynard, temp. Queen Elizabeth, and it now gives title to Sir Henry's descendant, Lord Maynard, of Estaines. William the youngest son, was ancestor of the Lords Windsor; from which lords descended the Earls of Plymouth; and the eldest son,

GERALD, or GERARD, generally surnamed Fitzwalter, having *m.* Nesta, daughter of Rees, son of Theodore the Great, prince of South Wales, had three sons, viz.

William, of whom presently.

Maurice Fitzgerald, who accompanied Strong-

bow, Earl of Pembroke, into Ireland, and was the founder of the Fitzgeralds, Earls of Kildare, now Dukes of Leinster, and other eminent houses in that kingdom.

David, bishop of St. David's in 1148.

The eldest son,

WILLIAM FITZGERALD, of the Castle of Kerrin, in Carmarthenshire, *d.* in 1173, and left

Odo, from whom the Carews descend.

Raymond-Crassus, who went to Ireland, and had a principal share in the conquest of that kingdom.

And

WILLIAM, whose great-grandson,

SIR PETER GERALD DE BRYN, *d.* in 1381; and from him lineally descended

1. SIR THOMAS GERARD, knight, who was created a baronet on the first day of the institution of the order, 22nd May, 1611, and received back the £1000 which he had given for the dignity, in consideration of the sufferings of his father. Sir Thomas Gerard, in behalf of Mary, Queen of Scots; (Sir Thomas was imprisoned twice in the Tower of London, and, to obtain his liberty, was forced to give the noble estate of Bromleys to his kinsman, the then attorney-general, Sir Gilbert Gerard.) The baronet *m.* thrice, but had only one daughter, Frances, who *m.* Ralph Standish, esq., of Standish, Lancashire, and an only son, his successor,

2. SIR THOMAS. This gentleman *m.* first, Frances, daughter of Sir Richard Molineux, of Sefton, baronet; by whom he had six sons and a daughter, Frances, who took the veil, at Gravelines, in Flanders. Sir Thomas was *s.* by his eldest son,

3. SIR WILLIAM, who expended a large estate in the cause of Charles I., and lost considerable property beside, by sequestration. Sir William *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Cuthbert Chilton, baronet, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

4. SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman was *s.* by his eldest son, (by his first wife, Anne, daughter of Sir John Preston, bart.)

5. SIR WILLIAM, who *m.* Mary, second daughter, and eventually heiress, of John Cansfield, esq., of Cansfield, and was *s.* at his decease, in 1721, by his eldest son,

6. SIR WILLIAM; to whom *s.* at his decease, in 1732, his eldest son,

7. SIR WILLIAM, who *d.* in minority, 22nd March, 1740, when the title devolved upon his brother,

8. SIR THOMAS. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of — Tasborough, esq., by whom he had two daughters, the youngest of whom, Clare, *d.* in 1796, and bequeathed a large portion of her fortune to the poor. Sir Thomas *d.* in 1780, and was *s.* by his brother,

9. SIR ROBERT CANSFIELD, who *m.* Catharine, daughter of William Anderton, esq., of Euxton, and left issue,

1. Robert.

2. William.

3. John, of Windle Hall, in the county of Lancaster; *m.* in 1803, Elizabeth, daughter

## GET

of Edward Ferrers, esq., of Baddeley-Clinton, in the county of Warwick, and *d.* in 1822, leaving

JOHN, present baronet.

William.

Robert.

And several other children.

4. Elizabeth.

5. Maria, *m.* to Thomas Stappylton, esq., of the Grove, Richmond, Yorkshire.

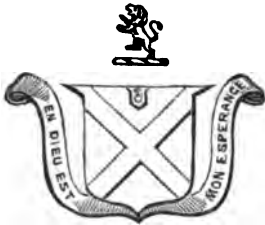
6. Catherine, *m.* to Thomas Strickland Standish, esq., of Standish Hall, Lancashire.

Sir Robert *d.* in 1784, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

10. SIR ROBERT; at whose decease in minority, 26th August, 1791, the title devolved upon his next brother,

11. SIR WILLIAM, *b.* 12th July, 1773; *m.* Anna-Maria, second daughter of Miles Stappylton, esq., of Richmond, in the county of York, by whom he had no issue. Sir William *d.* in 1826, and was *s.* by his nephew, JOHN, present baronet.

*Creation*—22nd May, 1611.



*Arms*—Ar. a saltier gu.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a lion rampant erm. crowned or.

*Motto*—En Dieu est mon espérance.

*Town Residence*—4, Great Stanhope-street.

*Seat*—Careswood Hall, Lancashire.

GETHIN, SIR PERCY, baronet, of Gethinsgrott, in the county of Cork; *s.* to the title, as sixth baronet, upon the decease of his father; *m.* in June, 1786, Anne, daughter of Thomas Nagle, esq. of Mount Nagle, in the county of Cork, and aunt of the present Sir Richard Nagle, baronet, by whom he has RICHARD, and other children.

### Lineage.

1. RICHARD GETHIN, esq. settled in Ireland, during the usurpation of Cromwell, and represented the borough of Limavady in parliament, after the Restoration, in 1661, when he obtained considerable grants of lands, in the county of Cork, from the restored monarch, upon an understanding that he should establish an English colony, and erect manufactories thereupon. Mr. Gethin was created a BARONET OF IRELAND, 1st

## GIB

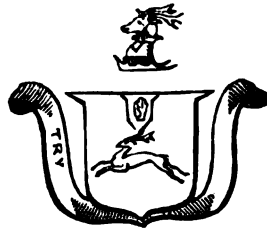
August, 1665, and, subsequently, obtained letters patent, by which the lands of Cariglemleary, (part of the grant,) and others, were erected into a manor, by the name of Gethinsgrott, and a power conferred to secure four hundred acres for a demesne, with courts leet, court baron, and a court of record, to hold pleas to the value of 20s. &c. &c. Sir Richard was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,

2. SIR RICHARD, who was *s.* by his grandson, 3. SIR RICHARD. This gentleman left three sons, and was *s.* by the eldest son,

4. SIR RICHARD, who *m.* Margaret, daughter of Colonel Eames, and had two sons and a daughter. Sir Richard was *s.* by his eldest son,

5. SIR RICHARD. This gentleman *m.* in August, 1750, Mary, eldest daughter of William, twenty-sixth Baron of Houth, by whom he had two daughters, and an only son, SIR PERCY, the present bart.

*Creation*—1st August, 1665.



*Arms*—Vert, a stag, courant ar. armed or.

*Crest*—On a cap of dignity ppr. a stag's head, crested, ar. armed and ducally gorged or.

*Motto*—Try.

*Seat*—Percy Mount, county of Sligo.

GIBBES, SIR SAMUEL-OSBORNE, baronet, of Fackley, in the county of Oxford; *b.* 27th August, 1803; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his grandfather, in June, 1815; *m.* 28th September, 1825, Margaret, daughter of the late Henry Moore, esq. of Cremorgan, in the Queen's county, and niece of John, first Earl of Clonmell, by whom he has issue,

PHILIP-OSBORNE, *b.* 24th August, 1826.

### Lineage.

PHILIP GIBBES, esq. of Springhead, in the island of Barbadoes, and of Fackley, in the county of Oxford, son of Philip Gibbes, esq. of Barbadoes, by Elizabeth, daughter of John Harris, esq. (and great-grandson of Philip Gibbes, esq. who settled in Barbadoes, in 1635,) was created a baronet 30th May, 1774. Sir Philip *m.* in 1753, Agnes, daughter and heiress of Samuel Osborne, esq. of Barbadoes, by whom he had issue,

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Philip, *m.* Maria, third daughter of Robert Knipe, *esq.* and *d.* in 1812.

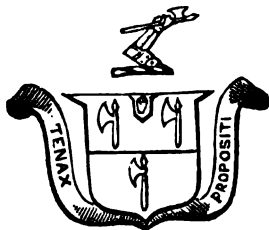
Samuel-Osborne, *m.* Miss Bishop, of Exeter, and dying in 1807, left

SAMUEL-OSBORNE, present baronet.

Elizabeth, *m.* to the Right Hon. Charles Abbott, afterwards (by creation) Lord Colchester.

Sir Philip lived to an advanced period of life, and was *s.* at his demise, in 1815, by his grandson, the present baronet.

*Creation*—30th May, 1774.



*Arms*—Per fesse, *ar.* and *erm.*, three battle-axes, *sa.*

*Crest*—An arm embowed in armour, garnished *or.* and charged with a cross, couped, *gu.*; in the hand *ppr.* a battle-axe as in the arms.

*Motto*—Tenax propositi.

GIBBONS, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Stanwell Place, Middlesex; *m.* in 1795, Elizabeth, daughter of the late Richard Taylor, *esq.* of Charleton House, Middlesex, by whom he has, (with other issue,)

JOHN, *m.* in 1824, Charlotte, daughter of Sir Charles Watson, *bart.* of Wrathing Park, in the county of Cambridge.

Louisa, *m.* in 1827, to John-Kenrick Gibbons, *esq.*

Sir John *s.* to the title, as fourth baronet, at the decease of his father, in December, 1814.

### Lineage.

1. WILLIAM GIBBONS, *esq.* speaker of the house of assembly in the island of Barbadoes, was created a baronet 21st April, 1732. He *d.* in 1760, and was *s.* by his son,

2. SIR JOHN, K.B. who *m.* Martha, daughter of the Reverend Doctor Kenrick, and dying in 1776, was *s.* by his son,

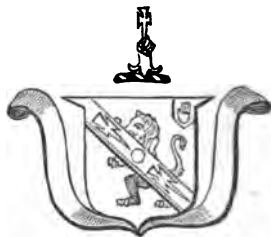
3. SIR WILLIAM, LL.D. This gentleman *m.* in 1771, Rebecca, daughter of Admiral Watson, by whom he had four sons and four daughters. He *d.* in 1814, and was *s.* by his eldest son, JOHN, the present baronet.

*Creation*—21st April, 1732.

*Arms*—*Gu.* a lion rampant *or.*, debruised by a

## GIF

bend *ar.* charged with a torteaux between two crosses, formée, fitchée, *sa.*



*Crest*—On a wreath, a lion's gamb erased, and erect *gu.* charged with a bezant, holding a cross, formée, fitchée, *sa.*

*Seat*—Stanwell Place, Middlesex.

GIFFORD, BARON, (Robert-Francis Gifford,) of St. Leonard's, in the county of Devon; *b.* 19th March, 1817; *s.* to the dignity, as second baron, upon the demise of his father, 4th September, 1826.

### Lineage.

SIR ROBERT GIFFORD, *knt.* *b.* 24th February, 1779, having attained reputation as a lawyer, was appointed solicitor-general 9th May, 1817; attorney-general in 1819, and elevated to the bench, as lord-chief-justice of the court of common-pleas, 8th January, 1824, when he was created a peer of the realm, (30th January, 1824.) by the title of BARON GIFFORD, of St. Leonard's, in the county of Devon. His lordship was appointed master of the rolls, (having resigned the chief-justiceship,) in the April following, and constituted deputy-speaker of the house of lords. He was also a bencher of the Middle Temple, and recorder of Bristol. Lord Gifford *m.* 6th April, 1816, Harriet-Maria, daughter of the Rev. Edward Drewe, of Broad Henbury, in the county of Devon, by whom he had issue.

1. ROBERT-FRANCIS, present baron.
2. John, *b.* 27th November, 1821.
3. Edward-Scott, *b.* 29th May, 1823.
4. George-Robert, (posthumous) *b.* 14th November, 1826.
5. Charlotte.
6. Harriet.
7. Caroline.

His lordship *d.* 4th September, 1826.

*Creation*—30th January, 1824.

*Arms*—*Az.* a chev. between three stirrups, with leathers *or.* within a bordure engr. *ar.* charged with eight torteaux.

*Crest*—A panther's head, couped, affrontée, between two branches of oak, *ppr.*

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a bay horse, charged on the shoulder with a portcullis, *or.*; SINISTER, a

greyhound ar. charged on the body with three ermine-spots, in pale.



*Motto*—Non sine numine.

*Seats*—Putney Common, Surrey.

GLASGOW, EARLOF, (George Boyle, F.R.S. and S.A.) Viscount Kelburn, and Lord Boyle of Kelburn, Stewarton, Cumbra, Fenwick, Largs, and Dalry, in the peerage of Scotland, Baron Ross, of Halkhead, in the county of Renfrew, in the peerage of the United Kingdom, lord-lieutenant of the county of Ayr; b. 26th March, 1766; s. to the Scottish honors, as fourth earl, upon the demise of his father, 7th March, 1775, and obtained the peerage of the empire, by creation, 11th August, 1815. His lordship m. in 1788, Augusta, daughter of James, Earl of Errol, by whom he has had issue,

JOHN, Viscount Kelburn, a gallant naval officer, who d. in 1818.

James, Viscount Kelburn, b. 10th April, 1792, R.N. assumed the additional surname of *Carr*, by sign manual, in 1822; m. in 1821, Miss Hay Mackenzie, daughter of the late Edward-Hay Mackenzie, esq. of Newall, and Cromarty.

Isabella.

Augusta, m. in 1821, to Colonel Lord Frederick Fitzclarence.

The countess dying in 1822, his lordship m. secondly, in 1824, Julia, daughter of the Right Hon. Sir John Sinclair, bart. by whom he has a son and daughter.

#### Lineage.

SIR RICHARD DE BOYLE, knt. of Kelburn, living temp. Alexander III. m. Margery, daughter of Sir Walter Cumming, and had issue.

ROBERT DE BOYLE, of Kelburn, who swore allegiance as a Scottish baron, in 1290, to King Edward I. of England. From this Robert descended

HUGO DE BOYLE, who, in 1399, gave his lands to the monastery of Paisley, for the good of his soul, and from whom lineally sprang

JOHN BOYLE, slain at the battle of Bannockburn, in 1488; whose son,

JOHN BOYLE, obtained from King James V. a grant of divers lands in the Isle of Cumbra, near Bute, and marrying Agnes, of the family of

Ross, of Hawkhead, in Renfrew, the estate of Hawkhead was inherited by his second son, John, while his own property devolved upon (his eldest son David's son) his grandson,

JOHN BOYLE, of Kelburn, who was s. by his son,

JOHN BOYLE, of Kelburn, who adhered to the party of Queen Mary. He m. Marion, daughter of Hugh Crawford, of Kilbirnie, and was s. by his son,

JOHN BOYLE, of Kelburn. This gentleman m. Agnes, only daughter of Sir John Maxwell, bart. of Pollock, and left an only daughter and heiress, GRISEL BOYLE, who espoused her } The eldest kinsman,

DAVID BOYLE, esq. of Halkhill, } marriage, son of this JOHN BOYLE, of Kelburn, was M.P. for the county of Bute in 1681. He m. first, Marion, daughter of Sir Walter Stewart, of Allantoun, in the county of Lanark, and dying in 1685, was s. by his eldest son,

DAVID BOYLE, esq. of Kelburn, who, having represented the county of Bute in the Convention Parliament, and being sworn of the privy-council, was elevated to the peerage of Scotland, 31st of January, 1699, as *Lord Boyle, of Kelburn, Stewarton, Cumbra, Largs, and Dalry*, with remainder to his issue male and heirs male whatsoever; and created, by patent, dated 12th April, 1703, *Baron Boyle, of Stewarton, Cumbra, Fenwick, Largs, and Dalry, Viscount Kelburn, and Earl of Glasgow*. His lordship m. twice, and had issue, by his first lady, (Margaret, daughter of Patrick Crawford, esq. of Kilbirny), four sons; and by his second, (Jane, daughter and heiress of William Mure, esq. of Rowallan, in the county of Ayr), two daughters. He d. in 1733, and was s. by his eldest son,

JOHN, second earl, who m. Helen, daughter of William Morison, esq. of Prestongrange, in the county of Haddington, and had, with other issue,

JOHN, his successor.

Patrick, m. first Agnes, daughter of William Mure, esq., by whom (who d. in 1738) he had no issue; and, secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Alexander Dunlop, esq., by whom he left at his demise, in 1796,

1. John, of Shewalton.

2. David, lord-chief-justice-clerk, m. first, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Alexander Montgomery, esq. by whom he has issue,

1. Patrick, b. in 1806; m. in 1830, Mary-Frances, dau. of Sir Robert Elphinstone, baronet.

2. Alexander, b. in 1810.

3. Elizabeth, m. in 1829, to James Hope, esq.

4. Helen, m. in 1829, to Charles, eldest son of Sir James Ferguson, baronet.

Lord-Chief-Justice Boyle espoused, secondly, in 1827, Camilla, eldest daughter of the late David Smyth, esq.

3. Elizabeth, m. to John S. Rouet, esq. The earl d. in 1740, and was s. by his eldest surviving son,

**JOHN**, third earl. This nobleman *m.* 11th July, 1755, Elizabeth, second daughter of George, Lord Ross, of Halkhead, and eventually, heiress to her brother, William, the thirteenth and last Lord Ross, of that line, by whom he left issue, GEORGE, the present peer, and Elizabeth, who *m.* the late Sir George Douglas, bart. and *d.* in 1801. His lordship filled the important office of high commissioner to the general assembly of the church of Scotland, from 1764 to 1772. He *d.* 7th March, 1775.

*Creations*—Baron, 31st January, 1699. Earl, &c. 12th April, 1703, in Scotland. Baron of the United Kingdom, 11th August, 1815.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, or, an eagle, displayed, with two heads *gu.* (a coat of augmentation); second and third, per bend, embattled, *ar.* and *gu.* for **BOYLE**; over all an escutcheon, or, charged with three stags' horns, erect, *gu.* two and one, for the paternal coat of **BOYLE** of **KELBURN**.

*Crest*—An eagle, displayed, with two heads, per pale, embattled *ar.* and *gu.*

*Supporters*—**DEXTER**, a savage wreathed about the temples and loins, holding in the dexter hand a branch of laurel, all *ppr.* **SINISTER**, a lion, per pale, embattled *ar.* and *gu.*

*Motto*—Dominus providebit.

*Town Residence*—Camden Hill, Kensington.

*Seats*—Hawkhead, in the county of Renfrew: Kelburn House, Ayrshire; and Etal, in the county of Northumberland.

**GLENGALL, EARL OF**, (Richard Butler,) and Viscount and Baron Caher, of Caher, in the county of Tipperary, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 17th May, 1794, *s.* to the honors, as second earl and thirteenth baron, upon the demise of his father, 30th January, 1819.

#### Ineage.

This is a branch of the noble house of Ormonde, springing from,

**JAMES**, third earl, who, besides legitimate children, had two illegitimate sons, Thomas, prior of Kilmainham, and lord-deputy of Ireland, in the reigns of Henry IV. and Henry V., and

**JAMES LE BOTILLER**, whose descendants, by the settlement of Thomas, the tenth earl, were made next in remainder to the house of Or-

monde, after the family of Danboyne. From this James lineally descended

**THOMAS BUTLER**, esq. of Caher, who *m.* Ellice, daughter of the Earl of Desmond, and was father of

**EDMUND BUTLER**, esq. This gentleman *m.* Catherine, daughter of Sir Pierce Poer, of the county of Waterford, by whom he had two sons, the elder of whom,

**THOMAS BUTLER**, esq. was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 10th November, 1543, by the title of *Baron of Caher*. His lordship *m.* Eleanor, fifth daughter of Pierce, Earl of Ormonde, and was *s.* by his only surviving son,

**EDMUND**, second baron, who *d.* without issue, when the barony expired, and his two half sisters became his heirs. The dignity was, however, revived 6th May, 1583, by a new patent, granted to his lordship's first cousin,

**SIR THEOBALD BUTLER**, kn. who became thus third Baron Caher. This nobleman received the honor of knighthood, in 1567, from the lord-deputy Sidney, who thus mentions him, in a letter to the lords of the council, dated Limerick, 27th February, 1575:—"There were with me that descended of English race, Sir Morris Fitzgarrald, brother to the Vicounte Decies; Sir Theobald Butler, whose uncle and cosen-germaine were baronnes of the Cayre, whose lands he lawfullye and justlye enjoyethe, and better deserveth that title of honor than any of them ever did; for whome I entende more speciallye to write, for trulye, for his deserte, he is worthie any commendation." His lordship *m.* Mary, daughter of Sir Thomas Cusack, of Cussington, in the county of Meath, Lord Chancellor of Ireland, and left issue,

**THOMAS**, his successor.

Edmund, of Cloghcullee, in the county of Tipperary, *m.* Eleanor, daughter of Pierce Butler, esq. of Callan, in the county of Kilkenny, and left a son,

**THOMAS**, who *s.* as fourth baron.

James, who was involved in the rebellions of 1598 and 1641.

Ellen, *m.* to Richard Butler, esq. of Ballyboe, in the county of Tipperary.

Mary, *m.* to Sir Cormac McCarthy, of Blarney.

Lord Caher *d.* in 1596, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**THOMAS**, fourth baron. This nobleman *d.* in 1627, and leaving an only daughter and heiress, Margaret, who *m.* Edmund, third Lord Dunboyne, the barony devolved upon his nephew,

**THOMAS**, fifth baron, (refer to third son of third lord.) His lordship *m.* Eleanor, granddaughter of Lord Poer, by whom he had seven children, and was *s.* by his grandson,

**PIERCE**, sixth baron, (only son of the Honorable Edmund Butler, by Eleanor, second daughter of Edmund, Lord Dunboyne.) His lordship *m.* in 1663, Elizabeth, daughter of Toby Mathew, esq. of Thurlis, by whom he had four daughters; but dying in 1676, without male issue, the dignity devolved upon his kinsman,

**THEOBALD BUTLER**, esq. of Knockanamagh, as seventh baron, (grandson of Sir Theobald Butler, Lord Caher, through his third son, the Hon. Pierce Butler.) This nobleman was outlawed in 1691, for his adhesion to King James II. and suffered much privation in consequence, having had his estates for sometime laid waste, and afterwards seized upon by the crown. The outlawry was, however, reversed in Michaelmas term, 1693; and his lordship restored to his honors and estates. He m. first, Mary, eldest daughter of Sir Redmond Everard, of Fethard, bart. by whom he had one son and two daughters; and secondly, Margaret, second daughter of Pierce, sixth Lord Caher, and had one son and two daughters. His lordship d. in 1700, and was s. by his eldest son,

**THOMAS**, eighth baron, who m. in 1709, Frances, eldest daughter of Sir Theobald Butler, knt. solicitor-general to King James II. and dying in 1744, was s. by his eldest son,

**JAMES**, ninth baron; at whose decease, without issue, in 1786, the title devolved upon his brother,

**PIERCE**, tenth baron, who d. unmarried, in 1788, when, this branch of the family becoming extinct, the title and estates devolved upon

**RICHARD BUTLER**, esq. as eleventh baron, (son of James Butler, esq. of Fethard, in the county of Tipperary, and grandson of Richard Butler, esq. of Glengall, who was descended from Sir Theobald Butler, third Lord Caher, through his third son, the Honorable Pierce Butler.) His lordship m. in 1793, Emily, youngest daughter of James St. John Jeffreys, esq. of Blarney Castle, in the county of Cork, by whom he had issue,

1. **RICHARD**, present peer.
2. **Harriet-Anne**, m. in 1822, to George Hamilton, Earl of Belfast.
3. **Charlotte**.
4. **Emily-Arabel**.

Lord Caher was advanced to the dignities of *Viscount Caher, of Caher, in the county of Tipperary*, and *EARL OF GLENGALL*, 22nd January, 1816. His lordship d. in January, 1819.

**Creations**—Baron, originally, 10th Nov. 1543; revived, 6th May, 1583. Earl and Viscount, 30th January, 1816.



**Arms**—Quarterly; first, ar. a cross calvary on three graces gu. thereon a representation of our Saviour or, (borne in memory of the family hav-

3 U

ing fought against the Infidels;) second, or, a chief, indented, as. with a crescent for difference; third, gu. three covered cups or, for BUTLER, fourth, erm. a saltier gu. for FITZ-GERALD, of Desmond.

**Crest**—Out of a ducal coronet or, a plume of five ostrich feathers ar. therefrom a demi-falcon, rising, of the last.

**Supporters**—**Dexter**, a falcon, ar. beaked and membered or. **Sinister**, an heraldic tiger, per fesse, as. and or, beaked, collared, and chained, of the last.

**Motto**—God be my guide.

**Town Residence**—54, Lower Grosvenor-street.

**Seat**—Caher Castle, in the county of Tipperary.

**GLENLYON, BARON**, (James Murray, F.R.S.) of Glenlyon, in the county of Perth, b. 29th May, 1782; m. in 1810, Emily-Frances, second daughter of Hugh, second and late Duke of Northumberland, by whom he has issue,

**GEORGE-AUGUSTUS-FREDERICK-JOHN**, b. 20th September, 1814.

**James-Charles-Plantagenet**, b. 8th December, 1819.

**Charlotte-Augusta-Leopoldina**.  
**Frances-Juliet**.

His lordship (who is second son of John, fourth Duke of Atholl,) obtained his peerage by patent of creation, dated 9th July, 1821. Lord Glenlyon is a major-general in the army, and one of the lords of his Majesty's bedchamber.

### Lineage.

See Duke of Atholl.

**Creation**—9th July, 1821.



**Arms**—As. three stars ar. within a tressure or; a crescent for difference.

**Crest**—A demi-savage ppr. wreathed about the head and waist with oak-leaves vert, holding in his dexter-hand a dagger ppr. hilted and pommel or, in the sinister a key, erect of the last.

**Supporters**—**Dexter**, a lion gu. gorged with a collar as. charged with three mullets ar.; **Sinister**, a savage, wreathed about the head and waist as in the crest, holding in the exterior hand the end of a chain, wherewith his feet are fettered.

**Motto**—Furth Fortune, and fill the Betters.

**GLOUCESTER AND EDINBURGH, HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE DUKE OF,** (Prince William-Frederick,) and Earl of Connaught, K.G. G.C.B. F.R.S. and D.C.L.; chancellor of the University of Cambridge; a field-marshal in the army, and colonel of the third regiment of foot-guards; *b.* 15th January, 1776; *s.* to the peerage upon the demise of his father, 25th August, 1805; *m.* 22nd July, 1816, his cousin, **HER ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCESS MARY**, fourth daughter of his Majesty, **KING GEORGE THE THIRD**, and sister of his Most Gracious Majesty, **KING WILLIAM THE FOURTH**, by whom he has no issue.

The title of Royal Highness (borne of right by the king's sons, daughters, brothers, and uncles,) was conferred by especial warrant upon the duke, in 1816.

### Lineage.

**PRINCE WILLIAM-HENRY**, third son of His Royal Highness, Frederick, Prince of Wales, and brother of his Majesty, King George the Third, *b.* 25th November, 1743, was created by patent, dated 19th November, 1764, **DUKE OF GLOUCESTER AND EDINBURGH, in Great Britain**; and **EARL OF CONNAUGHT, in Ireland**. His royal highness *m.* in 1766, Maria, countess-dowager of Waldegrave, daughter of the Hon. Sir Edward Walpole, K.B. and granddaughter of Sir Robert Walpole, first Earl of Orford, K.G. by whom he had issue, Sophia-Matilda, *b.* 29th May, 1773; Caroline, who *d.* in infancy; and **WILLIAM-FREDERICK**, the present duke. His royal highness, who was a knight of the Garter, field-marshal of the king's forces, colonel of the 1st regiment of foot-guards, chancellor of the university of Dublin, &c. &c. *d.* 25th August, 1805.

*Creation*—19th November, 1764.



*Arms*—The Royal arms of England, with the necessary label of cadency.

*Town Residence*—Gloucester House, Park-lane.  
*Seats*—Bagshot Park, Surrey; and Boldrewood Lodge, Hants.

**GLYN, SIR LEWEN-POWELL**, baronet, of Ewell, in the county of Surrey; *b.* in 1801; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 4th September, 1814.

### Lineage.

1. **SIR RICHARD GLYN**, knt. a banker and alderman of London, filled the civic chair, in 1758, and was created a baronet 25th September, 1759; he *m.* first, Susannah, only daughter and heiress of George Lewen, esq. of Ewell, in Surrey, by whom he had three sons, one of whom, his successor, alone survived. Sir Richard *m.* secondly, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Robert Carr, esq. by whom he had, also, three sons, Richard-Carr, (created a baronet,) Thomas-Clayton, and Edward. Sir Richard *d.* in 1772, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

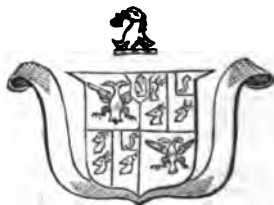
2. **THE REVEREND SIR GEORGE**, who *m.* first, Jane, daughter of the Reverend Watkin Lewes, of Tredevel, in the county of Pembroke, by whom he had two sons, both deceased. He *m.* secondly, in 1790, Catharine, youngest daughter and co-heiress of the Reverend Gervas Powell, of Lanbaran, in the county of Glamorgan, and had issue,

**LEWEN-POWELL**, present baronet.  
**George-Lewen.**

**Anne-Margaret.**

Sir George *d.* 4th September, 1814.

*Creation*—25th September, 1759.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth ar. an eagle displayed with two heads sa. guttée d'or for GLYN; second and third, per pale, az. and gu. three stags' heads or, upon an inescutcheon, ar. a man's leg and thigh couped, sa. for LEWEN.

*Crest*—On a wreath, an eagle's head erased sa. guttée d'or, in the beak an escallop ar.

*Seat*—Ewell, Surrey.

**GLYN, SIR RICHARD-CARR**, baronet, of Gaunts, in the county of Dorset, so created, 22nd November, 1800; *b.* 2nd February, 1755; *m.* 2nd July, 1785, Mary, only daughter of John Plumtre, esq. of Fredville, in the county of Kent, and sometime M.P. for Nottingham, by whom he has issue,

**RICHARD-PLUMPTRE**, *b.* in 1767, a banker in London.

**Robert**, *b.* in 1788; *m.* Frederica-Elizabeth, third daughter of Henry Hurford, esq. of Down Place, Berks.

**Thomas-Christopher**, *b.* in 1790; barrister-at-law; *m.* in 1817, Julia-Grace, daughter of



Thomas-Charles Bigge, esq. of Benton House, in the county of Northumberland, and has issue.

George Carr, b. in 1797, banker in London; m. in 1823, Mary-Anne, daughter of Pascoe Grenfell, esq. of Taplow House, M.P. and has issue.

Carr-John, b. in 1799, in holy orders, rector of Whitehampton, Dorset; m. in July, 1831, Augusta, daughter of John Granville, esq. of Cadogan Place.

Mary-Elizabeth, m. in 1811, to Edward Greathead, esq. of Uddings, in the county of Dorset, and has issue.

This gentleman, who is the eldest son of Alderman Sir Richard Glyn, the first baronet, of Ewell, in the county of Surrey, by his second wife, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Robert Carr, esq., has been for many years an eminent banker in London; of which city he was chosen alderman, and served the office of lord mayor in 1798. Sir Richard represented St. Ives in parliament.

*Creation*—22nd November, 1800.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, ar. an eagle displayed with two heads, sa. guttée d'or, for GLYN; second and third. gu. on a chev. ar. three mullets of the field for CARR; an escutcheon, surtout ar. charged with a man's leg and thigh, coupéd sa.

*Crest*—On a wreath an eagle's head erased, sa. guttée d'or, in the beak an escallop ar.

*Motto*—Firm to my trust.

*Town Residence*—4, Arlington-street.

*Seat*—Gaunt's House, Wimbourn, Dorsetshire.

GLYNNE, SIR STEPHEN RICHARD, baronet, of Hawarden Castle, in the county of Flint; b. in 1807; s. to the title, as ninth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 5th March, 1815.

### Lineage.

1. WILLIAM GLYNNE, esq. (eldest son of Mr. Serjeant Sir John Glynne, an eminent crown lawyer and politician in the reign of King Charles I. who accepted the lord-chief-justiceship during the Usurpation, but made his peace with the res-

tored monarch, and received the honor of knighthood from his majesty), was created a baronet 20th May, 1661. Sir William m. Penelope, daughter of Stephen Anderson, esq., of Eyworth, and great-granddaughter of Sir Edmund Anderson, knt., chief-justice of the court of common-pleas in the reign of Elizabeth, by whom he had four sons and five daughters. He was succeeded, about the year 1690, by his eldest surviving son,

2. SIR WILLIAM, who m. Mary, second daughter and co-heiress of Sir Edward Evelyn, bart., by whom he had one surviving daughter, and dying in 1721, the title devolved upon his brother,

3. SIR STEPHEN. This gentleman m. Sophia, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Edward Evelyn, and dying in 1729, was s. by his eldest son,

4. SIR STEPHEN, who d. unmarried in a few months afterwards, when the title devolved upon his brother,

5. SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman d. also unmarried, in 1730, when the title devolved upon his only remaining brother,

6. SIR JOHN, who m. first, Honora, daughter of Henry Conway, esq., son and heir of Sir John Conway, bart., of Bodryddon, county of Flint, by whom he had several children; and, secondly, Miss Augusta Beaumont. Sir John d. in 1777, and was s. by his eldest son,

7. THE REVEREND SIR STEPHEN, who m. in 1770, Mary, only daughter and heiress of Richard Bennet, esq., of Farmcot, and dying in April, 1780, was s. by his posthumous son,

8. SIR STEPHEN-RICHARD, b. in May, 1780, m. in 1806, Mary, daughter of Richard-Aldworth, second Lord Braybrooke, by whom he had issue, STEPHEN-RICHARD, the present baronet; Henry, b. in 1812; Catherine; and another daughter. Sir Stephen d. 5th March, 1815.

*Creation*—20th May, 1661.



*Arms*—Ar. an eagle displayed with two heads sa. This baronet quarters ar. three brands ragulé sa. fired ppr. with an escutcheon of pretence ar. charged with a human leg and thigh, coupéd sa. (supposed to have been borne originally from the name of their ancestor, GILMIN DROED-TU, the latter word being Welsh for a black-leg).

*Crest*—On a wreath an eagle's head erased, in the beak a brand ragulé sa. fired ppr.

*Seat*—Hawarden Castle, in the county of Flint.

## GOD

**GODERICH, VISCOUNT**, (Frederick-John Robinson, F.R.S.) of Nocton, in the county of Lincoln; *b.* 1st November, 1782; *m.* 1st September, 1814, Sarah-Albina-Louisa, only daughter, and subsequently heiress, of Robert, fourth Earl of Buckinghamshire, by whom he has an only surviving child,

GEORGE-FREDERICK-SAMUEL, *b.* 24th October, 1827.

His Lordship had a daughter,

Eleanor-Henrietta-Victoria, who died in her eleventh year, 31st October, 1826.

This nobleman, who held, for several years, some important situation in his Majesty's councils, and attained, eventually, the elevated station of prime-minister, which he resigned in 1828, and obtained his peerage by patent of creation, 25th April, 1827. Lord Goderich has recently resumed office, as secretary of state for the colonies.

### Lineage.

HENRY GREY, thirteenth Earl of Kent, was created 14th December, 1706, *Viscount Goderich, of Goderich Castle, in the county of Hereford; Earl of Harold, in the county of Bedford, and Marquess of Kent*; and advanced 28th April, 1710, to the *Dukedom of Kent*, (see *Burke's Extinct and Dormant Peerage*.) His grace, who was a knight of the garter, and a personage of very great importance in the reigns of Queen Anne, and King George I. (filling the offices of lord-chamberlain, lord-high-steward, &c. &c.) *m.* first, Jemima, eldest daughter of Thomas, Lord Crew, of Steane, by whom he had four sons, who all predeceased himself, and seven daughters. He *m.* secondly, Lady Sophia Bentinck, and had one daughter, who lived to maturity, and married John Egerton, Bishop of Bangor. His grace's eldest daughter, the Lady Amabel Grey, espoused John Campbell, Viscount Glenorchy, and left an only daughter, Jemima Campbell, upon whom, and her heirs male, the reversion of a marquissate obtained by the duke 9th May, 1740, as *Marquess Grey*, was fixed by the patent of creation. His grace *d.* 5th June, 1741, when all his honors ceased (that of viscount Goderich amongst the rest), except the last marquissate and the barony Lucas, of Crudwell, which devolved upon his abovementioned granddaughter, JEMIMA CAMPBELL, who had *m.* in the previous May, the Hon. Philip Yorke, who succeeded his father as Earl of Hardwicke; of this marriage there were two daughters,

Amabella, who *m.* Alexander Hume, Lord Polworth, and *s.* her mother in the barony of Lucas. (See *Countess de Grey*).

Mary-Jemima, who *m.* Thomas, second Baron Grantham, and had issue,

Thomas-Philip, present Lord Grantham. And the Right Hon. Frederick-John, Robinson, created Viscount Goderich, as above.

## GOD

Lady Grantham *d.* in 1830.  
*Creation*—25th April, 1827.



*Arms*—Vert, a chev. between three bucks, at gaze, or.

*Crest*—Out of a coronet, composed of fleurs-de-lis, a buck at gaze or.

*Supporters*—On either side a wivern or, gorged with a collar, barry of three, the middle ar. the others az.

*Motto*—Foi est tout.

*Town Residence*—Pembroke House, Whitehall-gardens.

*Seat*—Nocton, Lincolnshire.

**GODFREY, SIR JOHN**, baronet, of Bushfield, in the county of Kerry; *b.* 16th June, 1763; *m.* 26th November, 1796, Eleanor, daughter of John Cromie, esq. of Cromie, in the county of Derry, by whom he has issue,

1. WILLIAM-DUNCAN, *b.* 30th August, 1797; *m.* 14th October, 1824, Maria-Theresa, daughter of John Coltsman, esq. of the county of Kerry, and has issue.
2. John, *b.* in 1802.
3. Henry, *b.* in 1803.
4. Robert, *b.* 6th October, 1807.
5. James, *b.* 4th June, 1808.
6. Anne. 7. Agnes. 8. Eleanor.

Sir John *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the decease of his father, 19th January, 1817.

### Lineage.

COLONEL JOHN GODFREY, of Ludlow's regiment of horse, (a member of the ancient family of Godfrey, of Romney, in the county of Kent,) obtained for his services in Ireland, during the rebellion of 1641, a grant of 4000 Irish acres of land in the county of Kerry, and settled in that kingdom. He *m.* Miss Davies, and was *s.* by his only son,

WILLIAM GODFREY, esq. of Bushfield, in the county of Kerry, and of Knockgraffan, in the county of Tipperary, who *m.* Deborah, only child of Alderman Luke Lowther, of the city of Dublin, and was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,

JOHN GODFREY, esq. of Bushfield. This gentleman *d.* in 1712, and was *s.* by his only surviving son,

**JOHN GODFREY**, esq. of Bushfield, who m. Barbara, daughter of the Rev. — Hathway, and granddaughter (maternally) of the Earl of Conyngham, and dying in 1783, was s. by his eldest son,

1. **WILLIAM GODFREY**, esq. of Bushfield, who was created a **BARONET OF IRELAND** 2nd July, 1785. Sir William m. 15th August, 1761, Agnes, only daughter of William Blennerhassett, esq. of Elm-grove, in the county of Kerry, by whom he had, (with nine daughters,)

1. **JOHN**, present baronet.

2. William, M.A. in holy orders; m. Lucy, daughter of the Rev. Edward Day, LL.D.

3. Luke, an officer in the army.  
Sir William d. 19th January, 1817.

*Creation*—2nd February, 1785.



*Arms*—A griffin passant, wings indorsed between three lions' heads, erased, &c.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a griffin passant, holding a sceptre in the dexter fore paw.

*Motto*—God fried.

*Seat*—Kilcolman Abbey, in the county of Kerry.

**GOOCH, SIR THOMAS-SHERLOCK**, baronet, of Benacre Hall, in the county of Suffolk, and late M.P. for that shire; s. to the title, as fifth baronet, at the decease of his father, 7th April, 1826; m. in 1796, Mariana, daughter of Abraham Whitaker, esq. of Lyster House, in the county of Hereford, and sister of Charlotte-Maria, present Countess of Stradbroke, by whom he has issue,

**EDWARD-SHERLOCK**, m. 23rd January, 1828, Louisa, second daughter of Sir George Prescott, bart.

**Charles-John**.

**Thomas-Lewis**, m. 2nd February, 1829, Anne-Europa, daughter of Colonel the Hon. W. H. Gardner.

**Anna-Maria**, m. in 1823, to Andrew Lawson, esq. of Aldborough Lodge, county of York. A daughter.

### Lineage.

This family has flourished for a very long period in the county of Suffolk.

**WILLIAM GOOCH**, esq. resided at Mettingham,

in that shire, and was a justice of the peace in 1664. He m. Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Richard Barpoole, of St. Margaret's, in the same county, by whom he had two sons; Richard, who predeceased him, leaving a family; and

**THOMAS GOOCH**, esq. who m. in 1682, Frances, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Lane, esq. of Worlingham, Suffolk, by whom he had two sons and two daughters. Mr. Gooch d. in 1688. The second son,

1. **WILLIAM GOOCH**, esq. b. 21st October, 1681, having adopted the profession of arms, distinguished himself during the wars of Queen Anne, and being appointed lieutenant-governor of Virginia, was created a baronet 4th November, 1746, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his brother, and the heirs male of that gentleman. Sir William d. s. p. in 1751, when the title devolved, according to the limitation, upon his brother aforesaid,

2. **THE RIGHT REVEREND THOMAS GOOCH**, successively president (1716), and vice-chancellor (1717), of Caius College, Cambridge; Bishop of Bristol (1737), Bishop of Norwich (1738), and Bishop of Ely (1747). His lordship m. first, Mary, sister of the Right Rev. Thomas Sherlock, Bishop of London, by whom he had an only son, **THOMAS**, his successor. He m. secondly, Harriet, daughter of Sir Thomas Miller, bart. by whom he had, also, one son. He m. thirdly, Mary Compton, niece of the Right Rev. and Right Hon. Henry, Earl of Northampton, Bishop of London in 1673, by whom he had no child. His lordship d. in 1754, and was s. by his elder son,

3. **SIR THOMAS**. This gentleman m. first, Mrs. Anne Bates, daughter and heiress of John Attwood, esq. by whom he had four sons and one daughter; and, secondly, Phoebe, widow of John Birtles, esq. and daughter of — Norton, esq. by whom he left one daughter. He d. in September, 1781, and was s. by his eldest son,

4. **SIR THOMAS**, who served the office of high-sheriff for the county of Suffolk in 1785. He m. Anna-Maria, daughter of William Hayward, esq. of Surrey, (lineally descended from William Patten, commonly called William of Wainfleet, sole founder of Magdalen College, Oxford,) by whom he had issue,

1. **THOMAS SHERLOCK**, present baronet.

2. William, an officer of rank in the army; m. Jane, daughter of James Wilkinson, esq. of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and has issue.

3. Thomas, also an officer of rank in the army; m. Hannah, daughter of Sir Robert Barker, and relict of Philip Webb, esq. of Milford House, Surrey.

4. Richard. 5. Paul.

6. Elizabeth. 7. Matilda.

8. Sophia, m. to Captain Manby.

Sir Thomas d. 7th April, 1826.

*Creation*—4th November, 1746.

*Arms*—Per pale ar. and sa. a chev. between three talbots passant counterchanged; on a chief gu. as many leopards' heads or.



*Crest*—A talbot passant, per pale ar. and sa.

*Motto*—Fide et virtute.

*Seats*—Benacre Hall, and Bramfield Hall, Suffolk.

**GOODRICKE, SIR HARRY**, baronet, of Ribstone Hall, in the county of York; *b.* 16th September, 1797; *s.* to the title, as seventh baronet, upon the demise of his father, 23rd March, 1802.

#### Lineage.

This family was originally of the county of Somerset, and thence removed into Lincolnshire, upon the marriage of

**HENRY GOODRICKE**, esq. third son of Robert Goodricke, esq. of Nortingley, with a Lincolnshire heiress, Miss Strickford. In this county the Goodricks flourished for six subsequent generations, until

**HENRY GOODRICKE**, esq. (youngest son of William Goodricke, esq. and brother of the Right Rev. Thomas Goodricke, Bishop of Ely, and lord-chancellor of England, temp. Edward VI.) purchased Ribstone and other estates, in the county of York, from Charles Brandon, Duke of Suffolk. Mr. Goodricke *m.* Margaret, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Christopher Lawson, knt. of London, and dying in 1556, was *s.* by his eldest son,

**RICHARD GOODRICKE**, esq. of Ribstone, in the county of York, high-sheriff of that shire in 1579, who *m.* Clare, daughter of Richard Norton, esq. of Norton Conyers, and was *s.* by his son,

**RICHARD GOODRICKE**, esq. high-sheriff of Yorkshire in 1501. This gentleman *m.* Merioll, daughter of William, Lord Eure, and dying in 1601, was *s.* by his son,

**SIR JOHN GOODRICKE**, knt. who *m.* Jane, daughter of Sir John Saville, of Methley, in the county of York, knt. and was *s.* at his decease by his son,

1. **SIR JOHN GOODRICKE**, knight, of Ribstone Hall. This gentleman was a great sufferer during the civil wars, having been confined, first at Manchester, and then in the Tower, from whence he was fortunate enough to escape into France, where he continued to reside until the Restoration. Sir John, who was created a baronet 14th August, 1641, *m.* first, Catharine, daughter and heiress of Stephen Norcliff, esq. by whom he had a son; and, secondly, Elizabeth, Viscountess-

dowager Fairfax, by whom he had another son. He was *s.* in 1676, by the elder,

2. **THE RIGHT HON. SIR HENRY**, lieutenant-general of the ordnance, who *d.* without issue, in 1704-5, when the title devolved upon his half-brother.

3. **SIR JOHN**, who *m.* Sarah, daughter of Sir Richard Hopkins, knt. serjeant-at-law, and was *s.* in 1705, by his eldest son,

4. **SIR HENRY**. This gentleman had four sons and four daughters, and was *s.* in 1738, by his eldest son,

5. **SIR JOHN**, who was sworn of his Majesty's most honorable privy-council, and resided at Stockholm, as envoy-extraordinary from the court of London. Sir John represented Ripon in parliament. He *d.* in 1789, and was *s.* by his grandson.

6. **SIR HENRY**, who *m.* Charlotte, second daughter of the Right Hon. James Fortescue, and sister of Viscount Clermont, by whom he had an only son, **HARRY**, the present baronet. Sir Henry *d.* in 1802.

*Creation*—14th August, 1641.



*Arms*—Ar. on a fesse gu. betw. two lions passant guardant sa. a fleur-de-lis or, betw. as many crescents of the field.

*Crest*—A demi-lion ermines, armed and langued gu. issuing out of a ducal coronet or, holding in the hands a battle-axe ppr. helved of the third.

*Supporters*—Two naked boys, as appear on the monument of Richard Goodricke, esq. high-sheriff of Yorkshire, anno 1579.

*Motto*—Fortior leone justus.

*Town Residence*—18, Arlington-street.

*Seat*—Ribstone Hall, in the county of York.

**GOOLD, SIR GEORGE**, baronet, of Old Court, in the county of Cork; *m.* 13th May, 1802, Lady Charlotte Browne, eldest daughter of Valentine, Earl of Kenmare, (only child by his first marriage with the Hon. Charlotte Dillon, sister of Charles, twelfth Viscount Dillon,) by whom he has issue,

**HENRY-VALENTINE**.

**George**.

Edward, in the Austrian service.

William-B. dingfield.

Charlotte.

Ellen-Frances.  
Georgina.  
Marcella.  
Frances.

Sir George s. to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his uncle, 20th August, 1818.

### ***E*lineage.**

This is a very ancient family of the county of Cork; one of its members, William Gould, esq. was mayor of the city of Cork so far back as the reign of Henry VII., and the same office has been frequently filled by individuals of the family since that period.

HENRY GOOLD, esq. (who changed the spelling of his name for the purpose of designating his line,) had an only son,

GEORGE GOOLD, esq. of Old Court, who m. Mary-Anne, eldest daughter of James Galway, esq. and had, (with other issue,)

Henry-Michael, m. in 1778, Catharine, daughter of Donatt O'Callaghan, esq. of Kilgory, in the county of Clare, and left

GEORGE, present baronet.

Henry, m. in 1801, Eleanor, daughter of Thomas Hawkins, esq. of Nash Court, Kent.

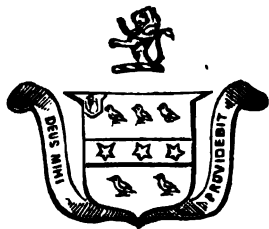
Marcella, m. Thomas Gillibrand, esq. of Gillibrand Hall near Chorley, Lancashire.

Mary, d. unmarried.

And

1. FRANCIS GOOLD, esq. who was created a baronet 8th August, 1801, with remainder, in default of male issue, to the heirs male of his deceased father. Sir Francis d. unmarried, 20th August, 1818, when the baronetcy devolved, according to the limitation, upon his nephew, George Goold, esq.

*Creation*—8th August, 1801.



*Arms*—Az. on a fesse or, betw. five goldfinches, three in chief and two in base, ppr. three mullets gu.

*Crest*—A demi-lion rampant or.

*Motto*—Deus mihi providebit.

*Seat*—Old Court, in the county of Cork.

GORDON, DUKE OF, (George Gordon, G.C.B.) Marquess and Earl of Huntly; Earl of Ensie, Viscount Inverness, Baron Gordon, of Strathbogie, Lord of Badenoch, Lochabar, Strathaven, Achindoun, Balmore, Garthie, and Kincardine, in the peerage of Scotland; Earl of Norwich, and Baron Gordon, of Huntly, in the county of Gloucester, Baron Beauchamp, of Bletshoe, and Baron Mordaunt, of Turvey, in the county of Bedford, in the peerage of England; Premier Marquess, and keeper of the great Seal of Scotland, hereditary governor of Inverness Castle, governor of Edinburgh Castle, and chancellor of Marischal College, Edinburgh, a general officer in the army, and colonel of the first regiment of foot; b. 1st February, 1770; s. to the honors, as fifth duke, at the decease of his father, 17th June, 1827, having been previously (11th April, 1807,) summoned to parliament in his father's barony of Gordon, of Huntly. His grace m. 11th December, 1813, Elizabeth, daughter of Alexander Brodie, esq. of Arn Hall, but has no issue.

### ***E*lineage.**

Although there are numerous histories of this illustrious family extant, yet the historians do not coincide as to its origin and first settlement in Great Britain. Some bring the Gordons from Greece to Gaul, and thence into Scotland, at least a thousand years ago; while others convey them from Spain, Flanders, &c. The most probable conjecture, however, is, that some of those Gordons came into England with William, Duke of Normandy, and into Scotland with King Malcolm Canmore. Indeed, there is a tradition in North Britain, that the first of the name who crossed the Tweed was a valiant knight, a favourite of Malcolm's, who, having killed a wild boar which greatly infested the borders, obtained a grant of lands in the Merse, or Berwickshire, which he called Gordon, after his own surname; and, settling there, assumed the boar's head for his armorial bearing, in commemoration of the exploit. Be the early origin, however, what it may, and there is no doubt that it was distinguished, the ducal family of which we are about to treat deduces its direct maternal descent from

SIR JOHN DE GORDON, knt., who obtained, in the twenty-eighth year of King David II. a charter, dated 20th March, 1357-8, confirming the donation which King Robert I. had made to his grandfather, Sir Adam de Gordon, of the lands of Strathbogie, and was s. by his son,

SIR JOHN DE GORDON, who obtained a confirmatory charter of the same lands from King Robert II. dated 16th June, 1376. In the next year, the Earl of March having attacked and burned the town of Roxburgh, the English borderers retaliated on the lands of Sir John Gordon, who, passing the border, encountered Sir John

de Lilburn, and after a desperate affray, defeated him at Carham. Sir John Gordon had also a chief hand in the defeat and capture of Sir Thomas de Musgrave, governor of Berwick, in 1378, after a severe conflict. Sir John fell, eventually, at the battle of Otterburn, in August, 1388, leaving a son,

SIR ADAM GORDON, knt., of Huntly, who was slain in 1402, at the battle of Homildon, and was s. in his estates by his only daughter (by his wife, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William de Keith, great-marshal of Scotland),

ELIZABETH GORDON, who espoused Alexander Seton, (second son of Sir William Seton, of Seton), and obtained, in conjunction with her husband, from Robert, Duke of Albany, a charter, dated 20th July, 1408, to their joint heirs, and, in default, to the heirs of the said Elizabeth, of the baronies of Gourdon and Huntly, &c. &c. &c. and thenceforward the said Alexander was styled Lord of Gordon and Huntly. Of this marriage there were two sons and a daughter,

ALEXANDER.

William, ancestor of the Setons of Meldrum.  
Elizabeth, m. to Alexander, Earl of Ross.

The eldest son,

ALEXANDER SETON, *Lord of Gordon and Huntly*, was created, 29th January, 1440-50, *Earl of Huntly*, with limitation to his heirs male by his third wife, Elizabeth, daughter of William, Lord Crichton, chancellor of Scotland, such heirs assuming the surname and bearing the arms of Gordon. His lordship m. thrice: first, Jane, daughter of Robert, son and heir of William, first earl-marshal, by whom he acquired a great estate, but had no issue; secondly, Egidia, daughter and heiress of Sir John Hay, of Tullibody, by whom he had a son, Sir Alexander Seton, who s. to his mother's estates, and was progenitor of the Setons, of Touch; the earl espoused, thirdly, Elizabeth, daughter of Lord Crichton, by whom he had (with other children) his successor,

GEORGE, second Earl of Huntly, who m. first, Princess Annabella, daughter of King James I. of Scotland, and relict of James, Earl of Angus, by whom he had

ALEXANDER, his successor.

Adam, Lord of Aboyne, who, marrying Elizabeth, Countess of Sutherland, became Earl of Sutherland, in her right.

William (Sir), ancestor of the Gordons of Gight, fell at Flodden.

James (Sir), of Letterfourie, admiral of Scotland in 1513.

And six daughters.

Lord Huntly m. secondly, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of William, first Earl of Errol, and relict of Patrick, master of Grey, and dying in 1470, was s. by his eldest son,

ALEXANDER, third earl, who m. first, Lady Johanna Stewart, eldest daughter of John, Earl of Atholl, by whom he had four sons and two daughters; the (second, but) eldest son at maturity, John, Lord Gordon, m. Margaret, natural daughter of King James IV. and dying in 1517,

left two sons, the elder of whom s. to the honors, at the decease of his grandfather. The Earl m. secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Andrew, Lord Gray, and relict of John, sixth Lord Glamis. He d. in 1523, and was s. by his grandson,

GEORGE, fourth earl, who was constituted LORD-CHANCELLOR OF SCOTLAND, and had the great seal delivered to him 10th June, 1546. His lordship took an active part in the political affairs of his country, during the reign of King James V. the regency of that monarch's dowager, and the reign of the unfortunate Mary, his daughter; and having taken up arms in the feuds which then agitated Scotland, he was made prisoner by his rival, the Earl of Moray, after sustaining a defeat at Corrichie, near Aberdeen, and d. of suffocation, in the hands of his captors, 29th October, 1562. He was s. by his eldest surviving son (by Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Robert, Lord Keith, and sister of William, fourth earl marshal),

GEORGE, fifth earl. This nobleman, after the unhappy death of his father, was tried for high treason in 1563, and sentenced to be hanged, drawn, and quartered. He was, however, pardoned by the queen, and appointed LORD-CHANCELLOR OF SCOTLAND in 1565. His lordship m. Lady Anne Hamilton, daughter of James, Earl of Arran, Duke of Chastellerauld, Regent of Scotland, and dying in May, 1576, was s. by his only son,

GEORGE, sixth earl, who had been created 17th April, 1599, *Baron of Badenoch, Lochabar, Strathaven, Achindown, Balmore, Garthie, and Kincardine, Viscount Inverness, Earl of Enzie, and MARQUESS OF HUNTLY*. His lordship m. Lady Henrietta Stewart, eldest daughter of Eme, Duke of Lennox, by whom he had a numerous family. This nobleman was heard to say, that he never drew a sword in his own quarrel. In his youth, a prodigal spender; in his old age, more wise and worldly; yet never counted for cost in matters of credit and honor; a great householder, a terror to his enemies, whom he ever with his prideful ken held under subjection and obedience; just in all his bargains, and never heard for his true debt; he was mightily envied by the kirk for his religion, and by others for his greatness, and thereby had much trouble. His master, King James, loved him dearly, and he was a good and loyal subject to that prince. He d. in 1636, and was s. by his eldest son,

GEORGE, second marquess. His lordship was a staunch adherent of the unfortunate Charles I. and was beheaded, in consequence, 30th March, 1649. He m. Lady Anne Campbell, daughter of Archibald, seventh Earl of Argyll, and had (with daughters),

GEORGE, Lord Gordon, who joining the Marquess of Montrose, fell at the battle of Alford 2nd July, 1645, unmarried.

JAMES, who, upon his father's succeeding to the earldom, inherited the VISCOUNTY OF ABOYNE, that dignity having been conferred upon him when Lord Gordon, 20th April, 1632, under such a stipulation. This nobleman joined the banner of Montrose

during the civil wars, but was eventually obliged to fly into France, where he died of grief upon hearing of the melancholy fate of King Charles I. in 1649; dying unmarried, the viscounty expired.

Lewis, successor to his father.

Charles, created Lord Gordon, of Strathaven, and EARL OF ABOYNE in 1690. (See Earl of Aboyne).

Henry, who was in the service of the King of Poland, and *d.* unmarried.

The marquess was *s.* by his eldest surviving son, Lewis, third marquess, who was restored to his honors and estates by King Charles II. His lordship *m.* Isabel, daughter of Sir James Grant, of Grant, and was *s.* in 1693, by his only son,

GEORGE, fourth marquess. His lordship was elevated to a dukedom, as DUKE OF GORDON, 1st November, 1684. His grace *m.* Lady Elizabeth Howard, second daughter of Henry, Duke of Norfolk, and EARL OF NORWICH, by whom he had a son and a daughter. The duchess retiring to a convent in Flanders, the duke instituted a process of adherence in 1697. In 1711, her grace excited no small attention, by sending to the dean and faculty of advocates a silver medal, with a head of the chevalier on one side, and on the other the British isles, with the word *Reddite*. The dean having presented the medal to the faculty at their next meeting, a debate ensued about the propriety of admitting it into their repositories, when the affirmative was carried, and a vote passed, to return thanks to the duchess for her present. Two advocates, delegated for that purpose, waited upon her grace, and expressed their hopes that she would soon have an opportunity to compliment the faculty with a second medal on the *Restoration*. The duke was bred up in the catholic religion, which his family always professed. He was a military character, and served under Turenne at the battle of Strasburg. In 1675, he went over to Flanders, and made a campaign in the army of the Prince of Orange. He *d.* in 1716, and was *s.* by his only son,

ALEXANDER, second duke, a zealous adherent of the Chevalier St. George in 1715, but it does not appear that he suffered thereby more than a brief imprisonment. His grace *m.* in 1706, Lady Henrietta Mordaunt, daughter of the celebrated general Charles, Earl of Peterborough and Monmouth, by whom he had a large family, which her grace brought up in the protestant faith. The duke *d.* in 1728, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

COSMO-GEORGE, third duke, K.T. (The name of Cosmo was given to the duke in compliment to Cosmo de Medicis III. Grand Duke of Tuscany, with whom his father was on the closest habits of friendship. In Gordon Castle there is a fine bust of the grand duke, presented by that prince himself to the Duke of Gordon, in 1730.) His grace *m.* in 1741, Catherine, daughter of William, Earl of Aberdeen, by whom he had issue,

ALEXANDER, his successor.

3 X

William, deputy-ranger of St. James's Park; *m.* Frances, daughter of Charles, ninth Viscount Irvine, and *d.* in 1823, *s. p.*

George, so well known as leader of the rioters in 1780; *d.* in 1793, unmarried.

Susan, *m.* first, to John, ninth Earl of Westmorland; and, secondly, to Lieutenant-colonel John Woodford. Her ladyship *d.* in 1814.

Anne, *m.* to the Rev. Alexander Chalmers, and *d.* in 1816.

Catherine, *m.* to Thomas Booker, esq.; *d.* in 1797.

His grace was one of the representative peers of Scotland. He died in France in 1732, when he was *s.* by his eldest son,

ALEXANDER, fourth duke, K.T. *b.* 18th June, 1743 (O.S.), who was enrolled amongst the peers of Great Britain, 12th February, 1784, in the dignities of *Baron Gordon, of Huntly* and (in consequence of his descent from Lady Elizabeth Howard, eldest surviving daughter of Henry, Earl of Norwich, which earldom expired in 1777) *Earl of Norwich*. His grace inherited the barony of Beauchamp, of Bletshoe (created by writ, 1st June, 1363), and the barony of Mordaunt, of Turvey (created also by writ, 5th May, 1533), as heir-general of Charles, third Earl of Peterborough (refer to Alexander, second duke), and Elizabeth Howard, his wife, only daughter and heiress of William Howard, Lord Effingham, and his wife, Anne, daughter and sole heiress of John, Lord St. John, of Bletshoe, at the decease of Mary-Anastasia, Baroness Mordaunt, issueless, in 1819 (See *Burke's Extinct and Dormant Peerage*). The duke *m.* first, in 1767, Jane, daughter of Sir William Maxwell, bart. of Monteth, in the county of Wigton, and had issue,

GEORGE, present duke.

Alexander, *b.* in 1783, a military officer, *d.* unmarried in 1808.

Charlotte, *m.* in September, 1789, to Charles, fourth Duke of Richmond.

Madelina, *m.* first, to Sir Robert Sinclair, bart. and, secondly, to Charles-Fyfe Palmer, esq. of Luckley Park.

Susan, *m.* to William, present Duke of Manchester, and *d.* 26th August, 1828.

Louisa, *m.* to Charles, second Marquess Cornwallis.

Georgiana, *m.* John, present Duke of Bedford.

His grace espoused secondly, in 1826, Mrs. Christie.

*Creations*—Lord Gordon, 10th June, 1376. Earl of Huntly, 29th June, 1449–50. Marquess of Huntly, 17th April, 1599. Duke of Gordon, 1st November, 1684 (Scottish honors). Baron Beauchamp, 1st June, 1363. Baron Mordaunt, of Turvey, 4th May, 1533, in the peerage of England. Earl of Norwich, &c. 12th February, 1784, in Great Britain.

*Arms*—Quarterly; first az. three bears' heads, erased, or, for GORDON; second, or, three lions' heads, erased gu. for BADENOCH; third, or, three crescents, within a double treasure hoary, counter-

## GOR

Story, gu. for SETON; fourth, az. three cinquefoils ar. for FRASER.



*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, a stag's head, guardant, ppr.

*Supporters*—Two greyhounds ar. collared gu. charged with three buckles or.

*Motto*—Animo non astutiā.

*Town Residence*—7, Albemarle-street.

*Seats*—Huntly Castle, Aberdeenshire; and Gordon Castle, Banffshire.

**GORDON, VISCOUNT**, of Aberdeen, in the peerage of the United Kingdom, so created, 18th June, 1814.

See Earl of Aberdeen.

**GORDON, SIR JAMES**, baronet, of Gordonstown, and of Letterfourie, in the county of Banff; s. to the title, as seventh baronet, upon the demise of his kinsman, Sir William Gordon; m. in 1801, Mary, eldest daughter and heiress of William Glendonwyn, esq. of Glendonwyn, by whom he has issue,

1. WILLIAM, b. in 1802.
2. James, b. in 1803.
3. Charles, b. in 1808.
4. Helen.

Sir James is premier baronet of Nova Scotia.

### Lineage.

This is a branch of the ducal house of Gordon. GEORGE, second Earl of Huntly, m. Jean, daughter of King James I. of Scotland, and had issue,

ALEXANDER, his successor.

Adam, of whom presently.

William, ancestor of the Gordons of Gight.

James, of Letterfourie, admiral of Scotland in 1513.

The earl was s. by his eldest son; while the second,

THE HONORABLE ADAM GORDON, of Aboyne, having m. Elizabeth, Countess of Sutherland, assumed, by courtesy, that title. The grandson of this marriage,

JOHN GORDON, (eldest son of Alexander, master of Sutherland, who d. in January, 1520,) succeeded as tenth Earl of Sutherland, in right

## GOR

of his grandmother, who d. in 1535. His lordship m. Elizabeth, only daughter of Colin, third Earl of Argyll, and relict of James, Earl of Moray, and was s. by his only son,

ALEXANDER, eleventh Earl of Sutherland, who m. Jean, daughter of George, fourth Earl of Huntly, by whom he had issue,

JOHN, successor to the earldom.

Robert, of whom presently.

Sir William.

His lordship's second son,

1. THE HONORABLE ROBERT GORDON, of Gordonstown, was a man of very eminent abilities, and, having filled the high offices of vice-chamberlain of Scotland, sheriff principal of the county of Inverness, lord of the privy-council, &c. was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, with remainder to his heirs male whatsoever, 20th May, 1625. Sir Robert d. in 1656, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR LUDOVICK, who d. in 1688, and was s. by his eldest son,

3. SIR ROBERT; to whom s. in 1701, his eldest son,

4. SIR ROBERT. This gentleman, upon the demise of William, twenty-first Earl of Sutherland, claimed that dignity; but the house of lords, in 1771, adjudged it to the deceased earl's daughter, Elizabeth, present Marchioness of Stafford. Sir Robert m. Agnes, daughter of Sir William Maxwell, baronet, of Calderwood, and was s. at his decease, in 1772, by his eldest son,

5. SIR ROBERT, at whose decease, unmarried, 2nd June, 1776, the title devolved upon his only surviving brother,

6. SIR WILLIAM, who d. unmarried, 5th of March, 1795, when his estates passed, by bequest, to Sir Alexander Cuming Gordon; but the baronetcy devolved upon James Gordon, esq. of Letterfourie, the present baronet, who is the lineal descendant of Sir James Gordon, of Letterfourie, admiral of Scotland in 1513, fourth son of George, second Earl of Huntly.

*Creation*—20th May, 1625.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first, az. three boars' heads couped, or; second, or, three lions' heads, erased, gu.; third, or, three cushions, within the double tressure, flowered and counter-flowered, gu.; fourth, az. three cinquefoils ar. all within a bordure, indented, ar.

*Crest*—A stag at gaze, ppr.



## GOR

*Motto*—Dum sisto vigilo.

*Seat*—Letterfourie, Banffshire.

GORDON, SIR FRANCIS, of Lesmore, in the county of Aberdeen.

### Lineage.

This gentleman is descended from Sir James Gordon, of Lesmore, who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, with remainder to his heirs male, 2nd of September, 1625.



*Arms*—Az. a fesse, chequy, ar. and of the field, between three boars' heads, erased, or.

*Crest*—A hart's head, couped, ppr.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a naked man ppr. SINISTER, a griffin ppr.

*Motto*—Bydand.

GORDON, SIR ORFORD, baronet, of Embo, in the county of Sutherland; s. to the title, as ninth baronet, upon the decease of his brother, 12th November, 1804; m. 20th December, 1813, Francis, daughter of Lieutenant-general Gore Browne, colonel of the 44th regiment, by whom he has issue,

1. WILLIAM-HOME.
2. Charlotte-Mackenzie.
3. Louisa-Charlotte-Melville.
4. Frances-Amelia.

Sir Orford was formerly a captain in the 78th Highland regiment.

### Lineage.

This is a branch of the ducal family of Gordon, diverging from Adam Gordon, Dean of Caithness, (third son of Alexander, first Earl of Huntly, by Elizabeth, eldest daughter of William, Lord Crichton, high-chancellor of Scotland,) who m. the heiress of Sutherland, and had issue,

WILLIAM, chancellor of Dunkeld, rector of Pitty, and treasurer of Caithness.  
George, of Beldorny.  
John, of whom presently.  
Elizabeth, m. to Lord Findlater.

The dean d. in 1528. His third son,

## GOR

JOHN GORDON, esq. of Drummoy, left a son, JOHN GORDON, esq. of Embo, who was s. by his only son,

1. JOHN GORDON, esq. of Embo. This gentleman was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, 29th of January, 1631, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR ROBERT, who m. the Honorable Miss Sutherland, daughter of James, second Lord Duffus, by whom he had four sons and three daughters, and was s. by his eldest son,

3. SIR JOHN. This gentleman d. 16th October, 1677, and was s. by his eldest son,

4. SIR WILLIAM, who was s. by his eldest son,

5. SIR JOHN. This gentleman m. first, a daughter of the Right Honorable Kenneth, Lord Duffus, by whom he had two sons and two daughters; secondly, in 1727, Margaret, daughter of William Sutherland, esq., and widow of James Sutherland, esq. of Prousy, by whom he had three sons and four daughters. Sir John d. in 1779, and was s. by his eldest son,

6. SIR JAMES; at whose decease the title devolved upon his brother,

7. SIR WILLIAM, b. in 1736. This gentleman, who was a captain in the 19th regiment, m. Sarah, only daughter of Crosby Westfield, esq. R.N. by whom he left issue,

JOHN, his successor.

ORFORD, present baronet.

Charlotte, m. to lieutenant-general William Neville Cameron.

Amelia, m. to Major Charles Setwart, of the Honorable East India Company's Bengal army.

Sir William d. 7th January, 1804, and was s. by his eldest son,

8. SIR JOHN, a lieutenant of engineers in the Honorable East India Company's Bengal army; at whose decease, unmarried, at Prince of Wales's Island, 12th November, 1804, the title devolved upon his only surviving brother, ORFORD, the present baronet.

*Creation*—29th January, 1631.



*Arms*—Az. three boars' heads erased, or.

*Crest*—A boar's head, as in the arms.

*Motto*—Forward, without fear.

*Seat*—Embo, in the county of Sutherland.

GORDON, SIR JOHN-BURY, baronet, of Park, in the county of Kircudbright; s. to the title, as sixth baronet, upon the de-

miss of his father, in 1780; m. and has issue,

### Lineage.

SIR ADAM GORDON, knt. of Park, and of Edin-  
glassie, m. Christian, daughter of Sir — Gordon,  
of Gight, and was s. by his eldest son,

1. SIR JOHN GORDON, who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* in 1686, and was s. by his son,

2. SIR JOHN. This gentleman m. Helen, fourth daughter of James, second Earl of Airlie, and was s. at his decease by his only son,

3. SIR JAMES, who m. first, Helen, eldest daughter of William, Lord Saltoun, by whom he had a son; and, secondly, Margaret, second daughter of John, eighth Lord Elphinstone, and widow of George, Count Leslie, of Balguthain, by whom he had two sons and two daughters. He was s. at his decease by his eldest son,

4. SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman, joining CHARLES-EDWARD, in 1745, was attainted, but escaped into France. The attainder was however subsequently reversed. Sir William m. Jean, daughter of William, Earl of Fife, by whom he had two sons and a daughter. Sir William Gordon had been lieutenant-colonel in Lord Ogilvie's regiment, and, for his services to the Emperor of Germany, was allowed, for himself and heirs, the rank of the first class of nobility in Hungary. He d. at Douay, 5th June, 1781, and was s. by his eldest son,

5. SIR JOHN JAMES, who was a Lieutenant in the service of the Hon. East India Company, and fell at the siege of Bassien in 1780; he m. Miss Hannah Comer, and left an infant son,

JOHN-BURR, present baronet.

And a daughter.

Jessy-Hannah, who m. Richard Creed, esq. of London.

*Creation*—1686.



*Arms*—A. a dexter hand, vambraced, grasping a sword, erect, in pale, ppr. hilted and pommel or, between three boars' heads, couped, of the third, langued gu.

*Crest*—A sinister gauntlet ppr.

*Motto*—Sic tutus.

GORDON, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Earliston; b. 4th October, 1780; s. to the title, as fifth baronet, upon the decease

of his uncle, 17th October, 1795; m. first, 10th April, 1809, Juliana, daughter of Jervis Gallimore, esq. of Greenfield, in the Island of Jamaica, who d. without issue, in 1824; and, secondly, 22nd April, 1825, Mary, only daughter of William Irving, esq. of Gribton, Peebles, by whom he has issue,

JOHN, b. 29th March, 1826.

— (a son) b. 20th Nov. 1830.

### Lineage.

This is a junior branch of the house of Lochinvar, whose chief, until the attainder, had the honor of a peerage, under the title of Viscount Kenmure.

WILLIAM GORDON, esq. of Earliston, a member of the Scottish parliament, m. Mary, eldest daughter of Sir John Hope, of Craighall, by whom he had two sons, ALEXANDER, his successor; and

1. WILLIAM GORDON, esq. of Aston, who was a lieutenant-colonel in the army, under the Duke of Marlborough, and was created, for his services, a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his brother, and his male descendants, 9th July, 1706. Sir William m. Mary, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir George Campbell, of Eneock; but dying without issue, in 1718, the title devolved upon his brother.

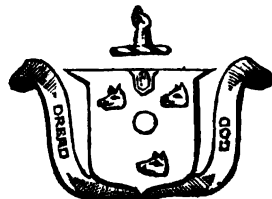
2. SIR ALEXANDER, who had succeeded his father, in 1679, at Earliston. This gentleman m. first, in 1676, Janet, eldest daughter and heiress of Sir William Hamilton, of Preston, by whom he had thirteen children; and, secondly, in 1697, Marion, second daughter of Alexander, Viscount Kenmure, by whom he had three children. Sir Alexander d. in 1736, and was s. by his eldest son,

3. SIR THOMAS, b. 26th October, 1685; m. 26th January, 1710, Anne, daughter and heiress of William Broick, esq. by whom he had thirteen children. He d. 23rd March, 1769, and was s. by his fifth, but eldest surviving, son,

4. SIR JOHN, b. in 1720; m. in 1773, Miss Anne Miller, but dying without issue, 17th October, 1795, the title devolved upon his nephew.

5. JOHN GORDON, esq. the present baronet, who is eldest son of the late James Gordon, esq. of the Island of Jamaica, youngest brother of the deceased Sir John Gordon.

*Creation*—9th July, 1706.



## GOR

*Arms*—As. a bezant, between three boars' heads erased, or.

*Crest*—A dexter hand, issuing out of a wreath, grasping a shablie, ppr.

*Motto*—Dread God.

*Seat*—Earlston, Kircudbrightshire.

**GORDON-CUMMING, SIR WILLIAM-GORDON-CUMMING**, baronet, of Gordons town, in the county of Elgin; *b.* 20th July, 1787; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 10th February, 1806; *m.* 11th September, 1815, Eliza-Maria, eldest daughter of John Campbell, jun. esq. of Shawfield, by Lady Charlotte-Maria Campbell, daughter of John, Duke of Argyll, by whom he has issue,

ALEXANDER-PENROSE, *b.* 17th August, 1816.

Ronaleyn-George, *b.* 15th March, 1820.

Henry, *b.* 14th November, 1822.

John-Randolph, *b.* 21st June, 1826.

Anne-Seymour-Conway.

Adela-Eliza.

### Lineage.

The earliest authenticated ancestor of this family is

ROBERT COMES DE COMYN, a nobleman of the first rank in Scotland, in the reign of King Malcolm Canmore, who fell at the battle of Alnwick, in 1093, and from whom, through a long line of distinguished ancestors, descended

1. ALEXANDER-PENROSE CUMMING, esq. eldest son of Alexander Cumming, esq. of Altyr, in Elgin, by Grace Penrose, niece and sole heiress of John Penrose, esq. of Penrose, in the county of Cornwall, who being heir and representative of the last Sir William Gordon, bart. of Gordons town, assumed, in obedience to the testamentary injunction of that gentleman, the name and arms of Gordon, and was created a baronet 21st May, 1804. Sir Alexander *m.* Helen, daughter of Sir Ludovick Grant, bart. of Grant, North Britain, by whom he left issue,

1. WILLIAM, present baronet, who represents, in the male line, as chief of the name, the ancient family of Cumming; and inherits, through female descent, the estates of the knightly house of Gordon, or Gordons town, premier baronets of Nova Scotia, whose dignity, in the terms of the regulating patent, under the sign manual of King William, now merges in the ducal house of Portland. The present baronet is also heir-general of the very ancient family of Penrose, of Penrose, in Cornwall, which family was settled there antecedent to the Conquest.

2. Charles Lennox, *b.* 20th February, 1780.

3. Margaret, *m.* to Major Madden, and *d.* —.

4. Helen, *m.* to Sir Archibald Dunbar, bart. and died —.

## GOR

5. Louisa, *m.* to John-Hay Forbes, Lord Medwyn, of the court of session.

6. Jane. 7. Mary.

8. Amelia. 9. Sophia.

10. Edwina, *m.* to Thomas Miller, esq. of Glenlee.

Sir Alexander *d.* 10th February, 1806.

*Creation*—21st May, 1804.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, as. three garbs or; second and third, ar. three hands sa. each charged with as many roses of the field, barbed or; over all, upon an escutcheon of pretence, the arms of GORDON of GORDONSTOWN, viz.; first and fourth, grand quarterings, counter-quartered; first, as. three boars' heads coupé or, armed and langued gu. for GORDON; second, or, three lions' heads erased gu. for BADENOCH; third, or, three crescents within the royal treasure, for SETON; fourth, as. three cinquefoils ar. for FRASER; second and third, grand quarters, gu. three stars or, all within a bordure of the last.

*Crest*—A cat salient ppr.

*Motto*—Above the crest—Sans crainte.

*Supporters*—Of the escutcheon of pretence, DEXTER, a greyhound ppr. collared gu. charged with three buckles or; SINISTER, a savage ppr. wreathed about the head and waist with laurel vert, brandishing a club, also ppr.

*Crest*—A lion rampant or, in the dexter paw a dagger, ppr.

*Motto*—Over the crest—Courage.

*Supporters*—Two horses ar.

*Seats*—Altyr, and Gordons town, in the county of Elgin, N.B.

**GORDON-DUFF, SIR ALEXANDER-CORNEWALL**, baronet, of Hankin, in the county of Ayr; *b.* 3rd February, 1811; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 8th March, 1823.

### Lineage.

WILLIAM DUFF, esq. of Crombie, in the county of Banff, *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Robert Dalrymple, knt. of Castleton, by whom he had issue,

James.

## GOR

Janet, m. to Sir Hugh Dalrymple, bart.  
 Anne, m. first, to William, Earl of Dumfries, by whom she had no issue; and, secondly, to the Hon. Alexander Gordon, Lord Rockville, of the court of session, third son of William, second Earl of Aberdeen, and grandson of Alexander, second duke of Gordon, by whom she had (with other issue) Charles, m. and has issue.

William, of whom presently.  
 Alexander, lieutenant-colonel 53rd foot, fell at Talavera, unmarried.  
 Cosmo.

Anne, m. to John Cathcart, esq.  
 Janet, m. to the Hon. Hugh Lindsay.  
 Catherine, m. to Robert Hepburn, esq.  
 Margaret, m. to Sir Coutts Trotter, bart.

Mr. Duff's only son,

1. JAMES DUFF, esq. having filled for a series of years the office of British consul at the port of Cadiz, was created a baronet, 12th November, 1813, with remainder to his nephew, William Gordon, esq. who s. at Sir James's decease, in 1815; and having assumed, by royal license, the additional surname of Duff, became

2. SIR WILLIAM DUFF-GORDON, b. 8th April, 1772; m. in 1810, Caroline, daughter of Sir George Cornwall, bart. by whom he had issue,

ALEXANDER-CORNEWALL, present baronet.  
 Cosmo-Louis, b. 23rd February, 1812.  
 Georgiana-Catherine.  
 Alicia-Frances.

He d. in 1823.

*Creation*—12th November, 1813.



*Arms*—Vert, on a fesse dancettée, erm. between a buck's head cabossed in chief, and two escallops in base or, a mullet gu.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a demi-lion gu. holding in the dexter paw a sword erect, ppr. hilt and pommel or, charged on the breast with a mullet ar.

*Seats*—Kinstair, Ayrshire; and Crombie, Banffshire.

GORDON, SIR JAMES-WILLOUGHBY, baronet, of Niton, in the Isle of Wight, G.C.B.; b. 21st October, 1772; m. 15th October, 1805, Julia, daughter of Richard H. A. Bennett, esq. of Babraham, in Somersetshire, and first-cousin to the Duke of Northumberland, by whom he has issue,

## GOR

HENRY-PERCY, b. 21st October, 1906.  
 Julia, b. 13th October, 1810.

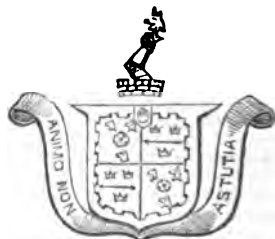
Lieutenant-general Gordon was created a baronet, 5th December, 1818, in consideration of his military services. Sir James is colonel of the twenty-third regiment of foot, and quarter-master-general of the forces.

### Lineage.

CAPTAIN F. GRANT, of the R.N. assumed, by sign manual, in 1768, the surname and arms of "GORDON," in pursuance of the testamentary injunction of his maternal uncle, James Gordon, esq. of Moorplace, in the county of Kent. Capt. Gordon m. in 1770, Mary, daughter of Sir Thomas Aston, bart. and sister and sole heiress of Sir Willoughby Aston, bart. and left at his decease, in 1803,

JAMES-WILLOUGHBY, created a baronet as above.

*Creation*—5th December, 1818.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, az. a rose ar. between three boars' heads erased or, for GORDON; second and third, gu. a tilting spear, fesseways, ppr. between three ancient crowns or, for GRANT; the whole within a bordure embattled, quarterly, ar. and or.

*Crest*—Out of a mural crown, a dexter arm embowed in armour, ppr. charged with a mullet gu. garnished or, the hand grasping a falchion, also ppr. enfiled with a boar's head erect and erased or.

*Motto*—Animo non astutiâ.

*Seat*—Niton, Isle of Wight.

GORE, SIR RALPH, baronet, of Manor Gore, in the county of Donegal; s. to the title, as seventh baronet, upon the decease of his uncle, Sir Ralph Gore, Earl of Ross, m. Lady Grace Maxwell, daughter of Barry, Earl of Farnham, by whom he has one son and three daughters.

### Lineage.

This family is the parent stock whence the noble house of Gore, Earls of Arran, branched.

1. **PAUL GORE**, a captain of horse, settled in Ireland, during the reign of Elizabeth, and having obtained large territorial grants, which he condensed into a manor, by the designation of Manor Gore, was created a **BARONET OF IRELAND** 2nd February, 1621. Sir Paul *m.* Isabella, daughter of — Wicklife, esq. and niece of Sir Thomas Wentworth, Earl of Strafford, by whom he had six sons and seven daughters; from the second eldest of whom,

Sir Arthur Gore, created a baronet in 1602, descended the Earls of Arran.

Sir Paul *d.* in 1629, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR RALPH**, who *m.* Anne, second daughter of William, second Lord Caulfeild, of Charlemont, by whom he had an only son, his successor,

3. **SIR WILLIAM**. This gentleman, who was a privy-councillor in Ireland, and *custos-rotulorum* of the county of Leitrim, *m.* Hannah, daughter and co-heiress of James, son and heir of Sir F. Hamilton, knight, of Manor Hamilton, in the county of Leitrim, by whom he had three sons and five daughters, and dying in 1700, was *s.* by his eldest son,

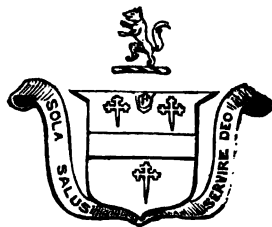
4. **SIR RALPH**, M.P. for the county of Donegal, a privy-councillor, chancellor of the exchequer, and subsequently, in 1729, speaker of the house of commons in Ireland, upon the retirement of the Right Hon. William Connolly. This gentleman succeeded, in right of his mother, to the estate of Manor Hamilton, and beautifying the Island of Ballymacmanus, in Lough Earne, gave it the name of Belle Isle. Sir Ralph *m.* first, Miss Colville, daughter of Sir Robert Colville, of Newtown, in the county of Leitrim, by whom he had two daughters; and, secondly, Elizabeth, only daughter of the Right Rev. Dr. St. George Ashe, Bishop of Clogher, by whom he had three sons and four daughters, and, dying 23rd of February, 1732, was *s.* by his eldest son,

5. **SIR ST. GEORGE GORE-ST. GEORGE**, M. P. for the county of Donegal, who assumed the latter surname upon inheriting the estates of his maternal ancestors, his mother being, first, co-heiress, and eventually, sole heiress of her brother, Sir Richard St. George, of Dunmore. Sir St. George *m.* 22nd September, 1743, Anne, only daughter of the Right Hon. Francis Burton, of Buncraggy, and sister of Francis-Pierrepoint Burton Lord Conyngham, but having no issue, the title at his decease, in 1746, devolved upon his brother,

6. **SIR RALPH GORE**, a distinguished military officer, who, having obtained the command of a battalion, at the battle of Laffeldt, 2nd July, 1747, when only a captain, owing to the fall of his senior officers, distinguished himself so highly, that he received the thanks of the Duke of Cumberland on the following day, at the head of his regiment. He, subsequently, represented the county of Donegal in parliament, and was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, in 1764, by the title of *Baron Gore*. In 1768, the earl was advanced to the *Viscounty of Belleisle*, and in

1771, created **EARL OF ROSS**. In 1789, his lordship, who had attained the rank of Lieutenant-general, was appointed commander-in-chief in Ireland, in the absence of Lieutenant-general Pitt. Lord Ross *m.* first, 23rd February, 1754, Catherine, daughter of the Right Hon. Thomas Connolly, by whom he had no issue; and, secondly, Alice, daughter of the Right Hon. Nathaniel Clements, and sister of Robert, Lord Leitrim, by whom he had an only son, Ralph, Viscount Belleisle, who *d.* issueless, in 1789. His lordship died —, when the peerage expired; but the baronetcy devolved upon his nephew, **RALPH GORE**, esq. the present baronet, eldest son of the deceased lord's brother, Richard Gore, esq. of Sandymount, in the county of Wicklow.

*Creation*—2nd February, 1621.



*Arms*—Gu. a fesse ar. between three crosslets, fitchée, or.

*Crest*—A wolf, rampant, ar. collared gu.

*Motto*—Sola salus servire Deo.

**GORE-BOOTH, SIR ROBERT**, baronet, of Lissadell, in the county of Sligo, *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father; *m.* 23rd March, 1827, Caroline, second daughter of Viscount Lorton, by whom (who *d.* in 1828,) he has no issue.

### Lineage.

This family is a branch of the house of Gore, of Manor Gore, baronets, springing from

**SIR FRANCIS GORE**, knight, of Artaman, in the county of Sligo, (fourth son of Sir Paul Gore, baronet, of Manor Gore, and brother of Sir Arthur Gore, ancestor of the Earls of Arran.) Sir Francis *m.* Anne, daughter and heiress of Robert Parke, esq. of Newtown, in the county of Leitrim, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**SIR ROBERT GORE**, knight, of Newtown, who *m.* in 1678, Frances, eldest daughter of Sir Thomas Newcomen, knight, of Sutton, in the county of Dublin, and was *s.* at his decease, in 1705, by his eldest surviving son,

**NATHANIEL GORE**, esq., of Artaman and of Newtown Gore. This gentleman *m.* in 1711, Lettice, only daughter and heiress of Humphrey Booth, esq., of Dublin, by whom he had two sons and three daughters.

John, the second son, *s.* to the estates of Salford, in the county of Lancaster, through his cousin, Robert Booth, esq., and assumed the surname of Booth, but *d.* unmarried, in 1780.

Mr. Gore was *s.* by his eldest son,

1. BOOTH GORE, esq., of Lissadell, in the county of Sligo, who was created a BARONET OF IRELAND, 30th August, 1760. Sir Booth *m.* Emily, daughter of Brabazon Newcomen, esq., of the county of Carlow, by whom he had two sons. He *d.* 22nd August, 1773, and was *s.* by the elder,

2. SIR BOOTH, of Lissadell, in the county of Sligo, and of Huntercombe House, in the county of Bucks, at whose decease, unmarried, 17th June, 1804, the title devolved upon his only brother,

3. SIR ROBERT, who assumed, by sign manual, 30th August, 1804, the additional surname and arms of BOOTH. This gentleman *m.* —, daughter of Henry Irwin, esq., of Streamstown, in the county of Sligo, and had issue,

ROBERT, present baronet.

— (a son).

Anne, *m.* to the Honorable Robert King, eldest son of Viscount Lorton.

Sir Robert *d.* —

*Creation*—30th August, 1760.

*Seats*—Lissadell, in the county of Sligo; Huntercombe, Bucks; and Salford, Lancashire.

**GORING, SIR CHARLES-FORSTER**, baronet, of Highden, in the county of Sussex; *b.* in 1768, *m.* 7th November, 1799, Bridget, daughter of Henry Dent, esq. and has issue,

1. HARRY-DENT, *b.* in 1802; *m.* Augusta, daughter of Lieutenant-colonel Harvey, of Thorpe Lodge, in the county of Norfolk.
2. Charles, *b.* in 1805.
3. George, *b.* in 1806.
4. Forster, *b.* in 1810.
5. William, *b.* in 1811.
6. Bridget.
7. Anne.
8. Elizabeth.
9. Ida.

Sir Charles *s.* to the title, as sixth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 1st December, 1824, and served the office of high-sheriff of Sussex in 1827.

### Lineage.

This very ancient Sussex family deduces its descent from

JOHN, Lord of Goring, in that county, living temp. Edward I., from whom descended lineally

SIR WILLIAM GORING, knight, gentleman of the privy-chamber to King Edward VI., who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of William Covert, esq., of Slaugham, in the county of Sussex, and had two sons,

Henry, of Burton, whose grandson, William Goring, esq., was created a baronet in 1632, an honor that expired with Sir William, the third baronet, in 1724.

And

GEORGE GORING, esq., of Oving Dean, who *m.* Mary, daughter and co-heiress of William Everard, esq., and had two sons,

1. George, whose son George was elevated to the peerage as *Baron Goring*, in 1632, and created *Earl of Norwich* in 1644, dignities which ceased with his only son and successor, CHARLES, second earl, in 1672 (See *Burke's Extinct Peerage*).
2. Edward, whose descendant,

1. HENRY GORING, esq., eldest son of Henry Goring, esq., of High Deane, *s.* to the dignity of baronet upon the demise of Sir James Bowyer, baronet, of Leighthorne, in the county of Sussex, (whose grandfather had been so created 23rd July, 1627,) agreeable to a new patent, dated 18th May, 1678, obtained by Sir James, entailing the title upon Mr. Goring, with precedence, according to the original creation. Sir Henry *m.* Diana, daughter of Sir Edward Bishopp baronet, of Parham, and granddaughter of Nicholas, first Earl of Thanet, by whom he had two sons,

HENRY, who was killed in his father's lifetime, by Sir Edward Dering, baronet, in one of the theatres. He *m.* twice, and left two sons, Charles and Henry.

Charles, LL.D.

Sir Henry was *s.* at his decease, in 1702, by his elder grandson,

2. SIR CHARLES, at whose decease, without issue, in 1714, the title devolved upon his half-brother.

3. SIR HARRY, who *m.* Miss Matthews, daughter and co-heiress of Admiral Sir George Matthews, knight, by whom he had eleven children, nine sons and two daughters. He *d.* in 1723, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

4. SIR CHARLES-MATTHEWS, who *m.* first, Mary, youngest daughter of William Blackburn, esq., by whom he had a son and two daughters. He *m.* secondly, Elizabeth, second daughter of Sir Robert Fagg, baronet, and eventually heiress of her brother, Sir Robert Fagg, baronet, by whom he had one son, Charles, who inherited the Fagg estates in Kent and Sussex. Sir Charles-Matthews was *s.* in 1760, by his elder son,

5. SIR HARRY. This gentleman *m.* first, Miss Forster, only child of Governor Forster, of Fort William, in Bengal, (this lady was a legatee and relative of Gray, the poet,) by whom he had issue,

CHARLES-FORSTER, present baronet.

Anna Maria, *m.* to Thomas Lewys, esq.

Frances, *m.* first, to the Rev. John Dring; and, secondly, to the Rev. J. Ridout.

Sir Harry *m.* secondly, Miss Elizabeth Fisher, and had a son, Harry. He *d.* in 1824.

*Creation*—23rd July, 1637.



*Arms*—Or, a chev. between three annulets gu.  
*Crest*—On a wreath, a lion rampant, guardant  
 sa.  
*Seat*—Highden, Sussex.

**GORMANSTON, VISCOUNT**, (Jenico Preston,) of Gormanston, in the counties of Dublin and Meath, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 4th January, 1775; *s.* to the dignity, as 12th Viscount, upon the demise of his father, 15th December, 1786; *m.* in 1794, Margaret, eldest daughter of Thomas-Arthur, second Viscount Southwell, by whom (who *d.* 26th January, 1820,) he has had issue,

EDWARD-ANTHONY-JOHN, *b.* 3rd June, 1796.  
 Arthur-Anthony, *b.* 2nd of June, 1798, *d.* in 1827.

Jenico-Charles, *b.* 24th September, 1800.

Robert, *b.* 23rd January, 1802, an officer in the army.

Charles, *b.* 28th April, 1803, also an officer in the army.

Edmund, *b.* 16th February, 1808, and *d.* in 1826.

Matilda.

His lordship obtained in 1800, permission from the crown to institute proceedings in the court of king's-bench for the reversal of the outlawries of Nicholas, the sixth viscount, (which had been reversed at the Restoration,) and of Jenico, the seventh viscount, against whom the outlawry did not pass until after his decease; and a favorable judgment having been pronounced in the Easter term of that year, a writ of summons was issued to the viscount, 2nd August, 1800, to take his seat in the house of peers.

### Lineage.

The first member of this very ancient and distinguished family which we find upon record, in Ireland, is

PHILIP DE PRESTON, whose grandson,

ROGER DE PRESTON, was justice of the court of common-pleas in the first year of Edward III., and, in 1331, one of the justices of the court of king's-bench. The son and heir of this learned person,

SIR ROBERT DE PRESTON, who was knighted

3 Y

in the field, in 1361, by Lionel Duke of Clarence, and obtained a grant for ever of the manor of Gormanston, in the counties of Dublin and Meath, was lord of Preston, in Lancashire, and filled the office of LORD-HIGH-CHANCELLOR of IRELAND. Being possessed of Carbery, in the county of Kildare, he made that the chief place of his residence. His lordship *m.* Margaret, daughter and heiress of Walter de Birmingham, lord of Carbery, and was *s.* by his only son,

SIR CHRISTOPHER PRESTON, knight. This gentleman was imprisoned in the castle of Trim, for corresponding with the prior of Kilmainham. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of William Laundes, Baron of Naas, in right of his mother, Emma, daughter of William Fitzmaurice, Baron of Naas, (so created by Henry II.) and his wife, Helen, sister of Richard, Earl of Pembroke (by which marriage the Prestons obtained the barony of Naas). Sir Christopher was *s.* by his only son,

CHRISTOPHER PRESTON, Baron of Naas, in right of his mother, who *m.* Jane, daughter of Sir Jenico D'Artois, *knt.* and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR ROBERT PRESTON, who was appointed deputy to Sir John Dynham, lord-chancellor of Ireland; and Richard, Duke of York, youngest son of King Edward IV., being constituted lord-deputy of Ireland, 5th May, 1478, Sir Robert was appointed that prince's deputy, (he being in minority,) with power to elect a deputy to himself. On the 7th August, in the same year (1478), he was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, by the title of **VISCOUNT GORMANSTON, of Gormanston**. His lordship sat in the parliament of 1490 and in that of 1493. He *d.* in 1503, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM, second viscount. This nobleman filled the office of deputy to Sir James Ormonde, lord-treasurer in 1493. In 1504, his lordship attended the Earl of Kildare, lord-deputy, to the famous battle of Knocktough, in the province of Connaught, where, with Lord Killeen, he led the wings of the bowmen; and in 1525, he was appointed lord-justice of Ireland. His lordship was *s.* at his decease, by his eldest son,

JENICO, third viscount, who *d.* in 1559, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

CHRISTOPHER, fourth viscount. This nobleman left, with several daughters, three sons, namely,

JENICO, his successor.

Thomas, created **Viscount Tara**, which title ceased with his lordship's grandson, Thomas, third viscount, who was killed 6th of July, 1674, by Sir Francis Blundell, *knt.* of the King's county, and his brothers, William and Winwood Blundell. These gentlemen being all, however, acquitted of murder, received his Majesty's pardon in the December of the same year.

William.

His lordship was *s.* by his eldest son,

JENICO, fifth viscount, who was *s.* by his eldest son,

NICHOLAS, sixth viscount, to whom *s.* his eldest son,

**JENICO, seventh viscount.** This nobleman having adhered to his legitimate sovereign, King James II. was indicted for high-treason, and outlawed upon that indictment, 16th April, 1691. His lordship deceasing, however, in the March, preceding, was *s.* by his nephew,

**JENICO, eighth viscount,** but the title was not acknowledged, although borne by his lordship and his three immediate successors. He was *s.* by his brother,

**ANTHONY, ninth viscount,** who was *s.* by his son,

**JENICO, tenth viscount,** who *m.* in 1729, Thomasine, eldest daughter of John, eleventh Lord Trimlestown, and had, with other issue,

**ANTHONY, his successor.**

**James, who m. Purefoy, second daughter of Sir Willoughby Aston, bart. by whom (who d. in 1792,) he left issue,**

Edward.

Philip.

Catherine.

Mary.

Sydney.

Frances.

His lordship d. 31st October, 1757, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**ANTHONY, eleventh viscount,** who *m.* Henrietta, daughter of John Robinson, esq. of Denston Hall, in the county of Suffolk, and dying in Dec. 1786, left issue an only son, **JENICO, present viscount.**

*Creation*—7th August, 1478.



*Arms*—Or, on a chief *sa.* three crescents gold.

*Crest*—On a chapeau, *gu.* turned up *erm.* a fox, statant, *ppr.*

*Supporters*—On each side, a fox, *ppr.*

*Motto*—Sans tache.

*Seat*—Gormanston Castle, county of Meath.

**GORT, VISCOUNT, (Charles Vereker,)** and Baron Kiltarton, in the county of Galway, in the peerage of Ireland, and one of the representative lords; constable of the city of Limerick, colonel of its militia, and a privy-councillor in Ireland; *b.* in 1768; *m.* first, in 1789, Jane, relict of William Stamer, esq. of Cornelly, in the county of Clare, and daughter of Ralph Westropp, esq. of Allyfern, by whom he has issue,

**JOHN-PENDERGAST, b.** 21st April, 1790; *m.* 13th December, 1814, Maria, eldest daugh-

ter of the Right Hon. Standish O'Grady, lord-chief-baron of the court of exchequer in Ireland, now Viscount Guilleamore, and has two sons.

**Juliana, m.** to Colonel White, of Woodlands. **Georgiana, m.** to John-Wallace Hamilton, esq.

The Viscount *m.* secondly, in 1810, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of John Pallister, esq. of Derryluskan, in the county of Tipperary, by whom he has a son,

**Charles, b.** in 1818.

His lordship *s.* to the peerage, as second viscount, upon the demise of his uncle, 23rd May, 1817.

### Lineage.

**JOHN-PENDERGAST SMYTH, esq.** (son of Charles Smyth, esq. second son of the Right Rev. Dr. Thomas Smyth, bishop of Limerick in 1696; representative of the city of Limerick for forty-five years in parliament, by Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Thomas Pendergast, bart. and sister and heiress of the last baronet,) was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 15th May, 1810, as *Baron Kiltarton*, with remainder to his nephew, Charles Vereker, the son of his sister, Juliana, who had married Thomas Vereker, esq. of Roxborough, in the county of Limerick. His lordship was advanced to a viscounty, as **VISCOUNT GORT**, with the same reversion, 22nd January, 1816, and *d.* unmarried in the following year.

*Creations*—Baron, 15th May, 1810. Viscount, 22nd January, 1816.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth *az.* on a chev. or, the scalp of a stag, with two antlers *sa.*; second, *gu.* a lion rampant *ar.*; on a chief of the second, a mullet of the first between three torseaux; third, *gu.* a saltire, *vair*, or and *az.*

*Crests*—*First*, out of a mural crown *gu.* a stag's head attired, *ppr.*; *second*, a lion's head couped *arg.*; and *third*, an antelope trippant, *ppr.*

*Supporters*—**Dexter**, a lion *ppr.* gorged with a plain collar *gu.* rimmed and chained, or, supporting the flag of the Limerick militia, with "September, 1798" inscribed thereon. **Sinister**, an antelope *ppr.* gorged with a plain collar *gu.* rimmed and chained, or.

*Motto*—Vinci veritas.

*Seat*—Loughcooter Castle, Galwayshire.



**GOSFORD, EARL OF**, (Archibald Acheson,) Viscount and Baron Gosford, of Market Hill, in the county of Armagh, in the peerage of Ireland, and one of the representative lords, a baronet of Nova Scotia, lord-lieutenant and custos-rotulorum of the county of Armagh, and colonel of its militia; m. in July, 1805, Mary, only daughter of Robert Sparrow, esq. of Worlingham Hall, in the county of Suffolk, by whom he has issue,

1. ARCHIBALD, *Lord Acheson*, M.P. b. 20th August, 1806.
2. Mary.
3. Millicent.
4. Olivia.
5. Annabella.

His lordship s. to the honors, as second earl, upon the demise of his father, 14th Jan. 1807.

#### Lineage.

The founder of this noble family in Ireland was

1. ARCHIBALD ACHESON, esq. of Gosford, in the county of Haddington, North Britain, who settled in that kingdom in the beginning of the seventeenth century. In the year 1611, we find Mr. Acheson obtaining a large grant of lands in the county of Antrim, and in the following year another grant in the county of Cavan. In September, 1628, he was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, and in 1639 he obtained a tract of land in that province. Sir Archibald was solicitor-general, a senator of justice, and many years secretary of state for Scotland; which latter office he continued to fill until his decease, at Letter Kenny, in the county of Donegal, in 1634, when he was s. in his title and estates by his eldest son,

2. SIR PATRICK; at whose decease, without issue, in 1638, the title devolved upon his brother,

3. SIR GEORGE, who d. in 1685, and was s. by his only son,

4. SIR NICHOLAS, M.P. for the county of Armagh, in 1695, who d. in 1761, and was s. by his eldest son,

5. SIR ARTHUR. This gentleman m. Anne, daughter of the Right Hon. Philip Savage, chancellor of the exchequer in Ireland, by whom he had issue five sons and two daughters. He d. in 1748, and was s. by his eldest son,

6. SIR ARCHIBALD, who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 20th July, 1776, in the dignity of *Baron Gosford, of Market Hill, in the county of Armagh*; and advanced to the viscounty, as *Viscount Gosford*, 20th June, 1785. His lordship m. in 1740, Mary, youngest daughter of John Richardson, esq. of Rich Hill, in the county of Armagh, by whom he had, with other issue,

ARTHUR, his successor.

Anna-Maria, m. first, to Alexander Boyd, esq. and secondly, to the Rev. H. Maxwell.

Lucinda, m. first, to Thomas St. George, esq. and secondly, to Jeremiah French, esq.

He d. in 1790, and was s. by his eldest son,

ARTHUR, second viscount, who was created **EARL OF GOSFORD** in February, 1806. His lordship m. in 1774, Millicent, daughter of Lieutenant-general Edward Pol-, by whom he had issue,

ARCHIBALD, present peer.

Edward, C.B. lieutenant-colonel in the army, d. 24th July, 1828.

Olivia, m. in 1797, to Brigadier-general Robert-Bernard Sparrow, and is a widow.

Mary, m. to Lieutenant-general Lord William H. C. Bentinck, G.C.B. brother of William, fourth and present Duke of Portland.

Millicent, m. in 1826, to the Rev. J. Hurt Barber, M.A.

His lordship d. 14th January, 1807.

*Creations*—Baronet of Nova Scotia, September, 1628. Baron, 20th July, 1776. Viscount, 20th June, 1785. Earl, February, 1806.



*Arms*—Ar. an eagle, displayed, with two heads, sa. beaked and membered or, on a chief vert, two mullets of the second, pierced of the chief.

*Crest*—A cock, gu. standing upon a trumpet or.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a leopard ppr.; SINISTER, another regardant, both collared and chained or.

*Motto*—Vigilantibus.

*Seat*—Gosford Castle, in the county of Armagh.

**GOWER BARON**, (George-Granville Levison-Gower,) of Sittenham, in the county of York; b. 8th August, 1786; m. 27th May, 1823, Harriet-Elizabeth-Georgiana, daughter of George, sixth Earl of Carlisle, by whom he has issue,

GEORGE-GRANVILLE, *Lord Trentham*, b. 19th December, 1828.

Elizabeth-Georgiana, b. in 1824.

Evelyn, b. in 1825.

Blanche-Julia, b. 26th July, 1830.

This nobleman, who is eldest son of the present Marquess of Stafford, and by courtesy, styled **EARL GOWER**, was summoned to the house of peers in his father's barony, 14th November, 1826.

#### Lineage.

See Marquess of Stafford.

*Creation*—14th November, 1826.

*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, Barry of eight, ar. and gu. over all a cross patonce sa. for GOWER; second and third, az. three laurel leaves or for LEVISON.

*Crest*—A wolf passant ar. collared and lined or.

*Supporters*—Two wolves arg. each collared and lined or.



*Motto*—Frangas, non flectes.

*Town Residence*—2, Hamilton-place, Piccadilly.

GRACE, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Grace Castle, in the county of Kilkenny, s. to the title upon the demise of his cousin, Sir Richard-Grace Gamon, of Minchenden, in the county of Middlesex, M.P. 8th April, 1818, and is the second baronet.

#### Lineage.

This very ancient family deduces its descent from

RAYMOND FITZWILLIAM, or LE GROS, second son of William Fitzgerald, or de Carew, who was eldest son of Gerald Fitzwalter, or de Windsor, third son of Baron Walter Fitz-Other, governor of Windsor Castle, in 1080. This Raymond was one of the most powerful barons, who, with Richard de Clare, surnamed Strongbow, achieved the conquest of Ireland, of which kingdom he the said Raymond became viceroy, in 1176, and commander of the English forces there. By his marriage with Basilia, daughter of Gilbert de Clare, Earl of Pembroke, and sister of Earl Strongbow, he acquired the extensive district in the county of Kilkenny, still denominated the "cantred of Grace's country." From the second son of this marriage, Maurice Fitz-Raymond, Lord of Lixnau and Clannaurice, the noble house of Fitzmaurice derives, while from the eldest,

WILLIAM LE GROS, or FITZ-RAYMOND, Lord of Lereton, descended (the twelfth in succession)

SIR JOHN LE GROS, (surnamed *crios taram*, the iron belted,) Baron of Courtstown, and Lord of Grace's country, living in 1520 and 1534, who m. Catharine, daughter of Pierce, Lord le Pore, of Curraghmore, in the county of Waterford, and had two sons,

John, Baron of Courtstown and Lord of Grace's country, M.P. for the county of Kilkenny in 1568. This line terminated in 1704, on the death of Robert, only son of John, the last Baron of Courtstown, whose adherence to King James II. occasioned the forfeiture of 32,370 acres of land, which had been in the possession of his ancestors for 530 years.

And

SIR OLIVER GRACE (surnamed *ciallmhar*, the wise), of Ballylinch and Legan Castles, in the county of Kilkenny, Lord of Carney, in Tippe-

rary, and M.P. for that county in 1568, who d. circa 1680, having m. Mary, sister of Sir Maurice Fitzgerald, created Viscount Decies in 1560, and daughter of Gerald, third Baron Decies, by his wife Ellice, daughter of Pierce Butler, eighth Earl of Ormonde, and had issue,

GERALD GRACE, (surnamed *marcaugh*, the horse-man,) of Ballylinch Castle, &c. who d. 4th March, 1618, having m. Margaret, daughter of Sir Robert Hartpole, of Shrule Castle, in the Queen's county, and had issue,

OLIVER GRACE, (surnamed *skeevagh*, the handsome,) of Ballylinch Castle, who m. Margaret, daughter of Edmund Butler, second Viscount Mountgarret, and dying 27th August, 1626, was s. by his son,

GERALD GRACE, (surnamed *reemire*, the traveller,) of Ballylinch Castle, &c. who fell at the battle of Kilrush, 15th April, 1642, and a confiscation, by the Commonwealth, of 17,000 acres of his estates, ensued. He m. Ellen, eldest daughter, and eventually co-heiress, of Edmund Butler, third Lord Dunboyne, and Margaret, daughter and heiress of Thomas Butler, fourth Lord Cahir, and was s. by his son,

WILLIAM GRACE, who was denominated of Ballylinch Castle, but resided at BARROWMOUNT, in the county of Kilkenny; m. Ellinor, sister of Edward, second Viscount Galmoye, and dying in 1600, left issue,

Oliver, of whom presently.

John, of the Grange, in the Queen's county, who m. Anne, daughter and heiress of John Grace, esq. of Thomastown, and had an only daughter, Elizabeth, who espoused Richard Gamon, esq. of Datchworthbury, in the county of Herts, and left two children,

1. RICHARD-GRACE GAMON, of Minchenden, in the county of Middlesex, M.P. for the city of Winchester, created a BARONET 11th APRIL, 1795, with remainder to his cousin, Richard Grace, of Boley, esq. M.P.

2. Anna-Eliza Gamon, m. to James Brydges, third Duke of Chandos, whose only daughter and sole heiress, Lady Anna-Eliza Brydges, espoused Richard Grenville, present Duke of Buckingham and Chandos.

The elder son,

OLIVER GRACE, esq. of Shanganagh, (now Gracefield) in the Queen's county, M.P. m. Elizabeth, only surviving child of John Bryan, esq. of Bawnmore, in the county of Kilkenny, (by his second wife, Ursula, second daughter, and eventual co-heiress, of Walter Walsh, esq. of Castle Hoel, by his wife, the Hon. Magdalen Sheffield, sister of Edmund, second Earl of Mulgrave, grand-aunt, and eventually sole heiress, of Edmund Sheffield, last Duke of Buckingham and Normanby,) and dying 8th June, 1708, left (with other children, one of whom, Anne, m. first, Richard, eldest son of Sir Richard Nagle, secretary-of-state for Ireland, temp. James II.; and, secondly, Edmund Butler, eighth Lord Dunboyne,) a son,

## GRA

MICHAEL GRACE, esq. of Gracefield, who inherited, as co-heir, at law, the *underland* estates of the Sheffield family, in the counties of Sussex, Middlesex, and York. He d. 19th February, 1760, having m. Mary, daughter of John Galway, esq. of Lota House, in the county of Cork, and had (with other children, one of whom, Helena, m. Simon Kavanagh, esq. of Inch, whose grandson, Henry, was created in 1826, a Baron of Hungary, and appointed chamberlain to the Emperor of Austria, and chief of the military department of the council of war,) two sons;

OLIVER, of Gracefield, who d. 24th August, 1781, leaving, by Mary, daughter and heiress of John Dowell, esq. of Mantua House,

Michael, of Gracefield, d. 25th August, 1785, and left, by Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Nicholas Plunket, esq. of Dunsoghly Castle, an only child,

Alicia Grace, of Gracefield, who m. Morgan, third son of Thomas Kavanagh, esq. of Borris House and of Lady Susan Butler, daughter of Walter, sixteenth Earl of Ormonde and Ossory.

John-Dowell, of Mantua House, county of Roscommon; d. 25th April, 1811, and left, by Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Patrick Hussey, esq. of Ardmore,

Oliver-John-Dowell Grace, of Mantua House, who m. Frances, daughter of Sir Richard Nagle, and has issue.

The second son, (of the first Michael Grace, of Gracefield,)

WILLIAM GRACE, esq. who resided chiefly at St. Germain's, in France, m. Mary, daughter and heiress of Richard Harford, esq. of Marshfield, county of Dublin, by whom he had issue,

RICHARD, his successor.

John, captain of carabineers in the Imperial service; d. at the siege of Belgrade, 31st October, 1789.

Clara-Louisa, m. William Middleton, of Skakeld Park, in the county of York, and has issue, living,

Peter, m. to Juliana, daughter of Charles, sixteenth Lord Stourton.

Francis, m. to a daughter of James Taylor, esq. county of Lancaster.

Barbara-Clara, m. to the Viscount de Cussy, in France.

Mr. Grace d. 23rd Nov. 1777, and was s. by his eldest son,

RICHARD GRACE, esq. M.P. of Boley, in the Queen's county, upon whom the baronetcy, conferred in 1795 on Richard Grace Gamon, esq. of Minchenden, was entailed, (refer to the great-grandchildren of William Grace, of Ballylinch and Barrowmount, who d. in 1690.) This gentleman m. Jane, daughter of the Honorable John Evans, grandfather of John Evans Freke, sixth and present Lord Carberry, and dying 9th January, 1801, left issue,

## GRA

WILLIAM, who succeeded, upon the demise of Sir Richard-Grace Gamon, bart. 8th April, 1818, to that dignity, and is the second and present baronet. (The said Sir Richard-Grace Gamon m. first, Grace, daughter and co-heiress of Colonel Jefferies, and half-sister of Augustus, third Duke of Grafton, and of Charles, first Lord Southampton, but had no issue; he m. secondly, Amelia, daughter of John, third Duke of Atholl, by whom he had an only daughter, Charlotte-Amelia Gamon.)

Sheffield, barrister-at-law, LL.D., and F.S.A. m. in 1829, Henrietta-Georgiana, daughter of Lieutenant-general Sir John Hamilton, baronet.

Percy, captain R.N.

Jane, m. to George-Fredrick Brooke, esq., brother of Sir Henry Brooke, bart.

Louisa-Caroline.

Mr. Grace d. 9th January, 1801, and was s. by his eldest son, who, subsequently, inherited the baronetcy, as stated above.

Creation—11th April, 1795.



Arms—Quarterly; first, gu. a lion rampant per fesse ar. and or, for GRACE, modern; second, gu. a saltire ar. between twelve cross crosslets or, for GRACE, ancient, *alias* WINDSOR; third, or, a chief indented azure, in bend three escallops shells counter-changed for BUTLER, Lord Dunboyne; fourth, ar. a chevron between three garbs gu. for SHEFFIELD, Duke of Buckingham and Normanby.

Crests—First, on a wreath, a demi-lion rampant ar. for GRACE; second, on a wreath a boar's head and neck erased, or. for SHEFFIELD.

Supporters—DEXTER, a lion ppr.; SINISTER, a boar or; anciently a lion and a talbot, as appears on the monument of Sir Oliver Grace, at Jerpoint Abbey, county of Kilkenny.

Mottos—Over the crests, "En grace affie;" under the arms, "Concordant nomine facta."

Seat—Boley.

GRAFTON, DUKE OF, (George Henry Fitzroy,) in the county of Northampton; Earl of Euston, and Earl of Arlington; Viscount Thetford, Viscount Ipswich; Baron Arlington, of Arlington, and Sudbury, of Sudbury; lord-lieutenant, vice-admiral, and custos-rotulorum of the county of Suffolk;

hereditary receiver-general of the profits of the seals, in the court of king's bench and common-pleas; hereditary ranger of Whitlebury Forest, in the county of Northampton, and recorder of Thetford; *b.* 14th January, 1760; *m.* 16th November, 1784, Charlotte-Maria, daughter of James, second Earl of Waldegrave, (by his countess, who became, after his lordship's decease, the wife of His Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester, brother to his Majesty King George III.) by whom (who *d.* 1st Feb. 1808,) he has issue,

HENRY, *Earl of Euston*, *b.* 10th February, 1790; *m.* 20th of June, 1812, Mary-Caroline, third daughter of the late Admiral the Honorable Sir George-Cranfield Berkeley, G.C.B., and has issue,

WILLIAM-HENRY, Viscount Ipswich, *b.* 4th August, 1819.

Augustus-Charles-Lennox, *b.* 22nd June, 1821.

Frederick-John, *b.* 4th April, 1822.

Mary-Elizabeth, *b.* 25th January, 1817.

Maria-Louisa, *b.* 18th April, 1818.

Charles, M.P. *b.* in 1791, a lieutenant-colonel in the army; *m.* Anne, daughter of George, present Earl of Burlington, and has issue,

1. Elizabeth-Mary. 2. Maria-Georgiana.

James-Henry, M.P. *b.* in 1804.

Maria-Anne, *m.* to Sir William Oglander, baronet.

Georgiana-Laura.

Elizabeth-Anne, relict of John Henry Smyth, esq. of the Heath, in the county of York.

Isabella-Frances.

His grace of Grafton *s.* to the honors, as fourth duke, upon the demise of his father, 14th March, 1811.

### Issue.

HENRY FITZROY, second illegitimate son of his Majesty King Charles II., by Barbara Villiers, Duchess of Cleveland; *b.* 20th September, 1663; was created 16th of August, 1672, *Baron of Sudbury, Viscount Ipswich, and Earl of Euston*; and, 11th of Sept. 1766, *Duke of Grafton*. In 1698, his grace was installed a knight of the most noble Order of the Garter. The duke *m.* Lady Isabella Bennet, only daughter and sole heiress of Henry, Earl of Arlington, Viscount Thetford, and Baron Arlington, by whom he had an only son, CHARLES. His grace performed at the coronation of King James II. the office of lord high constable of England; and on the landing of the Duke of Monmouth in 1685, he commanded a part of King James's forces, and behaved with great gallantry in the action of Philips Norton Lane, in the county of Somerset, narrowly escaping with his life. He was however one of the first who deserted his royal master, for the Prince of Orange, in whose cause he was wounded, in storming the city of Cork, and died within a fortnight, 9th October, 1690. His grace was *s.* by his son,

CHARLES, second duke, K.G. who inherited, in right of his mother, on her decease, 7th February, 1722-3, the earldom of Arlington and viscounty of Thetford, creations of the 22nd of April, 1672, and barony of Arlington, of Arlington, creation of the 14th of March, 1663. His grace *m.* Henrietta, daughter of Charles, Marquess of Worcester, and granddaughter of Henry, Duke of Beaufort, by whom he had three sons and three daughters. His eldest son, George, Earl of Euston, *d.* without issue, in 1747; his third son, Charles, *d.* in minority, in 1739; and his second son, Augustus, *d.* in 1798, leaving two sons, Augustus-Henry and Charles, (the younger, Lord Charles Fitzroy, was created Baron of Southampton, in 1788.) His grace *d.* in 1757, and was *s.* by his grandson,

AUGUSTUS-HENRY, third duke, who was installed a knight of the Garter, and filled the offices of secretary of state, and first lord of the treasury, in 1765 and 1766, and that of lord-privy-seal in 1771. His grace *m.* first, in 1756, the Honorable Anne-Liddell, daughter and sole heiress of Henry, Lord Ravensworth, from whom he was divorced, by act of parliament, in 1760, having had issue,

GEORGE-HENRY, present duke.

Charles, a general officer in the army, *m.* first, Frances, daughter of Edward-Miller Mundy, esq. of Shipley, in the county of Derby, by whom (who *d.* in 1797,) he had one son,

Charles, lieutenant-colonel, M.P., *m.*

Mary, daughter of Charles, fourth Duke of Richmond, and has issue.

General Lord Charles Fitzroy espoused secondly, Frances-Anne, daughter of Robert, first Marquess of Londonderry, and left issue, at his demise, 20th December, 1829.

1. George, of the 1st life-guards, *m.* 6th July, 1830, Louisa, youngest daughter of the late John Harris, esq.

2. Robert, R.N.

3. Frances, *m.* to Hon. George-Rice Rice-Trevor.

Georgiana, *m.* to the Right Honorable John Smyth, of Heath, county of York, and *d.* in 1799.

His grace *m.* secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of the late Rev. Sir Richard Wrottesley, baronet, by whom he left

Henry, in holy orders, *b.* 9th April, 1770, prebendary of Westminster; *m.* in 1800, Caroline, youngest daughter of the late Admiral Pigot, and *d.* 7th June, 1828, leaving issue.

1. Henry *m.* in 1830, Jane, daughter of Charles-George Beauclerk.

2. Hugh, an officer in the army, *m.* in 1831, Lucy-Sarah, daughter of Sir Thomas Lethbridge, bart.

3. Augustus. 4. Francis.

5. George, an officer in the army.

6. Caroline.

Frederick, *b.* 16th September, 1774.

William, captain R.N., *b.* in 1792; *m.* in 534

1816, Georgiana, second daughter of Thomas Raikes, esq. and has issue, one son and four daughters.

John, b. in 1785.

Charlotte.

Elizabeth, m. in 1811, to the Honorable lieutenant-general William Fitzroy.

Augusta, m. in 1811, to the Rev. G. F. Travel, who d. 27th April, 1820.

Frances, m. in 1800, to Francis, Lord Churchill.

Isabella, widow of Barrington-Pope Blackford, esq. of Osborne, in the Isle of Wight. The duke d. 14th March, 1811.

**Creations**—Baron Arlington, 14th of March, 1663. Earl Arlington and Viscount Thetford, 22nd April, 1672. Earl Euston, &c., 16th August, 1672. Duke of Grafton, 11th Sept. 1675.



**Arms**—Quarterly; first and fourth, France and England, quarterly; second, Scotland; third, Ireland; over all a sinister baton, compony, ar. and az.

**Crest**—On a chapeau gu. turned up erm. a lion, statant, gardant, or, crowned with a ducal coronet az. and gorged with a collar; counter-compony, ar. and of the fourth.

**Supporters**—DEXTER, a lion gardant or, crowned with a ducal coronet az. and gorged with a collar, counter-compony, of the first and second; SINISTER, a greyhound ar. gorged as the DEXTER.

**Motto**—Et decus et pretium recti.

**Town Residence**—47, Clarges-street, Piccadilly.

**Seats**—Wakefield Lodge, Stoney Stratford; and Euston Hall, Thetford.

**GRAHAM, EARL**, and Baron Graham, of Bedford, in the county of Northumberland, created 23rd May, 1722.

See Duke of Montrose.

**GRAHAM, SIR ROBERT**, baronet, of Esk, in the county of Cumberland; b. 1st of October, 1769; s. to the title, as eighth baronet, upon the demise of his brother, in 1795, m. Elizabeth, only daughter of John Young, esq. of Battle, in the county of Sussex, by whom he has issue,

ROBERT, b. 14th August, 1813.

William-Charles, b. 24th May, 1816.

Richard-John, b. 23rd November, 1817.

Edward, b. 1st January, 1820.

Stuart-Frederick, b. 12th November, 1823.

Reginald-Fergus, b. 23rd July, 1828.

Elizabeth-Susannah, b. 21st January, 1812.

Euphemia-Harriet, b. 4th November, 1814.

Frances-Anne, b. 16th June, 1822.

Mary-Stuart, b. 10th December, 1824.

Cecilia-Jane-Maria, b. 16th May, 1826.

Sir Robert is one of the claimants to the earldom of Annandale and Hartfell, as descendant of Sir George Graham and Lady Mary Johnston (see note).

### Lineage.

This family claims descent from the renowned GRAHME, who, anno 404, commanded King Fergus the Second's army, and was governor of Scotland in the minority of his grandchild, Eugene II. In the year 420, this gallant person made a breach in the mighty wall, which the Emperor Severus had erected between the rivers Forth and Clyde, which has ever since borne the name of GRAHME'S DYKE. From the time of this eminent man, the GRAHMEs are to be found in the records of Scotland, enjoying the very highest influence: but our limits prohibit individual detail; we therefore pass to

SIR DAVID GRAHAM, of Montrose, who was taken prisoner with King David Bruce, at the battle of Durham in 1346, and whose son,

SIR PATRICK GRAHAM, Lord of Dundaff and Kincardine, was appointed one of the hostages for the said King David's ransom in 1357. This Sir Patrick m. twice: from his first marriage descend the Dukes of Montrose; and of the second, (with Eupheme, daughter of Sir John Stewart, of Rallston, brother to King Robert II.) there was a son,

SIR ROBERT GRAHAM, of Elieston, knt. who m. Eupheme, only daughter and heiress of David Stewart, Earl of Strathern, and obtained in consequence that earldom. (From this alliance, the family quarters the royal arms of Stuart.) This Sir Robert being slain by Sir John Drummond in 1413, was s. by his son,

MALISE, Earl of Strathern, who changed the title to Menteith, that of Strathern being annexed to the royal house by King Robert II. This nobleman m. Anne, daughter of Henry Vere, Earl of Oxford, and had three sons and two daughters, the second of which sons,

THE HON. SIR JOHN GRAHAM, of Kilbride, called "John with the bright sword," left

RICHARD GRAHAM, from whom are lineally descended the Grahams of the borders, both of the English and Scottish side, but chiefly the houses of Netherby and Plompy, in the county of Cumberland,

FEROUS GRAHAM, esq. of Plompy; m. Sibill, daughter of William Bell, esq. of God's Brigg, in North Britain, and had four sons, the second of whom,

1. RICHARD GRAHAM, esq. gentleman of the horse to King James I. was created a baronet 20th March, 1629, by the style of Sir Richard Graham of Esk, in the county of Cumberland. This gentleman purchased Netherby, and the ba-

rony of Liddell, in the same county, of Francis, Earl of Cumberland. Sir Robert, subsequently, distinguished himself under the royal banner, particularly at Edge-Hill, where he was severely wounded, and lay amongst the slain for an entire night. He *m.* Catherine, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Thomas Musgrave, of Cumcatch, Cumberland, and was *s.* in 1633, by his elder son, (the younger, Richard, was created a baronet in 1662, see Graham, of Norton-Conyers.)

2. SIR GEORGE, who *m.* Lady Mary Johnston, daughter of James first Earl of Hartfell,\* and had, with other issue,

RICHARD, his successor, of whom presently.  
William, in holy orders, D.D. and dean of Carlisle and Wells, clerk of the closet, and chaplain to Queen Anne: left issue,

\* JAMES JOHNSTON, of Johnston, had charters of the barony of Newbie in 1609; of the lands of Brumell, in Annandale, in 1622; and of other estates in 1620. He was elevated to the peerage in 1633, as Lord Johnston of Lochwood; and created, in 1648, Earl of Hartfell, with remainder to his heirs male for ever. His lordship *m.* first, Lady Margaret Douglas, eldest daughter of William, first Earl of Queensberry, and had issue, JAMES, his successor.

MARY, *m.* first, to SIR GEORGE GRAHAM, ancestor of the present SIR ROBERT GRAHAM, as in the text. Her ladyship espoused secondly, Sir George Fletcher, of Huttonhall. Janet, *m.* to Sir William Murray, of Stanhope, bart.

Margaret, *m.* to Sir Robert Dalzell, of Glenae. The earl espoused secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Samuel Johnston, of Elphinstone; and thirdly, Lady Margaret Hamilton, daughter of David, first Earl of Haddington, and widow of David, Lord Carnegie, but had no further issue. He *d.* in 1653, and was *s.* by his son,

JAMES, second Earl of Hartfell. This nobleman made a resignation of his peerage to the crown in 1661, and the earldom of Annandale having become extinct, by the death of James Murray, second Earl of Annandale, he had a new patent, creating him Earl of Annandale and Hartfell, Viscount of Annand, Lord Johnston of Lochwood, &c., to the heirs male of his body; failing which, to the eldest *heirs female* of his body, and the eldest heir male of the body of such heirs female, bearing the name and arms of Johnston; whom all failing, to the nearest heirs whatsoever of his lordship, with the former precedence of 18th March, 1643. The son and successor of the earl,

WILLIAM, Earl of Annandale and Hartfell, was created Marquess of Annandale in 1701. He was *s.* by his son,

JAMES, second marquess, who was *s.* by his brother,

GEORGE, third marquess, a lunatic, who *d.* in 1792, issueless, when the marquessate EXPIRED, and the earldom of Annandale and Hartfell has since been claimed by different branches of the family. It continues DORMANT.

Charles in holy orders, rector of South Church, in Essex; *m.* Priscilla, daughter of — Billingsley, esq. of Tottenham, and had issue,

WILLIAM, in holy orders, who inherited the baronetcy, upon the decease of the last Viscount Preston. Thomas-Fane-Charles, in holy orders, *m.* Anne, daughter of Joseph Harrington, esq. of Clare, in the county of Suffolk, and widow of the Rev. Francis Greenwood, (by which first husband, she had an only son, Charles Greenwood, esq. the eminent army-agent, and a daughter, Anne, *m.* to Thomas Hammeraley, esq. of Pall-Mall.)

Robert, in holy orders, D.D. who succeeded to the Preston estates upon the decease of Lady Widdrington.

Sir George *d.* in 1657, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

3. SIR RICHARD, who was advanced, in 1666, to the peerage of Scotland, as Viscount Preston, and took his seat in the Scottish parliament in that dignity. His lordship was British ambassador to the court of France for many years, and subsequently, secretary-of-state to King James II. Upon the revolution, the viscount was committed to the Tower, but soon released from imprisonment. Being afterwards, however, apprehended in an attempt to escape to his old master, in France, he was sent to Newgate, arraigned for high-treason, and condemned, but pardoned through the intercession of his friends, under the sign-manual, in June, 1691. He *m.* Anne, second daughter of Charles Howard, first Earl of Carlisle, by whom he had (with two daughters) his successor, in 1695,

4. EDWARD, as second Viscount, (the attainder of the deceased lord not affecting his Scottish peerage, as no act of forfeiture passed against him in Scotland). His lordship *m.* Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Marmaduke Dalton, of Hawkwell, in the county of York, and dying in 1709, was *s.* by his only son,

5. CHARLES, third viscount, who *m.* Anne, daughter of Thomas Cox, esq. of London, and sister of Mary, Countess of Peterborough, but dying *s. p.* in 1730, the peerage expired. His lordship's extensive estates passed to his aunts, Lady Widdrington and the Hon. Mary-Susan Graham, daughters of the first viscount, and devolved, by the will of the former of those ladies, in 1757, upon the Rev. Robert Graham, D.D. father of Sir James Graham of Netherby, (see that title,) while the ancient baronetcy of the family reverted to the deceased lord's cousin,

6. THE REV. WILLIAM GRAHAM, (refer to the younger son of Sir George, the second baronet.) who *m.* Susannah, daughter of — Reeve, esq. of Ashburnham, in the county of Sussex, and relict of Richard Trench, esq. by whom he had with other issue,

CHARLES, his successor.

ROBERT, present baronet.

William, *b.* in August, 1771.

Sir William d. 21st September, 1774, and was s. by his eldest son,

7. SIR CHARLES, who d. unmarried in 1795, when the title devolved upon his brother, ROBERT, the present baronet.

*Creation*—29th March, 1639.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, or. on a chev. sa. three escallops of the field, for GRAHAM; second and third, or, a fesse chequy ar. and az. in chief a chev. gu. for STEWART.

*Crest*—Two wings endorsed or.

*Motto*—Reason contents me.

*Seat*—Eak, Cumberland.

GRAHAM, SIR BELLINGHAM, baronet, of Norton-Conyers, in the county of York; b. 3rd November, 1789; s. to the title, as seventh baronet, upon the demise of his father, 13th April, 1796; m. first, in 1810, Henrietta, third daughter of the late George Hatch, esq. of West-Hatch, in the county of Essex, by whom he has issue one son and two daughters. He espoused, secondly, in July, 1831, Harriett, third daughter of the late Rev. Robert Cottam.

#### Lineage.

"The ancient and powerful family of Graham," says Sir Walter Scott, in the *Lady of the Lake*, "held extensive possessions in the counties of Dumbarton and Stirling. Few families can boast of more historical renown, having claim to three of the most remarkable characters in the Scottish annals; Sir John Grame, the faithful and undaunted partaker of the labours and patriotic warfare of Wallace, fell in the unfortunate field of Falkirk, in 1298. The celebrated Marquess of Montrose, in whom De Rets saw realized his abstract ideas of the heroes of antiquity, was the second of these worthies; and notwithstanding the severity of his temper, and the vigour with which he executed the oppressive mandates of the Purges, whom he served, I do not hesitate to name, as the third, John Graham, of Claverhouse, Viscount of Dundee, whose heroic death, in the arms of victory, may be allowed to cancel the memory of his cruelty to the non-conformists, during the reigns of Charles II. and James II."

The Grahams, of Norton-Conyers, (of which we are about to treat,) the Grahams of Eak, and the Grahams of Netherby, derive their descent from the same common ancestor, namely,

SIR RICHARD GRAHAM, who was created a ba-

ronet in 1629, (see Graham of Eak,) and whose second son,

1. RICHARD GRAHAM, esq. of Norton-Conyers, in the county of York, was advanced to the same rank 17th November, 1762, in consideration of the services he had rendered to the royal cause during the civil war. Sir Richard m. Elisabeth, daughter of Colonel Sir Chichester Fortescue, knt. of Dromesken, in Ireland, by whom he had four sons and six daughters. By the third, but eldest surviving of the former,

2. SIR REGINALD, he was succeeded. This gentleman, who had been page of honor to King James II. m. first, Frances, daughter and heiress of Henry Bellingham, esq. by whom he had three sons: and secondly, Anna, daughter of Sir David Foulis, bart. He d. 20th May, 1738, and was s. by his eldest son,

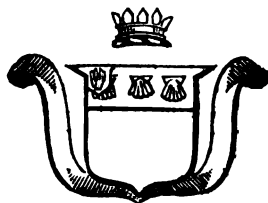
3. SIR BELLINGHAM, who d. unmarried in 1730, when the title devolved upon his brother,

4. SIR REGINALD. This gentleman m. — daughter of Colonel Graham, and dying 4th November, 1755, was s. by his eldest son,

5. SIR BELLINGHAM, who m. Miss Hudson, of Bridlington, in the county of York, by whom he had a son and a daughter. Sir Bellingham was high-sheriff of Yorkshire in 1776. He d. in 1790, and was s. by his only son,

6. SIR BELLINGHAM. This gentleman m. Priscilla, daughter of Sir Charles Whitworth, knt. and sister to Charles, Earl Whitworth, by whom he had BELLINGHAM, the present baronet, and two daughters. Sir Bellingham d. 13th April, 1796.

*Creation*—17th November, 1762.



*Arms*—Or, on a chief sa. three escallops of the field.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a crown vallery or.

*Seats*—Hill Place, near Droxford, Hants; Quarndon Hall, Leicestershire; and Norton-Conyers, and Kippax, in the county of York.

GRAHAM, SIR JAMES-ROBERT-GEORGE, baronet, of Netherby, in the county of Cumberland; M.P. for the same county, and first lord of the Admiralty; b. 1st June, 1792; m. 8th July, 1819, Fanny-Callander, daughter of Sir James Campbell, of Ardinglass; by whom he has issue, Frederick-Ulric, b. 2nd April, 1820. Constance-Helen.

Sir James s. to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 13th April, 1824.

## GRA

### Lineage.

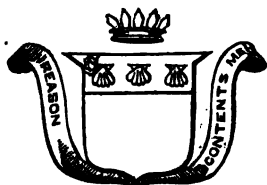
THE HON. CATHERINE GRAHAM, surviving aunt and heiress of Charles, last Viscount Preston, and wife of William, Lord Widdrington, of Blankney, dying in 1757, without issue, devised her estates to her cousin.

THE REV. ROBERT GRAHAM, D.D. grandson of Sir George Graham, second baronet, of Esk, (see that title,) who m. Frances, daughter of Sir Reginald Graham, of Norton-Conyers, and was s. by his eldest surviving son.

1. JAMES GRAHAM, esq. of Netherby, who was created a baronet 28th December, 1782. Sir James m. in 1785, Catherine, eldest daughter of John, seventh Earl of Galloway, by whom he had (with other issue),

JAMES-ROBERT-GEORGE, present baronet.

*Creation*—28th December, 1782.



*Arms*—Or, on a chief, three escallopes of the field.

*Crest*—A crown vallery or.

*Motto*—Reason contents me.

*Town Residence*—46, Grosvenor-place.

*Seat*—Netherby, in the county of Cumberland.

GRAHAM, SIR SANDFORD, baronet, of Kirkstall, in the county of York, and of Edmund Castle, in the county of Cumberland, F.S.A.; b. in 1788; m. 22nd April, 1819, Caroline, third daughter of the late John Langston, esq. of Sarsden House, in the county of Oxford, by whom he has issue. Sir Sandford, who is M.P. for Ludgershall, s. to the title as second baronet, at the decease of his father, 21st March, 1825.

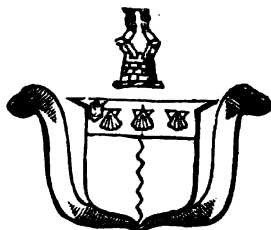
### Lineage.

1. JAMES GRAHAM, esq. of Kirkstall and Edmund Castle, (descended from a branch of the Grahams of Esk,) was created a baronet 3rd October, 1808. Sir James was b. 18th November, 1753, and m. in 1781, to Anne, only daughter of the Reverend Thomas Moore, of Kirkstall, and, eventually, heiress of her brother, Major Moore; by whom he had an only surviving son, SANDFORD, the present baronet, and a daughter, Anne, m. to Colonel Dalrymple. Sir James, who was M. P. for Carlisle and Recorder of Appleby, d. 21st March, 1825.

*Creation*—3rd October, 1808.

*Arms*—Per pale indented ermineo and sa. on a chief per pale of the last, and or, three escallopes counter-changed.

## GRA



*Crest*—Two armed arms issuing out of the battlements of a tower ppr. holding an escallop sa.

*Town Residence*—1, Portland-place.

*Seats*—Kirkstall, in the county of York; and Edmund Castle, in the county of Cumberland.

GRANARD, EARL OF, (George Forbes,) Viscount Forbes, and Baron of Clanehugh, in the peerage of Ireland, a baronet of Nova Scotia; to which honors he s. as sixth earl, upon the demise of his father, 16th April, 1780, and was created a peer of the United Kingdom, as Baron Granard, of Castle Donnington, in the county of Leicester, 15th February, 1806. His lordship was b. 14th June, 1760; and m. 10th May, 1779, to Selina-Frances, fourth daughter of John, first Earl of Moira, by whom he has had issue,

1. GEORGE-JOHN, Viscount Forbes, b. 3rd May, 1785, M.P. lord-lieutenant and custos-rotulorum for the county of Longford. A major-general in the army, and colonel of the Longford militia.
2. FRANCIS-REGINALD, b. 17th September, 1791, secretary to the embassy at Vienna.
3. HASTINGS-BRUDENELL, b. 5th December, 1793, capt. third foot-guards; fell at Waterloo.
4. ELIZABETH-MARIA-TERESA, m. in 1807, to George-Augustus, Lord Ranelagh.
5. ADELAIDE-DOROTHEA.
6. CAROLINE-SELINA.

Lord Granard is a lieutenant-general in the army, and clerk of the crown and hanaper in Ireland.

### Lineage.

The surname of Forbes is said to be a corruption of "Forbeast," which was originally assumed by the founder of the family in Scotland, to commemorate the achievement of having destroyed a ferocious bear, which had infested the country.

1. SIR ARTHUR FORBES, knt. (directly descended from the Hon. Patrick Forbes, of Corse, younger son of James, second Lord Forbes, of Scotland, and Egidia, his wife, daughter of William Keith, Earl Marshal of the same kingdom,) settled in Ireland in 1699, and was made, by patent, dated at Dublin, in 1692, a free denizen of that kingdom. In 1698, Sir Arthur was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*; and having, by petition to the king, made discovery that several royal fishings in the pro-



vince of Ulster belonged to the crown, an inquiry was thereupon instituted, and Sir Arthur, eventually, rewarded by a grant of such proportion of the said fisheries as he thought proper to demand, besides the sum of £300 from the first profits of the remainder. He had previously obtained extensive territorial possessions from the crown, particularly a grant of sundry lands in the county of Longford, in all 1,208 acres, which were erected into the manor of Castle Forbes, with the usual manorial privileges. Sir Arthur *m. Jane*, daughter of—Lowther, *esq.* and falling in a duel at Hamburg, in 1632, where he had accompanied his regiment (he was lieutenant-colonel in the army) to assist Gustavus Adolphus, of Sweden, was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR ARTHUR, b.** in 1623. This gentleman, who zealously espoused the royal cause, in Scotland, was rewarded, after the Restoration, by being sworn of the privy-council in Ireland, (A. D. 1670,) and appointed marshal of the army in that kingdom. In 1671, Sir Arthur was constituted one of the lords-justices, and, again, in 1673, when he was elevated to the peerage, (by patent, dated 22nd November,) as *Baron Clane-hugh*, and *Viscount Granard*. In 1684, his lordship was made colonel of the royal regiment of foot, in Ireland, and lieutenant-general in the army; and on the 30th December, in the same year, created **EARL OF GRANARD**. He *m. Catherine*, daughter of Sir Robert Newcomen, of Moss Town, in the county of Longford, baronet, and widow of Sir Alexander Stewart, by whom he had five sons and a daughter. His lordship *d.* in 1696, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**ARTHUR**, second earl, *b.* in 1656; *m.* in 1678, *Mary*, eldest daughter of Sir George Rawdon, baronet, of Moira, in the county of Down, and dying in 1734, was *s.* by his only surviving son,

**GEORGE**, third earl, *b.* in 1685, who had been called to the house of peers, in the life-time of his father, as *Lord Forbes*. His lordship was a naval officer of great eminence, and, at the time of his decease, was senior admiral of the British navy. In 1733, he was appointed his majesty's plenipotentiary to the court of Muscovy, and, upon his recall, in 1734, was highly complimented by the Czarina. He *m. Mary*, elder daughter of Sir William Stewart, first Viscount Mountjoy, of that family (now extinct,) and widow of Phineas Preston, *esq.* of Ardsallagh, in the county of Meath, and had

**GEORGE**, his successor.

**John**, admiral of the fleet, and general of marines. This gallant officer obtained a high reputation, and was particularly distinguished against the combined fleets of France and Spain off Toulon, in 1743. He *m. Lady Mary Capel*, daughter of William, third Earl of Essex, and had issue, *Catherine-Elizabeth, m.* to William, Lord Maryborough.

*Maria-Eleanor, m.* to John-Charles, present Earl of Clarendon.

**Admiral Forbes d.** in 1796.

The earl *d.* in 1765, and was *s.* by his elder son,

**GEORGE**, fourth earl, *b.* in 1710, a lieutenant-general in the army, and colonel of the 29th regiment of foot. His lordship *m.* in 1736, *Letitia*, daughter of Arthur Davys, *esq.* and was succeeded, at his decease in 1769, by his only son,

**GEORGE**, fifth earl, *b.* in 1740; *m.* first, in 1750, *Dorothea*, second daughter of Sir Nicholas Bayley, baronet, and sister of Henry, first Earl of Uxbridge; by whom (who *d.* in 1764) he had one surviving son, **GEORGE**, present earl. His lordship espoused secondly, in 1766, *Georgiana-Augusta*, eldest daughter of Augustus, fourth Earl Berkeley, (who, after Lord Granard's decease, *m.* the Rev. Samuel Little, D.D.) by whom he had issue, **HENRY, b.** 6th September, 1767; *m.* in 1794, *Elizabeth*, daughter of John Preston, *esq.* Frederick, *b.* 7th November, 1776.

*Georgiana-Anne, m.* in 1796, to Archibald M'Neil, *esq.* of Colonsay, N. B.

*Augusta*, widow of Lieutenant-general Sir James Leith, G. C. B.

*Louisa-Georgiana, m.* in 1806, to Sir William Pratt Call, baronet, and *d.* 25th Jan. 1830. Elizabeth.

His lordship *d.* 10th April, 1780.

*Creations*—Baronet of Nova Scotia, 1628. Baron and Viscount, 22d November, 1673. Earl, 30th December, 1684; Irish honors. Baron, 13th February, 1806: United Kingdom.



*Arms*—Az. three bears' heads, couped, ar. muzzled, gu.

*Crest*—a bear, passant, ar. guttée de sang, muzzled, gu.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a unicorn erm. armed, maned, tufted, and unguled, or; SINISTER, a dragon, wings expanded, erm.

*Motto*—Fax mentis incendium glorie.

*Seat*—Castle Forbes, Longfordshire.

**GRANDISON, VISCOUNT**, in the peerage of Ireland.

See Earl of Jersey.

**GRANT, SIR ALEXANDER**, baronet, of Dalvey, *b.* 30th November, 1782, *s.* to the title, as sixth baronet, upon the decease of his father, 25th July, 1825.

#### Lineage.

This is a branch of the very ancient family of Grant, of Grant, which diverged from the main stem, about the close of the fifteenth century.

## GRA

JOHN GRANT, who, for his poetic talents, was designated, by his countrymen, "Bard Roy," m. Margaret, daughter of Sir James Ogilvie, of Deskford; by whom he had two sons and a daughter. The second son,

DUNCAN GRANT, m. Mary, daughter of Hugh Rose, Baron of Kilravock; by whom he had, with several other children,

John, progenitor of the first baronet.

Sweton, ancestor of the present baronet.

Mr. Grant's elder son,

JOHN GRANT, esq. left an only son,

SWETON GRANT, esq. whose eldest son,

1. JAMES GRANT, esq. of Dalvey, having served the office of king's advocate, was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* in 1688, with remainder to his heirs male whatsoever. Sir James d. in 1695, and leaving no issue, the baronetcy and estates devolved upon his kinsman,

2. SIR PATRICK GRANT, of Inverlaidine (the lineal descendant of Sweton Grant, esq. second son of Duncan Grant, esq. mentioned above), who sold the estate of Dalvey soon after his accession, to Brigadier Grant, and dying in 1756 (in the 161st year of his age), was s. by his eldest son,

3. SIR ALEXANDER; at whose decease the title devolved upon his brother,

4. SIR LUDOVICK. This gentleman m. Margaret, daughter of Sir James Innes, bart. of Balvenie, and was s. at his decease, in 1780, by his eldest son,

5. SIR ALEXANDER, who m. Sarah, daughter and heiress of Jeremiah Cray, esq. of Ibsley, in the county of Hants, and dying in July, 1825, was s. by his eldest son, ALEXANDER, the present baronet.

*Creation—1688.*



*Arms*—Gu. three antique crowns, or, within a bordure engrailed of the last.

*Crest*—The trunk of an oak tree, sprouting out leaves, with the sun shining thereon, all ppr.

*Supporters*—By warrant under the sign manual of King George III. dated 8th July, 1761; countersigned by the Earl of Bute: DEXTER, a highlander; SINISTER, a negro ppr.

*Motto*—Te favente virebo.

*Town Residence*—Whitehall-gardens.

GRANT, SIR JAMES, baronet, of Monymusk, in the county of Aberdeen; b. in 1788, s. to the title, as fifth baronet, upon the demise of his father, Sir Archibald.

## GRA

### Lineage.

This is a branch of the ancient family of Grant, of Grant.

1. FRANCIS GRANT, esq. of Monymusk (which estate he purchased of the Forbes's), an advocate of eminence, was appointed one of the senators of the college of justice, soon after the revolution, when he assumed the honorary designation of *Lord Cullen*. In 1705, his lordship was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*; and, on the 17th May, 1720, received a special warrant, under the sign manual of King George I. granting him the armorial addition of a bordure ermine, as a token of his judicial rank, together with two angels as supporters, the motto of "suum cuique," on an escrol above, and, on a compartment below, the words, "Jehovah Jireh," the only instance in Scotch heraldry, of a Hebrew motto. Sir Francis d. in 1725, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR ARCHIBALD, M.P. for the county of Aberdeen, who m. first, Miss Hamilton, daughter of — Hamilton, esq. of Pencaitland, by whom he had a son, Archibald, and two daughters. Sir Archibald m. secondly, Mrs. Callander, widow of Dr. Callander, of Jamaica, by whom he had one daughter, Jean; and, thirdly, Mrs. Millar, of Pall-Mall, widow of Mr. Andrew Millar, bookseller, by whom he had no child. Sir Archibald d. in 1778, and was s. by his only son,

3. SIR ARCHIBALD. This gentleman m. first, 27th May, 1755, Miss Callander, only child of Doctor Callander, of Jamaica, by his step-mother, the second Lady Grant, by whom he had several children; and, secondly, in 1794, Miss Macleod, of Coldbecks. Sir Archibald d. in 1796, and was s. by his eldest son,

4. SIR ARCHIBALD, who m. in January, 1788, Mary, daughter of Major John Forbes, of New, by whom he had, with other children, JAMES, the present baronet.

*Creation—1705.*



*Arms*—Gu. three antique crowns, or, within a bordure erm.

*Crest*—The Bible, expanded, ppr.

*Mottos*—(Over the crest) Suum cuique. (Under the arms) Jehovah Jireh.

*Seat*—Monymusk, Aberdeenshire.

GRANTHAM, BARON, (Thomas-Philip Weddell, F.S.A.) of Grantham, in the county of Lincoln, and a baronet; b. 8th December, 1781; s. to the honors, as third

baron, upon the demise of his father, 20th July, 1786, and assumed by royal permission, in place of his paternal surname "Robinson," that of "WEDDELL." His lordship *m.* in 1805, Henrietta-Frances, youngest daughter of William, first Earl of Enniskillen, by whom he has had issue,

1. FREDERICK-WILLIAM, b. 11th April, 1810, and d. 6th February, 1831.

2. Anne-Florence. 3. Mary-Gertrude.

Lord Grantham is lord-lieutenant and custorotulorum of the county of Bedford, and heir presumptive to the EARLDOM, DE GREY.

### Lineage.

WILLIAM ROBINSON, an eminent Hamburg merchant, was lord-mayor of York in the years 1361 and 1394, and was twice chosen M.P. for the same city. Mr. Robinson *m.* first, —

daughter of John Redman, esq. of Tulworth, in the county of York, by whom he had a son, William; and, secondly, Miss Harrison, of the city of York, by whom he also had a son, Thomas; and between these sons he fairly divided his property, at his decease in 1616, (aged ninety-four,) leaving to the city of York £84, and a silver bowl doubly gilt, and to the company of merchants of the said city, £40. The younger son,

THOMAS ROBINSON, esq. succeeded to his father's estates at Richmond, but dying *s. p.* in 1625, the greater part devolved upon his brother,

WILLIAM ROBINSON, who had inherited his father's landed property in and near the city of York. This gentleman served the office of sheriff of that city in 1607, was elected alderman in 1616, and lord-mayor in 1619. He *m.* Margaret, daughter of Sir Henry Jenkins, knt. of Grimstone, in Yorkshire, and was *s. by* his elder son,

SIR WILLIAM ROBINSON, knt. who served the office of sheriff of the county of York in 1638. He *m.* first, Mary, one of the co-heiresses of Sir William Bamborough, bart. of Housam, Yorkshire, by whom he had no surviving issue; and, secondly, Frances, daughter of Sir Thomas Metcalfe, of Nappa, in the same county, knt. by whom he had two sons and three daughters. The second daughter, Margaret, *m.* WILLIAM WEDDELL, esq. of Erswick, in the county of York. Sir William d. in 1638, and was *s. by* his elder son,

METCALFE ROBINSON, esq. who was created a baronet 30th July, 1690, and represented the city of York for several years in parliament. Sir Metcalfe *m.* Margaret, daughter of Sir William d'Arcy, of Wotton Castle, in the county of York, but dying *s. p.* in 1690, the title expired, while the estates devolved upon his nephew,

1. WILLIAM ROBINSON, (elder son of Thomas Robinson, esq. by Elisabeth, daughter of Charles Tancred, esq. of Arden, in the county of York,) who had the baronetcy revived in 1689; in which year he served the office of sheriff for Yorkshire. Sir William was lord-mayor of the city of York in 1760, and represented the same place in par-

liament from 1697 to 1722. He *m.* Mary, daughter of George Aialahie, esq. of Studley Royal, in the same county, by whom he had six children, and dying in 1736, was *s. by* his eldest son,

2. SIR METCALFE, who d. unmarried within a few days of his father, when the title devolved upon his brother,

3. SIR TANCRED. This gentleman was a naval officer, and attained the rank of rear-admiral of the white. He was twice lord-mayor of York, in 1718 and in 1738. He *m.* Mary, only daughter and heiress of William Norton, esq. of Disforth, in the county of York, and had nine children. Sir Tancred d. in 1734, and was *s. by* his eldest son,

4. SIR WILLIAM, who d. without issue, 4th March, 1770, when the baronetcy devolved upon his brother,

5. THOMAS ROBINSON, first Baron Grantham, who began his political and diplomatic career as secretary of embassy, in 1723, to Horace Walpole, (afterwards Lord Walpole,) ambassador to the court of France. From that period until 1749, Mr. Robinson was employed in different important diplomatic missions to the various courts of Europe. In 1750, he was appointed master of the great wardrobe, and sworn of the privy-council; and, in 1754, constituted one of the principal secretaries of state, which office he filled until 1755, when he resumed the post of master of the great wardrobe. He was elevated to the peerage 7th April, 1761, by the style of LORD GRANTHAM, BARON GRANTHAM, *in the county of Lincoln*; and, subsequently, appointed one of the postmasters-general of Great Britain and Ireland. His lordship *m.* Frances, daughter of Thomas Worsley, esq. of Hovingham, in the county of York, and had issue,

THOMAS, his successor.

Frederick, *m.* to Catherine-Gertrude, daughter of the late James Harris, esq. and sister of the first Earl of Malmesbury. Mr. Robinson d. in 1792.

Theresa, *m.* to John Parker, first Lord Boringdon, and d. in 1775.

Lord Grantham d. 30th September, 1770, and was *s. by* his elder son,

THOMAS, second baron, b. 30th November, 1738. This nobleman was also a diplomatist, being appointed secretary of embassy to the Congress of Amberg, in 1761, and ambassador to the Court of Madrid in 1771. In 1779, he was constituted first lord of trade; in 1782, secretary of state for foreign affairs; and in 1788, he concluded the preliminaries of peace with France. His lordship *m.* in 1780, Mary-Jemima, second daughter and co-heiress of Philip, second Earl of Hardwicke, by Jemima, Marchioness de Grey, and sister and heiress presumptive of Anabel, present Countess de Grey, (see that dignity, by whom (who d. 7th January, 1830) he left two sons,

THOMAS-PHILIP, present peer.

FREDERICK-JOHN, created Viscount Goderich; (see that dignity.)

His lordship d. 20th July, 1798.

Creations—Baronet, 1689. Baron, 7th April, 1761.

Arms—Quarterly; first and fourth, vert. a

chev. between three stags at gaze, or, for ROBINSON; second and third, gu. on a chev. embattled, or, between three martlets ar. an eagle, displayed, between two escallops sa. a canton erm. for WEDDELL.



*Crest*—Out of a crown composed of fleurs-de-lis or, a mount vert, thereon a stag at gaze, as in the arms.

*Supporters*—On either side a greyhound, regardant, sa.

*Motto*—Qualis ab incepto.

*Town Residence*—1, St. James's-square.

*Seats*—Newby Hall, Boroughbridge, Yorkshire; and West Cowes, in the Isle of Wight.

**GRANTLEY LORD**, (Fletcher Norton,) Baron of Markenfield, in the county of York; and high-steward of Guildford; *b.* 14th July, 1796; *s.* to the dignity, as third baron, upon the demise of his uncle, 12th November, 1822; *m.* 26th July, 1825, Charlotte-Earle, second daughter of Sir William Beechey, knight.

### Lineage.

ROGER COIGNIERS, (a member of the baronial family of that name which came into England in the reign of the Conqueror, and obtained considerable grants of land in the county of York) *m.* Margaret, only daughter and heiress of Richard Norton, of Norton, Yorkshire, and was *s.* by his son,

ADAM, who, in conformity with the custom of those times, assumed the surname of his mother's family, and called himself Norton, of Norton; *he m.* Alice, daughter of Sir Thomas Nonwicks, who was generally denominated the great forester, and had two sons. John, the younger, ancestor of the Nortons of Suffolk; and the elder, his successor,

RICHARD NORTON, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of Sir John Tempest, *knt.* and was *s.* by his son,

SIR JOHN NORTON. This gentleman *m.* Jane, daughter of Sir Landolf Pygott, *knt.* and was *s.* by his son,

SIR JOHN CONYERS, alias NORTON, who served the office of high-sheriff of the county of York, in 1507, and 1508, and again in 1514. *He m.* Margaret, daughter of Roger Warde, *esq.* of Grindall, in the same county, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN CONYERS, alias NORTON, *esq.* who *m.* Anne, daughter of Miles Ratcliffe, *esq.* of Ryles-

ton, in the county of York, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

RICHARD NORTON, *esq.* of Norton. This gentleman was one of the council for the north, in the reigns of Henry VIII. and Edward VI. but being involved (in 1569) in the rebellion of Charles Neville, Earl of Westmorland, Thomas Percy, Earl of Northumberland, and other northern personages, of high rank, who took up arms, as they declared, for the sole purpose of restoring the religion of their ancestors and removing evil counsellors from the queen, he was convicted of high treason and attainted, along with his brothers, Christopher, Marmaduke, and Thomas. It is supposed that the connexion of the Nortons with the Nevilles led the former into this insurrection. Several ballads upon the subject, relative to the Nortons, may be found in Dr. Percy's collection. This Richard Norton *m.* twice, and had issue by his first wife, Susannah, fifth daughter of Richard Neville, Lord Latimer, only; of which the third son,

EDMUND NORTON, *esq.* was seated at Clowbeck, in the county of York, and his descendants, upon failure of issue of his two elder brothers, became the principal branch of the family. *He m.* Cecilia Boynton, one of the maids of honor to Queen Elizabeth, and daughter of Matthew Boynton, *esq.* of Barmston, and had four sons; of whom the third,

WILLIAM NORTON, settled at Sawley, near Ripon, in Yorkshire, and marrying Margaret, daughter and sole heir of William Welbury, *esq.* of Newton, was *s.* by his only son,

WILLIAM NORTON, *esq.* of Sawley, who *m.* Anne, eldest daughter and co-heir of Sir William Hilliard, *knt.* of Bishop Walton, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

WELBURY NORTON, *esq.* of Sawley, who was one of the justices of the peace for the county of York in 1605. *He m.* Catherine, daughter of Thomas Norton, *esq.* of Langthorne, in the same county, by whom he had three sons and four daughters. The second son,

THOMAS NORTON, *esq.* who became possessed of a considerable estate at Grantley, near Ripon, *m.* Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Fletcher, *esq.* of the county of Westmorland, by whom he had three daughters, and an only son, his successor,

THOMAS NORTON, *esq.* of Grantley. This gentleman *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of William Serjeantson, *esq.* of Hanlith, by whom he had three sons and a daughter. *He d.* in 1719, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

FLETCHER NORTON, *esq.* of Grantley, *b.* in 1716. This gentleman, having applied himself successfully to the study of the law, was appointed solicitor-general 14th December, 1761, received the honor of knighthood in 1762, and was raised to the attorney-generalship in December, 1763. Sir Fletcher, having a seat in the house of commons, was elected to the speaker's chair, upon the resignation of Sir John Cust, in 1769; and filling that distinguished post for many years with the highest reputation, he was elevated to

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the peerage, upon his retirement, by patent, dated 9th April, 1782, as **LORD GRANTLEY, Baron of Markensfeld, in the county of York**. His lordship was also a member of the privy-council, recorder of Guildford, and LL.D. He m. Grace, eldest daughter of Sir William Chapple, knt. one of the judges of the court of king's bench, and had issue,

**WILLIAM**, his successor.

**Fletcher**, b. 16th November, 1774, appointed one of the barons of the exchequer in Scotland; m. in 1793, Caroline-Elizabeth, daughter of James Balmain, esq. and left at his decease in 1829 (with four daughters),

**FLETCHER**, present peer.

**George-Chapple**, b. 12th August, 1800, m. in 1827, Caroline-Elizabeth-Sarah, daughter of the late Thomas Sheridan, esq. by whom he has one son, b. 10th July, 1829.

**Charles-Francis**, b. 4th February, 1807, M.P. for Guildford.

**James**, b. 3rd January, 1806.

**Grace-Conyers-Charlotte**, m. in 1816 to Sir Neil Menzies, bart.

**Caroline-Elizabeth**.

**Mary-Ellen**.

**Augusta-Anne**.

**Chapple**, a general officer in the army; d. in 1818.

**Edward**, barrister-at-law; d. in 1789.

**Grace**, m. to John-Charles, Earl of Portsmouth, and d. in 1813.

His lordship d. 1st January, 1789, and was s. by his eldest son,

**WILLIAM**, second baron, who m. Anna-Margaretta, daughter of Jonathan Midgley, esq. of Beverley, in the county of York; but leaving no issue at his decease, 12th November, 1822, the barony devolved upon his nephew, **FLETCHER NORTON**, esq. the present peer.

*Note*—The brothers and sisters of Lord Grantley have been raised to the rank which they would have enjoyed, had their father inherited the barony.

*Creation*—9th April, 1782.



*Arms*—Az. a maunch erm. over all a bend gu.

*Crest*—A moor's head, couped at the shoulders, wreathed round the temples with ivy, ppr. tied ar. and az.

*Supporters*—**Dexter**, a lion or, collared az. buckled of the first; **Sinister**, a griffin ar. collared az.

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*Motto*—*Avi numerantur avorum.*

*Seats*—Grantley Park, Yorkshire; and Wonerah, near Guildford, Surrey

**GRANVILLE, VISCOUNT**, (Granville Levison-Gower,) of Stone Park, in the county of Stafford, G.C.B.; b. 12th October, 1773; m. 24th December, 1809, Henrietta-Elizabeth, daughter of William, fifth Duke of Devonshire, K.G.; by whom he has issue,

1. **GRANVILLE-GEORGE**, b. 11th May, 1815.

2. Granville-William, b. 28th September, 1816.

3. Edward-Frederick, b. 3rd May, 1819.

4. Susan-Georgiana.

5. Georgiana-Charlotte.

This nobleman, who is youngest son of Granville, first Marquess of Stafford, and great-grand-nephew, maternally, of Grace Granville, Countess of Granville, was created **VISCOUNT GRANVILLE, of Stone Park**, 15th July, 1815. His lordship is ambassador-extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to the court of Paris.

### Lineage.

See Marquess of Stafford.

*Creation*—15th July, 1815.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, barry of eight, ar. and gu. over all a cross flosy, sa. for GOWER; second and third as. three laurel leaves erect, or, for LEYSON.

*Crest*—A wolf passant ar. collared and lined or.

*Supporters*—Two wolves ar. collared and lined or, pendent from the collar an escutcheon ar. charged with a clarion, or organ-rest, sa.

*Motto*—*Frangas, non flectes.*

*Seat*—Stone Park, Staffordshire.

**GRAVES, BARON**, (William-Thomas Graves,) Baron of Gravesend, in the county of Londonderry, in the peerage of Ireland; b. 18th March, 1804, s. to the title, as third baron, at the decease of his father, 7th February, 1830. His lordship is an officer in the guards and aid-de-camp to the Lord-lieutenant of Ireland.

### Lineage.

The family of Graves came originally from Gascony, and settled in the county of Derby,

whence a branch removed into Yorkshire; of which branch (the origin of the present noble house) was Hugh Graves, representative in parliament for the county of York, in the reign of Elizabeth.

**THOMAS GRAVES, esq.** (second son of Thomas Graves, esq., of Thankes, in the county of Cornwall, rear-admiral R.N., by Elizabeth, daughter of the Rev. Doctor Budgell,) being bred a naval officer, distinguished himself upon several occasions, but particularly as leader of the British van, in the decisive and glorious conflict between Admiral Earl Howe and the French fleet, 1st June, 1794; for which gallant service he was elevated to the peerage of Ireland in the July following, by the title of **LORD GRAVES, Baron of Gravesend, in the county of Londonderry**. His lordship m. in 1771, Elizabeth, daughter and one of the co-heiresses of William-Peere Williams, esq., of Cadleigh, in Devonshire, by whom he had, with other issue,

**THOMAS-NORTH**, his successor.

**Margaret-Anne**, m. to Captain Neesham, R.N. His lordship d. 9th February, 1802, and was s. by his son,

**THOMAS-NORTH**, second baron, b. 28th May, 1775; m. 27th June, 1803, Mary, youngest daughter of Henry, first Earl of Uxbridge, and sister of the present Marquess of Anglesey, by whom he had issue,

**WILLIAM-THOMAS**, present peer.

**George Augustus-Frederick-Clarence**, b. 17th February, 1816.

**Henry-Richard**, b. 9th October, 1818.

**Adolphus-Edward**, b. 26th January, 1821; page of honor to the king.

**Jane-Anne**, m. in 1829, to Capt. J. W. Cuthbert. **Caroline-North**.

**Louisa-Elizabeth**, m. 28th August, 1827, to Charles Heneage, esq., of the life-guards, son of T. F. Heneage, esq. and the Honorable Arabella Pelham, fourth daughter of Charles, first Lord Yarborough.

**Augusta-Champagne**, m. 15th March, 1831, to the Honorable William Law.

**Hester-Charlotte**, m. in January, 1832, to Edward Hobhouse, esq. of the coldstream-guards.

**Isabella-Latitia**.

His lordship, who was one of the lords of the bedchamber, a member of parliament, and comptroller of the household to his Royal Highness the Duke of Sussex, d. 7th February, 1830.

*Creation*—July, 1794.



*Arms*—Gu., an eagle displayed or, ducally crowned ar.

*Crest*—A demi-eagle, erased or.

*Supporters*—Two eagles or.

*Motto*—Aquila non captat muscas.

*Town Residence*—15, Hanover-street, Hanover-square.

*Seat*—Bishop's Court, Devonshire.

**GRAY, BARON, (Francis Gray, F.R.S.)** of Gray, in the county of Perth, in the peerage of Scotland, and one of the representative lords; b. 1st of September, 1765; m. 17th February, 1794, Mary-Anne, daughter of James Johnson, esq. major of the 61st regiment of foot, by whom he has had issue,

**JOHN**, Master of Gray, b. 12th May, 1798.

**Madelina**.

**Margaret**, m. to John Grant, esq. of Kilgranton, N.B.; d. in 1831.

**Jane-Anne**.

His lordship succeeded to the dignity, as fifteenth baron, upon the demise of his brother, on the 12th December, 1807.

### Lineage.

This family is descended from a common progenitor, with the extinct ducal houses of Suffolk and Kent, the baronial houses of Gray and Warwick, and the existing houses of Dorset, Tankerville, and Stamford; namely, Anschettit de Crey, one of the companions in arms of William the Conqueror, who obtained large grants of lands in the county of Oxford and other places. From this person sprang

**SIR ANDREW GRAY**, of Chillingham, in the county of Northumberland, who, in reward for his good and faithful services, obtained from King Robert Bruce, in 1306, the manor of Longford, in the county of Perth, with other lands in the county of Forfar, and the lands of Broxfield and Broxmouth. From this Sir Andrew directly descended

**SIR ANDREW GRAY**, of Broxmouth, who was created a lord of parliament before the 9th of October, 1437, by the title of **LORD GRAY, of Gray**. (There is a doubt, however, whether this was the first lord, as the precise date of creation is not ascertained,—see *Creation*, at foot.) His lordship m. first, Janet, daughter of Sir Roger de Mortimer, with whom he obtained the barony of Foulis, and by her had a son, Andrew, and six daughters. He m. secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Walter Buchanan, knt. and had four sons and a daughter. He d. in the year 1440–50, and was s. by his eldest son,

**ANDREW**, second baron, one of the eminent persons who became hostages for the Scottish King James I. in 1424. His lordship was ambassador to England in 1449 and 1461. He d. in 1469. This nobleman obtained a license from the crown to build the strong and beautiful

castle of Huntly, in the carse of Gowrie, (which his family possessed for some ages,) now called Castle Lyon, and belonging to the Earl of Strathmore. His lordship *m.* Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir John Wemyss, of Rires, and was *s.* by his grandson,

ANDREW, third baron, (son of Patrick, master of Gray, by Annabella, daughter of Alexander, Lord Forbes.) This nobleman was one of the privy-council to King James IV. and justice-general of Scotland. He *m.* first, Janet, only daughter of John, Lord Keith, son of William, Earl Marischal, by whom he had PATRICK, his successor, and two daughters. He espoused secondly, Lady Elizabeth Stewart, third daughter of John, Earl of Atholl, uterine brother of King James II. and had a numerous family, of which the eldest surviving son,

GILBERT, of Buttergask, *m.* Egidia, daughter of Sir Laurence Mercer, of Aldie, and had, with other issue,

PATRICK, who inherited as fifth lord.

His lordship *d.* in 1514, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

PATRICK, fourth baron. This nobleman *m.* Janet, second daughter of George, second Earl of Huntly, by whom he had three daughters, viz. Margaret, *m.* to Sir William Keith, of Innerergie; Isabel, *m.* to Sir Adam Crichton, of Ruthven; and —, *m.* to — Monorgund, of Monorgund. His lordship *d.* in 1541, and was *s.* by his nephew,

PATRICK, fifth baron, (son of Gilbert Gray, of Buttergask,) who *m.* Marion, daughter of James, Lord Ogilvy, of Airly, and dying in 1582, was *s.* by his eldest son,

PATRICK, sixth baron. This nobleman *m.* Barbara, fourth daughter of William, Lord Ruthven, and was *s.* in 1609, by his son,

PATRICK, seventh baron, who *m.* Lady Mary Stewart, eldest daughter of Robert, Earl of Orkney, and was *s.* in 1612, by his elder son,

ANDREW, eighth baron. This nobleman was lieutenant of the gens d'armes in France, under Lord Gordon, in 1624; and was much employed in the wars there. He resigned the heritable sheriffship of Forfarshire to King Charles I., for which he got his majesty's bond for 50,000 marks, which was never paid. He was banished the kingdom by the parliament for being with Montrose, in 1645, but this sentence does not appear to have been carried into effect. He was excommunicated by commission of the general assembly, in 1640, on account of his being a Roman catholic; and had a fine of £1,500 imposed upon him by Cromwell's act of grace and pardon, in 1654. He was prevailed upon by King Charles II. and the Duke of York, then in exile, to resign the lieutenancy of the gens d'armes in France, in favor of Mareschal Schomberg, which office had long been enjoyed by Scotsmen, and never afterwards could be recovered. His lordship *m.* first, Anne Ogilvy, sister of the first Earl of Findlater, relict of James, Earl of Buchan, and had

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PATRICK, Master of Gray, killed in France, and *d.* unmarried before his father.

ANNE, Mistress of Gray, who *m.* William Gray, son of Sir William Gray, of Pattendrum, by whom (who was slain in a duel, by the Earl of Southesk,) she had, with two other sons,

PATRICK, who *s.* as ninth lord.

His lordship espoused secondly, Dame Catherine Cadell, by whom he had one daughter,

Frances, *m.* to Captain Mackenzie, son of the bishop of Moray.

His lordship, having thus no surviving male issue, obtained a new patent, dated 8th January, 1638-9, by which the dignity descended to the son of his only daughter, Anne, mistress of Gray, by Sir William Gray, of Pittendrum, which son *s.* at his lordship's decease, in 1663, as

PATRICK, ninth baron, but, having no male issue, was himself obliged to obtain a new patent, in 1707, in favor of the husband of his only daughter, Marjory, mistress of Gray.

JOHN GRAY, esq. of Crichtie, who inherited, accordingly, at his father-in-law's demise, in 1711, as tenth baron. His lordship *d.* in 1724, and was *s.* by his son,

JOHN, eleventh baron, who *d.* in December, 1738, and was *s.* by his son,

JOHN, twelfth baron. This nobleman *m.* in 1741, Miss Blair, of Kinfans, an heiress, by whom he had issue, Andrew, Master of Gray, who *d.* unmarried; Charles, his successor; William-John, the late, and FRANCIS, the present, lord; besides six daughters. His lordship *d.* in 1782, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

CHARLES, thirteenth baron, who *d.* in December, 1786, unmarried, when the title devolved upon his next brother,

WILLIAM-JOHN, fourteenth baron, who also *d.* unmarried, 12th December, 1807, when the barony descended to his brother, FRANCIS, the present peer.

*Creation*.—Lord Gray was created a peer of parliament before the 9th of October, 1437, when Dominus Gray occurs among the lords of articles for the peers. At the election of peers of Scotland, 12th May, 1739, Lord Gray protested for precedence, and against the calling of Lord Forbes, or any other baron before himself. Patent, with the former precedence, to John Gray, of Crichtie, his sons, and the heirs of their bodies; which failing, to his daughters and the heirs of their bodies; which failing, to the nearest heir male of Patrick, Lord Gray, 27th February, 1707.

*Arms*.—Gu. a lion, rampant, within a bordure engr. ar.

*Crest*.—An anchor (sans cable) in pale or.

*Supporters*.—Two lions, guardant, gu.



*Motto*—Anchor, fast anchor.

*Town Residence*—3, Great Stanhope-street.

*Seat*—Kinfauns Castle, Perthshire.

**GRENVILLE, BARON**, (William Wyndham Grenville, D.C.L., F.S.A., and F.R.S.), of Wotton-under-Bernwood, in the county of Bucks; *b.* 25th October, 1759; *m.* 18th July, 1792, the Hon. Anne Pitt, only daughter of Thomas, first Lord Camelford, and sister and sole heiress of Thomas, second and last lord, by whom he has no issue. This noble person, having attained very high reputation as an orator and statesman, and having filled some of the most important ministerial offices, during the eventful reign of his Majesty King George III., was elevated to the peerage, 25th November, 1790, in the above dignity. Lord Grenville is auditor of the exchequer, chancellor of the University of Oxford, an elder brother of the Trinity-House, one of the governors of the Charter-House, and high-steward of Bristol.

### Lineage.

Lord Grenville is second son of the Right Hon. George Grenville, by Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Wyndham, bart.—For further genealogical particulars, see the lineage of his lordship's nephew, the Duke of Buckingham.

*Creation*—25th November, 1790.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, vert, on a cross ar. five torteaux, for GRENVILLE; second and third, quarterly; first and fourth, or, an eagle, displayed, sa. for LEOPRIC, EARL OF MERCA;

second and third, two bars sa. each charged with three martlets or, for TENPLE.

*Crest*—A garb, vert.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a lion, per fesse, embattled, gu. and or; SINISTER, a horse ar. armed of eaglets sa. each collared ar. banded vert, charged with three torteaux.

*Motto*—Repetens exempla suorum.

*Seats*—Dropmore, Buckinghamshire; and Bonnoc, Cornwall.

**GRESLEY, SIR ROGER**, baronet, of Drakelow, in the county of Derby; *b.* 27th of December, 1799; *s.* to the title, as eighth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 26th March, 1808; *m.* in June, 1821, Sophia-Catherine, youngest daughter of George-William, seventh Earl of Coventry.

### Lineage.

This family, which is of Norman extraction, traces its descent from Malahuleius, uncle to Rolo, Duke of Normandy, the renowned ancestor of William the Conqueror.

NIGELL, younger son of Roger de Toeny, standard-bearer of Normandy, son of the said Malahuleius, arrived in England with an elder brother, Robert, in the train of William; and at the time of the survey, held extensive possessions in the counties of Derby and Stafford, of which *Grasle* or *Gresley*, in the former, where he fixed his abode, was one. This Nigell left a son,

WILLIAM FITZ NIGELL, surnamed 'de Griesley,' who was founder of the castle and monastery of Gresley, in honor of St. George, and left a son,

ROBERT DE GRESLEY, who, in 1134, founded an abbey of Cistercian monks, at Swineshead, in Lincolnshire. From this person lineally descended, through a long line of distinguished individuals,

SIR WILLIAM GRESLEY, knt. (eldest son and heir of Sir George Gresley, created a knight of the Bath at the coronation of Queen Anne Bullen, in 1338,) who served the office of high sheriff for the county of Stafford, in the fourth year of Queen Elizabeth, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR THOMAS GRESLEY, knt. of Drakelow. This gentleman served the office of sheriff of Staffordshire, in the 25th of Queen Elizabeth, and of Derbyshire, in the 35th and 45th years of the same reign. Sir Thomas was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

1. GEORGE GRESLEY, esq. of Drakelow, who was created a baronet, 29th June, 1611. To this gentleman, Sir William Dugdale owed his first elevation, through an introduction from him to Thomas, Earl of Arundel, then Earl Marshal. Sir George served the office of sheriff of Derbyshire, and represented Newcastle-under-Lime in parliament. He *m.* Susan, daughter of Sir Humphrey Ferrars, knt. by whom he had one son and two daughters. The former *d.* in his lifetime, leaving ten children, by Bridget, daugh



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ter of Sir Thomas Burdett, bart. the eldest surviving of whom,

2. SIR THOMAS, *s.* his grandfather, and marrying Frances, daughter and co-heiress of Gilbert Morewood, esq. was *s.* at his decease, in 1699, by his eldest son,

3. SIR WILLIAM. This gentleman *d.* in 1711, and was *s.* by his only surviving son,

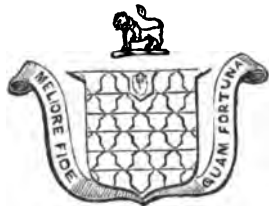
4. SIR THOMAS, who *m.* first, in 1719, Dorothy, daughter and co-heiress of Sir William Bowyer, baronet, by whom he had two surviving sons. He *m.* secondly, Gertrude, daughter and co-heiress of John Grammar, esq. and had one son. He *d.* in 1746, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

5. SIR THOMAS, M.P. who had an only daughter, Wilmot, and at whose decease, in 1753, the title devolved upon his brother,

6. SIR NIGEL. This gentleman *m.* in 1753, Elizabeth, daughter of the Rev. Mr. Wynn, of Cheshire, by whom he had one son and six daughters. He *d.* in 1787, and was *s.* by his son,

7. SIR NIGEL-BOWYER, who *m.* first, his cousin, Wilmot, only daughter of his uncle, Sir Thomas Gresley, the fifth baronet, and thus obtained the estates which had been separated from the title, upon the demise of that gentleman. By this union he had three daughters. Her ladyship dying in 1790, he *m.* secondly, in 1796, Maud-Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Caleb Garway, esq. of Worcester, by whom he had surviving issue, ROGER, the present baronet, and Louisa-Georgiana-Maria, *m.* to the Rev. Edward Woodyat, M.A. Sir Nigel *d.* 26th March, 1808.

*Creation*—29th June, 1611.



*Arms*—Vair, erm. and gu.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a lion passant, erm. armed, langued, and collared gu.

*Motto*—Melioe fide quam fortuna.

*Seats*—Drakelow, Derbyshire; and Knipersley, in the county of Stafford.

GREY, EARL, (Charles Grey,) Viscount Howick, and Baron Grey, of Howick, in the county of Northumberland, and a baronet; *b.* 13th March, 1764; *m.* 18th November, 1794, Mary-Elizabeth, daughter of William Brabazon, Lord Ponsonby, of Imokilly, and granddaughter (maternally) of Viscount Molesworth, by whom he has issue,

## GRE

1. HENRY, Viscount Howick, *b.* 26th December, 1802, M.P., under secretary-of-state for the colonies.
2. Charles, *b.* 15th March, 1804, a lieutenant-colonel in the army.
3. Frederick-William, *b.* 23rd August, 1805, captain in the royal navy.
4. George, *b.* 16th May, 1809, commander in the royal navy.
5. John, *b.* 6th March, 1812.
6. Francis-Richard, *b.* 31st March, 1813.
7. Henry-Cavendish, *b.* 10th October, 1814.
8. William-George, *b.* 15th February, 1819.
9. Louisa-Elizabeth, *m.* in 1816, to J. G. Lambton, esq. M.P. for the county of Durham, now Lord Durham. (See that dignity.)
10. Elizabeth, *m.* to J. C. Bulteel, esq. of Fleet House, in the county of Devon.
11. Caroline, *m.* 15th January, 1827, to the Hon. George Barrington, captain R.N.
12. Georgiana.
13. Mary.

His lordship succeeded to the peerage, as second earl, upon the demise of his father, 14th November, 1807; and to the baronetcy, as third baronet, at the decease of his uncle, Sir Henry Grey, of Howick, in 1808. Lord Grey, was first returned to parliament by the county of Northumberland in 1786, and he maintained, for twenty-one years afterwards, the most eventful era in the whole annals of England, a leading in the house of commons by his powerful eloquence as an orator, his profound views as a statesman, and his invincible integrity as a patriot. Upon the accession of the whig administration in 1806, Mr. Grey came into office, as first lord of the admiralty, a post which he exchanged upon the lamented decease of Charles Fox, for that of secretary for foreign affairs. He retired with his party in 1807, and from that period until called to preside over the councils of his sovereign in 1830, as first lord of the treasury (PREMIER), his lordship repeatedly declined *power*, rather than compromise *principle*.

## Lineage.

That the family of Grey has been of great antiquity in the county of Northumberland, and celebrated for military achievements, is attested by numerous authorities; and that it was first ennobled in the reign of the fourth Edward, is also upon record.

SIR JOHN GREY, of Berwick, knt., living in 1372, was father of

SIR THOMAS GREY, of Berwick and Chillingham, knt., who *d.* in 1402, leaving issue, by Jane, daughter of John Mowbray, Duke of Norfolk,

Sir John Grey, of Heaton, styled Earl of Tankerville, in Normandic.

Sir Thomas Grey, of Werke.

## GRE

William, Dean of York, and Bishop of London, 1426, translated to Lincoln, 1431.

Sir Henry Grey, of Ketteringham, in the county of Norfolk.

Matilda, wife of Sir Robert Ogle, knt.

SIR THOMAS GREY, of Werke, the second son above mentioned, m. Alice, daughter of Ralph Neville, Earl of Westmorland, and had four sons, the third of whom,

SIR RALPH GREY, became eventually heir. He m. Elizabeth, daughter of Henry, Lord Fitzhugh. The great-grandson of this marriage,

SIR RALPH GREY, of Chillingham, m. Isabel, daughter and co-heir of Sir Thomas Grey, of Horton, in the county of Northumberland, and had, with other issue,

RALPH (Sir), who upon the death of his elder brother succeeded to the estates. He m. Anne, daughter of William Ardington, esq. of Ardington, and was s. by his eldest son,

WILLIAM (Sir), who was created a baronet in 1619, and elevated to the peerage in 1623, as LORD GREY, of Werke, a dignity that expired with Ralph, fourth lord, in 1706.

And

SIR EDWARD GREY, of Howick, in the county of Northumberland, knt., who m. Catherine, daughter of Roger le Strange, of Hunstanton, and dying in 1632, was s. by his grandson,

EDWARD GREY, esq. of Howick (son of Philip Grey, esq. by the daughter and co-heir of — Westwood, of Westwood, in the county of Northumberland). This gentleman dying in 1653, was s. by his eldest son,

PHILIP GREY, esq. of Howick. This gentleman was s. by his nephew,

JOHN GREY, esq. of Howick, (the only son of John Grey, esq. of Acton, in the county of Northumberland). This gentleman was s. by his eldest son,

1. HENRY GREY, esq. of Howick, who was created a baronet 11th January, 1746. Sir Henry served the office of sheriff for the county of Northumberland in 1736. He m. Hannah, daughter of Thomas Wood, esq. of Falloden, in the county of Northumberland, by whom he had five sons and four daughters, of whom were,

HENRY, his successor, as second baronet, who d. unmarried, in 1808, when the baronetcy devolved upon the present earl.

Thomas, who fell in a duel with Lord Pomfret.

Charles, of whom presently.

Margaret, m. to Sir Grey Cooper.

Elizabeth, m. to Sir James Pennyman, bart.

Sir Henry d. in 1749. His fourth son,

SIR CHARLES GREY, K.B., b. in 1729, having adopted the profession of arms, attained the rank of major-general in 1777, lieutenant-general in 1782, and general in 1796. Sir Charles distinguished himself as a commanding officer, during the first American war, was appointed in 1794, upon the breaking out of hostilities with the

## GRE

French republic, to the chief command of the land forces, sent in conjunction with the naval armament under Lord St. Vincent, to reduce the West India Islands; and, after his return, was nominated to the command of the southern district in England: in 1797, he was sworn of the privy-council; and elevated to the peerage, 23rd June, 1801, by the title of *Baron Grey de Howick*. His lordship was advanced to a viscounty and earldom 11th April, 1806, as *Viscount Howick*, and EARL GREY. He m. in 1762, Elizabeth, daughter of George Grey, esq. of Southwick, by whom (who d. in 1822) he had issue,

CHARLES, Lord Howick, present earl.

Henry-George, a general in the army, and colonel 13th light dragoons; b. 25th October, 1766, m. in 1812, Miss Des Voeux, only daughter of the late Sir Charles Des Voeux, bart.

George, captain R.N. (see Sir George Grey, bart.), d. 3rd October, 1828.

William (deceased), lieutenant-colonel in the army; left issue by his wife, Maria, daughter of William Shirreff, esq.

1. William-Thomas, b. in 1807.

2. Charles-Conrad, b. in 1817.

3. Maria. 4. Emily-Hannah.

Edward, in holy orders, Dean of Hereford, b. 25th March, 1782, m. first, Charlotte-Elizabeth, daughter of J. Croft, esq. by whom (who d. in 1821) he has issue,

1. Edward, b. in 1810. 2. Charles.

3. Leopold-James. 4. William.

5. Elizabeth. 6. Charlotte. 7. Mary.

8. Harriet. 9. Hannah-Jane.

And, secondly, Elizabeth, dau. of Robert Adair, esq., and has issue,

1. Frederick-Septimus, } b. 12th June,

2. Alexander-Thomas, } 1826.

3. Francis-Douglas.

Elizabeth, widow of the late Samuel Whitbread, esq. by whom she has issue.

Hannah-Althea, m. first, to Captain Betterworth, R.N. and, after his decease, to Edward Ellice, esq. M.P.

His lordship d. 14th November, 1807. Lord Grey was aide-de-camp to Prince Ferdinand at the battle of Minden, and received a wound in the conflict.

*Creations*—Baronet, 11th January, 1746. Baron, 23rd June, 1801. Earl, &c. 11th April, 1806.



*Arms*—Gu. a lion rampant, within a bordure engr. ar.

*Vest*—A scaling ladder, ar.

*Supporters*—*Dexter*, a lion, guardant, purp. ducally crowned or; *Sinister*, a leopard, guardant, ppr.

*Motto*—De bon vouloir servir le roy.

*Town Residence*—10, Downing-street.

*Seat*—Howick, Northumberland.

**GREY DE RUTHYN, BARONESS,** (Barbara - Rawdon - Hastings,) Baroness Hastings, of Ashley-Weyford and Valence; b. 20th May, 1810; s. to the honors in the same year as second baroness, (29th October, 1810,) upon the demise of her father, Henry, nineteenth Lord Grey de Ruthyn, m. 1st August, 1831, to George, present MARQUESS OF HASTINGS.

### Lineage.

The descent of this family is deduced by a French genealogist and antiquary, of great repute, (Francis de Belleforest, of Cominges,) from Rollo, chamberlain to Robert, Duke of Normandy, who obtained by grant, from his master, the castle and honor of Croy, in Picardy; whence the surname of De Croy, (changed into De Grey) is said to have originated. In the sixth year of King Richard I., that monarch conferred the manor of Thurrock, in the county of Essex, afterwards called Thurrock-Grey, upon

HENRY DE GRAY, which grant was confirmed by King John, who vouchsafed, by especial charter, to permit the said Henry to hunt the hare and fox in any lands belonging to the crown, save the king's own demesne parks. Henry de Grey m. Isolda, niece and heiress of Robert Bardolf, and had, with other issue,

SIR JOHN DE GRAY, of Eaton, near Fenny Stratford, Bucks, who was sheriff of the counties of Buckingham and Bedford, 23rd Henry III.; and afterwards had summons to attend the king in his wars in France. In the 30th of the same monarch, he was appointed constable of the castle of Gannock, in North Wales; in seven years afterwards, he was made governor of Northampton Castle, and the next year, constituted steward of all Gascoigne: but, in two years subsequently, being, according to Matthew Paris, "an aged knight of much esteem, for his courtesy and valour, as also chief of the king's council, and being weary of the vanities of the court, he withdrew himself." This Sir John d. 50th Henry III., and was s. by an only son,

REGINALD DE GRAY, who was justice of Chester, 9th Edward I., and obtained from that monarch, with other grants, the castle of Ruthyn, in the county of Denbigh. He m. Maud, daughter and heir of Henry de Longcamp, a great baron, whose principal seat was at WILTON CASTLE, in Herefordshire, and dying in 1307, was s. by his only son,

JOHN DE GRAY, of Wilton, who, 4th Edward II., was summoned, with other noblemen, to be

at London, to attend the general council; and, in the 10th of the same monarch, was appointed justice of North Wales, and governor of Caernarvon Castle. This nobleman m. for his second wife, Maud, daughter of Ralph, Lord Bassett, of Drayton, by whom he had an only son, (by his first wife he had a son, HENRY, his successor, ancestor of the Greys, of Wilton.)

ROGER DE GRAY, who had, with other considerable estates from his father, the castle of RUTHYN. In 1319, he was summoned to meet the king at Winchester, the second Sunday in Lent, to confer with him before his departure into Aquitaine, and was called to the parliament, held at York, in 1323, as LORD GRAY DE RUTHYN. His lordship m. Elizabeth, daughter of John, Lord Hastings, of Bergavenny, and Isabel, his wife, daughter of William de Valence, and sister and co-heiress of Aymar de Valence, Earl of Pembroke, (whereby his posterity became heirs to the last John de Hastings, Earl of Pembroke, who was killed in a tournament at Woodstock, in December, 1300, see *Burke's Extinct and Dormant Peerage*) and dying 6th March, 1353-4, was s. by his only surviving son,

REGINALD, second baron, who d. in 1386, and was s. by his eldest son,

REGINALD, third baron, who, on the death of John de Hastings, Earl of Pembroke, was found to be his next heir. He had afterwards a great contest in the court of chivalry, with Sir Edward de Hastings, touching the title of Lord Hastings, and bearing the entire arms of the said John de Hastings, late Earl of Pembroke, which came coming to a definitive sentence, 11th Henry IV., the right and title to the said name and arms was adjudged to Lord Grey and his heirs, as Lord Hastings; and Sir Edward de Hastings, thenceforth prohibited to bear them, was sentenced to pay such costs of suit as should be appointed by the court. His lordship m. Margaret, daughter of William Lord Roos, and had an only son,

John (Sir), who, dying in the life-time of his father, left two sons, by his wife, Constance, daughter of John Holland, Duke of Exeter, and widow of Thomas, Lord Mowbray,

EDMUND, who s. his grandfather.

Thomas, created BARON GRAY, of *Rougemont*, but, being an active Lances-terian, was attainted 1st Edward IV., when his honors expired, and he d. s. p.

Lord Grey espoused, secondly, Joane, daughter and heir of William, Lord Astley, and had three sons, of whom, EDWARD, the eldest, m. the heiress of Ferrers, of Groby, and was ancestor to the Duke of Suffolk, and the present Earl of Stamford. His lordship d. in 1440, and was s. by his grandson,

EDMUND, fourth baron, created EARL OF KENT, 3rd May, 1465, and appointed lord-high-treasurer of England, in which superior dignity (the Earldom of Kent,) the barony merged for one hundred and seventy-four years, until the earldom became extinct at the demise of

HENRY, eighth earl and eleventh baron, without male issue, in 1630. His lordship's great-great-grandfather, Henry Grey, fourth earl and seventh baron, never, owing to his poverty, assumed the family honors. Upon the demise of this eighth Earl of Kent, his nephew, (the son of his lordship's sister, Lady Susan Grey, who m. Sir Michael Longueville,)

CHARLES LONGUEVILLE, claimed the barony, and had his claim admitted, in 1640, as twelfth Baron Grey de Ruthyn, in despite of the opposition of Anthony Grey, the then Earl of Kent, grounded upon the plea, that "when a barony by writ was once involved in an earldom, it should wait upon such earldom, and might not be subsequently transferred to another family by a daughter and heiress, so long as the earldom continued in the male." The decision upon this case established the principle, that an earldom or other superior dignity does not attract a barony in fee. His lordship, who m. Frances, daughter and co-heir of Edward Neville, esq., d. in three years afterwards, and was s. by his only daughter,

SUSAN LONGUEVILLE, who then became Baroness Grey de Ruthyn. Her ladyship m. Sir Henry Yelverton,\* baronet, of Easton Manduit,

\* FAMILY OF YELVERTON.

The Yelvertons are of great antiquity in the county of Norfolk.

ROBERT YELVERTON, seated at Rackheath, near Norwich, temp. Edward III.: m. Cecilia, daughter of Sir Thomas Bardolf, and was s. by his son,

JOHN YELVERTON, esq., of Rackheath, whose second son,

SIR WILLIAM YELVERTON, was burgess for Yarmouth, 14th Henry VI., in the parliament then held at Westminster, and by his abilities in the study of the common law, gained so great a reputation, that in the 18th Henry VI. he was elected to the degree of serjeant-at-law, and, in four years afterwards, constituted one of the judges of the king's bench. He was continued in that employment by Edward IV., and was created a knight of the bath at that monarch's coronation. Nevertheless, when Henry VI. recovered for a short interval the reins of government, Sir William was constituted one of the judges of the court of common-pleas, by patent dated 4th October, 1470. From this learned and eminent person we pass to his lineal descendant,

WILLIAM YELVERTON, esq., of Rougham, who m. Anne, daughter and heir of Sir Henry Formor, of East-Barsham, in the county of Norfolk, by whom he had five sons and four daughters, of whom the eldest son,

HENRY, succeeded his father, and left a son,

WILLIAM, created a baronet in 1630, a title that expired with his son, Sir William, second baronet.

The third son,

SIR CHRISTOPHER YELVERTON, an eminent lawyer, was appointed queen's serjeant in the 31st

in the county of Northampton, and dying in 1676, was s. by her son,

SIR CHARLES YELVERTON, bart., as thirteenth baron, who d. unmarried, in 1679, when the barony devolved upon his brother,

HENRY, fourteenth baron, who bore the spurs at the coronation of King James II., and King William and Queen Mary, and was created 21st April, 1690, *Viscount Longueville*. His lordship m. Barbara, daughter of John Talbot, esq., of Laycock, in the county of Wilts, and was s. at his decease, 24th March, 1763-4, by his elder son,

TALBOT, fifteenth baron and second viscount, who was advanced to an earldom, as EARL OF SUSSEX, 20th September, 1717. His lordship was appointed deputy-earl-marshal of England, in 1725, and elected a knight of the bath, upon the revival of that order in the same year. The earl officiated as earl-marshal at the coronation of King George II. His lordship m. Lucy, daughter of Henry Pelham, esq., of Lewes, in the county of Sussex, and niece of Thomas, Lord Pelham, by whom he had two sons. He d. 27th October, 1731, and was s. by the elder,

GEORGE-AUGUSTUS, second earl. This nobleman

Elizabeth. He was afterwards chosen SPEAKER of the house of commons, and constituted one of the judges of the queen's-bench, in the 44th of the same reign. Upon the accession of King James, his patent as a judge was renewed, and he received the honor of knighthood. He d. at EASTON-MAUDUIT, a seat in Northamptonshire which he had purchased, and was buried in the church there in 1607. His lordship was s. by his elder son, (by Margaret, daughter of Thomas Catesby, esq. of Ecton, in Northamptonshire),

HENRY YELVERTON, esq. of Easton-Manduit, barrister-at-law, recorder of Northampton, and M.P. for that borough. In 1613, Mr. Yelverton was appointed solicitor-general, when he received the honor of knighthood: in four years afterwards, he was constituted attorney-general; but incurring the hostility of the favorite, Buckingham, he fell under the displeasure of the king, and suffered loss of place, fine, and imprisonment. He subsequently resumed his practice at the bar, and being reconciled to the favorite, was eventually constituted one of the justices of the court of common-pleas. This venerable and learned person d. 34th January, 1630-30, and was s. by his eldest son, (by Margaret, daughter of Robert Beale, esq. clerk of the council to Queen Elizabeth; the bearer of the warrant for the execution of the Queen of Scots to Fothering-gay)

SIR CHRISTOPHER YELVERTON, knt. of Easton-Manduit, who was created a baronet 30th June, 1620. He m. Anne, youngest daughter of Sir William Twisden, bart. of Roydon Hall, and was s. by his only son,

SIR HENRY YELVERTON, member for the county of Northampton in the restoration parliament. This gentleman m. Susan Longueville, BARONESS GREY DE RUTHYN, as in the text.

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d. unmarried, in 1758, when the honors devolved upon his brother,

HENRY, third earl, b. in 1720. His lordship m. first, Hesther, daughter of John Hall, esq., of Mansfield Woodhouse, Notts, by whom he had one surviving child,

Barbara, m. in October, 1775, to Edward Thoroton Gould, esq., and had issue,

HENRY-EDWARD, successor to the barony. Barbara, d. unmarried.

Mary, m. to the Honorable and Rev. Frederick Powys, son of Lord Lilford, and has Frederick-Henry, and other issue.

The earl m. secondly, Mary, daughter of John Vaughan, esq., of Bristol, by whom he had no child. His lordship dying thus, in 1790, without male descendants, the earldom of Sussex and the viscounty of Longueville ceased, but the barony of GREY DE RUTHYN devolved upon (the son of his deceased daughter, Lady Barbara Gould) his grandson,

HENRY-EDWARD GOULD, esq., who thus became nineteenth Baron Grey de Ruthyn, and assumed, in 1800, the name and arms of YELVERTON, in place of those of his paternal family. His lordship m. 21st June, 1809, Anna-Maria, daughter of Mr. William Kellam, of Ryton-upon-Dunsmore, in the county of Warwick, by whom he left at his decease, in 1810, an only child and heiress, BARBARA, the present baroness. Her ladyship inherits the barony of *Hastings, of Ashley*, from Elizabeth, sister of John Hastings, third baron, who m. Roger de Grey, of Ruthyn, and to whose descendant, Reginald, Lord Grey de Ruthyn, the right to bear the arms of Hastings was confirmed, as stated above.

*Creations*—Baroness Hastings, of Ashley, 14th December, 1264. Grey de Ruthyn, 30th December, 1324.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, ar. three lions, rampant, and a chief gu. for YELVERTON; second and third, barry of six ar. and az. in chief, three torteaux, for GREY.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a wivern, or; SINISTER, a lion rampant regardant gu.

*Seat*—Brandon House, Warwickshire.

## GRI

GREY, SIR GEORGE, baronet, b. 11th May, 1799; m. 16th August, 1827, Anna-Sophia, eldest daughter of the Hon. and Right Rev. Henry Ryder, D.D. Lord Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry; s. to the title, as second baronet, at the decease of his father, 3rd October, 1828.

*Lineage.*

1. THE HON. SIR GEORGE GREY, K.C.B. Capt. R.N. (fourth son of Charles, first Earl Grey,) b. 10th October, 1767, was created a baronet 2nd July, 1814. Sir George m. 18th June, 1793, Mary, daughter of Samuel Whitbread, sen. esq. of Bedwell Park, in the county of Hertford, and sister of the late Samuel Whitbread, M.P. for Bedford, by whom he had issue,

GEORGE, present baronet.

Charles-Samuel, b. 22nd January, 1811.

Mary, m. in 1823, to Captain Thomas-Monck Mason, R.N.

Elizabeth, m. in 1817, to the Hon. C. Noel

Noel, (now Lord Barham,) and d. in 1818.

Harriet-Caroline-Augusta, m. 17th March, 1830, to the Rev. John S. Jenkinson.

Hannah-Jane, m. 20th February, 1828, to Sir Henry Thompson, bart. and d. 5th June, 1829.

Jane, m. in 1825, to Francis Baring, esq. eldest son of Sir Thomas Baring, bart.

Sir George, who was resident commissioner of Portsmouth dock-yard, and marshal in the Island of Barbadoes, d. 3rd October, 1828.

*Creation*—2nd July, 1814.



*Arms*—Gu. a lion rampant within a bordure engr. ar.

*Crest*—A scaling ladder ar.

*Motto*—De bon vouloir servir le roy.

GRIERSON, SIR ROBERT, bart., of Lag, county of Dumfries; s. to the title, as fifth baronet, upon the demise of his father, in 1813.

*Lineage.*

This family claims descent from Gilbert, second son of Malcolm, Lord of Macgregor, who died in 1374; but whether the claim be well founded or not, it is certain that the Griersons, of Lag, have

been settled in that part of Scotland for a period exceeding four centuries.

THOMAS GRIERSON, laird of Arde, obtained, 6th December, 1408, a charter from his cousin, John M'Rath de Lachs, conveying to him all right and claim which he the said John had to the lands of Lag. From this Thomas lineally descended.

SIR WILLIAM GRIERSON, knt. of Lag, who was appointed, in 1623, the keeper of certain rolls. He m. in 1603, Miss Maxwell, sister of William, Lord Herries. Sir William d. about the year 1629, and from this time the family of Lag seem to have made an alteration in their surname, calling themselves "Grier," instead of "Grier-son," for some generations. Sir William was s. by his son,

SIR ROBERT GRIER, knt. M.P. in 1639. This gentleman m. in 1632, Margaret, eldest daughter of Sir James Murray, of Cockpool, by whom he had four sons and a daughter. Sir Robert d. in 1634, and was s. by his eldest son, Sir John Grier, knt. but his male issue failing, the line of descent is carried on by the posterity of the second son,

JAMES GRIERSON, esq. who left a son,

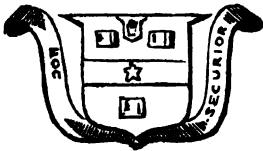
1. ROBERT GRIERSON, esq. who s. in 1668, to the estates of his cousin, Sir John Grierson, knt. of Lag, and was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* 28th March, 1685. Sir Robert m. Henrietta, daughter of James, second Earl of Queensberry, by whom he had four sons. This gentleman, who enjoyed a pension from the crown of £200 a year, was s. at his decease by his eldest son,

2. SIR WILLIAM, who m. Anne, daughter of Sir Richard Musgrave, of Hayton; but dying without male issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

3. SIR GILBERT. This gentleman m. Elizabeth, daughter of Colonel Mitford, of the Coldstream regiment of guards, and dying 7th February, 1766, was s. by his son,

4. SIR ROBERT, who m. Margaret, eldest daughter of the Hon. Alexander Dalzell, of Glensae, by whom he had four sons and six daughters, and dying in 1813, was s. by his son, ROBERT, the present baronet.

*Creation*—28th March, 1685.



*Arms*—Gu. on a fesse or, between three quadrangular locks (or fetter-locks) ar. a mullet az.

*Crest*—A lock, as in the arms.

*Motto*—Hoc securior.

*Seat*—Lag, Dumfriesshire.

GRIMSTON, VISCOUNT, and Baron Dunboynne, in the peerage of Ireland. See Earl of Verulam.

GRINSTEAD, BARON, of Grinstead, in the county of Wilts; created 18th July, 1815.

See Earl of Enniskillen.

GUILFORD, EARL OF, (Francis North,) and Baron Guilford, of Guilford, in the county of Surrey; b. 17th December, 1772; s. to the honors, as sixth earl, at the decease of his cousin, 14th October, 1827; m. first, 20th February, 1798, Esther, daughter of the Rev. John Harrison, by whom (who d. in 1823) he had no issue; his lordship espoused secondly, 4th May, 1826, Harriet, daughter of Sir Henry Warde, K.C.B. and has a son,

DUDLEY, Lord North, b. 7th August, 1829.

The earl, who is in holy orders, is rector of Southampton and Alverstoke, prebendary of Winchester, and master of St. Cross Hospital in that city.

### Lineage.

EDWARD NORTH was born about the year 1466, and brought up to the profession of the law; in which he made so fair a progress that he was elected one of the council for the city of London. In the 22nd Henry VIII. Mr. North was appointed joint clerk of the parliament, and in six years afterwards (1536) he became one of the king's serjeants at law. On the surrender of the former post, he was made treasurer of the court of augmentations, an office newly erected upon the dissolutions of the monasteries; and he became afterwards chancellor of the court. He was soon after knighted, and returned to parliament as representative of the county of Cambridge. We next find Sir Edward a privy councillor, and in such favour with the king, as to obtain various grants of lands from the crown. But knowing how transitory were Henry's smiles, he seems to have always been in a state of alarm, of which the following occurrence is a sufficient illustration. One morning a messenger from the king came to Sir Edward to command his immediate presence at court. He then resided at the Charter House, and one of his servants, an attendant in his bedchamber, when the message was delivered, observed his master to tremble at it; but Sir Edward made the utmost haste to wait upon the king, and took with him his said servant. On his admittance, he found Henry walking, who continued doing so with great earnestness, looking at him with an angry eye, which was received with a very still and sober carriage. At last the king broke out in these words: "We are informed you have cheated us of certain lands in Middlesex." And receiving no other than a

plain and humble negation, the king, after some little pause, replied, "How was it then, did we give those lauds to you?" Whereunto Sir Edward answered, "Yes, Sir, your majesty was pleased so to do." The king on this, after a brief pause, put on a milder countenance, and, calling him to a cupboard, conferred privately with him a long time; whereby his servant (as Dudley, the second Lord North, was informed) saw the king could not spare his master's service as yet. From this period Sir Edward advanced still higher in the estimation of the king, and at his highness's death, was appointed one of his executors, with a legacy of £300. After the accession of Edward VI. he was re-sworn of the privy council, and re-elected for Cambridgeshire. But upon the decease of that monarch, Sir Edward seems to have espoused the cause of Lady Jane Grey. He made his peace, however, very soon with Queen Mary, for on her accession, he was again sworn of the privy council, and elevated to the peerage in the first year of her reign, 17th February, 1553-4, being then summoned to parliament as *Baron North, of Kirtling, in the county of Cambridge* (a manor which he purchased about the time he was appointed clerk of the parliament). In the reign of Elizabeth, Lord North was constituted lord-lieutenant of Cambridgeshire and the Isle of Ely. His lordship m. first, Alice, daughter of Oliver Squyer, esq. of Southby, in the county of Southampton, and widow of Edward Myrdun, esq. and of John Brigadine, esq. of Southampton. By this lady he acquired a considerable fortune, and had (besides daughters) two sons, viz.

ROGER (Sir), his successor.

Thomas (Sir), a learned man, who translated into English *Guevara's Horologium Principum and Putarch's Lives*.

Lord North d. 31st December, 1564, and was s. by his elder son,

SIR ROGER NORTH, knight banneret, as second baron. This nobleman, who was ambassador extraordinary from Queen Elizabeth to Charles IX. King of France, was sworn of the privy council, and constituted treasurer of the household in the thirty-ninth year of her majesty's reign. He m. Winifred, daughter of Robert, Lord Rich (chancellor of England), and relict of Sir Henry Dudley, by whom he had two sons,

John (Sir), who m. Dorothy, daughter and co-heir of Sir Valentine Dale, LL.D. master of the requests, and dying before his father left, with other issue, DUDLEY, successor to the title.

Henry (Sir), of Milden Hall, in the county of Suffolk.

His lordship d. 3rd December, 1600, and he is thus briefly characterised by Camden: "He was a person of great business and vivacity, with a head and heart fit for the service." He was s. by his grandson,

DUDLEY, third baron, who, according to Camden, "was a person full of spirit and flame; yet, after he had consumed the greatest part of his

estate in the gallantries of King James's court, or rather his son's (Prince Henry), retired and lived more honorably in the country, upon what was left, than ever he had done before." His lordship m. Frances, daughter and co-heir of Sir John Brocket, of Brocket Hall, in the county of Hertford, and dying 10th January, 1666, was s. by his eldest son,

DUDLEY, fourth baron, K.B. His lordship m. Anne, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Charles Montagu, knt. and niece of Henry, Earl of Manchester, by whom he had six sons and four daughters, of which the two senior were

Charles, his successor.

FRANCIS, who, applying himself to the study of the laws in the Middle Temple, became one of the great law luminaries of England. In 1671 he was appointed solicitor-general and received the honor of knighthood. In 1673, he succeeded Sir Heneage Finch, in the attorney-generalship, and, in the next year, was appointed lord-chief-justice of the court of common-pleas. Upon the death of the Earl of Nottingham, in 1682, Sir Francis North was appointed lord-keeper of the great seal, and created, 27th September, 1683, *BARON GUILFORD, of Guilford, in the county of Surrey*. The life of this celebrated man was written by his youngest brother, ROGER NORTH, to which we must refer for a full account of his many virtues. His lordship m. Frances, second daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Pope, Earl of Down, and dying in September, 1685, was s. by his son,

FRANCIS, second baron Guilford; his lordship m. first, in 1604-5, Elizabeth, third daughter of Fulk, Lord Brooke, by whom he had no surviving issue; and, secondly, Alice, second daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Brownlow, of Belton, in the county of Lincoln, bart. by the co-heir of George Brydges, Lord Chandos, and dying in 1720, was s. by his only son,

FRANCIS, third baron Guilford, who inherited the barony of NORTH, at the decease of William, the sixth baron, but of that presently.

Dudley Lord North d. in 1677, and was s. by his eldest son,

CHARLES, fifth baron, who having married Catharine, daughter of William, Lord Grey, of Werke, and relict of Sir Edward Moseley, of the Hough, in the county of Lancaster, bart. had been summoned to parliament in the lifetime of his father, 25th Charles II. by the title of *Lord Grey, of Rolleston, in the county of Stafford*. His lordship d. in 1690, and was s. by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, sixth baron North, and second Lord Grey, a military officer, who served under the Duke of Marlborough in all his campaigns, and had his right hand shot off at the battle of Blenheim. His lordship d. without issue, in 1784,

when the barony of Grey ceased; but that of North devolved upon his cousin,

FRANCIS, third baron Guilford (refer to Sir Francis North, second son of Dudley, fourth baron North). His lordship was *b.* in 1704, and *m.* first, in 1728, Lady Lucy Montagu, daughter of George, Earl of Halifax, by whom he had one son, FREDERICK, his successor. He *m.* secondly, in 1736, Elizabeth, Viscountess-dowager of Lewisham, daughter of Sir Arthur Kaye, by whom he had two surviving children,

Brownlow, in holy orders, Bishop of Lichfield (1771), Bishop of Worcester (1774), and Bishop of Winchester (1781), successively. His lordship *m.* in 1771, Henrietta-Maria, daughter and co-heiress of John Bannister, esq. and dying 12th July, 1820, left issue,

FRANCIS, present earl.

Charles-Augustus, Prebendary of Winchester, *m.* in 1800, Rachel, second daughter of Thomas Jarvis, esq. and *d.* in 1823, leaving

1. Brownlow, *b.* 6th January, 1810;  
*m.* in December, 1828, Grace-Anne,  
daughter of the Rev. Isaac Coffey,  
and has a son, *b.* 10th March, 1831.

2. Rachel. 3. Henrietta.  
4. Caroline. 5. Louisa.

Henrietta, *m.* to the Reverend W. Garner, M.A. Prebendary of Winchester.  
Lucy.

Elizabeth, *m.* in 1802, to Thomas, present Lord Walsingham.

Louisa, *m.* to John Peyto, fourteenth Lord Willoughby de Broke, and *d.* in 1798.

The baron *m.* thirdly, Anne, Countess-dowager of Rockingham, daughter and co-heir of Sir Robert Furness, bart. by whom he had no issue. His lordship was created EARL OF GUILFORD, by letters patent, dated the 8th of April, 1782; and dying in 1790, was *s.* by his elder son,

FREDERICK, second Earl of Guilford, and eighth Lord North. This nobleman was installed a knight of the Garter, and filled the highest official situations, between the years 1759 and 1783, under the wellknown designation of LORD NORTH, being prime-minister of Great Britain within that period. His lordship *m.* in 1756, Anne, daughter and co-heiress of George Speke, esq. of White Lackington, in the county of Somerset, by whom he had issue,

GEORGE-AUGUSTUS, Lord North.

Francis, } fourth and fifth earls.  
Frederick, }

Catherine-Anne, *m.* in 1789, to Sylvester Douglas, Lord Glenbervie, and *d.* in 1817.  
Anne, *m.* in 1798, to John, first Earl of Sheffield.

Charlotte, *m.* in 1800 to Lieutenant-colonel the Hon. John Lindsay, who *d.* 6th March, 1826.

The earl *d.* 5th August, 1792, and his character is thus briefly delineated by EDMUND BURKE:

"He was a man of admirable parts, of general knowledge, of a versatile understanding, fitted for every sort of business; of infinite wit and pleasantry; of a delightful temper, and with a mind most disinterested." His lordship was *s.* by his eldest son,

GEORGE-AUGUSTUS, third earl. This nobleman *m.* first, in 1785, Maria-Frances-Mary, daughter of George, third Earl of Buckinghamshire, by whom he had a daughter,

Maria, *m.* to John, second Marquess of Bute. The earl *m.* secondly, Susan, daughter of Thomas Coutts, esq. the late opulent banker, by whom he had two more daughters,

1. Susan. 2. Georgiana.

Between these three ladies the ancient barony of North of Kintling, fell into abeyance, upon his lordship's demise, 20th April, 1802, (see *Burke's Extinct and Dormant Peerage*) and the other honors devolved upon his brother,

FRANCIS, fourth earl. His lordship *m.* Maria, fifth daughter of Thomas Boycott, esq. but dying *s. p.* in 1817, the peerage devolved upon his brother,

FREDERICK, fifth earl, chancellor of the university of the Ionian Islands, and knight-grand-cross of the Ionian order, at whose decease, unmarried. 14th October, 1827, the honors reverted to his cousin, the REV. FRANCIS NORTH, the present peer (revert to Brownlow, second son of the first earl).

*Creations*—Baron, 27th September, 1683. Earl, 8th April, 1752.



*Arms*—Az. a lion passant, or, between three fleurs-de-lis, ar.

*Crest*—A dragon's head, erased *sa.* scaled, ducally gorged and chained or.

*Supporters*—Two dragons *sa.* scaled, ducally gorged and chained or.

*Mottos*—La vertu est la seule noblesse; and Animo et fide.

*Seats*—Wroxton Abbey,\* in the county of Oxford, and Walsdale, Kent.

\* WROXTON PRIORY, founded by Michael Belet early in the reign of Henry III. for canons regular of St. Augustin, after the dissolution, falling into the hands of Sir Thomas Pope, the founder of Trinity College, Oxford, was given (part of it at least), to the endowment of that so-



**GUILLAMORE, VISCOUNT**, (Standish O'Grady,) of Cahir Guillamore, in the county of Limerick, and Baron O'Grady, of Rockbarton, in the peerage of Ireland, m. — and has issue,

STANDISH, M.P. Lieutenant-colonel in the army, m. in 1828, Gertrude-Jane, daughter of Hon. Berkeley Paget, and has issue, two daughters.

Waller, barrister-at-law, m. 26th June, 1823, Grace-Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Hugh, third Lord Massey.

John, R.N.

Thomas, an officer in the army.

Maria, m. 13th December, 1814, to Hon. J. P. Vereker.

— m. to Dudley Perse, esq. of Roxburgh, in the county of Galway, and d. in 1829.

This nobleman, who for several years presided as chief baron of the exchequer, in Ireland, obtained his peerage by patent dated 28th January, 1831.

#### Issue.

DARBY O'GRADY, esq. of Mount Prospect, in the county of Limerick, d. in 1804, leaving with several daughters,

1. STANDISH, created Viscount Guillamore.
2. James.
3. — (in holy orders.)
4. — an officer in the army.
5. Hayes, Captain R.N. m. Susan, daughter of James Finacave, esq.

ciety. But his brother, John Pope, had a seat at that place at least as early as the reign of Edward VI. This John Pope d. in 1583, and was s. by his only surviving son, SIR WILLIAM POPE, who was created a baronet in 1611, and elevated to the peerage of Ireland, in 1629, as *Baron of Belturbet*, and *Earl of Downe*. This nobleman built from the ground the present mansion at *Wroxton*, which he finished in 1618. He m. in 1595, Anne, daughter of Sir Owen Hopton lieutenant of the Tower of London, relict of Henry, Lord Wentworth, and was succeeded by his grandson, Thomas Pope, as second Earl of Downe, who m. Lucy, daughter of John Dutton, esq. of Sherborne, and dying in 1660, left an only daughter and heiress married to Sir Henry Lee, of Ditchley. His lordship was s. by his uncle Sir Thomas Pope, as third Earl of Downe, who was s. by his son, Thomas, fourth Earl of Downe, who d. s. p. in 1668, when the honors expired, while the estates devolved upon his sisters as co-heirs, viz.

ANNE, m. to Sir Edward Boughton, baronet, and d. s. p.

Beata, m. to William Soames, esq. of Thurlow, (who was afterwards created a baronet,) and d. s. p.

FRANCES, m. to the LORD KEEPER (SIR FRANCIS) NORTH.

Finetta, m. to Robert Hyde, esq. son of Alexander, Bishop of Salisbury.

6. Darby, m. Miss George, daughter of Baron George, of the court of exchequer in Ireland.

7. Carew-Smith.

8. Edward, assistant barrister, of Waterford.

9. William.

Creation—28th January, 1831.

Town Residence—Dublin.

Seat—Rockbarton, in the county of Limerick.

**GUISE, SIR BERKELEY-WILLIAM**, of Highnam, in the county of Gloucester; b. 14th July, 1775; s. to the title as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, in 1794.

#### Issue.

The family of GYSE, or GUISE, originally of Normandy, settled in England at the time of the Conquest.

SIR WILLIAM DE GYSE obtained from his victorious chief, *Duke William*, after the accession of that prince to the crown of England, several lordships in Bedfordshire, of which the estate and seat of APSLEY GUISE formed part. A descendant of SIR WILLIAM,

ANSELME DE GYSE, espoused in Henry the Second's time, Magotta, one of the daughters of the celebrated HUBERT DE BURGH, Earl of Kent, with whom he acquired the manor and royalty of ELMORE, near Gloucester, where the family flourished for a long subsequent period. From this Anselme we pass to

SIR WILLIAM GUISE, K.B. living temp. Henry VII., whose grandson,

SIR WILLIAM GUISE, knt., of Elmore, was high-sheriff of Gloucestershire in the sixth of James I. He m. Miss Ken, eldest daughter and co-heir of Christopher Ken, esq. of Ken, in Somersetshire, and had an only son,

WILLIAM GUISE, esq. of Elmore, who was sheriff of Gloucestershire in 1647. He m. Cecilia, daughter of John Dennis, esq. of Pucklechurch, and had issue,

1. CHRISTOPHER, who succeeded at Elmore, and was created a BARONET in the thirtieth of Charles II. He was s. by his only son,

SIR JOHN GUISE, second baronet, M.P. for the county of Gloucester, temp. Charles II. and William III. He m. Elizabeth, second daughter of John Grubham Howe, esq. of Langnor, Notts. and had issue,

JOHN, his successor.

Anne, m. to Edward Blount, esq. of Blagdon, Devonshire.

Rachel, m. to Sir Roger Bradshaigh, bart. of Haigh, in Lancashire.

Sir John d. in 1695, and was s. by his son,

SIR JOHN GUISE, third baronet, M.P. for the county of Gloucester, who was s. in 1732 by his only child,

SIR JOHN GUISE, fourth baronet.

## GUI

This gentleman was a colonel in the guards, and M.P. for Ailesbury. He was s. by his son, **SIR WILLIAM GUISE**, fifth baronet, who d. s. p. in 1792, when the baronetcy **EXPIRED**.

2. John, m. to Hester, daughter of Major Stratford.
3. William, d. unmarried.
4. HENRY, of whom presently.
5. Elizabeth, m. to Thomas Horton, esq. of Coomend.
6. Eleanor, m. first, to Lawrence Washington, esq. of Garsdon, Wilts., whose daughter and heir, Elizabeth, m. Robert, Earl Ferrars. Mrs. Washington espoused, secondly, Sir William Pargiter, knt. of Greetworth, Northamptonshire.
7. Frances, m. to John Codrington, esq. of Didmarton, in Gloucestershire.

The youngest son,

**HENRY GUISE**, esq. m. Philippa, sister of Sir Thomas Brydges, knt. and was s. by his eldest son, **WILLIAM GUISE**, esq. who m. Dorothy, daughter and heiress of John Snell, esq. and was father of

**HENRY GUISE**, esq. of Upton St. Leonards, in the county of Gloucester, who m. Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Edward Cooke, esq., and dying in 1740, was s. by his son,

**JOHN GUISE**, esq. of Highnam, in the county of Gloucester, who upon the failure of the elder branch of the family, and extinction of the baronetcy vested therein, was created a **BARONET** by letters patent, dated 10th December, 1783. Sir John m. Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Thomas Wright esq. by whom he had issue,

**BERKELEY-WILLIAM**, present baronet.

John-Wright, major-general, m. in 1815, Diana, daughter of John Vernon, esq. of Clontarf Castle, in the county of Dublin, and has William-Vernon, and other children.

Powell, in holy orders; m. Maria, daughter of Nathaniel Clifford esq.

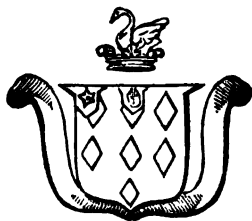
Martin-George.

Maria.

Jane-Mary-Catherine, m. in 1807, to Edward Webb, esq. and d. in 1814.

Sir John, who was lieutenant-colonel of the Gloucestershire militia, d. in 1794.

*Creation*—10th December, 1783.



## GUN

*Arms*—Gu. seven lozenges vair, three, three, and one, on a canton or, a mullet pierced sa. *Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, a swan rising ppr.

*Seat*—Highnam Park, Gloucestershire.

**GUNNING, SIR ROBERT HENRY**, baronet, of Horton, in the county of Northampton; b. 26th December, 1795; s. to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 7th April, 1823. Sir Robert is M.P. for Northampton.

### Lineage.

Of the Gunning family there were two branches, which possessed about the era of the Reformation, considerable estates in the counties of Kent, Somerset, and Gloucester. Of the Kentish branch was the Right Rev. Peter Gunning, Bishop of Ely, who d. unmarried in 1684, and lies interred in the cathedral there; and

**RICHARD GUNNING**, esq. who settled in Ireland in the beginning of the reign of King James I. and was father of

**JOHN GUNNING**, esq. of the county of Roscommon, who m. Miss Malone, daughter of Edward Malone, esq. of Castlecoote, and had two sons, viz.

1. Barnaby, whose successor, **BRYAN GUNNING**, esq. of Castlecoote, in the county of Roscommon, left issue, **JOHN**, of whom presently.

George.

Margaret, m. first, to John Edwards, esq. of Dublin, secondly, to William Lister, esq. of Athleague, Roscommonshire, thirdly, to Captain Francis Houston, of Ashgrove, and fourthly, to Theobald, Viscount Bourke, of Mayo. Her ladyship survived her last husband.

Elizabeth, m. to William Mitchell, esq. of Huntingdonshire.

Mary, m. first, to — Kelly, esq. and, secondly, to the Hon. Henry Charles Caulfield.

Mr. Gunning was s. by his elder son, **JOHN GUNNING**, esq. of Castlecoote, who m. in 1731, the Hon. Bridget Bourke, youngest daughter of Theobald Viscount Bourke, of Mayo, and had issue,

1. **JOHN**, a general officer in the army, who distinguished himself at **BUNKER'S HILL**. He m. Miss Minifie, and left an only daughter and heiress, **Miss GUNNING**, whom **James Plunkett**, esq. a major in the army, and left, with other issue,

**GUNNING PLUNKETT**, esq. of the county of Roscommon.

## GUN

2. MARY,\* m. in 1752, to George William, sixth Earl of Coventry, and her grandson is the present earl.
3. ELIZABETH, m. first to James, Duke of Hamilton and Brandon, and secondly, to Colonel John Campbell, who inherited the dukedom of Argyll, in 1776. This lady was created BARONESS HAMILTON.
4. Catherine, m. in 1769, to Robert Travis, esq.

### II. John.

The younger son,  
JOHN GUNNING, esq. m. Mary, daughter of William Maron, esq. of the county of Dublin, and was s. by his son,

ROBERT GUNNING, esq. who m. his cousin Catherine, daughter of Thomas Edwards, esq. and had issue,

ROBERT, his successor.

William, an officer in the army, who m. Miss Christie, of Stirling, and left two daughters,

Catherine, m. to William Campbell, esq.  
Margaret, m. to James Baird, esq.

Mr. Gunning was s. by his elder son,

1. SIR ROBERT GUNNING, G.C.B. of Horton, in the county of Northampton, who, after residing at the courts of Berlin and St. Petersburg,

\* Of this lady and her sisters, so well remembered as the *beautiful* Misses GUNNING, the following account appears in the Gentleman's Magazine of January last, given *verbatim et litteratim*, as written by the parish clerk of Hemingford Grey, in Huntingdonshire, to James Madden, esq. of Cole House, Fulham.

"Sir,

"I Take the Freedom, in wrighting to you, from an Information of Mr. Warrinton, that you would be Glad to have the account of my Townswoman the Notefied, the Famis, Beautifull Miss Gunnings, Born at Hemingford Grey, tho they left the Parish before I had Knolege Enough to Remember them, and I was Born in 32 (1732). But I will give you the Best account I Can, which I Belive is Better than any man in the Country besides Myself, tho I have not the Birth Register for so long a Date, and since Dr. Dickens is dead, I dont know where it is, but the Best account I Can Give you is, Elizth. the Eldest,† married to his Grace the Duke of Hamilton, after his Decease, to the Duke of Arguile; the second Mary to the Viscount of Coventree; the third I neve Knew Ritely to home, but I beleve to some privett Gentleman. I Rember a many years ago at least 30, seeing her picture in a print Shop; I beleve in St. Poul's Church yard, as follows.

the youngest of these Beauties here we have  
in vus

so like in person to the other two,  
ho Ever views her Features and her fame,  
will see at once that Gunning is her Name.

which is the Best account I Can Give you of

## GUN

as minister-plenipotentiary, was created a baronet 17th October, 1778. Sir Robert m. in 1767, Anne, daughter of Robert Sutton, esq. of Scofton, in the county of Nottingham, and was s. at his decease, in 1816, by his eldest son,

2. SIR GEORGE-WILLIAM, who m. in 1794, Elizabeth, daughter of Henry, first Lord Bradford, by whom he had issue,

1. ROBERT-HENRY, present baronet.

2. George-Orlando, lieutenant 10th hussars, killed at Waterloo.

3. Henry John, m. in 1827, Mary-Catherine, daughter of William-Ralph Cartwright, esq. of Aynho, late M.P. for the county of Northampton.

4. Orlando-George-Sutton, lieutenant R.N.

5. Spencer-Goswold.

6. John.

7. William-Octavius.

8. Elizabeth.

Sir George d. in 1822.

*Creation*—17th October, 1778.

*Arms*—Gu. on a fesse erm. betw. three doves ar. as many crosses formée sa.

*Crest*—A pigeon, holding in the dexter paw a caduceus ppr.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a stag ppr. collared pily; SINISTER, a fox ppr. collared as the dexter.

them three; but then there was two more, which perhaps you dont know any thing about, which I will Give you the True Mortalick Regester off, from a black mavel which lies in our chancel, as follows:

Sophia Gunning, the youngest of 4 Daughters, all Born at Hemingford, in Huntingdonshire, to John Gunning, Esq. Died an Infant, 1737.

Lissy Gunning, his 3 Daughter, Born in Ireland. Died Dec 31, 1752. Aged 8 years 10m.

Suffer little Children and forbid them not to Come unto me, for of such is the Kingdom of Heaven.—*Matth. 19, 14.*"

This, Sir, is the Truest and Best Information I Can Give, or you Can Get; and if this is of any use to you, I should be much obliged to you to let me have a line or two from you, that I may be satisfied that it was not in vain. And am, Sir, your most obedient and humble servant,

WM. CRISWELL.

Hemingford Grey,  
August 14, 1796.

† This is wrong, Elizabeth was the second daughter.

‡ The print alluded to is an *oval*, painted by Cotes, and engraved by Spooner. Beneath is the name, "Miss Gunning," and a little lower the following lines:

"This youngest Grace, so like her sister's Frame!  
Her kindred Features tell from whence she came,

'Tis needless once to mention Gunning's name."



*Motto*—Imperio regit unus equo.  
*Seat*—Horton, Northamptonshire.

**HADDINGTON, EARL OF**, (Thomas Hamilton,) and Baron of Binning and Byres, in the peerage of Scotland, hereditary keeper of Holyrood Park, and a peer of the United Kingdom, as Baron Melrose, of Tynninghame, in the county of Haddington; *b.* 21st June, 1780; *m.* 23rd November, 1802, Maria, only surviving child of George, fourth Earl of Macclesfield, but has no issue. His lordship *s.* to the Scottish honors, as ninth earl, upon the demise of his father, 17th March, 1828, and obtained the barony of the Empire by patent of creation, dated in July, 1827.

#### Lineage.

This branch of the ducal house of Hamilton springing from

THOMAS HAMILTON, of Orchardfield, who acquired in 1522, from John, Earl of Lennox, the barony of Bathgate, in the county of Linlithgow; and, in 1524, purchased the lands of Ballincreeff in the same shire. He was *s.* by his son,

THOMAS HAMILTON, who fell at the battle of Pinkie, 10th September, 1547, leaving two sons, THOMAS.

John, a secular priest, who leaving Scotland on account of his religion, took up his abode at Paris in 1573, and was appointed professor of philosophy in the college of Navarre. He became tutor to the Cardinal de Bourbon in 1576; and to Francis de Joyeuse, afterwards a cardinal, in 1578; was chosen rector of the university of Paris in 1584, and the next year was presented by the university to the parishes of St. Cosmus and Damian at Paris. He was a zealous partisan of the League, and one of the council who offered the crown to Philip II. of Spain, in 1591. When Henry IV. entered Paris in 1594, Hamilton was arrested, but had liberty soon after to depart from Paris. He retired to Brussels, and, in 1601, ventured to revisit his native country, after an absence of nearly thirty years. He found a temporary asylum at the castle of Lord Ogilvie; but in 1609 was arrested by a party of life-guards, and committed to the Tower of London, where he died.

The elder son,

SIR THOMAS HAMILTON, of Priestfield, had a charter of Balbyn, Drumcairn, and Priestfield, in the year 1507. He was admitted a lord of session in 1607, but resigned his seat on the bench to his second son the next year. Sir Thomas *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of James Heriot, of Trowbroun, and had issue (besides daughters)

THOMAS, his successor.

Andrew (Sir), of Redhouse, having *m.* Jean, daughter and heiress of John Laing of that place. Sir Andrew succeeded his father as a LORD OF SESSION.

John (Sir), of Magdalens, in the county of Linlithgow, an Extraordinary LORD OF SESSION, and LORD REGISTER OF SCOTLAND.

Patrick, under secretary-of-state to his brother, the Earl of Haddington.

Alexander, general of artillery, who had a high command in the troops sent to the assistance of Gustavus-Adolphus, King of Sweden, under the first Duke of Hamilton.

The eldest son,

SIR THOMAS HAMILTON, of Priestfield, *b.* in 1563; studied the law in France; was admitted advocate in 1587; and soon distinguishing himself at the bar, was appointed a LORD OF SESSION in 1592, by the title of LORD DRUMCAIRN. He was subsequently one of the commissioners of the treasury of exchequer, called *Octavears*, and king's advocate. In 1604 he was nominated a commissioner by parliament, to treat of a union with England. In 1612, he was received lord-clerk-register of Scotland, and in the same year succeeded Sir Alexander Hay, as secretary-of-state. He was elevated to the peerage, 30th November, 1613, as *Lord Binning and Byres*, was appointed lord-president of the court of session in 1616, and created EARL OF MELROSS 20th March, 1619. His lordship *m.* first, Margaret, daughter of James Bothwick, esq. of Newbyres, by whom he had an only daughter; secondly, Miss Foulis, daughter of Sir James Foulis, baronet, by whom he had three sons and three daughters; and, thirdly, Miss Ker, by whom he had no issue. His lordship, with the approbation of the crown, after the death of Sir John Ramsay, Viscount Haddington, changed the title of Earl of Melrose for that of EARL OF HADDINGTON, but with the precedence of the original patent. This nobleman acquired by the lucrative offices he enjoyed, one of the largest fortunes of his time, which was considerably augmented by the discovery of valuable mines upon his estates. He *d.* in 1637, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

THOMAS, second earl, who *m.* first, Katherine, fourth daughter of John, Earl of Marr, by whom he had four sons and a daughter; and, secondly, in 1640, Jane, third daughter of George, Marquess of Huntly, by whom he left one (posthumous) daughter. His lordship having actively espoused the cause of the Covenanters, was unfortunately blown up in the castle of Douglas, of which he was governor, 30th of August, 1640, with several of his kindred and adherents, by

the treachery of his page, one Paris, an English boy, who perished in the conflagration. He was s. by his eldest son,

THOMAS, third earl, who m. the celebrated and beautiful Henrietta de Coligny, eldest daughter of Gaspard, Comte de Coligny, and great-granddaughter of the celebrated Admiral de Coligny, but died in minority, s. p. 8th February, 1645. The Countess m. secondly, Gaspard de Champagne, Comte de la Suze, a Hugonot nobleman, from whom she got herself separated, and turned Catholic, in order, said Christina, Queen of Sweden, that she might never more see him in this world or the next. She died at Paris in 1673. The earl was s. by his brother,

JOHN, fourth earl. This nobleman d. in 1660, and was s. by his eldest son,

CHARLES, fifth earl. His lordship m. in 1674, Margaret, eldest daughter of John, Duke of Rothes, lord-chancellor of Scotland, who, upon the demise of her father, without male issue, in 1681, (when the dukedom ceased,) became Countess of Rothes. To prevent the junction of the two earldoms, it was contracted, however, at the period of her ladyship's nuptials with the Earl of Haddington, that the earldom of Rothes should be inherited by the eldest son of the marriage, and the earldom of Haddington by the second; in consequence of which contract, Lord Haddington was s. at his demise, in 1683, by his second son,

THOMAS, sixth earl, who obtained a charter of the earldom of Haddington, 25th of February, 1687, and was appointed also, by charter, 23rd of January, 1691, hereditary keeper of Holyrood Park. His lordship m. Helen, daughter of John Hope, esq. of Hopetoun, and sister of the first Earl of Hopetoun, and had, with other issue,

CHARLES, LORD BINNING, who dying 13th January, 1733, left (with other issue), by his wife, Rachel, daughter and heiress of George Baillie, esq. of Jerviswood, in the county of Lanark, and of Mellstain, in the county of Roxburgh,

THOMAS, who s. his grandfather.

George, who assumed the surname and arms of Baillie, upon inheriting the large estates of his maternal grandfather, and marrying Miss Andrews, had issue,

1. George, of Jerviswood, who m. Mary, youngest daughter of Sir James Pringle, and had issue,

1. George (Sir), K.C.H. b. in 1802; m. in 1824, Georgiana, daughter of Archdeacon Robert Markham, and has a son and daughter.

2. Charles. 3. James.

4. Robert. 5. a son. 6. a son.

7. Elizabeth, m. to the Earl of Ormelie.

11. Charles, in holy orders, m. in 1797, Charlotte, third daughter of Alexander, ninth Earl of Home, and d. in 1820, leaving issue,

1. George, b. in 1798.

2. Charles-John, b. in 1800; m. in 1821, Caroline, daughter of Willoughby, fourth Earl of Abingdon, and has issue.

3. William-Alexander, R.N.

4. Ker. 5. Thomas. 6. Gerard.

7. Coespatrik. 8. Eleanor.

The earl d. in 1735, and was s. by his grandson,

THOMAS, seventh earl. His lordship m. first, in 1750, Mary, daughter of Rowland Holt, esq. of Redgrave, in the county of Suffolk, and widow of — Lloyd, esq., by whom he had a son, CHARLES; and, secondly, in 1786, Anne, eldest daughter of Sir Charles Gascoigne, knt., by whom he had an only daughter, who died in infancy. The earl d. 19th of May, 1794, and was s. by his son,

CHARLES, eighth earl, b. 6th July, 1753; m. in 1770, Sophia, daughter of John, second Earl of Hopetoun, by whom (who d. in March, 1813) he left, at his decease in 1828, an only son,

THOMAS, present earl.

The earl was lord-lieutenant of the county of Haddington, and one of the representative lords of Scotland.

*Creations*—Baron, 30th November, 1613. Earl, 28th March, 1619, in Scotland. Baron, (U.K.) July, 1827.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, gu. on a chevron, between three cinquefoils ar. a buckle az. between two muschets, or spots of ermize, all within a bordure or, charged with eight thistles ppr. for HAMILTON OF BYERS; second and third, ar. a fesse, wavy, between three roses gu. barbed and seeded ppr. for the title of MEL-ROSE.

*Crest*—Two dexter hands, conjoined, fessewise, issuing from clouds, and holding between them a branch of laurel, erect, all ppr.

*Supporters*—Two talbots ar. collared gu.

*Motto*—Præsto et persisto.

*Town Residence*—Albemarle-street.

*Seats*—Tynninghame Castle, Haddingtonshire; and Lepnel House, Berwickshire.

HAGGERSTON, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Haggerston Castle, in the county of Northumberland, b. 13th July, 1785, s. to the title, as sixth baronet, upon the demise of his uncle, 3rd December, 1831; m. 24th January, 1815, Margaret, only daughter of

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William Robertson, esq. of Ladykirk, in the county of Berwick, by whom (who *d.* 26th October, 1823,) he has issue;

Marianne-Sarah.  
Margaret.  
Winifred.  
Emma.  
Charlotte.

### Lineage.

Of this ancient family, we find William and Richard Haggerston witness to a donation, in 1190; John de Haggerston, one of the Scottish Barons, who swore fealty to King Edward, in 1296; Robert de Haggerston, a witness to a donation to the Abbey of Culter, in 1468; and Thomas Haggerston, knight, travelling tutor or governor to Prince Alexander Stuart, son of King James IV.

1. THOMAS HAGGERSTON, esq. of Haggerston Castle, commanding-officer of a regiment in the service of King Charles I., was created a baronet 15th August, 1643. Sir Thomas *m.* Alice, daughter and heiress of Henry Banaster, esq. of Bank, in the county of Lancaster, by whom he had two sons and four daughters, and was *s.* by the second, and only-surviving, son,

2. SIR THOMAS. This gentleman *m.* first, Margaret, daughter of Sir Francis Howard, knight, of Corby Castle, by whom he had nine sons and a daughter; and, secondly, Jane, daughter and heiress of Sir William Carnaby, but had no issue. Sir Thomas's eldest son, Thomas, fell in the service of King James II., in Ireland; the third, fourth, and fifth sons, took orders in the church of Rome; (the family still adheres to the Roman Catholic religion;) while the second son, William, *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir Philip Constable, baronet, and, dying before his father, left, beside three daughters, a son,

3. SIR CARNABY, who *s.* to the title upon the demise of his grandfather, Sir Thomas. This gentleman *m.* Miss Elizabeth Middleton, of Stockhill, in the county of York, by whom he had, (with other issue,)

THOMAS, his successor.

WILLIAM HAGGERSTON-CONSTABLE, of Everingham, who *m.* Lady Winfred Maxwell, only-surviving daughter and heiress of John, Lord Maxwell, (who assumed the title of Earl of Nithsdale, at the decease of his father, the attainted Lord Nithsdale in 1744—and inherited the estates, the attainder affecting the life interest of the attainted lord only.) Mr. Haggerston-Constable had issue,

1. Marmaduke-William *d.* in 1819, leaving issue.
2. William, *m.* and has issue.
3. Charles.
4. Mary, *m.* to John Webb, esq.
5. Theresa.

Sir Carnaby *d.* in 1756, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

4. SIR THOMAS, who *m.* in 1754, Mary, daughter

## HAL

ter of George Silvertop, esq. of Minsteracry, in the county of Northumberland, and had issue,

1. CARNABY, his successor.
2. Thomas, who left a son, THOMAS, present baronet.
3. Edward.
4. Mary.
5. Bridget.

Sir Thomas *d.* 1st November, 1777, and was *s.* by his son,

5. SIR CARNABY, who *m.* Frances, daughter of Walter Smythe, esq. and granddaughter of Sir John Smythe, baronet, of Eshe, in the county of Durham, by whom he had an only daughter,

Mary *m.* to Sir Thomas Stanley, baronet, of Hooton, in the county of Chester.

Sir Carnaby *d.* 3rd December, 1831. He was one of the heirs to the Barony of Umfravill, now in abeyance (see *Burke's Extinct Peerage*).

*Creation*—15th August, 1643.



*Arms*—Az. on a bend cottised ar. three billets *sa.*

*Crest*—On a wreath, a lion rampant ar.

*Seat*—Ellingham, Northumberland.

HALFORD, SIR HENRY, baronet, of Wistow-Hall, in the county of Leicester; *b.* 2nd October, 1766; *m.* 31st March, 1796, Elizabeth-Barbara, third daughter of John, Lord St. John, of Bletsoe, by whom he has issue,

HENRY, *b.* in 1798; *m.* his cousin, Barbara, second daughter of Mr. Baron Vaughan, of the court of exchequer.

Louisa, *m.* in 1819, to Frederick Coventry, esq. eldest son of the Hon. John Coventry, and nephew of George, seventh Earl of Coventry.

This gentleman, whose patronimic is Vaughan, assumed, in place of that surname, and the armorial bearings attached to it, the surname and arms of "HALFORD," upon inheriting the estates of Sir Charles Halford, baronet, at the decease of his widow, Lady Denbigh, in 1815. He had previously attained the highest reputation in the practice of medicine, and, being appointed physician-extraordinary to his late Majesty, King George III. (in which situation he continues with the present King,) he was created a baronet 27th September, 1809.

## Lineage.

JAMES VAUGHAN, esq. of Leicester, M.D. m. Hester, second daughter of Alderman Smalley, of the same place, granddaughter of Sir Richard Halford, bart. and cousin of the last baronet of that family, Sir Charles Halford, who d. in 1789, by whom he had issue,

1. HENRY, present baronet.
2. John, one of the barons of the exchequer, who m. first, Augusta, second daughter of Henry, Lord St. John, of Bletsoe, who d. in 1813, leaving issue; and, secondly, in 1823, Louisa, Baroness Dowager St. John, of Bletsoe.
3. Peter, in holy orders, D.D. dean of Chester, d. in 1826.
4. Charles.
5. Edward.
6. Almerina-Selina.

Creation—27th September, 1809.



**Arms**—Ar. a greyhound, passant sa. on a chief az. three fleurs-de-lis, or. By royal warrant of augmentation in 1827, a rose ar. was substituted for the centre of fleurs-de-lis, and, as further augmentation, on a canton erm., a staff entwined with a serpent, ppr. and ensigned with a coronet composed of crosses pattée and fleurs-de-lis.

**Crests**—First, (of augmentation,) a staff entwined by a serpent, ppr., and ensigned by a coronet composed of crosses, pattée and fleurs-de-lis; second, a greyhound's head couped at the neck sa. collared or.

**Motto**—Mutas inglorias artes.

**Town Residence**—16, Curzon-street.

**Seat**—Wistow Hall, Leicestershire.

HALKET, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Pitfirran, in the county of Fife; s. to the title, as fifth baronet, upon the decease of his father, 7th August, 1793.

## Lineage.

DAVID DE HALKET was proprietor of the lands of Ballingall, in Fife, under King David Bruce. His grandson,

DAVID DE HALKET, was designed of Pitfirran in a charter of 1437; his direct descendant,

PATRICK HALKET, of Pitfirran, m. Marjory, daughter of Ogilvy, of Balfour, and d. in June, 1573, leaving issue,

GEORGE HALKET, of Pitfirran, who by Isabel, daughter of Sir Patrick Hepburn, of Woughton, left three sons,

ROBERT, his successor.

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John, progenitor of the Halkets in Holland.

Patrick, progenitor of the Halkets in England.

The eldest son,

SIR ROBERT HALKET, of Pitfirran, was knighted by King James VI. and was s. at his decease by his son,

SIR JAMES HALKET, knt. of Pitfirran, who was returned to parliament for the county of Fife in 1640. He m. first, Miss Montgomery, daughter of Sir Robert Montgomery, of Skelmorly, by whom he had one son and two daughters; and, secondly, Anne, daughter of Mr. Thomas Murray, provost of Eton, and preceptor to King Charles I. by whom he had no issue. Sir James was s. at his decease by his son,

CHARLES HALKET, esq. of Pitfirran, who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, 25th January, 1602. This gentleman was a member of the convention formed by the Scottish parliament at the revolution; and, afterwards, one of the commissioners appointed to treat regarding the Union with England. Sir Charles m. Janet, daughter of Sir Patrick Murray, knt. of Piddennis, by whom he had one son and six daughters, and was s. at his decease by his son,

SIR JAMES; at whose decease, in 1705, without issue, the baronetcy ceased, but the estates devolved upon his eldest sister,

JANET HALKET, of Pitfirran, who had married

1. SIR PETER WEDDERBURN, of Gosford, *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, so created in 1607, (eldest son of Sir Peter Wedderburne, a lord of session, as Lord Gosford, who was second son to James Wedderburne, of Blackness,) which Sir Peter assuming, in consequence of his marriage, the surname of Halket only, for himself and his eldest son, became Sir Peter Halket, of Pitfirran. The issue of this union were four sons and three daughters, of whom were,

PETER, his successor.

Charles Wedderburne, of Gosford, who m.

Mary, daughter of Sir Henry Wardlaw, bart. and left with other issue,

CHARLES, who s. as fourth baronet.

Sir Peter d. 1745, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR PETER HALKET, who had entered the army, represented Dunfermline in parliament in 1734, and was lieutenant-colonel of Lee's regiment at the battle of Gladsmair, where Sir John Cope was defeated in 1745. Sir Peter was taken prisoner by the Chevalier's troops, and dismissed on his parole; and was one of the five officers (the others being the Hon. Mr. Ross, Capt. Lucy Scott, and Lieutenants Farquharson and Cumming) who refused, in February, 1746, to rejoin their regiments on the Duke of Cumberland's command and threat of forfeiting their commissions. Their reply, "that his royal highness was master of their commissions, but not of their honor," was approved by government, and Sir Peter, in 1734, embarked for America, in command of the 44th regiment. He fell, with his youngest son James, in General Braddock's defeat by the Indians, 9th July, 1755. By the Lady Amelia Stewart, second daughter of Francis, eighth Earl of Moray, he had three sons, PETER,

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his successor; Francis, major in the black watch, d. unmarried in 1760; and James, lieutenant 44th regiment, who fell as stated above. Sir Peter was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR PETER, who dying unmarried in 1779, was s. by his first cousin,

4. SIR JOHN WEDDERBURN, of Gosford, (refer to issue of first baronet,) who, in consequence, assumed the surname of Halket (Gosford devolving to a younger brother, whose daughter and heiress sold it in 1781 to an accountant, who disposed of it to the Earl of Wemyss). Sir John m. first, in 1758, Elizabeth, daughter of Andrew Fletcher, esq. of Saltoun, one of the senators of the college of justice, lord-justice-clerk and keeper of his majesty's signet, in Scotland, by whom he had a daughter, Elizabeth, who m. the Marquess Lally Tolendal, peer of France, by whom (who d. in 1830) she had a daughter, m. to Henry Raymond, Count D'Aux de Lescont. Sir John m. secondly, Mary, daughter of the Hon. John Hamilton, by whom he had

CHARLES, present baronet.

Peter, vice-admiral of the Red, m. to Miss Todd.

John, late governor of the Bahama, and first commissioner for West India accounts, m. in 1818, Lady Katherine Douglas, daughter of Dunbar, fourth Earl of Selkirk, and has issue.

He d. 7th August, 1793.

Creation—1697.



Arms—Sa. three piles conjoined in base ar. on a chief gu. a lion, passant guardant, or.

Crest—A falcon's head erased, ppr.

Supporters—Two falcons ppr. jessed and belted or.

Mottoes—(Over the crest,) Fides sufficit; (under the arms,) Honestè vivo.

Seat—Pittfirran, Fifeshire.

HALL, SIR JAMES, baronet, of Dunglass, in the county of Haddington; b. 17th January, 1761; s. to the title, as fourth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 3rd July, 1776; m. 10th November, 1786, Lady Helena Douglas, second daughter of Dunbar, Earl of Selkirk, by whom he has had issue,

JOHN, m. in 1823, Julia, daughter of J. Walker, esq. of Edinburgh, and has issue.

Basil, captain R.N., m. in 1825, Margaret, daughter of Sir John Hunter, and has issue.

James.

Magdalen, m. first, in 1815, to Sir William Delancey, quarter-master-general to the army at Waterloo, where he lost his life; and, secondly, in 1819, to Henry Harvey, esq. and d. in 1822, leaving issue.

Elizabeth, m. in 1824, to the Rev. G. P. Beilan Pollen, and has issue.

Katherine.

Sir James was returned to parliament, in 1808, for the borough of St. Michael's, in Cornwall.

### Lineage.

ROBERT HALL, esq. of Dunglass, m. Joanna, daughter of Andrew Wardlaw, esq. of Torrie, and left a son and successor,

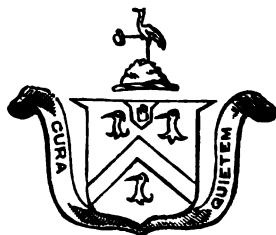
ROBERT HALL, esq. who m. Helen, daughter of David Crichton, esq. of Longtown, and was s. by his only son,

1. JOHN HALL, esq. of Dunglass, who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, 8th October, 1687. Sir John m. first, Anne, daughter of Sir Patrick Hume, eighth baron of Polworth, by whom he had no issue; and, secondly, Margaret, daughter of George Fleming, esq. of Kilconcher, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR JAMES, who m. Margaret, daughter of Sir John Pringle, baronet, and dying in 1742, was s. by his eldest son,

3. SIR JOHN. This gentleman was one of the grand jury for the trial of the rebels at Edinburgh, in 1748. He m. Magdalen, daughter of Sir Robert Pringle, and was s. at his decease, 3rd July, 1776, by his eldest son, JAMES, the present baronet.

Creation—8th October, 1687.



Arms—As. a chev. ar. between three cranes' heads, erased at the necks, or.

Crest—A crane or, standing upon a mount vert, holding in the dexter foot a stone ppr.

Motto—Cura quietem.

Town Residence—George-street, Edinburgh.

Seat—Dunglass, near Dunbar.

HAMILTON, DUKE OF, (Alexander-Hamilton-Douglas, F.R.S. and S.A.) Marquess of Hamilton, in the county of Lanark, Marquess of Douglas and Clydeedale, Earl of Angus, Arran, and Lanark, Lord of Macanshire, Polmont, Abernethy, and Aberbrothock, in the peerage of Scotland; Duke of



Brandon, in the county of Suffolk, and Baron of Dutton, in the county of Chester, in the peerage of England; and a nobleman of France, as Duke of Chatelherault; premier peer of Scotland; lord-lieutenant of Lanarkshire, hereditary keeper of Holyrood-House, and colonel of the Lanarkshire militia; b. 3rd October, 1767; m. 26th April, 1810, Susan-Euphemia, daughter of William Beckford, esq. late of Fonthill Abbey, in the county of Wilts, by whom he has issue,

WILLIAM-ALEXANDER-ANTHONY-ARCHIBALD, Marquess of Douglas and Clydesdale, b. 19th February, 1811.

Susan-Catherine-Harriet.

His grace succeeded to the honors, as tenth duke and twelfth marquess, 16th Feb. 1819.

### Lineage.

This illustrious family is said to be descended from Sir William de Hameldon, one of the younger sons of Robert de Bellomont, third Earl of Leicester, which Sir William de Hameldon's son, Sir GILBERT HAMILTON, having expressed himself, at the court of Edward II. in admiration of King Robert Bruce, received a blow from John de Spencer, which led the following day to a rencounter wherein Spencer fell; and Hamilton sought security in Scotland, about the year 1223. Being closely pursued, however, in his flight, he and his servant changed clothes with two woodcutters, and taking their saws, were in the act of cutting through an oak-tree when his pursuers passed by. Perceiving his servant notice them, Sir Gilbert hastily cried out to him, "Through," which word, with the oak and saw through it, he took for his crest in commemoration of his deliverance. This detail is, however, liable to many objections. Sir William Dugdale, in his account of the Earls of Leicester, is totally silent as to the descent of the Hamiltons from Robert, third earl. That nobleman, according to Sir William, had three sons,

Robert, fourth Earl of Leicester.

Roger, Bishop of St. Andrews, and Chancellor of Scotland, d. in 1202.

William, a leper, founder of the Hospital of St. Leonard, at Leicester.

That this last William pre-deceased his eldest brother without issue is evident, from the circumstance of the great inheritance of the Earls of Leicester devolving, on the death of the fourth earl, in 1204, upon his sisters, and Simon de Montfort, the husband of the eldest, having, in her right, the title of Earl of Leicester, (see *Burke's Extinct Peerage*.)

William de Hamilton occurs frequently in "Rymer's Fœdera," from 1274 to 1306, being employed by Edward I. in various negotiations and transactions of importance. He was appointed Dean of York in 1298, and HIGH-CHANCELLOR OF ENGLAND, 16th Jan. 1305. This is the first of the name noticed in the "Fœdera;" it appears somewhat earlier, however, in Scotland;

GILBERT DE HAMILTON being on record in the Chartulary of Paisley, in 1272; the eldest son of this Gilbert.

Sir WALTER DE HAMILTON, swore fealty to King Edward I. in 1292 and 1294; attaching himself to King Robert, he had divers grants of lands, amongst others, the Barony of Kenel (Kinneil) and Cadyow, (now Hamilton), in the sheriffdom of Lanark. From this Sir Walter lineally descended

Sir JAMES HAMILTON, of Cadyow, who m. Janet, eldest daughter of Sir Alexander de Levinstoun, and had with other issue,

JAMES, his successor.

Alexander, ancestor of the Hamiltons of Silverton Hill, baronets.

He was s. by his eldest son,

Sir JAMES HAMILTON, of Cadyow, who was created a lord of parliament, by royal charter, 28th June, 1445, as *Lord Hamilton*. This nobleman obtained a grant, dated 1st July, 1465, of the office of sheriff of the county of Lanark, and, subsequently, grants of extensive territorial possessions. He m. first, Lady Euphemia Graham, eldest daughter of Patrick, Earl of Strathern, dowager of Archibald, fifth Earl of Douglas, by whom he had an only daughter, Elizabeth, m. to David, fourth Earl of Crawford. Lord Hamilton, espoused secondly, in 1474, Mary, eldest daughter of King James II. and relict of Thomas Boyd, Earl of Arran, and dying in 1479, was s. by his only son,

JAMES, second lord, who obtained a charter of the lands and *Earldom of Arran*, dated 11th August, 1503, to himself and his heirs male, in failure of which to revert to the crown. This nobleman, who took a prominent part in the affairs of Scotland, was constituted lieutenant-general of the kingdom, warden of the marches, and one of the lords of regency, in 1517. And his lordship obtained, on the forfeiture of the Earl of Angus, the lordship of Bothwell. He d. about 1529, and was s. by his eldest son,

JAMES, second earl. This nobleman, upon the death of King James V. in 1542, was unanimously chosen REGENT of Scotland, by the nobles assembled for that purpose; the public voice applauding their choice; the next year he was declared by parliament *HEIR PRESUMPTIVE* to the crown, appointed guardian to Queen Mary, and governor of the realm during her Majesty's minority. In 1549, his lordship was invested with the French order of St. Michael, and created, by Henry II. of France, DUKE OF CHATELHERAULT, *in Pottow*. His grace, one of the most eminent persons in Scottish history, m. Lady Margaret Douglas, eldest daughter of James, third Earl of Morton, and d. 22nd Jan. 1575, when the earldom of Arran (the dukedom of Chatelherault having been resumed by the crown of France) passed to his eldest son,

JAMES, third earl. This nobleman, upon the arrival of Queen Mary, in 1561, openly aspired to her hand, but opposing the queen's enjoying the exercise of her religion, and entering a protestation against it, his lordship entirely forfeited

her favour. His love, however, inflamed by disappointment, and his impatience exasperated by neglect, gradually preyed upon his reason, and after many extravagancies, broke out at last in ungovernable frenzy. He was, in consequence, declared to be in a state of insanity, by the cognition of an inquest, passed on a brief directed out of the court of chancery, and the estates of his deceased father devolved upon his brother,

LORD JOHN HAMILTON, who, with his younger brother, Claude, was banished from Scotland in 1579; but, returning in 1585, the act of forfeiture, which had been passed, was annulled, and he was elevated to the peerage, 17th April, 1599, as *Marquess of Hamilton*. This nobleman never allowed his fealty to his unhappy Queen, Mary, to swerve one moment; and, so conscious was the unfortunate princess of his unshaken fidelity, that one of her last acts was to transmit to him a ring, (which is still treasured in the family,) through the medium of an attendant. His lordship *d.* 12th April, 1604, and was *s.* by his only son,

JAMES, second marquess, K. G. who, upon the demise of his uncle, James, (already mentioned as insane,) Earl of Arran, in 1609, inherited that nobleman's honors. His lordship obtained an English peerage, 16th June, 1619, by the titles of *Baron of Ennerdale, in Cumberland, and Earl of Cambridge*, and was installed a knight of the garter, at Windsor, 7th July, 1623. He *m.* Lady Anne Cunningham, daughter of James, 7th Earl of Glencairn, by whom he had three sons and three daughters. He *d.* in 1625, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

JAMES, third marquess, K. G., who was created, 17th June, 1663, *Marquess of Clydesdale*; and on the 12th April, 1643, *Duke of Hamilton, &c.* His grace espousing warmly and actively the cause of his royal master, Charles I. was defeated and taken prisoner at the battle of Preston, and suffered decapitation, in Old Palace Yard, 9th of March, 1649. He *m.* Mary, daughter of William, first Earl of Denbigh, by whom he had four sons, all of whom died in infancy, and two daughters, ANNE, of whom presently, and Susanna, who *m.* John, Earl of Cassilis. His grace was *s.* by his brother,

WILLIAM, fourth marquess and second duke, who had himself been elevated to the peerage, 31st March, 1639, as *Lord Macanishire and Polmount, and Earl of Lanark*. His grace *m.* in 1639, Lady Elizabeth Maxwell, daughter and co-heiress of James, Earl of Dirlinton, by whom he had a son, who *d.* in infancy, and five daughters, viz.

Anne, *m.* to Robert, third Earl of Southesk.  
Elizabeth, *m.* first, to James, Lord Kilmaurs, and secondly, to Sir David Cunningham, of Robertland.

Mary, *m.* first, to Alexander, second Earl of Calendar, secondly, to Sir James Livinstone, and thirdly, to James, third Earl of Findlater.

Margaret, *m.* to William Blair, of Blair.

The duke received a mortal wound in the service of King Charles II., at the unfortunate battle of

Worcester, and by Cromwell's act of grace, passed in 1654, he was exempted from all benefit thereof, and his estates forfeited, reserving out of them £400 a year for his duchess for life, and after her death, £100 a year each to his four daughters, and their heirs for ever. His grace's own honors fell under the attainder, and his English dignities expired, while the dukedom of Hamilton, in virtue of the patent of 1643, devolved upon (the eldest daughter of James, the first duke) his niece,

LADY ANNE HAMILTON, as Duchess of Hamilton, who married

LORD WILLIAM DOUGLAS, eldest son of William, first Marquess of Douglas, by his second wife, Lady Mary Gordon, third daughter of George, first Marquess of Huntly, and obtained, by petition, for her husband, in 1660, the title of Duke of Hamilton for life. His grace had been previously elevated to the peerage as *Earl of Selkirk*, (see that dignity). The issue of this marriage were, (besides three daughters,)

JAMES, fourth duke.

William, *d. s. p.*

Charles, who, upon his father's resignation, was created Earl of Selkirk.

John, created Earl of Rugden, and *s.* his brother in the Earldom of Selkirk.

George, created Earl of Orkney.

Basil.

Archibald.

The duke *d.* in 1694, and was *s.* by his eldest son.

JAMES, Earl of Arran, who (upon the duchess, a few years afterwards, surrendering her honors,) became then, by patent, dated 10th August, 1698, Duke of Hamilton, &c. &c. with the precedence of the original creation, 12th April, 1643, in the same manner as if he had regularly inherited. His grace was installed a knight of the Garter, and created an English peer, 11th September, 1711, as *Baron of Dutton*, in the county of Chester, and *Duke of Brandon*, in the county of Suffolk; but, upon applying for his seat in the house of lords, it was objected, that, by the twenty-third article of the Union, "no peer of Scotland could, after the Union, be created a peer of England;" and the house of lords so resolved, after a protracted debate. His grace *m.* first, Anne, daughter of Robert, Earl of Sunderland, by whom he had two daughters; and secondly, Elizabeth, daughter and sole heiress of Digby, Lord Gerrard, of Gerrard's Bromley, by whom he acquired a large estate in the counties of Lancaster and Stafford, and had seven children. The duke, having accepted a challenge from Charles, Lord Mohun, engaged that nobleman in Hyde Park, on Sunday, the 15th of November, 1712; and, having slain his opponent, fell himself, it was suspected, through the treachery of General Macartney, Lord Mohun's second, for whose apprehension a reward of £500 was subsequently offered; the general eventually surrendering, was tried, 13th June, 1716, in the court of king's bench, and acquitted of the murder, but found guilty of manslaughter. He *d.* in Kensington-square, in 1730. His grace was succeeded by his son,

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**JAMES**, fifth Duke of Hamilton, and second Duke of Brandon, K.T. This nobleman *m.* thrice. By his first wife, Anne, daughter of John, Earl of Dundonald, he had an only son, **JAMES**, his successor; by the second, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Strangways, esq. of Melbury Sampford, in the county of Dorset, he had no issue; and by the third, Anne, daughter and sole heiress of Edward Spencer, esq. of Rendelsham, in the county of Suffolk, he had two sons and a daughter. His grace *d.* in 1742-3, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

**JAMES**, sixth duke, K.T., who *m.* in 1752, Elizabeth, second daughter of John Gunning, esq. of Castle Coote, in the county of Roscommon; by whom he had two sons and a daughter. His grace *d.* in 1758, and was *s.* by his elder son,

**JAMES-GEORGE**, seventh duke, who *s.* to the *Marquissate of Douglas and Earldom of Angus*, upon the demise of Archibald, last Duke of Douglas, in 1761. The guardians of his grace asserted his right to the Douglas estates, upon the ground that Mr. Stewart, son and heir of Lady Jane Stewart, sister of the Duke of Douglas, was not her son, and the celebrated "Douglas cause" ensued. (See Lord Douglas, of Douglas.) His grace dying unmarried, in 1769, the honors devolved upon his brother,

**Douglas**, eighth duke, who, in 1782, again mooted the point decided against his predecessor, James, fourth Duke, relative to his seat in the house of lords; and obtaining, after the opinion of the judges had been taken, a resolution in his favor, was summoned to the house of lords, as *Duke of Brandon*. His grace dying without issue, in 1790, the honors reverted to his uncle,

**ARCHIBALD**, ninth Duke of Hamilton and sixth Duke of Brandon, eldest son, by his third wife, of James, fifth Duke of Hamilton. His grace *m.* in 1765, Harriet, daughter of Alexander, sixth Earl of Galloway, by whom he had issue,

**ALEXANDER**, present duke, who was summoned to parliament in the life-time of his father, in the barony of *Dutton*.

Archibald, M.P., *b.* 16th March, 1760; *d.* unmarried, 28th August, 1827.

Anne, *b.* 16th March, 1766.

Charlotte, *m.* to the Duke of Somerset, and *d.* in 1827.

Susan, *m.* to the Earl of Dunmore.

The duke *d.* 16th February, 1819.

**Creations**—Earl of Angus, 1327. Lord Hamilton, 1445. Earl of Arran, 1503. Marquess of Hamilton, 1590. Marquess of Douglas, &c. 1633. Earl of Lanark, &c. 1639. Duke of Hamilton, &c. 1643, with remainder to the first duke's brother and his heirs male; in failure of which, to the eldest heir female of the said; and all failing, to the nearest male heir of his grace; (Scottish honors.) Duke of Brandon, &c. 1711; (in England.) Duke of Chatelherault, 1549, (in France); the right to which was never formally relinquished by the Hamilton family. Heritable keeper of Holyrood House, 1646.

His grace of Hamilton, upon the decease of the

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last Duke of Douglas, became chief of the ancient and illustrious family of Douglas.



**Arms**—Quarterly, four grand quarters, viz. first quarter, quarterly; first and fourth gu. three cinquefoils erm. for *HAMILTON*; second and third, ar. a ship, with her sails furled, sa. flags flying gu. for *ARRAN*; second quarter, ar. a human heart, imperially crowned ppr. on a chief as three mullets of the field, for *DOUGLAS*; third quarter as the second, fourth as the first.

**Crest**—Out of a ducal coronet or, an oak-tree, fructed and penetrated transversely in the main stem by a frame-saw, ppr. the frame of the first.

**Supporters**—Two antelopes ar. ducally gorged and chained or, armed and hooved of the last.

**Mottos**—"Through," (for Hamilton.) "Jamais arriere." (For Douglas.)

**Seats**—Hamilton Palace, Lanarkshire; Kinneil House, Linlithgowshire; Brodick Castle, Bute-shire; and Ashton Hall, Lancashire.

**HAMILTON, BARON**, (Robert-Montgomery Hamilton), in the peerage of the United Kingdom.

See *BELHAVEN*.

**HAMILTON, SIR WILLIAM**, baronet, of Preston, in the county of Haddington, *m.* in 1829, his cousin, Miss Marshall, daughter of the late Hubert Marshall, esq. This baronetcy of Nova Scotia was created in 1675.

**HAMILTON - DALRYMPLE, SIR HEW**, baronet, of North Berwick, in the county of Haddington; *b.* 3rd January, 1774; *s.* to the title, as fifth baronet, upon the decease of his father, 14th February, 1800; *m.* 19th May, 1800, the Honorable Jane Duncan, eldest daughter of the late Admiral Lord Viscount Duncan, by whom he has issue,

**HENRIETTA-DUNDAS**, *b.* 8th November, 1801, *m.* 15th January, 1822, to Monsieur le Duc de Coigny, Pair de France.

### Lineage.

1. **THE HONOURABLE HUGH DALRYMPLE**, of North Berwick, third son of James, first Viscount Stair, was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, 20th April, 1698. This gentleman, who had attained eminence as a lawyer, was constituted one of the lords of session, in the room of his father, in 1698. In 1703, he represented North

Berwick in the parliament of Scotland; and, in 1706, he was one of the commissioners appointed to arrange the articles of union. Sir Hugh held the high office of lord president of the session, and was also a commissioner and trustee for improving the fisheries and manufactures of Scotland. He *m.* first, Marion, daughter of Sir Robert Hamilton, of Pressmanon, by whom he had (besides three daughters),

ROBERT (Sir), who *m.* first, Johanna, daughter of the Hon. John Hamilton, master of Bargany, and predeceasing Sir Hew, left, with daughters, by this marriage,

HUGH, successor to the baronetcy.

John, who had the estate of Bargany adjudged to him by the house of lords, and thereupon assumed the name and arms of HAMILTON of Bargany. He *d. s. p.* in 1796, when the estates devolved upon his nephew, Sir Hew, sixth bart.

Robert, M.D. *d. s. p.*

He left issue also by his second marriage, with Anne, eldest daughter of Sir William Cunningham, of Caprington.

Hew, of Drummore, a lord of session, and one of the lords-justiciary, by the title of Lord Drummore; *m.* Anne Horn, heiress of Horn and Westhall, in Aberdeenshire, and had

1. Robert, a general in the army, who assumed, on his marriage with Mary, daughter of Sir James Elphinstone, the additional surname of ELPHINSTONE, and was father of the present Sir Robert Dalrymple Horn-Elphinstone, baronet.

2. David, a lord of session, under the title of Lord Westhall. He left issue, at his decease, in 1784,

John, lieutenant-colonel in the army, *d.* in 1829.

Jean, *m.* to John Anderson, esq.

3. Campbell, who *d.* in 1767, leaving issue.

James, of Nunraw.

John, a captain in the Enniskillen dragoons. William, whose lady was barbarously murdered in her own house, in Cavendish-square, in 1746, by a footboy, having received upwards of forty wounds.

Sir Hew *m.* secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of John Hamilton, esq. of Olivestob, and widow of John Hamilton, esq. of Bangour, by whom he had no issue. He *d.* 1st February, 1737, and was *s.* by his grandson,

2. SIR HUGH, M.P. for Haddingtonshire, and king's remembrancer in the exchequer for Scotland. This gentleman *m.* twice, and was *s.* at his decease, 30th November, 1790, by the only surviving child of his first wife, Miss Sainthill.

3. SIR HEW, who assumed the additional surname of Hamilton, upon inheriting the Bargany estates from his uncle, John Hamilton, esq. Sir Hugh Hamilton-Dalrymple *m.* Janet, daughter of William Duff, esq. of Crombie, and left issue,

1. Hew, present baronet, who, upon succeeding to the title, assumed the surname of Hamilton, after Dalrymple, and became Sir Hew Dalrymple-Hamilton.

2. John, a major-general in the army. *m.* Charlotte, daughter of Sir Patrick Warrender, and has issue two daughters.

3. James, *m.* in 1815, Mary-Christina, third daughter of Sir James Nasmyth, bart. by whom he left at his decease an only daughter, Jemima.

4. Robert-Stair.

5. Margaret-Martha, *m.* to Captain Brown.

6. Janet, *m.* to Robert-Dundas, present Earl of Camperdown.

7. Anne, *m.* to Alexander Oswald, esq.

Sir Hew was for some years in the army, and represented the county of Mid Lothian in parliament. He *d.* 14th February, 1806.

Creation—29th April, 1697.



Crest—A rock, ppr.

Supporters—DEXTER, a lion, guardant, gu.; SINISTER, a falcon ppr.

Motto—Firm.

Seats—North Berwick House, Haddingtonshire; and Bargany, Ayrshire.

HAMILTON, SIR FREDERIC, baronet, of Silverton Hill, in the county of Lanark; *b.* 14th December, 1777; *s.* to the title, as fifth baronet, at the decease of his grandfather, Sir Robert; *m.* 14th February, 1800, Eliza-Ducarel, youngest daughter of John Collie, of Calcutta, M.D. and has surviving issue,

ROBERT-NORTH-COLLIE, *b.* 7th April, 1802, assistant judge and magistrate of Benares, *m.* 6th Oct. 1831, Constantia, third daughter of Sir George Anson, K.C.B. and M.P.

Arthur, *b.* 2nd February, 1806, B.C.L., in holy orders.

Frederic-William, *b.* 31st January, 1808, captain 12th lancers.

Henry-Charles, *b.* 23rd September, 1818, Bengal civil service.

Charles-Dillon, *b.* 1st October, 1811.

Eliza-Anne, *m.* to Charles Hardings, esq. of the East India Company's civil service.

Sir Frederick is in the East India Company's service, as collector of revenues for the district of Benares.

**Lineage.**

This branch of the Hamiltons springs from ALEXANDER DE HAMILTON, second son of Sir James Hamilton, Lord of Cadzow, and brother of Sir James, afterwards Lord Hamilton. He had a charter in 1449, from Alexander, Earl of Crawford, wherein he was styled "Alexander de Hamilton of Quhitecamp, afterwards Silver-tonhill. In a charter of settlement of the Hamilton estates granted to his brother, the first Lord Hamilton, of date 23rd October, 1455, this Alexander was called next in succession after his brother's daughter, Elizabeth, and his natural sons. He appears to have left issue two sons,

James, his heir.

William, ancestor of the Hamiltons, of Westport.

The elder son,

JAMES HAMILTON, of Silvertonhill, in a charter of settlement of the Hamilton estates granted to James, first Earl of Arran, of date 16th January, 1512-13, was called next in succession after Sir James Hamilton, of Fynnert, Patrick Hamilton, of Kineavil, and John Hamilton, of Brumehill. He married a daughter of the family of Douglas, with whom he got the lands of Newton, in the barony of Drumsargard, and by whom he had issue,

John, his heir.

— (daughter), m. to James, Viscount Teviot.

He was s. by his son,

JOHN HAMILTON, designed of Newton, who obtained from Hugh, Lord Somerville, a charter of the lands of Tweedie, Catscastle, &c. confirmed under the great seal of the date 26th March, 1531. He m. a daughter of Sir John Somerville, of Quodquan, by whom he had issue,

Andrew.

Margaret, m. to Archibald Hamilton, of Raplock.

He d. in 1535, and was s. by his grandson,

ANDREW HAMILTON, who on his father's resignation, had a charter, "Andrew Hamilton, filio et heredi apparenti James Hamilton de Newton, terrarum de Goslingtown, infra Baroniam de Stonehouse. Dated 17th September, 1528." He d. before his father, and left issue,

Andrew.

Alexander, tutor of Silvertonhill, who carried on the line of this family.

John Hamilton, of Cubardy.

The eldest son,

ANDREW HAMILTON, of Silvertonhill, had a charter under the great seal, "Andrew Hamilton, nepoti heredi et successori Joannis Hamilton de Newton, terrarum de Madinburn, Overton, &c. dated 19th November, 1541. He had another charter, of the same date, of the lands of Newton, and superiority of the lands of Braconrig, in a charter of settlement of the Hamilton estates, granted to the Duke of Chatelherault, of the date 15th September, 1540: he was called next in succession after David Hamilton, of Brumehill. He m. a daughter of James Hamilton, of Stonehouse, and d. in the beginning of the reign of Queen Mary, leaving issue an infant son,

ANDREW HAMILTON, of Silvertonhill, who was carefully educated under the guardianship of his uncle, Alexander. He m. Elspeth, a daughter of Baillie, of Carfin, by whom he had issue, several children, but only one son survived him,

FRANCIS HAMILTON, of Silvertonhill, a very enthusiastic, wrong-headed man: he fancied himself bewitched by Dame Isabel Boyd, Lady Blair, which appears by several extravagant petitions to parliament from him in 1641. He d. not long after this, having greatly squandered away the family estate; and, as he never was married, this branch of the family expired, and the representation devolved on the descendants of his grand uncle, Alexander, which

ALEXANDER HAMILTON, tutor of Silvertonhill, got from his father the lands of Goslingtown, which some time continued to be the title of his family. He had a charter under the great seal, "Alexandro Hamilton, tutori de Sil. terrarum de Longkip," &c. Dated 16th January, 1545. He m. Catherine Hamilton, by whom he had issue,

SIR ANDREW HAMILTON, of Goslingtown. This gentleman was a faithful and loyal subject of Queen Mary, who conferred on him the honor of knighthood: he was at the battle of Langsyde, for which he was attainted; but had his possessions restored to him by the treaty of Perth, in 1572. He d. in 1592, leaving issue, and was s. by his son,

SIR ROBERT HAMILTON, of Goslingtown, who m. Elizabeth, daughter, and at length sole heiress, of Sir William Baillie, of Provan, and d. in 1642, leaving issue, and was s. by his second son,

EDWARD HAMILTON, designed first, of Balgray, afterwards of Silvertonhill. He had a charter under the great seal, of the lands of Tweedie, Goslingtown, Provan, &c. containing an entail, first to himself and the heirs male of his body, which failing, to his brother James, &c. dated 8th July, 1635. In this charter, there are some lands mentioned which had been evicted from Francis Hamilton, of Silvertonhill, by John Crawford, and again acquired by Edward, all which are now confirmed to him; and he accordingly took the title of Silvertonhill, which afterwards continued to be that of the family. He d. in 1649, and was s. by his son,

1. SIR ROBERT HAMILTON, of Silvertonhill, a steady loyalist, and in great favor with Charles I. who made him a baronet of Nova Scotia, about the year 1646. He m. the Hon. Anne Hamilton, second daughter of John, first Lord Belhaven, by whom he had, with other issue, his successor,

2. SIR ROBERT, of Silvertonhill, who embraced a military life, and rose to the rank of colonel in the army; dying at Fort William in 1708, he was s. by his eldest surviving son,

3. SIR JOHN, who d. in 1748, leaving issue. The title came to his eldest son,

4. SIR ROBERT. This gentleman having adopted the profession of arms, attained the rank of lieutenant-general, and was colonel of the 166th foot, a regiment reduced at the peace in 1763, when General Hamilton was appointed to the

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colonelcy of the 40th. Sir Robert m. first, Mary, daughter of W. Pier Williams, esq. by whom he had a son,

JOHN-WILLIAM, who was a captain in the 54th regiment, and retired from the army to become under secretary-at-war for Ireland. He m. Mary-Anne, daughter of Richard St. George, esq. of Kilrush, in the county of Kilkenny, and had, with other issue,

FREDERIC, who s. his grandfather, and is the PRESENT BARONET.

Charlotte, widow of Sir Charles Dillon, bart.

Frances, m. to Lieutenant-general Sir George Anson, M.P. K.C.B.

Captain Hamilton d. in 1779, before his father.

Sir Robert espoused, secondly, in 1775, Anne, daughter of Sir John Heathcote, bart. of Normanton, in the county of Rutland. He d. — and was s. by his grandson, FREDERIC, the present baronet.

*Creation*—1646.



*Arms*—Gu. three cinquefoils, erm. within a bordure of the last.

*Crest*—In a ducal coronet, or. an oak tree fructed and penetrated transversely in the main stem by a frame saw, ppr. the frame or.

*Supporters*—Two antelopes ar. gorged with ducal coronets and chains affixed thereto.

*Motto*—Over the crest, "Through." Under the arms, "Sola nobilitat virtus."

HAMILTON, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of The Mount, in the county of Middlesex; admiral of the blue; b. in 1767; s. to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 24th January, 1784; m. 19th April, 1803, Henrietta-Martha, only daughter of George Drummond, esq. of Stanmore, in the county of Middlesex, by whom he has an only son,

CHARLES-JOHN-JAMES, b. 3rd April, 1810; an officer in the guards.

### Lineage.

1. CAPTAIN JOHN HAMILTON, R.N. great-grandson of the Hon. Sir George Hamilton, (fourth son of James, first Earl of Abercorn, and father of John, sixth earl,) was created a baronet 6th July, 1776, for the gallantry and pro-

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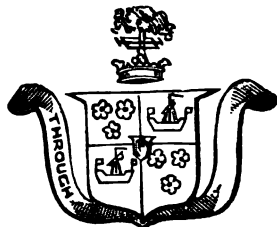
fessional skill he had displayed during the preceding year at the siege of Quebec. He m. 4th October, 1736, Cassandra, daughter of Edward Chamberlaine, esq. of Mangersbury, in the county of Gloucester, by whom he had,

CHARLES, the present baronet.

Edward (Sir), rear-admiral of the Red, who had the honor of knighthood conferred upon him, in 1800, for gallant achievements in his professional capacity, and was, subsequently, created a baronet.

Sir John d. in 1784.

*Creation*—6th July, 1776.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, gu. three cinquefoils ar.; second and third ar. a lymphad. with her sails furled sa.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, an oak tree, fructed and traversed with a frame saw, all ppr.

*Motto*—Through.

*Seat*—The Mount, Uxbridge, Middlesex.

HAMILTON, SIR JOHN-JAMES, baronet, of Woodbrook, in the county of Tyrone; b. 4th August, 1755; m. 1st May, 1794, Emily-Sophia, daughter of George-Paul Monk, esq. and granddaughter of Marcus, (Beresford,) Earl of Tyrone, by whom he has issue,

1. JAMES-JOHN, b. 1st March, 1802, a captain in the 81st regiment, and aide-de-camp to lieutenant-general Sir James Kempt, G.C.B.

2. Emily-Louisa.

3. Harriette-Georgiana, m. in 1829, to Sheffield Grace, esq. LL.D. F.S.A., brother of Sir William Grace, bart. and has issue.

4. Araminta-Anne.

5. Eleanor-Frances.

Sir John Hamilton is a lieutenant-general in the army, colonel of the 69th regiment of foot, governor of Duncannon fort, and knight grand cross of the military order of the tower and sword. This gallant officer entered upon active service at an unusually early age, and for a period of upwards of fifty years, ending with the general peace of 1815, he was never unemployed, was never on half-pay, and what is perhaps without parallel in the British army, he was never, during more than half a century, relieved from duty by official leave of absence excepting for one fortnight only: a relaxation to which he was solely

prompted by filial affection. Having distinguished himself by extraordinary intrepidity and judgment at the escalade of the fortress of Gualiar, the storming of the strong forts of Lahar and Bangalore, and in many similar daring exploits he was permitted, while still extremely young, and while even in the subordinate situation of lieutenant, to raise an Indian regiment; a favor which, as it had never before, and has never since been conferred upon any officer beneath the rank of colonel, marks in the very strongest manner the universal and high sense entertained of his personal merits. In 1795, he commanded a light brigade at the capture of St. Domingo, and his services elsewhere in the West Indies were likewise eminently conspicuous. While in Africa it devolved upon him, as military commissioner, to make in 1803, the mortifying surrender to the Dutch of our newly acquired territory at the Cape of Good Hope. Being appointed in 1806 to the command of the northern district of Ireland, the city of Londonderry being the head quarters of his staff, he evinced, in a manner at once openly decisive and *wholly unprecedented*, his respect for the laws and tranquillity of his country, and his generous abhorrence of wanton insult towards his unprotected and inoffensive catholic fellow subjects by forcibly suppressing all exhibitions of religious party triumph. During the recent conflict in Spain, Portugal, and France, his professional science and exemplary courage were still more importantly exhibited in discharging the many arduous duties of the trust imposed in him by the Duke of Wellington, who confided to his command a large division of the allied army. While inspector-general of Portugal, the national force of that kingdom became, through his indefatigable exertions, as effective and as distinguished for high discipline as it had previously been for want of energy and military character. For this and other valuable services, his Portuguese majesty conferred upon him the insignia of the highest class of the royal order of the tower and sword. Nor did his active merit as a British general both there and in Spain pass unrecorded in the Duke of Wellington's official dispatches. Few achievements, even amidst numberless scenes of brilliant exploit, was more gallant or more deservedly the theme of universal admiration, than his almost unexampled, and almost incredible defence of the unfortified town and dismantled castle of Alba de Tormes, in the latter kingdom with fifteen-hundred men exhausted by a fatiguing retreat, against the pursuing army of the celebrated marshal Soult,

fifteen-thousand strong, and supported by twenty pieces of artillery. For this most important service, the dignity of a baronet of Great Britain was conferred upon him by patent, 21st December, 1814, and he likewise received his majesty's permission to bear an augmentation in his arms commemorative of this signal instance of military skill and personal heroism.

### Lineage.

CLAUD, first Lord Paisley, m. Margaret, daughter of George Lord Seton, and had issue,

JAMES, from whom the Marquess of Abercorn and Viscount Strabane derive.

CLAUD (Sir), of whom hereafter.

FREDERICK (Sir), ancestor of the Viscounts Boyne.

The second son,

SIR CLAUD HAMILTON, a gentleman of the privy-chamber, m. — the daughter and heiress of Sir Robert Hamilton, of Manor Eleistoun, in the county of Tyrone. He d. in 1692, and was s. by his eldest son,

SIR WILLIAM HAMILTON, of Manor Eleistoun. This gentleman married twice and had issue by both marriages.

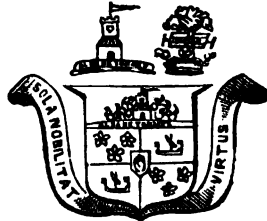
His eldest son (by his second wife, Lady Beatrix Campbell,)

CLAUD HAMILTON, of Montalony, county Tyrone, m. Isabella, daughter of — Lowry, esq. of Pomeroy, in the county of Tyrone, and had, with other issue,

CLAUD HAMILTON, of Strabane and Montalony, who was father of

JAMES HAMILTON, of Woodbrook and Strabane, who m. Eleanor, sister of Andrew, Earl of Castle Stuart, and daughter of Robert Stuart, of Stuart Hall, in the county of Tyrone, esq. He d. at the advanced age of ninety-two, and was s. by his eldest son, JOHN-JAMES, created a baronet as above.

*Creation*—21st December, 1814.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, gu. three cinquefoils, pierced erm., for HAMILTON; second and third ar. a lymphad sa. for ARRAN; on a chief of honorable augmentation ar. a mount, thereon a castle, a Spanish flag flowing from the battlements, all ppr. beneath inscribed, *Alba de Tormes*.

*Crest of Augmentation*—On a wreath, a mount,

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thereon a castle, as in the arms; over it an escroll, *Alba de Tormes*.

*Family Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or. an oak-tree, traversed with a frame saw, all ppr.

*Mottoes*—Through. Under the arms—Sola nobilitat virtus.

*Town Residence*—Baker-street, Portman-sq.

*Seat*—Woodbrook, Wottonshire.

**HAMILTON, SIR EDWARD**, baronet, of Trebinshun House, in the county of Brecon, rear admiral of the red, K.C.B.; b. 12th March, 1772; m. first, November, 1804, Frances, daughter of J. Macnamara, esq. of Langoed Castle, in the county of Brecon, by whom he has issue,

1. JOHN JAMES EDWARD, b. 11th July, 1808.

2. Arthur, b. 14th March, 1810.

3. Frances-Mary, m. 16th August, 1831, to William-Henry, Baron Von Donop, of Woeblee, in Westphalia.

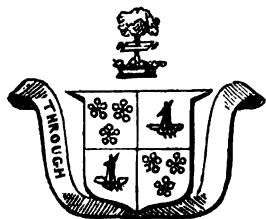
4. Agnes-Catherine-Anne.

This gentleman (second son of the late Captain Sir John Hamilton, bart. R.N.) was knighted, and received the gold medal for his gallantry in cutting out his Majesty's ship *Hermione* from under the batteries of Porto Cavallo, in South America. He, subsequently, obtained the grand cross of the Bath, and was created a baronet 20th October, 1818.

### Lineage.

See that of Sir Charles Hamilton, bart. Sir Edward's elder brother.

*Creation*—20th October, 1818.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, gu. three cinquefoils erm.; second and third, ar. a lymphad with her sails furled sa.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or. an oak tree ppr. fructed or, traversed with a frame saw, also ppr.

*Motto*—Through.

*Town Residence*—38, Nottingham-place.

*Seat*—Trebinshun, Breconshire.

**HAMOND, SIR GRAHAM-EDEN**, baronet, of Holly Grove, in the county of Berks, rear-admiral of the white, a companion of the Bath, and deputy-lieutenant of

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the county of Norfolk, and of the Isle of Wight, b. in 1779; m. in 1806, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of John Kimber, esq. of Fowey, in the county of Cornwall, and has issue,

1. ANDREW-SNAPE, b. 3rd October, 1811.

2. Graham-Eden-William, b. 3rd March, 1814.

3. Anne.

4. Elizabeth-Jane.

5. Caroline.

Sir Graham s. to the title, as second baronet, upon the decease of his father, 12th September, 1828.

### Lineage.

SAMUEL HAMOND, esq. of Blackheath, in the county of Kent, d. in 1715, having married Lydia, daughter of William Meadows, esq. and left issue one daughter and a son,

ROBERT HAMOND, esq. who was a merchant, and a considerable ship-owner, of London. He m. at Newcastle-upon-Tyne, about the year 1732, Susannah, daughter and sole heiress of Robert Snape, esq. of Limekilns, near Blackheath, and niece of Dr. Andrew Snape, one of Queen Anne's chaplains, and subsequently provost of king's college, Cambridge, by whom he had issue,

ANDREW-SNAPE, so named after his great-uncle and godfather, Dr. Andrew Snape.

Lydia, m. to William Douglas, esq. of Leith, and had, with other issue, Sir Andrew-Snape Douglas, a distinguished naval officer, who participated in the glorious victory of the 1st June, 1794, as captain of Lord Howe's flag-ship, the *Queen Charlotte*. Sir Andrew d. in 1797, leaving issue.

Jane, d. unmarried in 1806.

Bidia, m. Thomas Hunter, esq. and d. without issue, in 1817.

Mr. Hamond d. in 1775, and his eldest son,

1. ANDREW-SNAPE HAMOND, esq. having entered the royal navy, attained considerable eminence in that gallant profession. In the action between Hawke and Confans, 20th November, 1759, Mr. Hamond was lieutenant of H. M. S. *Magnanime*, and was promoted to the rank of post-captain in 1770. Captain Hamond commanded the *Roebuck* during the greater part of the first American war, and received the honor of knighthood at the close of the year 1778, for his very distinguished conduct, having been constantly employed in the most arduous services against the enemy. After the siege of Charleston, Sir Andrew was appointed lieutenant-governor of the province of Nova Scotia, and a commissioner of the navy at Halifax, which post he held until the peace, when he was created a baronet 10th December, 1783, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his nephew, Captain Andrew-Snape Douglas, R.N. After holding the appointments of commodore and commander-in-chief in the river Medway, from 1793 to 1798, Sir Andrew became deputy-comptroller of the navy in 1793, and in 1794 succeeded Sir Henry Martin as comptroller; the duties of which re-



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sponsible office he continued to fulfil until the year 1806, when he retired from public life. Sir Andrew m. 8th March, 1779, Anne, daughter and heiress of Henry Graeme, esq. of Hanwell, in the county of Middlesex, (a major in the army, who was severely wounded at the battle of Minden in 1759, when a captain in the 37th regiment, and d. at St. Helena in 1796, of which island he was lieutenant-governor,) by whom he had issue,

GRAHAM-EDEN, present baronet.

Caroline, m. in 1804, to the Hon. Captain Wheler Hood, (eldest son of Henry, Viscount Hood,) lieutenant-colonel of the 3rd regiment of foot-guards, who fell at the battle of Orthes, in 1814, leaving a son, SAMUEL, heir to the viscounty.

Sir Andrew d. in 1828.

Creation—10th December, 1783.



*Arms*—Ar. on a chev. sa. between two pellets, each charged with a martlet of the field in chief, and in base a wreath of oak leaves ppr. two escallops of the first, all within a bordure engr. vert.

*Crest*—Out of a naval crown or, an eagle's head, sa.

*Motto*—Paratus et fidelis.

*Seat*—Hamond Lodge, near Lynn, Norfolk.

HAMPSON, SIR GEORGE-FRANCIS, baronet, of Taplow, in the county of Buckingham; b. 22nd October, 1788; s. to the title, as eighth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 19th February, 1820; m. 26th August, 1822, Mary, daughter of the late Admiral Brown, by whom he has issue,

GEORGE-FRANCIS, b. 28th September, 1823.

Mary-Allen.

Jane.

### Lineage.

1. THOMAS HAMPSON, esq. son of Sir Thomas Hampson, knt. and alderman of the city of London, in 1598, was created a baronet 3rd June, 1642, and was s. in 1635, by his eldest son,

2. SIR THOMAS, who m. Mary, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Anthony Dennis, esq. of Orleigh, in the county of Devon, by whom he had three sons and a daughter. He d. in 1670, and was s. by his eldest son,

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3. SIR DENNIS, who d. without issue, in 1719, when the title reverted to his cousin,

4. SIR GEORGE, a physician, (grandson of the first baronet, through his fourth son, George Hampson, M.D. by Grace, sister of Sir Robert Holte, baronet). This gentleman m. Mary, daughter of John Coghill, esq. of Blechington, in the county of Oxford, by whom he had issue two sons and five daughters. He d. in 1724, and was s. by his eldest son,

5. SIR GEORGE, who d. in 1754, and was s. by his only surviving son,

6. SIR GEORGE-FRANCIS, who was s. in 1774, by his son,

7. SIR THOMAS-PHILIP. This gentleman m. in 1788, Jane, eldest daughter, and, eventually, co-heiress of Peter Hodson, esq. of the county of Cumberland, by whom he had an only surviving child, GEORGE-FRANCIS, the present baronet. Sir Thomas d. in 1820.

Creation—3rd June, 1642.



*Arms*—Ar. three hemp brakes, sa.

*Crest*—Out of a mural crown ar. a greyhound's head sa. collared of the first, rimmed or.

*Motto*—Nunc aut nunquam.

*Town Residence*—27, Bolton-street.

HANHAM, SIR JAMES, THE REVEREND, baronet, of Dean's Court, in the county of Dorset; m. first, 16th April, 1793, Anne, daughter of the late Edward Pike, esq. R.N., by whom (who d. in 1801) he has issue,

1. WILLIAM, m. in 1823, Harriet, daughter of — Morgan, esq. of Mount Clare, in the county of Surrey.

2. JAUE-PENELOPE.

3. PHELIPS.

The baronet m. secondly, in 1815, Miss Elizabeth Pattey, by whom he has another daughter. Sir James s. to the title, as seventh baronet, at the demise of his father, 11th March, 1806.

### Lineage.

1. WILLIAM HANHAM, esq. of Dean's court, son of John Hanham, esq. (grandson of Mr. Serjeant Hanham, M.P. for Malcombe Regis, temp.

Ells.) by Frances, sister of John Doddington, esq. of Bremer, in the county of Hants, was created a baronet, 24th May, 1667. Sir William m. Elizabeth, daughter of George Cooper, esq. of Clarendon Park, in the county of Wilts, and niece of Anthony Ashley, first Earl of Shaftesbury, by whom he had an only son, his successor, in 1671.

2. Sir JOHN, who m. Jane, only daughter and heiress of William Eyre, esq. of Neston Park, in the county of Wilts, by whom he had four surviving sons, and was s. by the eldest,

3. Sir WILLIAM, who m. in 1717, Mary, eldest daughter of William Norris, esq. of Nonsuch, in the county of Wilts, by whom he had four sons, (of which the eldest and youngest succeeded eventually to the title,) and one surviving daughter. He d. in 1762, and was s. by his eldest son,

4. Sir WILLIAM, lieutenant-colonel of the Dorsetshire militia, and a deputy-lieutenant of that county. This gentleman m. thrice, and had an only son, (by his second wife, Mary, third daughter of Dr. William Lynch, dean of Canterbury,) his successor, in 1776.

5. Sir WILLIAM-THOMAS, who d. without issue, in 1791, when the title reverted to his uncle.

6. The Rev. Sir JAMES, youngest son of Sir William, the third baronet. This gentleman m. Jane, niece and sole heiress of William Philips, esq. of Corfe Mullen, in the county of Dorset, by whom he had, with other issue,

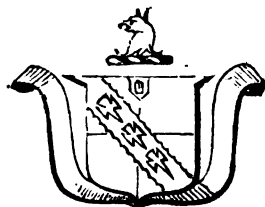
JAMES, present baronet.

Charles, m. Anne, daughter of Philip Ahire, esq. of Jersey.

Maria, m. to Richard Bentley, esq.; d. in 1811.

Sir James d. in 1806.

Creation—24th May, 1667.



Arms—Quarterly; or, and gu. on a bend engr. sa. three crosses pattée fitchée of the first.

Crest—On a wreath a griffin's head erased, ducally gorged or.

Seats—Dean's Court, near Wimbourne, in the county of Dorset; and Neston Park, Wilts.

HANMER, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Hanmer, in the county of Flint; b. in December, 1809; s. to the title, as third baronet, at the decease of his grandfather, in October, 1828.

### Lineage.

In the reign of King Edward I.

Sir JOHN DE HANNER, knt. who had been appointed governor of Caernarvon Castle, assumed the name of Hanmer, and from him descended,

Sir JOHN HANNER, knight, who was created a baronet 8th July, 1620, and represented the county of Flint in parliament in 1621. Sir John was s. by an only son,

Sir THOMAS HANNER, M.P. for the county of Flint, who was s. in 1678, by his elder son,

Sir JOHN HANNER, M. P. for the county of Flint, and colonel of a regiment under King William, at the battle of the Boyne. Sir John attained the rank of major-general in the army, but dying without issue, in 1791, the title devolved upon his nephew,

Sir THOMAS HANNER, b. in 1676, returned to parliament at the accession of Queen Anne, for the county of Flint; returned, in 1707, for the county of Suffolk; and chosen speaker of the house of commons in 1712. Sir Thomas was no less distinguished as a man of letters than a statesman; and a superb edition of Shakspeare's Plays, with his annotations, published by the university of Oxford, (to which he presented the M.S.) in six volumes, fully establish his refined taste and critical acumen. Sir Thomas m. first, in 1698, Isabella, Duchess Dowager of Grafton, only daughter and heiress of Henry Bennet, Earl of Arlington, by whom he had no issue, and, secondly, Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Thomas Folkes, esq. of Barton, in the county of Suffolk, which lady also d. issueless. Sir Thomas d. in 1746, when the baronetcy expired. The estate of Milden Hall, in the county of Suffolk, devolved upon his nephew and heir-at-law, Sir Henry Bunbury, baronet of Bunbury, in the county of Chester; and the estate of Hanmer, by bequest, upon his first-cousin of his own name,

WILLIAM HANNER, esq. whose brother and successor,

HUMPHREY HANNER, esq. built a noble mansion thereupon; but dying without issue, in 1773, the estate devolved on

JOE HANNER, esq. second son of Thomas Hanner, esq. by Jane, daughter of Sir Job Charlton, baronet of Ludford, and granddaughter of Sir Job Charlton, baronet, speaker of the house of commons. Mr. Hanner, (who was one of the benchers of the honorable society of Lincoln's Inn) m. Susanna, daughter and heiress of Thomas Walden, esq. of Simpson-place, in the county of Bucks, and was s. by his only son,

1. WALDEN HANNER, esq. barrister-at-law, and M.P. for Sudbury, who was created a baronet 3rd May, 1774, Sir Walden was fifteenth in descent from Sir John de Hanners, governor of Caernarvon Castle, temp. Edward I. He m. Anne, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Henry Vere Graham, esq. of Holbrook Hall, in the county of Suffolk, and had issue,

Thomas, his successor.

Job, of Holbrook Hall, captain R. N.; m.

Maria, daughter of John Syer, esq. of Le-

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venham, in the county of Suffolk, and *d.* in 1814, leaving issue.

Edward, barrister-at-law, *m.* Arabella, daughter of Thomas Pennant, *esq.* and *d.* in 1821. Walden-Henry, one of the six clerks in chancery.

Anne-Eleanora, *m.* to the Rev. George Turner. Sir Walter *d.* in 1783, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

3. Sir THOMAS, who *m.* in 1779, Margaret, eldest daughter and co-heiress of George Kenyon, *esq.* of Peel, in the county of Lancaster, and had issue,

Thomas, *b.* in 1781; *m.* in 1808, Arabella-Charlotte, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Thomas-Iakin-Diot Bucknall, *esq.* and *d.* in 1818, leaving, with three daughters,

1. JOHN, present baronet.

2. Wyndham-Edward.

3. Thomas. 4. Henry.

Job-Walden, barrister-at-law.

John, in holy orders, *m.* Catherine, daughter of Sir Thomas Whichcote, baronet, and has issue.

George-Edward, in holy orders.

Henry, lieutenant-colonel in the army, *m.*

Sarah, daughter of Sir M. Ximenes.

William, of the Inner-Temple, barrister-at-law, *m.* in February, 1820, Euphemia-Maria, only daughter and heir of John Forbes, *esq.*, of Bodnod, Denbighshire, by whom he has issue,

1. William. 2. Thomas.

3. John (twin with Thomas).

4. Kenyon-James.

5. Euphemia-Maria.

6. Margaret.

7. Arabella-Elizabeth.

8. Emma-Georgina.

9. Jane-Sarah.

Margaret, *m.* 1803, to George, Lord Kenyon, and *d.* in 1815, leaving issue.

Sir Thomas *d.* in 1828.

Creation—3rd May, 1774.



*Arms*—Ar. two lions passant guardant az. armed and langued gu.

*Crest*—On a chapeau az. turned up erm, a lion guardant sejant ar.

*Motto*—Gardez l'honneur.

*Seats*—Hammer Hall, and Bettisfield Park, in the county of Flint.

HANNAY, SIR SAMUEL, baronet, of Mochrum, in the county of Wigtoun.

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## Lineage.

1. PATRICK HANNAY, *esq.* descended from Patrick Hanny, *esq.* of Sorbie, was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, 31st March, 1620, with remainder to his male heirs whatsoever; and upon the failure of his lineal descendants,

Sir SAMUEL HANNAY, of Kirkdale and Mochrum, was served, and returned his male heir, 26th September, 1783. Sir Samuel *d.* —, and, since his decease, we have not been able to discover by whom (if at all) the baronetcy has been inherited.

Creation—31st March, 1620.



*Arms*—Ar. three roebuck's heads, couped, ar. collared or, a bell pendent thereat gu.

*Crest*—A cross-crosslet fitchée, issuing out of a crescent sa.

*Motto*—Per ardua ad alta.

HARBERTON, VISCOUNT, (Arthur-James Pomeroy,) and Baron Harberton, of Carbery, in the county of Kildare, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 3rd March, 1753, *m.* in October, 1800, Miss Kinsley, daughter of Thomas Kinsley, *esq.* His lordship *s.* to the honors, as third viscount, at the decease of his brother, 30th November, 1829.

## Lineage.

The family of POMEROY, according to Prince, is one of great antiquity; and the particular branch from which the noble house of Harberton springs, was seated at Engesdon, in the county of Devon, temp. James I.; of this branch was the

Rev. ARTHUR POMEROY, M.A. of the university of Cambridge, who went to Ireland, in 1672, as chaplain to the lord-lieutenant, Arthur Capel, Earl of Essex, and obtained the deanery of Cork. He *m.* Elizabeth, second daughter of Sir John Osborne, of Ballintaylor, in the county of Waterford, and was *s.* by his elder son,

Rev. JOHN POMEROY, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Edmund Donnellan, *esq.* of Cloghan, in the county of Roscommon, by whom he had issue,

ARTHUR.

John, a lieutenant-general in the army, and a privy-councillor in Ireland. He *d.* unmarried.

Mr. Pomeroy was *s.* by his eldest son,

ARTHUR POMEROY, *esq.* who was elevated to

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the peerage of Ireland, 20th September, 1783, by the title of *Baron Harberton, of Carbery*, and advanced to the Viscounty, 5th July, 1791. His lordship *m.* 20th October, 1747, Mary, daughter and heiress of Henry Colley, esq. of Castle Carbery, in the county of Kildare, and niece of Richard, first Lord Mornington, by whom he had issue,

HENRY, late viscount.

ARTHUR-JAMES, present peer.

John, in holy orders; *b.* in 1758; *m.* Esther, eldest daughter of James Spencer, esq. and has, with two daughters,

1. JOHN-JAMES, *b.* 29th September, 1790; *m.* 1st March, 1822, Caroline, daughter of the Rev. Sir J. Robertson, bart.

2. Arthur-William, in holy orders.

3. George-Francis, who assumed the surname of COLLEY, *m.* in 1825, Frances, daughter of the Very Rev. Thomas Trench, dean of Kildare, and has issue, Henry-Fitz-George.

John-Thomas.

4. Henry, *m.* in 1829, Elizabeth, daughter of the Rev. Robert Farrell, D.D., and has one daughter, Editha.

5. William-Knox. 6. Elizabeth.

George, *b.* in 1764.

Henrietta-Judith, *m.* to Viscount Lifford, and *d.* in 1778.

Mary, *m.* to the late Sir John Craven Carden, bart. and *d.* in 1778.

His lordship *d.* 9th April, 1798, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

HENRY, second viscount, *b.* 8th December, 1749; *m.* 20th January, 1788, Mary, daughter of Nicholas Grady, esq. of Grange, in the county of Limerick, by whom (who *d.* in 1823) he had one son, HENRY, *b.* in 1789; *d.* 10th March, 1804.

His lordship *d.* 30th November, 1829, and was *s.* by his brother, Arthur-James, present viscount.

*Creations*—Baron, 20th September, 1783. Viscount, 5th July, 1791.



*Arms*—Or, a lion, rampant, gu. holding in the dexter paw an apple ppr. within a bordure engr. sa.

*Crest*—A lion rampant gu. holding an apple, as in the arms.

*Supporters*—Two wolves, the DEXTER, ppr.; SINKER, ar. both collared and chained or.

*Motto*—Virtutis fortuna comes.

*Seat*—Carbery Castle, in the county of Kildare.

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HARBOROUGH, EARL OF, (Robert Sherard,) and Baron of Harborough, in the county of Leicester, in the peerage of Great Britain; Baron Sherard, of Leitrim, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 30th August, 1797; *s.* to the honors, as sixth earl, upon the demise of his father, 10th December, 1807.

### Lineage.

The noble house of Harborough deduces its descent from the family of Shirard, which was powerful and opulent at the period of the Conquest, in the counties of Chester and Lancaster. The immediate founder of its dignities, however, was

WILLIAM SHERARD, esq. of Stapleford, in the county of Leicester, (descended through a long line of eminent ancestors, from Robert Sherard, Lord of Bromhall, in Cheshire, temp. King Stephen,) who received the honor of knighthood from James I. at Oatlands, 3rd July, 1622, and was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, by the succeeding monarch, 10th July, 1627, as *Baron Sherard, of Leitrim*. His lordship *m.* Abigail, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Cecil Cave, esq. and Anne, his wife, daughter and sole heir of Anthony Bennet, esq. of Greenwich, by whom he had seven sons and four daughters, of which, BENNET, succeeded to the honors.

PHILIP, (the second son) was seated at Whissendine, an estate settled on him by his father, and was representative of the county of Rutland in all the parliaments called by Charles II. He *m.* Margaret, daughter of Thomas Denton, esq. of Hiltersden, in the county of Bucks, and widow of John Poulteney, esq., and of the Hon. William Eure, and dying in 1693, was *s.* by his eldest son,

BENNET, member, in the Convention parliament, for Rutlandshire, who *m.* Dorothy, daughter of Henry, Lord Fairfax, widow of Robert Stapylton, esq. of Wighill, and had surviving issue,

PHILIP, who *s.* as second EARL OF HARBOROUGH.

Margaret, *m.* to Dr. John Gilbert, archbishop of York.

Lord Sherard *d.* 16th April, 1640, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

BENNET, second baron, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of Sir Robert Christopher, knt. of Alford, in Lincolnshire, and dying in 1700, was *s.* by his only surviving son,

BENNET, third baron, who was enrolled amongst the peers of Great Britain, as *Baron Harborough, of Harborough, in the county of Leicester*, 19th October, 1714, with remainder, in default of male issue, to Philip Sherard, esq. of Whissendine, in the county of Rutland, (refer to Philip, second son of the first lord). His lordship was advanced to a viscounty, 21st October, 1718, by the title of *Viscount Sherard, of Stapleford*; and created, 8th May, 1719, EARL OF HARBOROUGH, with the like reversionary clause in the patent of creation (of the earldom), as had already been granted in

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that of the barony. His lordship *m.* Mary, daughter and sole heir of Sir Henry Calverly, *knt.* of Ayerholme, in the bishoprick of Durham, and dying *s. p.* 16th October, 1732, the viscounty became extinct; but the earldom and barony, with the estates, devolved, according to the limitation, upon

PHILIP SHERARD, *esq.* of Whissendine, as second earl, who inherited, also, as direct heir, the Irish dignity. This nobleman *m.* Anne, only daughter and heiress of Nicholas Pedley, *esq.* eldest son of Sir Nicholas Pedley, *knt.* of Huntingdon, *serjeant-at-law*; by whom he had six sons and eight daughters. His lordship, who had represented the county of Rutland in parliament, prior to inheriting the peerage, *d.* 20th July, 1750, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

BENNET, third earl. This nobleman *m.* four times: first, in 1748, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Ralph, Earl of Verney, by whom he had no issue; secondly, in 1757, Frances, daughter of the Honorable William Noel, one of the judges of the court of common-pleas, by whom he had a daughter, Frances, *m.* to Captain George Morgan, of the foot guards; thirdly, in 1761, Margaret, daughter of Thomas Hill, *esq.* of Tern, in Shropshire, *M.P.*, by whom he had no surviving issue; and, fourthly, in 1767, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir Thomas Cave, *bart.* *L.L.D.*, of Stanford Hall, in the county of Leicester, which lady *d.* issueless. His lordship *d.* in February, 1770, and thus leaving no male issue, the honors devolved upon his brother,

THE REVEREND ROBERT SHERARD, prebendary and canon residentiary of Salisbury, as fourth earl. His lordship *m.* first, in 1762, Catherine, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Edward Hearst, *esq.* of Salisbury, by whom he had no child; secondly, in 1767, Jane, daughter of William Reeve, *esq.* by whom he had a daughter, Lucy, who *m.* Sir Thomas Cave, *bart.* *M.P.* and a son, PHILIP, his successor; and, thirdly, in 1772, Dorothy, daughter of William Roberts, *esq.* of Glaiston, in the county of Rutland, by whom he had a daughter, Dorothea-Sophia. He *d.* in 1799, and was *s.* by his son,

PHILIP, fifth earl, *b.* 10th October, 1767; *m.* in 1791, Eleanor, youngest daughter of the Honorable John Monckton, of Fineshade, in the county of Northampton, by whom he had issue,

ROBERT, present peer.

Lucy-Eleanor, *m.* 19th May, 1817, to Colonel the Honorable Henry-Cecil Lowther, second son of William, Earl of Lonsdale, *K.G.* and has a son, *b.* 27th May, 1818.

Anna-Maria, *m.* 7th March, 1816, to William Cuffe, *esq.* of St. Albans, in the county of Kilkenny.

Sophia, *m.* 9th April, 1818, to Sir Thomas Whitchote, baronet.

Jane.

Charlotte.

Susan, *m.* 11th July, 1821, to Lieutenant-colonel John Reeve, of the grenadier-guards, and has a son, *b.* 1st June, 1822.

His lordship *d.* 10th December, 1807.

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*Creations*—Baron, (Ireland,) 10th July, 1697. Baron, 19th of October, 1714. Earl, 8th of May, 1719; (British honors.)



*Arms*—Ar. a chevron gu. between three torteaux.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet, or, a peacock's tail, erect, *ppr.*

*Supporters*—Two rams ar. armed and unguled or.

*Motto*—Le roy et l'estat.

*Seats*—Stapleford, Leicestershire; and Glas-ton, in the county of Rutland.

HARDINGE, THE REVEREND SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Belleisle, in the county of Fermanagh; *b.* 22nd March, 1780; *m.* 13th June, 1816, Emily-Bradford, second daughter of Kenneth Callender, *esq.* of Craigforth, in the county of Stirling, by whom he had issue,

1. Mary-Henrietta.

2. Caroline-Bradford.

3. Julia.

4. Harriet-Eliza.

5. Emily-Frances.

Sir Charles *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his uncle, 5th November, 1826.

### Lineage.

SIR ROBERT HARDINGE, *knt.* of King's Newton, in the county of Derby, *d.* in 1709, and left

THE REV. GIDEON HARDINGE, vicar of Kings-ton-upon-Thames, who was father of

NICHOLAS HARDINGE, *esq.* of Canbury, in the county of Surrey, barrister-at-law, chief clerk of the house of commons in 1731, attorney-general to the Duke of Cumberland, and, in 1752, joint secretary to the treasury. Mr. Hardinge *m.* in 1738, Jane, daughter of the Right Honorable Sir John Pratt, lord-chief-justice of the court of king's-bench, by whom he had nine sons and three daughters; of which

George, the third son, was a Welsh judge, and attorney-general to the queen, and *d.* *s. p.* in 1816.

Henry, the seventh son, was in holy orders, and rector of Stanhope, in the county of Durham; he *m.* Frances, daugh. of James Best, *esq.*, and left at his decease, in 1820,

1. CHARLES, present baronet.

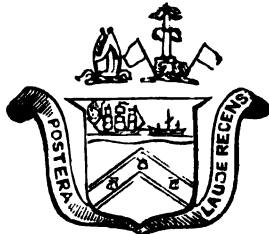
2. George-Nicholas, a gallant and highly distinguished naval officer, who fell in action, commanding, as captain,

H. M. S. the *Florenso*, after capturing the Piedmontaise frigate.

3. HENRY (Sir), K.C.B. a distinguished military officer, *b.* 30th March, 1785; *m.* in 1821, Emily Jane, daughter of Robert, first Marquis of Londonderry, and relict of John James, esq., by whom he has issue, Charles-Stewart. Frances. Emily-Caroline.
4. Richard, an officer of artillery, *b.* in 1790; *m.* first, Anne, eldest daughter of Thomas Papellion, of Acvise, Kent, esq., by whom he has issue; and, secondly, in 1827, Caroline Johnson, youngest daughter of Kenneth Callander esq. of Craigforth.
5. Frederick, *b.* in 1801.
6. Frances, *m.* to the Rev. Stephen Woodgate, of Pembury, Kent.
7. Caroline.

The eighth son,

1. RICHARD HARDINGE, esq., of Belleisle, in the county of Fermanagh, *b.* 10th November, 1756, was created a baronet 4th August, 1801, with remainder to the heirs male of his father. Sir Richard *m.* first, 6th May, 1793, Mary, daughter of Ralph Gore, Lord Ross, by whom he had no issue; and, secondly, in March, 1826, Carlone, daughter of Major-general Wolf. He *d.* 6th November, 1826, when the baronetcy devolved, according to the limitation, upon his nephew, THE REVEREND CHARLES HARDINGE, present baronet. Creation—4th August, 1801.



*Arms*—Gu. on a chev. ar. fimbriated or, three escallopes sa. and, as an honorable augmentation, on a chief wavy of the second, a dismantled French frigate, with her colors struck, towed by an English frigate, all ppr.

*Crest*—Of augmentation, on a wreath, a hand fessewise, couped above the wrist, habited in naval uniform, holding a sword erect, surmounting a Dutch and French flag in saltire, on the former inscribed, *Atalanta*, on the latter, *Piedmontaise*; the blade of the sword passing through a wreath of laurel near the point, and a little below, through another of cypress, with the motto, *Postera laude regens*.

*Family Crest*—A mitre gu. charged with a chev. as in the arms.

*Seats*—Vicarsage, Tunbridge; Belleisle, Fermanagh; Great Kelton, Durham.

**HARDWICKE, EARL OF**, (Philip Yorke, D.C.L., F.R. and A.S.) Viscount Royston, and Baron Hardwicke, of Hardwicke, in the county of Gloucester; a knight of the most noble order of the Garter, lord-lieutenant and custos-rotulorum of the county of Cambridge, high-steward of Cambridge university, and a trustee of the British Museum; *b.* 31st May, 1757; *m.* 24th July, 1782, Elizabeth, daughter of James, 5th Earl of Balcarres; by whom he has issue.

Anne, *m.* to John, present Earl of Metcham.

Catherine-Freman, *m.* to the Earl of Caledon. Elizabeth-Margaret, *m.* in 1789, to the Right Honorable Sir Charles Stewart, G.C.B. now Lord Stewart de Rothesay.

Caroline-Harriet, *m.* to Viscount Eastnor.

His lordship had, besides, three sons, the elder of whom, Philip, Viscount Royston, was lost in a storm, off Lubeck, 7th April, 1808, in his twenty-fourth year; the second *d.* in his thirteenth year; and the youngest did not survive infancy. The earl *s.* to the honors, as third earl, upon the demise of his uncle, 16th May, 1790. Lord Hardwicke filled the office of viceroy of Ireland, from 1801 to 1806.

### Lineage.

SIMON YORKE, of Dover, merchant, a person of good landed property, *d.* in 1683, leaving, with other issue,

PHILIP YORKE, a solicitor of respectability at Dover, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and heir of Richard Gibbon, of the same place, gentileman, and left at his decease, in 1721, an only son.

PHILIP YORKE, who, having attained the highest eminence in the legal profession, was appointed solicitor-general in 1729, at the early age of twenty-nine, and attorney-general in four years afterwards, which office he continued to hold until 1733, when he was elevated to the bench and peerage, as lord-chief-justice of England, and (23rd November,) *Baron Hardwicke, of Hardwicke*. In 1736-7, his lordship was constituted LORD-HIGH-CHANCELLOR OF GREAT BRITAIN, and advanced, 2nd April, 1754, to a viscounty and earldom, by the titles of *Viscount Royston*, and *EARL OF HARDWICKE*. His lordship was appointed, in 1746, lord-high-steward of England, for the trials of the Earls of Kilmarnock and Cromartie, and the Lords Balmerino and Lovat. He was one of the lords-justice for the administration of the government during the king's absence in 1740, 1748, 1752, and was unanimously chosen high-steward of the university of Cambridge in 1748. His lordship *m.* Margaret, daughter of Charles Cocks, esq., of the city of Worcester, by whom he had five sons and two daughters, viz.

PHILIP, first *Lord Royston*.

Charles, an eminent lawyer, having filled

the office of solicitor and attorney-general, was appointed LORD-HIGH-CHANCELLOR, when he suddenly died, January 22nd 1770, at the moment that a patent conferring the title of Baron Morden upon him was in progress of completion. He *m.* first, in 1755, Catherine, only child and heir of the Rev. Dr. William Freman, of Hammels, in the county of Herts, by whom he had

PHILIP, who *s.* his uncle, and is the present earl.

He *m.* secondly, 30th December, 1762, Agneta, daughter and co-heiress of Henry Johnson, esq., of Great Berkhamstead, Herts, by whom he had issue,

Charles-Philip, (the Right Honorable) one of the tellers of the exchequer, F.R. and S.A., *b.* in 1764; *m.* Harriott, daughter of Charles Manningham, esq. Joseph-Sydney (Sir), vice-admiral, K.C.B. and M.P., *b.* 6th June, 1768; *m.* first, in 1798, Elizabeth-Weake, daughter of James Rattray, esq., and had issue,

1. Charles-Philip, captain R. N. and M.P., *b.* 2nd May, 1799.
2. Henry-Reginald.
3. Eliot-Thomas.
4. Grantham-Munter, *m.* 10th March, 1830, Marian-Emily, eldest daughter of the late Sir Henry C. Montgomery, baronet, by whom he has a son, *b.* 23rd September, 1831.
5. Agneta-Elizabeth.

Sir Joseph *m.* secondly, Urania-Anne, Marchioness Dowager of Clanricarde, and widow of Colonel Kingston. He was accidentally drowned, 5th May, 1831.

Caroline, Countess of St. Germans, *d.* in 1818.

Joseph (Sir), an officer of rank in the army, and aid-de-camp to his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, at the battle of Fontenoy. He was elevated to the peerage, as *Baron Dover*, but died issueless, when the title ceased.

John, *d.* in 1769, leaving a daughter, Jemima, who *m.* the Right Honorable Reginald Pole Carew.

James, in holy orders, bishop of Ely, *b.* in 1730; *m.* Mary, daughter of the Right Reverend Isaac Madocks, bishop of Worcester, and dying in 1808, left

1. Joseph, who *m.* Catherine, daughter of James Cocks, esq., and has issue.
2. Philip, in holy orders, *m.* Honorable Anna-Maria Cocks, dau. of Charles, first Lord Somers, and *d.* in 1817, leaving issue.

Elizabeth, *m.* to John Buller, esq., and *d.* in 1802.

Elizabeth, *m.* to George, Lord Anson, and *d.* in 1760.

Margaret, *m.* to Sir Gilbert Heathcote, bart. and *d.* in 1769.

His lordship *d.* 6th March, 1764, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

PHILIP, second earl, *b.* in 1720, who *m.* in 1740, Lady Jemima Campbell, only daughter of John, third Earl of Breadalbane, (by Amabel, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Henry de Grey, last Duke of Kent, of that line,) who became, upon the demise of her maternal grandfather, Baroness Lucas, of Crudwell, and Marchioness de Grey. The issue of this marriage were

Amabel, now Countess de Grey, (see that title.)

Jemima, who *m.* in 1780, Thomas, second Lord Grantham, and *d.* in 1830.

His lordship dying in 1790, without male issue, the honors devolved upon his nephew, PHILIP YORKK, esq., present peer, (revert to Charles, second son of the first earl,) while the magnificent seat at Wrest, with the appendant estates of the Dukes of Kent, went, of course, to his daughters.

*Creations*—Baron, 23rd November, 1733. Viscount and Earl, 2nd April, 1754.



*Arms*—Ar. on a saltire as. a bezant.

*Crest*—A lion's head, erased, ppr. collared gu. thereon a bezant.

*Supporters*—Dexter, a lion, rampant, guardant, or, collared gu. charged with a bezant; sinister, a stag ppr. attired and unguled or, collared as the lion.

*Motto*—Nec cupias, nec metuas.

*Town Residence*—3, St. James's-square.

*Seats*—Wimpole Hall, near Arrington, Cambridgeshire; and Tittenhanger Hall, Herts.

**HARDY, SIR THOMAS-MASTERMAN**, K.C.B. and baronet, of Holcott, in the county of Northampton; *b.* 5th April, 1769; *m.* 17th November, 1807, Louisa-Emily-Ann, daughter of the Honorable Admiral Sir George-Cranfield Berkeley, G.C.B., by whom he has issue,

Louisa-Georgina.

Emily-Georgina.

Mary-Charlotte.

This gentleman, who is a rear-admiral of the white and one of the lords of the admiralty, was created a baronet, 4th February, 1806,

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for the gallantry he had displayed, as captain of the *Victory* (Lord Nelson's flag-ship), in the glorious engagement off Cape Trafalgar.

### Lineage.

The immediate founder of this family, JOSEPH HARDY, of Portisham, in the county of Dorset, m. Elizabeth, daughter of Robert Weare, esq. and had issue one son and a daughter. He was s. by his only son,

JOSEPH HARDY, of Portisham, who m. Nanny, daughter of Thomas Masterman, esq. and had issue,

Joseph, b. in 1764.

THOMAS, created a baronet as above.

John, b. in 1771.

Elizabeth, m. to John Thresher, esq. of Cor-  
ton, Dorsetshire, and has issue.

Anne.

Mary, m. to James Balston, esq. of Martins-  
toun, and has issue.

Catherine, m. to John Callard Mansfield,  
esq.

Martha.

Augusta-Masterman.

*Creation*—14th February, 1806.



*Arms*—Pean, on a chev. betw. three escallops  
ar. as many griffins' heads erased of the field,  
langued, gu.

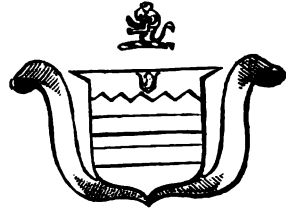
*Crest*—Out of a naval crown or, a griffin's  
head, as in the arms.

*Residence*—Admiralty.

HARE, SIR THOMAS, baronet, of Stow  
Hall, in the county of Norfolk; m. first,  
Mary, daughter of Sir Francis Geary, bart.  
by whom he had no issue; and, secondly,  
Anne-Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas, first  
Lord Graves, by whom he has Thomas, b.  
18th July, 1807, and Elizabeth, b. in August,  
1804. This gentleman, who is the son of  
Thomas Leigh, esq. of Iver, in the county of  
Bucks, by Anne, daughter of the Right Re-  
verend Robert (Clavening), Lord Bishop  
of Peterborough, and grandson of Thomas  
Leigh, esq. and his wife, Mary, daughter of  
Sir Thomas Hare, bart. of Stow, in the  
county of Norfolk, and sister of the three  
last baronets of that family (a baronetcy cre-

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ated in 1641), assumed the name of Hare,  
and was created a baronet, as the representa-  
tive of that ancient family, 14th December,  
1818.



*Arms*—Gu. two bars or, a chief indented of the  
last.

*Crest*—A demi-lion rampant ar. gorged with a  
ducal coronet or.

*Seat*—Stow Hall, Norfolk.

HAREWOOD, EARL OF, (Henry Las-  
celles,) Viscount Lascelles, and Baron Hare-  
wood, of Harewood, in the county of York,  
lord-lieutenant and custos-rotulorum of the  
West Riding of Yorkshire, and high-steward  
of Allerton; b. 25th December, 1767; m.  
3rd September, 1794, Henrietta, eldest daugh-  
ter of the late Lieutenant-general Sir John  
Saunders Sebright, bart. by whom he has  
issue,

EDWARD, *Viscount Lascelles*, b. in July,  
1796, m. Miss Louisa Rowley.

Henry, b. 11th June, 1797; m. 5th July,  
1823, Louisa, second daughter of Thomas,  
second Marquess of Bath, and has issue,  
Henry-Thynne, b. 18th June, 1834.

Egremont, b. 28th July, 1825.

George-Edwin, b. 19th October, 1836.

Algernon-Francis, b. 21st January, 1828.  
— a son, b. February, 1829.

— a daughter, b. in 1830.

William-Saunders-Sebright, M.P. b. 29th  
October, 1798; m. in 1823, Caroline-Georgi-  
anna, eldest daughter of George, sixth earl  
of Carlisle, and has an only daughter,  
Georgiana-Caroline.

Edwin, b. 25th December, 1790.

Arthur, b. 25th January, 1807.

Harriet, m. to the Earl of Sheffield.

Frances-Anne.

Emma, m. 16th June, 1827, to Edmund-  
Berkeley Portman, esq. of Bryanston  
House, M.P. for the county of Dorset.

Louisa.

His lordship s. to the honors, as second earl,  
upon the demise of his father, 3rd April,  
1820.

### Lineage.

The family of Lascelles has been of importance  
in the county of York, since the reign of Ed-  
ward I. when Roger de Lascelles was summoned  
to parliament as a baron, A.D. 1295. His lord-



ship *d.* in 1297, leaving no male issue, but four daughters, his co-heiresses, when the barony fell into abeyance, and has so continued to the present day. The heir of those ladies, were that person to be found, would of course be entitled to its revival. (See *Burke's Extinct and Dormant Peerage*.)

JOHN DE LASCELLES, of Hindersheffe, (now Castle Howard,) was living in 1315, and from him lineally descended, through a long line of highly-respectable ancestors,

FRANCIS LASCELLES, esq. of Stank and North Allerton, M.P. for the North Riding of Yorkshire in 1653, and colonel in the parliament's army. Colonel Lascelles was father of

DANIEL LASCELLES, of Stank and North Allerton, who served the office of sheriff of York in 1719, and represented North Allerton in parliament. He *m.* first Margaret, daughter of William Metcalf, esq. of North Allerton, and had, with other issue,

HENRY.

He espoused secondly, Mary, daughter of Edward Lascelles of London, esq. and had an only surviving son,

EDWARD, collector of the customs at Barbadoes, who *m.* in 1732, Frances, daughter of Guy Ball, esq. and left issue at his decease in 1747.

EDWARD, who eventually inherited the family estates, and was created *Baron Harewood*.

Mr. Daniel Lascelles *d.* in 1734, and his son by his first wife,

HENRY LASCELLES, esq. became of Harewood, Stank, and North Allerton, which latter place he represented in parliament. This gentleman obtained a seat in the court of directors of the Honorable East India Company: he *m.* Janet, daughter of John Whetstone, esq. of the Island of Barbadoes, and was *s.* at his decease in 1745, by his eldest son,

EDWIN LASCELLES, esq. who was elevated to the peerage 9th July, 1790, by the title of *Lord Harewood, of Harewood Castle, in the county of York*. His lordship *m.* twice, but dying without issue, 25th January, 1795, the barony expired; but his lordship's estates passed to the heir-at-law,

EDWARD LASCELLES, esq. (refer to issue of Daniel Lascelles, who *d.* in 1734). This gentleman represented North Allerton in several parliaments, and was elevated to the peerage 18th June, 1796, by the title of *Baron Harewood, of Harewood, in the county of York*. His lordship *m.* in 1761, Anne, daughter of William Chaloner, esq. of Guisborough, by whom he had issue,

Edward, *d.* unmarried.

HENRY, present peer.

Frances, *m.* in 1784, to the late Hon. John Douglas, and *d.* 31st March, 1817.

Mary-Anne, *m.* 1801, to Richard York, esq. of Wighill Park, and *d.* 10th June, 1831.

His lordship was advanced to a viscounty and earldom, 7th September, 1812, by the titles of *Viscount Lascelles*, and *EARL OF HAREWOOD*. He *d.* 3rd April, 1820.

*Creations*—Baron, 18th June, 1796. Viscount and Earl, 7th September, 1812.



*Arms*—Sa., a cross, flory, within a bordure or.  
*Crest*—A bear's head, couped at the neck, erm. muzzled gu. buckled or, collared of the second, studded gold of the third.

*Supporters*—Two bears erm. muzzled and collared gu. chained or, the collar studded with five bezants, and pendent thereto, a shield of the arms.

*Motto*—In solo Deo salus.

*Town Residence*—13, Hanover-square.

*Seat*—Harewood-House, Yorkshire.

HARINGTON, SIR JAMES, baronet, of Ridlington, in the county of Rutland; *b.* in 1788; *s.* to the title, as ninth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 9th June, 1831; *m.* in 1816, Sophia, daughter of — Steer, esq. and has, with other issue,

JOHN.

### Lineage.

JOHN DE HARINGTON, K.B. who attended King Edward I. in his invasion of Scotland, anno 1305, was summoned to parliament from the 18th Edward II. until 21st Edward III. (1347,) in which latter year he died, leaving two grandsons, (the sons of his deceased son, Sir Robert, by Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of John de Multon, Lord Egremund.) The elder,

JOHN, second baron, was *s.* by his son,

ROBERT, third baron, who *d.* in 1405, and was *s.* by his son,

ROBERT, fourth baron, to whom *s.* his elder brother,

JOHN, fifth baron, at whose decease in 1437, the barony passed, with his only daughter, Elizabeth, to the family of her husband, William, Lord Bonville, and was carried by her ladyship's granddaughter, Cicily, daughter and heiress of William, Lord Bonville and Harington, into the family of her first husband, Thomas, (Grey), Marquess of Dorset, K.G. (See *Burke's Extinct and Dormant Peerage*.)

The younger grandson,

SIR ROBERT DE HARINGTON, left a son,

JOHN HARINGTON, who *m.* Agnes, daughter of Laurence Flete, esq. of Flete, in the county of Lincoln, and dying in 1421, was *s.* by his son,

ROBERT HARINGTON, who *m.* one of the daugh-

ters and co-heiresses of John de la Laund, and was s. by his son,

JOHN HARINGTON, whose son,

ROBERT HARINGTON, esq. served the office of sheriff of the county of Rutland, in 1492 and 1498, and dying in 1501, left, by Maud, daughter of Sir John Prisett, knt. chief-justice of the court of common-pleas, a son,

SIR JOHN HARINGTON, knt. of Exton, sheriff of Rutland, whose grandson,

SIR JAMES HARINGTON, knt. of Exton, (son of Sir John Harington, treasurer of the army at Boulogne, to King Henry VIII.) m. Lucy, daughter of Sir William Sidney, of Penshurst, and sister of Sir Henry Sidney, K. G. and dying in 1592, left three sons :

JOHN, created in 1603 *Baron Harington, of Exton*. His lordship was tutor to the Princess Elizabeth, daughter of King James I. He left one son, John, second lord, (at whose decease s. p. in 1613, the barony expired,) and two daughters, Lucy, Countess of Bedford, and Frances, Lady Chichester.

Henry, (Sir).

And

1. JAMES HARINGTON, esq. of Ridlington, in the county of Rutland, high-sheriff of that shire in the 35th of Elizabeth, who was created a baronet 20th June, 1611. Sir James m. Frances, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Robert Sapcote, of Elton, in the county of Bedford, and was s. in 1613, by his eldest son,

2. SIR EDWARD, who received the honor of knighthood in the life-time of his father, and served the office of sheriff for the county of Rutland twice ; in the 19th year of James I. and 12th of Charles I. This gentleman m. Margery, daughter and co-heiress of John Dooley, esq. of Merton, in the county of Oxford, by whom he obtained that estate, and was s. at his decease by his only son,

3. SIR JAMES, M. P. for the county of Middlesex in 1654, and one of the commissioners named for trying King Charles I. ; he never, however, officiated ; but was, nevertheless, attainted, although the forfeiture was limited to his own life. Sir James m. Catherine, daughter and co-heiress of Alderman Sir Edward Wright, lord-mayor of London, by whom he had a numerous family. He was s. by his eldest son,

4. SIR EDMUND, who d. without issue, when the title devolved upon his brother,

5. SIR EDWARD, who d. also without issue, when it reverted to his nephew,

6. SIR JAMES, of Burton, in the county of Oxford. This gentleman m. first, Catherine, daughter of William Bourcher, esq. of the Middle Temple, by whom he had two sons ; and secondly, Mrs. Moore, who d. without issue. He d. in 1782, and was s. by his elder son,

7. SIR THOMAS, who m. Anna, daughter of James Ashenburch, esq. of Park Hall, in the county of Stafford, by whom he left JOHN-EDWARD, his successor, and three daughters. Sir Thomas d. in 1793, and was s. by his only son,

8. JOHN-EDWARD. This gentleman m. in 1797, Marianne, daughter of Thomas Philpot, esq. by whom (who d. in December, 1823) he had issue,

JAMES, present baronet.

Edward-John, b. 20th October, 1793.

Richard, b. 29th April, 1806.

Robert, b. 22nd September, 1801.

Maria, m. to Charles Balfour, esq.

Sir John d. in 1813.

*Creation*—20th June, 1824. 16 11



*Arms*—Sa. a fret ar.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a lion's head erased or, collared gu. and buckled of the first.

*Motto*—Nodo firmo.

*Seat*—Bognor Lodge, Sussex.

HARLAND, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Sproughton, in the county of Suffolk ; b. in 1765 ; s. to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, in 1784 ; m. in 1801, Arethusa, daughter of the late Henry Vernon, esq. of Great Thurlow, in the county of Suffolk, and niece of Francis, Earl of Shipbroke, (a dignity now extinct,) by whom he has no issue.

#### Lineage.

1. ROBERT HARLAND, esq. only son of Captain Robert Harland, of the royal navy, having been brought up to the profession of his father, attained, through the various gradations, the highest rank of admiral, and was created a baronet, 19th March, 1771. Sir Robert was appointed one of the commissioners of the admiralty in 1782. He m. first, Miss Marlow, with whom he had a fortune of £20,000, but by whom he had no issue ; and, secondly, Miss Reynold, daughter of Colonel Rowland Reynold, and granddaughter and heiress of Colonel John Duncombe, with whom he had a fortune of £40,000, and by whom he had issue,

ROBERT, present baronet.

Frances, m. to Count Edward Dillon, and d. in the year of her marriage, 1777.

Marianne-Dorothy, m. to Major-general Dalrymple, and had issue,

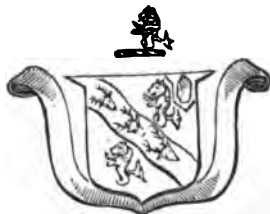
John-William-Henry Dalrymple, who s. as seventh and present Earl of Stair.

Mrs. Dalrymple d. in 1785.

Susanna-Edith, m. to Sir William Rowley, bart.

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Sir Robert d. 21st February, 1784.  
Creation—10th March, 1771.



*Arms*—Or, on a bend wavy, between two sea-lions sa. three bucks' heads cabossed ar.

*Crest*—A sea-lion sa. supporting an anchor, ppr.  
*Seat*—Orwell Park, Suffolk.

**HARNAGE, SIR GEORGE**, baronet, of Belleswardine, in the county of Salop, b. 5th July, 1767; m. 19th July, 1791, his cousin, Mary, eldest surviving daughter of his maternal uncle, Henry Harnage, esq. of Belleswardine, in the county of Salop, lieutenant-colonel in the army, by whom he has issue,

**GEORGE**, a commander in the royal navy; b. 19th July, 1792; m. 29th January, 1826, Caroline-Helena, youngest daughter and co-heiress of the late Bartlett Goodrich, esq. of Saling Grove, in the county of Essex.

**Henry-Harnage**, in holy orders; b. 7th November, 1794.

**Edward**, b. 18th October, 1798.

**Sir George** had another son,  
**John-Lucie**, an officer in the Coldstream guards, who fell at Waterloo, in 1815, unmarried.

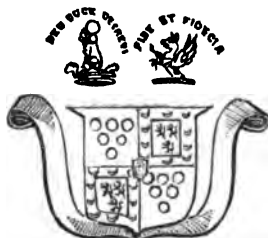
The paternal surname of this gentleman was Blackman, and under that he was created a baronet 28th July, 1821. He is the only son of John-Lucie Blackman, esq. (deceased, 1797,) of London, (great-great-grandson of Jeremy Blackman, esq. and his second wife, Elizabeth, daughter of John Lucie, esq. and sister, and eventually heiress, of Jacob Lucie, esq. of London,) by Mary, daughter of Henry Harnage, esq. of London, (which Mary married, subsequently, Admiral Sir Edmund Nagle, K.C.B.)

Sir George Blackman assumed, by royal permission, 13th October, 1821, the surname of "HARNAGE," only, as representative of that very ancient family,—a family which held a high rank in the county of Salop, so far back as the time of Edward III. A.D. 1330. In the 9th year of Richard II. A.D. 1386, we find Richard de Harnage, (the baronet's direct maternal progenitor,) a very

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leading personage amongst the gentry of that part of the kingdom. The grandson of this Richard, Hugh de Harnage, was high-sheriff for the county of Salop, A.D. 1423, temp. Henry VI.; and his son, Thomas, purchased Belleswardine from the Dudley family, in the 33rd year of Henry VIII., A.D. 1542.

Creation—28th July, 1831.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, ar. six torteaux, three, two, and one, for HARNAGE; second and third, erm. three lions rampant ar. within a bordure or, semée of crescents as. for BLACKMAN.

*Crest*—Of HARNAGE, out of a ducal coronet, a lion's gamb, holding a torteaux; over the motto, Deo duce decreti.

*Crest*—Of BLACKMAN, on a wreath, a demi-griffin, semée of crescents, collared; over the motto, Fide et fiducia.

*Seat*—Belleswardine.

**HARRINGTON, EARL OF**, (Charles Stanhope,) Viscount Petersham, of Petersham, in the county of Surrey, and Baron Harrington, of Harrington, in the county of Northampton; b. 8th April, 1780; s. to the honors, as fourth earl, upon the demise of his father, in September, 1829; m. 7th April, 1831, Miss Foote, the celebrated actress, and has one son,

**LORD PETERSHAM**, b. in December, 1831.

His lordship is a colonel in the army.

### Lineage.

This, and the noble house of Chesterfield, derive from a common ancestor,

**SIR JOHN STANNOP**, knt. of Elvaston, in the county of Derby, who m. first Cordell, daughter and co-heir of Richard Allington, esq. and had an only son,

**PHILIP**, first EARL OF CHESTERFIELD.

He espoused secondly, Catherine, daughter of Thomas Trentham, esq. of Rochester Priory, in the county of Stafford, by whom he had, with other issue,

**SIR JOHN STANNOP**, knt. of Elvaston, member for the county of Derby, in the reigns of the first James and the first Charles, and in the fifth year of the latter monarch, sheriff for the

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same shire. He m. first, Olive, daughter and heir of Edward Berrisford, esq. of Berrisford, in the county of Stafford, and had an only daughter, married to Charles Cotton, esq. Sir John espoused secondly, Mary, daughter of Sir John Radclyffe, knt. of Ordsal, in Lancashire, and dying in 1637, was s. by his eldest son,

JOHN STANHOPE, esq. of Elvaston, who m. Jane, daughter of Sir John Curzon, of Kedleston, in the county of Derby, bart. The eldest son and heir of this marriage,

JOHN STANHOPE, esq. m. Dorothy, daughter and co-heir of Charles Agard, esq. of Poston, in the county of Derby, and had issue,

THOMAS, who succeeded at Elvaston, and was M.P. for the county of Derby. He d. s. p. in 1730, when the estates passed to his next brother,

CHARLES, secretary of the treasury, and treasurer of the chamber, temp. George I. who d. unmarried in 1760, when the estates passed to his nephew, William, second Earl of Harrington.

William.

The youngest son,

WILLIAM STANHOPE, esq. was a distinguished soldier and statesman during the reigns of the two first sovereigns of the house of Brunswick. From 1715 to 1720, he was engaged in diplomatic missions of the first importance, and having concluded, in the latter year, the pacific treaty of Seville, (commenced at the Congress of Soissons,) he was elevated to the peerage, 20th November, 1720, by the title of *Baron Harrington, of Harrington, in the county of Northampton*. In 1730, his lordship was appointed principal secretary of state, and continued to hold the seals, until a change of ministry took place, in 1742, when he was appointed lord-president of the council, and on the 9th of February, in that year, raised to the dignities of *Viscount Petersham, of Petersham, in the county of Surrey*, and *EARL OF HARRINGTON, in the county of Northampton*. The earl, subsequently, resumed the office of secretary of state; and, in 1746, was appointed LORD-LIEUTENANT-GENERAL and GENERAL GOVERNOR OF IRELAND, in which important government he continued until the year 1751, when he was replaced by the Duke of Dorset. His lordship m. Anne, daughter and heiress of Colonel Edward Griffith, one of the clerks comptrollers of the green cloth (by Elizabeth his wife, daughter of Dr. Thomas Lawrence, first physician to Queen Anne,) by whom he had two sons (twins). He d. 8th December, 1656, and was s. by his only surviving son,

WILLIAM, second earl, a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 2nd troop of horse-grenadier-guards. His lordship m. 11th August, 1746. Caroline, eldest daughter of his grace, Charles, second Duke of Grafton, by whom he had issue,

CHARLES, Viscount Petersham.

Henry-Fitzroy, m. Eliza, daughter of — Falconer, esq. and dying in 1828, left,

ROBERT-HENRY, R.N. gentleman usher

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to the queen, b. in 1802, m. in 1830. Elizabeth-Rosamond, eldest daughter of James Ward, esq.

Harriet, m. to Charles, present Lord Southampton.

Caroline, m. in 1765, to Kenneth Mc Kensie, (grandson of William, fifth Earl of Seaforth, in the peerage of Scotland, who was attainted in 1715, created *Baron of Ardelve, Viscount Fortrose*, and *EARL OF SEAORTH, in the peerage of Ireland*; honors which expired at his lordship's decease, without male issue, in 1781. Her ladyship d. 9th February, 1767, and an only daughter survived, Caroline, m. to Count Melford.

Isabella, m. to Richard, late Earl of Sefton, and d. in 1810.

Amelia m. to Richard, sixth Earl of Barrymore, d. in 1780, leaving issue,

Richard, } successive Earls of Barry-  
and } more, a dignity which ceased  
Henry, } with the latter in 1823.

Henrietta, m. to Thomas, second Lord Foley, and d. in 1781.

Anna-Maria, m. first, to Thomas, first Duke of Newcastle, and, secondly, to the late Lieutenant-general Sir C. G. Cranford, G.C.B.

His lordship d. 1st April, 1779, and was s. by his eldest son,

CHARLES, second earl, b. 17th March, 1753, m. 23rd May, 1779, Jane, daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Fleming, bart. of Brompton Park, in the county of Middlesex, by whom (who d. 3rd February, 1824) he had issue,

CHARLES, Viscount Petersham, present earl. Lincoln-Edwin-Robert, C.B. b. 26th November, 1781, a colonel in the army.

Lieutenant-Fitzgerald-Charles, C.B. b. 2nd Sept. 1784, a lieutenant-colonel in the army, m. 23rd April, 1831, Elizabeth, only child and heir of William Green, esq. of Jamaica. (of the family of Green of Welby, Norfolk; by his wife Anne Rose, fourth daughter of the late Cosaley Hall, of Hyde Hall, Jamaica, esq.)

Fitzroy-Henry-Richard, b. 24th April, 1787, in holy orders, m. 8th November, 1806, Caroline, daughter of the Honorable Charles Wyndham, and has issue,

Charles-Wyndham, b. in 1809.

Percy, b. in 1828.

Francis-Charles, b. 29th Sept. 1788, a major in the army, m. Hannah, daughter of — Wilson, esq. and has a daughter, Frances-Henry-William, b. 2nd August, 1790.

Augustus, b. 25th March, 1794, and d. in December, 1830.

Anna-Maria, m. to the Marquess of Tavistock.

Caroline-Anne.

Charlotte-Augusta, m. to the Duke of Leinster.

The Earl of Harrington, who was a general offi-

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cer in the army, colonel of the first regiment of life guards, captain, governor, and constable of Windsor Castle, and a knight-grand-cross of the Bath, *d.* in September, 1839.

*Creations*—Baron, 20th November, 1729. Earl, &c. 9th February, 1742.



*Arms*—Quarterly; erm. and gu. a crescent of cadency.

*Crest*—A tower as a demi-lion, rampant, issuant from the battlements or, holding between the paws a grenade, fired, ppr.

*Supporters*—*Dexter*, a talbot, guardant, argenté de poil; *Sinister*, a wolf, ermine, each gorged with a chaplet of oak vert, fructed or.

*Motto*—A Deo et rege.

*Town Residence*—Stable-yard, St. James's.

*Seat*—Gawsworth, Cheshire; and Elvaston, in the county of Derby.

**HARRIS, BARON**, (William-George-Harris,) of Seringapatam, and Mysore, in the East Indies; and of Belmont, in the county of Kent; *b.* 17th January, 1782; *s.* to the title, as second baron, at the decease of his father, 19th May, 1829. His lordship *m.* first in October, 1829, Eliza-Serena-Anne, daughter of W. Dick, esq. by whom (who *d.* in 1817) he has issue,

GEORGE-FRANCIS-ROBERT.

William-Lushington.

Lord Harris espoused secondly, 28th May, 1824, Isabella, only child of Robert-Hancock-Temple, esq. of Waterstown, in the county of Westmeath, and has a son,

Robert-Temple.

His lordship is a major-general in the army, and a companion of the bath. He is also a knight companion of the Hanoverian order, and knight of the order of William, in the Netherlands.

### Lineage.

GEORGE HARRIS, esq. *b.* 18th March, 1746, son of the Rev. George Harris, of Brasted, in the county of Kent, by Sarah, daughter of George Twentyman, esq. of Baintree, in Cumberland, having adopted the profession of arms, attained the rank of general, and the colonelcy of the 73rd foot. Being high in command at the siege

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and capture of Seringapatam, and gallantly distinguishing himself there, General Harris was rewarded by being elevated to the peerage 11th August, 1815, as **BARON HARRIS**, of Seringapatam and Mysore, in the East Indies; and of Belmont, in the county of Kent. His lordship *m.* 9th December, 1779, Anne-Carteret, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Charles Dixon, esq. of Bath, and had issue,

WILLIAM, present peer.

Michael-Thomas, *b.* 13th September, 1783; *m.* in 1807, Emma-Mary, daughter of W. Money, esq. consul-general at Venice, and *d.* in 1824, leaving issue,

1. Thomas. 2. George.

3. Emma-Money, *m.* 14th June, 1831, to Archibald Douglas, esq.

4. Martha-Frances.

Charles, *b.* 14th December, 1793, fell in the act of leading on the troops to the assault of New Orleans, 8th January, 1815.

Musgrave-Alured, *b.* 5th September, 1801, in East India Company's civil service.

Anne-Elizabeth, *m.* in 1797, to the Right Hon. Stephen-Rumbold Lushington.

Sarah, *m.* to the Rev. John Hodson.

Phoeby-Frances.

Sybella-Mary.

Matilda.

Mary-Jane, *m.* 3rd September, 1822, to Francis Bradley, esq.

His lordship *d.* 19th May, 1829.

*Creation*—11th August, 1815.



*Arms*—Vert, upon a chev. embattled, ermine, between three hedgehogs or, as many bombs sa. fired ppr. upon a chief of augmentation the gates and fortress of Seringapatam, all ppr.

*Crest*—On a mural crown or, a royal tiger, passant, guardant, vert, striped or spotted, of the first, pierced in the breast with an arrow of the last, vulned gu. charged on the forehead with a Persian character for Hyder, and crowned with an eastern coronet, both of the first.

*Supporters*—*Dexter*, a grenadier soldier of the 73rd regiment, in his regimentals, ppr. supporting with his exterior hand a staff, thereon hoisted the union-flag of Great Britain over that of the standard of Tippoo Sulthan, and beneath the tri-coloured flag, entwined, inscribed with the word *République*; *Sinister*, a Malay soldier, in his uniform, ppr. supporting a like staff,

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thereon hoisted a banner ar. striped barwise, gu. with a canton over that of the standard of Tippoo Sultaun, with the tri-coloured flag, entwined beneath as on the dexter, inscribed with the word *Francaise*, all ppr.

*Motto*—My prince and my country.

*Seat*—Belmont, in the county of Kent.

**HARROWBY, EARL OF**, (Dudley Ryder, D.C.L. and F.S.A.) Viscount Sandon, of Sandon, in the county of Stafford; and Baron Harrowby, of Harrowby, in the county of Lincoln; high-steward of Tiverton, and an official trustee of the British Museum; *b.* 22nd December, 1762; *m.* in 1795, Susan, daughter of Granville, first Marquess of Stafford, by whom he has issue,

DUDLEY, *Viscount Sandon*, M.P. for Liverpool, *b.* 23rd May, 1796; *m.* 15th September, 1823, Frances, fourth daughter of John, first Marquess of Bute, and has issue,

DUDLEY, *b.* 5th January, 1828.

————— (a son), *b.* 16th January, 1831.

Frances.

Granville-Dudley, R.N. M.P. *b.* in November, 1799; *m.* in 1825, Georgiana-Augusta, third daughter of Henry-Charles, sixth Duke of Beaufort, and has issue.

Susan, *m.* Viscount Ebrington, and *d.* 30th July, 1827.

Mary, *m.* 15th July, 1828, to Captain Edward Saurin, R.N. son of the Right Hon. W. Saurin, of the Irish bar.

Georgiana-Elizabeth, *m.* in 1825, to the Hon. John-James Stuart-Wortley, M.P.

Harriet-Charlotte-Sophia.

Louisa.

His lordship *s.* to the barony upon the demise of his father, 20th June, 1803, and was advanced to the viscounty and earldom, 18th July, 1809. Lord Harrowby filled the office of president of the council.

## Lineage.

The family of Rythre, Ryther, or Ryder, as at different periods the word was spelt, is of Yorkshire, and the name is derived from Ryther, in the hundred of Barkston, in that county.

Sir DUDLEY RYDER, knt. (second son of Richard Ryder, of the Cloisters, West Smithfield, merchant), a barrister of eminence, was appointed solicitor-general in 1733, attorney-general in 1736, and LORD-CHIEF-JUSTICE of the court of king's-bench in 1754. A patent was signed by the king, 24th May, 1756, for his lordship's elevation to the peerage, but he *d.* on the 25th, prior to its completion. Sir Dudley *m.* Anne, daughter of Nathaniel Neunham, esq. of Streatham, in the county of Surrey, by whom he left an only son,

NATHANIEL RYDER, esq. who was created *Baron Harrowby, of Harrowby, in the county of*

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*Lincoln*, by letters patent, dated 26th May, 1776. His lordship *m.* in January, 1762, Elizabeth, daughter of the Right Rev. Richard Terrick, D.D. Bishop of London, by whom he has issue,

DUDLEY, present peer.

Richard, M.P. and privy-councillor, registrar of the consistory court, and a bencher of Lincoln's Inn; *b.* 5th July, 1766; *m.* in 1799, Frederica, daughter of Sir John Skynner, by whom (who *d.* 8th August, 1821) he has an only surviving daughter, Susan.

Henry, Lord Bishop of Lichfield and Coventry; *b.* 21st July, 1777; *m.* in 1802, Sophia, daughter of the late Thomas-March Philips, esq. and has issue,

1. Henry-Dudley, in holy orders; *m.* in 1823, Cornelia, daughter of George Cornish, esq.

2. George-Dudley. 3. Arthur-Dudley.

4. William-Dudley. 5. Thomas-Dudley.

6. Edmund-William. 7. Alfred-Philips.

8. Richard-Calthorpe-Whitmore.

9. Spencer-Charles-Dudley.

10. Anna-Sophia, *m.* in 1827, to Sir George Grey, bart.

11. Harriet-Amelia. 12. Sophia.

Elizabeth, *d.* 20th October, 1830.

His lordship *d.* 20th June, 1803.

*Creations*—Baron, 26th May, 1776. Earl, 16th July, 1800.



*Arms*—Az. three crescents or, on each an ermine-spot sa.

*Crest*—Out of a mural coronet or, a dragon's head ar. on the neck, an ermine-spot sa.

*Supporters*—Two griffins ar. on the shoulder of each an ermine-spot, each gorged with a plain collar az. charged with three crescents or, chained of the last.

*Motto*—Servata fides cineri.

*Town Residence*—39, Grosvenor-square.

*Seat*—Sandon Hall, near Lichfield, Staffordshire.

**HARTLAND, BARON**, (Thomas-Nahon,) of Stokestown, in the county of Roscommon, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 2nd August, 1766; *m.* 16th October, 1811, Ca-

therine, eldest daughter of James Topping, esq. of Whatcroft Hall, in the county of Chester; by whom he has no issue. His lordship *s.* to the dignity, as second baron, upon the demise of his father, 4th January, 1819. Lord Hartland is a lieutenant-general in the army and lord-lieutenant of the county of Sligo.

### Lineage.

This family, which claims an ancient Irish descent, was ennobled in the person of

MAURICE MAHON, esq. (eldest son of Thomas Mahon, esq. M.P. for the county of Roscommon, by the Honorable Jane Crosbie, eldest daughter of Maurice, Lord Brandon, and sister of William, Earl of Glendore,) who having represented the county of Roscommon in parliament, from 1782 until the dissolution of the separate legislative assembly of Ireland, by the act of union, was elevated to the peerage 30th July, 1800, as **BARON HARTLAND**. His lordship *m.* in 1765, Catherine, youngest daughter of Stephen, first Viscount Mountcashell, by whom he had issue,

THOMAS, present peer.

Stephen, lieutenant-general in the army, *b.* 6th February, 1768, *d.* 27th May, 1828.

Maurice, in holy orders, *b.* 6th October, 1772; *m.* first, —, and had issue,

DENNIS, who *m.* 17th September, 1822, Henrietta, eldest daughter of the Right Rev. Charles Bathurst, Bishop of Norwich.

Mr. Mahon *m.* secondly, in 1813, Isabella-Jane, daughter of — Hume, esq.

His lordship *d.* 4th January, 1819.

Creation—30th July, 1800.



**Arms**—Or, a lion, rampant, az. armed and langued gu.

**Crest**—An heraldic tiger, statant, holding in the dexter paw a spear.

**Supporters**—DEXTER, a lion, guardant; SINIS-TER, a stag, ducally gorged and chained.

**Motto**—Periculum fortitudine evasi.

**Town Residence**—40, Grosvenor-place.

**Seat**—Bawn House, Strokestown, Ireland.

**HARTOPP-CRADOCK, SIR EDMUND**, baronet, of Freathby, in the county

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of Leicester, D.C.L.; *b.* 21st April, 1749; *m.* Anne, only child of Joseph Hurlock, esq. of Fort Marlborough, in the East Indies, and granddaughter (maternally) of Sir John Hartopp, bart. by whom he has had issue,

GEORGE-HARRY-WILLIAM, *b.* 20th August, 1785, assumed the additional surname of *Fleetwood*, in memory of his lineal descent from General Charles Fleetwood, whose estates eventually vested in Lady Cradock-Hartopp. Mr. Hartopp-Fleetwood *d.* unmarried in 1824.

Edmund, *m.* first, in July, 1808, Anna-Eleonora, eldest daughter of the late Sir Bourchier Wrey, baronet, which lady *d.* in 1813, and he espoused secondly, 23rd September, 1824, Mary-Jane, daughter of Lord Henley.

William-Edmund.

Anna-Maria, *m.* in 1811, to Charles-Clement Adderley, esq. of Hams Hall, in the county of Warwick, and *d.* 20th April, 1827.

Amelia, *m.* in 1809, to Edward Grove, esq. of Shenstone Park, in the county of Stafford.

This gentleman, whose paternal name is Bunney, assumed, by authority, the surnames of Cradock and Hartopp instead; the former in right of his mother, and the latter upon his marriage with the heiress and representative of the Hartopp family. He was created a baronet 12th May, 1796.

### Lineage.

EDWARD HARTOPP, esq. of Freathby, was created a baronet 24th of October, 1819. Sir Edward served the office of sheriff of Leicestershire, in the 15th year of James I., and represented that county in parliament in the succeeding reign. He *d.* in 1652, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR EDWARD HARTOPP, who raised a regiment for the parliament during the civil wars, and was *s.* at his decease, in 1658, by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN HARTOPP, M.P. for the county of Leicester, during the reign of Charles II. Sir John *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of General Charles Fleetwood, (the celebrated parliamentary commander, and son-in-law of the usurper Cromwell,) by his first wife, Frances, daughter and heiress of Thomas Smith, esq. of Winston, in the county of Norfolk, and was *s.* at his decease, in 1722, by his only son,

SIR JOHN HARTOPP, who *d.* in —, leaving two daughters, his co-heiresses, by his first wife, Sarah, daughter of Alderman Sir Joseph Woolfe, of the city of London, when the baronetcy expired;

Elizabeth, the younger daughter, *m.* Timothy Dalhou, M.D., but dying without issue, the whole of the property devolved upon Anne, the elder daughter, who *m.* Joseph Hurlock, esq. of Fort Marlborough, governor of Bencoolen, and afterwards one

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of the directors of the East India Company, by whom she had an only daughter,

ANNE HURLOCK, who, at the decease of her parents, became heiress and representative of the family of Hartopp; and, at the demise of her kinswoman, Mrs. Jane Fleetwood, succeeded, by bequest, to the Fleetwood property, in the county of Norfolk. Miss Hurlock m. in 1777, Edmund Bunney, esq. (son of Joseph Bunney, esq. of Newark, in the county of Nottingham, by Mary, daughter of Edmund Cradock, esq.) who, as stated above, assumed the surnames of Cradock and Hartopp, and is the present baronet.

*Creation*—12th May, 1796.



*Arms*—Sa. a chev. erm. between three otters passant ar.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, a pelican ar. vulning herself, ppr.

*Seat*—Four Oaks' Hall, Warwickshire.

**HARTWELL, SIR BRODRICK**, baronet, of Dale Hall, in the county of Essex, b. 17th July, 1813, s. to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his grandfather, 28th June, 1831.

### Lineage.

1. FRANCIS-JOHN HARTWELL, esq. (son of Robert Hartwell, esq. lieutenant-governor of Greenwich Hospital) b. in 1757, was knighted in 1802, upon the occasion of acting as proxy for Lord Keith on the installation of that nobleman, as a knight of the bath; and was created a baronet 5th October, 1805. He m. first, in 1781, Anne-Charlotte-Maria, eldest daughter of Captain John Elphinstone, R.N., by whom he had (with other issue deceased)

Houlton, in holy orders, M.A. chaplain to the Prince Regent, m. in 1812, Ruth, daughter of David Ball, esq. of Bishop Hall, and dying in 1819, left issue,

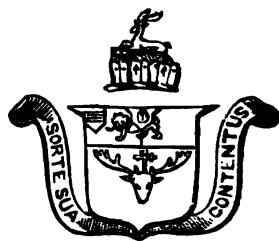
Brodrick, present baronet.  
Sydney-Houlton, b. in 1817.

Sir Francis m. secondly, in 1812, Louisa, daughter of John Aldridge, esq. of New Lodge, Sussex, by whom he had an only daughter, Louisa, b. in 1813. The baronet, who was colonel of the Deptford and Woolwich volunteers, and director

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of Greenwich Hospital, d. 28th June, 1831, and was s. by his grandson, Brodrick, the present baronet.

*Creation*—5th October, 1805.



*Arms*—Sa. a buck's head cabossed, ar. attired or, between the attires a cross pattée fitchée of the last; in chief a lion passant guardant per pale, of the second and third; on a canton erm. two bars, per fesse as. and gu.

*Crest*—On a mount vert, surrounded with seven pales, the second and fifth charged with a spear's head, sanguinated ar. a hart lodged, the dexter foot on a well of the last, and in the mouth a sprig of oak vert.

*Motto*—Sorte suae contentus.

*Seat*—Dale Hall, Essex.

**HARTY, SIR ROBERT-WAY**, baronet, of Prospect House, in the county of Dublin; b. 27th December, 1779; m. 21st March, 1807, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the late John Davis, esq. of Eden Park, in the same shire, and has issue,

ROBERT, b. 8th September, 1815.

MARCUS, b. 27th November, 1819.

Charles-Allsop, b. 3rd November, 1821.

Henry-Lockington, b. 9th May, 1826.

Louisa-Matilda.

Elizabeth-Henrietta.

Adelaide-Emma-Jane.

This gentleman, who is an alderman of the city of Dublin, and served the office of Lord-Mayor in 1830–31, was created a baronet, 7th September, 1831. Sir Robert Harty, during his public career, has been distinguished by his patriotism, public spirit, and liberality.

*Creation*—7th September, 1831.





*Arms*—Or, on a fesse, sa. three doves volant.

*Crest*—An eagle's head, wings expanded.

*Motto*—Malo mori quam foedari.

*Seat*—Prospect House, Roebuck, county of Dublin.

**HARVEY-BATESON, SIR ROBERT**, baronet, of Killoquin, in the county of Antrim.

This gentleman was created a **BARONET OF IRELAND** 12th August, 1789, with remainder, in default of male issue, to the heirs male of his father.

### Lineage.

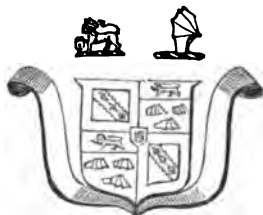
This and the family of Sir Robert Bateson, bart., of Belvoir Park, in the county of Down, (see that title), derive from a common ancestor,

**RICHARD BATESON**, esq. of Londonderry, who *m.* first, Sarah, daughter of — **Mac Clintock**, esq.; by whom he had issue,

**Thomas**, *m.* first, Miss Patten; and, secondly, Margaret, daughter of the Rev. Joseph Douglas; by the latter lady he had issue, **ROBERT**, heir-presumptive to the baronetcy, and other children.

**Mr. Richard Bateson** *m.* secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Robert Harvey, esq. of Londonderry, and sister and heiress of David Harvey, esq. of London, by whom, with several other children, he had **ROBERT**, present baronet, who assumed, by sign manual, in 1788, the additional surname and arms of Harvey.

*Creation*—12th August, 1789.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, gu. on a bend, engr. ar. three trefoils, slipped, vert. all within a bordure or; second and third ar. three bats' wings, two and one, sa. on a chief gu. a lion passant, or.

*Crests*—First, a lion passant, regardant, ppr. his dexter fore-paw resting on an escutcheon ar. charged with a bat's wing, erect sa. Second, on a wreathe a bat's wing, erect sa.

*Seats*—Killoquin, in the county of Antrim; and Langley Park, Buckinghamshire.

**HASILRIGGE, SIR ARTHUR-GREY**, baronet, of Nosely Hall, in the county of Leicester; *b.* 20th October, 1812; *s.* to the title, as twelfth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 24th October, 1819.

### Lineage.

This family traces its genealogy to Roger de Hesilrigge, one of the knights in the invading army of William the Conqueror, and it ranks amongst the most ancient gentry of the kingdom.

1. **THOMAS HASILRIGGE**, esq. son and heir of Thomas Hasilrigge, esq. of Nosely Hall, by Ursula, daughter of Sir Thomas Andrews, knight, of Charwelton, in the county of Northampton, was created a baronet 21st July, 1622. Sir Thomas served the office of sheriff of the county of Leicester, in the tenth year of King James I. He *m.* Frances, daughter and heiress of Sir William Georges, knight, of Alderton, and dying in 1629, was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. **SIR ARTHUR**, who was an active parliamentarian during the civil wars, and high in the confidence of the Protector. Sir Arthur commanded, as colonel, a regiment of cuirassiers, called the "Lobsters," which performed some signal services, and he was also governor of Newcastle. The day preceding the battle of Dunbar, in 1650, he received the following letter from the Usurper:

"Deere Sir,

"Wee are upon an engagement very difficult; the enemy hath blocked up our way att the passe, at Copperspath, through which wee cannot gett without almost a miracle. He lieth so upon the hills, that we knowe not how to come that way without great difficulty; and our lying here dayly consumeth our men, who fall sick beyond imagination. I perceive your forces are not in a capacitee for present reliefe; wherefore, (whatever becomes of us,) itt will be well for you to get what forces you can together in the south, to helpe what they can; the businesse nearly concerneth all good people. If your forces had been in readiness to have fallen upon the back of Copperspath, itt might have occasioned supplies to come to us, but the only wise God knowes what is best; all shall work for good; our spirits are comfortable, (praised be the Lord, of whose mercy we have had large experience.) Indeed, do you get together what forces you can against them; send to friends in the south to help with more. Lett H. Vane know what I write. I would not make it publick, least danger should accrue thereby. You know what use to make hereof. Let me hear from you. I rest your servant.

"It is difficult for me to send to you: let me heare from you after.

"Sept. 3, 1650.

"OLIVER.

"For the Hon.

"Sir Ar. Haselrigge, at Newcastle, or elsewhere. Thease. Haste."

He *m.* twice: first, Frances, daughter of Thomas

Elms, esq. by whom he had two sons and two daughters; and, secondly, Dorothy, sister of the parliamentary general, Robert, Lord Broke, by whom he had three sons and five daughters. He *d.* in 1660, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

3. **SIR THOMAS**, who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of George Fenwick, esq. of Brunton Hall, in the county of Northumberland, and dying in 1690, was *s.* by his only son,

4. **SIR THOMAS**, M.P. for Leicester. This gentleman *d.* unmarried, in 1700, when the title reverted to his uncle,

5. **SIR ROBERT**, the only surviving son of Sir Arthur, by his second marriage. This gentleman *m.* Bridget, daughter of Sir Samuel Rolle, knight, of Heanton, in the county of Devon, and was *s.* at his decease in 1713, by his only surviving child,

6. **SIR ROBERT**, who *m.* Dorothy, second daughter of Banaster, third Lord Maynard, and dying in 1721, was *s.* by his only son,

7. **SIR ARTHUR**. This gentleman *m.* Miss Sturges, from whom Richardson drew his character of Pamela, and was *s.* at his decease in 1763, by his eldest son,

8. **SIR ROBERT**, to whom *s.* his only son,

9. **SIR ARTHUR**, who *d.* without issue in 1805, when the title reverted to his uncle,

10. **SIR THOMAS-MAYNARD**. This gentleman *m.* twice, but had no issue. He *d.* in 1817, when the title reverted to his kinsman,

11. **SIR ARTHUR-GREY**, grandson of Sir Arthur, the seventh baronet, through his youngest son, Colonel Grey Haslrigge. This gentleman *m.* in 1810, Miss Henrietta-Anne Bourne, of Staffordshire, by whom he had issue,

**ARTHUR-GREY**, present baronet.

Thomas-Maynard, *b.* 15th April, 1815.

Grey, *b.* 13th March, 1818.

Henrietta-Susan, *b.* 10th January, 1817.

He *d.* in 1819.

*Creation*—21st July, 1622.



**Arms**—Ar. a chev. between three hasel-leaves vert.

**Crest**—On a chapeau gu. turned up erm a Scot's head ppr.

**Supporters**—DEXTER, a stag ppr.; SINISTER, a talbot ar. pied sa. and gorged with a plain collar gu.

**Motto**—Pro aris et focis.

**Seat**—Noelsy Hall Leicestershire.

**HASTINGS, MARQUESS OF**, (George-Augustus-Francis Rawdon-Hastings,) Earl of Rawdon, and Viscount Loudoun, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; Baron Rawdon, of Rawdon, in the county of York, in the peerage of Great Britain; Baron Hastings, Hungerford, Newmarch, Botresaux, Molins, and Moels, in the peerage of England; Earl of Moira, and Baron Rawdon, in the peerage of Ireland; a baronet of England; and one of the co-heirs to the barony of Montague, (See *Burke's Extinct and Dormant Peerage*, article **POLE**, **BARON MONTAGUE**;) *b.* 4th February, 1808; *m.* 1st August, 1831, **BARBARA**, **BARONESS GREY DE RUTHYN**, in her own right; inherited the honors of his family, as second marquess, upon the demise of his father, 28th November, 1826.

### Lineage.

The illustrious family of Rawdon deduces its pedigree from Paulinus de Rawdon, to whom William the Conqueror granted considerable estates (part of which the present marquess enjoys), by the following deed:

"I, William Kyng, the thurd yere of my reign. Give to Paulyn Roydon, Hope and Hopetowne. With all the bounds both up and downe; From heven to yerthe, from yerthe to hel, For the and thyne ther to dwell, As truly as this kingright is myn; For a crossebow and an arrow, When I sal come to hunt on Yarrow. And in token that this thing is sooth, I bit the whyt wax with my tooth. Before Meg, Mawd, and Margery, And my third sonne, Henry."

This Paulyn, or Paulinus, commanded a band of archers in the Norman invading army, and derived his surname of Rawdon, from the lands of that denomination, near Leeds, which constituted a portion of the royal grant. From this successful soldier lineally sprang (nineteenth in descent), through a line of eminent ancestors,

1. **GEORGE RAWDON**, esq. (only son of Francis Rawdon, esq. of Rawdon) who settled in Ireland, and took an active part as a military commander during the rebellion in 1641, in that kingdom, and subsequently, until his decease, in 1684, in the general affairs of Ireland. Mr. Rawdon was created a baronet of England, 20th May, 1665, being denominated, of *Moira, in the county of Down*. Sir George *m.* first, Ursula, daughter of Sir Francis Stafford, of Bradney, in the county of Salop, and widow of Francis Hill, esq. of Hill Hall, by whom he had no surviving issue. He espoused, secondly, Dorothy, eldest daughter of Edward, Viscount Conway, by whom he had, with other issue,

John, a military man, killed in France in 1656.

Arthur, his successor.

Mary, *m.* in 1678, to Arthur, Earl of Granard.

## HAS

The baronet *d.* in 1684, and was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

2. **SIR ARTHUR**, who *m.* Helena, daughter and heiress of Sir James Graham, and granddaughter of William, Earl of Monteth, and was *s.* by his only son,

3. **SIR JOHN**. This gentleman *m.* in 1717, Dorothy, second daughter of Sir Richard Levinge, bart. speaker of the house of commons in Ireland, by whom he had, with other children, his successor,

4. **SIR JOHN**, who was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 9th April, 1750, as *Baron Rawdon, of Rawdon, in the county of Down*, and created *Earl of Moira*, 15th December, 1761. His lordship *m.* first, in 1741, Helena, youngest daughter of John, Earl of Egmont, by whom he had two daughters,

Catherine, *m.* in 1764, to Joseph Henry, esq. of Straffan, in the county of Kildare, and *d.* in 1780.

Helena, *m.* in 1769, to Stephen, Earl of Mountcashell, and *d.* in 1792.

The earl *m.* secondly, in 1746, Anne, daughter of Trevor, Viscount Hillsborough, by whom he had no issue; and, thirdly, in 1752, Elizabeth Hastings, eldest daughter of Theophilus, ninth Earl of Huntingdon (by his countess, Selina, second daughter and co-heiress of Washington, Earl Ferrers), who inherited the baronies of Hastings, &c. (created by summons, in the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries), upon the demise of her brother, Francis, tenth Earl of Huntingdon, without issue, in 1789. By this last union, his lordship had issue,

FRANCIS, his successor.

John-Theophilus, who *m.* Frances, daughter of John-Hall Stevenson, esq. of Skelton Castle, in the county of York, (the *Exigentus* of Sterne,) and dying in 1806, left an only daughter, Elizabeth-Anne, who *m.* Lord George-William Russell.

Anne-Elizabeth, *m.* to the Earl of Aylesbury, and *d.* in 1813.

Selina-Frances, *m.* George, present Earl of Granard.

Charlotte-Adelaide-Constantia, *m.* in 1814, to Hamilton-Fitzgerald, esq.

His lordship *d.* 20th June, 1793, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

FRANCIS, second earl; *b.* 9th December, 1754, K.G. G.C.B. F.R.S. F.S.A. and M.R.I.A. a gallant soldier, an eloquent senator, and a popular statesman. His lordship inherited, upon the demise of his mother, in 1808, the ancient baronies of Hastings, Hungerford, &c. and was created, 7th December, 1816, a peer of the United Kingdom, by the titles of *Viscount Loudoun, Earl of Rawdon, and Marquess of Hastings*. His lordship had been previously created a peer of Great Britain, 5th March, 1783, by the title of *Baron Rawdon, of Rawdon, in the county of York*. The marquess *m.* 12th July, 1804, Flora-Muir (Campbell), Countess of Loudoun in her own right, by whom he had issue,

GEORGE-AUGUSTUS-FRANCIS, present earl.

Flora-Elizabeth, *b.* in 1806.

Sophia-Frederica-Christina, *b.* in 1809.

## HAS

Selina-Constance, *b.* in 1810.

Adelaide-Augusta-Lavinia, *b.* in 1812.

His lordship had been governor-general of India, and was, at his decease, governor, and commander-in-chief of the island of Malta and its dependencies, constable and chief-governor of the Tower of London, lord-lieutenant and custos-rotulorum of the Tower Division, a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 27th regiment; a governor of the Charter-house, and council of the king in Cornwall and North Britain. The marquess assumed, by royal permission, his maternal surname of "HASTINGS," in addition to and after, that of Rawdon. He *d.* 28th November, 1826.

*Creations*—Baron Botreaux, 1308. Baron Hungerford, 1426. Baron Molines, 1445. Baron Hastings, 1461. Baronet, 20th May, 1665 (in England). Baron Rawdon, 5th March, 1783 (in Great Britain). Marquess, &c. 7th December, 1816 (in the United Kingdom). Earl Moira, &c. 15th December, 1761 (in Ireland).



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, *ar.* a maunch *sa.* for HASTINGS; second and third, *ar.* a fesse, between three pheons *sa.* for RAWDON.

*Crests*—Of HASTINGS, a bull's head, erased, *sa.* armed and ducally gorged or; of RAWDON, on a mural crown *ar.* a pheon *sa.* with a laurel-branch issuant thereout *ppr.*

*Supporters*—Two bears *ar.* muzzled *gu.* chains affixed to the muzzles and reflexed over the back or, and fastened by a staple to a trunk of a tree, erect, *ppr.* held between the fore-paws.

*Motto*—Et nos quoque tela sparsimus.

*Seats*—Donnington Park, Leicestershire; Rawdon Hall, Yorkshire; Loudoun Castle, Ayrshire; and Moira, in the county of Downe.

**HASTINGS-ABNEY, SIR CHARLES**, baronet, of Willesley Hall, in the county of Derby; *b.* 1st October, 1792; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 30th September, 1823; and obtained royal permission for himself and his late brother, Frank Hastings, esq. to assume the surname and arms of "ABNEY," in addition to those of their own family, as representatives of the ancient house of Abney, through their maternal grandfather, Thomas Abney, esq. of Willesley, in the county of Derby.

## HAW

### Lineage.

1. LIEUTENANT-GENERAL CHARLES HASTINGS, illegitimate son of Francis Hastings, Earl of Huntingdon, was created a baronet on the 28th February, 1806. He *m.* Parnell, daughter and sole heir-ess of Thomas Abney, esq. of Willealey Hall, and granddaughter of Sir Thomas Abney, knt. one of the judges of the court of common-pleas, by whom he had two sons,

CHARLES, present baronet.

Frank, *b.* 14th February, 1794; *d.* unmarried, at Zante, 1st June, 1828, of a wound received in action with the Turks.

Sir Charles, who was colonel of the 12th regiment of foot, and knight-grand-cross of the royal Hanoverian Guelphic order, *d.* 30th September, 1823.

Creation—28th February, 1806.



*Arms*—Ar. a maunch, within a bordure engr. sa.

*Crest*—A buffalo's head erased ermineo, armed and ducally gorged ar.

*Motto*—In veritate victoria.

*Seat*—Willealey Hall, Derbyshire.

HAWARDEN, VISCOUNT, (Cornwallis Maude,) of Hawarden, in the county of Tipperary, and Baron de Montalt, in the peerage of Ireland, a baronet of the same part of the United Kingdom; *b.* 28th March, 1780; *s.* to the honors, as third viscount, upon the demise of his brother, 26th February, 1807; *m.* 8th July, 1811, Jane, youngest daughter of Patrick-Crauford Bruce, esq. of Taplow Lodge, in the county of Bucks, by whom he has issue,

CORNWALLIS, *b.* 4th April, 1817.

Adelaide, *m.* 19th December, 1831, to the Honorable Charles Pelham, M.P. Isabella.

### Lineage.

The family of Maude deduces its descent from EUSTACE DE MONTEALTO, styled the Norman Hunter, who came to the assistance of Hugh Lupus, Earl of Chester, at the period of the Conquest, and, having participated in the glory of that great event, shared in the spoil, and ob-

## HAW

tained, amongst other considerable grants, the castle, lordship, and manor of Hawarden, in the county of Flint. From this personage lineally sprang

ROBERT MAUDE, esq. of Riddlesden and Ripon, in the county of York, who disposed of those estates, and purchased others in the counties of Kilkenny and Tipperary, whither he removed. Dying in 1685, he was *s.* by his only son,

ANTHONY MAUDE, esq. M.P. for Cashell, in 1695, who was *s.* by his only son,

1. ROBERT MAUDE, esq. M.P. who was created a BARONET OF IRELAND 9th May, 1703. Sir Robert *m.* Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Francis Cornwallis, esq. of Abermarles, in the county of Carmarthen, by whom he had several children. He *d.* 4th August, 1750, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR THOMAS, who was elevated to the peerage, 18th July, 1766, as *Baron de Montalt*; but dying without issue, in 1777, the barony ceased, while the baronetcy devolved upon his brother,

3. SIR CORNWALLIS. This gentleman represented the borough of Roscommon in parliament, and was elevated to the peerage of Ireland 4th May, 1785, by the title of *Baron Montalt*; and created 10th June, 1791, VISCOUNT HAWARDEN. His lordship *m.* first, in 1756, Letitia, daughter of Thomas Vernon, esq. by whom he had one daughter,

Elizabeth-Letitia, who *m.* John Vaughan, esq.

The viscount *m.* secondly, in 1766, Mary, daughter of Philip Allen, esq. and niece of Ralph Allen, esq. of Prior Park, in the county of Somerset, by whom he had,

THOMAS-RALPH, his successor.

Sophia-Mary, *m.* in 1807 to George-Hay Dawkins-Pennant, esq. and *d.* in 1812.

Emma, *m.* in 1794, William Ralph Cartwright, esq. and *d.* in 1808.

His lordship *m.* thirdly, Anne-Isabella, daughter of Thomas Monck, esq. barrister-at-law, and niece of Viscount Monck, by whom he had issue,

CORNWALLIS, present viscount.

Robert-William-Henry, in holy orders, Dean of Clogher, and Archdeacon of Dublin; *b.* 21st August, 1784, *m.* in 1827, Martha, eldest daughter of the Hon. Francis Pittie, and has a son, *b.* in 1829.

James-Ashley, captain in the royal navy; *b.* 6th November, 1766; *m.* in 1817, Albinia, second daughter of the late Most Reverend Charles Brodrick, archbishop of Cashell, and has issue, a daughter, *b.* in 1831.

John-Charles, in holy orders; *b.* 16th September, 1792; *m.* in 1815, Mary-Ceely, eldest daughter of William-Ceely-Trevellion, esq. Francis, *b.* 1798, R.N.; *m.* 4th September, 1827, Frances, daughter of A. H. Brooking, esq.; and has issue.

1. Charles-Henry.

2. Frances.

Isabella-Elizabeth.

Georgiana (deceased), *m.* to Lord William Stuart.

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Alfred, *m.* to Lord Robert Ponsonby, Tottenham Loftus.

Charlotte, *m.* to Peter Latouche, jun. esq., who *d.* 11th February, 1830.

Mary-Anne, *m.* to James, present Lord Liford.

Emily, *m.* to Lord Dunally.

Catherine.

His lordship *d.* 23rd of August, 1803, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

THOMAS-RALPH, second viscount, who *m.* Frances-Anne Agar, only daughter of his Grace, Charles, Earl of Normanton, Archbishop of Dublin; but dying without issue, 26th February, 1807, the honors devolved upon his half-brother, CORNWALLIS, the present viscount.

*Creations*—Baronet, 9th May, 1705. Baron, 4th May, 1785. Viscount, 10th June, 1791.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, *az.* a lion rampant, *ar.*; second and third, *arg.* three bars gemelles *sa.* and over all a lion rampant *gu.* charged on the shoulder with a cross crosslet fitchée *or.*

*Crest*—A lion's gamb, erased and erect, grasping an oak branch *ppr.* acorned *or.*

*Supporters*—Two lions, rampant, *ar.* charged on the breast with a cross-crosslet, fitchée, *or.*

*Motto*—Virtute securus.

*Seat*—Dundrum, in the county of Tipperary.

**HAWKE, BARON**, (Edward-William Harvey-Hawke,) of Towton, in the county of York; *b.* 15th July, 1799; *m.* 1st August, 1821, Elizabeth-Frances, second daughter of Sir John Ramsden, baronet, by whom (who *d.* 26th August, 1824) he had no issue. His lordship *s.* to the dignity, as fourth baron, upon the demise of his father, 29th November, 1824.

### Lineage.

EDWARD HAWKE, esq. (son of Edward Hawke, esq. barrister-at-law, by Elizabeth, relict of Colonel Ruthven, and daughter of Nathaniel Bladen, esq.) having attained, by a series of gallant services, the highest reputation as a naval officer, was installed a knight of the Bath, in reward for a splendid victory which he had achieved, in 1747, over the French fleet, in the West Indies. In 1755, Sir Edward was appointed vice-admiral of the white. In 1759, he got the command of a

## HAW

grand expedition, destined to act against the French coast, and in the November of that year obtained a decisive victory over the enemy's fleet, for which he was honored by the thanks of parliament, and rewarded with a pension of £2000, a year. In 1765, Sir Edward was promoted to the rank of vice-admiral of Great Britain, and appointed first lord of the admiralty; and, 20th May, 1776, the gallant officer was elevated to the peerage, as BARON HAWKE, of Towton, in the county of York. His lordship *m.* Catherine, daughter and sole heiress of Walter Brooke, esq. of Burton Hall, in the county of York, by whom he had three sons and a daughter. He *d.* 17th October, 1781, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

MARTIN-BLADEN, second baron; *b.* 20th April, 1744; *m.* in February, 1771, Cassandra, youngest daughter of Sir Edward Turner, baronet, of Ambrosden, in the county of Oxford, by whom he had with four daughters—EDWARD, his successor, and Martin-Bladen. His lordship *d.* 27th March, 1805, and was *s.* by his elder son,

EDWARD, third baron; *b.* 3rd May, 1774; *m.* 28th August, 1798, Frances-Anne, only daughter and heiress of Stanhope Harvey, esq. of Womersley Park, in the county of York, (when his lordship assumed the surname and arms of Harvey, in addition to those of his own family,) by whom he had issue,

EDWARD-WILLIAM, present baron.

Stanhope, *b.* 18th January, 1804, captain in the army.

Martin, *b.* in 1806.

His lordship *d.* 20th November, 1824.

*Creation*—20th May, 1776.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, *ar.* a chev. ermineois, between three boatswains' whistles *az.* for HAWKE; second and third, *or.* a chev. engr. between three leopards' faces *gu.* for HARVEY.

*Crests*—Of HAWKE, a hawk, with wings endorsed, *erm.* beaked, bell'd, and charged on the breast with a fleur-de-lis *or.* Of HARVEY, a leopard, statant, *ppr.* collared *gu.*

*Supporters*—DEXTER, Neptune, mantled, and standing upon a dolphin vert, crowned with an eastern crown *or.* his arm elevated, darting his trident *ppr.*; SINISTER, a sea-horse *or.* sustaining with the left foot a banner *ar.*

*Motto*—Strike.

*Seats*—Womersley Park, Towton Hall, and Scarthingwell Park, all in the county of York.

## HAW

**HAWKINS, SIR JOHN-CÆSAR**, baronet of Kelston, in the county of Somerset; *b.* 9th February, 1782; *s.* to the title as third baronet, upon the demise of his brother, 2nd July, 1793; *m.* 11th August, 1804, Charlotte, eldest daughter of William Surtees, esq. of Seaton-Burr, in the county of Northumberland, by whom he has issue,

1. JOHN-CÆSAR, *b.* 2nd December, 1805.
2. George-Cæsar, *b.* 18th March, 1807.
3. Henry-Cæsar, *b.* 19th March, 1809.
4. A son, *b.* in 1814.
5. A son, *b.* in 1816.
6. Elizabeth-Anne.

### Lineage.

1. CÆSAR HAWKINS, esq. of Kelston, serjeant-surgeon to the king, was created a baronet 25th July, 1778. Sir Cæsar *m.* Miss Cox, by whom he had several children, the eldest of whom,

John, *d.* 7th May, 1785, leaving issue by Anne, eldest daughter of Jos. Colborne, esq. three sons and a daughter,

1. Cæsar, who *s.* his grandfather.
2. JOHN-CÆSAR, present baronet.
3. George.
4. ———, *m.* in 1780, to George Thornhill, esq.

Sir Cæsar *d.* 13th February, 1786, and was *s.* by his grandson,

2. SIR CÆSAR, at whose decease, unmarried, 2nd July, 1793, the title devolved upon his brother, JOHN-CÆSAR, the present baronet.

*Creation*—25th July, 1778.



*Arms*—Ar. on a saltier engr. sa five fleurs-de-lis, or.

*Crest*—On a mount vert, a hind lodged or.

*Seat*—Kelston House, in the county of Somerset.

**HAWLEY, SIR JOSEPH HENRY**, baronet, of Leybourne-Grange, in the county of Kent; *b.* 27th October, 1813; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 29th March, 1831.

### Lineage.

1. HENRY-HAWLEY, esq. only son of James Hawley, of Leybourne-Grange, M.D. and F.R.S. by Elizabeth, daughter of Joseph Banks, esq. of Revesby Abbey, in the county of Lincoln, was

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created a baronet 14th May, 1795. Sir Henry *m.* first, in 1779, Dorothy, only daughter and heiress of John Ashwood, esq. of Madeley, in the county of Salop, by whom he had issue,

HENRY, his successor.

Dorothy-Elizabeth, *m.* in 1800, to Sir Brooke-William Bridges, baronet, and *d.* in 1816. Harriott.

Charlotte, *m.* first, in 1810, to the Reverend Brooke-John Bridges, who *d.* in 1812; and, secondly, in 1823, to Thomas-Gardiner Bramston, esq. of Skreens, in the county of Essex.

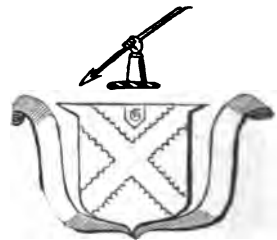
Sir Henry *m.* secondly, in 1785, Anne, eldest daughter of William Humphreys, esq. of Llywn. in the county of Montgomery, by whom he had likewise a son, James, and three daughters. Sir Henry *d.* 20th January, 1826, and was *s.* by his only son.

2. SIR HENRY, *b.* 20th October, 1776. This gentleman *m.* 29th November, 1806, Catherine Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Gregory Shaw, baronet, of Kerward Kent, by whom he had issue,

1. JOSEPH-HENRY, present baronet.
2. Henry-James, *b.* 14th July, 1815.
3. Henry-Edward, *b.* 31st July, 1823.
4. Catherine-Anne.
5. Theodosia.
6. Marianne-Dorothy.
7. Augusta-Harriet.
8. Frances-Charlotte.
9. Caroline-Elizabeth.
10. Ellen-Catherine.

Sir Henry *d.* 29th March, 1831.

*Creation*—14th May, 1795.



*Arms*—Vert a saltier engr. ar.

*Crest*—A dexter arm embowed in armour, ppr. garnished or, holding in the hand a spear in bend sinister, point downwards, also ppr.

*Seat*—Leybourne-Grange, near Maidstone, Kent.

**HAY, BARON**, of Pedwardin, in the county of Hereford, created 1st January, 1712.

See Earl of Kinnoul.

## HAY

**HAY, SIR JOHN**, baronet, of Park, in the county of Wigtoun; *b.* 29th August, 1799; *s.* to the title, as seventh baronet, upon the decease of his cousin, Sir William Hay, 7th October, 1801. Sir John was called to the Scottish bar in 1821.

### Lineage.

**THOMAS HAY**, esq. (younger son of Hay, of Dalgety, a cadet of the noble house of Errol,) soon after the reformation in Scotland, acquired the estate of Park, a part of the abbey lands of Glenluce, in the county of Wigtoun, which have been possessed by his lineal descendants to the present period. The great-grandson of this gentleman,

1. **SIR THOMAS HAY**, knt. of Park, was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* 25th August, 1663. He *m.* an illegitimate daughter of James, Duke of Hamilton, and was *s.* at his decease by his son,

2. **SIR CHARLES**, who *m.* Miss Agnew, daughter of Sir Patrick Agnew, bart. of Lochmaw, hereditary-sheriff of Wigtoun, by whom he had two sons,

**THOMAS**, who pre-deceased his father, leaving issue, by his wife, Mary, daughter of Sir William Maxwell, of Montreith; Thomas, successor to the title, and several other sons.

**James.**

Sir Charles was *s.* at his decease by his grandson,

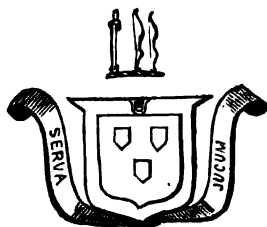
3. **SIR THOMAS**, who was *s.* by his only surviving son,

4. **SIR THOMAS**, at whose decease, 30th April, 1794, without issue, the estate of Park devolved upon his sister, Susan, who had *m.* John Dalrymple, esq. of Dunragit, which John was created a baronet of Great Britain in 1796, and assumed the additional surname of Hay, (see that title) while the baronetcy reverted to his cousin, the descendant of James Hay, esq. second son of Sir Charles, the second baronet, namely,

5. **SIR THOMAS**, eldest son of William Hay, esq. of Crawfordstone, who was *s.* by his son,

6. **SIR WILLIAM**, at whose decease, unmarried, 7th October, 1801, the title devolved upon his cousin, **JOHN**, the present baronet, who is only son of the late Lieutenant-colonel Hay, (second son of William Hay, of Craufurdstone,) of the royal engineers, who fell at the Helder, 27th August, 1799, by Barbara, daughter of John Cragie, esq. of Glendoick, in the county of Perth.

*Creation*—25th August, 1663.



4 G

## HAY

*Arms*—*Ar.* three escutcheons, within a bordure gu.

*Crest*—The yoke of a plough, erect, in pale, or, with two bows gu.

*Motto*—*Serva jugum.*

*Town Residence*—Edinburgh.

**HAY, SIR JOHN**, baronet, of Smithfield and Hayston, in the county of Peebles; *b.* 3rd August, 1788; *s.* to the title, as sixth baronet, at the decease of his father, 23rd May, 1830.

### Lineage.

The Hays have been, from time immemorial, considerable proprietors in the county of Tweeddale, and have resided at Smithfield Castle, in the county of Peebles, for more than three hundred years.

**JOHN HAY**, eldest son of John, Lord Hay, of Yester, by a daughter and co-heiress of John Dickson, esq. of Smithfield, having succeeded to his mother's property, became "of Smithfield," in 1626. He *m.* Janet Scott, and left three sons,

**JAMES**, his successor.

Thomas, who *s.* his eldest brother.

John, of Kingsmeadows, from whom the present baronet descends.

Mr. Hay was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son, **JAMES HAY**, esq. who dying without issue, was *s.* by his brother,

**THOMAS HAY**, esq. who *d.* in 1570, and was *s.* by his son,

**JOHN HAY**, esq. of Smithfield, who was *s.* at his decease in 1628 by his only surviving son,

1. **JAMES HAY**, esq. of Smithfield. This gentleman was appointed by King James VI. in 1624, esquire of his majesty's body, and was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* 20th July, 1635. The patent being accompanied by a grant of land in Nova Scotia, extending three miles along the river Grand Solsibon, in Capricorne and Stretchburg, from thence northward for six miles, to be thenceforward denominated the barony and regality of Smithfield. Sir James *m.* Miss Mupey, by whom he had two sons and a daughter,

**JOHN**, his successor in the title, but whom he disinherited with a legacy of one thousand pounds.

**William**, who *s.* to the estates, and *d.* without issue.

**Mary**, *m.* to Sir James Douglas, afterwards Earl of Morton.

Sir James *d.* in 1654, and was *s.* in the baronetcy by his eldest son,

2. **SIR JOHN**, who *d.* in 1659, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

3. **SIR JAMES**. This gentleman, who was *b.* in 1652, was the last male representative of the Smithfield branch, being the nephew and heir of William Hay, esq. of Smithfield, whose property, from various causes, became so reduced that Sir James had nothing to inherit. Sir James *d.* with-

## HAY

out male issue, in 1683, when the baronetcy became dormant, and so continued until revived in favour of his kinsman,

4. **SIR JAMES HAY**, M.D. eldest son of John Hay, esq. of Haystown, (which John was great-grand-son of John Hay, esq. of Kingsmeadows, youngest son of the first John Hay, of Smithfield.) This gentleman, who succeeded to the property of his father in 1762, preferred, in 1805, his claim to the dormant baronetage, which was allowed by a jury, assembled at Peebles, 9th November, in the same year. Sir James m. in 1751, Dorriel, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Daniel Campbell, esq. of Greenyards, and dying 21st October, 1810, was s. by his eldest son,

5. **SIR JOHN**, b. 15th January, 1755; m. 9th July, 1785, Mary-Elizabeth, youngest daughter of James, sixteenth Lord Forbes, by whom (who d. 2nd November, 1803) he had issue,

**JOHN**, present baronet.

Robert, b. 27th February, 1793.

Adam, b. 14th December, 1795.

Samuel, b. 5th August, 1803.

Catherine.

Mary, m. 8th February, 1819, to George Forbes, esq.

Elizabeth, m. in 1825, to Sir David Hunter Blair, bart.

Grace, m. 20th July, 1831, to Matthew-Norman Macdonald, esq.

Jane, m. in 1817, to Colonel Charles Fraser.

Jemima-Barbara.

Sir John d. 23rd May, 1830.

*Creation*—20th July, 1635.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, as. three cinquefoils ar. for FRASER; second and third, gu. three bars erm. for GIFFORD, of Yester, all within a bordure, vert, charged with unicorns' heads, couped, and stars alternately, ar. in surtout the paternal coat of HAY ar. three inescutcheons gu.

*Crest*—An ox-yoke, in bend, or, bows gu.

*Supporters*—On the dexter, a husbandman, habited ppr. holding over his shoulder an ox-yoke as the former, and on the sinister a royal stag ppr.

*Motto*—Pro patria.

*Seats*—Smithfield and Hayston, Peeblesshire.

## HAY

**HAY-DALRYMPLE, SIR JAMES**, baronet, of Glenluce, in the county of Wigtoun; b. 26th July, 1789; inherited the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, in May, 1812; m. first, in September, 1819, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John-Heros Maxwell, bart. of Springkill; by whom (who d. in February, 1821) he has issue,

**JOHN-CHARLES**, b. 11th of February, 1821.

He espoused secondly, in 1823, Anne, daughter of George Haythorn, esq. by whom he has

Sarah-Georgiana, b. 6th May, 1826.

### Lineage.

**JAMES DALRYMPLE**, esq. of Dunraget, in the county of Wigtoun, m. Grace, daughter of — Mac Dowall, esq. of Treagh, and, dying in 1766, left an only son,

1. **JOHN DALRYMPLE**, esq. of Park Place, in the same county, who m. Susanna, only daughter of Sir Thomas Hay, of Park, by Jean, daughter of — Blair, of Dunakey, and heiress of her brother, Sir Thomas Hay; upon inheriting whose estates, Mr. Dalrymple assumed the additional surname of Hay, and was created a baronet 20th of April, 1798. Sir John had issue,

1. **JAMES**, the present baronet.

2. **Jean**.

3. **Grace**.

4. **Elizabeth**, m. in 1808, to Leveson-Douglas Stewart, esq. R. N. second son of Admiral Keith Stewart.

5. **Susannah**, m. in 1817, to Colonel Fraser.

6. **Margaret**.

7. **Mary**.

He d. in May, 1812.

*Creation*—20th April, 1798.



*Arms*—Ar. a yoke ppr. a crescent as. in chief and in base three escutcheons gu.

*Crest*—A falcon ppr. charged on the breast with an escutcheon, gu.

*Mottoes*—(For Dalrymple,) Firme. (For Hay,) Serva jugum.

*Seats*—Park Hay, Glenluce; and Dunraget, Wigtounshire.

**HAYES, SIR THOMAS-PELHAM**, baronet, of Westminster, in the county of Middlesex; s. to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 19th July, 1809.



## HAY

### Lineage.

1. JOHN-MACNAMARA HAYES, M.D. son of John Hayes, esq. by Margaret, daughter and co-heiress of S. Macnamara, esq. of Ballyhally, in the county of Clare, having filled the office of physician to his majesty's forces during the first American war, was created a baronet 6th of February, 1797. Sir John m. in 1787, Anne, eldest daughter of Henry White, esq. one of his majesty's council, of New York, by whom he had issue,

THOMAS-PHELHAM, present baronet.

John-Warren, b. in 1790.

Anna-Maria.

Selina, m. in 1812, to Sir Robert Wigram, knt. F.R.S. eldest son of Sir Robert Wigram, baronet.

Sir John-Macnamara d. in 1809.

Creation—6th February, 1797.



**Arms**—Quarterly; first and fourth, ar. a chev. az. between three escutcheons, gu. each charged with a leopard's face or; second and third, ar. a lion rampant gu. between three pheons az.

**Crest**—On a perch ppr. a falcon, wings endorsed or, an escutcheon pendent from the beak, as in the arms.

**HAYES, SIR SAMUEL**, baronet, of Drumboe Castle, in the county of Donegal; s. to the title, as second baronet, upon the decease of his father, 21st July, 1807.

### Lineage.

CHALLIS-HAYES, esq. son of Challis Hayes, esq. of Bridgewater, vice-consul at Lisbon, m. Deborah, daughter of — Holditch, esq. of Totness, and left an only surviving son,

SAMUEL HAYES, esq. who m. Mary, daughter and heiress of William Basil, esq. of Drumboe Castle, in the county of Donegal, and of Wilton Park, in the county of Bucks, by whom he had issue,

SAMUEL, his successor.

Mary, wife of the Rev. Andrew Hamilton.

Frances, wife of John Boyd, esq. of Ballymacool, in the county of Donegal.

Mr. Hayes was created a **BARONET OF IRELAND** 27th August, 1780, and dying in 1807, was s. by his only son, the present baronet.

## HEA

Creation—27th August, 1780.



**Arms**—Ar. a chev. between three herald tigers' heads, erased, sa.

**Seat**—Drumboe Castle, in the county of Donegal.

**HEAD, THE REVEREND SIR JOHN**, baronet, of Hermitage, in the county of Kent, M.A. perpetual curate of Egerton, in that county, and rector of Rayleigh, in the county of Essex; s. to the title, as seventh baronet, upon the demise of his father, 21st November, 1796; m. in October, 1801, Jane, only daughter of Thomas Walker, esq. of London, by whom he has issue,

EDMUND-WALKER, b. in 1805.

Anne, b. in 1807.

### Lineage.

This family, which is of antiquity in Kent, derives its surname from the Kentish port now called Hythe, but formerly known as "*De Hede*." The baronetcy was conferred, 19th of June, 1676, upon

1. **RICHARD HEAD**, esq. second son of Richard Head, esq. of Raynham, in the county of Kent, by Anne, daughter of William Hartridge, esq. of Cranbrooke, in the same county. Sir Richard m. first, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heiress of Alderman Merrick, of Rochester, by whom he had three sons and a daughter; and, secondly, Elizabeth, co-heiress of — Willy, esq. of Wrotham, Kent, by whom he had, (with three daughters and another son),

**JOHN**, a merchant of London, m. Anne, daughter and co-heiress of John Dawes, esq. of London, and left, in 1687, an only son,

**DAWES**, of Ravenstonedale, in the county of Westmorland, who m. Miss Taylor, and had an only son,

**JOHN**, of Liverpool, merchant, m. Hannah, daughter of the Rev. Edmund Wickins, rector of Kirby-Thorn, Westmorland, by whom he left, in 1739, a son, **EDMUND**, who s. as sixth baronet.

Sir Richard Head, who represented Rochester in parliament, and resided in that city, received King James, upon his abdication, and was presented by that monarch with a valuable emerald ring. He d. in 1680, and was s. by (the only son of his deceased son, Francis) his grandson,

2. **SIR FRANCIS**, who *m.* Margaret, daughter and co-heiress of James Smithsbye, esq. and granddaughter of Sir Thomas Smithsbye, knt. by whom he had nine children, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

3. **SIR RICHARD**, who *d.* unmarried, in 1721, when the title devolved upon his brother,

4. **THE REVEREND SIR FRANCIS**. This gentleman *m.* in 1726, Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Sir William Boys, knt. M.D., by whom he left three co-heiresses:

Maria-Wilhelmina, *m.* to Henry Roper, who *s.* as eleventh Lord Tynham, and *d.* in 1758.

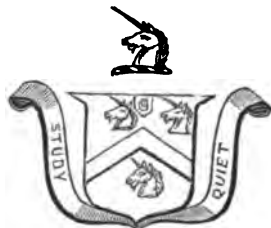
Anne-Gabriella, *m.* first, to Moses Mendez, esq. of London, and had two sons, who both assumed the name of HEAD. The elder *m.* a sister of Sir Thomas Stepney, and had a daughter, married to the late Honorable and Rev. George Herbert. The younger, James Roper Head, *m.* a sister of the late Sir James Bland Burges Lamb, and was father of the two captains Head, authors of the Voyages to South and North America. Mrs. Mendez *m.* secondly, captain the Honorable John Roper, and *d.* in 1771.

Elizabeth-Campbell, *m.* to the Rev. Dr. Lill. The baronet dying thus, without male issue, in 1708, the title devolved upon his brother,

5. **THE REVEREND SIR JOHN**, archdeacon of Canterbury. This gentleman *d.* in 1700, without issue, when the baronetcy, after lying dormant a considerable time, was claimed and confirmed to

6. **SIR EDMUND**, (revert to descendants of John Head, esq. son of Sir Richard, 1st baronet.) This gentleman *m.* first, Mary, only daughter of Daniel Raineaux, esq. of Dublin, by whom he had JOHN, the present baronet; and, secondly, in 1706, Dorothy, daughter of Maximilian Western, esq. of Coke Thorpe, in the county of Oxford, a director of the Honorable East India Company, by whom he had no child. Sir Edmund *d.* in November, 1706.

*Creation*—19th June, 1676.



*Arms*—Ar. a chev. ermines, between three unicorn's heads, couped sa.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a unicorn's head, couped, ermines.

*Motto*—Study quiet.

*Seat*—Warton Place, near Maidstone, Kent.

**HEADFORT; MARQUESS OF**, (Thomas Taylour,) Earl of Bective, of Bective Castle, Viscount Headfort, and Baron of Headfort, in the peerage of Ireland; Baron Kenlis, of Kenlis or Kells, in the county of Meath, in that of the United Kingdom, a baronet of Ireland; *b.* 4th May, 1787, *m.* 29th January, 1822, Olivia, daughter of Sir John Stevenson, and widow of Edward Tuite Dalton, esq. by whom he has issue,

THOMAS, *Earl of Bective*, *b.* 1st November, 1822.

Robert, *b.* 7th November, 1826.

— (a son,) *b.* 12th December, 1831.

Olivia, *b.* 6th February, 1834.

Mary, *b.* 3rd April, 1825.

Virginia-Frances-Zertina, *b.* in 1828.

His lordship, who is colonel of the Meath militia, *s.* to the Irish honors as second marquess, at the decease of his father, 24th October, 1829, and obtained the barony of the empire by creation September, 1831.

### Lineage.

THOMAS TAYLOR, esq. of Rigmere, in the county of Sussex, *d.* in 1029, and was *s.* by his son,

JOHN TAYLOR, esq. who *d.* in 1038, leaving an only son,

THOMAS TAYLOR, esq. who emigrated to Ireland, in the year 1633, in the train of Sir William Petty. In which kingdom, he purchased lands in 1660, of which the town and townlands of Kells formed a portion, having disposed of his estates in England. After the restoration, Mr. Taylor was appointed one of the sub-commissioners of the court of claims. In 1660-70, he was deputy-receiver-general under Sir George Carteret, and immediately before his death he officiated as vice-treasurer and treasurer-at-war. Mr. Taylor *m.* in 1636, Anne, daughter of William Axtell, esq. of Berkhamstead, in the county of Hertford, and dying in 1662, was *s.* by his only surviving son,

1. THOMAS TAYLOR, esq. who was created a BARONET OF IRELAND 12th July, 1704, and sworn of the privy-council, in 1726. Sir Thomas *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir Robert Cotton, bart. of Combermere, and dying in 1736, was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR THOMAS, M.P. and a privy-councillor, who *m.* Mary, daughter of John Graham, esq. of Platten, in the county of Meath, and was *s.* by his only son,

3. SIR THOMAS, M.P. *b.* 20th October, 1734; *m.* 4th July, 1754, Jane, eldest daughter of the Right Hon. Hercules-Langford Rowley, by Elizabeth, Viscountess Langford, by whom he had issue,

THOMAS, late marquess.

Robert, *b.* 26th November, 1706, a general officer in the army, and colonel of the sixth dragoon-guards.

Clothworthy, created *Baron Langford*, (see that dignity.)

Henry-Edward, in holy orders, *b.* 13th November, 1708; *m.* in 1807, Marianne, eldest daughter of the Hon. Richard St. Leger, and has issue,

1. Thomas-Edward, *b.* in 1811.
2. Richard-Chambre-Hayes.
3. Hercules-Langford-Barry.
4. Marianne-Jane.
5. Elizabeth-Augusta.
6. Louisa-Catherine.
7. Henrietta-Frances.

Henrietta, *m.* in 1791, to Chambre-Brabason Ponsonby-Barker, esq.

Sir Thomas was elevated to the Irish peerage, 6th September, 1760, as *Baron Headfort*; of Headfort, in the county of Meath; created, 12th April, 1762, *Viscount Headfort*; and advanced to an earldom, as *Earl of Beective*, of *Beective Castle*, 24th October, 1766. His lordship was installed, in 1783, a knight of St. Patrick, and sworn of the privy-council in Ireland. He *d.* 14th February, 1795, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

THOMAS, second earl, *b.* 18th November, 1757, *m.* 4th December, 1778, Mary, only daughter and heiress of George Quin, esq. of Quinsborough, in the county of Clare, by whom he had issue,

THOMAS, present Marquess.

George, *b.* 10th March, 1792, assumed the name of QUIN; *m.* in 1814, Georgiana-Charlotte, third daughter of George-John, second Earl Spencer. Her ladyship *d.* in 1823, leaving issue,

1. George-Thomas, *b.* in 1815.
2. Richard-Robert, *b.* in 1820.
3. Lavinia-Jane.

Mary, lady of the bedchamber to H. R. H. the Princess Augusta.  
Elizabeth-Jane.

His lordship was created Marquess of Headfort. He was one of the lords of the bedchamber, and died 20th October, 1829.

**Creations**—Baronet, 12th July, 1764. Baron, 6th September, 1766. Viscount, 12th April, 1762. Earl, 24th October, 1766. Marquess, 20th December, 1800. Barony of the empire, September, 1831.



**Arms**—Erm. on a chief gu. a fleur-de-lis between two boars' heads, couped and erect, or.

**Crest**—A naked arm, embowed, holding an arrow ppr.

**Supporters**—DEXTER, a lion; SINISTER, a leopard, both guardant, collared, and lined or.

**Motto**—Consequitur quodcunque petit.

**Seat**—Beective Castle, in the county of Meath.

HEADLEY, BARON, (Charles Allanson-Winn,) of Aghadoe, in the county of Kerry, in the peerage of Ireland, and a baronet of England; *b.* 25th June, 1784; *s.* to the honors, as second baron, upon the demise of his father, 9th April, 1798; *m.* 19th November, 1825, Miss Matthews, daughter of — Matthews, esq.

### Lineage.

This is a branch of the ancient family of Winn, baronets, of Nostell Abbey, in the county of York.

1. GEORGE WINN, esq. (great-grandson of Sir George Winn, the first baronet, of Nostell Abbey, through his second son, George, and only son of Pelham Winn, esq., by Elizabeth, daughter of the Reverend Gilbert Wighton, and his wife, Elizabeth Allanson, great-granddaughter of Sir William Allanson, lord-mayor of York, in 1633,) having been bred to the legal profession, was constituted, in 1761, English baron of the court of exchequer in Scotland. His lordship was created a baronet of England in 1776, and elevated to the peerage of Ireland, as BARON HEADLEY, 14th November, 1797. He *m.* first, in 1765, Anne, daughter of Sir Rowland Winn, baronet, of Nostell Abbey, by whom he had a daughter, who *d.* in minority. His lordship espoused, secondly, in 1783, Elizabeth, eldest daughter and heiress of Arthur Bennerhasset, esq., of the county of Kerry, and had

CHARLES, the present baron.

George-Arthur-Mark-Way, M. P., *b.* 14th August, 1785; *m.* in 1807, Elizabeth-Mary, eldest daughter of Louis Majendie, esq., and dying 5th November, 1827, left, with other issue,

MARK, *b.* 27th January, 1806.

Jane-Elizabeth, *m.* in 1805, to John Knight, esq.

Maria.

Lord Headley inherited, in 1763, the estates of Mark Winn, esq., of Little Warley, in the county of Essex; and, in 1775, those of his maternal cousin, Charles Allanson, esq., upon which occasion he assumed the surname of Allanson before that of Winn. He *d.* 9th April, 1798.

**Creations**—Baronet, 1776. Lord Headley, Baron Allanson and Winn, of Aghadoe, in the county of Kerry, 14th November, 1797.

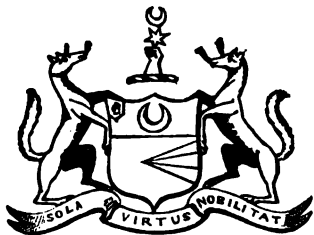
**Arms**—Quarterly; first and fourth, erm. on a fesse vert, three eagles, displayed, or, for WINN; second and third, paly, wavy, of six, or and az. on a chief gu. a lion, passant, guardant, or, for ALLANSON.

**Crest**—Of WINN, a demi-eagle, displayed, or.

**Crest**—Of ALLANSON, a demi-lion, rampant, guardant, or, holding a cross gu.

## HEN

*Creation*—18th July, 1664.



*Arms*—Gu. three piles; issuing out of the sinister side ar. on a chief of the last a crescent as between two ermine spots sa.

*Crest*—A dexter hand ppr. holding a star or surmounted by a crescent ar.

*Supporters*—Two martins erm.

*Motto*—Sola virtus nobilitat.

**HENLEY, BARON**, (Robert-Henley Henley,) of Chardstock, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 3rd September, 1789, *m.* 11th March, 1824, Harriet, daughter of the late Sir Robert Peel, bart. and has issue,

Anthony-Henley, *b.* 12th April, 1825.

— (a son), *b.* 7th March, 1831.

His lordship, who *s.* to the title, as second baron, at the decease of his father, 6th December, 1830, assumed by sign manual in 1831, the name and arms of Henley only.

### Lineage.

**FREDERICK-MORTON EDEN**, esq. youngest son of Sir Robert Eden, bart. and brother of William, first Lord Auckland, having been accredited as a diplomatist of the first class at different courts in Europe from 1776 to 1799, was created a peer of Ireland, 9th November, 1799, as **BARON HENLEY, of Chardstock**. His lordship *m.* in August, 1783, Elizabeth, youngest daughter of Robert Henley, first Earl of Northington, and, eventually, co-heiress of her brother Robert, second earl (at whose decease, in 1786, that peerage expired) by whom (who *d.* in 1821) he had issue,

**ROBERT-HENLEY**, present peer.

William, in holy orders, *b.* 9th November, 1792, *m.* 19th January, 1820, Anna-Maria, daughter of Mr. William Kelham and Dowager Lady Grey de Ruthyn, by whom he has issue,

1. William-Henley, *b.* in 1821.

2. Arthur.

3. Selina-Elizabeth.

Mary-Jane, *m.* in 1824, to Edmund-Cradock Hartopp, esq. eldest son of Sir Edmund-Cradock-Hartopp, bart.

Lord Henley *d.* 6th December, 1830.

*Creation*—9th November, 1799.

*Arms*—Gu. on a chev. between three garbs or,

## HEN

banded vert, as many escallops sa. an annulet for difference.



*Crest*—A dexter arm in armour, couped at the shoulder ppr. charged above the elbow with an annulet gu. and below with a ribbon of the last grasping a garb or, banded vert.

*Supporters*—**Dexter**, a lion, ar. semée of tor-teaux, ducally crowned or. collared of the last, thereon three escallops sa.; **Sinister**, a stag ar. attired and hooped or, collared as the lion, to each collar a shield pendent, or, charged with an eagle, displayed, with two heads, sa.

*Motto*—Si sit prudentia.

*Town Residence*—19, Whitehall-place.

*Seat*—Russell Farm, Herts.

**HENNIKER, BARON**, (John-Minet Henniker-Major,) of Stratford-upon-Avon, in the county of Warwick, in the peerage of Ireland, and a baronet of England; *b.* 20th November, 1777; *m.* 1st January, 1799, Mary, daughter of the Rev. William Chafe, minor canon of Canterbury, by whom he has issue,

1. **JOHN**, *b.* 3rd February, 1801.

2. Major, *b.* 21st July, 1810.

3. William-Chafe, *b.* 13th March, 1813.

4. Anne-Elizabeth, *m.* in 1824, to John Heaton, esq. of Plás Heaton, in the county of Denbigh.

5. Mary, *m.* 24th June, 1820, to John-Longeville Bedingfeld, son of J. J. Bedingfeld, esq. of Ditchingham, Norfolk.

6. Emily.

7. Elizabeth, *m.* in 1826, to Sir Augustus-Brydges Henniker, bart.

8. Frances.

His lordship *s.* to the dignity, as third baron, upon the demise of his uncle, 5th December, 1821. Lord Henniker assumed the surname of **MAJOR**, in addition to and after that of **HENNIKER**, by sign manual, in 1822.

### Lineage.

1. **JOHN MAJOR**, esq. of Worlingworth Hall, in the county of Suffolk, was created a baronet 8th July, 1765, with remainder, in default of male issue, to John Henniker, esq. (son of John Hen-

niker, esq. an eminent Russia merchant), the husband of his eldest daughter, Anne (his second and only other daughter, Elizabeth, m. Henry Bridges, second Duke of Chandos); and, upon his demise, in 1781, was s. in his title, and a moiety of his estates, by his said son-in-law.

2. SIR JOHN HENNIKER, who, by his marriage with Miss Major, had issue,

JOHN, his successor.

Major, m. 24th June, 1776, Mary, daughter of John Phoenix, esq. of Rochester, and dying in 1789, left issue,

JOHN-MINER, present lord.

Major-Jacob, captain R.N. b. 19th August, 1780, m. 28th April, 1820, Anne-Eliza, second daughter of the late Sir Brydges-Trecothick Henniker, bart., and has issue, one son and a daughter.

Mary-Anne, m. to Sir F. W. Sykes, bart. and d. in 1804.

Elizabeth-Dale, m. to the late John Simon Harcourt, esq. and d. in 1811.

Brydges-Trecothick, b. 10th November, 1767, a lieutenant-general in the army, created a baronet 2nd November, 1815. (See that title.)

Anne-Elizabeth, m. first, Edward-Augustus, second Earl of Aldborough; and, secondly, George Powell, esq. and d. s. p. 14th July, 1802.

Sir John Henniker was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, as BARON HENNIKER, of *Stratford-upon-Avony*, 30th July, 1800; and dying 18th April, 1803, was s. by his eldest son,

JOHN, second baron. His lordship was called to the bar in 1777, and had a seat in the house of commons, for different Kentish boroughs, from that period until 1802. He was a learned antiquary, and member of several literary societies. He m. Emily, daughter of Robert Jones, esq. of Duffryn, in the county of Glamorgan; but dying s. p. 5th December, 1821, the honors devolved upon his nephew, JOHN-MINER HENNIKER, esq. present baron.

*Creations*—Baronet, 8th July, 1765. Baron, 30th July, 1800.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, or a chevron between two crescents in chief, and in base an escallop az. for HENNIKER; second and third, az. three columns or pillars of the Corinthian order, on the top of each a ball, or, for MAJOR.

*Crest*—Of MAJOR, a dexter arm, embowed, 4 H

habited gu. cuff ar. charged on the elbow with a plate, holding in the hand ppr. a baton or.

*Crest*—Of HENNIKER, an escallop or, charged with an estoile gu.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a stag ar. gorged with a chaplet of oak-leaves ppr. therefrom pendent a shield gu. charged with an escallop or, SINISTER, an otter az. ducally gorged or, pendent therefrom a shield of the arms of MAJOR.

*Motto*—Deus major columna.

*Seats*—Stratford House, Essex; Major House, Stonham; Worlingworth Hall, Suffolk; Broad Stairs, Kent.

**HENNIKER, THE REVEREND SIR AUGUSTUS-BRYDGES**, baronet, of Newton Hall, in the county of Essex; b. 24th January, 1795; inherited the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his brother, 6th August, 1825; m. first, Frances-Amelia, daughter of J.-Henry Stewart, esq. by whom (who d. 17th June, 1823,) he has a daughter, Frances-Elizabeth. Sir Augustus espoused, secondly, 14th February, 1826, Elizabeth, youngest daughter of John-Miner, present Lord Henniker, and has

Elizabeth-Mary.

Louisa-Augusta.

— (a daughter.)

### Lineage.

1. LIEUTENANT-GENERAL THE HONORABLE BRYDGES-TRECOTHICK HENNIKER, youngest son of John, first Lord Henniker, was created a baronet, 2nd of November, 1813. Sir Brydges m. Mary, eldest daughter of William Press, esq. by whom he had issue,

FREDERICK, his successor.

AUGUSTUS-BRYDGES, present baronet.

Aldborough-Brydges-John, b. 4th Jan. 1797.

John, b. 7th June, 1800.

Anne, m. to John Wythe, esq.

Anne-Eliza-Elizabeth, m. 28th April, 1829, to Captain-major Jacob Henniker, R.N.

Sir Brydges d. 3rd July, 1816, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR FREDERICK; at whose decease, without issue, 6th August, 1825, the title devolved upon his brother, AUGUSTUS-BRYDGES, the present baronet.

*Creation*—2nd November, 1813.

*Arms*—Same as Lord Henniker's, without the supporters.

*Motto*—Deus major columna.

*Seat*—Newton Hall, Essex.

**HEPBURN-BUCHAN, SIR JOHN**, baronet, of Smeaton, in the county of Haddington; b. 17th June, 1766; m. 29th August, 1800, Mary-Turner, only daughter of Thomas Hogg, esq. of Newliston, in the county of Linlithgow, and granddaughter (maternally) of James, seventh Earl of Lauderdale, by whom he has issue,

1. THOMAS. 2. JOHN. 3. MARY-JULIAN.

## HER

Sir John s. to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 3rd July 1819.

## Lineage.

1. GEORGE BUCHAN-HEPBURN, esq. (son of John Buchan, esq. of Letham, which John, who was descended from the old Earls of Buchan, assumed the name of Hepburn, upon marrying Elizabeth, daughter of Patrick Hepburn, esq. of Smeaton,) was created a baronet 6th of May, 1815. Sir George m. first, Jane, eldest daughter of Alexander Leith, esq. of Glenkindy and Fairfield, in the county of Aberdeen, by whom he had an only son,

JOHN, present baronet.

And, secondly, Margaretta-Henrietta, daughter of John-Zacharias Beck, esq. of Saxa-Gotha, and widow of Brigadier-general Fraser, but had no issue. Sir George, at the demise of his maternal uncle, George Hepburn, esq. in 1704, succeeded as heir of line of that ancient family. He d. 3rd July, 1819.

Creation—6th May, 1815.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, gu., on a chev., ar., a rose between two lions rampant of the first, for HEPBURN; second, ar., three lions' heads, erased, gu., for BUCHAN; third, ar., an anchor in bend, az. on a chief of the last, three cranes, or, for BECK.

*Crests*—First, a horse, ar, furnished gu., tied to a yew-tree, ppr. for HEPBURN; second, the sun in the dexter chief, with a sunflower in full blow, open to it, ppr. for BUCHAN.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a lion gu.; SINISTER, a heron with a snake in its beak, ppr.

*Mottos*—Domum antiquam redintegrare. Keep trait. Non inferiora secutus.

*Seat*—Smeaton, in the county of Haddington.

HEREFORD, VISCOUNT, (Henry Devereux,) and a baronet; b. 9th February, 1777; s. to the honors, as fourteenth and PREMIER VISCOUNT of England, upon the demise of his father, 31st December, 1804; m. 12th December, 1805, Frances-Elizabeth, third daughter of the late Sir George Cornwall, bart. of Moccas Court, in the county of Hereford, by whom he has issue,

HENRY CORNEWALL, b. 21st November, 1807.

Robert, b. 3rd May, 1809.

Walter-Bourchier, b. 3rd November, 1810.

Humphrey-Bohun, b. 29th June, 1812.

## HER

George-Talbot, b. 12th January, 1818.

Frances-Catherine, b. 19th May, 1814.

Lord Hereford is captain of the band of gentlemen-pensioners.

## Lineage.

This noble family derives its surname from Evereux, a considerable town of Normandy; and it traces its pedigree from

ROBERT DE EWREUS, youngest son of Walter de Ewrus, Earl of Roemar, one of the leaders in the Norman army, at the battle of Hastings, from whom descended through a junior line,

SIR WILLIAM DEVEREUX, knt. of Bodynham, and Whitechurch, in the county of Hereford, who served the office of sheriff for that shire in 1371 and 1376. Sir William m. Anne, daughter of Sir John Barre, knt. and was s. by his son,

SIR WALTER DEVEREUX, who was sheriff of Herefordshire, in the 50th Edward III. and obtained the year after, (1379,) a license for a market and fair, at his manor of Bodynham. He m. Agnes, daughter of Thomas Cropkull, cousin and heir of Sir John Cropkull, in whose right he became seized of the manor of Weobley, in the county of Hereford. Sir Walter d. in the 4th Henry IV. and was s. by his son,

WALTER DEVEREUX, who m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Thomas Bromwich, knt. and was s. by his son,

SIR WALTER DEVEREUX, who m. Elizabeth, daughter and heir of Sir John Merbury, and was s. by his eldest son,

SIR WALTER D'EVEREUX, knt. who m. Anne, only daughter and heiress of William, Baron Ferrers, of Chartley; in consequence of which alliance, he was summoned to parliament, 26th July, 1461, in the dignity of his deceased father-in-law, *Baron Ferrers, of Chartley*. His lordship received, subsequently, (in 1470,) a grant for life of the county of Caernarvon; was appointed chief-forester of Snowdon Hills, in North Wales; and installed a knight of the most noble order of the Garter. Attaching himself to the interests of Richard III., Lord Ferrers fell at Bosworth Field, 22nd August, 1485, and was s. by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN DEVEREUX, knt. second Baron Ferrers, of Chartley, who was summoned to parliament from the third to the twelfth year of Henry VII. His lordship m. Cecily, sister and sole heiress of Henry, (Bourchier,) Earl of Ewe and Essex, and Baroness Bourchier, in her own right, (maternally descended from Thomas Plantagenet, Duke of Gloucester, youngest son of King Edward III. See *Burke's Extinct and Dormant Peerage*.) by whom he had a daughter Anne, who m. Henry, Lord Clifford; and a son, his successor,

WALTER, third Baron Ferrers, of Chartley, who inherited the barony of Bourchier from his mother. This nobleman, in consideration of the active and distinguished part he had taken in the French wars of Henry VIII. was created by that monarch, 2nd February, 1540-50, VISCOUNT HEREFORD, with an annual rent of twenty marks out of the revenues of the county of Hereford, to

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himself, and his heirs male, for ever. His lordship was also installed a knight of the most noble order of the Garter. He *m. first*, Mary, daughter of Thomas Grey, Marquess of Dorset, by whom he had three sons,

Henry, who *d. unmarried*.

Richard (Sir), who died in the lifetime of his father, possessed the manor of Bodenheim, and left, with other issue, by his wife, Dorothea, daughter of George, first Earl of Huntingdon.

WALTER, who inherited the honors.

William (Sir), who *m. Jane*, daughter of John Scudamore, of Home Lacy, in the county of Hereford, and left two daughters, his co-heirs, *vis.*

Barbara, *m. first*, to Edward Cave, esq. and secondly, to the Hon. Sir Edward Hastings, *knt.*

Margaret, *m. to* Sir Edward Littleton, of Pillaton Hall, in the county of Suffolk.

The Viscount espoused, secondly, Margaret, daughter of Robert Garnish, esq. of Kenton, in Suffolk, by whom he had an only son,

EDWARD, of Castle Bromwich, created a baronet 26th November, 1612. Sir Edward *m. Catherine*, eldest daughter of Edward Arden, esq. of Park Hall, in the county of Warwick, and left, in 1622, with other children,

WALTER, who succeeded as fifth viscount. George (Sir), of Sheldon Hall, Warwickshire: *m. Blanch*, daughter and heiress of Sir John Ridge, of Ridge, Shropshire, and had

George, who *m. Bridget*, daughter and heiress of Arthur Price, esq. of Vaynor, in the county of Montgomery, and had

PRIDE, who *d. in 1666*, (before his father) leaving an only son, PAICE, who inherited as ninth viscount.

Mr. George Devereux had a second son,

Vaughan, of Nanteribba; whose son,

Arthur, *m. Elizabeth*, daughter of Richard Glynn, esq. and left a son,

EDWARD, who inherited as eleventh viscount.

His lordship *d. 27th September, 1553*, and was *s. by* his grandson,

WALTER, second viscount, then in his nineteenth year, who was created EARL OF ESSEX, 4th May, 1573, being likewise styled EARL OF EWE, Viscount Hereford, and Baron Ferrers, of Chartley, Bourchier, and Lovain, and installed a knight of the Garter. His lordship *m. Lettice*, daughter of Sir Francis Knolles, K.G. and had issue,

ROBERT, his successor.

Walter, killed before Rouen.

Penelope, *m. first*, to Robert, Lord Rich, and secondly, to Charles Blount, Earl of Devon.

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Dorothy, *m. first*, to Sir Thomas Perrot, *knt.* and secondly, to Henry, Earl of Northumberland.

The earl *d. at* Dublin, (where he was residing, as earl-marshal of Ireland,) 22nd September, 1576, and was *s. by* his eldest son,

ROBERT, second earl, the distinguished and unfortunate favorite of Queen Elizabeth; to which unhappy predilection of royalty his lordship fell a victim, and lost his head upon Tower Hill, in the thirty-fourth year of his age, 25th February, 1601. He was esteemed as an able statesman, a gallant soldier, and one of the most accomplished noblemen of the period in which he lived. He was a knight of the Garter, a privy-councillor, master of the horse, earl-marshal of England, lord-deputy of Ireland, and chancellor of the university of Cambridge. His lordship *m. Frances*, daughter and heiress of Sir Francis Walsingham, and relict of the celebrated Sir Philip Sidney, by whom he left three children, who were restored in blood, in 1603, *vis.*

Frances, *m. to* William Seymour, Marquess of Hertford; who was subsequently restored to the dukedom of Somerset,

Dorothy, *m. first*, to Sir Henry Shirley, bart. of Stanton Harold; and, secondly, to William Stafford, esq. of Blatherwick, Northamptonshire.

And his successor,

ROBERT, third earl. This nobleman was installed a knight of the Garter in May, 1638, and was attached to the royal cause until 1642, when he accepted a general's commission, and a command in the parliamentary army. His lordship *d. 14th September, 1646*, and was interred with national obsequies, in Westminster Abbey, 22nd October, the two houses of parliament attending at his funeral. His lordship *m. first*, when but fourteen years of age, Frances, daughter of Thomas Howard, Earl of Suffolk, from whom he was divorced; (the lady became subsequently notorious as the wife of Robert Carr, Earl of Somerset,) and, secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Powlet, of Eddington, Wilts, one of the natural sons of William, third Marquess of Winchester, by whom he had an only son, who *d. in* infancy. His lordship leaving thus no issue, the earldoms of Ewe and Essex expired: the barony of Ferrers, &c. fell into abeyance, and so continued, until revived by King Charles II. in the person of Sir Robert Shirley, afterwards Earl Ferrers; and the viscounty of Hereford devolved upon his kinsman,

SIR WALTER DEVEREUX, bart. as fifth viscount (revert to Edward, youngest son of Walter, first viscount). His lordship *m. first*, Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Robert Baysspoole, esq. of Aldeby, in the county of Norfolk, by whom he had no issue. He espoused, secondly, Elizabeth, second daughter of Thomas Knightley, esq. of Borough Hall, in the county of Stafford, and was *s. by* his eldest surviving son,

LEICESTER, sixth viscount, who *m. first* Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Withipole, *knt.* by whom he had one daughter, Frances, *m. to*

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William, Viscount Tracy. His lordship espoused, secondly, Priscilla, daughter of John Catchpole, esq. of the county of Suffolk, by whom he had two sons and two daughters. His lordship *d.* 1st December, 1676, and was *s.* by his elder son,

LEICESTER, seventh viscount, who *d.* in his ninth year, in March, 1682-3, when the honors devolved upon his only brother,

EDWARD, eighth viscount. This nobleman *d.* without issue, 9th August, 1700, and the viscounty reverted to

PRICE DEVEREUX, esq. as ninth viscount, (revert to descendants of Edward, youngest son of first viscount.) This nobleman *m.* Mary, second daughter of Samuel Sandys, esq. of Ombersley Court, by whom he had a daughter, and his successor, (in 1740.)

PRICE, tenth viscount, who *d.* without issue, (although *m.* twice,) 27th July, 1748, when the viscounty reverted to

EDWARD DEVEREUX, esq. as eleventh viscount, (revert to descendants of Edward, youngest son of the first viscount.) His lordship *m.* Catherine, daughter of Richard Mytton, esq. of Garble, Montgomeryshire, and dying 21st August, 1760, was *s.* by his eldest surviving son,

EDWARD, twelfth viscount who *d.* 1st of August, 1783, when the peerage devolved upon his brother,

GEORGE, thirteenth viscount, *b.* 25th April, 1744; *m.* in 1768, Mariana, only daughter and heiress of George Devereux, esq. of Tregoyd, in the county of Brecon, by whom he had surviving issue,

HENRY, present viscount.

Marian, *m.* to Sir James Cockburn, bart.

Charlotte-Henrietta-Mariana, *m.* to Henry Wellington, esq.

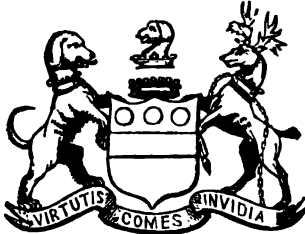
Juliana-Stratford-Mariana, *m.* in 1830, to Henry Eyre, esq. who *d.* in 1830.

Catherine-Eliza-Mariana, *m.* in 1806, to Walter Wilkins, esq. of Maeslough.

Georgiana, widow of Thynne-Howe Gwynne, esq. who *d.* 26th February, 1836.

His lordship *d.* 31st December, 1804.

Creation—2nd February, 1540—50.



*Arms*—Ar. a fesse gu. in chief three torteaus.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, a talbot's head ar. eared gu.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a talbot ar. eared gu. ducally gorged of the last; SINISTER, a rein-deer

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gu. attired ar. gorged with a ducal coronet and lined or.

*Mottos*—Virtutis comes invidia; and Basis virtutum constantia.

*Seats*—Nanterbilla Hall, Montgomeryshire; Tregoyd, Breconshire.

*Note*—In the patent creating the viscounty of Hereford, there is a clause, "that the grantee and his heirs male should enjoy the rank and degree of Viscount Hereford, in all parliaments and councils within the realm of England, and other the king's territories and kingdoms;" which clause, in the opinion of Sir Richard St. George, Garter king-at-arms, entitled the Viscounts Hereford to a seat in the parliament of Ireland as well as that of England.

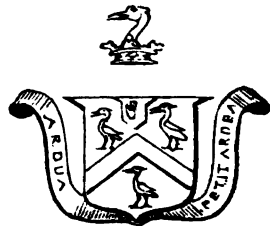
HERON, SIR ROBERT, baronet, of Newark-upon-Trent, in the county of Nottingham, M.P.; *b.* 27th November, 1765; *m.* 9th January, 1792, Amelia, daughter of Sir Horatio Mann, and Lady Lucy Mann, (daughter of Baptist Noel, Earl of Gainsborough,) by whom he has no issue. Sir Robert *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his uncle, in Jan. 1805.

## Lineage.

This family traces its settlement in England to the era of the Norman Conquest, and the name, (as then written "Herionn.") is found amongst the persons of distinction in the train of the Conqueror.

1. RICHARD HERON, esq. lord-treasurer's remembrancer in the court of exchequer, youngest son of Robert Heron, esq. recorder of Newark, having been appointed chief secretary to the lord-lieutenant of Ireland, (the Earl of Buckinghamshire,) in 1777, was sworn of the privy council of that kingdom, and created a baronet of England 25th July, 1778, with remainder to the issue male of his brother, Thomas Heron, esq. of Chilham Castle, in the county of Kent. The Right Hon. Sir Richard Heron *d.* in January, 1805, and leaving no issue, the title devolved, according to the limitation, upon his nephew, ROBERT HERON, esq. the present baronet, who is eldest and only surviving son of the abovementioned Thomas, by Anne, daughter of Sir Edward Wilmot, baronet, the eminent royal physician in the reigns of George II. and George III.

Creation—25th July, 1778.





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*Arms*—Of HERON, of BOKENFIELD, gu. a chevron between three herons ar.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, a heron's head ppr.

*Arms*—Of HERON of FORD-CASTLE, quarterly, first and fourth, as. three herons ar.; second and third, Barry of six ar. and as. a bend gu. charged with a plate.

*Crest*—A heron, as in the arms.

*Motto*—*Ardua petit ardes.*

*Seat*—Stubbers, Lincolnshire.

HERTFORD, MARQUESS AND EARL OF, (Francis-Charles Ingram-Seymour-Conway,) Earl of Yarmouth, Viscount Beauchamp, of Hache, and Baron Conway, of Ragley, in the peerage of Great Britain; Baron Conway, of Killultagh, in the county of Antrim, in the peerage of Ireland, K.G.; warden of the Stannaries, recorder of Coventry and Bodmyn, and chief-steward and vice-admiral of the Duchy of Cornwall; b. 11th March, 1777; m. 18th May, 1798, Maria Fagniani, by whom he had issue,

RICHARD, *Earl of Yarmouth*, b. 22nd Feb. 1800.

Henry, b. 18th January, 1803.

Frances-Maria, b. 2nd February, 1799; m. in 1822, M. de Chevigné, and d. in 1827.

His lordship s. to the honors, as third marquis, upon the demise of his father, 17th June, 1822.

### Lineage.

SIR EDWARD SEYMOUR, first Duke of Somerset, (THE PROTECTOR,) m. first, Catherine, daughter and co-heiress of Sir William Filloil, of Filloil-Hall, Essex, (see *Burke's Extinct Peerage*), and had two sons,

1. EDWARD (Sir).

2. John, who d. s. p. leaving his estates to his brother,

The elder son,

SIR EDWARD SEYMOUR, received the honor of knighthood for his conduct in the battle of Musesburgh. He was seated at Berry Pomeroy, in Devonshire; and he obtained in the 7th EDWARD VI., an act of Parliament, restoring him in blood, so far as to enable him to enjoy lands that might subsequently come to him from any collateral ancestor. Sir Edward was sheriff of Devon in the 25th ELIZABETH. He m. Mary, daughter of Mr. Justice Walsh, of the court of common-pleas, and was s. by his son,

EDWARD SEYMOUR, esq. of Berry Pomeroy, M.P. for the county of Devon, who was created a baronet 29th June, 1611. He m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Arthur Champenon, knt. of Dartington, in Devonshire, and dying 11th of April, 1613, was s. by his eldest son,

SIR EDWARD SEYMOUR, second baronet, who had received the honor of knighthood from KING JAMES I., and was returned to two parliaments by the county of Devon, in that monarch's reign. In the latter part of his life he lived in retirement at the castle of Berry Pomeroy, upon which

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he is said to have expended upwards of £20,000.

He m. Dorothy, daughter of Sir Henry Killigrew, and dying in 1639, was s. by his eldest son,

SIR EDWARD SEYMOUR, third baronet, M.P. for the county of Devon in the two last parliaments of CHARLES I., and adhering to that unhappy prince, had his seat, Bury Castle, (the ancient abode of the Pomeroyes) plundered and burnt to the ground. He m. Anne, daughter of Sir William Portman, and dying 7th December, 1688, was s. by his eldest son,

SIR EDWARD SEYMOUR, fourth baronet. This gentleman made a distinguished figure, both in court and parliament, during four successive reigns. He served constantly after his first election to the time of his death, and few had more weight in the house of commons. In 1667, he promoted the impeachment of Lord Clarendon; was the first that moved it, and carried it up to the house of lords. In February, 1672-3, he was unanimously chosen SPEAKER of the long parliament, on the resignation of Sir Job Charleton. In the April following he was sworn of the privy council, and made soon after, treasurer of the navy. Burnet describes Sir Edward as "the ablest man of his party, the first speaker of the house of commons that was not bred to the law; a graceful man, bold and quick, and of high birth, being the elder branch of the Seymour family." He m. first, Margaret, daughter and co-heir of Sir William Wall, knt., an alderman of the city of London, by whom he had two sons, and was succeeded in the baronetcy by the elder, EDWARD, whose eldest son, EDWARD, inherited the dukedom of Somerset. Sir Edward espoused secondly, Letitia, daughter of Francis Popham, esq. of Littlecote, in the county of Wilts; and his eldest son by that lady,

POPHAM SEYMOUR, esq., inherited the estates of his cousin, Edward Conway, Earl of Conway, who d. s. p., under the will of the said earl, dated 19th August, 1683, and assumed, in consequence, the surname of CONWAY. This gentleman fell in a duel with Colonel Kirk, 4th June, 1690, and dying unmarried, those estates devolved upon his next brother,

FRANCIS SEYMOUR, esq., who also assumed the surname and arms of CONWAY, and was elevated to the peerage, 17th March, 1702-3, as *Lord Conway, Baron Conway, of Ragley, in the county of Warwick*. Part of his extensive inheritance being situated in the north of Ireland, his lordship was created a peer of that kingdom, likewise, 16th October, 1703, by the title of *Baron Conway, of Killultagh, in the county of Antrim*. He did not, however, take his seat in the Irish house of lords until October, 1721. In October, 1727, he was sworn of the privy council of Ireland, and, in the following year, constituted governor of Carrickfergus. His lordship m. first, in 1703, Mary, third daughter of Lawrence Hyde, Earl of Rochester, by whom he had four daughters; secondly, Jane, daughter of — Bowden, esq., of Drogheda, by whom he had a son, who d. in infancy, and a daughter, who d. unmarried; and, thirdly, in 1718, Charlotte, daughter of

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Alderman Sir John Shorter, knight, lord-mayor of London in 1688, and sister-in-law of the celebrated minister, Sir Robert Walpole, afterwards Earl of Orford; by whom he had (with three daughters) four sons, of whom

FRANCIS, s. to the honors.

Henry was a general officer in the army, and commanded, with high reputation, the British forces in Germany, under Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick, in 1761, during the absence of the Marquess of Granby. He was one of the groomers of the bedchamber, but was dismissed from that office and his military commands, in 1764, for voting against the ministry, on the great question of general warrants. In 1765, he was sworn of the privy-council, and appointed secretary-of-state for the northern department. General Seymour-Conway m. in 1747, Caroline, widow of Charles Bruce, Earl of Aylesbury, and only daughter of Lieutenant-general John Campbell, afterwards fourth Duke of Argyll. He d. in 1795, leaving an only daughter, Anne, m. to John, eldest son of Joseph Damer, Lord Milton.

His lordship d. at Lisburn, in Ireland, 3rd February, 1731-2, and was s. by his eldest son,

FRANCIS, second baron, who was created *Viscount Beauchamp and Earl of Hertford*, 3rd August, 1780, (similar honors had been conferred upon his lordship's ancestor, Edward, Duke of Somerset, which expired with Algernon, the seventh duke,) with remainder, in default of male issue, to the male descendants of his brother, General the Right Honorable Henry-Seymour Conway. His lordship was appointed, in 1757, lord-lieutenant and custos-rotulorum of the county of Warwick, and installed, 30th August, in the same year, a knight of the most noble order of the Garter. In 1769, he was constituted viceroy of Ireland; and, in 1766, nominated lord-chamberlain of the household, having previously filled the office of master of the horse. He m. 29th May, 1741, Isabella, youngest daughter of Charles, second Duke of Grafton, by whom he had (with six daughters) seven sons, viz.

FRANCIS, *Earl of Yarmouth*.

Henry, joint-clerk of the crown, &c. king's bench, Ireland, who d. in 1830.

Robert, joint-clerk of the crown, &c. king's bench, Ireland, b. 29th December, 1748; m. first, Anne, daughter of Peter Delmé, esq. and left issue,

1. Henry, serjeant-at-arms to the house of commons, who m. Emily, fourth daughter of George, fourth Viscount Torrington, and is a widower.

2. Elizabeth, m. first, 10th Dec. 1805, to William Davies, esq.; and, secondly, in 1817, to Herbert Evans, esq.

3. Frances-Elizabeth, m. to George, second Lord Southampton.

4. Anna-Maria.

Lord Robert m. secondly, Anderlechtia,

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daughter of William, fourth Viscount Chetwynd, and d. in November, 1831.

Edward, in holy orders, canon of Christ Church, Oxford; d. unmarried, in 1783.

Hugh, b. in 1759; m. in 1786, Anne-Horatia, third daughter of James, second Earl of Waldegrave, and dying in 1801, left issue,

1. George-Francis (Sir), captain R.N., K.C.H., and C.B., serjeant-at-arms to the house of lords; m. in 1811, Georgiana-Mary, daughter of the Honorable Admiral Berkeley, and has three sons and three daughters.

2. Hugh-Henry, lieutenant-colonel in the army, m. Charlotte-Georgiana, only daughter of George, first Marquess of Cholmondeley, by whom (who d. in 1828) he left at his decease, in 1821, as only son, Hugh-Horatio.

3. Horace-Beauchamp, M.P. gentleman usher of the privy-chamber, m. Elizabeth-Mallet, eldest daughter of Sir Lawrence Palk, bart. by whom (who d. in 1827) he has two sons and one daughter.

4. William-John-Richard, b. in 1793.

5. Frederick-Charles-Williams, m. Lady Mary Gordon, daughter of the Earl of Aboyne, by whom (who d. in 1825) he has issue.

6. Horatia, m. to John-Philip Morier, esq.

7. Mary-Georgiana, m. to the Hon. George-Lionel Dawson.

William, b. in 1760, m. Martha, daughter of James Clitherow, esq. and has issue,

1. Edward, b. in 1800.

2. Henry, b. 29th December, 1802; m. 16th August, 1831, Jane, youngest daughter of the late Thomas Willan, esq.

George, b. in 1763, m. Isabella, daughter of the Honorable and Reverend George Hamilton, and has issue,

1. George Hamilton (Sir), K.C.H. envoy-extraordinary and minister-plenipotentiary, to Florence, m. 21st July, 1831, Gertrude-Brand, daughter of the Hon. Major-General H. Trevor.

2. Isabella, m. to the Honorable Henry-Thomas Liddell.

3. Emily.

His lordship was advanced, 29th June, 1793, to the dignities of *Earl of Yarmouth*, in the county of Norfolk, and *Marquess of Hertford*. He d. 14th June, 1794, and was s. by his eldest son,

FRANCIS, second marquess, K.G. b. 12th February, 1743; lord-chamberlain of the household, lord-lieutenant and custos-rotulorum of the county of Warwick, and governor of the county of Antrim. His lordship m. first, in 1768, Alice-Elizabeth, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Herbert, second Viscount Windsor, by whom (who d. in 1772) he had no surviving issue; and, secondly, in 1776, Isabella-Anne, daughter and heiress of Charles Ingram, Viscount Irvine, of Scotland, (at the decease of which nobleman,

## HER

the Marquess of Hertford assumed, by royal permission, the additional surname and arms of Ingram,) by whom he had an only son, FRANCIS-CHARLES, *Viscount Yarmouth*, present Marquess of Hertford. His lordship *d.* in 1822.

*Creations*—Baron, 17th March, 1702–3. Earl and Viscount, 3rd August, 1750. Earl and Marquess, 29th June, 1793: British honors. Baron, 16th October, 1703: Irish dignity.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth sa. on a bend, cottised, ar. a rose betw. two annulets, gu. for CONWAY. Second and third, quarterly; first and fourth, or, on a pile gu. betw. six fleurs-de-lis az. three lions, passant, guardant, in pale, or; second and third gu. two wings conjoined in lure, or, for SKYMOUR.

*Crests*—First, CONWAY. The bust of a moor, face in profile, couped ppr. wreathed about the temples ar. and az. Second, SKYMOUR. Out of a ducal coronet or, a phoenix, in flames ppr.

*Supporters*—Two moors, wreathed as the crest, holding in their exterior hands a shield az. garnished or, the dexter charged with the sun in splendor, gold; the other with a crescent ar.

*Motto*—Fide et amore.

*Town Residence*—Dorchester House, Park Lane. Villa, Regent's Park.

*Seats*—Ragley, Warwickshire; Sudbourn Hall, Suffolk; and Lisburn, in the county of Antrim.

**HERVEY-BATHURST, SIR FREDERICK**, baronet, of Lainston, in the county of Hants; *b.* in June, 1807; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his father, 30th September, 1824. Sir Frederick is captain in the grenadier guards.

#### Lineage.

The HONORABLE FELTON HERVEY (eighth son of John, first Earl of Bristol, by his second countess, Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of Sir Thomas Felton, baronet, of Playford, in the county of Suffolk), *m.* Dorothy, daughter of Solomon Ashley, esq. and relict of Charles Pitfield, esq. by whom he left a son,

FELTON-LIONEL HERVEY, esq. who *m.* Selina-Mary, only daughter and heiress of Sir John Elwell, bart. (by Selina, daughter of Peter Bathurst, and widow of the last Earl of Ranelagh), and had issue,

FELTON-ELWELL, his successor.

FREDERICK-ANNE, second baronet.

## HES

Lionel-Charles, *m.* in 1825, to Frances-Mary, daughter of the late Vice-admiral Thomas Wells, and has issue, Felton-William and Frances-Selina.

Selina-Mary, *m.* in 1813, to Sir Charles Knightly, bart. Elizabeth.

Mr. Hervey was *s.* at his decease, in 1785, by his eldest son,

1. FELTON-ELWELL HERVEY, esq., a colonel in the army, who assumed, by royal permission, in 1801, the surname and arms of BATHURST, in addition to those of his own family, and was created a baronet 3rd October, 1818, with remainder to his brother, Frederick-Anne Hervey, esq. Sir Felton *m.* in 1817, Louisa-Catherine, third daughter of Richard Caton, esq. of Maryland, in the United States of America (who *m.* secondly, Francis, Marquis of Carmarthen), but dying without issue, 24th September, 1819, the title devolved, according to the limitation, upon

2. SIR FREDERICK-ANNE HERVEY, who likewise assumed, by royal license, the surname of BATHURST. He *m.* Jane, daughter of John Hutchinson, esq. and had issue,

FREDERICK, present baronet.

Lionel, *b.* in 1810.

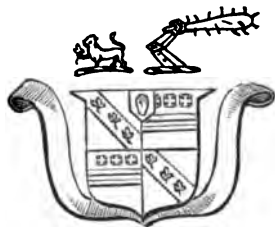
William-Henry, *b.* in 1815.

Thomas, *b.* in 1818.

Selina.

Sir Frederick-Anne *d.* in 1824.

*Creation*—3rd October, 1818.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, HERVEY, gu. on a bend ar. three trefoils, slipped vert; second and third, BATHURST, sa. two bars erm. in chief three crosses formée or.

*Crest*—Of HERVEY, on a wreath, a leopard sa. bezantée, collared and lined or, holding in the dexter paw a trefoil slipped vert.

*Crest*—Of BATHURST, a dexter arm, embowed, habited in mail, holding in the hand ppr. a club with spikes or.

*Seat*—Clarendon Park, Wilts.

**HESKETH, SIR THOMAS - DAL- RYMPLE**, baronet, of Rufford Hall, in the county of Lancaster, *b.* 13th January, 1777; *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his grandfather, 30th Dec. 1796; *m.* first, in Feb. 1798, Sophia, only daughter of the Reverend Nathaniel Hinde, by whom (who *d.* in 1817) he has issue,

## HES

1. THOMAS-HENRY, *b.* 11th February, 1790; *m.* in 1824, Annette-Maria, daughter of the late R. Bomford, esq. of Rathenstown House, county of Meath.
  2. Harriet.
  3. Sophia-Elizabeth.
- Sir Thomas espoused, secondly, in 1821, Miss Louisa Allamand, by whom he has a daughter, *b.* in 1825.

### Lineage.

THE HESKETHS (like many other great northern families) owed their original elevation to martial achievements, and they have flourished in the county palatine of Lancaster for more than seven centuries up to the present period, being now in the actual enjoyment of the greater part of the landed property acquired at the commencement of that remote era.

The direct or authenticated founder of the family, was Richard de Heskayth, Lord of Heskayth, Rufford, &c. in the 12th century.

1. THOMAS HESKETH, esq. (eldest surviving son of Thomas Hesketh, esq. Lord of Hesketh, Rufford, &c. who represented the town of Preston in parliament, by Martha, only daughter of James St. Amand, esq.) was created a baronet 5th May, 1761. Sir Thomas *m.* Harriet, daughter and heiress of Ashley Cooper, esq. but dying *s. p.* in March, 1778, the title devolved upon his brother,

2. SIR ROBERT, in whose favour the patent contained a reversionary clause. This gentleman obtained permission to assume the surname and arms of his maternal great-grandfather, Sir William Juxon, baronet, which he continued to bear during his life. He *m.* Sarah, daughter of William Plumbe, esq. of Wavertree, in the county of Lancaster; by whom he had two sons, Thomas and Robert, who both died before himself. The elder,

THOMAS, *m.* Jacintha, daughter of Hugh Dalrymple, esq. and left issue,

THOMAS-DALRYMPLE, present bart.

Harriet-Anne, *m.* to Lieutenant-general Despard.

Dorothea, *m.* to Arthur-Berry-Shears, esq.

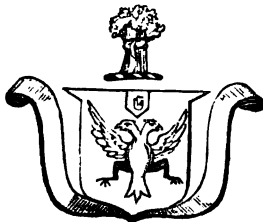
Jacintha-Catherine, *m.* to Sir Thomas Lethbridge, bart. and *d.* leaving issue.

Anne-Charlotte, *m.* in 1796, to the Hon. and very Rev. Edmund Knox, Dean of Downe.

Lucy, *m.* to Edward Pearson, esq.

Sir Robert *d.* in 1798.

(Creation—5th May, 1761.)



## HEY

*Arms*—Ar. an eagle displayed with two heads ppr.

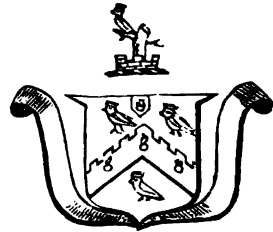
*Crest*—On a wreath, a garb ppr.

*Seat*—Rufford Hall, Lancaster.

HEWITT, THE RIGHT HONORABLE, SIR GEORGE, baronet, of Nether-sall, in the county of Leicester; *b.* in 1750; *m.* in July, 1785, Julian, daughter of John Johnson, esq. of Blackheath, in the county of Kent; by whom he has issue,

1. GEORGE, lieutenant-colonel in the army; *b.* 18th May, 1791; *m.* Louisa, daughter of the Right Reverend Doctor Majendie, Lord Bishop of Bangor, and has issue.
2. John, *b.* 17th July, 1794.
3. William, *m.* in June, 1826, Sarah, second daughter of General Sir James Duff.
4. Charles, *b.* in 1796.
5. Philip, *b.* in 1799.
6. Julia, *m.* to General Carey.
7. Anne, *m.* to Dr. Miller, of Exeter.
8. Charlotte.
9. Catharine.
10. Mary-Anne.

This gentleman (who is the son of Shuckburgh Hewitt, esq. of Melton Mowbray, a major in the army) having adopted the profession of arms, attained the rank of general in the army, with the colonelcy of the 61st regiment of foot, and was recently commander-in-chief of the forces in India. Sir George, who is a G.C.B., was created a baronet 6th November, 1813.



*Arms*—Gu. on a chev. embattled between three owls ar. on the head of each an eastern crown or, as many bombs, fired ppr.

*Crest*—On a wreath, out of a mural crown or, the stump of an oak-tree with branches, thereon a hawk ppr. gorged with an eastern coronet and belted of the first.

*Seat*—Alcomb, in the county of Somerset.

HEYGATE, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Southend, in the county of Essex; *b.* 24th June, 1782; *m.* 19th May, 1821, Isabella, fourth daughter of Edward-Langdon

## HEY

Mackmurdo, of Upper Clapton, Middlesex, esq. and has issue,

FREDERICK-WILLIAM, b. 4th September, 1822, baptised at the Mansion House, during the mayoralty of his father, and in the presence of H.R.R. Duke of York, who stood sponsor, and at whose wish the Baronetcy was conferred.

William-Unwin, b. 12th March, 1825.

Edward-Nicholas, b. 23rd June, 1827.

Robert-Henry-John, b. 28th March, 1830.

This gentleman, an alderman of the city of London, having served the office of lord mayor in 1822, was created a baronet in September, 1831.

### Lineage.

This is a branch of the ancient family of HEYGATE, seated in the counties of Essex and Suffolk.

THOMAS HEYGATE, of Hayes, in Middlesex, was provost-marshal-general of the army, before St. Quintin, and subsequently provost-marshal in Scotland. He m. Elizabeth, daughter of — Stonor, of Stonor, and dying in 1576, was s. by his eldest son,

THOMAS HEYGATE, esq. of Hayes, a justice of peace for the county of Middlesex, and provost-marshal-general under the Earl of Essex, at the capture of Cadix, in 1596, who m. Margery, daughter of Ralph Skipwith, esq. of Parkbury, in the county of Herts (of the ancient family of Skipwith of St. Albans), and had surviving issue,

THOMAS, of Hayes, barrister-at-law. This gentleman, who was obliged, through various losses and misfortunes, to alienate his paternal estates, died male issues, in 1658. He left an only daughter, Sophia, m. to — Lancaster, esq. barrister-at-law.

RALPH, of whom presently.

Anne, m. to Edward Heylin, esq. of Minster Lovell, in the county of Oxford.

Katherine, m. to Robert Tyrwhitt, esq. master of the buck hounds to King Charles I.

Letitia, m. to Dr. Peter Heylin, prebendary of Westminster, well known as an historian, and a controversial writer.

The second son,

RALPH HEYGATE, settled in London, and married twice; but had issue by his second wife (Anne, daughter of Nicholas Spicer, esq. of the city of Exeter) only. His elder son,

NICHOLAS HEYGATE, who was one of the court of assistants of merchant-tailors' company, and a collector of curious books and writings, espoused Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Colton, esq. of Loughton, and granddaughter of Edward Shuckburgh, esq. of Naseby, in the county of Northampton, by whom he had an only surviving child,

ROBERT HEYGATE, esq. of Husband's Bosworth, Leicestershire, who m. Anne, daughter of John Freeman, esq. and left, at his decease in 1736, an only surviving son,

NICHOLAS HEYGATE, esq. of West Haddon, in the county of Northampton, b. 7th September, 1705. This gentleman espoused Mary, daughter

## HEY

of John Cooke, esq. of Hill Morton, Warwickshire, and had issue,

THOMAS, of Husband's Bosworth, m. Mary, daughter of Benjamin Snelson, esq. and left, with junior issue,

THOMAS, of Husband's Bosworth, and of Mansfield, in the county of Notts.

Robert, of West Haddon, m. Elizabeth, daughter of John Underwood, esq., and left at his decease, in 1807, two sons, Robert and John. Charles, m. Martha, daughter of Thomas Lucas, esq. of Holywell, and had issue,

1. Charles. 2. Thomas. 3. William.

4. Martha. 5. Anne. 6. Elizabeth.

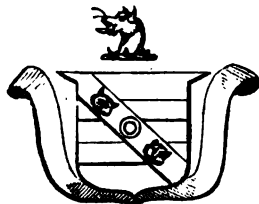
JAMES, of Aldermanbury, in the city of London, banker, and of Hackney, Middlesex, and Southend, Essex, b. 11th January, 1747, m. 11th January, 1781, Sarah, second daughter of Samuel Unwin, esq. of Sutton, Nottinghamshire, and had issue,

WILLIAM, created a baronet as above.

James, of Hampstead Heath, Middlesex.

Elizabeth-Anne.

Creation—September, 1831.



Arms—Gules. Two bars ar. on a bend or, a torteaux between two leopard's faces az.

Crest—A wolf's head erased gules.

Motto—Boulogne et Cadix.

Town Residence—Chatham-place.

Seats—Southend, Essex, and North Myms, Herts.

HEYTESBURY, BARON, (William A'Court, G.C.B.) of Heytesbury, in the county of Wilts, and a baronet, b. 11th May, 1779; m. 3rd October, 1808, Maria-Rebecca, second daughter of the Honorable William-Henry Bouverie, and granddaughter of the first Earl of Radnor, by whom he has surviving issue,

William-Henry-Ashe, b. 11th July, 1800.

Frederick-Ashe, b. 15th Dec. 1818.

Cecilia-Mary, b. 2nd October, 1811.

His lordship s. to the baronetcy upon the decease of his father, 22nd July, 1817, and obtained the barony, by patent of creation, dated in January, 1828. Lord Heytesbury is a privy councillor, and ambassador-extraordinary, and plenipotentiary at the court of St. Petersburg.

### Lineage.

PIERCE A'COURT, esq. of Ivy Church, in the

county of Wilts, M.P. in 1722, for Heytesbury (son and heir of John A'Court, esq. of Raddon, by Mary, daughter of Robert Pierce, esq. of Bath, M.D.), *m.* in 1705, Elizabeth, daughter of William Ashe, esq. of Heytesbury, and left, with other children, in 1726,

GENERAL WILLIAM A'COURT, colonel of the 11th regiment of foot, and M.P. for Heytesbury, who *m.* Annabella, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas Vernon, esq. of Twickenham Park, and dying in 1781, was *s.* by his only son,

1. WILLIAM-PIERCE-ASHE A'COURT, esq. *b.* in 1747, M.P. for Heytesbury, a colonel in the army, and lieutenant-colonel of the 2nd Wiltshire militia, who was created a baronet 4th July, 1795. Sir William *m.* first, Katherine, daughter of Lieutenant-colonel John Bradford, by whom (who *d.* in 1796,) he had no issue. He espoused, secondly, Letitia, daughter of Henry Wyndham, esq. of Salisbury, and had

WILLIAM, his successor, elevated to the peerage as above.

Edward-Henry, captain R.N., M.P. for Heytesbury.

Charles-Ashe (Sir), lieutenant-colonel in the army, and knight of the Guelphic and other orders; *m.* 10th May, 1815, Mary, only dau. of Abraham Gibbs, esq. and has issue.

Letitia, *m.* to the Hon. William Eliot, now Earl of St. Germans, and *d.* in 1810.

Annabella, *m.* in 1805, to Richard Beadon, esq. son of the Right Reverend Richard Beadon, late Bishop of Bath and Wells.

Maria, *m.* in 1811, to the Honorable Philip-Pleydell Bouverie, youngest son of the late Earl of Radnor.

Caroline, *m.* in 1817, to Steward Crawford, M.D. of Bath.

The baronet *d.* 22nd July, 1817.

*Creations*—Baronet, 4th July, 1795. Baron, January, 1828.



*Arms*—Per fesse, or, and paly of six, ermineois and az. in chief, an eagle, displayed, sa. charged on the body with two chevronels ar.

*Crest*—An eagle, displayed, sa. charged with two chevronels or, beaked and legged gu. holding in the beak a lily, slipped ppr.

*Supporters*—On either side an eagle, wings elevated, each holding, in the beak, a lily ppr.

*Motto*—Grandescunt aucta labore.

*Seat*—Heytesbury House, Heytesbury, Wilts.

HICKS, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Beverston, in the county of Gloucester; *b.* 29th October, 1754; *m.* first, Judith, third daughter of Edward Whitcombe, esq. of Orleton, in the county of Worcester, by whom he has no surviving issue; and, secondly, in 1793, Anne-Rachael, daughter of the late Thomas-Lobb Chute, esq. of the Vine, in Hampshire, by whom he has an only daughter, Anne-Rachael, *m.* in 1816, to Sir William-Lambart Cromie, bart. Sir William Hicks *s.* to the title, as seventh baronet, upon the demise of his father, in April, 1801.

### Lineage.

The founder of this ancient family,

SIR ELLIS HICKS, was made a knight-banneret in the reign of Edward III. and obtained for his arms three fleurs-de-lis, in consideration of his gallant achievements in the French wars, under Edward the Black Prince, and particularly for taking, with his own hand, one of the enemies' standards. From this distinguished warrior lineally descended

JOHN HICKS, of Tortworth, in the county of Gloucester, whose only son,

ROBERT HICKS, was an eminent and opulent citizen of London; and left three sons; the youngest of whom,

SIR BAPTIST HICKS, having amassed considerable wealth as silk-merchant to the court, built Hicks's Hall, in 1612; and about the same period, erected a market-house and hospital at Campden, in the county of Gloucester, and founded an alms house there. Sir Robert was elevated to the peerage, in the fourth year of King Charles I. by the titles of *Baron Hicks, of Ilmington, in the county of Warwick, and Viscount Campden, of Campden*. His lordship *d.* in 1629, and was *s.* in the peerage, according to the patent, by the husband of his eldest daughter, EDWARD NOEL, esq. (See *Burke's Extinct and Dormant Peerage*.) The viscount's eldest brother,

SIR MICHAEL HICKS, knight, was bred to the bar, and became a secretary to the Lord-treasurer Burghley. He purchased the estate of Beverston, in the county of Gloucester, and was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,

1. WILLIAM HICKS, esq. of Beverston, who was created a baronet 21st July, 1619. Sir William *m.* Margaret, daughter of William, Lord Paget, by whom he had several children, but only three survived, viz.

WILLIAM, his successor.

Michael (Sir), *m.* Susan, youngest daughter of Sir Richard Howe, knight, and left issue, 1. Howe, of Whitcombe, whose son HOWE, *s.* as sixth baronet.

2. Alice, *m.* to William Somersford, esq. of Wiltshire.

Letitia, *m.* to Arthur, Earl of Donegal. Sir William *d.* in 1680, and was *s.* by his elder son.

2. SIR WILLIAM, who *m.* Marthagines, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Henry Coningsby, knight, by whom he left issue,

## HILL

HENRY, his successor.

Charles, of Wild, Herts. who m. — daughter of — Coningsby, esq. and had with one daughter a son,

JOHN-BAPTISTE, who inherited as fifth baronet.

Mary, m. to James Darcy, esq. of Sedburgh, Yorkshire.

Margaret, m. to Anthony Wharton, esq. of Gillingwood, Yorkshire, esq.

Sir William d. in 1703, and was s. by his elder son, 3. SIR HENRY, who was s. in 1754, by his eldest son,

4. SIR ROBERT. This gentleman (who had the misfortune of being blind) dying without issue, in 1768, the title devolved upon his cousin,

5. SIR JOHN-BAPTIST, (refer to issue of the second baronet,) who also d. without issue in 1791, when the title reverted to

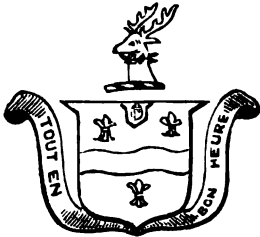
6. SIR HOWE (refer to issue of the first baronet). This gentleman m. Martha, daughter of the Rev. John Browne, by whom he had, with several daughters, two sons, viz.

WILLIAM, present baronet.

Michael, who assumed the additional surname of Beach, upon marrying Henrietta, only daughter of William Beach, esq. of Netheravon, and d. in 1830, leaving issue.

Sir Howe d. in 1801.

Creation—21st July, 1619.



Arms—Gu. a fesse wavy between three fleurs-de-lis or.

Crest—On a wreath, a buck's head, couped at the shoulder or, gorged with a chaplet of roses gu.

Motto—Tout en bonne heure.

Seat—Whitcombe Park, Gloucestershire.

HILL, BARON, (Rowland Hill, D.C.L., G.C.B., K.T.S., K.M.T., and K.S.G.), of Almaraz, and of Hawkestone, in the county of Salop; and Baron Hill, of Almaraz, and of Hawkestone and Hardwicke, in the same county.—This nobleman, who is fourth son of the late Sir John Hill, baronet, of Hawkestone, in the county of Salop, having adopted the profession of arms, attained the rank of lieutenant-general, with the command of the seventy-second regiment of foot, and eminently distinguishing himself during the Peninsular war, was rewarded with the grand cross of the Bath, and subsequently elevated

## HILL

to the peerage, 17th May, 1814, in the barony first specified. His lordship obtained a second patent, dated 16th January, 1816, conferring a similar dignity, with the additional designation "of Hardwicke," and in remainder, to the male issue of his deceased brother, John Hill, esq. of Hawkestone. Lord Hill is now a general officer in the army, COMMANDER OF THE FORCES, colonel of the royal horse guards, and governor of Hull.

### Lineage.

See that of Sir Rowland Hill, baronet.

Creation—17th May, 1814; limitation of patent enlarged 16th January, 1816.



Arms—Erm. on a fesse sa. a castle, triple-towered, ar.

Crest—A tower ar. from the battlements, a chaplet of laurel ppr.

Supporters—DEXTER, a lion ar. murelly crowned or, gorged with a wreath of oak, fructed, ppr.; SINISTER, a horse ar. bridled and saddled ppr. murelly gorged gu.

Motto—Avancez.

Town Residence—Westbourne House, Paddington.

Seat—Hardwicke, Shropshire.

HILL, SIR ROWLAND, baronet, of Hawkestone, in the county of Salop; b. 10th May, 1800; heir-presumptive to the peerage of his uncle, Baron Hill, of Almaraz, and of Hawkestone and Hardwicke; succeeded, as fourth baronet, upon the demise of his grandfather, in May, 1824. Sir Rowland represents the county of Salop in parliament.

### Lineage.

The residence of this distinguished family in the county of Salop can be traced to a period antecedent to the reign of Edward I.; but the name, instead of Hill, was formerly spelt Hull, or de la Hull.

ROWLAND HILL, esq. of Hawkestone, had issue, by Margaret, daughter of Richard Whitehall, esq. Rowland, who d. unmarried.

Richard (Sir), a privy-councillor and eminent statesman and diplomatist in the reigns of King William, Queen Anne, and King George I., who d. a bachelor, possessed of a very considerable property; a

great portion of which he devised to his nephews, Samuel Barber and Thomas Harewood, who both assumed the surname of Hill, and the latter of whom was father of Noel Hill, elevated to the peerage as Lord Berwick. The Hawkestone estate passed, however, from Sir Richard to his nephew and heir-at-law, ROWLAND, of whom presently.

John of Lightrick, who *m.* Miss Stubbs, and left a son,

1. ROWLAND HILL, esq. who *s.* to the Hawkestone estate, upon the decease of his uncle, the Right Honorable Sir Richard Hill, and in consideration of the important services of that eminent person was created a baronet on the 20th January, 1726-7, with remainder, in default of male issue, to three other nephews of his said uncle, namely, Samuel Hill, of Shenstone, Thomas Hill, of Term, (whose eldest son, as already stated, was elevated to the peerage, as Baron Berwick,) and Rowland Hill, his brother. Sir Rowland *m.* in 1732, Jane, daughter of Sir Brian Broughton, of Broughton, bart. and had (with two daughters,)

Richard, } successive baronets.  
John, }

Rowland, in holy orders, and celebrated as a dissenting preacher, *b.* 12th August, 1744; *m.* Mary, sister of Clement Tudway, esq. of Wells, in the county of Somerset.

Robert, in holy orders; *m.* Mary, daughter and sole heiress of John Wilbraham, esq. and has issue.

Brian, in holy orders, *b.* 29th February, 1756.

The baronet *m.* secondly, Mary, widow of Thomas Powis, esq. and daughter of — Pole, esq. of Radbourne, in the county of Derby, by whom he had no issue. Sir Rowland was high-sheriff of Shropshire in 1772, and member of parliament for the city of Lichfield in 1734. He *d.* in 1783, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR RICHARD, who represented the county of Salop in parliament, from an early period of life, until the infirmities of advanced age compelled him to retire. He *d.* unmarried, 28th Nov. 1809, when the title devolved upon his brother,

3. SIR JOHN, *b.* 21st July, 1740; *m.* Mary, dau. and co-heiress of John Chambre, esq. of Peyton, in the county of Salop, by whom he had issue,

John, who *m.* Elizabeth-Rhodes, daughter of Philip Cornish, esq. and dying before his father, (27th January, 1814,) left ROWLAND, present baronet.

John, in holy orders, *b.* in 1802.

Richard-Frederick, *b.* 14th January, 1804, an officer in the army, and aid-de-camp to the commander-in-chief.

Philip, an officer in the army, *b.* in 1806. Clement-Delves, of the horse-guards, *b.* in 1806.

Rachael-Stephens, *m.* in 1820, to Andrew V. Corbet, esq.

Mary-Emma, *m.* in 1823, to Andrew W. Corbet, esq.

ROWLAND, now Lord HILL.

Robert-Chambre (Sir), *b.* 25th March, 1778, a colonel in the army, *m.* Eliza, dau. of Henry Lumley, esq. and has (with other issue)

George-Stavely, of the horse-guards, aid-de-camp to the commander-in-chief.

Francis-Brian (Sir), *b.* in 1779, *m.* first, Johanna, daughter of Christian Falbe, esq. by whom (who *d.* in 1804,) he has one son, Francis John, *b.* in October, 1806. Sir Francis *m.* secondly, Emily-Lisey, youngest dau. of Thomas Jelf Powys, esq., and has another son, Arthur-William, *b.* in 1828.

Clement, *b.* in 1782, lieutenant-colonel royal horse-guards, and a colonel in the army.

Thomas-Noel (Sir), K.C.B. *b.* in 1784, a colonel in the army, and deputy-adjutant-general in Canada, *m.* in 1821, Anna-Maria, fourth daughter of Lord Teignmouth, and left at his decease, 4th January, 1832, two sons and two daughters, viz.

1. Henry-Noel, *b.* in 1824.

2. Horace-Frederick, *b.* in 1827.

3. Anna-Maria. 4. Louisa-Charlotte.

Mary.

Jane.

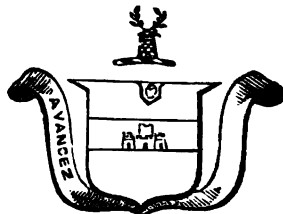
Elizabeth, *m.* to the Rev. Edward Nevile.

Harriet.

Emma.

Sir John *d.* in 1824, and was *s.* by his grandson, Sir Rowland, the present baronet.

Creation—20th June, 1726-7.



Arms—Erm. on a fesse sa. a castle, triple-towered ar.

Crest—On a wreath, a tower ar. surmounted with a garland of laurel ppr.

Motto—Avancez.

Seat—Hawkestone, Shropshire.

HILL, THE RIGHT HONORABLE SIR GEORGE-FITZGERALD, baronet, of Brooke Hall, in the county of Londonderry; a privy-councillor in Ireland; a trustee of the linen manufacture, colonel of the Londonderry militia, and recorder of the city of Londonderry; *m.* in October, 1788, Jane, third daughter of the Right Honorable John Beresford, brother of George, first marquis of Waterford, by whom he has no issue. Sir George *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, in 1795, and has been appointed recently governor of St Vincent.



**Lineage.**

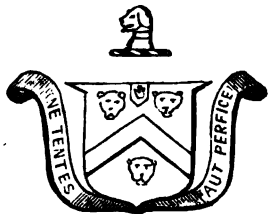
ROWLEY HILL, esq. of Ballykelly, in the county of Londonderry, M.P., m. Sophia-Beresford, second daughter of Georges Lowther, esq. of Kilbrue, in the county of Meath, and dying in 1739, was s. by his eldest son,

1. HUGH HILL, esq. M.P. for Londonderry, and collector of that port, who was created a BARONET OF IRELAND 6th of July, 1779. Sir Hugh m. — and had issue,  
GEORGE, present baronet.

Marcus, m. in 1705, Miss Bernard, daughter of the Rev. Dr. Bernard.

He d. in 1795.

Creation—6th of July, 1779.



*Arms*—Sa. a chev. erminois, between three leopards' faces ar.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a talbot's head, couped, sa. guttée d'eau collared gu. studded and ringed or.

*Motto*—Ne tentes aut perire.

*Seat*—Brooke Hall, county of Londonderry.

HILLARY, SIR WILLIAM, baronet, of Danbury-place, in the county of Essex, and of Rigg House, in the county of York; so created 8th November, 1805; lieutenant-colonel commandant of the first Essex Legion; m. 21st February, 1800, Frances-Elizabeth, eldest daughter and co-heiress of the late Lewis-Disney Fytche, esq. of Flintham, in the county of Nottingham, and of Swin-derby, in the county of Lincoln, (by Elizabeth, sole representative of the ancient family of Fytche, of Danbury-place,) by whom he has issue,

AUGUSTUS-WILLIAM, late of the 6th Dragoon-guards; b. 19th of November, 1806, (to whom H. R. H. the Duke of Sussex stood sponsor,) m. 30th September, 1829, Susan-Curwen, eldest daughter of J. Christian, of Smerigg Hall, Cumberland, esq.

Elizabeth, twin with her brother, m. in 1818, to Christopher-Richard Preston, esq. of Blackmore Priory, in the county of Essex, and has issue.

Sir William m. secondly, 30th August, 1813, Emma, youngest daughter of the late Patrick Tobin, esq. of the Isle of Man. Sir William-Hillary passed much of his early life upon the continent of Europe, partly with H.R.H. the Duke of Sussex, to whom

he is equerry. Upon the renewal of the war with France in 1803, Sir William raised, at his own expense, and many years commanded, the first Essex legion of infantry and cavalry, amounting to fourteen hundred men, the largest force then offered by any private individual for the defence of the country; in consideration of which, and other services, the baronetage was conferred by the personal direction of his Majesty King George the Third. The baronet has since become the projector, and through his successful efforts, happily, the founder, of the Royal National Institution for the Preservation of Life from Shipwreck.

**Lineage.**

There are few names of greater antiquity in Italy, France, and England, than that of Hilary, St. Hilaire, or St. Hillary, as it has been variously written. In the fifth century, according to the Roman calendar, it gave a successor to St. Peter; and, in the third, fourth, and fifth centuries, no less than three saints to the church of Rome, two of whom are recorded as of ancient and noble families. The name was ennobled in France long before the time of William the Conqueror, and it still so continues, in the person of the Marquess St. Hilaire, of Normandy.

HILLARY, afterwards bishop of Chichester, accompanied King Henry II. into England; and, according to Fuller, "was in great favor with that monarch, and had charge of the shire of Surrey."

Dugdale, in his Baronage, states the marriage of Roger, Earl of St. Clare, with MAUD, daughter of James de St. Hillary. These, and numerous other proofs which could be adduced, confirm the ancient dignity and high importance of the family. The Hillarys subsequently settled in the counties of Warwick and Stafford, and continued to maintain their rank in those shires, until the era of the Reformation, when the last and remaining branch of the family removed into Wensley Dale, in the North Riding of the county of York, and purchased estates there.

WILLIAM HILLARY, of Wensley, m. in 1361, Elizabeth Jaykes, and was s. by his son,

MATTHEW HILLARY, of Wensley, whose grandson,

WILLIAM HILLARY, esq. m. for his second wife, Anne, only child of Trinin Metcalf, esq. of Birkkrigg, (by whom the estates of Birkkrigg and Rigg House came into the Hillary family,) and was s. by his only child,

JOHN HILLARY, esq. of Birkkrigg, who m. Mary, daughter of Richard Robinson, esq. by whom he had six daughters, (of whose descendants none now remain,) and three sons; the eldest son, Isaac, b. in 1604, s. his father, and d. unmarried in 1708; the second, William, b. in 1690, was an eminent physician and author, and d. unmarried in 1763, and the third,

**RICHARD HILLARY**, esq. *b.* in 1763, *m.* in 1764, Hannah, daughter of George Wynne, esq. by Elizabeth Lascelles, of the county of York, by whom he had surviving issue,

Richard, who *s.* to his father's Yorkshire and Jamaica estates, and *d.* unmarried at the latter place, 17th November, 1803, being a member, at that time, of the House of Assembly of the Island.

**WILLIAM**, present baronet, and last remaining male representative and heir of this ancient family.

Mary, *m.* to the Rev. Henry Rolls, rector of Aldwinkle, and has issue.

Mr. Hillary inherited his eldest brother's estates; and dying in 1780, was *s.* by his eldest son, Richard; at whose demise, as stated above, they devolved upon the only remaining son, the present Sir **WILLIAM HILLARY**, baronet.

*Creation*—8th November, 1805.



*Arms*—Ar. three fleurs-de-lis sa. between six cross crosslets az. within a bordure of the second.

*Crest*—Out of a mural crown gu. a cubit arm ppr. the gauntlet holding a cheval trap or.

*Supporters*—Two lions ducally gorged or.

*Motto*—Virtuti nihil invium.

*Seats*—Danbury Place, Essex; and Rigg House, Yorkshire.

**HILLSBOROUGH, EARL OF**, Viscount Fairford, creations of 1772; and Baron Harwich, creation of 1756, in the peerage of England.

See Marquess of Downshire.

**HIPPISLEY, SIR JOHN-STUART**, baronet, of Warfield Grove, in the county of Berks; *b.* 16th August, 1790; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, the late Sir John-Coxe Hippisley, 3rd May, 1825.

#### Lineage.

1. **JOHN-COXE HIPPISELEY**, esq. son of William Hippisley, esq. (great-great-grandson of John Hippisley, esq. of Yatton, recorder of Bristol, in the reign of Edward VI.) by Anne, eldest daughter of Robert Webb, esq. of Cromhall, in the county of Gloucester, having been engaged in the East India Company's service in India, and subsequently by his sovereign, in diplomatic negotiations in Europe, was created a baronet

30th April, 1796. Sir John *m.* first, in 1796, Margaret, second daughter of Sir John Stuart, baronet, by whom he had issue,

**JOHN STUART**, present baronet.

Margaret-Frances, *m.* to Thomas Strangeways Horner, esq. of Mells Park, in the county of Somerset.

Windham-Barbara.

Louisa-Anne.

He espoused, secondly, Elizabeth, relict of Henry Hippisley Coxe, esq. of Stone-Easton House, and daughter of Thomas Horner, esq. of Mells Park, by whom he had no issue.

Sir John, in consequence of being engaged in negotiating the marriage between the Princess Royal of England, and his late majesty of Wirtemberg, obtained letters patent from that prince, granting to himself and his descendants the right of bearing the arms of the House of Wirtemberg, accompanied with the inscription of the great order of that principality,—

"Amicitie virtutisque fœdus."

"The league of friendship and virtue."

Sir John served the office of sheriff of the county of Berks, in 1800. He was a fellow of the Royal and Antiquarian Societies, one of the managers of the Royal Institution, and a member of the government committee of the Turkey company.

*Creation*—30th April, 1796.



*Arms*—Sa. three mullets pierced in bend between two bendlets and as many annulets or.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, a hind's head erased sa. gorged with a collar of gold.

*Supporters*—On either side an eagle regardant sa. wings expanded pean, beaked and membered or, on the breast, pendent by a chain from the neck gold, a shield, thereon the arms of WIRTEMBERG, viz. or, three stags' horns, barways sa.

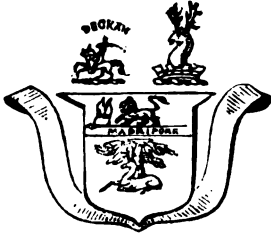
*Mottos*—Amicitie virtutisque fœdus; the inscription of the great order of WIRTEMBERG; and Non mihi sed patriæ.

*Seat*—Stone Easton House, Somersetshire.

**HISLOP, SIR THOMAS**, baronet, of Tothill, in the county of Devon; *b.* 5th July, 1764; *m.* 30th October, 1823, Emma, daughter of the Right Honorable Hugh Elliot, and has issue a daughter, *b.* 20th Nov. 1824. This gentleman, who is the youngest son of the late lieutenant-colonel Hislop, of the royal artillery, having adopted the military

profession, attained the rank of lieutenant-general in the army, the grand-cross of the Bath, with the command of the 23rd regiment of foot, and was created a baronet 2nd November, 1813. Sir Thomas is now colonel of the 48th regiment.

*Creation*—2nd November, 1813.



*Arms*—Ar. on a mount, a buck couchant under a tree, all ppr., and for honorable augmentation, on a chief of the arms, a mount, thereon a lion in the act of tearing the standard of Holkar, and beneath, the word Mahidpore.

*Crests*—First (of augmentation), a soldier of our 22nd regiment of light dragoons, mounted, and in the position of attack, ppr.; second, out of a mural crown, a buck's head couped ppr.

*Motto*—(Over the first crest) "Deekan."

*Seat*—Chariton Villa, near Blackheath, Kent.

**HOARE, SIR JOSEPH-WALLIS**, baronet, of Annabell, in the county of Cork; b. 9th March, 1775; m. 11th April, 1800, Lady Harriet O'Bryan, sister of the Marquess of Thomond, by whom he has issue,

1. EDWARD, b. 23rd December, 1801.
2. William-O'Bryan, b. 23rd March, 1807.
3. Joseph-James-Spaight, b. 22nd March, 1810.
4. Sarah-Maria-Clotilda. 5. Harriet.
6. Mary. 7. Catherine-Diana.

Sir Joseph s. to the title, as third baronet, upon the decease of his father.

#### Lineage.

This family appears to have settled in Ireland in the early part of the seventeenth century.

ABRAHAM HOARE, esq. the original settler, died in 1670, and in his will, which was proved in that year, he mentions his brother,

MAJOR EDWARD HOARE, of Cromwell's army, who obtained considerable grants of lands in the county of Cork. This gentleman left three sons,

EDWARD, of whom presently.

Joseph, a quaker, and a merchant of Cork. Enoch.

Esther, who m. Samuel Terry, esq.

The eldest son,

EDWARD HOARE, esq. of Dunkettle, in the county of Cork, served the office of mayor of Cork in 1686. He m. Sarah, daughter of Alderman Bull, of London, by whom he had four sons and two daughters, and dying in 1700, was s. by his eldest son,

EDWARD HOARE, esq. of Dunkettle, who served the office of sheriff of Cork in 1706, and mayor in 1710, in which latter year he was returned to parliament for the city of Cork, and continued to represent it for seventeen years. He m. Grace, second daughter of Benjamin Burton, esq. M.P. for Dublin in 1703, and lord mayor of that city in 1706, by whom he had four sons and a daughter. Mr. Hoare was s. at his decease by his eldest son,

EDWARD HOARE, esq. who d. without issue, in 1741, and was s. by his brother,

1. JOSEPH HOARE, esq. of Annabell, in the county of Cork, M.P., who was created a BARONET OF IRELAND 10th December, 1784. Sir Joseph m. Catherine, daughter of Sir James Somerville, bart. of Cookstown, in the county of Dublin, by whom he had an only son and three daughters. He d. 24th Dec. 1801, having attended, not long before, in his place in parliament, at the advanced age of ninety-three, to oppose the Union. Sir Joseph was s. by his only son,

2. SIR EDWARD, M.P. for Carlow, from 1760 to 1776. This gentleman, who was a captain of dragoons, m. in 1771, Clotilda, second daughter and co-heiress of William Wallis, esq. of Ballycrenan Castle, in the county of Cork, by whom he had issue,

JOSEPH-WALLIS, present baronet.

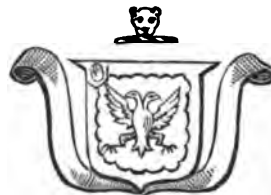
Edward Wallis, of the royal navy; m. Mary, third daughter of Robert-Uniacke Fitzgerald, esq.

Thomas, in holy orders; m. Mary-Anne, eldest daughter of Jess Lloyd, esq. of Castle Iney, in the county of Tipperary.

Clotilda, m. to John Bolton, esq. M.D.

Catherine, m. to Henry-Pendergast Garde, esq.

*Creation*—10th December, 1784.



*Arms*—Ar., an eagle displayed within a border engrailed, sa.

*Crest*—A leopard's face or.

*Seat*—Annabell, in the county of Cork.

**HOARE, SIR RICHARD-COLT**, baronet, of Stourhead, in the county of Wilts; b. in 1758; m. in 1783, Hester, daughter of William-Henry, first Lord Lyttelton, by whom (who d. in 1785) he has an only son, Henry, who m. in 1808, Charlotte, only dau. of Sir Edward Dering, baronet, of Surrenden Dering, and has issue a daughter. Sir Richard s. to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, in 1787.

**Lineage.**

SIR RICHARD HOARE, knt. was lord-mayor of London in 1713, and represented the city in parliament. He m. Susanna, daughter of John Austin, esq. of Brittons, in Essex, by whom he had two sons, the younger of whom,

HENRY HOARE, esq. a banker in London, purchased the estate of Stourhead, in the county of Wilts, from Lord Stourton. Mr. Hoare m. Jane, daughter of Sir William Benson, knt. of Bromley, by whom he had two sons,

Henry, succeeded to the banking business of his father, and dying in 1788, left by his second wife, Anne, eldest daughter of Samuel, Lord Masham,

Susannah, m. first, to Charles, Viscount Dungarvon; and, secondly, to Thomas, first Earl of Aylesbury.

Anne, m. to Sir Richard Hoare, first baronet.

And,

SIR RICHARD HOARE, knt, who was lord-mayor of London in the memorable year of the Scottish rebellion, 1745. This gentleman m. first, Sarah, daughter of James Tully, esq. by whom he had one son, Richard; and, secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of John Rust, esq. by whom he had a son, Henry, who m. Mary, daughter of William Hoare, esq. of Bath, and d. without issue. Sir Richard's elder son,

1. RICHARD HOARE, esq. of Barn Elms, was created a baronet 10th June, 1786. Sir Richard m. first, Anne, daughter of Henry Hoare, esq. of Stourhead, by whom he had an only son, RICHARD-COLT, the present baronet. He m. secondly, Frances-Anne, daughter of Hugh Ackland, esq. of Beckenham, in the county of Kent, and had Henry-Hugh, m. Maria Palmer, daughter of Arthur Ackland, esq. of Fairfield, in the county of Somerset, and has issue, HUGH-RICHARD, and other children.

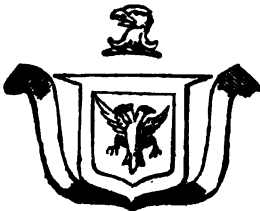
Charles, banker in London, m. Frances-Dorothy, daughter of Sir G. Robinson, bart. Henry-Merrick, m. Sophia, daughter of Henry Thrale, esq. by whom (who d. in 1806) he had no issue.

Peter-Richard, m. Arabella-Penelope-Eliza, daughter of James Greene, esq. of Turton, in the county of Lancaster.

Henrietta-Anne, m. first, to Sir T. Dyke Ackland; and, secondly, to the Hon. Matthew Fortescue.

Sir Richard d. in 1787.

*Creation*—10th June, 1786.



*Arms*—Sa. an eagle displayed with two heads ar. charged on the breast with an ermine spot, a bordure of the second.

*Crest*—An eagle's head erased ar. charged with an ermine spot.

*Seat*—Stourhead, Wilts.

HOBHOUSE, SIR JOHN-CAM, baronet, of Westbury College, in the county of Gloucester; b. 27th June, 1786; s. to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 15th August, 1831; m. 28th July, 1828, Lady Julia Hay, youngest daughter of the late and sister of the present Marquess of Tweeddale, by whom he has issue,

1. Julia-Hay.

2. Charlotte.

Sir John Hobhouse is M.P. for Westminster, and secretary at war.

**Lineage.**

The family of Hobhouse came originally from Germany, and settled at Minehead, in the county of Somerset, whence towards the close of the seventeenth century they removed to Bristol, of which city soon afterwards they became considerable merchants.

BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE, esq. m. Mary, daughter and heiress of — Spragge, esq. and was s. by his eldest son,

JOHN HOBHOUSE, esq. of Westbury College, Gloucestershire. This gentleman, who was twice offered the representation of the city of Bristol, left an only surviving son, his successor,

1. BENJAMIN HOBHOUSE, esq. who was created a BARONET 22nd December, 1812. He m. first Charlotte, daughter and heiress of Samuel Cam, esq. of Chauntrey-house, Wilts, by whom he had issue,

JOHN-CAM, present baronet.

Benjamin, an officer in the army, who fell at Waterloo.

Henry-William, m. and has issue.

Charlotte.

Sir Benjamin espoused, secondly, in 1793, Amelia, daughter of the Rev. Joshua Parry, and aunt of Sir Edward Parry, by whom he had issue,

1. Thomas Benjamin. 2. Isaac. 3. Amelia.

4. Sophia-Elizabeth, m. 17th January, 1828, to Boyd Alexander, esq.

5. Harriet-Theodora, m. 27th May, 1822, to the Rev. George Trevor Spencer.

6. Julia, m. 21st July, 1830, to Rev. C. F. Moore.

7. Sarah-Matilda, m. in May, 1827, to Count Ranghiaschi Bancalonne.

8. Catherine, m. 30th November, 1826, to John Fane, esq.

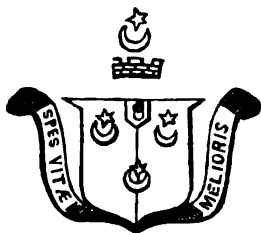
9. Joanna.

Sir Benjamin Hobhouse was bred to the bar, but adopting political in preference to forensic pursuits, was appointed secretary to the board of control in Mr. Addington's administration, and in the coalition of 1806, chairman of ways and means. In 1804 he was selected by the East India directors as one of the commissioners for paying the debts of the Nabob of Carnatic, and subsequently for liquidating those of the Rajah

## HOD

of Tangore, an office which he resigned a short time previously to his death. He was a fellow of the Royal and of the Antiquarian societies, and was one of the founders or encouragers of almost all the literary and scientific institutions that have arisen in his time. He d. 18th August, 1831.

*Creation*—22nd December, 1812.



*Arms*—Per pale as. and gu. three crescents ar. issuant therefrom as many estoiles irradiated or.

*Crest*—Out of a mural crown per pale as. and gu. a crescent and estoile as in the arms.

*Motto*—Spes vitae melioris.

*Town Residence*—21, Charles-street.

*Seats*—Chantry House, Wilts; Westbury College, Gloucestershire.

**HODSON, SIR ROBERT**, baronet, of Hollybrook Castle, in the county of Wicklow; b. 14th March, 1802; s. to the title, as second baronet, at the decease of his father, 19th July, 1809.

### Lineage.

THE RIGHT REV. DOCTOR JOHN HODSON, lord-bishop of Elphin, d. 14th February, 1686, and was s. in his estates by his eldest son,

THE REV. WILLIAM HODSON, rector of Anna, in the county of Cavan, who was s. by his son,

WILLIAM HODSON, esq. of Tuitstown, in the county of Westmeath. This gentleman m. Miss LeStrange, and was s. in 1713, by his only son,

WILLIAM HODSON, esq. who m. Mary, daughter of John Cooke, esq. of Coeksborough, in the county of Westmeath, and was s. at his decease by his only son,

WILLIAM HODSON, esq. of Tuitstown, in the county of Westmeath, and of Old Court, in the county of Wicklow. This gentleman m. Eleanor, daughter of Robert Adair, esq. of Hollybrook, in the county of Wicklow, and was s. in 1706, by his only son,

1. ROBERT HODSON, esq. high-sheriff of the county of Westmeath in 1776; for the county of Wicklow, in 1786; and for Cavan, in 1791; m. first, Anne, only daughter and heiress of Forster Adair, esq. of Hollybrook, in the county of Wicklow, M.P. by whom he obtained that estate, and was thenceforward designated from it. By this marriage, there were no surviving issue. Mr. Hodson was created a BARONET OF IRELAND 28th August, 1787. He m. secondly, Jane, eldest daughter of

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ter of Brent Neville, esq. of Ashbrook, in the county of Dublin, by whom he had issue,

1. ROBERT, present baronet.

2. George-Frederick-John.

3. Helena-Jane.

4. Jane.

Sir Robert was Lieutenant-colonel of the Cavan militia, and had the command of the town of Wicklow, in the year of the Irish rebellion, 1798. He d. 19th July, 1809.

*Creation*—28th August, 1787.



*Arms*—Sa. a chev. between three martlets or.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a dove, close as. holding in his beak a sprig of laurel, ppr.

*Seat*—Hollybrook Castle, in the county of Wicklow.

**HOGHTON, SIR HENRY-PHILIP**, baronet, of Houghton Tower, in the county of Lancaster; b. 12th June, 1768; s. to the title, as seventh baronet, upon the demise of his father, 9th March, 1795; m. 13th November, 1797, Susanna, only daughter and heiress of Peter Brooke, esq. of Astley Hall, in the county of Lancaster, and relict of Thomas-Townley Parker, esq. by whom he has issue,

HENRY, b. 3rd June, 1790; m. 23rd May, 1820, Dorothea, second daughter of the late Peter-Patten Bold, esq. of Bold, Lancashire, and eventually heiress, upon the demise of her sister, 15th December, 1824, Mary, wife of Prince Eustace Sapieha, of the kingdom of Poland; in consequence of which, Mr. Houghton bears the surname of Bold before that of Houghton: he has issue,

1. Henry, b. in 1821.

2. Charles, b. in 1823.

3. Mary.

4. Dora.

Frances-Elizabeth.

### Lineage.

This is a family of very great antiquity, and in point of precedence the second in the baronetage.

SIR RICHARD DE HOGHTON, knt. represented the county of Lancaster in parliament in the reign of Edward II.; and his only son,

SIR ADAM DE HOGHTON, was knight of the same shire, in the reign of Edward III. He d. in 1366, and was s. by his eldest son,

SIR RICHARD DE HOGHTON, M.P. for Lancashire, in the reigns of Richard II. and Henry IV. This gentleman had license in the 26th year of Edward III. to inclose and impark at Houghton. The great-grandson of this Sir Richard,

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**SIR ALEXANDER HOUGHTON**, having distinguished himself as a military officer under the Duke of Gloucester, in Scotland, was made a knight-banneret in the twenty-second year of King Edward IV. Sir Alexander had an only daughter, to whom he bequeathed a moiety of his estates, and the remainder to his brother,

**SIR WILLIAM HOUGHTON**, from whom lineally descended

**THOMAS HOUGHTON**, esq. who served the office of sheriff of Lancashire, in the sixth year of the reign of Queen Elisabeth, and fell in a duel with — Langton, of Newton, commonly called Baron of Walton and Newton, in the forty-ninth of the same reign. He had m. Anne, daughter of Henry Kighley, esq. son and heir of Sir Henry Kighley, knt. by whom he had several children, and was s. by his eldest son,

1. **SIR RICHARD HOUGHTON**, knt. of Houghton Tower, who was created a baronet 22nd May, 1611, (upon the institution of the order.) This gentleman m. Catherine, daughter of Sir Gilbert Gerard, knt. of Bromley, in the county of Stafford, master of the rolls, by whom he had five sons and eight daughters. Sir Richard represented the county of Lancaster in parliament. He d. in 1636, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. **SIR GILBERT**, who had previously, 21st July, 1606, received the honor of knighthood, and subsequently distinguished himself in the ranks of the Cavaliers. He m. Margaret, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Roger Aston, knt. by whom he had six sons and four daughters. He d. in 1647, and was s. by his second and eldest surviving son,

3. **SIR RICHARD**. This gentleman, who represented the county of Lancaster in parliament, m. Sarah, daughter of Philip, first Earl of Chesterfield, by whom he had several children. He d. in February, 1677-8, and was s. by his only surviving son,

4. **SIR CHARLES**, M.P. for the county of Lancaster, who m. in 1676, Mary, eldest daughter of John Skeffington, second Viscount Massareene, by whom he had five sons and six daughters. He d. in 1710, and was s. by his eldest surviving son,

5. **SIR HENRY**, M.P. for Preston. This gentleman m. thrice, but having no issue, the title devolved, at his demise in 1768, upon (the only son of his brother Philip, by Miss Sclater, daughter of Thomas Sclater, esq.) his nephew,

6. **SIR HENRY**, b. 22nd October, 1728; m. first, in 1761, Elizabeth, only daughter and heiress of William Ashurst, esq. of Heddington Castle, in the county of Essex, by whom he had an only daughter, Elizabeth, who m. in 1783, Lewis Maudslayi, esq. Sir Henry m. secondly, in 1766, Fanny, daughter and co-heiress of Daniel Booth, esq. of Hutton Hall, in the county of Essex, by whom he had **HENRY-PHILIP**, the present baronet, and another son, Major-General Daniel Houghton, who fell at the battle of Albuera, while gallantly leading his regiment against the enemy. Sir Henry represented the borough of Preston in parliament for thirty years. He d. in 1793.

*Creation*—22nd May, 1611.



*Arms*—Sa. three bars ar. with the augmentation of the rose of England, and the thistle of Scotland, impaled in a canton or.

*Crest*—(Modern) On a wreath, a bull passant ar.

*Crest*—(Ancient) A bulls head ar. collared with three bars sa.

*Supporters*—Over the gates of Houghton Tower, put up in the beginning of the reign of Elisabeth, two bulls ar.

*Motto*—Malgré le tort.

*Seat*—Houghton Tower, Lancashire.

**HOLBURN, SIR THOMAS-WILLIAM**, baronet, of Menstrie, in the county of Edinburgh; s. to the title, as fifth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 13th September, 1820.

#### Lineage.

The surname of this family, which is of respectable antiquity, was originally written "*Holburn*."

**JAMES HOLBURN**, esq. of Menstrie, m. Janet, daughter of John Inglis, esq. of Crammond, and had issue,

1. **JAMES HOLBURN**, esq. of Menstrie, who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* 21st June, 1706, and left, with other issue,

**JAMES**, his successor.

**Francis**, admiral of the white, rear-admiral of Great Britain, governor of Greenwich Hospital, and M.P. for Plymouth. He m. Frances, daughter of Guy Ball, esq. of Barbadoes, and widow of Edward Lascelles, by whom he had an only son,

**FRANCIS**, who s. as fourth baronet.

Sir James was s. at his decease by his eldest son,

2. **SIR JAMES**, who d. 26th July, 1756, and was s. by his second son, (the elder, James, having fallen previously in battle)

3. **SIR ALEXANDER**, a captain in the royal navy; at whose decease, without issue, 22nd Jan. 1772, the baronetcy devolved upon his cousin,

4. **SIR FRANCIS** (refer to issue of first baronet), who m. 12th June, 1786, Alicia, daughter of Thomas Brayne, esq. of the county of Warwick, by whom he had,

1. **FRANCIS**, of the third foot-guards, who d. of a wound received before Bayonne, 14th April, 1814.

2. **THOMAS-WILLIAM**, present baronet.

2. Alicia-Sophia.

4. Catherine.

5. Mary-Anne.

Sir Francis *d.* 13th Sept. 1830.*Creation*—21st June, 1706.

*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, gu. a fesse, couped, between three crescents or.; second and third, or, an orle gu.

*Crest*—A demi-lion, touching with his dexter paw, a mullet ar.

*Motto*—Decus summum virtus.

**HOLLAND, BARON**, (Henry-Richard Vassal-Fox, F.R.S. and F.S.A.) of Holland, in the county of Lincoln; and Baron Holland, of Foxley, in the county of Wilts; Recorder of Nottingham; *b.* 21st November, 1773; *s.* to the honors, as third baron, upon the demise of his father, 26th December, 1774; *m.* 9th July, 1797, Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Richard Vassal, esq. (who had been previously *m.* to the late Sir Godfrey Webster, bart.) by whom he has issue,

HENRY-EDWARD, *b.* 7th March, 1802.

Mary-Elizabeth, *m.* 22nd May, 1830, to Thomas, present Lord Lilford.

His lordship, in consequence of his marriage, assumed the additional surname of "VASSAL." Lord Holland is a cabinet minister, and chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster.

### Lineage.

This noble family, and that of Fox, Earls of Ilchester, have had a common progenitor in

SIR STEPHEN FOX, a distinguished senator during the reigns of Charles II., James II., William III., and Queen Anne. By his marriage, in 1703, with Christian, daughter of the Rev. Charles Hope, of Naseby, in the county of Lincoln, this gentleman had two sons; Stephen, created Earl of Ilchester, (see that dignity,) and

HENRY FOX, who filled several high official situations in the reign of King George II. (amongst others, those of secretary-at-war, and secretary of state,) from 1733, when he was first returned to parliament for Hendon, until the accession of his Majesty King George III. at which period he was a member of the privy-council, and enjoyed the office of paymaster-general to the forces, but which he soon afterwards resigned. The right hon. gentleman *m.* in 1744, Georgiana-Ca-

rolina, eldest daughter of Charles, second Duke of Richmond, and had issue,

STEPHEN, his successor.

CHARLES-JAMES (*b.* January, O.S. 1748-9), one of the most eminent statesmen of modern times, distinguished alike by the soundness of his political principles, the force of his senatorial eloquence, and the ardour of his attachment to freedom. Mr. Fox first came into parliament for Midhurst, in 1768, before he was of age. In 1770, he was appointed a lord of the Admiralty, which post he retained till May, 1772. In 1773, he was made a lord of the treasury, an office he resigned the following year, to oppose Lord North, and the American war. Upon the fall of the North administration, March 1782, Mr. Fox was constituted SECRETARY OF STATE, but held the seals only till the death of Lord Rockingham, in the following July. When the brief-lived Lansdown cabinet ceased, Mr. Fox formed the celebrated coalition with Lord North; and became again secretary-of-state, 2nd April, 1783. His power was as fleeting however as before, and he retired on the 19th of the December following to make room for Mr. Pitt, who at once became premier. After the death of Mr. Pitt, Mr. Fox came again into office, and he died deeply lamented, in 1806, when nominally secretary of state for foreign affairs, but virtually prime minister of England. He had *m.* Elizabeth-Bridget Armistead, but had no issue.

Henry-Edward, a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 16th foot; *m.* Marianne, daughter of William Clayton, esq. and *d.* in 1811, leaving

1. Henry-Stephen, *b.* in 1791.

2. Louisa-Amelia, *m.* to Sir H. E. Bunbury, bart. and *d.* in 1828.

3. Caroline, *m.* to Lieutenant-colonel Napier.

Lady Georgiana Fox was elevated to the peerage, as *Baroness Holland, of Holland, in the county of Lincoln*, 6th May, 1762; and Mr. Fox himself was created **BARON HOLLAND, of Foxley, in the county of Wilts**, 16th April, 1763. His lordship *d.* 1st July, 1774, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

STEPHEN, second baron, who inherited likewise the barony of Holland, of Holland, at the demise of his mother, the 24th of the same month, in the same year. His lordship *m.* in 1766, Mary, eldest daughter of John Fitzpatrick, first Earl of Upper Ossory, by whom he had surviving issue,

HENRY-RICHARD, present peer.

Caroline.

He *d.* 16th December, 1774, and was *s.* by his only son,

HENRY-RICHARD.

*Creations*—Baron Holland, of Holland, 6th May, 1762. Baron Holland, of Foxley, 16th April, 1763.

*Arms*—Erm. on a chev. az. three foxes' heads,

crased, or, on a canton of the second a fleur-de-lis of the third.



*Crest*—On a chapeau az. turned up erm. a fox sejant, or.

*Supporters*—The DEXTER, a fox az. gorged with a collar, gobony, gu. and of the first, thereon roses of the second, and holding in the mouth a rose slipped and leaved ppr.; SINISTER, a fox az. gorged as the dexter, thereto a chain affixed or.

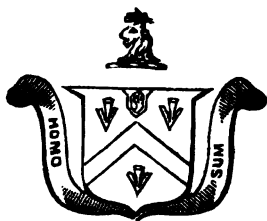
*Motto*—Et vitam impendere vero.

*Town Residence*—Holland-house, Kensington.

*Seats*—Foxley, Wiltshire; and Ampthill, Bedfordshire.

**HOMAN, SIR WILLIAM-JACKSON**, baronet, of Dunlum, in the county of Westmeath; b. in 1771; m. 13th June, 1797, Charlotte, second daughter of John, first Marquess of Bute, by whom he has an only son,

**PHILIP-GEORGE-STUART**, b. 6th Sept. 1802. This gentleman, who is second son of the Rev. Philip Homan, and grandson of George Homan, esq. of Surrock, in the county of Westmeath, and his wife, Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of the Rev. William Jackson, D.D. of Maghul, in the county of Lancaster, was created a baronet 1st August, 1801.



*Arms*—Vert, a chev. or, between three pheons, points downwards, az.

*Crest*—A lion's head erased or, on the head a chapeau gu. turned up erm.

*Motto*—Homo sum.

*Seat*—Dunlum, in the county of Westmeath.

**HOME, EARL OF**, (Alexander Ramey-Home,) Baron Home, and Baron of Dunglas,

in the peerage of Scotland, and one of the representative lords; lord-lieutenant of the county of Berwick, and colonel of its militia; b. 11th November, 1769; s. to the honors, as tenth earl, upon the demise of his father, 8th October, 1786; m. 9th November, 1798, Elizabeth, second daughter of Henry, third Duke of Buccleuch and Queensberry, by whom he has one surviving son,

**COSPATRICK-ALEXANDER**, Lord *Dunglas*, b. 27th October, 1799.

The earl assumed the surname of his maternal grandfather, "Ramey," in addition to that of Home, by royal permission, in 1814.

### Lineage.

This noble family yields to few of its native country in antiquity of descent, being a branch of the great house of Dunbar and March, springing from

**THE HON. PATRICK DUNBAR**, second son of Cospatrick, Earl of Dunbar and March; whose son,

**WILLIAM DUNBAR**, m. for his second wife, Ada, daughter of Patrick, Earl of Dunbar, and widow of ——— Courtenay, who had obtained from her father the lands of Home in free marriage. Courtenay died s. p. and the lady brought these lands to her second husband, whence his posterity assumed the surname of "HOME." This Ada made a grant to the monastery of Kelso, for the salvation of her soul and the souls of her father and mother, prior to the year 1346. The son of her marriage with William Dunbar,

**WILLIAM DE HOME**, confirmed, under that designation, the grant of his mother to the Abbot of Kelso in 1368. From this William lineally descended

**SIR ALEXANDER HOME**, of Home, who founded the collegiate church of Dunglas, for a prebost and several prebendaries. He m. Mariota, daughter and heiress of Sir Robert Lauder, of Bass, and was s. by his eldest son,

**SIR ALEXANDER HOME**, of Home, who was ambassador-extraordinary to England in 1480, and was created lord of parliament, as *Baron Home*, 2nd August, 1473. He m. first, Mariota, daughter and heiress of Landale, of Landale, in Berwickshire, by whom he had, with other issue,

**ALEXANDER**, Master of Home, who m. Elizabeth Hepburn, and dying before his father, left issue,

**ALEXANDER**, successor to the title.

**John**, of Whiteleys and Erskilton, who was ambassador to England in 1491, and dying soon afterwards, was s. by his son,

**MONGO**, of Coldingknows, who m. Elizabeth, daughter of James, Earl of Buchan, and was s. by his son, **JOHN** (Sir), of Coldingknows, who m. Margaret, daughter of Sir Andrew Ker, of Cessford, and was s. by his son,



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JAMES (Sir), who *d.* in 1599, and was *s.* by his son,

JOHN, whose son,

JAMES (Sir), *m.* Lady

Anne Home, eldest

daughter and co-

heirress of George,

Earl of Dunbar,

and left a son,

JAMES, who *s.* as

third EARL OF

HOMES.

Lord Home espoused secondly, Margaret, daughter of Alexander, Master of Montgomery, by whom he had two sons. His lordship *d.* in 1490, and was *s.* by his grandson,

ALEXANDER, second baron, who *m.* Nicholas, daughter of George Ker, of Samuelton, and dying in 1506, was *s.* by his eldest son.

ALEXANDER, third baron. This nobleman commanded the van, with the Earl of Huntly, at the battle of Floddenfield, dispersed the English opposed to him, and was one of the few who escaped the carnage of that disastrous day. His lordship joined the Queen Dowager and her husband Angus, in 1515: and embraced the English interest in opposition to the Regent Albany, who took Home Castle and Fast Castle, the fortlets of Lord Home, and ravaged his lands. Albany having caused the French ambassador to offer an amnesty, and to send a pardon to Lord Home, with a request of a conference, he agreed to meet the regent at Dunglas, where he was instantly arrested, and committed to Edinburgh Castle, then under the governorship of the Earl of Arran; but Lord Home prevailed on Arran to permit him to escape, and to accompany him to the Borders. Lord Home made his peace with the Regent in 1516, and was restored to his honors and estates; but visiting the court in the September of that year, with his brother, William, they were arrested, tried for treason, and convicted. Lord Home was executed, 8th October, 1516, his head placed on the tolbooth of Edinburgh, and his honors and estates forfeited to the crown. His brother suffered the next day. His lordship left by his wife, Agnes Stewart, two daughters,

1. Janet, *m.* to Sir John Hamilton, natural brother of James, Duke of Châtellerault.

2. Alison.

His honors and estates were restored, in 1522, to his brother,

GEORGE, as fourth baron. His lordship *m.* Mariot, daughter and co-heirress of Patrick, sixth Lord Halyburton, of Dirleton, and was *s.* in 1547, by his only surviving son,

ALEXANDER, fifth baron, to whom succeeded his only son (by his second wife, Agnes, daughter of Patrick, Lord Gray, and widow of Sir Robert Logan),

ALEXANDER, sixth baron, who was created, 4th March, 1604-5, *Baron Dunglas*, and EARL OF HOMES, with remainder to his heirs male whatsoever. His lordship *m.* first, Christian Douglas, sister of William, Earl of Morton, and widow of

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Laurence, Master of Oliphant, by whom he had no issue. He espoused secondly, Mary, eldest daughter of Edward Sutton, Lord Dudley, and was *s.* in 1619, by his only son,

JAMES, second earl; upon whose demise, without issue, in 1633, the honors reverted to his kinsman,

SIR JAMES HOMES, knight, of Coldingknows, as third earl (refer to second son of Alexander, Master of Home, eldest son of Alexander, first Lord Home). This nobleman *m.* Jane, daughter of William, second Earl of Morton, by whom he left three sons, all of whom succeeded, in turn, to the family honors, namely,

ALEXANDER, } fourth and fifth earls, both of JAMES, } whom *d.* without issue,

CHARLES, sixth earl. This nobleman *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir William Purves, bart. of Purves Hall, in the county of Berwick, by whom he had six children. His lordship *d.* in 1706, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

ALEXANDER, seventh earl, who suffered imprisonment in the castle of Edinburgh, from the breaking out of the rebellion in 1715, until the revival of the Habeas Corpus Act in 1716. His lordship *m.* Anne, second daughter of William, second Marquess of Lothian, by whom he had eight children, the eldest and youngest surviving of whom inherited successively the family honors. The former,

WILLIAM, as eighth earl, upon the demise of his father, 1720; and the latter,

THE REV. ALEXANDER, as ninth earl, upon the decease of his brother, *s. p.* in 1761. His lordship *m.* first, Primrose, second daughter of Charles, Lord Elphinstone, by whom he had a son and daughter. The former, William, Lord Dunglas, fell at the battle of Guilford; and the latter, Elizabeth-Eleanora, *m.* General Dundas, who *d.* in 1794. The earl *m.* secondly, Marian, second daughter of the Hon. James Home, of Aytoun, (his uncle), by whom he had no issue; and thirdly, in 1768, Abigail, only daughter and heirress of John Ramey, esq. of Yarmouth, by whom he had issue,

ALEXANDER, present peer.

Charlotte, *m.* to Rev. Charles Baillie-Hamilton, who *d.* in 1820.

His lordship *d.* in 1786.

*Creations*—Baron, 2nd August, 1473. Earl, &c. 4th March, 1604-5.



**Arms**—Quarterly; first and fourth, vert, a lion, rampant, ar. armed and langued gu. for HOME; second and third, ar. three popinjays vert, beaked and membered gu. for PEPDIE, OF DUNGLAS; over all, an escutcheon or, charged with an orle as. for LANDELL.

**Crest**—A lion's head, erased, ar. on his head a chapeau gu. turned up erm.

**Supporters**—Two lions ar.

**Mottoes**—(Over the crest) A home, a home, a home. (Under the arms) True to the end.

**Seat**—Hirsel, Berwickshire.

HOME, SIR JAMES, baronet, of Blackader, in the county of Berwick; s. to the title, as seventh baronet, at the decease of his father, in 1803; m. in 1828, Anna, daughter of the late Andrew Stirling, esq. Sir James is in the civil service of the East India Company.

### Lineage.

SIR DAVID HOME, of Thurston (second son of Home of that ilk), m. Alice, heiress of Wedderburne, county of Berwick, and obtained a charter in 1430, of that barony, from the superior, Archibald, 4th Earl of Douglas, which was confirmed by Royal charter, dated 10th April, 1430; and again by charter of Resignation under the great seal, dated at Stirling, 16th May, 1430; confirming the lands and barony of Wedderburne to Sir David and his wife, Alice, and the survivor, and after their death, to their grandson, GEORGE, son to the deceased David, eldest son to Sir David and Alice, the resigners. The eldest son and successor of the said George,

SIR DAVID HOME, of Wedderburne, who fell at Flodden-field in 1513, had issue seven sons, well known in border song, as "the Seven Spears of Wedderburne," viz.

George, who shared the fate of his father.

David, who s. to the estates, from whom descended the houses of Wedderburne, baronets, the Earls of Marchmont, &c.

Alexander, of Manderston, ancestor of the Earl of Dunbar, of the surname of Home.

JOHN, of whom presently.

Andrew, abbot of Dryburgh.

Patrick, of Broomhouse.

Robert, who m. Margaret, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Robert Blackader, of Blackader.

JOHN HOME, esq. (the fourth son) m. Beatrice, eldest daughter of one of the two heirs portioners of Robert Blackader, of Blackader, and was s. by his grandson,

JOHN HOME, esq. of Blackader, who was s. by his son,

1. JOHN HOME, esq. of Blackader, who was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* in 1671. Sir John m. Mary, eldest daughter of Sir James Dundas, of Arniston, by whom he had two sons,

JOHN, his successor.

Sir David, one of the lords-commissioners of justiciary, under the title of Lord Crocerrey.

And two daughters;

And was s. at his decease by his elder son,

2. SIR JOHN. This gentleman m. his cousin, Mary, eldest daughter of Sir James Dundas, by whom he had two sons, and was s. by the elder,

3. SIR JOHN, who m. Catherine, daughter of Sir John Pringle, of Stitchell, and was s. by his eldest son,

4. SIR JOHN; at whose decease, without issue, the title devolved upon his brother,

5. SIR JAMES. This gentleman, who was clerk to the signet, m. Catharine, daughter of George Livingstone, esq. one of the deputy-clerks of session, and was s. by his only son,

6. SIR GEORGE, who m. in 1784 or 5, his cousin, Helen, third daughter of James Buchanan, esq. of Drumpellier, by whom he had JAMES, the present baronet, with another son, and two daughters. Sir George, who entered early into the naval service, attained the rank of vice-admiral. He d. in 1803.

**Creation**—1671.



**Arms**—Quarterly; first, az. on a chev. ar. three roses gu. for BLACKADER; second, vert, a lion, rampant ar. for HOME; third, ar. three popinjays vert, for PEPDIE; fourth, ar. a cross, engr. az. for SINCLAIR OF HERMANSTON.

**Crest**—An adder sa. in pale, holding in its mouth a rose gu. leaved and stalked vert.

**Supporters**—DEXTER, an otter; SINISTER, a falcon, both ppr.

**Motto**—Vise a la fin.

**Seat**—Blackader, Berwickshire.

HOME, SIR EVERARD, baronet, of Well-Manor Farm, in the county of Southampton, F.R.S. and F.S.A.; b. 6th May, 1756; m. in 1792, Jane, daughter and co-heiress of the Rev. Dr. Tunstall, and relict of Stephen Thompson, esq. by whom he has issue,

JAMES EVERARD, b. 25th October, 1798; commander R.N.

William-Archibald, in holy orders, b. 17th November, 1800.

Jane, m. in 1822, to Captain Forbes, R.N.

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Mary-Elizabeth, *m.* in 1815, to Charles-Powell-Rushworth, *esq.* of Farningford Hill, in the Isle of Wight.

Harriett-Catharine.

Charlotte, *m.* in 1823, to Barnard Yeoman, *esq.* captain R.N.

This gentleman, who is son of Kobert Home, *esq.* of Greenlaw Castle, in the county of Berwick, (of the noble family of Home,) by Mary, daughter of Col. Hutchinson, having been nominated sergeant-surgeon to the king, was created a baronet 2nd January, 1813.



*Arms*—Vert, a lion rampant between two piles engr. issuing from the chief *ar.*, all within a bordure engr. of the last, charged with six popinjays of the field, beaked and membered *gu.*

*Crest*—A lion's head erased *ppr.* thereon a label of three points *ar.* the middle point charged with a fleur-de-lis *az.* the others with the cross of St. George, *gu.*

*Supporters*—On either side a lion rampant regardant *ar.*

*Town Residence*—Chelsea Hospital.

*Seats*—Well-Manor Farm, Southampton; and Ham, Surrey.

**HONYMAN, SIR RICHARD-BEMPTDE-JOHNSTONE**, baronet, of Armadale, in the county of Orkney; *b.* 6th May, 1787; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 5th January, 1825.

### Lineage.

SIR ROBERT STEWART, of Strathdon, natural son of King James V. of Scotland, obtained a grant of the crown lands in Orkney and Zetland, from Queen Mary, in 1565, and was created EARL OF ORKNEY in 1581. His lordship was *s.* by his eldest son,

PATRICK, second earl, who was beheaded for high-treason, at Edinburgh, 8th February, 1614, when the earldom expired. This nobleman left an only daughter,

MARY, who *m.* — Stewart, of Græmsay, in the county of Orkney, and left an only daughter,

MARY STEWART, heiress of Græmsay, and representative of the Earls of Orkney. This lady *m.* Andrew Honyman, bishop of Orkney, who *d.* in 1676, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

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ROBERT HONYMAN, *esq.* This gentleman was *s.* in 1737, by an only son,

WILLIAM HONYMAN, *esq.* who was *s.* in 1758, by his eldest son,

PATRICK HONYMAN, *esq.* to whom *s.* in 1797, his eldest son,

1. WILLIAM HONYMAN, *esq.* of Armadale, a lawyer of eminence, who was appointed one of the lords of session, and justiciary in the supreme courts of Scotland, and assumed the titular designation of *Lord Armadale*. He *m.* Mary, eldest daughter of the Right Honorable Robert M<sup>c</sup>Queen, lord-chief-justice-clerk, by whom he had surviving issue,

RICHARD-JOHNSTONE-BEMPTDE, present bart.

Orde-John, captain grenadier-guards; *m.* 7th April, 1818, Elizabeth-Essex, daughter of Admiral Bowen.

William, *m.* Miss Thompson.

Catherine.

Margaret.

Sarah-Jemima.

His lordship was created a baronet 10th May, 1804. He *d.* in 1825.



*Arms*—*Ar.* a bend engr. voided *gu.*

*Crest*—An arrow paleways, point downwards *or.*, feathered *ar.*

*Supporters*—Two lions rampant guardant *ppr.*

*Seats*—Armadale and Græmsay, in Orkney.

**HONYWOOD, SIR JOHN-COURTENAY**, baronet, of Evington, in the county of Kent; *b.* in 1787; inherited the title, as sixth baronet, at the decease of his father, in March, 1806; *m.* 27th July, 1808, Mary-Anne, eldest daughter of the Rev. Sir William-Henry Cooper, bart., by whom he has issue two sons and two daughters.

### Lineage.

This very ancient family has resided in the county of Kent since the reign of Henry II. when

WILLIAM HENEWOOD died, (about the year 1160,) and left a son,

THOMAS HENEWOOD, whose son and heir,

EDWIN DE HONEYWOOD, in the reign of King Henry III. is remembered, in the leger-book of Horton Priory, among the chief of those who were munificent benefactors to that convent, and

is mentioned there as having been of Postling, in Kent. From this Edwin lineally descended

JOHN HONEYWOOD, who m. first, Agnes, daughter and heir of Henry Martin, esq. and had a son JOHN, of whom presently. Mr. Honeywood espoused, secondly, ——— daugh. of ——— Barnes, esq. of Wye, in Kent, and had

ROBERT, of Charing, Kent, and Marks-hall, in Essex, who m. Mary, daughter and co-heir of Robert Waters, esq. of Lenham, in the former shire, and from that marriage descended

Lieutenant-General PHILIP HONEYWOOD, of Marks Hall, who devised his estates, in 1786, to Filmer Honeywood, esq.

The eldest son,

JOHN HONEYWOOD, esq. of St. George's Priory, Canterbury, who represented Hythe in parliament, temp. Elizabeth, m. Mildreda, daughter of Mr. Baron Hales, of the exchequer, and had three sons and two daughters. The eldest and youngest sons, Thomas and Christopher, were members of parliament for Hythe, but d. s. p. The second son,

JOHN HONEYWOOD, who became eventually heir, m. first, Joanna, daughter and heir of ——— Ferry, esq. of Chatham, and had a son THOMAS. He espoused, secondly, Jane, daughter of Peter Heyman, esq. (and sole heiress of her mother, Mary, daughter of ——— Tirrell, esq. of Beeches, in Essex,) by whom he had an only daughter, Catherine, (sole heiress of her mother,) who m. Sir Edward Scott, of Scott's Hall, K.B. Mr. Honeywood was s. by his son,

SIR THOMAS HONEYWOOD, knt. of Greenwich, who m. Jane, daughter of Edward Hales, esq. of Tenderden, by whom he had six sons and two daughters, of which family,

William, (the second son,) was sheriff of London in 1630.

Edward, (third son,) m. Mary, daughter of John Baker, esq. of Withiam, Sussex, and had a son,

Isaac, of Hampstead, whose son, Mr. Honeywood, of London, banker, bequeathed his property to Sir John Honeywood, the third baronet.

Sir Thomas d. in 1622, and was s. by his eldest son,

SIR JOHN HONEYWOOD, knt. high-sheriff of the county of Kent, in 1607-8, and 9. This gentleman m. Mary, daughter of Thomas Godfrey, esq. of Lid; and dying in 1658, was s. by his elder son,

1. SIR EDWARD HONEYWOOD, knt. of Evington, in Kent, who was created a baronet 10th July, 1660, in consideration of three thousand pounds, which he had remitted to King Charles II. during his exile, and which were never refunded. This gentleman m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Maynard, knt. of Tooting, Surrey, by whom he had two sons and a daughter. He d. in 1690, and was s. by his elder son,

2. SIR WILLIAM, b. in 1765, who m. Anna-Christiana, daughter of Richard Newman, esq.

of Fifield-Magdalen, in the county of Dorset, and had two sons and three daughters. The elder son, William, predeceased his father, leaving, by Frances, daughter of William Raleigh, esq. (with daughters) an only son, JOHN, who s. to the baronetcy. Sir William d. in 1748, and was s. by his grandson,

3. SIR JOHN. This gentleman served the office of sheriff of Kent in 1732; and upon the death of his kinsman, Fraser Honeywood, esq. of London, banker, in 1754, succeeded, under that gentleman's will, to his seats, at Malling Abbey, in Kent, and at Hampstead, Middlesex. Sir John m. first, Annabella, daughter of William Goodenough, esq. of Langford, in the county of Berks, by whom he had two sons and four daughters; and, secondly, Dorothy, daughter of Sir Edward Filmer, baronet, by whom he had two sons and a daughter, the elder of whom, Filmer Honeywood, esq. of Mark's Hall, in the county of Essex, succeeded to that seat, and the other large estates of General Philip Honeywood, by bequest, in 1785. This gentleman's son and successor, William Philip Honeywood, esq. recently represented the county of Kent in parliament. Sir John d. in 1781, and was s. by his grandson,

4. SIR JOHN, (son of William Honeywood, esq. of Malling Abbey, by Elizabeth, daughter of Thomas Clack, esq. of Wallingford, Berks.) This gentleman m. in 1778, Frances, daughter of William, second Viscount Courtenay, by whom he had issue,

JOHN-COURTENAY, present baronet.

Frances-Elizabeth, m. to A. Surtees, esq.

Charlotte-Dorothea, m. to Colonel Cooper, and d. in 1811.

Annabella-Christiana, m. to Sir Edward Knatchbull, bart. and d. in 1814.

Caroline, m. in 1807, to Edward Dalziel Temple, esq.

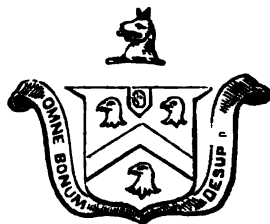
Eliza-Augusta.

Louisa-Catharine, m. in 1829, to the Rev.

Henry R. Quartly, and d. in 1822.

Sir John d. in 1806.

Creation—19th July, 1660.



Arms—Ar. a chev. between three hawks' heads erased as.

Crest—On a wreath, a wolf's head couped erm.

Motto—Omne bonum desuper.

Seats—Evington-place, Kent.

**HOOD, VISCOUNT, (Henry Hood,)** of Whitley, in the county of Warwick; Baron Hood, of Catherington, in the county of Hants, in the peerage of Great Britain; a baronet of England; and Baron Hood, of Catherington, in the peerage of Ireland; *b.* 26th August, 1753; *m.* in 1774, Jane, only daughter and heiress of Francis Wheeler, esq. of Whitley, in the county of Warwick, by whom he has had,

Francis-Wheeler, lieutenant-colonel in the army, killed at the battle of Orthes, in March, 1814, leaving issue, by Caroline, only daughter of the late Sir Andrew Snape Hammond, baronet.

1. SAMUEL, *b.* 10th January, 1808.
2. Francis-Grosvenor, captain in the guards; *b.* 4th March, 1800.
3. Caroline.

SAMUEL, present *Lord Bridport*, in the peerage of Ireland.

Susannah, *m.* to the Rev. R. G. Richards, and *d.* 1st November, 1823.

Selina, *m.* in 1805, to Captain Francis Mason, R.N. C.B.

The viscount *s.* to the barony of Hood, of Catherington, upon the demise of his mother, Baroness Hood, in her own right, 25th May, 1806, and to the other honors at the decease of his father, in 1816. His lordship is the second viscount.

#### Lineage.

The family of Hood possessed considerable landed property in the county of Dorset more than two centuries ago.

THE REVEREND SAMUEL HOOD, vicar of Thorncombe, in the county of Devon, (second son of Alexander Hood, esq. of Mosterton, in the county of Dorset,) *m.* Mary, daughter of Richard Hoskins, esq. of Beamminster, in the county of Dorset, and had issue,

SAMUEL, of whom presently.

Alexander, admiral of the red, created *Lord Bridport*, (see that dignity.)

Elizabeth, *m.* to alderman Edward Walker, of Exeter, and was mother of Captain Hood Walker, of the artillery, who fell in the expedition to Ostend, in 1798,

The elder son,

ADMIRAL SIR SAMUEL HOOD, K.C.B. was created a baronet, as a reward for his previous professional achievements, 19th May, 1778, and elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 12th September, 1782, as *Baron Hood, of Catherington*, for the decisive victory he had gained in that year over the French fleet, under the Count de Grasse, in the West India seas. His lordship was enrolled amongst the peers of Great Britain, 1st June, 1796, by the title of *Viscount Hood, of Whitley, in the county of Warwick*. He *m.* in 1740, Susannah, daughter of Edward Lindzee, esq. of Portsmouth, (which lady was elevated to the peerage of England, as *Baroness Hood, of Catherington, in the county of Hants*, 27th March,

1795,) by whom he had one surviving son, HENRY, the present peer. His lordship lost his consort 25th May, 1806, and died himself, 27th January, 1816.

*Creations*—Baronet, 19th May, 1778. Baron, 12th September, 1782: (in Ireland.) Baron, 27th March, 1795. Viscount, 1st June, 1796: (in Great Britain.)



*Arms*—Az. a fret ar, on a chief sa. three crescents or.

*Crest*—A Cornish chough ppr.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a merman, in his exterior hand a trident; SINISTER, a mermaid, in her exterior hand a mirror, all ppr.

*Motto*—Ventis secundis.

*Seats*—Whitley Abbey, near Coventry; and Catherington House, Hants.

**HOOD, SIR ALEXANDER**, baronet, of Tidlake, in the county of Surrey; *b.* 5th July, 1793; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his uncle, the late gallant Admiral Sir Samuel Hood, K.C.B., K.M.T., and K.F. 24th December, 1814; *m.* 3rd August, 1815, Amelia-Anne, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Sir Hugh Bateman, baronet, of Harlington Hall, in the county of Derby, by whom he has issue,

ALEXANDER BATEMAN-PRIAM, *b.* 20th of April, 1819.

Arthur-William-Acland, *b.* 14th July 1824.

Emily-Periam, *b.* 4th February, 1818.

Sophia-Mary, *b.* 16th November, 1820.

—daughter, *b.* 24th August, 1829.

Sir Alexander is in remainder to the Irish Barony of BRIDPORT, after the present Lord Bridport and his male descendants.

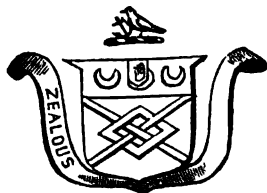
#### Lineage.

This family is descended from a common ancestor with the noble house of Hood, Viscount Hood.

SAMUEL HOOD, esq. (youngest son of Samuel Hood, esq. of Kingsland, in the county of Dorset, by Anne, daughter of James Bern, esq. of Westbury, in the county of Wilts,) entered the royal navy at the age of fourteen, as a midshipman, on board the *Courageux*, then commanded by his father's first-cousin, Samuel, the first Viscount Hood, and having, by a series of splendid services, too numerous even to epitomise here, attained the rank of vice-admiral of the white,

was installed knight of the Bath, returned to parliament for the city of Westminster, and created a baronet 13th April, 1800, with remainder, in default of male issue, to his nephew, ALEXANDER, the present baronet, only son of Captain Alexander Hood, (also of the royal navy, who circumnavigated the globe with Captain Cook, and fell, on board the *Mars*, in the moment of triumph over the French ship *L'Hercule*,) by Miss Periam, of Wootton, in the county of Somerset. Sir Samuel Hood was the Honorable Miss Mackenzie, eldest daughter of Francis, Lord Seaforth; but having no issue, the title devolved at his decease, 24th December, 1814, according to a reversionary clause in the patent.

*Creation*—13th April, 1800.



*Arms*—As. a fret ar. on a chief sa. three crescents or.

*Crest*—A Cornish chough holding an anchor on the dexter side in bend sinister ppr.

*Motto*—Zealous.

*Seat*—Wootton, in the county of Somerset.

HOPE, SIR JOHN, baronet, of Craig Hall and Pinkie, in the county of Fife; s. to the title, as eleventh baronet, upon the decease of his half-brother, 26th June, 1801; m. 17th June, 1805, Anne, fourth daughter of the late Sir John Wedderburn, baronet, of Balindean, (by his second lady, Alicia Dundas, of Dundas,) and has issue,

ARCHIBALD, b. 26th February, 1806.

John-David, b. 27th August, 1800.

Thomas, b. 11th July, 1810.

### Lineage.

The founder of the family of Hope, of Craig Hall, appears to have been

JOHN DE HOPF, who is said to have come from France in the train of Magdalene, queen of King James I. He m. Elizabeth Cummin, and left a son,

EDWARD HOPF, whose son, HENRY HOPF, a very eminent merchant, m. Jacqueline de Tott, a French lady, and left two sons; Thomas, of whom presently, and Henry, ancestor of the Hopes of Amsterdam.

1. SIR THOMAS HOPF, knt. (the elder son,) of Craighall, in the county of Fife, having been bred to the bar, attained great eminence in his profession. In 1626, he was appointed joint lord-advocate along with Sir William Oliphant, and, his colleague dying in two years afterwards, he enjoyed the office alone. Sir Thomas obtained

many substantial favours from the crown, and was created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia* 11th February, 1628. In 1643, he was appointed commissioner to the general assembly of the church of Scotland, a dignity which, it is said, no commoner has since enjoyed. "He took the place proudly upon him, for the honors (crown, sword, and sceptre) were daily carried when he went out and into this assembly before him; and at preaching, he sat in the king's loft." Sir Thomas m. Elizabeth, daughter of John Binning, of Wallyford, by whom he had fourteen children: three of whom were upon the bench, when he pleaded as lord-advocate before them; and to this circumstance tradition assigns the privilege which that officer of the crown enjoys, of pleading covered in the supreme court of judicature, it being deemed indecorous that a father should stand uncovered before his sons. He d. in November, 1646, and was s. by his eldest son,

2. SIR JOHN, who was appointed a lord of session in 1632, and assumed the title of *Lord Craig-hall*. His lordship married Margaret, daughter of Sir Archibald Murray, of Blackhawrey, by whom he had two sons,

THOMAS.

Archibald, of Rankeillor.

And six daughters.

Sir John d. in 1655, and was s. by his eldest son,

3. SIR THOMAS, who was s. by his son,

4. SIR THOMAS. This gentleman m. Anne, daughter, and eventually sole-heiress, of Sir William Bruce, baronet, of Kinross, and was s. by his eldest son,

5. SIR WILLIAM, at whose decease, unmarried, the title devolved upon his brother,

6. SIR THOMAS, who s. at the demise of his mother, to the Kinross estate, but dying unmarried, was s. by his brother,

7. SIR JOHN-BRUCE. This gentleman, adopting the profession of arms, attained the rank of lieutenant-general. He m. first, Charlotte, daughter of Sir Charles Halket, baronet, by whom he had three sons, all of whom pre-deceased himself. Sir John m. secondly, Marianne Denune, of the family of Denune, of Catboll, in the county of Ross, by whom he had one daughter. He d. in 1766, when the baronetcy devolved upon his cousin,

8. SIR THOMAS, eldest son of Sir Archibald Hope, knt. of Rankeillor, one of the lords of session, and a lord of justiciary, (second son of Sir John Hope, the second baronet). This gentleman m. Margaret, eldest daughter of Ninian Lewis, esq. of Merchiston, by whom he had five sons and three daughters; and, dying in 1771, was s. by his grandson,

9. SIR ARCHIBALD, who m. first, in 1758, Elizabeth, daughter of William Mac Dowal, by whom he had two sons and five daughters; and, secondly, in 1779, Elizabeth, daughter of John Patoun, esq. by whom he had three sons and one daughter. He d. 10th June, 1794, and was s. by his eldest surviving son,

10. SIR THOMAS. This gentleman m. Miss Pierce, but dying without issue, in 1801, the title

devolved upon his half-brother, JOHN, the present baronet.

*Creation*—11th February, 1628.



*Arms*—Az. a chev. or, between three bezants.

*Crest*—A broken globe surmounted of a rainbow, with clouds at each end, ppr.

*Supporters*—Two females vested vert. winged or, on their heads garlands of roses ppr. each sustaining, in her exterior hand, an anchor az.

*Motto*—At spes non fracta.

*Seat*—Craighall, Fifeshire.

### HOPETOUN, EARL OF, (John Hope,)

Viscount Aithrie, and Baron Hope, of the county of Lanark, in the peerage of Scotland; Baron Hopetoun, of Hopetoun, and Baron Niddry, of Niddry Castle, in the county of Linlithgow, in the peerage of the United Kingdom; lord-lieutenant and hereditary-sheriff of the county of Linlithgow, and hereditary-keeper of Lochmaben Castle; b. 15th November, 1803; succeeded to the honors, as fifth earl, upon the demise of his father, 27th August, 1823; m. 4th June, 1826, Louisa, eldest daughter of Godfrey, third Lord Mac Donald, and has a son and heir, Viscount Aithrie, b. 22nd March, 1831.

### Lineage.

The surname of Hope is one of great antiquity in Scotland; and the ancestor of the present family,

JOHN DE HOPK is said to have come from France in the retinue of Magdalene, Queen of James V. in 1537, and settling in Scotland, left a son,

EDWARD HOPK, who was one of the most considerable inhabitants of Edinburgh in the reign of Queen Mary; and being a great promoter of the Reformation, was chosen one of the commissioners for the metropolis to the parliament, in 1560. He left a son,

HENRY HOPK, a very eminent merchant, who m. a French lady, Jaqueline de Tott, and had two sons,

Thomas.

Henry, from whom the opulent family of HOPK, of Amsterdam, derive.

THOMAS HOPK, the elder son, being bred to the Scottish bar, first attained eminence in 1606, by his defence of the six ministers (clergymen) tried for high-treason, for denying that the king possessed authority in matters ecclesiastical, and

acquired, eventually, the largest fortune ever accumulated by a member of the legal profession in Scotland. He was subsequently appointed king's advocate, and created a *Baronet of Nova Scotia*, 11th February, 1628, (see lineage of Sir John Hope, bart. the chief of the house of Hope, for a further account of this learned person.) Sir Thomas left a very large family, from the eldest son of which descend the Hopes of Craig-hall. The sixth son,

SIR JOHN HOPK, of Hopetoun, a member of the Scottish bar, marrying Anne, only daughter and heiress of Robert Foulles, of Leadhills, in the county of Lanark, acquired the valuable mines there, and applying himself to mineralogy, brought the art of mining to the highest perfection ever before known in Scotland. Sir John was appointed, in 1641, governor of the mint, and constituted a lord of session in 1649. He m. secondly, Lady Mary Keith, eldest daughter and one of the co-heiresses of William, seventh earl marischal; by the first marriage he had several children; by the second an only surviving son, WILLIAM, of Balcomie, who was created a baronet in 1696, (having had previously the honor of knighthood) a dignity that expired with his grandson, Sir William Hope, third baronet, a captain in the East India Company's service, who was killed in Bengal in 1763. Sir John d. in 1661, and was s. by his eldest surviving son,

JOHN HOPK, esq. of Hopetoun, who took up his residence at the castle of Niddry, the barony of which he purchased from Lord Wintoun, and he also purchased about the same time (1678) the barony of Abercorn, with the office of heritable sheriff of the county of Linlithgow, from Sir Walter Seton. Mr. Hope represented the shire of Linlithgow in parliament in 1681. He m. Margaret, eldest daughter of John, fourth Earl of Haddington, by whom he had a son, and a daughter, Eleanor, who m. Thomas, sixth Earl of Haddington. Mr. Hope having embarked with the Duke of York, and several other persons of distinction, in the Gloucester frigate, in 1682, was lost in the wreck of that vessel, a few days after going abroad, in the thirty-second year of his age. His son,

CHARLES HOPK, who was b. in the previous year, s. to the family estates, and was elevated to the peerage of Scotland 5th April, 1703, by the titles of *Viscount Aithrie*, *Baron Hope*, and *Earl of Hopetoun*. His lordship, who was one of the representative peers of Scotland, from 1722, until his decease, was invested with ensigns of the order of the Thistle at Holyrood House, in 1738. He m. in 1699, Henrietta, only daughter of William, (Johnstone,) first Marquess of Annandale, and had thirteen children, of whom

JOHN, Lord Hope, succeeded to the honors.

Charles, on the death of his uncle James, second Marquess of Annandale, in 1730, inherited the estate of Craigiehall, and upon his marriage in 1733, with Catherine, only daughter and heiress of Sir William Weir, bart. of Blackwood, in the county of Lanark, assumed the surname and arms

## HOP

of WHEIR. By this lady he had (with other issue)

William, who *m.* Sophia, daughter of Joseph Corrie, esq. and dying in 1811, left, with other issue,

James-Joseph, *m.* in 1813, Elizabeth, daughter of George, seventh Marquess of Tweeddale, and has issue. Edward-Hamilton.

John, a merchant of London, *m.* Mary, only daughter of Eliab Breton, esq. and dying in 1785, left

CHARLES (Right Hon.) LORD PRESIDENT OF THE COURT OF SESSION, *b.* 29th June, 1763; *m.* 8th August, 1793, Charlotte, eighth daughter of John, second Earl of Hopetoun, and has issue,

1. John, *b.* in 1794; *m.* in 1828, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the Rt. Hon. Davis Boyle.

2. Charles, captain R.N.; *m.* in 1826, Anne, eldest daughter of Captain William Parry, R.N. and has issue.

3. James. 4. William.

5. Elizabeth. 6. Mary.

7. Sophia. 8. Charlotte.

9. Jane. 10. Margaret.

11. Anne-Wilhelmina, *m.* to H. J. Robertson, esq.

12. Louisa-Augusta.

John (Sir), a lieutenant-general in the army, *m.* first, Margaret, only daughter and heiress of Robert Scott, esq. by whom he has three daughters. General Hope espoused, secondly, in 1814, Jane-Hester, daughter of John Macdougall, esq. and has a numerous family.

William (Sir) JOHNSTONE-HOPE, vice-admiral, G.C.B. *m.* first, in 1792, Lady Anne Hope-Johnstone, eldest daughter of James, third earl, by whom he had issue,

1. John-James, *b.* in 1796; *m.* to Alicia-Anne, daughter of George Gordon, esq. and has a son.

2. William-James, captain R.N. *m.* Ellen, eldest daughter of Sir Thomas Kirkpatrick, bart.

3. Charles-James, captain R.N. *m.* Eliza, daughter of Joseph Wood, esq. and has a daughter.

4. George-James, captain R.N. *m.* Maria, daughter of Joseph Ranking, esq. and has a daughter.

5. Elizabeth. 6. Mary.

Admiral Johnstone-Hope *m.* secondly, Maria, Countess Dowager of Athlone, and *d.* 2nd May, 1831.

The earl *d.* 26th February, 1742, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

JOHN, second earl, who *m.* in 1733, Anne, second daughter of James, fifth Earl of Findlater

## HOP

and Seafield, and had several children. His lordship espoused, secondly, in 1762, Jane, daughter of Robert Oliphant, esq. of Rosbie, in the county of Perth, and had, with other issue, Sir JOHN HOPE, of Rankellour, who succeeded as fourth earl. The Earl of Hopetoun *m.* thirdly, in 1767, Lady Elisabeth Lealie, second daughter of Alexander, fifth Earl of Leven and Melville, and had

Charles, a general officer in the army, who *m.* Louisa-Anne, eldest daughter of George Finch-Hatton, esq. and *d.* in 1828, leaving an only daughter,

ELIZABETH.

Alexander (Sir), a general in the army, and lieutenant-governor of Chelsea Hospital, G.C.B. M.P. *b.* 9th December, 1769; *m.* in 1805, Georgiana, daughter of George Brown, esq. and has issue,

1. John-Thomas, M.P. *b.* in 1807.

2. George, *b.* in 1806.

3. James, *b.* in 1812.

4. Alexander, *b.* in 1814.

5. Louisa-Dorothea.

Elisabeth, *m.* to the Rev. Dr. Kemp, and *d.* in 1801.

Charlotte, *m.* to the Rt. Hon. Charles Hope. Margaret, *m.* to Alexander Maclean, esq.

Mary-Anne, *m.* to Sir Patrick Murray, bart.

His lordship *d.* in 1781, and was *s.* by his eldest son.

JAMES, third earl. This nobleman, at the demise of his grand-uncle, George, Marquess of Annandale, in 1792, inherited the large estates of that nobleman, and the earldoms of Annandale and Hartfell, neither of which dignities did he, however, assume, but simply added the family name of the deceased Lord, JOHNSTONE, to that of HOPE. His lordship was nominated lord-lieutenant and hereditary-sheriff of the county of Linlithgow, and hereditary-keeper of Lochmaben Castle, and enrolled amongst the peers of the United Kingdom 28th January, 1809, as *Baron Hopetoun, of Hopetoun*; with remainder, in default of male issue, to the heirs male of his late father. The earl *m.* in 1766, Elisabeth, eldest daughter of George, sixth Earl of Northesk, by whom he had six daughters; of whom

Anne, inheritor of the Annandale estates, *m.*

Admiral Sir William Johnstone-Hope, G.C.B. and K.T.S. and *d.* in 1818.

His lordship *d.* 29th May, 1816, when the honors devolved upon his half-brother,

SIR JOHN HOPE, of Rankellour, then LORD NIDDRY, as fourth earl, a general officer in the army, colonel of the 42nd regiment of foot, and knight-grand-cross of the Bath, who, for his gallant achievements in the Peninsular war, had been elevated to the peerage of the United Kingdom 17th May, 1814, by the title of *Baron Nidry, of Nidry Castle, in the county of Linlithgow*. His lordship *m.* twice: first, in 1798, Elisabeth, youngest daughter of the Hon. Charles-Hope Wier, of Craigiehall, by whom he had no issue; and, secondly, in 1803, Louisa-Dorothea, third daughter of Sir John Wedderburn, baronet,



## HOP

(by his second wife, Alicia Dundas, of Dundas),  
by whom he had

JOHN, present peer.

James, captain 2nd foot-guards, b. 7th June,  
1807.

Charles, b. 11th September, 1808.

George, b. 12th April, 1811.

Henry, b. 6th October, 1812.

William, b. 24th June, 1816.

Lewis, b. 29th October, 1817.

Thomas, b. 20th October, 1819.

Adrian, b. 3rd March, 1821.

Alicia, b. 18th June, 1822.

Jane, b. 6th July, 1823.

His lordship d. 27th August, 1823.

*Creations*—Earl, &c. 5th April, 1703: (in Scotland.) Baron, 28th January, 1809. Baron, 17th May, 1814: (in the United Kingdom.)



*Arms*—Az. on a chev. or, between three bezants, a laurel-leaf, slipped vert.

*Crest*—A globe, fracted at the top, under a rainbow with clouds at each end, all ppr.

*Supporters*—Two females in loose garments, hair dishevelled, each holding in the exterior hand an anchor, all ppr. the emblem of Hope.

*Motto*—At spes non fracta.

*Seats*—Hopetoun House, Linlithgowshire; Ra-chills, Dumfriesshire; and Ormiston, Hadding-tonshire.

HOPKINS, SIR FRANCIS, baronet, of Athboy, in the county of Meath. This gentleman was bred to the bar, but very soon retired to his seat at Athboy, where, as a magistrate, at the head of a company of foot, he dispersed a large body of insurgents a few years previous to the breaking out of the Irish rebellion of 1798, and was, in consequence, created a BARONET OF IRELAND, 25th July, 1795. Sir Francis represented Kilbeggan in the Irish parliament.

### Lineage.

THE RIGHT REVEREND ESKKIEL HOPKINS, Lord Bishop of Derry, d. 19th January, 1600, leaving, with two elder sons,

FRANCIS HOPKINS, esq. who was s. by his son, FRANCIS HOPKINS, esq. This gentleman m. in 1757, Martha, daughter of Walter Burton, esq. by whom he had issue,

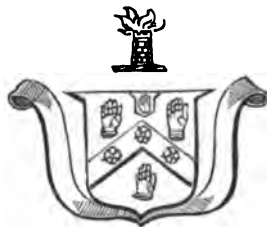
FRANCIS, created a baronet as above.

## HOR

Martha, m. to John Read, esq. of Woodtown, in the county of Meath.

Mr. Hopkins d. 13th July, 1789.

*Creation*—25th July, 1795.



*Arms*—Sa. on a chev. between three dexter gauntlets or, as many roses gu. seeded and barbed vert.

*Crest*—On a wreath, a tower ar. fired ppr.

*Seat*—Athboy, Meathshire.

HORT, SIR JOSIAH-WILLIAM, baronet, of Castle Strange, in the county of Middlesex; b. 6th July, 1791; s. to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, in September, 1807; m. 31st March, 1823, Louisa-Georgiana, daughter and co-heiress of the late Sir John Caldwell, baronet, of Castle Caldwell, in the county of Fermanagh, by whom he has issue,

JOHN-JOSIAH, b. 14th January, 1824.

William-Fitzmaurice, b. 20th January, 1827.

Georgiana-Louisa, b. 8th January, 1825.

### Lineage.

1. JOHN HORT, esq. second son of his grace Dr. Josiah Hort, archbishop of Tuam, by Elizabeth, daughter of William, (Fitzmaurice,) twentieth Lord Kerry, having been appointed his Majesty's consul-general at Lisbon, in 1767, was created a baronet 8th September in the same year. Sir John m. in 1789, Margaret, daughter of Sir Fenton Aylmer, baronet, by whom he left issue,

JOSIAH-WILLIAM, present baronet.

Fenton, b. in August, 1794; m. in 1825, Anne, eldest daughter of the Rev. Anthony Collet, of Kelsall Hall, in the county of Suffolk.

Mary-Anne.

Sir John d. in September, 1807.

*Creation*—8th September, 1767.



## HOS

*Arms*—Az. a cross or, in the first quarter, a rose ar.

*Crest*—An eagle regardant, wings expanded ppr. in the beak a chaplet vert.

*Seat*—Hortland, in the county of Kildare.

**HOSKYNs, SIR HUNGERFORD**, baronet, of Harwood, in the county of Hereford; *b.* in 1776; *s.* to the title, as seventh baronet, upon the demise of his father, in July, 1802; *m.* 5th August, 1803, Sarah, youngest daughter of John Philips, esq. of Bank Hall, in the county of Chester, by whom he has issue,

1. HUNGERFORD, *b.* 19th September, 1804.
2. Catherine-Sarah.
3. Sarah, *m.* to John Arkwright, esq.
4. A daughter.

### Lineage.

**JOHN HOSKYNs**, esq. serjeant-at-law, (youngest son of John Hoskyns, esq. M.P. for the city of Hereford,) *m.* Benedicts, daughter of Robert Moyle, esq. of Buckwell, in the county of Kent, by whom he had one son and a daughter. Mr. Serjeant Hoskyns was at one time committed to the Tower, for alluding, in his place in parliament, to mercenary or Scottish favorites. He was a man of sarcastic wit, considerable talents, and much humour. At an entertainment which he gave to James I. at Morehampton Park, he amused his majesty with a morris-dance, by ten persons, whose united ages exceeded a thousand years, "a nest of Nestors," as they have been termed. The learned serjeant was *s.* in his estates by his only son,

1. **BENNET HOSKYNs**, esq. M.P. for the county of Hereford, who was created a baronet 18th of December, 1676. Sir Bennet *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir John Bingley, knight, of Temple Coombe, in the county of Somerset, by whom he had two sons, and was *s.* by the elder,

2. **SIR JOHN**, M.P. for Hereford, and one of the masters in chancery, who received the honor of knighthood in the lifetime of his father. This gentleman *m.* Jane, daughter of Sir Gabriel Low, knight, (who was maternally descended from Walter, Lord Hungerford, a knight of the Garter in the reign of Henry VI.) and had issue his two immediate successors, and two other children. He was *s.* at his decease by his eldest son,

3. **SIR BENNET**. This gentleman dying *s. p.*, the title devolved, at his decease, upon his brother,

4. **SIR HUNGERFORD**, M.P. for Hereford, who *m.* Mary, daughter of Theophilus Leigh, esq. of Adlestrop, in the county of Gloucester, and niece, maternally of the Duke of Chandos; by whom he had two sons and two daughters. He *d.* in 1760, and was *s.* by his elder son,

5. **SIR CHANDOS**. This gentleman *d.* in 1773, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

6. **SIR HUNGERFORD**, high-sheriff of Herefordshire, in the twenty-sixth year of King George III. who *m.* in 1774, Catherine, sister of Sir

## HOS

**Edwyn-Francis Stanhope**, baronet, of Stanwell House, in the county of Middlesex, and had issue,

1. HUNGERFORD, present baronet.
2. Chandos.
3. Bennet, in holy orders; *m.* in 1815, Amelia, daughter of the late Admiral Chamberlain.
4. John.
5. Catherine, *m.* to George Reade, esq.
6. Caroline-Rebecca.
7. Maria-Jane.

Sir Hungerford *d.* in 1802.

*Creation*—18th December, 1676.



*Arms*—Per pale, az. and gu. a chev. between three lions rampant or.

*Crest*—A lion's head erased or, issuing out of a ducal coronet, flames of fire from the mouth ppr. crowned of the first.

*Seats*—Harewood; and Morehampton Park, Herefordshire.

**HOSTE, SIR WILLIAM-LEGGE-GEORGE**, baronet; *b.* 19th March, 1818; *s.* to the title, as second baronet, at the decease of his father, 6th December, 1828.

### Lineage.

The first of this family whom we find in England,

**JAQUES HOSTE**, (son of Jaques Hoste, governor of Bruges,) fled from the Low Countries hither in 1509, from the persecution of the Duke of Alva. The direct descendant of this Jaques,

**DIXON HOSTE**, esq. *m.* Margaret, daughter of Henry Stanford, esq. of Salthouse, in the county of Norfolk, by whom he had, (with other issue,) **WILLIAM**, of whom presently.

**George-Charles**, C. B. lieutenant-colonel royal engineers; *m.* Mary, only daughter of James-Burkin Borrowghes, esq. and has issue.

The eldest son,

1. **WILLIAM HOSTE**, esq. having adopted the naval profession, attained the rank of captain, and was created a baronet 21st September, 1814, in consideration of his gallant services upon divers occasions, but particularly for the victory he had achieved over the combined French and Italian squadrons, at the head of four frigates, after a brilliant action of six hours, 13th March, 1811, off the island of Lysa. Sir William *m.* 15th of April, 1817, Harriet, third daughter of

7. Horatio, second Earl of Orford, and left at his  
 11. decease, in 1825,

1. WILLIAM-LEGER-GEORGE, present baronet.
2. Theodore-Orford-Raphael, *b.* 21st of July, 1819.
3. Wyndham-Horatio-Nelson, *b.* 2nd February, 1825.
4. Caroline-Harriet.
5. Psyche-Rose.
6. Priscilla-Anne.

Sir William Hoste was a knight-grand-cross of the Bath, and K.M.T.

*Creation*—21st September, 1814.



*Arms*—As a bull's head affronté, couped at the neck *ar.*, between two wings or; and, as an honorable augmentation, in chief a naval crown, pendent therefrom by a ribbon, a representation of the gold medal given to the first baronet by the Prince Regent, for his distinguished conduct on March 13th, 1811, subscribed "Lissa."

*Crest*—Of augmentation, out of a naval crown, the rim encircled with a branch of laurel, an arm embowed, vested in naval uniform, grasping a flag-staff, flowing therefrom a flag, inscribed "CATTARO."

*Family Crest*—Two wings adorsed or.

*Motto*—Fortitudine.

**HOTHAM, BARON,** (Beaumont Hotham,) of South Dalton, in the peerage of Ireland, and a baronet of England, *b.* 9th August, 1794; *s.* to the honors, as third baron, upon the demise of his grandfather, in 1814. Lord Hotham is a lieutenant-colonel in the army, and M.P. for Leominster.

### Lineage.

**SIR JOHN DE TREHOUSE,** for the good services he had rendered the Conqueror, at the battle of Hastings, obtained a grant of the castle and manors of Colley Weston, in Northamptonshire, and of Hotham, in Yorkshire; and his great-grandson,

**PETER DE TREHOUSE,** assumed the surname of Hotham, from the place of his residence, which has ever since been that of his descendants. This Peter was living in 1188, and was great-grandfather of

**JOHN DE HOTHAM,** an ecclesiastic, and one of the most eminent persons in the reigns of Edward II. and Edward III. By the former monarch, (to whom he had been private chaplain,) he was constituted Bishop of Ely, and appointed

treasurer of the exchequer; and, by the latter, constituted **Lord-High-Chancellor of England.** The elder brother of this distinguished prelate,

**SIR JOHN HOTHAM, K.B.** was summoned to parliament, as a baron, in the reign of Edward II. He *m.* Agnes, daughter and heiress of Sir John Hasleton, *knt.* of Hasleton, in the county of York, by whom he had two sons, Sir John, his heir, and

**THOMAS HOTHAM;** from whom lineally descended,

1. **SIR JOHN HOTHAM, *knt.*** who was created a baronet 14th January, 1621. This gentleman was governor of Hull, in the reign of Charles I., and being discovered, with his son, in 1643, to be in correspondence with the royalists, they were both tried before a court-martial at Guildhall, and both suffered decapitation upon Tower-Hill; the latter, Sir John Hotham, *knt.* a few days before his father. Sir John Hotham, baronet, had five wives, and was *s.* by his grandson,

2. **SIR JOHN,** who *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of Sapcoat, Lord Beaumont, of Ireland, and was *s.* in 1690, by his eldest son,

3. **SIR JOHN;** at whose decease, without male issue, in 1691, the title reverted to the eldest son of the Reverend Charles Hotham, rector of Wigan, (eldest son of the first baronet, by his second wife, Anne, daughter of Ralph Rokesby, *esq.* of York.)

4. **SIR CHARLES,** colonel of dragoons, and M.P. for Beverley. This gentleman *m.* first, Bridget, daughter of William Gee, *esq.* of Bishop's Burton, by whom he had two sons and three daughters; and, secondly, Lady Mildred Cecil, youngest daughter of James, Earl of Salisbury, by whom he had one son. Sir Charles was *s.* by his eldest son,

5. **SIR CHARLES,** colonel of the horse-grenadier-guards, a groom of the bed-chamber, and M.P. for Beverley; who *m.* in 1724, Gertrude, eldest daughter of Philip, Earl of Chesterfield, and was *s.* at his decease, in 1737, by his only son,

6. **SIR CHARLES.** This gentleman, who was a groom of the bed-chamber, dying without issue in 1767, was *s.* by his uncle,

7. **SIR BEAUMONT,** who, *m.* Frances, daughter of the Rev. William Thompson, and had issue, **CHARLES,** his successor.

**John,** in holy orders, Bishop of Clogher, in Ireland, who *m.* Sarah, daughter of Sir Herbert Macworth, and left issue an only son, Charles, (of whom presently.)

**William,** admiral of the blue, (created Baron Hotham.)

**Beaumont,** baron of the court of exchequer, who *s.* eventually to the honors of the family.

**George,** *b.* in 1741, a general officer in the army, and colonel of the fourteenth regiment of foot, *d.* in 1806, leaving issue, by Diana, youngest daughter of Sir Warton Pennymann, baronet.

1. **George,** lieutenant-colonel, *m.* first, in March, 1792, Caroline, daughter of Roger Gee, *esq.* and had issue,

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1. William, captain R.N. *b.* in 1794.
2. George, of the Royal Engineers.
3. Charles, in holy orders.
4. John, of the East India Company's artillery.
5. Sarah, *m.* to Rev. Stephen Creke.
6. Charlotte, *m.* to Robert Denison, esq.
7. Gertrude, *m.* to the Rev. C. Neville.
8. Frances. 9. Diana. 10. Harriet. Colonel Hotham *m.* secondly, Miss Best, by whom he left, at his decease in 1823, an only child, Maria.
11. William (Sir), K.C.B. vice-admiral of the red, *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir Edward Jaynes, *knt.* who *d.* in 1827.
12. Diana, *m.* in 1805, to Captain Lord Edward O'Brien, R.N.
13. Harriet, *m.* to Sir Giffin Wilson. Sir Beaumont *d.* in 1771, and was *s.* by his eldest son,
  8. SIR CHARLES; at whose decease without male issue, in 1794, the title devolved upon his next brother,
  9. SIR JOHN, Lord Bishop of Clogher, who was *a.* in 1795, by his only son,
  10. SIR CHARLES, (abovementioned;) at whose decease without issue, in 1811, the title reverted to his uncle,
  11. THE RIGHT HON. WILLIAM, Baron Hotham, of South Dalton, in the peerage of Ireland, so created 7th March, 1797, with remainder, in default of direct descendants, to the heirs male of his deceased father, in consideration of his gallant achievements, as a naval commander, at the commencement of hostilities with republican France. Mr. Hotham, who had previously attained the rank of rear-admiral, was advanced to that of admiral of the white, (1st of February, 1793) appointed second in command of the fleet ordered to the Mediterranean, under Lord Hood, of which he obtained the chief command in a few months afterwards, upon Lord Hood's return to England, and but a short time subsequently elapsed until Admiral Hotham had the good fortune to bring the French squadron to action (14th March, 1795,) and to obtain a decisive victory over it, for which he received the thanks of both houses of parliament, and was promoted to the rank of admiral of the blue. His lordship *d.* unmarried 2nd May, 1813, when the honors devolved upon his brother,
 

SIR BEAUMONT HOTHAM, *knt.* one of the barons of the court of exchequer, who *s.* as twelfth baronet, and second baron. His lordship *m.* in 1767, Susannah, second daughter of Sir Thomas Hankey, *knt.* and relict of James Norman, esq. by whom he had issue,

Beaumont, *b.* 30th August, 1766; *m.* 20th May, 1790, Philadelphia, daughter of Sir John Dixon-Dyke, baronet, and *d.* in 1790, leaving issue,

BRAUMONT, present peer.

George-Frederick, captain R.N. *b.* 20th Oct. 1769, *m.* 12th Aug. 1824, Lady Susan-Maria O'Brien, eldest daughter of

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- William, second Marquess of Thomond and has issue,
1. William *b.* 15th June, 1825.
  2. George-Frederick, *b.* 2nd July 1827.
  3. — (a daughter) *b.* in 1831.
- Frederick, in holy orders, prebendary of Rochester, *m.* in 1802, Anne-Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Thomas-Hallet Hodges, esq. and has issue,
1. Charles, captain R.N. *b.* in 1806.
  2. John-Hallet, *b.* in 1811.
  3. Henry, *b.* in 1814.
  4. Augustus-Thomas, *b.* in 1817.
  5. William-Francis, *b.* in 1819.
  6. Anne.
  7. Louisa.
  8. Frederica.
  9. Amelia-Dorothy.
  10. Henrietta-Gertrude.
- Henry, K.C.B. vice-admiral of the red; *m.* in 1816, Lady Frances-Anne-Juliana Rous, and has issue,
1. Henry-John, *b.* in 1822.
  2. Frederick-Harry, *b.* in 1824.
  3. Beaumont-Williams, *b.* in 1825.
- Frances, *m.* to admiral Sir John Sutton, K.C.B. who *d.* in 1825.
- Amelia, *m.* to the late John Woodcock, esq. and *d.* in 1804.
- Louisa, *m.* in 1804, to the late Sir Charles Edmonstone, baronet.
- His lordship *d.* 4th March, 1814, and was *s.* by his grandson.
- Creations—Baronet, 14th January, 1621. Baron, 7th March, 1797.



*Arms*—Barry of ten, ar. and az. on a canton or, a Cornish chough ppr.

*Crest*—A demi-seaman, issuing out of the water ppr. holding in his dexter hand a flaming sword ar. hilt and pommel or; on his sinister arm, a shield of the arms of HOTHAM.

*Supporters*—Two seamen habited, and each holding a sword, the point resting on the ground, all ppr.

*Motto*—Lead on.

*Town Residence*—7, Hill-street.

*Seat*—South Dalton Hall, Yorkshire.

HOWARD-DE-WALDEN, BARON. (Charles-Augustus Ellis,) in the county of Essex; *b.* 5th June, 1799; *s.* to the dignity, upon the demise of his great-grandfather,

Frederick-Augustus, fourth Earl of Bristol, and Baron Howard-de-Walden, 8th July, 1803; m. 8th November, 1828, Lucy, third daughter of William-Henry, fourth and present Duke of Portland, by whom he has issue,

— (a son) b. 9th August, 1830.

— (a daughter) b. 3rd September, 1831.

### Issueage.

LORD THOMAS HOWARD (son of Thomas, fourth Duke of Norfolk, by Margaret, daughter and heiress of Thomas, Lord Audley, of Walden, K.G.) was summoned to parliament, 24th October, 1597, as BARON HOWARD DE WALDEN, and created 21st July, 1603, *Earl of Suffolk*. His lordship was a knight of the garter, and constituted in 1604, one of the commissioners for executing the office of earl marshal of England, in which capacity he was mainly instrumental in discovering the gunpowder plot (see Earl of Suffolk). The earl m. first Mary, daughter and co-heir of Thomas, Lord Dacre, of Gillesland, but had no issue. He espoused, secondly, Catherine, eldest daughter and co-heir of Sir Henry Knevit, of Charlton, and widow of Richard, eldest son of Robert, Lord Rich, and dying in 1626, was s. by his eldest son,

THEOPHILUS, second earl, who had been summoned to the house of lords in his father's lifetime as LORD HOWARD DE WALDEN. His lordship m. Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of George, Earl of Dunbar, and was s. by his eldest son,

JAMES, third earl. This nobleman m. first, Susan, 3rd daughter of Henry Rich, Earl of Holland, by whom he had an only daughter,

Essex, who m. Edward Griffin, esq. afterwards created Lord Griffin of Braybrooke, by whom (who d. in the Tower, 10th November, 1710) she had (with two daughters)

JAMES, second Lord Griffin. This nobleman m. Anne, daughter and sole heir of Richard Rainsford, esq. of Dallington, Northamptonshire; and had issue,

EDWARD, third Lord Griffin, who d. s. p. in 1742, when the barony of Griffin expired (See *Burke's Extinct and Dormant Peerage*.)

Elizabeth, m. first, Henry Grey, esq. of Billibere, and secondly, John, Earl of Portsmouth, but d. s. p.

Anne, m. William Whitwell, esq. of Oundle, Northamptonshire, and had, with other issue,

JOHN GRIFFIN WHITWELL, of whom hereafter, as *Lord Howard de Walden*.

The earl espoused, secondly, Barbara, daughter of Sir Edward Villiers, and widow of Sir Richard Wentworth, by whom he had also a daughter,

Elizabeth, m. to Sir Thomas Felton, bart. of Playford, in Suffolk, who died in 1601, and left an only daughter,

Elizabeth Felton, who m. John Hervey, afterwards Lord Hervey, of Ickworth,

and first EARL OF BRISTOL, and had issue,

JOHN, Lord Hervey, who, dying in the lifetime of his father, left

George William, second Earl of Bristol

Augustus-John, third Earl of Bristol.

FREDERICK, fourth Earl of Bristol, of whom presently, as LORD HOWARD DE WALDEN.

The Earl of Suffolk died in 1686, thus without male issue, when the earldom passed to his eldest surviving brother, GEORGE, and the barony of HOWARD DE WALDEN fell into abeyance between his two daughters, until called out by the crown in favor of

SIR JOHN-GRIFFIN WHITWELL (refer to line of the elder daughter Essex) who assumed the name of GRIFFIN, in 1740, and was summoned to parliament, 3rd August, 1784, as LORD HOWARD DE WALDEN. His lordship was created 6th September, 1788, *Baron Braybrooke*. The baron, who had distinguished himself in arms, and attained the rank of field-marshal, d. without issue, in 1797, when the barony, by creation, devolved, according to a special limitation in the patent (see Braybrooke), and that, by summons, fell again into abeyance between the deceased lord's sister Mrs. Parker, and the descendants of Lady Elizabeth Felton. On the death of Mrs. Parker, however, 17th November, 1790, s. p. there was an entire extinction of the issue of Lady Essex Griffin: and then the exclusive right to the barony of HOWARD DE WALDEN devolved upon

THE MOST REVEREND FREDERICK-AUGUSTUS HERVEY, fourth Earl of Bristol (see Marquess of Bristol), Lord Bishop of Derry (refer to line of Lady Elizabeth Felton, younger daughter of James, third Earl of Suffolk). This nobleman m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Jermyn Danvers, baronet, and had (with other children)

John-Augustus, Lord Hervey, who m. Elizabeth, daughter of — Drummond, esq. of Meggench Castle, Perthshire, and dying in his father's lifetime (1798), left an only daughter and heiress,

Elizabeth-Catherine-Caroline, m. in August, 1793, to Charles-Rose Ellis, esq. (who was created, in 1826, Baron Seaford) and left, at her decease in 1803,

CHARLES-AUGUSTUS, present baron. Augustus-Frederick, captain tenth lancers, b. in 1800.

Eliza, d. in 1829.

Mrs. Ellis d. as stated above, in May, 1803, and the Earl of Bristol in the July following; when the ancient barony of HOWARD DE WALDEN devolved upon his lordship's great-grandson. CHARLES-AUGUSTUS ELLIS (present peer), and was confirmed to him upon petition to the crown in 1806, by the decision of the house of lords.

*Creation*—24th October, 1807.

*Arms*—Or, on a cross sa. five crescents ar.

*Crest*—A lion's head or.

*Supporters*—Two lions, regardant, ar. mune

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and tufts *sa.* each gorged with a chaplet of laurel vert.



*Motto*—Non quo sed quomodo.

*Town Residence*—2, Audley-square.

*Seat*—Claremont, Surrey.

**HOWARD OF EFFINGHAM, BARON**, (Kenneth-Alexander Howard,) in the county of Surrey; *b.* 29th November, 1767; *m.* 27th May, 1800, Charlotte, daughter of Neil, third and late Earl of Rosebery, by whom he has issue,

1. HENRY, *b.* 23rd August, 1806.
2. Charles, of the 2nd foot-guards; *b.* 6th December, 1807.
3. William, *b.* 23rd April, 1815.
4. Charlotte.
5. Arbella.

His lordship, who is a knight-grand-cross of the Bath, a lieutenant-general in the army, and colonel of the 70th regiment of foot, succeeded to the dignity, as eleventh baron, upon the demise of Richard, Earl of Effingham, 11th December, 1816.

### Lineage.

**LORD WILLIAM HOWARD**, eldest son of Thomas, second Duke of Norfolk, by Agnes, his second duchess, (sister and heiress of Sir Philip Tilney, of Boston, in the county of Lincoln,) having been employed by Henry VIII. and Edward VI. in numerous confidential missions to foreign courts, amongst others, to the Czar of Muscovy, in 1553, (being the first embassy from England to the Russian Empire,) was elevated to the peerage, in the first year of the reign of Queen Mary, 11th March, 1554, as **BARON HOWARD OF EFFINGHAM**, and was constituted upon the 20th of the same month, lord-high-admiral of her Majesty's dominions. His lordship was installed a knight of the Garter in the December of the same year. Lord Howard of Effingham, in the reign of Elizabeth, held the office of lord-chamberlain to the household, and afterwards that of lord-privy-seal. He *m.* first, Katharine, sister and co-heiress of John Broughton, esq. by whom he had an only daughter, Agnes, who *m.* William Paulet, third Marquess of Winchester. His lordship *m.* secondly, Margaret, second daughter of Sir Thomas Grammage, knight, of Coity, in the county of Glamorgan, by whom he had, (with other issue,)

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CHARLES, his successor.

William (Sir), of Lingfield, in the county of Surrey; *d.* in 1696, leaving issue, by his wife, Frances, daughter of William Gouldwell, esq. of Goldwell Hall, in the county of Kent.

EDWARD (Sir), cup-bearer to King James I. Francis (Sir).

Charles (Sir).

The elder son *s.* to the estates of his father, but dying *s.p.* in 1672, those devolved upon the younger.

SIR FRANCIS HOWARD, of Great Bookham, who *m.* Jane, daughter of Sir William Monson, knt. of Kinnerley, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

SIR CHARLES HOWARD, *m.* Frances, daughter of Sir George Courthorpe, of Whiligh, in the county of Sussex, and dying in 1672, left two sons,

FRANCIS, who *s.* as fifth baron; and GEORGE HOWARD, esq. who *m.* Anne, daughter of Thomas Kinder, esq. of Lewes, and left, in 1684, an only son,

LIEUTENANT-GENERAL THOMAS HOWARD, governor of Berwick, who *m.* Mary, youngest daughter of William Morton, Bishop of Meath, and had, with other children,

HENRY HOWARD, esq. of Arundel, who left, at his decease in 1811, by his second wife, Maria, second daughter and co-heiress of Kenneth McKenzie, Viscount Fortrose, an only son, KENNETH-ALEXANDER, present baron.

Lord Howard of Effingham *d.* 21st January, 1573, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

CHARLES, second baron, who was installed a knight of the Garter, 24th April, 1574; and having been appointed, by Queen Elizabeth, commander-in-chief of the fleet fitted out to oppose the formidable Spanish armada, in 1588, his lordship (a Roman Catholic) had the high honor of preserving the shores of his country inviolable, by dispersing and totally destroying that powerful armament. On the 22nd of October, 1598, Lord Howard was created **EARL OF NOTTINGHAM**, and, after the accession of James I., (at whose coronation he officiated as lord-high-steward of England,) his lordship was engaged in several diplomatic missions of importance. The earl *m.* first, Catharine, daughter of Henry Cary, Lord Hunsdon, by whom he had two sons and three daughters; and, secondly, Margaret, daughter of James Stewart, Earl of Murray, by whom he had two sons. Fuller in his quaint manner, thus speaks of this gallant and eminent personage:

"An hearty gentleman, and cordial to his sovereign, of a most proper person, one reason why

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Queen Elisabeth (who, though she did not value a jewel by, valued it the more for, a fair case) reflected so much on him.

"His services in the 88th is notoriously known, when, at the first news of the Spanish approach, he towed at a cable with his own hands to draw out the harbour-bound ships into the sea: I dare boldly say, he drew more, though not by his person, by his presence and example, than any ten in the place. True it is, he was no deep seaman, (not to be expected from one of his extraction,) but had skill enough to know those who had more skill than himself, and to follow their instructions; and would not starve the Queen's service, by feeding his own sturdy wilfulness, but was ruled by the experienced in sea matters, the Queen having a navy of *Oak*, and an admiral of *Oster*."

His lordship *d.* at the advanced age of eighty-seven, 14th December, 1624, and was *s.* by his second, but eldest surviving son,

CHARLES, second earl, who *d.* without male issue, 3rd October, 1642, when the honors devolved upon his half-brother,

SIR CHARLES HOWARD, knight, third earl. His lordship *d.* without issue, 26th April, 1661; when the *Earldom of Nottingham* expired (See *Burke's Extinct and Dormant Peerage*) but the *Barony of Howard of Effingham* reverted to

FRANCIS HOWARD, esq. of Great Bookham, in the county of Surrey, as fifth baron, (revert to descendants of Sir William Howard, second son of the first lord.) His lordship *m.* Philadelphia,

daughter of Sir Thomas Pelham, baronet, by whom he had three sons and three daughters. He *d.* 30th March, 1694, and was *s.* by his second but eldest surviving son,

THOMAS, sixth baron, who *d.* without male issue, 10th July, 1725, when the barony devolved upon his brother,

FRANCIS, seventh baron. His lordship was a military officer of high rank, and was advanced to the earldom of *EFFINGHAM*, 8th December, 1731, in consideration of professional services. In the same year he was constituted deputy-earl-marshal of England. He *m.* first, Diana, daughter of Major-General O'Farrel, by whom he had an only son, Thomas, his successor; he espoused secondly, in 1728, Anne, sister of Robert Bristow, esq. one of the commissioners of the board of green-cloth, by whom he had no surviving issue. The earl *d.* 12th February, 1742-3, and was *s.* by his only son,

THOMAS, second earl, also a military officer of rank, and, by appointment, deputy-earl-marshal. His lordship *m.* in 1744-5, Elizabeth, daughter of Peter Beckford, esq. of the island of Jamaica; by whom he had issue,

THOMAS, { successive earls.  
RICHARD, }

Elizabeth, *m.* to the Right Rev. Dr. Henry Reginald Courtenay, Bishop of Exeter, and *d.* in 1813.

Anne, *m.* to lieutenant-colonel Christopher Carleton, who *d.* in 1787.

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Maria, *m.* to Guy, first Lord Dorchester, who *d.* in 1806.

He *d.* 19th November, 1763, and was *s.* by his elder son,

THOMAS, third earl, also deputy-earl-marshal, who *d.* without issue, 18th November, 1791, when the honors devolved upon his brother,

RICHARD, fourth Earl of Effingham, at whose demise, 11th December, 1816, the earldom of Effingham ceased; but the barony reverted to his kinsman, KENNETH-ALEXANDER HOWARD, esq. the present baron. (Refer to the descendants of Sir William Howard, of Longfield, second son of the first Baron Howard of Effingham.)

*Creation*—11th March, 1553-4.



*Arms*—Gu. on a bend between six cross crosslets, fitchée, ar. two escutcheons or, charged with a demi-lion, rampant, pierced through the mouth with an arrow, within a double tressure, flory, counter-flory, gu. a mullet for difference.

*Crest*—On a chapeau gu. turned up erm. a lion, statant guardant, his tail extended or, gorged with a ducal coronet ar.

*Supporters*—Two lions ar. on the shoulder of each a mullet for difference.

*Motto*—Virtus mille scuta.

*Seat*—The Grange, Rotherham, Yorkshire.

HOWDEN, BARON, (John-Francis Caradoc,) of Grimston, in the peerage of Ireland; and Baron Howden, of Howden and Grimston, in the county of York, in that of the United Kingdom; *b.* 12th August, 1762; *m.* 17th November, 1798, Theodosia-Sarah-Frances, third daughter of John, first Earl of Clanwilliam, granddaughter of the Earl of Darnley, and lineally descended from Edward Hyde, Earl of Clarendon; by whom he has an only son;

JOHN HOWARD, *b.* 16th October, 1799, a lieutenant-colonel in the army, and knight of several orders.

This nobleman, who obtained the Irish peerage by patent of creation, 19th October, 1819, and the English honors 7th September, 1831, is the only son of his grace, John, (Cradock) Archbishop of Dublin, lord primate of Ireland, (who *d.* 11th December, 1788,) by Mary, relict of Richard St. George, esq. of Kilrush, and daughter of William Blydwin, esq. of Boston, in the county of Lincoln. His lordship is a general officer in the army,

colonel of the 43rd regiment of foot, a knight-grand-cross of the Bath, and knight-grand-cross of the Imperial Ottoman order of the Crescent, which orders were bestowed upon his lordship for his distinguished services in Egypt.

### Lineage.

The family of Lord Howden is of the most ancient Welsh origin, claiming descent from Caradoc, and the earliest Princes of Wales. After the final defeat of Cradoc (the Caractacus of the Romans) near a mountain still called *Caer Caradoc*, in the neighbourhood of Shrewsbury, his descendants settled partly in Leicestershire, and partly in Staffordshire, but a larger portion went as far north as Richmond, in Yorkshire; some even crossed the sea, and took refuge in Brittany; where a village, not far from Rennes, still bears their name. His lordship is descended from a younger son of

SIR MATTHEW CRADOCK, of Owersal Castle, in the county of Stafford, and his wife the Lady Katherine Gordon, called the white rose of Scotland, upon whose tomb, in St. Herbert's Isle, Swansea Church, the following inscription appears: "Here lie Sir Matthew Cradock, knt. sometime Deputie unto the Right Honourable Charles Erle, of Worcester, in the countie of Glamorgan: R. Attor & R. Chancellor of the same, Steward of Gower and Helvie; and my Ladie Katherine his wife."

Sir Matthew Cradock, and his lady above mentioned, had two daughters. The elder, Mary, was m. to Sir Edward Herbert, son of the first Earl of Pembroke: and from that union descended the Earls of Pembroke, and Powis, Hans Stanley, esq. George Price, esq. &c. The younger, less fortunate, espoused the famous Perkin Warbeck, whose life was as extraordinary as his death was ignominious, though his real pretensions are to this day a subject of dispute.

The elder branches of the Cradocks of Staffordshire terminated in heiresses, by whom the estates were carried into other families.

*Creation*—19th October, 1810.



*Arms*—Ar. on a chevron az. between three boars' heads sa. as many garbs or.

*Crest*—A man, in a coat of mail with a crown of three points, kneeling upon one knee, presenting a sword, all ppr.

*Supporters*—Two ibises, wings elevated and endorsed, holding in their beaks a serpent.

*Motto*—Traditus, non victus.

*Seats*—Grinston Park, Tadcaster; Spaldington Hall, Howden, Yorkshire.

HOWE, EARL, (Richard-William-Penn Curzon-Howe,) of Langar, in the county of Nottingham; Viscount Curzon, and Baron Curzon, of Penn House, in the county of Buckingham, b. 11th December, 1796; s. to the viscounty and barony, upon the demise of his grandfather, 19th March, 1820; assumed the name of Howe, and obtained the earldom of Howe, by creation, 14th July, 1821. His lordship m. 19th March, 1820, Harriett-Georgiana, second daughter of Robert, sixth Earl of Cardigan, and has issue,

GEORGE-AUGUSTUS-FREDERICK-LOUIS. *Fis count Curzon*, b. 10th January, 1821.

Richard-William-Penn, b. 14th Feb. 1822.

Frederick, b. 10th July, 1823.

Henry-Dagdale, b. 20th September, 1824.

William, b. 1st June, 1827.

Ernest-George, b. 12th August, 1828.

— (a son) b. 26th October, 1829.

Georgiana-Charlotte.

### Lineage.

ASHTON CURZON, esq. second son of Sir Nathaniel Curzon, bart. of Kedleston, in the county of Derby, by Mary, daughter and co-heiress of Sir Ralph Ashton, bart. (Sir Nathaniel's eldest son was created Baron Scarsdale, see that title,) was elevated to the peerage, 13th August, 1781, as *Baron Curzon, of Pennhouse, in the county of Buckingham*, and created *VISCOUNT CURZON*, 27th February, 1802. His lordship m. first, in 1786, Esther, only daughter and heiress of William Hamner, esq. of the Penns, in the county of Flint; by whom he had issue,

PENN-ASHTON, b. 31st January, 1787; m. 31st July, 1787, Sophia-Charlotte, only daughter and heiress of Richard, Earl Howe, K.G. who became *Baroness Howe*, upon the decease of her father, and had, (with other issue, now deceased,)

RICHARD-WILLIAM-PENN, present Earl Howe.

Mr. Curzon d. in 1797, and the *Baroness* m. in 1812, Sir Jonathan-Wathen Walker, bart.

Hester, m. in 1778, Sir George Bromley, bart. who d. in 1808.

Mary, m. in 1779, Henry, second and last Lord Stawell, and d. in 1804.

The Viscount m. secondly, in 1776, Dorothy, youngest child of Sir Robert Grosvenor, bart. and aunt of the present Earl Grosvenor, by whom he had

Ashton, b. in 1771.

Robert, M.P., b. in 1774; m. in 1808, Henrietta-Anne, *Baroness Zouche*, (see that dignity).

Elizabeth.



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Charlotte, m. in 1790, to Dugdale-Stratford Dugdale, esq. M.P.

His lordship espoused, thirdly, in 1777, Anna-Margaretta, daughter of Amos Meredith, esq. and widow of Barlow Trecothick, esq. by whom he had no issue. The earl d. 19th March, 1820, and was s. by his grandson, (the eldest son of Baroness Howe,) Richard-William-Penn, present Earl Howe.

*Creations*—Baron, 13th August, 1794. Viscount, 27th February, 1802. Earl, 14th July, 1821.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth or, a fesse between three wolves' heads erased sa. for Hows; second and third, ar. on a bend sa. three popinjays or, beaked, and legged gu. for Curzon.

*Crests*—Hows, out of a ducal coronet or, a plume of five feathers az.; Curzon, a popinjay, rising or, collared gu.

*Supporters*—On either side a cockatrice, wings elevated or, tail nowed, with a head at the end thereof.

*Motto*—Let Curzon holde what Curzon helde.

*Town Residence*—Curzon House, 8, South Andley-street.

*Seats*—Gopsall, Leicestershire: Penn House, in the county of Bucks; and Whalley Abbey, Lancashire.

HOWE, BARONESS, (Charlotte-Sophia Waller,) of Langer, in the county of Nottingham; b. 19th February, 1762; m. 31st July, 1787, the Honorable Penn-Asheton Curzon, eldest son of Asheton, first Viscount Curzon, by whom she has had issue,

George-Augustus, b. in 1788; d. in 1805.

RICHARD-WILLIAM, present Earl Howe.

Marianne, b. in 1790; d. in 1820.

Mr. Curzon dying in 1797, the baroness m. secondly, in 1812, Sir Jonathan-Wathen Waller, baronet, by whom she has no child. Her ladyship inherited the barony upon the demise of her father, Richard, Earl Howe, 5th August, 1799.

### Lineage.

HENRY HOWE, living temp. Henry VIII. left a son,

JOHN HOWE, of Hunspell de la Heles, in the county of Somerset, who d. in 1574, and was s. by his son,

JOHN HOWE, who m. Jane, daughter of Nicholas

## HOW

Grubham, esq. of Bishop's Lydiard, in the county of Somerset, and sister of Sir Richard Grubham, of Wishford, in the county of Wilts, and had, with other issue,

John, of whom presently.

George (Sir), of Cold-Berwick, whose eldest son and successor, Sir George-Grubham Howe, was created a baronet in 1600, an honor that expired at the decease of his son and successor, Sir James, s. p. in 1738.

The eldest son,

1. SIR JOHN HOWE, obtained the manor of Compton, in the county of Gloucester, and other estates, by gift of his uncle, Sir Richard Grubham, and was created a baronet, 22nd September, 1600. Sir John m. Bridget, daughter of Thomas Rich, esq. of Nort Cerney, in the county of Gloucester, one of the masters in chancery, by whom he had (with a younger son),

RICHARD, who s. to his father's estates and baronetcy, both of which passed, at the decease of his son, Sir Richard, the third baronet, in 1730, to the descendants of Sir John Howe, the first baronet's second son, which second son,

JOHN-GRUBHAM HOWE, esq. M.P. for the county of Gloucester, obtained the manor of Langer, in the county of Nottingham (where he fixed his abode), by marrying Annabella, illegitimate daughter, but co-heiress, of Emanuel Scrope, Lord Scrope, of Bolton, and Earl of Sunderland. (The said earl having no issue by his wife, Lady Elizabeth Manners, settled his estates upon his natural children, by Martha Jones, and the only son of this connexion dying unmarried in 1646, the three daughters of the same became co-heiresses.) In 1663, King Charles II., granting to Mrs. Howe the precedence of an earl's legitimate daughter, she became, thenceforward, Lady Annabella Howe. Of this marriage there were four sons and five daughters; the second son, The Right Hon. John Grubham Howe, M.P. for Gloucestershire, made a distinguished figure in parliament, in the reigns of King William and Queen Anne, and was remarkable for his strenuous opposition to a standing army. The eldest son,

SIR SCROPE HOWE, knt., representative for the county of Nottingham in the convention parliament, was elevated to the peerage of Ireland, 16th May, 1701, by the titles of *Baron Cienawley*, in the county of Fermanagh, and *Viscount Howe*; and, dying in 1712, was s. by his only son (by his second wife, Juliana, daughter of William, Lord Allington),

EMANUEL SCROPE, second viscount, who inherited, subsequently, as fourth baronet, in 1730, upon the demise of Sir Richard-Grubham Howe, the ancient baronetcy of the family (refer to issue of Sir John Howe, first baronet). His lordship m. in 1710, Mary-Sophia, eldest daughter of the Hanoverian Baron Kielmansegge, master of the horse to King George I. as Elector of Hanover, by whom he had, with other children, George-Augustus, Richard, and Sir Wil-

ham, K.B., the three succeeding peers. The viscount d. in 1735, and was s. by his eldest son,

GEORGE-AUGUSTUS, third viscount, who served as brigadier-general in the first American war, and fell at Ticonderoga, 5th July, 1758; when the title devolved upon his brother,

RICHARD, fourth viscount, the celebrated admiral Howe, who, for his gallant professional services, was created a peer of Great Britain, 20th April, 1782, by the title of *Viscount Howe*, and, 19th August, 1788, advanced to the *Earldom of Howe*; being, at the same time, created *Baron Howe, of Langar*, with reversion of the latter dignity, in default of male, to his female issue. His lordship was elected a knight of the Garter in 1797. He m. in 1758, Mary, daughter of Chilverton Hartopp, esq. of Welby, in Nottinghamshire, by whom he had three daughters:

Sophia-Charlotte, the present peeress,

Maria-Juliana, who d. unmarried.

Louisa-Catherine, m. first, to John Dennis, Marquess of Sligo, and, after his decease, to Sir William Scott, knight, now Lord Stowell, and d. in 1817.

Lord Howe d. 5th August, 1799, when the viscounty and earldom of Howe expired. The barony devolved upon his eldest daughter, and the Irish honors of Viscount Howe and Baron Cienawley, with the baronetcy, reverted to his brother,

SIR WILLIAM HOWE, a general officer in the army, and colonel of the 19th regiment of dragoons, governor of Plymouth, and a knight of the Bath, at whose demise (his lordship m. Frances, fourth daughter of the Right Hon. Thomas Connolly, of Castletown, in the county of Kildare), in 1814, without issue, those dignities were also extinguished. This nobleman was one of the principal officers employed in America during the war for independence, and had the chief command from the return of General Gage, in 1776, to 1778.

*Creation*—19th August, 1788.



*Arms*—Or, on a fesse between three wolves' heads erased sa.

*Supporters*—Two Cornish choughs, ppr. beaked and membered gu. an annulet suspended from a chain round the necks or.

*Town Residence*—9, Norfolk-street, Park-lane.

*Seat*—Pope's Villa, Twickenham.

HOWTH, EARL OF, (Thomas St. Lawrence,) Viscount St. Lawrence, and Baron

of Howth, in the peerage of Ireland; b. 16th August, 1803; s. to the honors, as third earl and twenty-ninth baron, at the demise of his father, 4th April, 1822; m. 9th January, 1826, Lady Emily de Burgh, daughter of the late Earl, and sister of the present Marquess of Clanricarde, and has issue;

WILLIAM, *Viscount St. Lawrence*, b. in 1825 Elizabeth.

### Lineage.

The original surname of this very ancient family was Tristram, and it is said to have been exchanged for the present one of ST. LAWRENCE under the following circumstances:—A member of the house of Tristram, having the command of an army against the invaders of his native soil, attacked and totally routed them on St. Lawrence's day, near Clontarf, and assumed, in consequence of a vow made previously to the battle, the name of the saint, which his descendants have ever since borne. The sword, with which this warrior fought and vanquished, still hangs in the hall of Howth, where the family has resided since its first arrival in Ireland, a period of six centuries at least.

SIR AMORICUS TRISTRAM, the brother-in-law and companion in arms of Sir John Courcy, having, in the year 1177, effected a landing at Howth, defeated the Irish in a pitched battle, at the bridge of Ivora, and obtained the lands and barony (by tenure) of Howth, as a reward for his distinguished valour during the conflict. After this successful commencement, Sir Amoricus, with his brother-in-law, Sir John Courcy, reduced the whole province of Ulster; but in 1180, when Sir John was removed from the government of Ireland, by King Richard I., Sir Amoricus, who was then in Connaught, being attacked by O'Connor, the king of that province, and overwhelmed by numbers, himself and his whole party, consisting of thirty knights and two hundred infantry, perished to a man. Prior to the battle, the horse evincing a disposition to seek safety in flight, Sir Amoricus thus addressed them:—"Who will may save his life by flight on horseback, if he can; but, assuredly, my heart will not suffer me to leave these my poor friends in their necessity, with whom I had rather die in honor, than live in dispraise; but to all those that will stand this day, I can say no more than this: as our lives shall together depart, so shall my soul accompany with yours to the latter day; and in doing this, I give you all my most humble thanks, and this day will live and die in the field. And, my fellows and friends, all bear witness with me the latter day, that to God I render and yield my soul; my service to my natural prince; my heart to my brother, Sir John Courcy, and his wife; my force, might, pain, and good will, to my poor friends and fellows here." This he spoke kneeling, and kissing the cross of his sword, thrust it through his horse, saying, "he should never serve against them, with whom he so worthily and truly had served afore." His example

## HOW

was followed by all the horsemen, except two young gentlemen, whom he ordered to stand upon the next hill, to witness the conflict, and after it was over, to convey the news to his brother; which they accordingly did, and testified all the circumstances of this transaction. "Thus died Sir Amorey Tristram, who, among a thousand knights, might be chosen for beauty and heroic courage: for humility and courtesy to his inferiors; yielding to none but in the way of gentleness." By the sister of Sir John Courcy, Earl of Ulster, Sir Amorey left three sons; the two younger of whom were slain on Good Friday, 1203, in assisting their uncle Courcy, against Lacie's men, in the church-yard of Downpatrick; and the eldest,

SIR NICHOLAS FITZ AMOREY, second baron, was obliged to content himself with the lands of Howth, and relinquished, to religious houses, the conquests of his father, in Ulster. From this Sir Nicholas, the barony descended uninterruptedly, to

SIR ROBERT ST. LAWRENCE, the fifteenth baron, who was appointed, 23rd February, 1467, chancellor of the green-wax of the exchequer; and constituted, 10th July, 1483, LORD-CHANCELLOR OF IRELAND. His lordship m. Joan, second daughter of Edward Beaufort, Duke of Somerset, by whom he had four sons and two daughters. The second son, Thomas, was appointed in 1537, attorney-general of Ireland, and, in 1535, second justice of the court of king's-bench, he left an only daughter, Margaret, m. to William, son of Patrick Birmingham, chief justice of the king's-bench, in 1530. Sir Robert was s. by his eldest son,

SIR NICHOLAS ST. LAWRENCE, the sixteenth baron. This nobleman, for his fidelity to King Henry VII., in the affair of Lambert Simnel, was presented by that monarch with three hundred pieces of gold, and confirmed by charter, dated 4th March, 1480, in the lands of Howth, &c. He subsequently attended the Lord-deputy Kildare, at the famous battle of Knocktough, in Connaught, fought against the Irish, 19th August, 1504, where his lordship headed the bill-men on foot. Sir Nicholas was made lord-chancellor of Ireland, 10th June, 1500, and dying in 1526, was s. by his eldest son, by his first wife, Genet, only daughter of Sir Christopher Plunkett, third Lord of Killeen,

SIR CHRISTOPHER ST. LAWRENCE, the seventeenth baron, who was s. by his eldest son, EDWARD, eighteenth baron. This nobleman dying without male issue, in 1549, was s. by his brother,

SIR RICHARD ST. LAWRENCE, nineteenth baron; at whose decease, without issue, in 1556, the barony devolved upon his brother,

CHRISTOPHER, twentieth baron, generally called the "blind lord;" who m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Plunkett, of Beaulieu, by his wife, Anne, daughter of Robert Barnewall, esq. of Dromenagh, and was s. at his decease, in 1590, by his eldest son,

SIR NICHOLAS ST. LAWRENCE, twenty-first ba-

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ron. This nobleman m. first, Margaret, fifth daughter of Sir Christopher Barnewall, of Turvey; and, secondly, Mary, daughter of Sir Nicholas Whyte, of Leixlip, master of the rolls. His lordship d. 14th May, 1606, and was s. by his eldest son, (by his first marriage,)

SIR CHRISTOPHER ST. LAWRENCE, twenty-second baron. This nobleman, who was a colonel of infantry, commanded the rear of the vanguard at the battle of Carlingford, 13th November, 1600, under the Lord-deputy Mountjoy, against Tyrone. His lordship m. Elizabeth, daughter of — Wentworth, esq. of Pickering, in the county of York, and dying in 1619, was s. by his elder son,

NICHOLAS ST. LAWRENCE, twenty-third Lord of Howth, who m. in 1615, Jane, only surviving daughter and heir of Dr. George Montgomery, Bishop of Meath, and was s. at his decease in 1643, by his only surviving son,

WILLIAM, twenty-fourth lord. This nobleman m. Elizabeth, widow of colonel Fitzwilliam, and dying in 1671, was s. by his elder son,

THOMAS, twenty-fifth lord. This peer sat in King James's parliament, of 1689, as he did in 1692, the first parliament after the revolution, and signed the association and declaration 2nd December, 1697, in defence of the person and government of King William, and the succession as settled by act of parliament. He m. in 1687, Mary, eldest daughter of Henry, Viscount Kingsland, and dying in 1727, was s. by his eldest son,

WILLIAM, twenty-sixth lord, who m. in 1728, Lucy, younger daughter of Lieutenant-general Richard Gorges, and dying in 1748, was s. by his elder son,

THOMAS, the twenty-seventh baron, who was created, 3rd September, 1767, Viscount St. Lawrence, and EARL OF HOWTH. His lordship was sworn in the following year of his Majesty's privy-council, in Ireland; and in consideration of his own and his ancestors' services, obtained, 7th June, 1776, a pension of 500*l.* a-year. His lordship m. Isabella, daughter of Sir Henry King, bart. and sister of Edward, first Earl of Kingston, by whom he had issue,

WILLIAM, his successor.

THOMAS, b. in 1755, in holy orders, and Bishop of Cork and Ross, m. Frances, eldest daughter and co-heiress of the Rev. Henry Coghlan, D.D., and left at his decease, 10th June, 1831,

1. THOMAS, in holy orders; who m. in 1816, Harriet, daughter of lieutenant-general John Grey.
2. Edward, in holy orders, Archdeacon of Ross, and prebendary of Cork.
3. Robert.
4. Emma, m. in 1805, to Rev. William Lewis Beaufort.
5. Isabella, m. in 1808, to Right Rev. Dr. John Leslie, Bishop of Elphin.
6. Letitia, m. 18th October, 1830, to Rev. Richard Jephson Rothe.
7. Frances.

## HUD

Isabella, *m.* 16th November, 1772, to Dudley, Crosby, Lord Sydney.

Elizabeth, *m.* 7th February, 1786, Sir Paulus-Emelius Irving, bart. and *d.* in 1799.

Frances, *m.* 15th October, 1806, to the Rev. Dr. James Phillott.

The earl *d.* 29th September, 1861, and was *s.* by his eldest son.

WILLIAM, second earl and twenty-eighth baron; *b.* 4th October, 1752; *m.* 1st June, 1777, Lady Elizabeth Birmingham, daughter and co-heiress of Thomas, Earl of Louth, of that family (on whose decease in 1799, the earldom expired) by whom (who *d.* in 1793) he had issue,

Harriet, *m.* 22nd January, 1801, to Arthur-French St. George, esq. of Tyrone, in the county of Galway.

Isabella, *m.* in May, 1803, to William-Richard, third and present Earl of Annesley, which marriage was dissolved in 1820.

Matilda, *m.* Major W. Burke.

Mary, *m.* to Clifford Trotter, esq. and *d.* in 1825.

His lordship *m.* secondly, Margaret, daughter of William Burke, esq. of Glinsk, in the county of Roscommon, by whom he left

THOMAS, present earl.

Catherine, *m.* in 1826, to Viscount Dungarvan.

Elizabeth, *m.* 12th May, 1831, to Edward-Richard Borough, esq. eldest son of Sir Richard Borough, bart.

His lordship *d.* 4th April, 1822.

*Creations*—Baron, by tenure, temp. Henry II. by King John's patent of confirmation; and, again, temp. Henry VII. 4th March, 1482. Viscount and Earl, 3rd September, 1767.



*Arms*—Gu. two swords, in saltier, ar. hilts and pommels or, between four roses of the second, barbed and seeded ppr.

*Crest*—A sea-lion, rampant, per fesse ar. and ppr.

*Supporters*—DEXTER, a sea-lion, as in the crest. SINISTER, a mermaid, holding in her exterior hand a mirror all ppr.

*Motto*—Qui pense.

*Seat*—Howth Castle, county of Dublin.

HUDSON, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Melton Mowbray, in the county of Leicester, F.R.S.; *b.* 14th September, 1755; *s.*

## HUG

to the title, as seventh baronet, upon the demise of his father, 18th October, 1773.

### Lineage.

1. HENRY HUDSON, esq. second son of Robert Hudson, esq. of Melton Mowbray, was created a baronet 3rd June, 1660. Sir Henry *m.* first, Mary, daughter of Alderman Sir Edward Bromfield, kn. lord-mayor of London, by whom he had three sons and three daughters; secondly, Mary, only daughter of Thomas Nevinston, esq. by whom he had one daughter. Sir Henry *d.* in 1690, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR EDWARD. This gentleman *m.* first, Frances, daughter of Nathaniel Wright, esq. merchant of London, by whom he had three sons; and, secondly, Eleanor, daughter of Peter Sergeant, esq. by whom he had two sons and a daughter. He *d.* in 1702, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

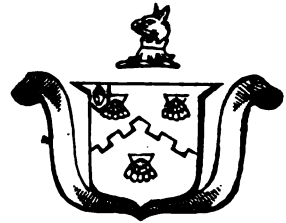
3. SIR BENJAMIN, who was *s.* by his only son.

4. SIR CHARLES. This gentleman *d.* without issue, in 1752, when the title reverted to his late father's half-brother,

5. SIR SKEFFINGTON, who *d.* in 1766, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

6. SIR CHARLES. This gentleman *m.* Deborah, daughter of the Rev. Peter Villavince, by whom he had an only son, CHARLES, present baronet. Sir Charles was a captain in the naval service of the East India Company. He *d.* 18th October, 1773.

*Creation*—3rd June, 1660.



*Arms*—Per chev., embattled, ar. and gu., three escallops shells, counter-changed.

*Crest*—A griffin's head erased, ar., gorged with a mural coronet, gu. charged with three escallops of the first.

*Seat*—Wanlop Hall, Leicestershire.

HUGHES, THE REV. SIR RICHARD, baronet; *b.* 1st June, 1768; *m.* 8th December, 1798, Sarah, daughter of the Rev. Richard Sleeman, Vicar of Tavistock, by whom he has issue,

1. RICHARD, *b.* in 1803.

2. EDWARD, *b.* in 1807.

3. SARAH-CATHERINE.

4. GRATIANA-MARY.

5. ALICE-ROSE.

## HUL

Sir Richard *s.* to the title, as fourth baronet, at the decease of his father, in 1814.

### Lineage.

1. CAPTAIN RICHARD HUGHES, of the royal navy, (eldest son of Richard Hughes, esq. of Deptford, also a naval officer,) a commissioner of the dock-yard at Portsmouth, had the honor, in that capacity, of entertaining King George III. during his Majesty's sojourn at that celebrated arsenal, and was created a baronet in consequence, 17th July, 1773. Sir Richard *m.* Joanne, daughter of William Collyer, esq. captain in the royal navy, by whom he had two sons and two daughters. He *d.* in 1780, and was *s.* by his elder son,

2. SIR RICHARD, a naval officer, and admiral of the red, who *m.* Jane, daughter of William Sloane, esq. of South Stoneham, in Hampshire, by whom he had, (with other issue,) *d.* in 1810.

Richard, a captain in the royal navy, who *d.* in 1810.

Rose-Mary, *m.* to Major John Browne.

Sir Richard *d.* 5th January, 1812, when the title devolved upon his brother,

3. THE REV. SIR ROBERT, rector of Frimley St. Mary, in the county of Suffolk, who *m.* first, Gratiana, daughter of Thomas Mangles, esq. and had issue,

RICHARD, present baronet, Robert, in holy orders; *m.* Judith, daughter of Robert Porteus, esq. and has issue.

Sir Robert *m.* secondly, Bethia, daughter of Thomas Hiscutt, esq. and had, with two daughters, Thomas-Colingwood, *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of ——— Butcher, esq. and has issue. William.

Sir Robert *d.* in 1814.

Creation—17th July, 1773.



Arms—Az. a lion rampant or.

Crest—A lion couchant or.

Seat—East Bergholt, Suffolk.

HULSE, SIR CHARLES, baronet, of Lincoln's-inn Fields, in the county of Middlesex; *b.* in 1771; *m.* 5th July, 1808, Maria, second daughter of the late John Buller, esq. of Morval, in the county of Cornwall, by whom he has issue,

N

## HUM

EDWARD, *b.* 2nd April, 1800.

With other children.

Sir Charles *s.* to the title, as fourth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 30th September, 1816, and is M.P. for West Loos.

### Lineage.

1. EDWARD HULSE, M.D. first physician to his Majesty King George II., was created a baronet 7th of February, 1738-9. He *m.* in 1713, Elizabeth, daughter of Alderman Sir Richard Levett, knt. (who served the office of lord-mayor of London,) by whom he had four sons and a daughter. Sir Edward *d.* 10th of April, 1730, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR EDWARD, of Breamore, in the county of Hants. This gentleman served the office of sheriff of Hampshire in 1765. He *m.* Hannah, daughter of Samuel Vanderplank, esq. of London, and dying in 1800, was *s.* by his eldest son,

3. SIR EDWARD. This gentleman *m.* in 1700, Mary, daughter of Charles Lethieullier, esq. and heiress of her uncle, Smart Lethieullier, esq. of Aldersbrook, in the county of Essex, by whom he had, with other issue,

CHARLES, present baronet.

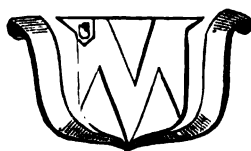
Richard, major-general in the army, who *d.* in Spain, in September, 1812.

Mary, *m.* in 1816, to Edward-Berkeley Portman, esq. of Bryanstone House, Dorsetshire.

Frances, *m.* to George Eyre, esq. of Bramshaw, Hants, and *d.* in 1830.

Sir Edward *d.* in 1816.

Creation—7th February, 1738-9.



Arms—Ar. three piles, one issuing from the chief, between the others reversed sa.

Crest—On a wreath, a buck's head, couped ppr. attired or, between the attires a sun of the last.

Town Residence—4, New Burlington-street.

Seat—Breamore House, Hants.

HUMBLE, SIR JOHN-NUGENT, baronet of Cloncoskoran, in the county of Waterford, so created September, 1831; *b.* 11th October, 1785; *m.* in 1807, Mary, third daughter of Richard Power, of Clashmore, late

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## HUM

M.P. for the county of Waterford, and sister to the present, by whom he has issue,

JOHN-NUGENT, b. 25th May, 1818.

Eliza.

Dorothea.

Catharine.

Harriett.

Margaret.

### Lineage.

This family was raised to the degree of baronet in the person of SIR WILLIAM HUMBLE, by KING CHARLES II., 21st June, 1680, for services to the crown. That honor is now however extinct.

REV. JOHN HUMBLE, rector of Donagh, in the diocese of Derry, left issue,

Charles, in holy orders, of Derryloran, in the county of Tyrone, m. Anne, daughter of Charles Crawford, esq. of Newtown-Stewart, in the county of Tyrone, and left two daughters,

Catherine, m. to Samuel Lawson, esq.

Mary, m. to John Siree, esq.

JOHN, of whom presently.

Adam, of Dublin, M.D.

Margaret.

Elizabeth.

The second son,

JOHN HUMBLE, in holy orders, of Donagh, m. Elizabeth, daughter of Richard Jones, esq. and had issue,

CHARLES, his successor.

Catherine, m. to the Rev. John Usher, D.D.

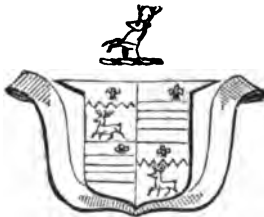
Mr. Humble was s. by his son,

CHARLES HUMBLE, esq. a military officer. This gentleman espoused Elizabeth, daughter and heiress of Edmund Nugent Shanaghan, esq. of Cloncoskoran,\* in the county of Waterford, and had issue,

JOHN-NUGENT.

Barbara, m. to Richard Goldsbury, esq. in the county of Longford.

Creation—September, 1831.



Arms—Quarterly, first and fourth, sa. a stag trippant, or; on a chief dancettee ar. a trefoil

\* This estate came into the Nugent family with JOAN, daughter and heiress of Richard Butler, esq. of Cloncoskraine, as then written, the wife of Edward Nugent, third son of Richard, second Baron of Delvin.

## HUM

vert. for HUMBLE. Second and third, er. two bar gules (a fleur-de-lis, for cadency) for NUGENT.

Crest—A demi-stag. ppr. horned or. charged on the breast with a trefoil vert.

Seat—Cloncoskoran House, county of Waterford.

HUME, SIR ABRAHAM, baronet, of Wormleybury, in the county of Hertford. F.R.S. and S.A.; b. 20th Feb. 1749, O.S.; m. in April, 1771, Amelia Egerton, daughter of the Right Reverend John Egerton, D.D. Lord Bishop of Durham, and sister of the two last Earls of Bridgewater, by whom (who d. in 1809,) he has one surviving daughter, Amelia, wife of the Right Honorable Charles, Lord Farnborough; and had another, Amelia-Sophia, late Countess of Brownlow, who d. 21st February, 1814. Sir Abraham s. to the title, as second baronet, upon the demise of his father, 10th October, 1772.

### Lineage.

1. ABRAHAM HUME, esq. commissary-general of the army, was created a baronet 4th August, 1769. He m. in 1746, Hannah, youngest daughter of Sir Thomas Frederick, knt. by whom he had issue,

ABRAHAM, present baronet.

Alexander, of St. Clerc, in the county of Kent, who m. Frances, daughter and only remaining child of William Evelyn, esq.

M.P. for Hythe, and assumed the surname and arms of "Evelyn."

Hannah, m. to the late James Hare, esq. M.P. and d. in 1827.

Sir Abraham, who represented Steyning and Tregony in parliament, d. 10th October, 1772.

Creation—4th August, 1769.



Arms—Vert, a lion rampant ar.

Crest—A lion's head erased ar.

Motto—True to the end.

Town Residence—31, Hill-street, Berkeley-square.

Seat—Wormleybury, Herts.

**HUNLOKE, SIR HENRY**, baronet, of Wingerworth, in the county of Derby; *b.* 29th September, 1812; *s.* to the title, as sixth baronet, upon the demise of his father, 19th January, 1816.

### Lineage.

**NICHOLAS HUNLOKE** possessed considerable estates in the time of **HENRY VIII.**, at Hadley, in Middlesex, and in the neighbourhood of Bramcot, and Stapleford, in Nottinghamshire. He *m.* Alice, daughter of Bryche, of Bryche-Hall, in the county of Lancaster, and was *s.* by his son,

**NICHOLAS HUNLOKE**, esq. This gentleman purchased the manor of Wingerworth, in Derbyshire, from Richard Curson, esq. and that has ever since been the principal seat of the family. He *m.* Elizabeth, daughter of — Barlow, esq. of Barlow, in Derbyshire, and dying in 1552, was *s.* by his son,

**HENRY HUNLOKE**, esq. of Wingerworth, who *m.* first, Margaret, daughter of Nicholas Walker, esq. by whom he had a son **HENRY**. He espoused, secondly, Edith, daughter of William Reresby, esq. of Thisburgh, in Yorkshire, and widow of George Markham, esq. of Idleston, in the same shire. Mr. Hunloke *d.* in 1612, and was *s.* by his son,

**HENRY HUNLOKE**, esq. of Wingerworth. This gentleman espoused Anne, daughter of Henry Needham, esq. of Kirtlington, Notts, and relict of Lawrence Blundeston, esq. of Hexgrave Park, in the same shire; but had no issue. He *m.* secondly, Anne, daughter and heir of Richard Alvey, of Corber, in Derbyshire, by whom he had a son, **HENRY**, and a daughter, Anne, *m.* to Henry Powtrel, esq. of West Hallam. Mr. Hunloke being high-sheriff of Derbyshire, in 1624, thought it his duty to meet **King James I.** in his majesty's journey from Scotland to London, but being of advanced years, the fatigue was greater than he could bear, and the effort cost him his life. He fell down dead in the presence of the king, 17th August, in that year. He was *s.* by his only son,

1. **HENRY HUNLOKE**, esq. of Wingerworth. This gentleman was an active and enterprising officer in the royal army during the civil war, and so signalized at the battle of Edge Hill, that he was knighted on the field, by King Charles, and soon afterwards, 28th February, 1642, created a baronet. Sir Henry made, subsequently, a daring attack upon the enemy at Bestwood Park, near Nottingham, and received so severe a sabre wound in the elbow, that his right arm ever afterwards hung uselessly in a scarf. He *m.* Marina, daughter of Dixey Hickman, esq. of Kew, and granddaughter of Thomas Windsor, Lord Windsor, by whom he had two sons, and a daughter, Marina, who took the veil at the Benedictine convent, at Brussels. Sir Henry *d.* in 1648, and was *s.* by his elder son,

2. **SIR HENRY**, who *m.* Catherine, only daughter and heir of Francis Tyrwhit, esq. of Ket-

tleby, in the county of Lincoln, and dying in December, 1714, was *s.* by his third, but eldest surviving son,

3. **SIR THOMAS WINDSOR**. This gentleman *m.* Charlotte, daughter of Sir Robert Throckmorton, baronet, by whom he had four sons and seven daughters. He *d.* in 1732, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

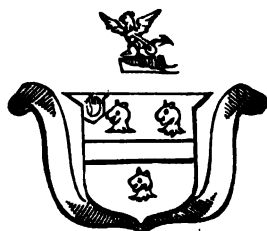
4. **SIR HENRY**, who *m.* in 1769, Margaret, eldest daughter of Wenman Coke, esq. of Longford, in the county of Derby, by whom he had issue, Thomas-Windsor, and eight daughters. Sir Henry *d.* 15th of November, 1804, and was *s.* by his son,

5. **SIR THOMAS WINDSOR**. This gentleman *m.* 18th October, 1807, Anne, eldest daughter of Thomas Eccleston, esq. of Scarisbrook Hall, in the county of Lancaster, by whom he had issue,

**HENRY**, present baronet.  
**Charlotte**.  
**Eliza-Margaret**.

**Sir Thomas d.** 19th January, 1816.

*Creation*—28th February, 1642.



*Arms*—Az. a fesse between three tigers' heads, erased, or.

*Crest*—On a chapeau az. turned up erm. a cockatrice with wings expanded ppr. comb, beak, and wattles or.

*Seat*—Wingerworth, in the county of Derby.

**HUNTER, SIR CLAUDIUS-STEPHEN**, bart. of the city of London, D.C.L.; *b.* 24th Feb. 1775; *m.* 16th July, 1797, Penelope-Maria, only daughter of John Free, esq. an opulent merchant of London; by whom he has had issue,

**JOHN**, *b.* 26th May, 1798; *m.* in 1820, Sarah, daughter of W. N. W. Hewett, esq. and has issue,

**Claudius-Stephen-Paul**, *b.* in 1825.  
**Thomas-Claudius**, *b.* 10th April, 1804, *d.* in February, 1832.

**Samuel**, *b.* 8th August, 1806.

This gentleman, who is second son of the late Henry Hunter, esq. of Beech Hill, in the county of Berks, barrister-at-law, by Mary Sloane, great grand-niece of Sir Hans Sloane, baronet, having been chosen an alderman of

## HOT

1. William, captain R.N. *b.* in 1794.
2. George, of the Royal Engineers.
3. Charles, in holy orders.
4. John, of the East India Company's artillery.
5. Sarah, *m.* to Rev. Stephen Creke.
6. Charlotte, *m.* to Robert Denison, esq.
7. Gertrude, *m.* to the Rev. C. Neville.
8. Frances. 9. Diana. 10. Harriet.
- Colonel Hotham *m.* secondly, Miss Best, by whom he left, at his decease in 1823, an only child, Maria.
11. William (Sir), K.C.B. vice-admiral of the red, *m.* Anne, daughter of Sir Edward Jeynes, *knt.* who *d.* in 1827.
12. Diana, *m.* in 1805, to Captain Lord Edward O'Bryen, R.N.
13. Harriet, *m.* to Sir Giffan Wilson.

Sir Beaumont *d.* in 1771, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

8. SIR CHARLES; at whose decease without male issue, in 1794, the title devolved upon his next brother,

9. SIR JOHN, Lord Bishop of Clogher, who was *a.* in 1795, by his only son,

10. SIR CHARLES, (abovementioned;) at whose decease without issue, in 1811, the title reverted to his uncle,

11. THE RIGHT HON. WILLIAM, Baron Hotham, of South Dalton, in the peerage of Ireland, so created 7th March, 1797, with remainder, in default of direct descendants, to the heirs male of his deceased father, in consideration of his gallant achievements, as a naval commander, at the commencement of hostilities with republican France. Mr. Hotham, who had previously attained the rank of rear-admiral, was advanced to that of admiral of the white, (1st of February, 1793) appointed second in command of the fleet ordered to the Mediterranean, under Lord Hood, of which he obtained the chief command in a few months afterwards, upon Lord Hood's return to England, and but a short time subsequently elapsed until Admiral Hotham had the good fortune to bring the French squadron to action (14th March, 1795,) and to obtain a decisive victory over it, for which he received the thanks of both houses of parliament, and was promoted to the rank of admiral of the blue. His lordship *d.* unmarried 2nd May, 1813, when the honors devolved upon his brother,

SIR BEAUMONT HOTHAM, *knt.* one of the barons of the court of exchequer, who *s.* as twelfth baronet, and second baron. His lordship *m.* in 1767, Susannah, second daughter of Sir Thomas Hankey, *knt.* and relict of James Norman, esq. by whom he had issue,

Beaumont, *b.* 30th August, 1768; *m.* 20th May, 1790, Philadelphia, daughter of Sir John Dixon-Dyke, baronet, and *d.* in 1790, leaving issue,

BEAUMONT, present peer.

George-Frederick, captain R.N. *b.* 20th Oct. 1790, *m.* 12th Aug. 1824, Lady Susan-Maria O'Brien, eldest daughter of

## HOW

William, second Marquess of Thomond, and has issue,

1. William *b.* 15th June, 1825.

2. George-Frederick, *b.* 2nd July, 1827.

3. — (a daughter) *b.* in 1831.

Frederick, in holy orders, prebendary of Rochester, *m.* in 1802, Anne-Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Thomas-Hallet Hodges, esq. and has issue,

1. Charles, captain R.N. *b.* in 1806.

2. John-Hallet, *b.* in 1811.

3. Henry, *b.* in 1814.

4. Augustus-Thomas, *b.* in 1817.

5. William-Francis, *b.* in 1819.

6. Anne.

7. Louisa.

8. Frederica.

9. Amelia-Dorothy.

10. Henrietta-Gertrude.

Henry, K.C.B. vice-admiral of the red; *m.* in 1816, Lady Frances-Anne-Juliana Rous, and has issue,

1. Henry-John, *b.* in 1822.

2. Frederick-Harry, *b.* in 1824.

3. Beaumont-Williams, *b.* in 1825.

Frances, *m.* to admiral Sir John Sutton, K.C.B. who *d.* in 1825.

Amelia, *m.* to the late John Woodcock, esq. and *d.* in 1804.

Louisa, *m.* in 1804, to the late Sir Charles Edmonstone, baronet.

His lordship *d.* 4th March, 1814, and was *s.* by his grandson.

*Creations*—Baronet, 14th January, 1821. Baron, 7th March, 1797.



*Arms*—Barry of ten, ar. and az. on a canton or, a Cornish chough ppr.

*Crest*—A demi-seaman, issuing out of the water ppr. holding in his dexter hand a flaming sword ar. hilt and pommel or; on his sinister arm, a shield of the arms of HOTHAM.

*Supporters*—Two seamen habited, and each holding a sword, the point resting on the ground, all ppr.

*Motto*—Lead on.

*Town Residence*—7, Hill-street.

*Seat*—South Dalton Hall, Yorkshire.

HOWARD-DE-WALDEN, BARON, (Charles-Augustus Ellis), in the county of Essex; *b.* 5th June, 1799; *s.* to the dignity, upon the demise of his great-grandfather,



## HOW

Frederick-Augustus, fourth Earl of Bristol, and Baron Howard-de-Walden, 8th July, 1803; m. 8th November, 1828, Lucy, third daughter of William-Henry, fourth and present Duke of Portland, by whom he has issue,

— (a son) b. 9th August, 1830.

— (a daughter) b. 3rd September, 1831.

### Lineage.

LORD THOMAS HOWARD (son of Thomas, fourth Duke of Norfolk, by Margaret, daughter and heiress of Thomas, Lord Audley, of Walden, K.G.) was summoned to parliament, 24th October, 1597, as BARON HOWARD DE WALDEN, and created 21st July, 1603, *Earl of Suffolk*. His lordship was a knight of the garter, and constituted in 1604, one of the commissioners for executing the office of earl marshal of England, in which capacity he was mainly instrumental in discovering the gunpowder plot (see Earl of Suffolk). The earl m. first Mary, daughter and co-heir of Thomas, Lord Dacre, of Gillesland, but had no issue. He espoused, secondly, Catherine, eldest daughter and co-heir of Sir Henry Knevit, of Charlton, and widow of Richard, eldest son of Robert, Lord Rich, and dying in 1636, was s. by his eldest son,

THEOPHILUS, second earl, who had been summoned to the house of lords in his father's lifetime as LORD HOWARD DE WALDEN. His lordship m. Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of George, Earl of Dunbar, and was s. by his eldest son,

JAMES, third earl. This nobleman m. first, Susan, 3rd daughter of Henry Rich, Earl of Holland, by whom he had an only daughter,

Essex, who m. Edward Griffin, esq. afterwards created Lord Griffin of Braybrooke, by whom (who d. in the Tower, 10th November, 1710) she had (with two daughters)

JAMES, second Lord Griffin. This nobleman m. Anne, daughter and sole heir of Richard Rainsford, esq. of Dallington, Northamptonshire; and had issue,

EDWARD, third Lord Griffin, who d. s. p. in 1742, when the barony of Griffin expired (See *Burke's Extinct and Dormant Peerage*.)

Elizabeth, m. first, Henry Grey, esq. of Billingbere, and secondly, John, Earl of Portsmouth, but d. s. p.

Anne, m. William Whitwell, esq. of Oundle, Northamptonshire, and had, with other issue,

JOHN GRIFFIN WHITWELL, of whom hereafter, as Lord Howard de Walden.

The earl espoused, secondly, Barbara, daughter of Sir Edward Villiers, and widow of Sir Richard Wentworth, by whom he had also a daughter,

Elizabeth, m. to Sir Thomas Felton, bart. of Playford, in Suffolk, who died in 1691, and left an only daughter,

Elizabeth Felton, who m. John Hervey, afterwards Lord Hervey, of Ickworth,

4 M

## HOW

and first EARL OF BRISTOL, and had issue,

JOHN, Lord Hervey, who, dying in the lifetime of his father, left

George William, second Earl of Bristol

Augustus-John, third Earl of Bristol.

FREDERICK, fourth Earl of Bristol, of whom presently, as LORD HOWARD DE WALDEN.

The Earl of Suffolk died in 1638, thus without male issue, when the earldom passed to his eldest surviving brother, GEORGE, and the barony of HOWARD DE WALDEN fell into abeyance between his two daughters, until called out by the crown in favor of

SIR JOHN-GRIFFIN WHITWELL (refer to line of the elder daughter Essex) who assumed the name of GRIFFIN, in 1740, and was summoned to parliament, 3rd August, 1784, as LORD HOWARD DE WALDEN. His lordship was created 8th September, 1788, *Baron Braybrooke*. The baron, who had distinguished himself in arms, and attained the rank of field-marshal, d. without issue, in 1797, when the barony, by creation, devolved, according to a special limitation in the patent (see Braybrooke), and that, by summons, fell again into abeyance between the deceased lord's sister Mrs. Parker, and the descendants of Lady Elizabeth Felton. On the death of Mrs. Parker, however, 17th November, 1790, s. p. there was an entire extinction of the issue of Lady Essex Griffin: and then the exclusive right to the barony of HOWARD DE WALDEN devolved upon

THE MOST REVEREND FREDERICK-AUGUSTUS HERVEY, fourth Earl of Bristol (see Marquess of Bristol), Lord Bishop of Derry (refer to line of Lady Elizabeth Felton, younger daughter of James, third Earl of Suffolk). This nobleman m. Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Jermyn Danvers, baronet, and had (with other children)

John-Augustus, Lord Hervey, who m. Elizabeth, daughter of — Drummond, esq. of Meggench Castle, Perthshire, and dying in his father's lifetime (1796), left an only daughter and heiress,

Elizabeth-Catherine-Caroline, m. in August, 1793, to Charles-Rose Ellis, esq. (who was created, in 1826, Baron Seaford) and left, at her decease in 1803,

CHARLES-AUGUSTUS, present baron. Augustus-Frederick, captain tenth lancers, b. in 1800.

Eliza, d. in 1829.

Mrs. Ellis d. as stated above, in May, 1803, and the Earl of Bristol in the July following; when the ancient barony of HOWARD DE WALDEN devolved upon his lordship's great-grandson, CHARLES-AUGUSTUS ELLIS (present peer), and was confirmed to him upon petition to the crown in 1806, by the decision of the house of lords.

*Creation*—24th October, 1807.

*Arms*—Or, on a cross sa. five crescents ar.

*Crest*—A lion's head or.

*Supporters*—Two lions, regardant, ar. mane

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Francis Hastings, by the Rev. Mr. Wheeler. He subsequently entered the army, and attained the rank of lieutenant-colonel in the third regiment of foot-guards. Colonel Hastings *m.* in 1769, Sarah, daughter of Colonel Thomas Hodges, by whom he had four sons,

Henry, } *d.* officers in the army  
Ferdinando, } in the West Indies,  
unmarried.

Francis, *d.* in infancy.

HANS-FRANCIS, who eventually succeeded as eleventh EARL OF HUNTINGDON.

Colonel Hastings *d.* in 1802.

Francis, second Earl of Huntingdon, was *s.* by his eldest son,

HENRY, the third earl, K.G. His lordship *d.* without issue, 14th December, 1595, when the honors devolved upon his brother,

GEORGE, fourth earl. This nobleman *m.* Dorothy, second daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Port, knt. of Etwal, in the county of Derby, by whom, who brought him Dale Abbey, in the same shire, he had three sons and two daughters. His lordship's eldest son, FRANCIS, *Lord Hastings*, died before himself, in 1595, leaving, by Sarah, daughter of Sir James Harrington, and sister of Lord Harrington, of Exton, three sons, and two daughters; the eldest of whom,

HENRY, became fifth earl, and marrying (in his seventeenth year) Elizabeth, youngest daughter and co-heiress of Ferdinando, Earl of Derby, was *s.* at his demise, in 1643, by his eldest son,

FERDINANDO, sixth earl, who *d.* 13th February, 1655, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

THEOPHILUS, seventh earl. This nobleman was one of the peers who protested against the act of settlement, in 1701. He *m.* first in 1671, Elizabeth, eldest daughter and co-heiress of Sir John Lewis, of Ledstone, knt. and bart., by whom he had a son and two daughters; and, secondly, in 1690, Frances, daughter and sole heiress of Francis-Leveson Fowler, esq., by whom he had two sons and five daughters. His lordship *d.* 30th May, 1701, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

GEORGE, eighth earl. This nobleman carried the sceptre at the coronation of Queen Anne, 23rd April, 1702; and dying unmarried 22nd February, 1704-5, the honors devolved upon his half-brother,

THEOPHILUS, ninth earl, who carried the sword of state at the coronation of George II. 11th October, 1727. His lordship *m.* Selina (celebrated after his lordship's decease, by her attachment to the sect of Christians called Methodists), second daughter and co-heiress of Washington, Earl Ferrars, by whom he had four sons, of whom FRANCIS, his successor, alone attained maturity, and two daughters; Selina, the younger, *d.* in 1763, upon the eve of her marriage with Captain George Hastings, grandfather of the present earl. Elizabeth, the elder, *m.* John, first Earl of Moira (see Marquess of Hastings), and

was distinguished for a strong natural understanding, cultivated by a very refined taste. Her ladyship (Lady Moira) *d.* in 1808. The earl *d.* 13th October, 1746, and was *s.* by his only son,

FRANCIS, tenth earl. This nobleman carried the sword of state at the coronation of King George III. 22nd September, 1761. His lordship dying without issue, 2nd October, 1780, the ancient baronies of Hastings, &c. devolved upon his eldest sister, Elisabeth, Countess of Moira, and were carried by her ladyship into the Rawdon family, and the earldom of Huntingdon became suspended, and so continued, until claimed by Hans-Francis Hastings, esq. (revert to younger descendants of Francis, second earl), who succeeded in establishing his right thereto, and had summons accordingly, on the 14th Jan. 1819, as

HANS-FRANCIS, eleventh earl, *b.* 14th August, 1779; *m.* first, 2nd May, 1803, Frances, third daughter of the Rev. Richard Chaloner Cobb, rector of Great Marlow, in the county of Bucks, by whom (who *d.* 31st March, 1829) he had issue,

FRANCIS-THEOPHILUS-HENRY, present earl. George-Fowler, *b.* in 1813.

Edward-Plantagenet-Robin-Hood, *b.* 12th August, 1818.

Hans, *b.* 20th March, 1830.

Frances-Theophila-Anne, *b.* in 1805; *m.* 10th April, 1832, to Henry Parker, esq. commander R.N.

Selina-Arabella-Lucy, *b.* in 1807.

Arabella-Georgiana, *b.* in 1810.

Louisa, *b.* in 1816.

The earl *m.* secondly, 26th September, 1829, Eliza-Mary, eldest daughter of Joseph Bettesworth, esq., and widow of Alexander Thistlethwaite, esq. His lordship, who was a captain in the R.N., *d.* in December, 1828.

Creation—3rd November, 1529.



Arms—Ar. a maunch, sa.

Crest—On a wreath, a buffalo's head, erased, sa., crowned and gorged with a ducal coronet, and armed, or.

Supporters—Two man-tigers, affrontée, or, their visages resembling the human face ppr.

Mottos—In veritate victoria; and Honorantes me honorabo.

## HUN

*Town Residence*—47, Baker-street.

*Seat*—Chm-Hire, Radnorshire.

**HUNTINGFIELD, BARON,** (Joshua Vanneck,) of Heveningham Hall, in the peerage of Ireland, and a baronet of Great Britain; *b.* 12th August, 1778; *m.* first, 2nd April, 1810, Catherine, eldest daughter of Challoner Arcedechne, esq. of Glevring Hall, in the county of Suffolk, by whom (who *d.* 3rd August, 1815) he has issue,

JOSHUA, *b.* 29th September, 1811.

— (a son), *b.* 10th August, 1813.

Maria-Louisa, *b.* 29th September, 1811, *m.* in 1830, to Captain Rowley, son of Sir William Rowley.

His lordship espoused secondly, 6th Jan. 1817, Lucy-Anne, third daughter of Sir Charles Blois, baronet, of Cockfield Hall, in the county of Suffolk, by whom he has a son,

Charles-Andrew, *b.* 12th January, 1818.

His lordship *s.* to the honors, as second baron, upon the demise of his father, 15th August, 1816.

### Lineage.

The family of Vanneck claims a very ancient and honorable Dutch descent.

1. JOSHUA VANNECK, esq. (second son of Cornelius Vanneck, esq., paymaster of the land forces of the United Provinces), an eminent and opulent merchant of London, was created a baronet 14th December, 1751. He *d.* 6th March, 1777, and was *s.* by his eldest son,

2. SIR GERRARD, who *d.* unmarried, 23rd May, 1791, when the title devolved upon his brother,

3. SIR JOSHUA. This gentleman *m.* 29th September, 1777, Maria, second daughter of Andrew Thompson, esq. of Roehampton, in the county of Surrey, by whom he had issue,

JOSHUA, present peer.

Gerard, *b.* 23rd August, 1786, *m.* 29th Dec. 1816, Charlotte, second daughter of Robert, Lovelace, esq. and *d.* 29th December, 1820, leaving two daughters, Caroline, and Harriet.

Thompson, *b.* 27th January, 1791, *m.* in 1816, Mary-Anne, eldest daughter of — Palmer, esq.

Maria, *m.* in 1817, to Charles Lovelace, esq. Caroline, *m.* in 1817, to Alexander Donovan, esq. of Framfield Park, Sussex, and has issue.

Sir Joshua was created a peer of Ireland, 16th July, 1796, by the title of BARON HUNTINGFIELD, of Heveningham Hall, and *d.* 15th August, 1816.

*Creations*—Baronet, 14th Dec. 1751. Baron, 16th July, 1796.

*Arms*—Ar. a torteaux, between three bugle-horns gu. stringed on.

## HUT



*Crest*—A bugle-horn gu. stringed or, between two wings, expanded, per fesse, of the second and ar.

*Supporters*—Two greyhounds erm. collared comonly, ar. and gu. lined or.

*Motto*—Droit et loyal.

*Seat*—Heveningham Hall, Suffolk.

**HUTCHINSON, VISCOUNT,** of Knocklofty, in the county of Tipperary, and Baron Hutchinson, of Alexandria and Knocklofty.

See Earl of Donoughmore.

**HUTCHINSON-SYNGE, THE REV. SIR SAMUEL,** baronet, of Castle Sallagh, in the county of Wicklow; *b.* 22nd April, 1756; *m.* first, Frances, daughter of the late — Wood, esq. of Rossmead, in the county of Westmeath, by whom (who *d.* in 1788,) he had one daughter,

Frances.

He espoused secondly, in 1801, Dorothy, daughter and co-heiress of John Hatch, esq. of Dublin, by whom he has issue,

FRANCIS-HUTCHINSON, *b.* 18th January, 1802; *m.* in June, 1824, Louisa-Frances, daughter of the late Hon. Francis-Hely-Hutchinson, and niece of the Earl of Donoughmore.

Sir Samuel *s.* to the title, as third baronet, upon the demise of his maternal uncle, the Rev. Sir James Hutchinson, and has assumed, in addition to his paternal surname and arms, SYNGE, those of HUTCHINSON.

### Lineage.

EDWARD HUTCHINSON, esq. of Carsington, in the county of Derby, had three sons, the two younger of whom settled in Ireland, namely,

THE RIGHT REVEREND DOCTOR FRANCIS HUTCHINSON, lord bishop of Downe and Connor, (consecrated in 1720,) who *d.* in 1739; and

SAMUEL HUTCHINSON, esq. of Portglanone, an ensign in the regiment of Lord Forbes, at the battle of the Boyne, who *d.* in 1748, leaving an only son,

THE RIGHT REV. DOCTOR SAMUEL HUTCHINSON, lord bishop of Killala, (consecrated 22nd

April, 1750.) His lordship m. Sophia, daughter of the Rev. James Hamilton, of Ballygraffan, in the county of Down, by whom he had issue,

FRANCIS, } successive baronets.  
JAMES, }

Sophia, b. in January, 1720; m. in 1753, to Edward Synge, M. A. of Syngefield, by whom she had,  
Edward, D.D. of Magdalen College, Oxford.

SAMUEL, present baronet.

George, of Rathmore, in the King's county.

Robert, of Kiltrough, in the county of Meath, created a baronet of the United Kingdom. (See Synge, bart.)

Francis, of Raundwood, in the county of Dublin.

The bishop d. 27th October, 1780, and was. s. in his estates by his eldest son,

1. FRANCIS HUTCHINSON, esq. of Castle Sallagh, in the county of Wicklow, who was created a BARONET OF IRELAND 8th October, 1782, with remainder to his brother James, and after him to his nephew Samuel Synge. Sir Francis served the office of sheriff of the county of Wicklow, in 1783, and was returned to parliament in the same year for Jamestown. He m. Elizabeth, daughter of Frederick Trench, esq. of Moat, in the county of Galway; but dying without issue, in 1807, the title devolved upon his brother,

2. THE REV. SIR JAMES, who m. in 1772, Elizabeth, daughter of Charles Tottenham, esq. M.P. but having no issue, the title passed, at his decease, according to the limitation, to his nephew, the Rev. SAMUEL SYNGE, present baronet.

*Creation*—8th October, 1782.



*Arms*—Quarterly; first and fourth, per pale, az. and gu. a lion rampant, erm. between nine cross crosslets or; second and third, quarterly, first and fourth, az. three mill-stones ar.; second and third ar. an eagle, displayed, with two heads, sa.

*Crests*—*First*, a cockatrice, issuing out of a ducal coronet, all ppr. *Second*, an eagle's talon, issuing from a ducal coronet, all ppr.

*Motto*—Fortiter gerit cruce.

*Seat*—Castle Sallagh, in the county of Wicklow.



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